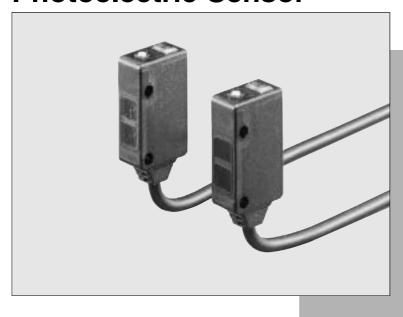
# EX-40 SERIES

## **Amplifier Built-in Convergent Reflective Photoelectric Sensor**

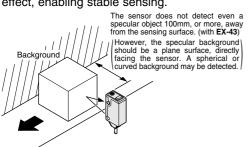


## Reliable Object Detection in Limited Area

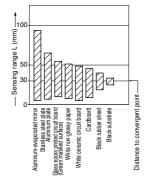


#### **Stable Convergent Distance Sensing**

Due to convergent distance sensing, the color or material of the object has almost no effect. Further, the background also has very little effect, enabling stable sensing.

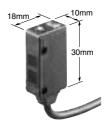


### EX-43: Correlation between material and sensing range



#### Compact Size (W10 × H30 × D18mm)

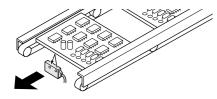
It can be installed in a limited space.



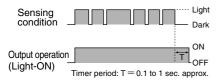
#### Variable OFF-delay Timer (EX-43T only )

The spot-beam type **EX-43T** is incorporated with an OFF-delay timer.

The variable OFF-delay timer is useful for detecting a printed circuit board regardless of small holes, cutouts or electronic parts on it.

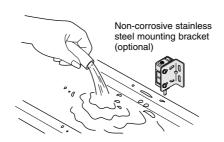


#### Time chart



#### Waterproof

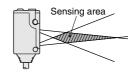
Due to its IP67 construction, there is no problem even if water splashes on the sensor, as on a food processing line.



Note: However, take care that if it is exposed to water splashes during operation, it may detect a water drop itself.

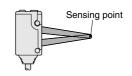
#### **Various Applications**

#### Convergent type



In the limited sensing area, the sensor is not affected by small perforations or unevenness. It is suitable for presence detection.

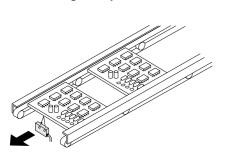
#### Spot-beam type



- Visible red spot beam allows easy targetting.
- It is suitable for positioning because of its 0.05mm repeatability.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

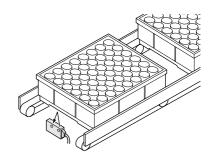
#### **Determining PCB position**



#### Sensing parts in feeder



#### Positioning trays



#### **ORDER GUIDE**

Туре	Appearance	Sensing range (Note 1)	Model No.	Sensitivity adjuster	Timer function	Emitting element
Convergent type		5 to 38mm (Convergent point: 20mm)	EX-42			Infrared LED
Converg Long sensing range		10 to 70mm (Convergent point: 40mm)	EX-44	Incorporated		Infrared LED
am type			EX-43	Incorporated		Red LED
Spot-beam type		20 to 35mm (Convergent point: 30mm)	EX-43T		Incorporated	

NOTE: Mounting bracket is not supplied with the sensor. Please select from the range of optional sensor mounting brackets (two types).

Note: 1) The sensor does not detect even a specular background if it is separated by the distance specified below.

EX-42 ... 150mm or more, EX-44 ... 300mm or more, EX-43 and EX-43T ... 100mm or more

( These are typical values. However, the specular background should be a plane surface, directly facing the sensor.)

A spherical or curved background may be detected.

#### **OPTIONS**

Designation	Model No.	Description			
Sensor mounting	MS-EX40-1	Rear mounting bracket			
bracket	MS-EX40-2	Bottom mounting bracket			
Universal	MS-AJ	Basic assembly			
sensor mounting stand (Note)	MS-AJ-A	Lateral arm assembly			

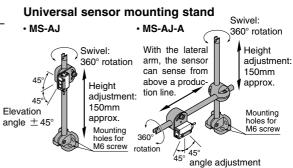
#### Sensor mounting bracket





Two M3 (length 16mm) screws with washers are attached.

Two M3 (length 16mm) screws with washers are attached.



## **EX-40**

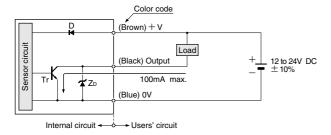
#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

7		Converg	jent type	Spot-beam type			
	Туре		Long sensing range		With timer		
Iten	n Model No.	EX-42	EX-44	EX-43	EX-43T		
Sensing range		5 to 38mm (Conv. point: 20mm) with white non-glossy paper (50×50mm)					
Min. sensing object			$\phi$ 0.2mm copper wire (Setting distance: 40mm) $\phi$ 0.03mm gold wire (Setting distance		Setting distance: 30mm)		
Hysteresis		15% or less of o	peration distance	10% or less of operation distance			
Repeatability (perpendicular to sensing axis)		0.1mm or less (Setting distance: 20mm)  0.2mm or less (Setting distance: 40mm)  0.05mm or less			tting distance: 30mm)		
Sup	ply voltage		12 to 24V DC ± 10%	Ripple P-P 10% or less			
Current consumption		35mA or less					
Output		NPN open-collector transistor  • Maximum sink current: 100mA  • Applied voltage: 30V DC or less (between output and 0V)  • Residual voltage: 1.5V or less (at 100mA sink current)  0.4V or less (at 16mA sink current)					
Utilization category		DC-12 or DC-13					
Output operation		Light-ON					
	Short-circuit protection	Incorporated					
Res	ponse time	0.5ms or less					
Ope	eration indicator	Red LED (lights up when the output is ON)					
Stability indicator		Green LED (lights up under stable light received condition or stable dark condition)					
Sensitivity adjuster			Continuously va	ariable adjuster			
Timer function					Variable OFF-delay timer (0.1 to 1 sec. approx.) (Note)		
	Pollution degree	3 (Industrial environment)					
	Protection	IP67 (IEC)					
nce	Ambient temperature	- 25 to $+$ 55°C (No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: $-$ 30 to $+$ 70°C					
sista	Ambient humidity	35 to 85% RH, Storage: 35 to 85% RH					
al re	Ambient illuminance	Sunlight: $10,000\ell$ x at the light-receiving face, Incandescent light: $3,000\ell$ x at the light-receiving face					
ment	EMC	Emission: EN50081-2, Immunity: EN50082-2					
Ambient temperature  Ambient humidity  Ambient illuminance  EMC  Voltage withstandability  Insulation resistance		1,000V AC for one min. between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure					
Ē	Insulation resistance	20MΩ, or more, with 250V DC megger between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure					
	Vibration resistance	10 to 500Hz frequency, 3mm amplitude (20G max.) in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each					
	Shock resistance	500m/s² acceleration (50G approx.) in X, Y and Z directions for three times each					
Emitting element		Infrared LED (modulated) Red LED (modulated)					
Material		Polyalylate					
Cable		0.2mm <sup>2</sup> 3-core cabtyre cable, 2m long					
Cable extension		Extension up to total 100m is possible with 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> , or more, cable.					
Weight		45g approx.					
Accessory		Adjusting screwdriver: 1No.					

Note: The timer is always effective.

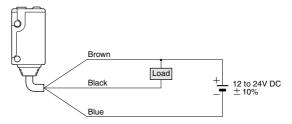
#### I/O CIRCUIT AND WIRING DIAGRAMS

#### I/O circuit diagram



Symbols ... D: Reverse supply polarity protection diode Zo: Surge absorption zener diode Tr: NPN output transistor

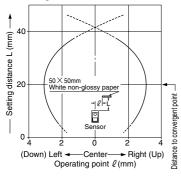
#### Wiring diagram



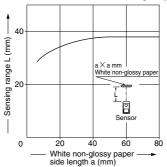
#### **SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)**

#### **EX-42**

#### Sensing field



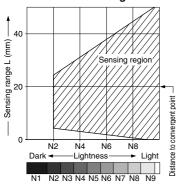
#### Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range



As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (white non-glossy paper  $50\times50$ mm), the sensing range shortens, as shown in the left graph.

For plotting the left graph, a sensor having a sensitivity such that it can just detect a 50 × 50mm white non-glossy paper at a distance of 38mm has been used.

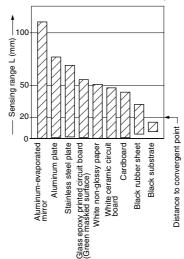
#### Correlation between lightness and sensing range



The sensing region is represented by oblique lines in the left figure. However, the sensitivity should be set with enough margin because of slight variation in products.

Lightness shown on the left may differ slightly from the actual object condition.

#### Correlation between material (50 × 50mm) and sensing range



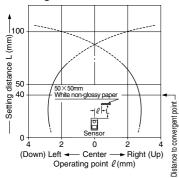
The bars in the graph indicate the sensing range for the respective material. However, there is a slight variation in the sensing range depending on the product. Further, if there is a reflective object (conveyor, etc.) in the background of the sensing object, since it affects the sensing, separate it by more than twice the sensing range shown in the left graph.

## **EX-40**

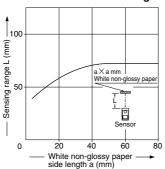
#### **SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)**

#### **EX-44**

#### Sensing field



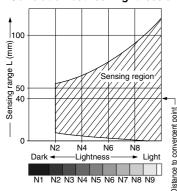
#### Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range



As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (white non-glossy paper  $50\times50$ mm), the sensing range shortens, as shown in the left graph.

For plotting the left graph, the sensitivity has been set such that a 50×50mm white non-glossy paper is just detectable at a distance of 70mm

#### Correlation between lightness and sensing range

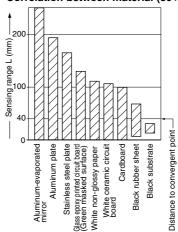


The sensing region is represented by oblique lines in the left figure. However, the sensitivity should be set with enough margin because of slight variation in products.

(The graph is drawn for the maximum sensitivity setting.)

Lightness shown on the left may differ slightly from the actual object condition.

#### Correlation between material (50 $\times$ 50mm) and sensing range

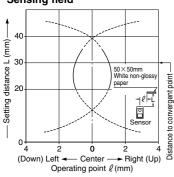


The bars in the graph indicate the sensing range for the respective material. However, there is a slight variation in the sensing range depending on the product. Further, if there is a reflective object (conveyor, etc.) in the background of the sensing object, since it affects the sensing, separate it by more than twice the sensing range shown in the left graph, or adjust the sensitivity adjuster.

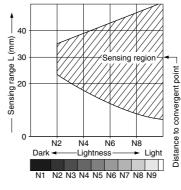
The graph is drawn for the maximum sensitivity setting.

#### EX-43 EX-43T

#### Sensing field



#### Correlation between lightness and sensing range

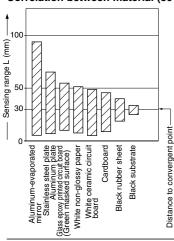


The sensing region is represented by oblique lines in the left figure. However, the sensitivity should be set with enough margin because of slight variation in products.

The graph is drawn for the maximum sensitivity setting. However, **EX-43T** does not incorporate the sensitivity adjuster.

Lightness shown on the left may differ slightly from the actual object condition.

#### Correlation between material (50 × 50mm) and sensing range



The bars in the graph indicate the sensing range for the respective material. However, there is a slight variation in the sensing range depending on the product. Further, if there is a reflective object (conveyor, etc.) in the background of the sensing object, since it affects the sensing, separate it by more than twice the sensing range shown in the left graph, or adjust the sensitivity adjuster.

The graph is drawn for the maximum sensitivity setting. However, **EX-43T** does not incorporate the sensitivity adjuster.

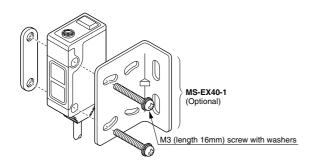
#### PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE



This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

#### Mounting

• With the optional sensor mounting bracket, the tightening torque should be 0.5 N·m or less.



#### **Others**

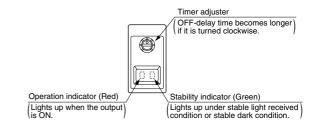
• Do not use during the initial transient time (50ms) after the power supply is switched on.

#### Timer function (Only for EX-43T)

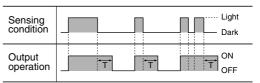
 The variable OFF-delay timer prolongs the output for a certain period (0.1 to 1 sec. approx.).
 It is useful when the connected device has a slow response time or when small objects are sensed and the signal width is small.

(The timer is always effective.)

#### Adjusters



#### Time chart

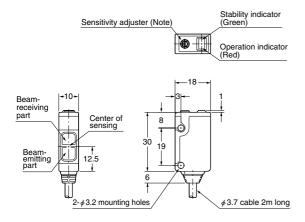


Timer period: T = 0.1 to 1 sec. approx.

## **EX-40**

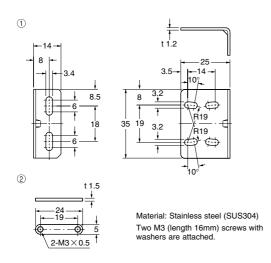
#### **DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)**

#### EX-42 EX-44 EX-43 EX-43T Sensor

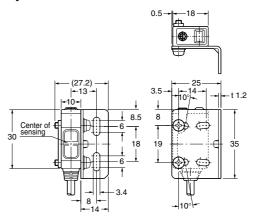


Note: **EX-42** does not incorporate it. In **EX-43T**, it is the timer adjuster.

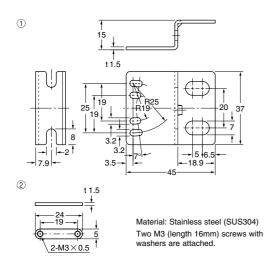
#### MS-EX40-1 Sensor mounting bracket (Optional)



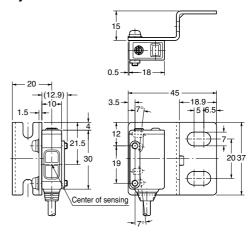
#### **Assembly dimensions**



#### MS-EX40-2 Sensor mounting bracket (Optional)



#### **Assembly dimensions**

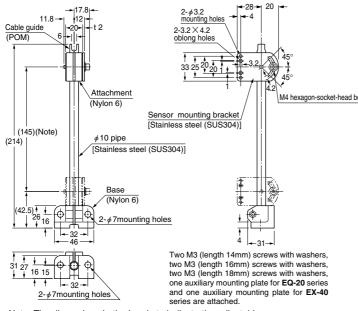


#### **DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)**

#### MS-AJ

Universal sensor mounting stand: basic assembly (Optional)

#### Assembly dimensions (Mounting part only)

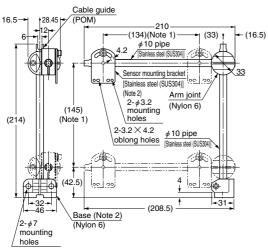


Note: The dimensions in the brackets indicate the adjustable range of the movable part.

#### MS-AJ-A

Universal sensor mounting stand: lateral arm assembly (Optional)

#### Assembly dimensions (Mounting part only)



Two M3 (length 14mm) screws with washers, two M3 (length 16mm) screws with washers, two M3 (length 18mm) screws with washers, one auxiliary mounting plate for EQ-20 series and one auxiliary mounting plate for EX-40

Notes: 1) The dimensions in the brackets indicate the adjustable range of the movable part.

 Refer to MS-AJ (basic assembly) for the assembled diagram with the base, sensor mounting bracket, sensor or reflector.

series are attached

