

Touch Terminals

HMWIN Studio User Manual

ACGM0195V405EN

Contents

1	Getting started	1
	Assumptions	2
	What's new	2
	Information security precautions	3
	Precautions before starting	4
	Installing the application	5
2	Runtime	9
	HMI device basic settings	
	Context menu options	10
	Built-in SNTP service	
3	My first project	
	The workspace	16
	Creating a project	
	Designing a page	
	The Widget Gallery	21
	Label widget	23
	Data field widget	
	Message widget	
	Attaching widget to tags	36
	Dialog pages	
4	Programming concepts	
	Data types	
	"Attach to" parameters	43
	Formula	49
	Events	53
	Widgets positioning	
	Managing overlapping widgets	57
	Grouping widgets	58
	Changing multiple widgets properties	60

	Changing fill color property according to tag	
	values	
5	Pages	
	Unified pages	64
	Project Validator	64
	Differentiated pages	67
6	Project properties	73
	Runtime	74
	Plug-in	80
	Project	80
	Web	84
	Events	86
	Regional Settings	86
7	The HMI simulator	89
	Simulator settings	90
	Tags Simulation	90
	Data simulation methods	93
	Launching and stopping the simulator	93
8	Transferring the project to HMI device	95
	Download to HMI device	96
	Update package	98
	The Runtime loader	.101
	Upload projects	102
	Runtime dynamic files handling	103
	Userdata	.104
9	Tag editor	105
	Communication protocols	106
	Adding tags	.107
	Exporting tags	110
	Importing tags	

	Tag find and rename	114
	Tag find and replace	116
10	Indexed addressing	119
	Creating an indexed addressing set	120
	Using indexed tag set in pages	125
11	Tag cross reference	
	Updating data in the Tag Cross Reference pane	
12	System Variables (Attach To)	
	Alarms variables	
	Buzzer variables	
	Communication variables	136
	Daylight Saving Time variables	
	Device variables	
	Dump information variables	138
	FTP client variables	139
	Keypad variables	140
	Language variables	140
	Network variables	140
	Printing variables	141
	Remote Client variables	142
	Version variables	142
	Screen variables	143
	SD card variables	143
	Server variables	143
	Time variables	144
	Touch screen variables	144
	USB drive variables	145
	User management variables	146
13	System Variables (Protocol)	147
	Client System Variables	148
	Protocol Editor Settings	148
	Tag Import	148

	Default variables	150
	Retentive Memory variables	165
	Services variables	170
	PLCM09 variables	173
	HMs7xx variables	176
	FP-I4C variables	179
14	Actions	181
	Alarm actions	182
	Database actions	183
	Event actions	187
	MultiLanguage actions	187
	Keyboard actions	187
	Media Player actions	189
	FTP actions	190
	Page actions	192
	Print actions	197
	Recipe actions	199
	Remote Client actions	203
	ScreenSaver actions	204
	System actions	204
	Tag actions	216
	Trend actions	219
	Text Editor actions	222
	User management actions	222
	Widget actions	226
15	The HMWIN Client	231
	Client application on PC	232
	Client application on HMI	233
	Settings and time zone options	234
16	Using the integrated FTP server	239
	FTP settings	239
17	Using VNC for remote access	241
	Starting VNC server on Linux devices	242

	Starting VNC viewer	242
18	Alarms	
	Alarms Editor	244
	Remote alarms acknowledge	247
	Alarm state machine	248
	Setting events	
	Active Alarms widget	
	Alarms History widget	
	Additional Alarms widgets	
	Managing alarms at runtime	
	Enable/disable alarms at runtime	
	Displaying live alarm data	
	Exporting alarm buffers to .csv files	
	Exporting alarm configuration	
19	Events Buffer	
20	Recipes	267
	Managing recipes	
	Configuring a recipe widget	
	Recipe status	
	Uploading/downloading a recipe	
	Backup and restore recipes data	
21	Trends	
	Data logging	
	Exporting trend buffer data	
	Realtime trend widget	
	History trend widget	
	Scatter diagram widget	
	Scatter chart widget	287
	Trend widget tips	
	Table trend widget	
22	Data transfer	
	Data transfer editor	306

23	Offline node management
	Offline node management process
	Manual offline node management process .312
	Manual offline configuration
	Automatic offline node detection
24	Multi-language
	The Multi-language editor
	Changing language
	Multi-language widgets
	Exporting/importing multi-language strings 320
	Changing language at runtime
	Limitations in Unicode support
25	Scheduler
	Creating a schedule
	HighResolution schedule
	Recurring schedule
	Configuring location for schedules
	Configuring the Scheduler widget 329
	Scheduling events at runtime
26	21 CFR Part 11 Compliance
	x.509 Certificate
	Signed CSV files
	Signed PDF files
	Compliant applications
27	User management and passwords347
	Enable/disable security management348
	Configuring groups and authorizations 348
	Modifying access permissions
	Assigning widget permissions from page view
	Configuring users

Data transfer limitations and suggestions ...308

HMWIN Studio | User's Manual | v405 (2023-01-23) | EN | © 2014-2023 Panasonic Industry Europe GmbH

	Managing users at runtime	357
	Force remote login	358
28	Audit trails	359
	Enable/disable audit trail	360
	Electronic Signature	361
	Table audit widget	363
	Exporting audit trail as .csv files	365
29	Reports	367
	Adding a report	368
	Configuring graphic reports	368
	Print triggering events	369
	Default printer	370
30	Screen saver	371
31	Backup/restore of Runtime and projec	t 373
32	Keypads	. 375
	Creating and using custom keypads	376
	Deleting or renaming custom keypads	379
	Keypad type	380
	Keypad position	380
33	External keyboards	383
	Search and filter	385
	Displayed keys	385
	Removing action associations	385
	Keyboard layout	386
	Enable/disable keyboard	386
	Associating actions to keys	386
34	Storing data to external databases	389
	Configuring the HMI project	390
	Transfer data with JavaScript	391
	Database tables	395
	Custom tables	396
	DB table data source	396
	Database Configuration	398

35	OPC UA Server	403
	Features	403
	Network	403
	Authentication	403
	Using x.509 Certificates	404
	Using self-signed certificates	407
	Using external certificates	410
	Alarm map	412
36	Corvina Cloud	413
	Interface Parameters	413
37	MQTT Interface	417
	Tags configuration	417
	Tags interface	419
	Settings	420
	Topic and Payload	420
	MQTT Broker Settings	423
38	Special widgets	429
	Canvas Widget	430
	Combo Box widget	433
	Consumption Meter widget	437
	Control list widget	439
	TabBar widget	442
	ToolBar widget	444
	Stack widget	444
	DateTime widget	447
	Gesture area widget	
	JavaScript function block widget	453
	Multistate Image widget	455
	Multistate Image Multilayer widget	455
	Network Adapters widget	457
	RSS Feed widget	457
	Scrolling RSS Feed widget	458
	Media Player widgets	459

	Browser widget	462
	IP Camera widgets	463
	Table widget	
	Grid Layout widget	483
	TextEditor widget	490
	Variables widget	492
	QR Code widget	493
39	Custom widgets	495
	Creating a custom widget	
	Adding properties to a custom widget .	
	Using structured tags	501
	JavaScript in custom widgets	503
	User's Gallery	
40	Sending an email message	509
	Configuring the email server	510
	Configure emails	
41	JavaScript	513
	JavaScript editor	515
	Execution of JavaScript functions	515
	Events	517
	Widget events	518
	Page events	520
	System events	
	Objects	523
	Widget class objects	523
	Widget properties	524
	Widget methods	527
	Page object	528
	Page object properties	
	Page object methods	
	Project object	531
	Project object properties	531
	Project object methods	532

	Project object widgets	541
	Print reports object	542
	Group object	545
	Group object methods	545
	State object	546
	State object methods	546
	Keywords	547
	Global functions	547
	Handling read/write files	548
	Sign in from JavaScript	551
	Limitations in working with widgets in JavaScript	553
	Debugging of JavaScript	553
42	Handling Gestures	557
43	Web access	559
	Supported platforms and browsers	560
	Web pages	560
	Testing the Web project	562
	Downloading the Web project	563
	Web connectivity issues	563
	Web supported features	564
	Troubleshooting and FAQ	567
	Privacy	568
44	Protecting access to HMI devices	569
	Changing password on HMI device	570
	Ports and firewalls	570
	Project Files Encryption	571
	Project Signature	573
45	Tips and tricks to improve performa	nce577
	Static Optimization	578
	FAQ on Static Optimization	581
	Page caching	581
	Image DB	581

V

	Precaching	. 582
	FAQ on precaching	. 582
46 con	Functional specifications and npatibility	. 583
	Table of functions and limits	. 584
	HMI devices capabilities	. 585
	Compatibility	. 586
	Converting projects between different HMI devices	586
47	System Settings	589
	Runtime Installation	. 589
	System Settings	. 594
	Cloud / VPN Service	610
	Update System Components	613
	Touchscreen calibration	. 615
	Password protection	. 617
	Backup and Restore	618
	Recovery Mode	. 619
48 dev	Updating system components in HMI vices	. 621
	Update of system components from the application	. 622

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1 Getting started

HMWIN Studio is a software application designed to create graphical HMI pages. HMWIN Studio has a drag-and-drop interface that makes it easy to create complex pages. Many of the features found in common Windows applications are also available in HMWIN Studio.

This document is divided into chapters that describe the key functions of HMWIN Studio and explain how to use them. Each chapter is presented in a standalone manner, allowing you to jump from chapter to chapter, depending on the task at hand.

Assumptions	2
What's new	2
Information security precautions	3
Precautions before starting	4
Installing the application	5

Assumptions

We assume that readers have a basic understanding of computers, Microsoft Windows, and the specific network environment where the application will run.

What's new

What's new in v4.5

- New gallery with refreshed style for widgets. New user interface with icons, preview, and search feature. (Ref.: "The Widget Gallery" on page 21)
- HMI device can be configured to accept only signed projects. (Ref.: "Project Signature" on page 573)
- Projects can be encrypted to secure intellectual property and not be readable or editable by unauthorized users. (Ref.: "Project Files Encryption" on page 571)
- The HMI device can be configured to "Allow only Secure HTTPS connections". (Ref.: "Web Server" on page 608)
- When you create a new page, you have the option to associate a dashboard to the page. (Ref.: "Designing a page" on page 20)
- Enhancement of the HMI Simulator with data watch/modify window. (Ref.: "Tags Simulation" on page 90)
- Support connection to external databases using macros or SQL commands. (Ref.: "Storing data to external databases" on page 389)
- HTML5 compatible browser widget, based WebEngine. (Ref.: "Browser widget " on page 462)
- QR Code widget. (Ref.: "QR Code widget" on page 493)
- Tab and toolbar widgets to create easily inline buttons with embedded gestures. (Ref.:"TabBar widget" on page 442)
- Stack widget to display group of widgets in Z axes layers both from design time and from runtime. (Ref.: "Stack widget" on page 444)
- Scatter chart widget. (Ref.: "Scatter chart widget" on page 287)
- Client system variables protocol. Defines a set of system variables that take the values from the active client and not of the server where runtime is running. (Ref.: "Client System Variables" on page 148)
- Environment variables protocol to get access to environment variables of the hosting Operating System. (See communication protocols manual)
- Added support for major communication protocols to keep tags synchronized with the dictionary. (Ref. "Importing tags" on page 111)
- Trends autofill, import/export, and copy/paste functionalities to maximize productivity. (Ref. "Data logging" on page 276)
- Quick change project type from tight click on Project properties. (Ref.: "Changing the device model" on page 17)
- Quick link to open an uploaded project. (Ref.: "Upload projects" on page 102)
- Support for dynamic keyboards depending on language. (Ref. "Language Keyboards" on page 317)
- TLS support in sending emails. (Ref.: "Configuring the email server" on page 510)
- The gesture area widget is supported on web clients (Ref.: "Gesture area widget" on page 449)
- Indexed Tag Sets import/export and copy/paste functionalities to maximize productivity. (Ref.: "Toolbar" on page 124)
- Support for variable widget variables in Indexed Tag sets for independent sessions on the Set. (Ref.: "How to create an indexed tag set" on page 120)

- Added delay between bad passwords to prevent brute force attacks. (Ref.: "Miscellaneous settings" on page 353)
- Allow MQTT to put many tag values into payload. (Ref.: "Multiple Tags" on page 422)
- Autocomplete functionality has been added to the message widget with the ability to quickly choose a previously used message. (Ref. "Auto-completing dialog" on page 36)
- · Porting of Scheduler Widget to new table format.
- Unicode support for DB connectors.

Breaking Changes

- HMWIN Studio 4.5 requires Linux BSP versions equal to or greater than 1.3.
- HMI devices based on Windows CE operating system are no longer supported. This means, for example, that the new functions have only been developed for the HMI devices based on the Linux platform. (See: "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585)
- The old widget gallery has been replaced with the new gallery. See the chapter "Switch to old widget gallery" on page 23 if you need to return to the old gallery
- By default, when a new project is created the FTP service will accept only encrypted connections. See "FTP authorizations" on page 351 if you need to use an old FTP client that does not support the encrypted FTP mode.

Information security precautions

When use this product you might receive damage as listed below.

- 1. Information leakage or outflow through this product
- 2. Fraudulent operation of this product by a malicious third party
- 3. Obstructing or stopping this product by a malicious third party

Sufficient measures, including the following measures, should be taken at your own risk to prevent such damages.

Data storage

· Do not storage of personal information on this product.

Password

- Please be sure to change the password since it is set to the default value at the time of purchase.
- Do not use the default password.
- Please be responsible for managing your password so that it is not known to any third party and do not forget it.
- If you forget your internal password, there is no way for you to reset it. You must return the product to us and we will return it to you in its factory condition.
- Please make sure that your password is at least 8 characters long and contains a combination of upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols so that a third party cannot guess your password.
- Do not use the same password as your user name. Do not use the same password as the one you are using elsewhere.
- Please change your password on a regular basis.

Networks

- Use this product on a network where safety is secured by using a firewall.
- When using this product on a system where a PC is connected, make sure that checking and cleaning of infection by computer virus or malicious program is performed periodically.
- It has the ability to use unencrypted communications. (FTP, HTTP, SMTP, PLC communications, etc.).

- Please make sure that a third party cannot easily connect to the network used by this product.
- Use HTTPS when accessing this product through a web browser.
- · Also, be sure to close all browsers after accessing it.
- Do disable the functions of the services you don't use. (SNMP, NTP, VNC, DHCP, Corvina Cloud, etc.)
- Be sure to log out when you have completed the necessary setup operations.
- Do not install this product or cables in a place where they can be easily destroyed or altered.
- SNMP is assumed to be used for testing purposes. It should be disabled during operation.
- Furthermore, it is recommended that the product be used in an environment that has VPN (Virtual Private Network) or leased line network.

Transfer/ Disposal/ Repair

• If the product is to be disposed of, transferred, repaired, or otherwise transferred to a third party, important information may also be recorded on the product and on the external recording media used. At customer's risk, please handle it with care, such as erasing it.

Installation

• On the back of the unit, there are interfaces that affect its operation, such as power supply, external storage media, and communication connectors. Please make sure to install the unit in a manner that does not allow unauthorized parties to touch it.

Exemption

The Company shall not be responsible for any information security problems or damages that may occur to you in the event that you fail to comply with the above precautions in using this product.

OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE

This product uses software including open source software. For license information of open source software, refer to [Help] > [Legal Notices...] in the menu of HMWIN Studio.

Acknowledgement:

- This product includes software developed by the OpenSSL Projec for use in the OpenSSL Toolkit. (http://www.openssl.org/)
- This product includes cryptographic software written by Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com)
- This product includes software written by Tim Hudson (tjh@cryptsoft.com)

Precautions before starting

Cautions on handling a USB memory

- Do not remove the USB memory while the power is on. Communication may be stopped. It is necessary to restart the power supply to recover.
- The data saved in the USB memory may be lost in the following cases.

We assume no responsibility whatsoever for the lost of saved data.

- 1. When a user or third party used the USB memory incorrectly.
- 2. When the USB memory was affected by any static electricity or electrical noise.

- 3. When the USB memory was removed or the power supply of the HMI unit was turned off while data was being read, written or deleted to/from the USB memory.
- It is recommended to save important data in another media for backup.

Cautions on handling a SD memory card

- Do not remove the SD memory card while the power is on. Communication may be stopped. It is necessary to restart the power supply to recover.
- The data saved in the SD memory card may be lost in the following cases.

We assume no responsibility whatsoever for the lost of saved data.

- 1. When a user or third party used the SD memory card incorrectly.
- 2. When the SD memory card was affected by any static electricity or electrical noise.
- 3. When the SD memory card was removed or the power supply of the HMI unit was turned off while data was being read, written or deleted to/from the SD memory card.
- It is recommended to save important data in another media for backup.

Installing the application

HMWIN Studio installation contains:

- HMWIN Studio: an application for designing custom HMI projects in a user-friendly manner, along with a variety of
 objects in its built-in library, the Widget Gallery.
- HMWIN Client: a light-weight application that can be used on Windows computers to remotely view and manage a project running on an HMI device.
- HMI Runtime: a standalone application that runs on the HMI devices. The HMI Runtime is installed via HMWIN Studio.

HMWIN Studio system requirements

HMWIN Studio has the following system requirements:

Operating System	Windows Embedded Standard (WES 2009) Windows Server 2003 Windows Vista Business/Ultimate Windows 7 Professional Windows Embedded Standard 7 Windows 8 Windows 10 Windows 11
Storage	500 MB Minimum
RAM	512 MB
Other	One Ethernet connection

Installation procedure

To install HMWIN Studio:

- 1. Run HMWIN Studio setup and click Next.
- 2. Read the HMWIN Studio Software License and accept the agreement.

● I do not accept the agreement < Back Next > Cancel	○ I accept the agreement	
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel	I do not accept the agreement	
		< <u>Back</u> <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

- 3. Follow the instructions on the screen. The default location for the c software is C:\Program Files\Panasonic\HMWIN 4.xx, change path if needed.
- 4. If the Select Components step is available, select the components you want to install.
- 5. Select the **Create a desktop icon** option to add a HMWIN Studio icon on your desktop. A HMWIN Studio group is automatically added to the **Start** menu by the installation procedure.

<u></u>	L
Additional icons:	L
Create a desktop icon	L
	L
	L
ᢞᠧᡟᡊᠧ᠇ᠧᡘᡄᡯᢞᢦᡑᡟᡊᢛᠧᠰᡊᡊ᠆ᢏᢣᡘᡊ᠆᠇ᢋᡘᢆᠺᠧᡯ᠆᠆᠆᠆᠆ᡔᢏᠺᢪᢌᠧᠺᡭ᠋ᡧᡔ᠆ᡯ᠆ᡯ᠕᠕᠉᠆ᡧ᠕᠕᠉᠆ᡧ᠕᠕᠉᠂ᡧ	

6. To run the application click the desktop icon or choose Start > All programs > HMWIN Studio.

Trial version

HMWIN Studio is available with a friendly 30 days free trial policy. 30 days after installation a registration form is displayed to enter a license activation key.



Note: Trial version is not supported on virtual machines, only valid licenses can be used.

Licensing

To register the software before the trial period expires, go to Help > Register.



Note: The registration process requires an Internet connection. Ports TCP 80 and 443 are used for activation.

During registration, a license file is downloaded from the licensing server to the computer. License files are saved in following folders depending on OS:

%appdata%\Panasonic

Licenses are locked to the **BIOS ID** or to the **Windows product ID** of the computer where the software has been installed.

If HMWIN Studio is not able to reach the licensing server (for example, no Internet connection is available), a button is displayed to activate the license via email.

Pressing the "Send Mail" button the HMWIN Studio will display this form:

To:	license@x-formation.com
Subject:	Request License for HMIStudio
Body:	ACTIVATION_KEY;jkhjhjhk HOSTID:BIOS=VMware-564d2eb0e27f2ba9-520f56163a7a086f,ETHERNE =000C297A086F
once will be c	mailed to you after verifying the activation code is valid and registering the pro

This email can be send in a second moment when internet connection will available. You may also activate the licenses and download the licenses file from the web site https://licenses.x-formation.com/licenses. reporting the same data contained in the "Body" of upper form.

Verifying license status

To check the status of your license:

- 1. Go to: https://license.x-formation.com/licenses
- 2. Enter your activation key and click the Log In button.

Installing multiple versions of HMWIN Studio

You may install different instances of HMWIN Studio on the same computer. Each installation has its own settings and can be uninstalled individually.

Three installation scenarios are possible:

Installation scenario	Results	
First installation of HMWIN Studio in the system	Software is installed in the specified destination folder	
System with only one instance of HMWIN Studio already installed	Current version can be replaced or maintained.	
System with multiple instances of HMWIN Studio already installed	Last version installed can be replaced or maintained.	

If you try to install a second instance of an already installed version of HMWIN Studio, a warning message is displayed.

Multiple HMWIN Studio installations share a common workspace folder, each sub-folder includes the version number, for example *C*:*Program Files**Panasonic**HMWIN 4.0*. Each installed version has its ID and can therefore be removed individually.

Each installation is listed separately in the Windows Start menu.

Opening older projects

When opening a HMWIN Studio project (.jpr file) created with an older version of the software HMWIN Studio asks to convert the project to the current version:

Warning		×
The project was	s created with a Version 04.05.00.299	
-	d overwrite current project v location before converting the project. (Recommended)	
Project Name: Location:		
	Convert Cancel	

Option	Description
Convert and overwrite current project	The project is converted without a backup copy of the original version
Select a new location before converting the project	The project is copied inside the specified folder and then converted.



WARNING: Do not edit projects with a version of HMWIN Studio older than the version used to create them. This will damage the project and may cause runtime instability.

Multilanguage for HMWIN Studio

HMWIN Studio is available in multiple languages. All languages are installed by default as part of HMWIN Studio.

The default language is English. To change it go to Help > Change Language.

Crash reports

A crash report dialog appears whenever HMWIN Studio freezes or crashs.



Important: Always save crash report files since they may contain useful information for technical support.

2 Runtime

HMI Runtime is designed to support different platforms and different operating systems.

HMI device basic settings	10
Context menu options	10
Built-in SNTP service	.13

HMI device basic settings

HMI devices are delivered from factory without Runtime. If no Runtime is installed on the device, see "The Runtime loader" on page 101 for details.

Runtime modes

The HMI Runtime is composed of two logic units:

- Server: runs communication protocols, collects data, monitors alarms, drives trend buffer sampling.
- Client: displays data collected by server.

The server unit is responsible for handling the HMI services such as the communication protocols, performing data acquisition, driving trend buffer sampling activities, monitoring alarms, and so on.

The client unit is the part which is responsible for the visualization process: use the data collected by the server to render it on the display as graphical information.

The server unit works in two operating modes:

- **Configuration mode**: server is idle (for example when no project is loaded on the device or some system files are missing).
- Operation mode: server is operating according to the settings defined by the system files and by the loaded application project.



Note: Data on client may be displayed even if no activity is running on the server.

Context menu options

Some system operations are possible through the context menu. The context menu can be configured to be shown by pressing and holding an empty area of the screen for a few seconds or through the use of an action.



For security reasons, it is advisable to configure the Context Menu to be accessible only using a "macro". In this way, it is possible to configure the use of the macro to authorized users only. (See "Runtime" on page 74 for details)

Zoom In/Out

Select view size at runtime

Pan Mode

Enables/disables pan mode after a zoom in

Settings

	Settings	×
Settings	Password	
Context M	enu Delay(s): 2	\$
Show Bus	y Cursor:	
Use Keyp	ads: 🗸	
Keep rete Project up	ntive data on	
Fit to scree	en size	
	ОК	Cancel

Main parameters	Description		
Context Menu Delay (s)	Context menu activation delay. Range: 1–60 seconds.		
Show Busy Cursor	Display an hourglass when the system is busy		
Use keypads	Display keypads when user touches a data entry field.		
	Set to disable when an external USB keyboard is connected to the device.		
Keep retentive data on project update	Preserve the content of the retentive data at project download or update.		
Fit to screen size	Adapts the view to the screen size		
Password	Define password protected operations amongst the following:		
	Download Project/Runtime		
	Upload project		
	Board management (BSP Update)		
	See "Protecting access to HMI devices" on page 569 for details.		

Project Manager

	Project Manager	,
project1/pr	roject1.jpr	
project2/pr	roject2.upr	
	-1	

This tool allows you to:

- unload the current project
- load another project
- delete a project.

When you load a new project, the current project is automatically unloaded. You must unload a project before you can delete it.

Update

This function loads update packages from an external USB drive. See "Update package" on page 98 for details.

Backup

You can create a backup copy of the Runtime and of the project.

Logging

This function displays a log of system operations.

	ŀ	HMI Logger	×
		d9 Spool folder path d9 "Failed to open fil	
		d9 Error subscribing	
		idal[0x9f1]: BasePro idal[0x9f1]: PROTO	
		d9 libpng warning: i	
		idal[0x9f1]: BasePro idal[0x9f1]: PROTO	
		idal[0x9f1]: BasePr	
		idal[0x9f1]: PROTO	
		idal[0x9f1]: BasePro idal[0x9f1]: PROTO	
4			•
Auto	o scroll enabled		og to File

Click Log to file to save data: a logger.txt file is saved to the ... \var\/og folder.

This file can be retrieved using an FTP Client and forwarded to technical support.



Note: Once enabled, logging is maintained after power cycles and must be manually disabled.

Show log at boot

This function enables the logger at start up. If the Log to file option has been enabled, log files are saved from startup.

Logout

Logs off the current user.

Show system settings

Allow the HMI settings and the management of system components. See "System Settings" on page 589 for details.

Developer tools

Utility functions for debugging at runtime. It is visible only if enabled in the Project Properties (see "Developer tools" on page 76 for details).

About

This function shows information about the Runtime version and the device IP Address.



WARNING: Context Menu action has no effect if executed from a dialog page.

Exit

Exit from the HMI Runtime.

The command is only available during the development activity when the HMI Runtime has been manually activated. The command is not available during the normal operation of the operator panel.

Built-in SNTP service

The HMI device features an integrated SNTP that synchronizes the internal real-time clock panel whenever the predefined server is available.

Use HMI device "System Settings" on page 594 to configure the service.

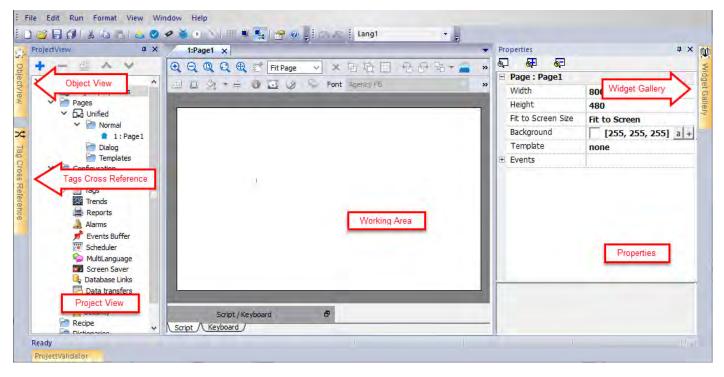
3 My first project

This section describes how to create a simple HMWIN Studio project.

The workspace	
Creating a project	17
Designing a page	
The Widget Gallery	21
Label widget	23
Data field widget	
Message widget	
Attaching widget to tags	
Dialog pages	

The workspace

Workspace areas



HMWIN Studio workspace is divided into the following main areas:

Area	Description		
Project View	Project elements in hierarchical project tree.		
Object View	Tree view of widgets organized by page.		
Working Area	Space where pages are edited. Tabs at the top of the area show all open pages.		
Properties	Properties of selected object.		
Widget Gallery	Library of graphic objects and symbols.		
Tag cross reference	List of locations where a given tag is referenced.		
Project Validator	Area used from the Project Validator to list warning messages related to the project		



Note: The workspace layout can be changed at any time, changes are saved and maintained through working sessions.

Resetting the workspace layout

To restore the default layout, use the **File > Reset and Restart** function.

Creating a project

Path: File> New Project

- 1. In the **Project Wizard** dialog enter a name for the project and the storage location.
- 2. Click Next: the HMI device selection dialog is displayed.
- 3. Choose one device from the list of the available models.
- 4. Choose device orientation.
- 5. Choose the project template to create.
- 5. Click Finish to complete the Wizard.

Portrait rotation exceptions

The following elements are not rotated in portrait mode.

Element	Description
Operating system dialogs	System settings and system dialog
ContextMenu and related dialogs	Project Manager, About, Settings, Logging, Backup
Video	IPCamera, MediaPlayer
JavaScript	Alert and Print function
Dialog pages	"Title" of dialog pages
Scheduler	Dialogs for data entry
Масто	ShowMessage, LunchApplication, LunchBrowser
External applications	



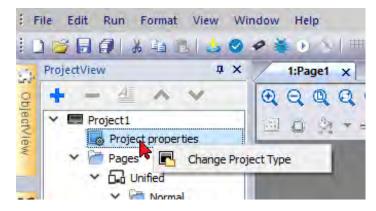
HMI devices based on Linux platform can be rotated from the BSP (see "*Displays*" tab from the "System Settings" on page 594)

Changing the device model

Once you have developed your project you can still change the device model, from the Project Properties pane (Ref.: "Project" on page 80). This will not resize the widgets, but will relocate them on the screen. A warning will be displayed if some objects cannot be relocated.

-	Project Widget : Project12	5		_
-				
	Id	Project125		
	Full Path	C:\Users\Exor-Test	Docum	nen
	Version			
Ξ.	Runtime			
	Plug-in			
Ξ.	Project			
	Display Mode	Landscape		+
	Project Type	Runtime PC		+
	Panel Memory	2GB		+
	PageRequest		а	+
	CurrentPage		а	+
	SyncOptions	disable		
	Hold Time (ms)	2000		
	Autorepeat Time (ms)	250		
	Background color option	None		
	ComboBox View Mode	Context		
	Encrypted Project	false		+
	Sign Project	false		
	Show Messages	true		
	Enable CSRF Token	true		
+	Web			
+	Events			
+	Regional Settings			

A shortcut to quickly access the device model dialog is available on the Project View panel



Project Template

Project Wizard	×
Project Template	
Unified	
One page profile for HMI Device and Web clients.	
○ Native and Web	
One page profile for HMI Device and one for Web clients.	
◯ Custom	
Multiple page profiles for Web clients. Example: clients based on tablet and smartphone.	
Back Finish Cancel	

The "project template" proposes and then creates, the most common folder structures for the project's pages. Later, you can always modify the structure at any time.

The propose structure are:

Element	Description
Unified	Create a unique folder that will contain all the pages of your project. The same pages could be used on HMI Device, on remote clients and on Web Clients. Use this choice if you want to have the same pages on all platforms.
Native and Web	Create two folders, one to contain the pages of your project that will be used on the HMI device and another one for the pages that will be used on Web clients. Use this choice if you want to have different pages on Web clients.
Custom	Give the possibility to create different folders to contain the pages to use on HMI device, Web client, Table client, and Smartphone client.

Copying, moving, renaming a project

HMWIN Studio projects folder contain all the files of the project: to move, copy or backup a project, move or copy the project folder to the desired location.

To rename a project use the **File > Save Project As** function: this operation might take a few minutes.



WARNING: Do not rename the project folders manually.

Designing a page

Path: ProjectView > Pages

When a project is created, the first page is automatically added and shown in the Page Editor.

Adding objects to a page

Drag and drop objects from Widget Gallery to the page.

Adding a page

- 1. Right click the Pages node from the project tree and select Insert new page.
- 2. Type a name for the new page.

Insert new page		?	×
Page name: Page2	🗹 Dashboard		
Page type Normal O Dialog O Template	Dashboard 1.jmx Dashboard 2.jmx		^
Unified	Dashboard3.jmx Dashboard4.jmx		
Categories:	Dashboard5.jmx Dashboard6.jmx		
			~
	OK	Canc	el

Page Type

Define the page type that can be:

Normal Normal page

Dialog Page with a smaller size that can be popup over a normal page

Template A page that can be used as a background of a normal page

Category

If you are developing different pages for different devices types, select the "Category" folder that identifies the devices that will display the page. See "Differentiated pages" on page 1 for additional details.

Dashboard

When you create a new page, you have the option to associate a dashboard with the page. The dashboard adds the ability to configure spatial relationships between page widgets. If you choose to have a dashboard it is recommended to

define the desired grid before placing the widgets in the grid. You can refer to chapter "Grid Layout widget" on page 483 for details of how to configure the grid.

Importing a page

When importing a page HMWIN Studio will import the page layout and the page widgets without importing the actions and data links attached to widgets. You can choose between two different behavior:

- importing only the pages and the widgets: in this case all actions and data link have to be defined
- importing pages with references to actions and data links: used tags must be present in the project for these elements to work properly



Note: Page import can only be performed between projects made using the same software version. Save the older project as the newer version, then try again.

- 1. Right click the Pages node from the project tree and select Import page.
- 2. Choose the page to be imported from the desired project then click **OK**: a warning message is displayed.
- 3. Click **Yes** to remove all the links to data and actions. Click **No** to maintain the reference to data links and actions. Tags need to be available in the new project.

Group of pages

You can group similar pages for easier maintenance. Grouping pages does not affect how pages appears at runtime. To create a group of pages:

- 1. In **ProjectView** right click **Pages** node and select **Create Group**: a new folder is added
- 2. To move a page to a group, right click a page and select **Groups** > groupName.

The Widget Gallery

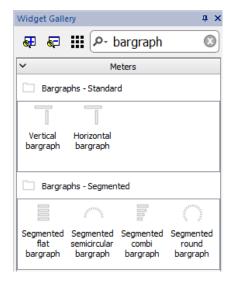
Path: View> Toolbars and Docking Windows> Widget Gallery

HMI objects required to build an application are available in the **Widget Gallery**. The gallery is divided into several categories, each containing a collection of widgets.

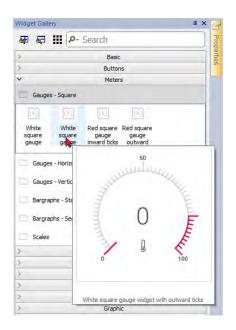
List view and Grid view are available:

Widget Gallery 🏨 🗶	Widget Gallery 🏨 🗶
🖶 🕢 🗮 🔎 Search	🖶 🔄 🏢 🔎 Search
✓ Basic	Grid View Basic
Text/Numeric Data Objects	Text/Numeric Data Objects
T Label	тТ # # тТ
# Numeric	Label Numeric Numeric Message
# Numeric (hex)	(hex)
Message	
Images	🗀 Images
🗀 Shapes	C Shapes
Trends/Chart	Trends/Chart
C Recipes	C Recipes

You can type text in the search bar to easily find the widget that you are searching:



Note that when the mouse has placed over a widget the preview of the widget will be displayed



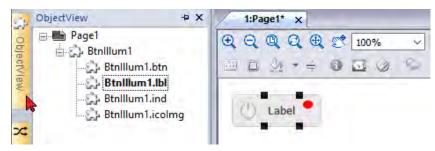
Adding a widget to a page

- 1. Select the widget from the Widget Gallery.
- 2. Drag and drop it on the page.

Complex widgets

Some widgets are composed of many sub widgets.For example, a rectangle button with a LED is a widget composed of a button, a label, an icon, and a LED. The structure of widgets can be seen in the **ObjectView** when the widget is selected.

You can select a sub-widget, such as the label in a button, from the **ObjectView** and modify it without ungrouping the whole widget.



Switch to old widget gallery

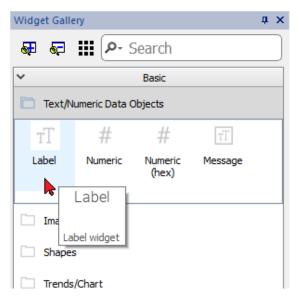
The current version of HMWIN Studio contains a completely revised new widget gallery. If you need to use the old gallery, you can switch back to the old library using the "Use Old Gallery" command available from the View menu on the main toolbar.

Path: View> Use Old gallery

Label widget

The label widget gives the possibility to display text and tags values.

Path: View> Toolbars and Docking Windows> Widget Gallery



Label properties

Drag and drop the widget inside the page and select the widget to open the properties dialog of the widget.

Note that some properties are visible only when the "Show Advanced Properties" button is selected.

•	Pr	operties		Ļ	×
	5	1 💭 🚭			
	Ξ	Text : label2			
I U ≣ ≣ ≣		Text	Hello World	а	+
^	÷	Marker			
	÷	Events			
Hello World		Text			
		Font	Roboto		>]
		Font Type	normal		
		Font Color	[0, 0, 255]	а	+
		Font Size	24	а	+
		Font Style	normal		
		Font Bold	false		
		Font Under	false		
		Font Antialia	true	а	+
		Horiz Align	center		
		Vert Align	middle		
		Word Wrap	true		
		Masked	false	а	+
	÷	Frame			
	+	Live Tags			
	÷	Scrolling			
	+	General			
	+	Position			

Property	Description
Text	The string to display. String can be static or retrieved from a TAG. See "Attaching widget to tags " on page 36
Marker	Enable a Marker around the widget (It is visible only inside HMWIN Studio)
Events	Action that will be executed if widget contents change. See "Events" on page 53
Text	Text properties
Frame	Parameters to enable and configure a frame of the widget and/or a color for the background

Property	Description		
Live Tags	Enable to use tags values inside the text message. See "Live Tags" on page 28		
	- Enable Live Tag	Enable live tags placeholder	
	- Dynamic Subscrip	tion When true, only the tags that are visible are retrieved from the communication protocol. When false, all tags are kept continuously updated even they are not visible.	
Scrolling	Parameters to enable and configure the scrolling of the text message		
	 None Slow Normal Fast Custom When the custom mode is selected, the below parameters can be defined Scroll type For each timeout, the text is scrolled of a custom an characters or pixels. Characters 		
	- Scroll delay	Pixels The timeout after which label effectively start to scroll (mSec)	
	- Scroll timer	The timeout which defines each scroll step (mSec)	
	- Scroll dots or - Scroll characters	The number of pixels scrolled for each timer timeout or The number of character scrolled for each timer timeout	
	- Scroll behavior	OnlyOnce Text scrolling stops after the first complete.	
		LoopWithDelay Text scrolling restart after each complete cycle, waiting for the delay.	
		Loop Text scrolling never stop	

Property	Description	
General	General properties	
	- Id	Widget identifier. You can leave the default value or rename it to have a more appropriate name
	- Visible	When false the widget is not visible
	- Opacity	The opacity-level describes the transparency-level, where 1 is not transparent at all, 0.5 is 50% see-through, and 0 is completely transparent.
	- Blink	The text will blink
	- Lock	When True, the widget cannot be selected and moved from the HMWIN Studio page editor
	- Static Optimization	Normal HMWIN Studio will decide the best optimization mode to use
		Static HMWIN Studio optimize the widget assuming it will never be modified by the runtime
		Dynamic HMWIN Studio will not add additional optimizations
Position	The widget position	on the display. See "Widget position on the display" on page 29

Some properties have a couple of buttons:

- a Enter edit mode: you can directly type the tag name to use
- + Attach to tag: the dialog where select the tag to use will be opened

A double clicks over the label widget will open the edit dialog box where you can enter the text to display and set the main text properties.

Text			
🗹 剜 Multilanguage	Lang1	→ B I U Roboto	~ >]
Temperature: [Tag1]*	с		
Choose text from	other widgets $$	Enable Live Tags	OK Cancel

Live Tags

"Enable Live Tags" is enabled, text between square brackets are managed as tags place holders and will be rendered, from the runtime, using the tag value.

For example, the text label "*Temperature: [Tag1]* °C" will be rendered as:

Temperature: 18 °C

where "18" is the value contained inside Tag1

Tags

• [TagName]

The tag value is read and continuously updated



Use '\' before '[]' if you want to show the '[]' in the description string, for example: \[Tag\[1\]\] will display the string "[Tag[1]]".

Use '\', even when the tag label contains square brackets. For example, to display the live tag value of tag "TAG]3" or "TAG[3]" use:

- TAG\]3 = **[**TAG\]3]
- TAG\[3\] = **[**TAG\[3\]**]**

Array Tags

To reference the entire array (all elements will be shown):

• [TagName]

All array elements will be displayed using a comma separate list.

• [TagName[-1]] All array elements will be displayed using a comma separate list.

To reference an element of the array:

- [TagName.Index] Example: [MyARRAY.5] will display the sixth element of the MyARRAY
- [TagName[TagIndex]] Example: [MyARRAY[TagIndex]] will display the sixth element of the MyARRAY when TagIndex is 5

Data Formats

Placeholder characters can be used to control how to display the tag value (see "Custom Formats" on page 32)

• [TagName|format("###")]

Example:

Live: [fCounter|format("#.00")] - Triggered: [!fCounter|format("#.00")]



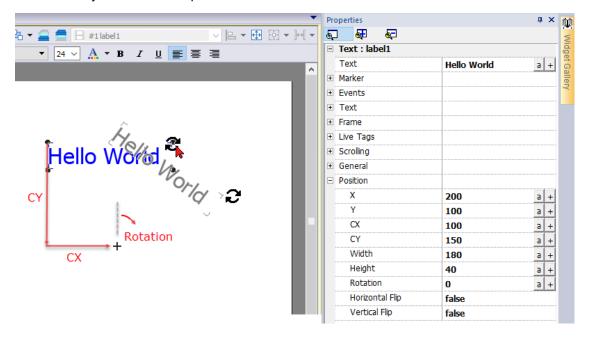
Note that by default, all tags are displayed as an integer. If you want to display a float number, you have to specify how to show the number adding the decimal digits.

Widget position on the display

1:Page1 2:Page2 x	▼ Pr	operties		ą×	đ)
€ € ® ® 100% → × 5 6 10 10 6 % + 2 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 		1 off of			
□ ① ② ▼ ÷ ③ □ ② ⑤ Font Roboto ∨ 3] 24 ∨ A ▼ B I U ≡ ≡ ≡		Text : label1			Alalipo la finia
		Text	Hello World	a +	6
		Marker			Ig
		Events			
Y		Text			
		Frame			
× •		Live Tags			
		Scrolling			
Hello World Height		General			
	-	Position			
Width		X	200	a +	
		Y	100	a +	
		CX	100	a +	
		CY	150	a +	
		Width	180	a +	
		Height	40	a + a + a + a + a + a + a + a + a + a +	
		Rotation	0	a +	
		Horizontal Flip	false		
		Vertical Flip	false		

Rotation

To rotate a widget, click two times the widget. After the first click, the markers will become square, after the second click will become circles. Now click the mouse over a circle marker and drag and drop to rotate the widget. The rotation center is identified by the CX and CY parameters.



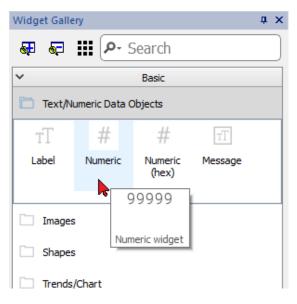


Note that all "Position" properties can be attached to tags and can be modified dynamically at runtime to move the widget.

Data field widget

The most common widget is the data field widget that give the possibility to display value of tags. (See "Tag editor" on page 105).

Path: View> Toolbars and Docking Windows> Widget Gallery



Field properties

•	Pr	operties					# ×		
	6) 👫 🗲							
		Field : f	fiel	d1					
		Value			99999		a +		
		Number	r Fo	ormat	Numerie	C			
Landa de		Show T	ho	usand Separator	false		a +		
99999		Decimal	Dig	gits	0		a +		
G		Leading	I Dig	gits	0		a +		
		Keypad	Keypad			Numeric			
		Events	ents						
		OnDa	ata	Update Action			+		
				Field : field1					
				Value		9999	99	а	+
				Number Format		Cust	om		
				Show Thousand S	Separator	false		а	+
				Custom		#0.0	00e+0	а	+
				Keypad		Num	eric		
			÷	Events					
				OnDataUpdate	Action				

Property	Description
Value	Tag that contain the information to display
Number Format	Display format
	 None No restrictions (system decide the format to use)
	 Numeric Numerical format. Decimal digits and Leading digits can be used to better define the number format
	 hex Hexadecimal format. Leading digits can be used to better define the number format
	 HEX The same of "hex" format but using uppercase
	 scientific Scientific format. Decimal digits can be used to better define the number format
	SCIENTIFIC The same of "scientific" format but using uppercase

Property	Description			
	 Custom Use the additional "Custom" parameter to better define the format to use (see the below table) 			
Show Thousand Separator	To show/hidden the thousands separator			
Decimal Digits	Number of decimal digits to show (not available on all format types)			
Leading Digits	Number of leading digits to show (not available on all format types)			
Custom	String that define the number format to use (available only when selected Number Format is CUSTOM)			
Keypad	Keypad type to pop up to edit the tab value			
	• None			
	 Alphabetic, Numeric, Etc. Pop up a predefined keypad or a user keypad (see "Keypads" on page 375) 			
	Wheel Keypad will not be displayed . Wheel can be used to increment/decrement the numeric value			
	 Macro Keypad will not be displayed . Keyboard macro can be used to enter keys (see "Keyboard actions" on page 187) 			
Events				
OnDataUpdate Action	Commands list to execute any time the tag value changes (See "Actions" on page 181 for the available commands)			



The character used as thousand separators (point) and the character used as decimal separator (comma) can be modified from the global Project Property. See "Regional Settings" on page 86

Some properties have a couple of buttons:

- Enter edit mode:
 you can directly type the tag name to use
- + Attach to tag: the dialog where select the tag to use will be opened

Custom Formats

In custom property, the allowed chars are "#" "." "0" "h" "H" "e" "E"

Use the place holder characters to control the display of digits before and after the decimal place. Use the number sign (#) if you want to display only the significant digits in a number. This sign does not allow the display non-significant zeros. Use the numerical character for zero (0) if you want to display non-significant zeros when a number might have fewer digits than have been specified in the format code.

If a number has more digits to the left of the decimal point than there are placeholders in the format code, the extra digits are displayed. However, if a number has more digits to the right of the decimal point than there are placeholders in the format code, the number is rounded off to the same number of decimal places as there are placeholders.

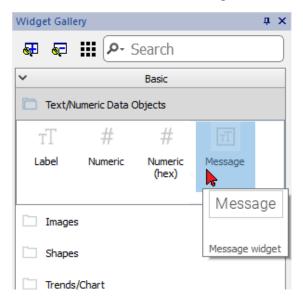
Examples

To display	As	Place Holder
123	0123	000#
1500	5DC	#H
1500	5dc	#h
1500	05DC	000#H
123.456	123.46	#.##
123.456	000123.456000	00000#.000000
12,200,000	1.22E+07	#0.00E+00
12,200,000	12.2E+6	#0.0E+0

Message widget

The message widget gives the possibility to display text a message indexed from a tag value.

Path: View> Toolbars and Docking Windows> Widget Gallery



Message properties

Drag and drop the widget inside the page and select the widget to open the properties dialog of the widget.

Note that some properties are visible only when the "Show Advanced Properties" button is selected.

	_	Pro	operties		Ļ	×
#1 label 1 🗸 🖓 🖓 🗸 🖂 🗸	-	জ	1			
A ▼ B <i>I</i> U ≡ ≡ ≡		=	Message Text : msgtext	1		
		Ξ	Value	0		+
		Ξ	DataLink	Tag1 R/W		-
Message when tag value is 0			Access Type	R/W		
			Messages		а	+
			View Index	true		
		+	Events			
		+	Marker			
		+	Text			
		-	Live Tags			
			Enable Live Tags	true		
			Dynamic Subscription	true		
		+	Frame			
	11	Ξ	General			
			Disable	false	а	+
			Scrolling	None	а	+
			Line Separator			
			Blink	false	а	+
			Id	msgtext1		
			Visible	true	а	+
			Opacity	1	а	+
			Lock	false	а	+
		+	Position			

Property	Description
Value	The tag name to used to dynamically select the message to display. See "Attaching widget to tags " on page 36
	When the "Access Type" is R/W, the value of the attached tag can be changed by clicking on the message. As a result, the message will be updated to be aligned with the new index value.
Messages	The list of messages to display. Click + to open a dialog where you enter messages and the associated index
View Index	If true, when the widget is editable (Access Type = R/W) the selection dialog will also show the index number associated with each message.
Events	Action that will be executed if widget contents change. See "Events" on page 53
Marker	Enable a Marker around the widget (It is visible only inside HMWIN Studio)
Text	Text properties (font, color, size, etc.)

Property	Description	iption			
Live Tags	Enable to use tags	values inside the text message. See "Message widget" on page 33			
	- Enable Live Tag	Enable live tags placeholder			
	- Dynamic Subscri	ption When true, only the tags that are visible are retrieved from the communication protocol. When false, all tags are kept continuously updated even they are not visible.			
Frame	Parameters to enab background	le and configure a frame of the widget and/or a color for the			
General	General properties				
	- Disable	Disable user inputs on the widget			
		Attaching a tag at this property is possible to enable/disable the possibility to modify the value at runtime			
	- Scrolling	Parameters to enable and configure the scrolling of the text message			
		When enabled, all messages are linked together and displayed in scrolling mode.			
	- Line Separator	ator Characters to insert between messages when shown in scrolling mode			
	- Blink	The text will blink			
	- Id	Widget identifier. You can leave the default value or rename it to have a more appropriate name			
	- Visible	When false the widget is not visible			
	- Opacity	The opacity-level describes the transparency-level, where 1 is not transparent at all, 0.5 is 50% see-through, and 0 is completely transparent.			
	- Lock	When True, the widget cannot be selected and moved from the HMWIN Studio page editor			
Position	The widget position	on the display. See "Widget position on the display" on page 29			

Some properties have a couple of buttons:

- a Enter edit mode: you can directly type the tag name to use
- + Attach to tag: the dialog where select the tag to use will be opened

A double clicks over the label widget will open the edit dialog box where you can enter the text to display and set the main text properties.

Auto-completing dialog

When you start to type the message the auto-completing dialog will propose the available messages already typed.

Nessage 01	Message Te	ext				
est 01 📑	Mul	tilanguage Lang1	~ B I U	Roboto		× >]
	+ -	>] [> 🖸 Continuous Index		Min: 0	Range: 3	\$
	Index		Message Description	on		
	1 0	Hello World!				
	2 1	Message 01				
	3 2	Tes				
		Test 02 Test 03				
	Enable I	ive Tag			ОК	Cancel

Import/Export

The import/export buttons, give you the possibility to import or export the entire messages list inside a .xml file that can be edit/modify using external tools.



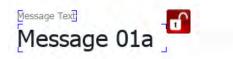
Export messages inside an editable .xml file

		1	
	?	4	

Import messages from a .xml file



If you need to use the same message widget in different places, to save maintenance time you can create and duplicate a custom widget. When a custom widget is configured with "Only Logic" or "Full" inheritance mode, the modify (e.g. add, remove or change messages list) of a single widget will be propagated to all widgets. See "Creating a custom widget" on page 496



Attaching widget to tags

To control a widget and animate it through live data it is possible to bind a specific property to different data sources. For example it is possible to bind the gauge **Value** property to a probe temperature tag, or the **Display** property to a recipe

data

Data sources

Elements to which an object property can be attached:

Data source	Description
Тад	Tag defined in the Tag Editor
Alias	Indexed tag address
System	Predefined system tags (see "System Variables (Attach To)" on page 133)
Widget	Connect to a widget property (for example, value of a slider widget)
Recipe	Data from the Recipe Manager (see "Recipes" on page 267)

Attaching a property to a tag

- 1. Click + in the Properties pane.
- 2. In Source choose the data source, in the list choose a protocol and the tag. Use the Search box to filter tags.

Modbus TCP:prot1	Type Tag	name			^	Property	Value	
						✓ Driver		
Model: Modicon Modb						Model	Modicon Modbus(1-b
MRTU1	unsignedShort MR					Protocol	Modbus TCP:prot	
MRTU2	unsignedShort MR					Y Tag	nouses reniprot	•
- MRTU3	unsignedShort MR					Data Type	unsignedShort	
MRTU4	unsignedShort MR					Tag name	MRTU1	
- MRTU5	unsignedShort MR					-	Modbus TCP:prot	
- MRTU6 - MRTU7	unsignedShort MR					PLC tag name	Modbus TCP:prot	1:01
MRTU7	unsignedShort MR unsignedShort MR					Groups		
MRTU9	unsignedShort MR					Tag URI	1?HREG?400001?	uns
MRTU10	unsignedShort MR					Comment		
MRTU11	unsignedShort MR					Rate	500	
MRTU12	unsignedShort MR					R/W	R/W	
MRTU13	unsignedShort MR					Active	false	
MRTU14	unsignedShort MR					Simulator	Variables	
MRTU15	unsignedShort MR					Scaling	None	
MRTU16	unsignedShort MR	/U16			v	Min value	0	
MPT1117	unsignedShort_MD	1117						
· ·	0							
Read Only O Read, Formula	Write O Write Only Iten	s used: 20/100	00 Arr	ay index 0			2	÷ 1
ady Read Only () Read, Formula Scaling Bit/Byte Indexing Color Palette	Write O Write Only Iten	s used: 20/100	00 Arr	ay index 0				÷ 1

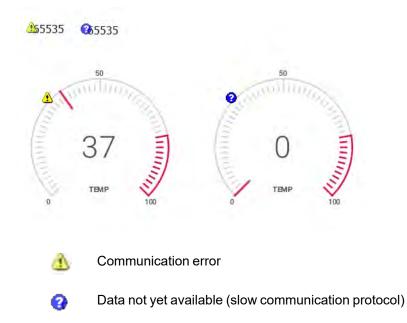
- 3. Set the access type (for example **Read Only**). The **Array Index** field appears when the selected tag is an array to identify the element of the array to use. The indirect index mode, through an additional tag, is supported.
- 4. Click OK to confirm.

The icons adjacent to the tag name highlight when a definition does not match the tag definition in the dictionary, or when missing. If the **Show all tags** is selected, all the dictionary tags are shown also if not imported within the application. A double-click will import the tags from the dictionary.

See ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details.

Communication Error

Two icons may appear close to widgets that have an attached tag.



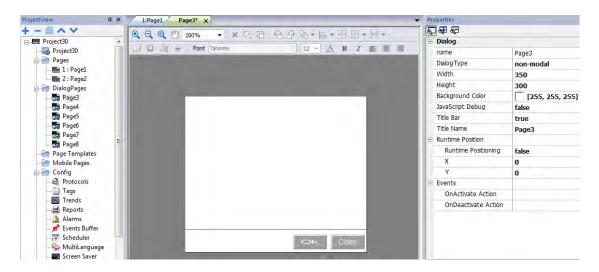
Dialog pages

Path: ProjectView> Dialogs

Dialog pages are opened at runtime on top of the current page on project request. They are used to notify alarms, errors or to require user action.

Property	Description
Dialog Type	modal = user cannot return to main project window/page until dialog is closed.
	non-modal = user can continue to use main project window (or other non- modal dialogs) while a dialog is shown on top of it.
Title Bar	true = dialog title displayed
	false = no dialog title displayed
Title Name	Dialog title. Only if Title Bar =true.
Runtime Position	Dialog fixed position
	false = Dialog will be placed centered on the screen
	true = Dialog will be placed with upper-left corner at position X and Y

Main dialog properties



Maximum number of dialogs

Maximum number of open dialogs is defined in "Functional specifications and compatibility" on page 583.

When the maximum number of open dialogs is reached, the oldest dialog is closed to open the new one.

4 Programming concepts

Programming for HMWIN Studio is based on a few basic concepts and behaviors.

Data types	
"Attach to" parameters	43
Formula	
Events	53
Widgets positioning	
Managing overlapping widgets	
Grouping widgets	
Changing multiple widgets properties	60
Changing fill color property according to tag values	61

Data types

When creating a tag you have to specify its properties. Data type are specific to HMWIN Studio, memory type are specific to the selected protocol. Choose the value according to the internal representation you need for the selected controller address.



Note: arrays type use the same data type followed by "[]" (i.e.: boolean [])

On some PLCs (e.g. CODESYS) arrays start from index 1 while on HMWIN Studio the arrays start from index 0. This means that arrayTAG[1] on PLC is the arrayTAG[0] on HMWIN Studio.

Data Type	Memory Space	Limits
boolean	1-bit data	01
byte	8-bit data	-128 127
short	16-bit data	-32768 32767
int	32-bit data	-2.1e9 2.1e9
int64	64-bit data	-9.2e18 9.2e18
unsignedByte	8-bit data	0 255
unsignedShort	16-bit data	0 65535
unsignedInt	32-bit data	04.2e9
uint64	64-bit data	01.8e19
float	IEEE single-precision 32-bit floating point type	1.17e-38 3.4e38
double	IEEE double-precision 64-bit floating point type	2.2e-308 1.79e308
string	Array of elements containing character code defined by sel	ected encoding

System Time

Format of System Time inside the HMI Device is the Unix time (also known as Epoch time). It is the number of seconds that have elapsed since the Unix epoch, that is the time 00:00:00 UTC on 1 January 1970.

Example:

Tag Value	System Time	ISO 8601
0	01/01/1970-01:00:00	1970-01-01T00:00:00+00:00
1	01/01/1970 - 01:00:01	1970-01-01T00:00:01+00:00
60	01/01/1970 - 01:01:00	1970-01-01T00:01:00+00:00

"Attach to" parameters

Object properties

In HMWIN Studio the properties of an object placed on a page can be set at programming time or configured to be dynamic. To change a property at programming time use the page toolbar or the property pane. Select the object first to see its properties displayed.



The page toolbar shows only the most common object properties, while the property pane show all the properties in a basic or advanced view.

To change a property value dynamically you can attach it to tags or variables.

Attaching a property to a tag

- 1. Click + in the **Properties** pane.
- 2. In **Source** choose the data source, in the list choose a protocol and the tag. Use the **Search** box to filter tags.

A	(ol: Show all V	_	ľ
Data	Type 1	ag name	^	Property	Value	
Modbus TCP:prot1	Container			Y Driver		
Model: Modicon Modbus	(1-based) unsignedShort N			Model	Modicon Modbus(1-b.	
MRTU2	unsignedShort N			Protocol	Modbus TCP:prot1	
MRTU3	unsignedShort N			Y Tag		
MRTU4	unsignedShort N			Data Type	unsignedShort	
- MRTU5	unsignedShort N			Tag name	MRTU1	
MRTU6	unsignedShort N			PLC tag name	Modbus TCP:prot1:ui	
- MRTU7	unsignedShort N	IRTU7		Groups		
- MRTU8	unsignedShort N			Tag URI	1?HREG?400001?uns	
- MRTU9	unsignedShort N			Comment		
MRTU10	unsignedShort N			Rate	500	
- MRTU11	unsignedShort N			R/W	R/W	
MRTU12	unsignedShort N			Active	false	
- MRTU13 - MRTU14	unsignedShort N unsignedShort N			Simulator	Variables	
	unsignedshort P	IKTU14		Sinuator	variables	
	unsignedChart N	IDTUISE		Castina	Mana	
- MRTU15	unsignedShort N			Scaling	None	
- MRTU 15 - MRTU 16 - MPTU 117	unsignedShort N unsignedShort N unsignedShort N	IRTU16	¥	Scaling Min value	None 0	
MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17 eady) Read Only () Read/W Formula	unsignedShort N	IRTU16 IRTU17				Ą
MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17 eady) Read Only () Read/W Formula	unsignedShort N	IRTU16 IRTU17			0	1. And 1.
MRTU 15 MRTU 16 MRTU 16 MRTU 17 eady Read Only () Read/W F Formula Scaling	unsignedShort N	IRTU16 IRTU17			0	44
MRTUIS MRTUIS MRTUIS Addy) Read Only O Read/W F Formula r Scaling (a Bit/Byte Indexing	unsignedShort N	IRTU16 IRTU17			0	100
MRTU15 MRTU16	unsignedShort N	IRTU 16 Iom 117 <i>ems used: 20/10000</i> Array inde			0	-44

- 3. Set the access type (for example **Read Only**). The **Array Index** field appears when the selected tag is an array to identify the element of the array to use. The indirect index mode, through an additional tag, is supported.
- 4. Click OK to confirm.

The icons adjacent to the tag name highlight when a definition does not match the tag definition in the dictionary, or when missing. If the **Show all tags** is selected, all the dictionary tags are shown also if not imported within the application. A double-click will import the tags from the dictionary.

Data sources

Elements to which an object property can be attached:

Data source	Description
Тад	Tag defined in the Tag Editor
Alias	Indexed tag address
System	Predefined system tags (see "System Variables (Attach To)" on page 133)
Widget	Connect to a widget property (for example, value of a slider widget)
Recipe	Data from the Recipe Manager (see "Recipes" on page 267)

Advanced search

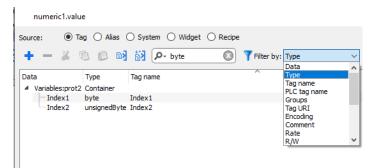
Various syntax options can be applied to search box:

numeric1.value		numeric1.value	
Source:	ystem 🔿 Widget 🔿 Recipe	Source: Tag Alias System Widget F	lecip
+ - ¥ 🕲 🔊 🕯	A Case sensitive	+ - 3 € € 3 3 ₹ - *	۲
Data	Type W Use wildcards	Data Type Tag name	
 Modbus TCP:prot1 Model: Modicon Modbus(1-based) 	Con ^r ^R Use regular expressions	Modbus TCP:prot1 Model: Modicon Modbus(1-based)	
- MRTU1	unsigne MRTU1	MRTU3 unsignedShort MRTU3	
- MRTU2	unsigne MRTU2	 Variables:prot2 Container 	
- MRTU3	unsigne MRTU3	Index3 short Index3	
- MRTU4	unsigne MRTU4	Tag3 short Tag3	
- MRTU5	unsigne MRTU5		
- MRTU6	unsigne MRTU6	numeric1.value	
- MRTU7	unsigne MRTU7	hamene hvalae	
- MRTU8	unsigne MRTU8	Source: Tag Alias System Widget F	
- MRTU9	unsigne MRTU9	Source: I ag O Allas O System O Widget O R	eup
- MRTU 10	unsigne MRTU10	+ - 😹 💿 💿 🚮 🚰 📲 In.*[1]2]	0
			0
		Data Type Tag name	_
		 Variables:prot2 Container 	
		Index1 short Index1	
		Index2 short Index2	

Main options	Function
Wildcards	Search using simple wildcards matching . Character '?': matches any single character. Character ' *': matches zero or more of any characters." []": sets of characters can be represented in square brackets.
Regular Expression	Describes character pattern.
	See <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular_expression</u> for additional details regarding regular expressions.

Filtering tags

Choose various tag filter criteria:



Showing dictionary tags

When **Show all tags** is checked, tags that belong to one dictionary but have not been imported yet, appear in blue color. You can select and double-click a tag to import it into the project.

numeric1.value				
ource: 💿 Tag 🔾	Alias 🔿 System 🔿 Widget 🔿 Recipe			
2 0 0	🖹 🚺 🔎 Search	Y Filter by: Data ✓ Protocol: Show all	✓ ✓ Show all tags	
ata	Type Tag name	Property	Value	_
Modbus TCP:prot1	Container	✓ Driver		
Model: Modicon Modbus	(1-based)	M	del Modicon Modbus(1-b	
- MRTU1	unsignedShort MRTU1	Pr	otocol Modbus TCP:prot1	
MRTU2	unsignedShort MRTU2	Y Diction		
- MRTU3	unsignedShort MRTU3		cessMode R/W	
- MRTU4 - MRTU5	unsignedShort MRTU4 unsignedShort MRTU5		tive false	
MRTU5	unsignedShort MRTU6		nplitude	
- MRTU7	unsignedShort MRTU7		ravsize	
MRTU8	unsignedShort MRTU8			
MRTU9	unsignedShort MRTU9		astType	
MRTU10	unsignedShort_MRTU10		omment	
- MRTU11	unsignedShort MRTU11		onversion	
- MRTU12	unsignedShort MRTU12	Da	ata type unsignedShort	
- MRTU13	unsignedShort MRTU13	Da	ataSimulator Variables	
-MRTU14	unsignedShort MRTU14	De	ecimalDigitsDigits	
MRTU15	unsignedShort MRTU15	De	ecimalDigitsTag	
- MRTU16	unsignedShort MRTU16		efault	

Converting tag value

) By Formula	 By Range 	
1.00	Input	Output
x Value + 0.00	Min: 0	Min: 0
1.00	Max: 100	Max: 100
ii Bit/Byte Indexing		
Color Palette		

Scaling tab converts the tag value. In **By Range** section set the input and output range: the system will automatically calculate the scaling factors.

Extract tag bit/byte based on index

Allows extracting a single bit or byte content from a word depending on the specified bit or byte number

fir Scaling	
3 Bit/Byte Indexing	
Byte index 0 Bit index 0	
S Color Palette	
	OK Cancel

Use a formula to calculate the value to use

Allow to use a formula to calculate the value to use. See "Formula" on page 49 chapter for additional details.

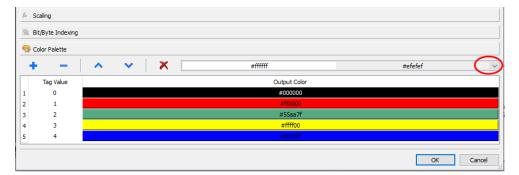


Note that using a formula the datalink will be ReadOnly

Read Only Read/Write Write Only	Items used: 10/10000	Array index 0	▲
Formula			
\$('Tag1')>\$('Tag2')?\$('Tag1'):\$('Tag2')		C	3 🖬 🔺 🗙 🗸
6. 6. F			
f= Scaling			
5 Bit/Byte Indexing			
Color Palette			
			OK Cancel

Mapping tag values to color

Allows to mapping numeric or string tag values to colors. For example, this option can be used to change the color of a button.



Section	Function
+ - [^ v [X	From the toolbar add/remove or move up/down the colors lines. The tag value is editable and you can modify the sequence values.
#000000 #ff0000 #000as7f #ffff00 #00000ff	Last defined color combination is saved automatically and can be retrieved from the color toolbar.

Tag value could be a range of values separate by a comma, examples:

- 5, 10-15, 20
- A, AB, C



It is responsibility of the application's developer define all items correctly to cover all possible application's values, we could have unexpected color when the value is not defined inside the defined colors palette.



Note that the mapping tag value to color will return a string data type (e.g. "#FF0000")

Datalink Serialization

Instead of use the above "Attach to..." dialog box, datalinks can be entered, or modified, manually.

Click a button in the Properties pane and enter the text that describe the datalink

Properties		Ф	×
97 97 97			
Field : numeric1			
Value	99999	a	+
Number Format	Numeric		t
Show Thousand Separator	false	а	+
Decimal Digits	0	а	+
Leading Digits	0	а	+
Keypad	Numeric		
Properties		ą	×
et et		₽	×
ब्रि ब्रि ब्रि ⊡ Field : numeric1		₽	×
S. S	99999		×
Field : numeric1 Value DataLink	Tag1 R/W ScaleXForm(1		× + -
Field : numeric1 Value DataLink Access Type	Tag1 R/W ScaleXForm(1 R/W		× + -
 Field : numeric1 Value DataLink Access Type Number Format 	Tag1 R/W ScaleXForm(1		+ -
Field : numeric1 Value DataLink Access Type	Tag1 R/W ScaleXForm(1 R/W		× + -
 Field : numeric1 Value DataLink Access Type Number Format 	Tag1 R/W ScaleXForm(1 R/W Numeric	,10,0)	+

Keypad Numeric Events

The data link format is:

Tagname [index] | [Atribute] | [XForm] | [XForm] | ...

on in case of formula:

= <formula>

Example:

- arrayTag[2]
- Tag[0|index]
- Alarm triggered:_SysPropMgr
- Tag|R/W|ScaleXForm(1,10,0)
- Tag|R/W|ScaleXForm(1,10,0)|ByteIndexXForm(1)|ColorPaletteCustomXForm(0#00aa7f,1#ff0000)
- =\$('Tag1')>\$('Tag2')?\$('Tag1'):\$('Tag2')
- =\$Contains(\$('Tag4'),\$('Tag3'))
- =\$Pow(2,\$('Tag2'))

Formula

A formula is an expression made of:

- Operators: can be the basic mathematics operations, logic operators, compare operators or basic string operators.
- Operands: can be literals (numbers and strings used as constants) and references to tags.

Round brackets are supported as priority operators. The operator \$ will be used to call functions and, in particular, to referring to a tag (see below for examples).

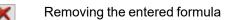
The attach to dialog allow to use a formula to calculate the value to return.

Read Only Read/Write Write Only	Items used: 10/10000	Array index 0	÷
Formula			
\$('Tag1')>\$('Tag2')?\$('Tag1'):\$('Tag2')			8 🖬 🔺 🗙 🗸
∫∞ Scaling			
📓 Bit/Byte Indexing			
Color Palette			
			OK Cancel

Commands



- Enter edit mode
- Save the entered formula inside the formulas' library to have the possibility to reuse the same formula inside other places of the project.
 - Open the formulas' library to select an already defined formula.





fx

Confirming the entered formula

When you are in edit mode you can simple edit the formula and double click tags or functions from the library to add them inside the formula.

Example of formulas are:

- \$('Tag1')+\$('Tag2')
- \$('Tag1')&\$('Tag2')
- \$('Tag1')>\$('Tag2')?\$('Tag1'):\$('Tag2')
- \$Pow(2,\$('Tag2'))
- \$Contains(\$('Tag1'),\$('Tag2'))

Syntax for formula

Basic Operations			
'Text'	String literal		
NUMBER	Number literal, e.g. 169857 or 13.547		
String()	Cast to string (note there is not \$)		
Number()	Cast to number (note there is not \$)		
\$FuncName(param1, param2,)	General function call. (Both default and user ones)		
\$('TagName')	Tag, or widget property, or recipe, etc.		
	Note that tag name must be string literal		
\$('TagName')[index]	Element of a array tag.		
	Note that tag name must be string literal		
exp1 ? exp2 : exp3	Ternary expression. If exp1 is true, then is taken exp2, otherwise is taken exp3. This is like using if/then/else statement		

Math Operators			
+	Addition		
-	Subtraction		
*	Multiplication		
Ι	Division		
%	Module		

Bitwise Oper	Bitwise Operators				
&	Sets each bit to 1 if both bits are 1				
I	Sets each bit to 1 if one of two bits is 1				
~	Inverts all the bits				
۸	Sets each bit to 1 if only one of two bits is 1				
<<	Shifts left by pushing zeros in from the right and let the leftmost bits fall off				
>>	Shifts right by pushing copies of the leftmost bit in from the left, and let the rightmost bits fall off				
>>>	Shifts right by pushing zeros in from the left, and let the rightmost bits fall off				

Logical Operat	tors
&&	AND
I	OR
!	NOT

Compare Oper	Compare Operators			
<	Less than			
<=	Less than or equal to			
>	Greater than			
>=	Greater than or equal to			
==	Equal to			
!=	Not equal to			

Use predefined formula from the library

To insert a project or a predefined formula:

- 1. Open the formulas' library
- 2. Select the formula to use
- 3. Confirm the selected formula
- 4. Enter the arguments required from the selected formula

GroupWgt10.numeric2.value			×
Source: Tag Alias	System () Widget () Recipe	
j 🛙 🗅 🖉 🖌 🗕 🕂	i	Search Y Filter by: Data V Protocol: Show all V Show all ta	ags 📑
Data	Туре	Tag name	
Modbus TCP:prot1 Model: Modicon Modbus(1-based)	Container		
Variables:prot2	Container		
Tag1	int	Tag1	
Tag2 4	int	Tag2	
Tag3	string [20]	Tag3	
- Tag4	string [20]	Tag4	
Tag5	int	Tag5	
Ready			
Read Only Read/Write	Write Only	Items used: 5/10000 Array index 0	*
# Formula			
\$Length()		A 19 S	X 🗸
To insert tags as parameters, double	click on the	em; tab is used to go to next parameter	

	•
Function	~
Cos(argument) Exp(argument) IndexOf(targetString,keyword) Cog(argument) Log(argument) Log(argument) Max(value1,value2) Min(value1,value2) Not(value1) Not(value1) Cofficient of targetString Configure of targetString Configure of targetString Configure of targetString	
Pow(base,power) Sin(argument) Sqrt(argument) Tan(argument)	
✓ User	
area_triangle(base,height)	
id: GroupW	3
	× 🗸

Add user formulas into the library

After entering a new formula, using SAVE button is possible to store the new formula inside the project folder to make it available from the formulas' library.

\$(Tag1)*\$(Tag2)/2		rmula name: escription:	area_t	+ Position	
f= Scaling		Parame	ter	Description]
Bit/Byte Indexing	1	base		Base of the triangle	
Color Palette	2	t height		Height of the triangle	
	Na	ame valid			

A user formula could be retrieved from the formulas' library as for the other predefined formulas.

2		Posicion	
	Function		
	> System Y User		
	area_triangle(base,	height)	
		Function description Area of the triangle Parameters - base (\$0) : Base of the triangle - height (\$1) : Height of the triangle Expression \$0*\$1/2	
oupWgt10.field			¥ ✓

Events

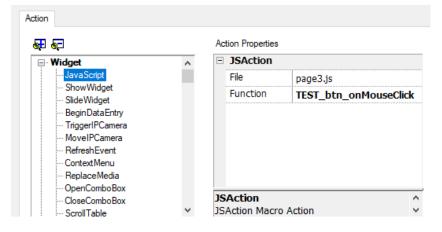
Events are used to trigger actions at project level and can be associated to:

- buttons / touch (click, press, release)
- mouse wheel
- external input devices like keyboards and mouse (click, press, hold, release, wheel)
- data changes (OnDataUpdate)
- switch of pages (OnActivate, OnDeactivate)
- alarms
- scheduler

You can attach one or more actions to an event, so that they will be executed whenever the event occurs.

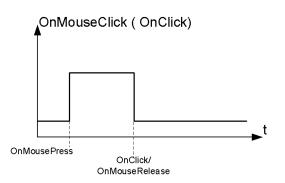
This example shows a JavaScript action activated by pressing a button.

Pro	operties		ņ	×
6] 🛃 🚭			
-	ButtonsWithLabel : TEST			
	Value	0	а	+
	Click Type	momentary		
	Style	2D		
	Autorepeat	Disabled		
	Hold Time (ms)	-1		
	Label	Label	а	+
	Up Fill Color	[0, 70, 136]	а	+
	Down Fill Color	[0, 176, 199]	а	+
-	Events			
-	OnMouseClick Action	1 Action		+
	Action[0]	js:TEST_btn_onMouseClick()		-
	OnMouseHold Action			+
	OnMousePress Action			+
	OnMouseRelease Action			+
	OnDataUpdate Action			+
+	Configure			
+	Text			
+	General			
+	Position			



OnClick / OnMouseClick

Triggers the event when the button/key is pressed and released quickly.

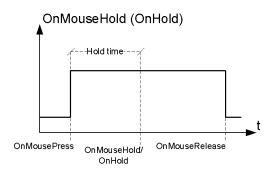


OnHold/OnMouseHold

Triggers the event when the button/key is pressed and held pressed for a certain time set as **Hold Time** in the widget properties. Actions programmed for this event will be executed only after the hold time has expired.

The default **Hold Time** is configured in Project properties but can be redefined for each button/key. See "Project properties" on page 73.

Note: If Hold Time is set to -1 for the widget, the project Hold Time value will be used.

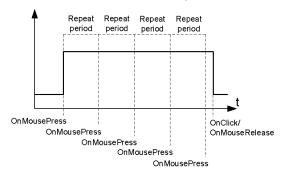


Autorepeat

Enables auto repeat for a press or hold event of button or key. **Autorepeat Time** is specified in the Project properties but can also be redefined for each button or key

OnMouseHold (OnHold) and Autorepeat Repeat Repeat period period period period period period period OnMousePress OnMouseHold OnMouseHold OnMouseHold OnMouseHold

OnMousePress and Autorepeat



OnWheel

Triggers the event when a wheel (for example a USB mouse wheel) value changes. A wheel usually is used to increase/decrease values in a text box or attached to a tag.

OnActivate

Triggers the event when a page is loaded. The event starts before widgets in the page are initialized.

OnDataUpdate

Triggers the event when the tag value changes. The update moment depend on the time needed by the protocol to finish the update process. For example the **OnDataUpdate** event can be triggered or not, depending on whether data becomes available from protocol respectively after or before widgets being initialized for the first time. In particular, page change notifications are more likely to happen with slow protocols and remote clients.



Note: The value read during **OnActivate** can be the same obtained from a subsequent **OnDataUpdate** event, since **OnDataUpdate** notifications are sent asynchronously.

Widgets positioning

You can position widgets in the page using two methods:

- Snap to Grid
- Snap to Object

To display the grid, on the View menu, click Show Grid.

Snap to Grid

Path: View> Snap to Grid

When you move or re-size an object, its top left corner will align with the nearest intersection of lines in the grid, even if the grid is not visible.

Setting grid properties

Path: View> Properties

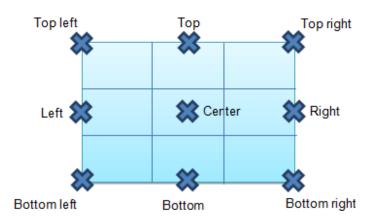
Parameter	escription	
Spacing X	Space in pixel between two lines/dots on the X axis	
Spacing Y	Space in pixel between two lines/dots on the Y axis	
Туре	Grid type (dot or line)	
Color	Grid color	

Snap to Object

Path: View> Snap to Object

When you move an object, it will align with other objects on the page.

When you select an object, one of the following hot points is selected as the source of the snap point, depending on the area you pressed: top, top left, top right, bottom, bottom left, bottom right, left, right, center:

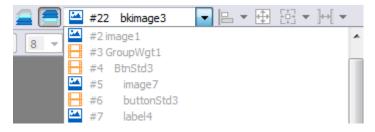


An algorithm finds a matching hot point among the near widgets hot points matching either the x or the y coordinates of the source snap point. For line widgets, the source snap points are the terminal points of the line.

Managing overlapping widgets

When one or more widgets on the page overlap, you can manage their order so that one is displayed on top of the other.

The order of the widget on the page is shown in the combo box. A widget with greater z-order number is in front of an element with a lower z-order number. A picture icon identifies static objects, a movie frame icon identifies dynamic objects.



Important: Correct ordering of widgets is essential for runtime performance since overlapping dynamic widgets can invalidate static optimization and reduce performance of HMI applications.

Hiding/showing widget on z-order

To hide widgets above a selected widget:

On the toolbar click = and select a widget: all widgets above this one are hidden

To hide widgets below a selected widget:

• On the toolbar click 🚍 and select a widget: all widgets below this one are hidden

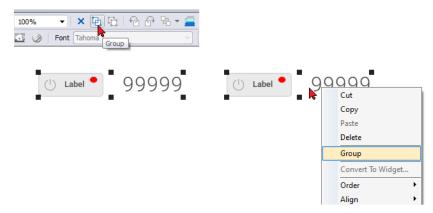
The toolbar allows to:

- · hide widgets stacked above and/or below selected widgets
- work on different widgets using the combo box which lists all the widgets in their z-order.

Grouping widgets

To group widgets:

- 1. Select all the widgets to group.
- 2. Right-click and then click Group.



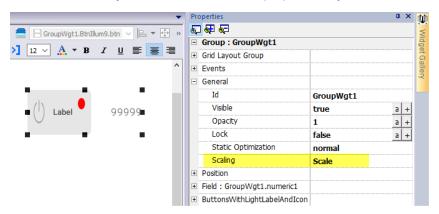


Tip: Double click to enter the group editing mode. In group mode only the group widgets are editable and selectable. All other widgets are partially hidden

Resizing grouped widgets

You can define how object reacts when re-sized. Use the Scaling property in General section:

- Scale: object and text are not re-sized proportionally
- Stretch: object and text are re-sized proportionally



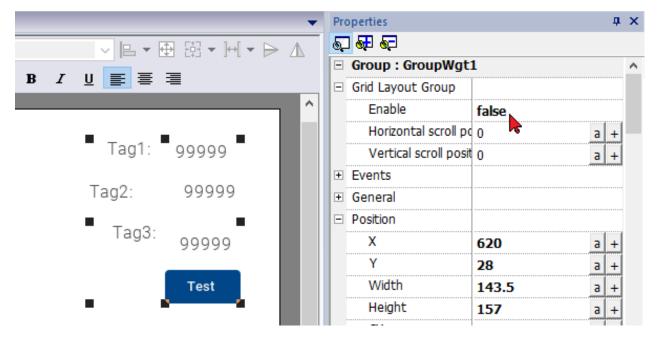
	•	Pro	operties		ф.	×
arroupWgt1 ====================================	✓ L ▼ ⊕ »	6) 🕶 🛍			
	· = = =	-	Group : GroupWgt2			
$12 \lor \mathbf{A} \bullet \mathbf{B}$	ℤ⊔≣≣≣≣	÷	Grid Layout Group			
		÷	Events			
= () Label 📍	0000	-	General			
		99999		Id	GroupWgt2	
	,,,,,,		Visible	true	а	+
			Opacity	1	а	+
			Lock	false	а	+
			Static Optimization	normal		
			Scaling	Stretch		
		÷	Position			
		÷	Field : GroupWgt2.numeric1			
		÷	ButtonsWithLightLabelAndIcon			

Grid Layout Group

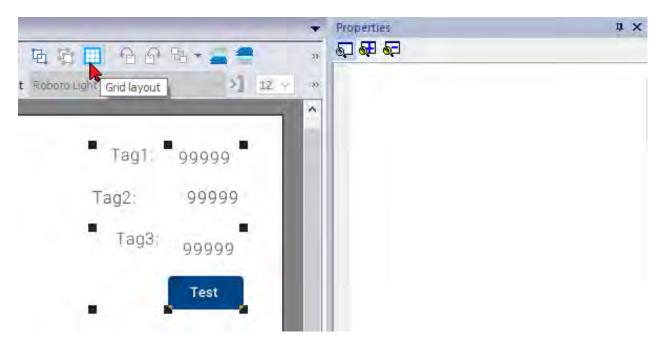
The grid layout add the possibility to configure the spatial relationships among the widgets of the group.

To create a grid layout:

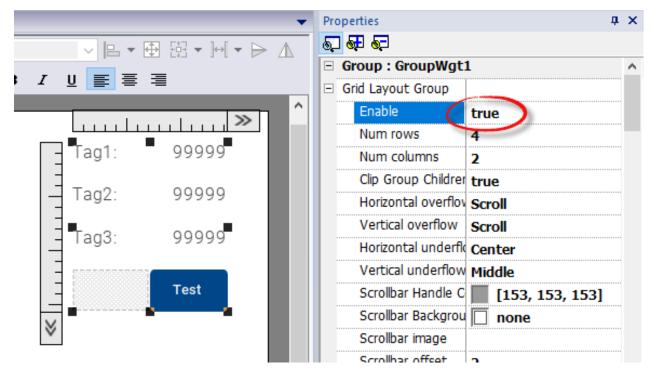
Enable the "Grid Layout" parameter of the group of widgets.



or select the widgets that will be inside the table and click the "Grid Layout" button on page toolbar. This command will create a new group with the grid layout already enabled.



The selected widgets will be aligned and collected inside a group with the grid layout property enabled.



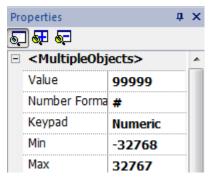
There are several elements associated with the grid layout that can be configured to match your needs, see the "Grid Layout widget" on page 483 to details.

Changing multiple widgets properties

You can set the properties of more widgets of the same type all at once.

To change properties:

- 1. Select widgets.
- 2. Set common properties from Properties pane.
- 3. When multiple widgets are selected, the Properties pane title changes to **<MultipleObjects>**: all changes will be applied to all selected widgets.





Note: Not all properties can be modified for multiple widgets simultaneously and must therefore be modified individually.

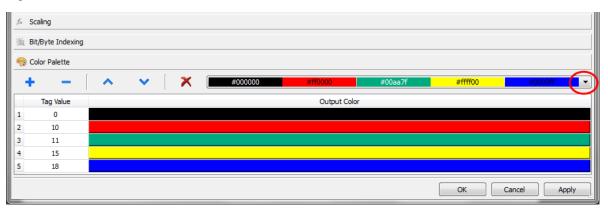
Changing fill color property according to tag values

HMWIN Studio allows to change the color property of a widget dynamically, based on tag values in two ways:

- Using ColorPalette
- · Connecting the Color property to a String type tag

Changing color property using ColorPalette

- 1. Create the tag (internal or PLC) that you want to refer to for color management. The tag can be of any data type. On the basis of the value of this tag, the color will change.
- 2. Attach this tag to the Fill Color property of an object (for example, a button).
- 3. In the same dialog select the **ColorPalette** tab and add the colors that will be used for the object according to the tag value.





Note: The last used colors' tables are saved and can be reused selecting them from the colors list box on the toolbar.

Changing color property connecting Color property to a String type tag

- 1. Create the tag (internal or PLC) that you want to refer to for color management. On the basis of the value of this tag, the color will change. The tag must be of String type and the **Arraysize** property of the tag must be big enough to contain the string formatted as explained here.
- 2. Attach this tag to the Fill Color property of an object (for example, a button).
- 3. Write in the **String** tag the RGB color code of the required color. Use one of these formats:
- **#XXYYZZ**, Where XX, YY and ZZ are the RGB components of the needed color expressed in Hexadecimal format (range 00–FF).
- **rgb(XXX,YYY,ZZZ)**, where XXX, YYY and ZZZ are the RGB components of the needed colors expressed in Decimal format (range 0–255).



Note: This feature can be applied to all the objects available in the Widget gallery that have a color property. The runtime change of the color is possible only thanks to the properties of the SVGs that are composing the object. This feature can not be applied to other image formats such as JPEG or BMP files.

5 Pages

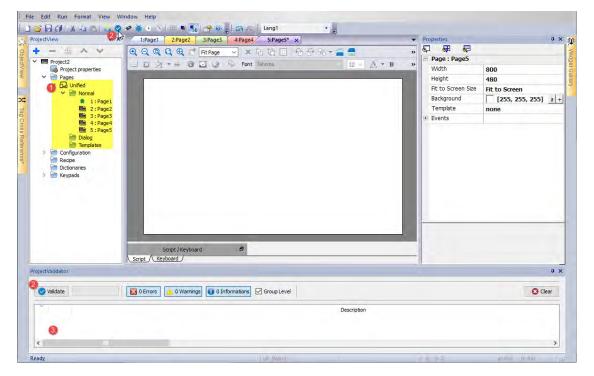
This section describes how pages are organized. You can have the same pages shown inside all clients (default mode) or you can customize the pages to better adapt them to each different client.

Unified pages	. 64
Project Validator	64
Differentiated pages	. 67

Unified pages

Starting from HMWIN Studio v4.0 there is no longer a need to create the pages for HMI device and Web client differently. The same pages can be rendered indifferently on the HMI device or on Web clients. Since some properties or some widgets could be not supported on Web client, some pages could be render differently. The "Project Validator" tool can be used to check if some pages contain widgets that will be rendered differently into Web client.

- 1. Pages
- 2. Project Validator button
- 3. Project Validator output messages



Project Validator

The "Project Validator" tool check and list the widgets that will be rendered differently into Web client. User can double click each warning message reported from the Project Validator to open the pages that contain the reported widgets to take the appropriate action. However, user action is not mandatory, the project can be downloaded anyway and the unsupported property will not be managed from the Web Client.



Note that the current version of the Project Validator checks the widget's web compatibility. It is not checking the entire project (e.g. missing tags or Javascript errors)

File Edit Run Format View	Window Help	
ProjectView	Validate project(Ctrl+B Validate current project	
 test Project properties Pages Unified Normal 1: Page1 2: Page2 		≝ <u>6</u> % + ≑ 0

Example

The "Release on disabled" property is not supported on the Web client.

- When the property is set to "False", HMI device and Web client will work in the same way and project validator will not report any message.
- When the property is set to "True", the Project Validator will report the warning message. In the case that the project will download to the HMI device, the Web client simply will not manage the "Release on disabled" property.

	operties		ф.	×
6] 6 ∄ 6⊒			
-	ButtonsWithLabel : I	8tnStd2		
	Value	0	а	+
	Click Type	momentary		
	Style	2D		
	Autorepeat	Disabled		
	Hold Time (ms)	-1		
	Label	Label	а	+
	Up Fill Color	[0, 70, 136]	а	+
	Down Fill Color	[0, 176, 199]	а	+
+	Events			
+	Configure			
+	Text			
-	General			
	Disable	false	а	+
	Release on disabled	false		
	Blink	false	а	+
	Id	BtnStd2		
	Visible	true	а	+
	Opacity	1	а	+
	Lock	false	а	+
	Static Optimization	normal		
+	Position			

Group Level

When the "Group Level" is checked, the Project Validator will report the group name that contains one or more widgets with the unsupported properties. A double click will select the grouped widget.

				4
•	0 Errors 📔 1 Warnings 😈 1 Information 💱 Developers		Ocar	
	Description		Reference	
0010	GroupWgt1 contains widgets with properties not supported for web technology	Widget id: GroupWgt1, on page: page1		
0001	Validation done on Thu Feb 10 15:18:47 2022			
	010	Description 010 GroupWgt1 contains widgets with properties not supported for web technology	Description 010 GroupWgt1 contains widgets with properties not supported for web technology Widget d: GroupWgt1, on page: page 1	Description Reference 010 GroupWgt1 contains widgets with properties not supported for web technology Widget id: GroupWgt1, on page: page 1

When the "Group Level" is not checked, the Project Validator will report the list of the not supported properties. A double click will select the widget that have the unsupported property.

Vialdate Vialdate	C Chr.
20008 The property releaseOnDisabled of ButtonWgt widget is not supported for web technology Widget id: GroupWgt1.BthStd1.bth on Page page1	
20008 The property releaseChDIsabled of ButtonWgt widget is not supported for web technology Widget id: GroupWgt1JBristd2.bth on Page page1	
30001 Validation done on Thu Feb 10 15:26:57 2022	

Differentiated pages

If a project needs to have different pages for the HMI device, web client, tablet client, etc., there is the possibility to add different folder to contain the pages to use on the different clients. Right click on the page folder to add a new category of pages. For each category, you have to define the below properties where Technology, User Agent and Min/Max are filter parameters to define the web clients that belong to the category.

Property	Description
Name	The category name
Width, Height	The default size used when create a new page
Technology	Identify the clients that can use these pages. It can be a combination of:
	Local HMI Device
	Remote HMWIN Client
	Web Clients (PC, Tablet, Smart Phones, etc.)
User Agent	It is a regular expression that identifies the web browsers that can display the pages of the category. The user-agent of the web client has to match with this parameter.
	Example:
	.* Anything (all web clients)
	Android Only Android web clients
	Android iPhone Only Android or iPhone web clients
Min Width Min Height	Defines the size of the display of the Web browser that has to show the pages of this category.
Max Width Max Height	The default, Min=0 and Max=-1, is meaning any size.



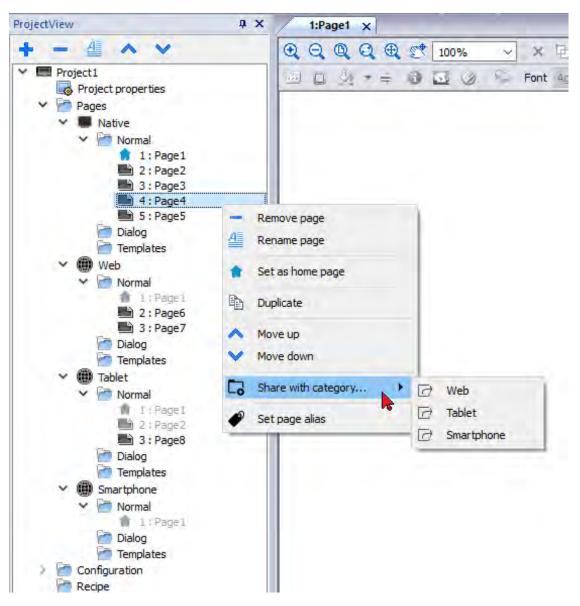
If the definition of a Web client belongs more than one category, are choices the pages that are available inside the closest category.

roject	-	₫ ∧ ∨		operties] 👧 👧
× 🗖	Dro			Page Cate
		Project properties		Name
~		Pages		Width
	~	Native		Height
		V 🗁 Normal		Technology
		💼 1:Page1 🖿 2:Page2		rechnology
		2: Page2 3: Page3		
		🖶 4: Page4		
		🔤 📑 5 : Page5		
		📄 Dialog 📄 Templates	Pro	operties
	~	Web		🚛 👦
		V 🗁 Normal		Page Cate
		🍿 1:Page1		Name
		🔛 2: Page6 🔛 3: Page7		Width
		Dialog		
		Templates		Height
	~	Tablet		Technology
		Y 🦳 Normal		Web Only
		1:Page1		User Age
		📄 2 : Page2 📑 3 : Page8		Min Widt
		Dialog		Min Heigh
		i Templates		Max Widt
	~	Smartphone		Max Heig
		V 🗁 Normal		
		🍿 1:Page1 🚰 Dialog		
		Templates		
>	6	Configuration		
	P	Recipe		
	1	Dictionaries		

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6] 👫 🚱			
-	Page Catego	ory : Native		
	Name	Native		
	Width	1024		
	Height	58		
	Technology	HMI RemoteClient		
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-	on on one of the one	ry : Tablet		
-		ry : Tablet Tablet		
-	Page Catego	T		
-	Page Catego Name Width Height	Tablet		
-	Page Catego Name Width Height Technology	Tablet 1024		
-	Page Catego Name Width Height	Tablet 1024 768		
-	Page Catego Name Width Height Technology	Tablet 1024 768 Web		
-	Page Catego Name Width Height Technology Web Only	Tablet 1024 768 Web		
-	Page Catego Name Width Height Technology Web Only User Agent Min Width Min Height	Tablet 1024 768 Web iPad RIM Tablet OS		
-	Page Catego Name Width Height Technology Web Only User Agent Min Width	Tablet 1024 768 Web iPad RIM Tablet OS 0		

Shared pages

Pages can be shared between the categories. Shared pages are highlighted in gray color and can be opened indifferently from each category.



Home Page

From the context menu of the page is possible to define the Home page of the category. The Home Page is the first page that is displayed in the browser type defined in the category and defines the starting point for your web project. The pages you can access from the home page depend on how other pages are linked in the project.

When security is enabled, you can specify a different homepage for each group of users. In this case, this setting will be overwritten. See "User management and passwords" on page 347 for details.

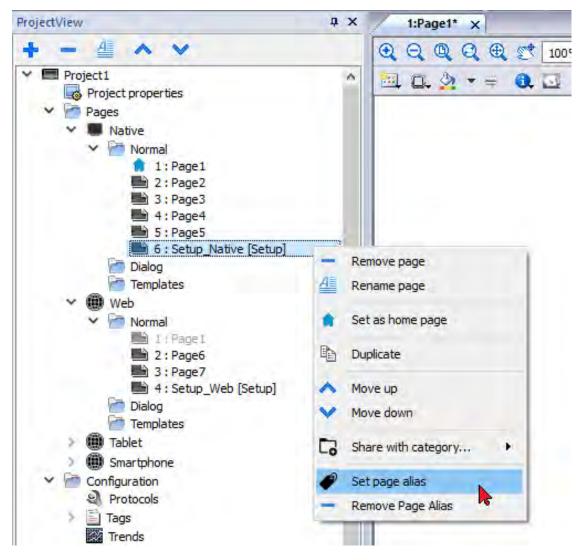
Alias pages

Using pages shared between categories could be useful the alias page parameter to load the appropriate customized page.

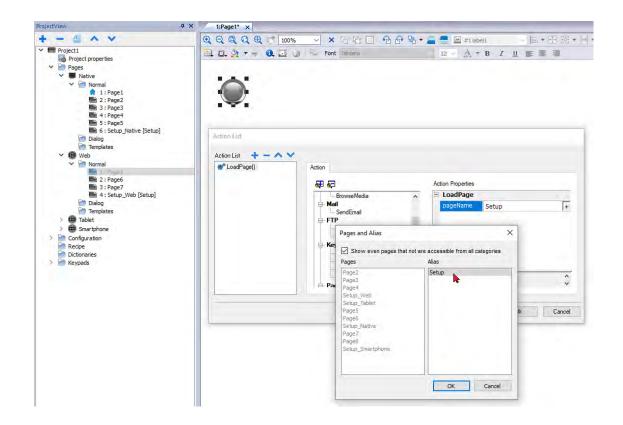
For example, you can have a shared "Page1" common to all categories. Page1 will be shown on both the HMI device and on Web Client, but from this page, you need to add a macro to load a customize setup page. This means a macro that load the page "Setup_Native" on HMI device or a different page "Setup_Web" on a web client.

To load a different page depending on the client used, you can add the same alias to both "Setup_Native" and "Setup_ Web" pages and use the alias name in the LoadPage macro.

Set the alias page:



Use the alias page:



6 Project properties

Project properties contain settings for the project.

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

The project **Properties** pane contains a list of project level user-configurable data.

	1:Page1 1:Project1 ×	Properties	ą
- 4 × V	a=	ब्सि ब्स् ि Project Widget : P	and and the second s
Destant assessments	LageMgr	Id Full Path Version Project GUID Runtime Plug-in Project VVeb Events Regional Settings	Project1 C:\WyProjects\Project1\project1.jpr 85010AFF-39E4-428D-8937-1A9255CA2C80
	Script / Keyboard &		

Basic and advanced properties

Some properties are displayed only in advanced mode. To view all project properties:

• Click Show Advanced Properties button to expand the property view in the Properties pane.

Properties	д х
ST ST ST	
Show Advance	
Full Path	C:\myProjects\Project1\project1.jpr
Version	

Available properties

Property	Description
ld	Project name (read only)
Full Path	Project path (read only)
Project GUID	Project unique identifier (read only)

Property	Description
Version	The Version field is available for users to report the project version
+ Runtime	Properties related with the application runtime. See "Runtime" belowfor details
+ Plug-In	Optional modules. See "Plug-in" on page 80 for details
+ Project	Properties related with the project. See "Project" on page 80 for details
+ Web	Properties related with the web interface. See "Web" on page 84 for details
+ Events	Global events. See "Events" on page 86for details
+ Regional Settings	Definition of date format, list separator, thousand and decimal symbol of number. See "Regional Settings" on page 86 for details

Project ID, Project GUI and Project Version are available from system variables. See "Default variables" on page 150 for details.

Change Project Type

Right-click on project properties to quickly open the dialog to change the project type.



Runtime

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description
Context Menu	Define how context menu should appear in the HMI project.
	on delay = context menu appears touching/pressing and holding for a few seconds an empty area of the runtime screen, or via Context menu action
	on action = context menu appears only via Context menu action.
	See "ContextMenu" on page 227 for details.
Developer Tool	Enable/disables a collection of runtime debugging utility tools.
Buzzer on Touch	Enables buzzer when touching a widget on HMI device screen.
	Supported widgets:
	buttons

Property	Description		
	 hotspots needles fields external keys combo boxes tables items control list items 		
Buzzer duration	Default 200 ms		
Keyboard	Enables the use of keyboard macros at runtime when using external keyboards.		
JavaScript Debug	Enables the JavaScript debugger at runtime for the current project.		
Allow JS Remote	Enables JavaScript remote debugger for current project.		
Debugger	Remote debugging not supported on HMWIN Client.		
Image DB enable	Activates an engine used by the Runtime to optimize project performance.		
	WARNING: This property should only be disabled by technical support for debugging purposes since this might reduce performance at runtime.		
FreeType Font	Switches to FreeType the font rendering used by HMWIN Studio and runtime.		
Rendering	The main reason for using the FreeType is that we need the same engine in all devices to avoid different rendering, in particular if static optimization is involved.		
Communication icon	Delay before display the communication error icon (default is 0 mSec)		
delay (ms)	The special value -1 is meaning always disabled		
Fast Boot	When fast boot is enabled and the User Interface is started before the background server		
	 Default: User Interface is loaded after the background server is ready to use Fast UI: User Interface is loaded before loading the background server 		
Waiting period for	Set initial waiting period (in seconds) for storage device in case of fastboot		
storage devices	In the case of fastboot, the flash is temporarily mounted as read-only and then remounted as read/write at a later time. If you get an error message stating that the storage device is not working properly, you can configure the system to delay this check. The problem can occur occasionally when fastboot is enabled and the device is overloaded with very intense communication.		

Fast Boot

When fast boot is enabled, the HMI device will provide the welcome screen as fast as possible after the power up. In this mode, only the minimum necessary features are loaded before starting the User Interface. Loading of protocols, events, trends, alarms, actions are postponed after loading the User Interface.

There are two flags to set:

- The "Fast Boot" flag available inside the advanced project properties
- The "Fast Boot" flag available inside the Services page of the BSP System Settings tool (see "System Settings" on page 594)

When fast boot is enabled and the User Interface is started before the background server the JavaScript event project.onServerReady can be used to get server synchronization.

Example:

```
if (!project.serverIsReady) {
    // Set the callback to wait for server ready
    project.onServerReady = onServerReady;
} else {
    // Server is ready, call it now
    onServerReady();
}
function onServerReady()
{
    project.setTag("Tag1", 1);
    project.showMessage("Server is ready, tags can be used: " + project.getTag("Tag1")
}
```



This is an advance feature available only on Linux platforms

Developer tools

Collection of runtime debugging functions that can be enabled or disabled.

- 1. In Properties pane, set Developer Tools to true.
- 2. Download the project.
- 3. Open context menu.
- 4. Select Developer tools.

Developer tools list

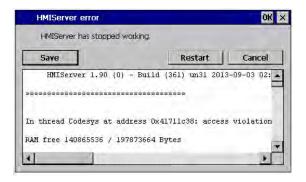
ΤοοΙ	Description
Show/Hide all	Shows a dialog containing information about device status like CPU load, memory usage, event queues.
CPU statistics	Shows information on CPU load. See "CPU Statistics" on the facing page.

ΤοοΙ	Description		
Memory statistics	Shows information about system RAM . A negative value indicates that free memory is decreasing.		
Event queues	Shows information on event queues (size, maximum achieved size, number of processed events, last and maximum processing time). Timing statistics are only available for non-UI queue.		
Timelog summary	Show page loading time.		
Embed window	Allows embedding in runtime the scene or leave the developer tool window as a standalone window (dialog).		
Reset queue stats	Resets statistical information on event queues.		
Disable watchdog	Disable the watchdog function and prevents system restart in case of freeze or crash of services.		
Ignore exceptions	Disables crash report function, exceptions are not saved in the crash report window.		
Profiling	Measures the time spent for loading/rendering the active page. See "Profiling" on the next page		

Watchdog

This feature allows you to disable the watchdog. This way you can avoid system restart in case of a runtime crash and have the time to save the crash report or check system status information (for example, memory available, CPU load, events queue size and so on).

The crash report dialog is displayed automatically in case of a system freeze or crash allowing users to save a log file of crash.





Important: Save this file for technical support.

CPU Statistics

2014-04-25 2 Period 2110		· •		24 *	
		ernega bym: ID Prio			-
		7774 3			
		9810 0	8	0/	8
Other thread					
RAM free 125					
ImageDB size	: ~2MB,	free 444B	/ RAMSIZE-	-76MB)	
Page Preload	156MB	free / RAM	5IZE-542MB)		
Page Cache 8	0MB fr	ee / RAMSI	2E-40MB)		
Storage free	: 45 /	92 MB			
EvQueue	Size	MaxSize	Evts	m5	max(ms)
EvtMgr	0	0	0	0	0
ActionMgr	0	1	61	22	189
AlmMgr	0	0	0	0	0
MODR	0	0	122	11	15
UI	0	11	270		
Timelog is disabled!					
(Tap-tap to	change	position)			

On the top row the current machine time is shown along with the total device uptime.

CPU statistics are collected with a frequency of 2000 milliseconds. The actual period and the overhead required to collect and visualize statistics are displayed as well. The more the actual period is far from the nominal 2000 milliseconds the higher is the system load. CPU consumption of threads is listed reporting the name of the thread (if available, main thread is marked with a *), the thread ID, the thread priority and CPU time spent during the 2000 milliseconds period, divided in user and kernel time.

Profiling

Profiling allows you to check time spent for loading/rendering the active page. Profiling will start from the next page load and will be active only for the first painting of the page to the screen (the configuration is retained).

2014-04-25 23:27:19, up: 0:32:58, idle: 35 *				
Period 2053 ms (overhead	47m s)			
Page "Alarms.jmx":				
ST AR	T dT (ms/cpuMs)			
Time parsing : +				
Time unloading : + 5	·4 δ/ δ			
Time 1st update : + 19	5 3/ 0			
Time gfx creation: + 19				
OnLoad :	241/ 94			
Time rendering : + 53	5 390/ 387			
ImageDB cache 15 hit/0 mi	.ss(0 ms, cpu: 0 ms)			
Page "TemplatePagel.jmx":				
Time init/start : + δ	0 133/ 85			
Time 1st update : + 19	5 2/ 0			
Time gfx creation: + 45	9 27/ 27			
OnLoad :	9/ 9			
ImageDB cache 28 hit/0 mi	.ss(0 ms, cpu: 0 ms)			
(Tap-tap to change position)				

Profiling option	Description	
Enable timelog	Enable timelog capture. Timing will be visible inside the "Timelog summary" window.	
Save timelog to file	Saves a report of profile details and the time spent loading a project and its pages into a timelog.txt file. This file can be exported and shared for further analysis.	
	Important: The execution of this function may reduce page change performance.	

Profiling option	Description
Overlay OnLoad times Overlay Rendering times	This view allows displaying time spent on single widgets and is available only for the rendering and OnLoad steps. The view gives an immediate feeling of where time is spent. Red zones represent the most time critical zones. Detailed widget times are visualized by a tooltip window. In case of out-of-the- scene widgets some arrows allow to navigate to these areas and hovering on them the tooltip will show the area summary
Select overlay color	Select the overlay color to use

Timelog data

Data	Description	
Time parsing	Time spent parsing current page. Depends on page complexity/number of widgets.	
Time gfx creation	Time spent for image rendering. Mainly related to the Onload method.	
Time rendering	Time spent rendering the page.	
Time unloading	Time spent unloading the page, if current page depends from another page.	

Times are provided in couples: wall time/CPU time. Wall time is the absolute time required by this part which can be higher than the actual CPU time required since higher priority threads are also running (for instance protocols). The start time column refers to the page load start time. It can be used to track the actual time required to load a page, since partial times only refer to the most time critical functions and do not include other times that often contribute significantly to the total time.

For example, the actual total wall time required to load a page is rendering (which is the last step) start time + rendering wall time.

FreeType font rendering

New projects use the FreeType font engine as default. Projects created with older versions of HMWIN Studio could use an older font engine also after project conversion to avoid any backward compatibility issue.



Switch to FreeType whenever possible for better page rendering.

Once you have switched to the new font rendering, save the project and verify that all texts are displayed correctly in all project pages.

Font rendering issues

When switching to the FreeType font engine a project created with the older font engine, you may experience the following problems:

- · text requires more/less pixels for rendering thus changing text layout
- · widgets are resized to accommodate text
- better rendering can be obtained using antialiasing (antialiasing is a text widget property)

Plug-in

You can choose which software modules are downloaded to the runtime with the project. Software plug-in has been designed to reduce memory requirements for the HMI application in HMI devices where storage is limited.

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description	
Browser	Module required by WebBrowser widget	
TextEditor	Module required by TextEditor widget	

Once enabled, software plug-in become part of the runtime. Use HMWIN Studio to install it using one of the following procedures:

- install Runtime/update Runtime
- update package

To remove plug-ins from runtime use one of the following functions in System Mode:

- format flash
- · restore factory settings

Important: The system cannot detect automatically which software plug-ins are required by the HMI application, make sure you select them all in the Project Properties.

Project

These properties define various elements of page behavior.

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description	
Display Mode	Defines HMI device orientation.	
Project Type	Defines HMI device type for the project. According to the model, some project features and properties are automatically adjusted.	
	WARNING: Starting from v2, the HMI Runtime will check if the selected project type is matching with the HMI device model and will advise with a message when the selected type is not matching: "HMI Type mismatch. Convert project and download again."	
Panel Memory	Size of the available internal panel memory.	
PageRequest CurrentPage SyncOptions	You can synchronize pages shown on the HMI Runtime and HMWIN Client from a controller such as a PLC. Attached tag must contain an integer value within the range of the available project pages and must be available at least as a Read resource.	

Property	Description		
	See the "W	/eb" on page 84 for the Web Browser support	
Hold Time Autorepeat Time	Defines the values for hold time and auto repeat time for buttons and external keyboards. Note: These properties can be redefined for each button or key in their widget property table.		
Hide Project Loading at boot	When hidden, the splash screen stay on the screen until the application is ready to run.		
Target Zoom Factor	It is the zoom factor of the HMI device that will be applied when project is loaded at runtime.		
	Range	0.2 - 3.0	
	Fit to screen	-1 = Fit to screen size	
		Fit to screen maintains the aspect ratio. It find the scaling factor, i.e. scale for width and height, then take the smallest.	
	Default value	1 = no zoom	
Background color option	When the defined page is smaller of the entire display area, colorize the area that is not covered from the page (for example when page is Zoom Out)		
	None Old mode, color is white (default)		
	Selected color	Color to use	
	Page background	Auto adjust color based on background of template or of page	
Signature	Algorithm to use to signing • sha256 • sha1		
Gesture Passthru Enabled	Enable the possibility to pass gesture events to underlying widgets after a configurable delay. User has to keep pressed the finger and then execute the gesture.		
Gesture Passthru Delay (ms)	When enabled, the gesture events are passed to underlying widgets after this delay (see "Gesture events pass thru" on page 450 for details)		
Gesture Multitouch	Enable multi touch gestures		
	falsetrue (default)		
		rty give the possibility to disable the multi touch gestures. This could o avoid problems with old projects that were not designed to manage	

Property	Description		
	the multi touch gestures.		
On Access Denied	When user try to use a widget that is locked from the security configuration to read-only (e.g. a field or a button), a padlock icon is shown for a couple of seconds to highlight that the widget is not accessible.		
	• None		
	Show Icon		
ComboBox View Mode	Select the visualization mode of all the Combo Box widgets of the project (see "Combo Box widget "full screen" mode with images" on page 434 for details)		
	Context Classic view with drop-down menus		
	 Full screen Enhanced view with configurable texts and images that will pop up in the middle of the screen for easy scroll and selection. 		
Encrypted Project	Encrypt or decrypt the project to protect intellectual property and not be readable or editable by unauthorized users (see "Project Files Encryption" on page 571 for details)		
Sign Project	If true, the project will be signed before being downloaded to the HMI device.		
Certificate	Select, from the list of certificates you have installed on your PC, the certificate to use to sign the project. Be sure to install the same certificate (the public key) on the HMI device (see "Project Signature" on page 573 for details).		
	This parameter is available only when " <i>Sign Project</i> " = true		
Show Messages	Avoid popup errors or warning messages. Messages will be logged to /var/log/popup_ messages.log (max size of the log file is 256Kb)		
Enable CSRF Token	Enable CSRF Token for web security		
	 When CSRF Token is disabled, we can pass cgi multiple commands from same browser session. 		
	• When CSRF Token is enabled, then we can not pass multiple cgi requests even on same browser session.		
	For security reasons, this flag should always be set to true. For backward compatibility, projects developed with versions prior to 4.05 will be converted with this flag set to false.		

PageRequest, CurrentPage and SyncOptions

It is possible to have HMI Runtime exchange devices information on the page shown by the HMI. You can synchronize pages shown on the HMI device and on HMWIN Client or to control an HMI project from a controller such as a PLC.

The following properties can be customized:

Property	Description
PageRequest	Page to be shown on the HMI device and on HMWIN Client. Attached tag must contain an integer value within the range of the available project pages and must be available at least as a Read resource.
CurrentPage	Page number displayed on the HMI device or on HMWIN Client or on both. Attached tag must be available at least as a Write resource and must have integer data type.
SyncOptions	Synchronization of project pages with the value contained into the CurrentPage property.
	Options can be:
	disable: page number value is ignored,
	Iocal: page number displayed on HMI,
	remote : page number displayed on HMWIN Client.
	 local + remote: page number displayed on HMI and on HMWIN Client, if different pages are displayed the last page loaded is considered.



- The PageRequest is opened at the project startup.
- When the user login, or switch user, the user's home page or the user's last page has priority over the PageRequest

Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI device and HMWIN Client

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to tag "A"
CurrentPage	empty
SyncOptions	disable

Set value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI device and HMWIN Client.

Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI and HMWIN Client. Read current page loaded on HMI

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to tag "A"
CurrentPage	attached to a tag "B" as read/write
SyncOptions	local

Set value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI device and HMWIN Client. Tag "B" will contain the number of page currently shown by the device.

Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI device and HMWIN Client. Read current page loaded on HMWIN Client.

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to tag "A"
CurrentPage	attached to a tag "B" as read/write
SyncOptions	remote

Set value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI and HMWIN Client. Tag "B" will contain the number of page currently shown by HMWIN Client.

Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI device and HMWIN Client. Force HMWIN Client page synchronization with HMI device (not vice versa).

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to a tag "A" as Read/Write
CurrentPage	attached to the same tag "A" as per PageRequest
SyncOptions	local

Set value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI and HMWIN Client. Change page on HMI to display the same page on HMWIN Client.

Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI device and HMWIN Client. Force HMI page synchronization with HMWIN Client (not vice-versa).

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to a tag "A" as read/write		
CurrentPage	attached to the same tag "A" as per PageRequest		
SyncOptions	remote		

Change value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI and HMWIN Client. Change page on HMWIN Client to display the same page on HMI.

Example: synchronize displayed page between HMI device and on HMWIN Client

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to a tag "A" as read/write
CurrentPage	attached to the same tag "A" as per PageRequest
SyncOptions	local+remote

Changing page on HMI device, same page will be shown on HMWIN Client and vice-versa.

Web

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description	
Show Runtime Errors	true	Display a message when a runtime error occurs
	false	Disabled
Web Inactivity Timeout	Defines a timeout for activity the current us	HM4Web client. When the timeout expires without any er is logged out.
	Range	1–86400 s (form 1 s to 24 h)
	Default value	600 s
	Values	0 = disabled
Web Icon	The favorite icon associate at the web pages	
Refresh Time	Defines the refresh time for the communication between the runtime and HM4Web clients.	
	Range	50–10000 ms
	Default value	100 ms
Use browser render API	true	Use the browser API requestAnimationFrame to manage graphic update
	false	Disable this properties for old browsers that not support the web engine optimization
Force browser layers	true	Force browser to use graphic layers when widgets are attached to tags
	false	Disable this properties for old browsers that not support the web engine optimization
Enable Global JavaScript for remote	Define if the JavaScrip code defined inside the Project Properties, general triggered from Alarms and Schedulers events, have to run only on local HMI device or even on remote clients.	
	None	Will not be executed on remote clients (run only inside the local HMI device)
	Client	Will be executed on HMWIN Client
	Web	Will be executed on Web client
	Both	Will be executed on both HMWIN Client and Web clients
Max Bandwidth (Kbs)	Limit for maximum da	ta sent by server (useful for old slow browsers). Set to 0 to

Property	Description	Description		
	use all the availa	use all the available bandwidth (default)		
Web clients connection mode	Auto The connection mode is selected by the client (default)			
	SSE	Force the Server-Sent Events mode		
	Long Polling	Force the Long-polling mode		
WebPageRequest	You can synchronize pages shown on the HM4Web Clients from a controller such as a PLC. Page to be shown on the HM4Web Client. Attached tag must contain an integer value within the range of the available project pages and must be available at least as a Read resource.			
Web Communication icon delay (ms)	Delay before display the communication error icon (default is 0 mSec) The special value -1 is meaning always disabled			
Enable the change page loader animation	If set to "true", an animated icon is displayed while the page is loading.			
Enable change page animation for cached pages		he animated icon is not displayed when loading pages that are in erally, the loading of these pages is very fast.		



The project.getClientType() can be used to retrieve the running client type. See "Project object" on page 531 inside JavaScript chapter for additional details.

Events

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description
OnWheel	Used only in conjunction with wheel input devices. Normally the wheel is used to increase/decrease the value of a tag without an external keyboard device.
	Attach this property to a change of wheel event and use an action like BiStep to increase/decrease a tag value.
	The project's OnWheel Action is executed only when the OnWheel Action will not overwritten from the loaded page.

Regional Settings

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description
Short date format	The date format to use when user select SHORT-DATE in the date format of the widget
Long date format	The date format to use when user select LONG-DATE in the date format of the widget
List separator	List separator character to use inside the dumped files.
Decimal symbol	Character to use in numeric widgets to separate the integer part from the fractional part (it is visible only when user configure the widget to show the fractional part)
Thousand symbol	Character to use in numeric widgets to separate the thousands (it is visible only when user configure the widget to show the thousand character)



You can use placeholders to freely define the Time and Date format (see "Time and Date placeholders" on page 448)

7 The HMI simulator

HMI simulator allows you testing projects before downloading it to the HMI device. It may be used to test the project when no HMI device is available and to speed up development and debugging activities.

On the HMI simulator, you can choose to use the real protocols to update the values of the tags (supported only for Ethernet or serial protocols) or simulate the communication and update the values of the tags manually.

Simulator settings	90
Tags Simulation	. 90
Data simulation methods	93
Launching and stopping the simulator	93

Simulator settings

The Simulator works by default with simulated protocols. It can also work with real protocols (Ethernet or serial protocols)



Note: For protocols not supporting communication with external devices, such as the Variables protocol, this option is always disabled.

Changing simulated protocols

1. Click the simulator **Settings** icon.

19 💼
Settings
- Seconda

2. Select **Use Simulation** to use simulated protocols, otherwise real protocols will be used for communication with external devices.

	ProtocolID	ProtocolName	Mode
L	prot1	Modbus TCP	Use Simulation
2	prot2	Modbus TCP	Use Simulation
3	prot3	Variables	Use Simulation

Tags Simulation

Through the "Tag Simulation" dialog it is possible to interact with the tag values in order to simulate the operation of the application.

To activate the "Tag Simulation" dialog click the simulator Tag Simulation icon:

HMISimulator	– 🗆 X
	🥐 🗊
	Tag Simulation

The "Tag Simulation" dialog will be shown

∙ Search			T Filter by: Na	ame	E E	67 67			Keep stored
me	Туре	Value	Prepared Value	WatchList	Protocol	Simulation		Property	Value
Tag1	unsignedShort	0			Modbus TCP		\otimes	Name	Tag2
Tag2	unsignedShort	4949			Modbus TCP		\otimes	Туре	unsignedShort
Tag3	unsignedShort	12			Modbus TCP		\odot	Value	4949
Tag4	unsignedShort		10		Modbus TCP		\odot	Prepared Value	
Tag5	unsignedShort		11		Modbus TCP		[☉]	WatchList	true
Tag6	unsignedShort		12		Modbus TCP		õ	Protocol	Modbus TCP
-	-		12		Modbus TCP		0	Simulation	
Tag7	unsignedShort						_		
Tag8	unsignedShort				Modbus TCP		0		
Tag9	unsignedShort				Modbus TCP		0		
Var1	unsignedShort	0			Variables				
Var2	unsignedShort	0	25		Variables				
Var3	unsignedShort	0			Variables				
Var4	unsignedShort	100			Variables	sine;100;0;60;			
Var5	unsignedShort	0			Variables				
Var6	unsignedShort	0			Variables				

Colors:

- The rows with green backgrounds highlight the tags that are used in the active page.
- The rows with blue backgrounds highlight the selected tags.

The property panel on the right is showing the properties of the selected tag. Note that you can select multiple tags and modify the same property on all selected tags.

Columns available inside the "Tag Simulation" dialog

Column	Description
Name	Tag's name
Туре	Tag's type
Value	Tag's value. It is shown only when the tag is related to a simulated protocol or when the "watch list" parameter is checked. If the tag is related to a simulated protocol a double click gives you the possibility to modify the value.
Prepared Value	Tag values that are not simulated but are related to a working protocol cannot be written directly. You can prepare the tag values you want to modify within the "Prepared values" column and then press the "Write prepared values" button on the toolbar to write all the prepared values at the same time.
Watch List	Select the tags you want to be read to be able to see their values in the "Value" column. This function is not available when a protocol is in simulation mode.

Column	Description
Protocol	The protocol associated with the tag
Simulation	Triggers an automatic change of the tag value. See the available functions on: "Data simulation methods" on the facing page. This feature is available only on simulated protocols.
	When you exit and restart the simulator this field will be reset with the values defined within the project. If you prefer to keep the values entered with this field, select the "Keep Archived" on the toolbar.

Filters available on the toolbar

In the main filter, available on the toolbar, you can enter the filter text, select the column in which to search, and the search mode.

₽- Search	 Trilt	ter by: Name	↓ p	모 모 63	47
Nam W Use wild	ie	Prepared Value	WatchList	Protocol	Simulation

Main options	Function
Wildcards	Search using simple wildcards matching . Character '?': matches any single character. Character ' *': matches zero or more of any characters." []": sets of characters can be represented in square brackets.
Regular Expression	Describes character pattern.
	See <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular_expression</u> for additional details regarding regular expressions.

Using the buttons on the right you can activate the following filters:

Show only current page tags
 Hide online tags (the tags managed from a physical protocol)
 Hide simulation tags (the tags where the protocol is simulated)
 Hide tags not in watch list

The last button will write the "Prepared Value" inside each selected tag, then the prepared values are cleared. Note this write will be executed on all selected tags even they are not on the Watchlist.

Write prepared values

Data simulation methods

Set tag simulation behavior in the Simulator field of Tag Editor.

Method	Description
Variables	Data is stored in a simulator variable. This variable holds the value of the tag so you can read and write the value.
SawTooth	A count value is incremented from Offset to Amplitude + Offset value with a Period of 603600 seconds. When the counter reaches Amplitude + Offset , the value is reset to Offset and the counter restarts.
Sine Wave	A sine wave value is generated and written to the tag value. Min, Max and Period values can be defined for each tag.
Triangle Wave	A triangle wave value is generated and written to the tag value. Min, Max and Period values can be defined for each tag.
Square Wave	A square wave value is generated and written to the tag value. Min, Max and Period values can be defined for each tag.

See "Adding tags" on page 107 for details.

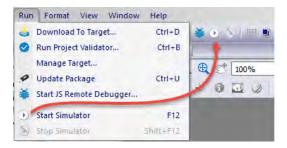
Keep Stored

When the "Keep Stored" flag on the toolbar is set to true, the configured simulations will be kept even after closing and reopening the simulator.

Launching and stopping the simulator

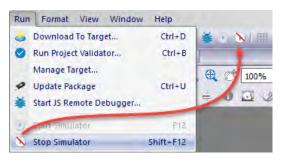
To launch the simulator:

1. On the **Run** menu, click **Start Simulator:** the Simulator runs on the computer in the same way as the server would run on the HMI device.



To stop the simulator:

1. On the Run menu, click Stop Simulator or on the simulated page double-click the Exit button.



8 Transferring the project to HMI device

To transfer the HMWIN Studio project to the target HMI device you can use:

- function Run > Download to Target
- function Run > Update Package with the use of a USB device

Download to HMI device	
Update package	
The Runtime loader	
Upload projects	
Runtime dynamic files handling	
Userdata	

Download to HMI device

Path: Run> Download to Target

This function transfers project and HMI Runtime via Ethernet .



Note: The HMI device must have a valid IP address. See "HMI device basic settings" on page 10 for details on how to assign an IP address.

- 1. Click the discovery button: a list of the detected IP addresses is displayed.
- 2. Select the HMI device IP address.

ownload to Target		?
Ready to download	▲ HMI-1CCC*@169.254.7.86 ▲ HMI-0438*@192.168.6.76 ▲ DEVICE-f2d6@192.168.41.234:8585	
192. 168. 40. 250 + Advanced	DEVICE-f2dd@192.168.46.219 Image: Base of the state of the stat	riload Close

You can even enter the IP address manually or, if available, the host name provided by a DNS server. Using a service tool like Bonjour, HMI devices can be discovered using their hostname (e.g HMI-0d37.local). Bonjour is a trademark of Apple inc.

3. Click Download: HMWIN Studio will switch the HMI device to Configuration Mode and transfer the files.

When the download operation is completed, the HMI device automatically switched back to Operation Mode and the project is started.

Advanced options

Download to Target	? ×
Ready to download	
192.168.40.250	Download Close
- Advanced	
Download only changes	
✓ Binary format	
Delete runtime dynamic files	
Download Web Project	

Option	Description
Download only changes	Transfers to the HMI device only the modified project files.
Binary format	Download files using binary format.

Option	Description		
Delete runtime dynamic files	Modified configuration of recipes, users, schedulers, etc. done at runtime will be deleted and overwritten by the configuration defined in the project.		
	CAUTION: This operation cannot be undone, deleted dynamic files cannot be restored.		
	CAUTION: Dynamic files are not deleted if stored on external devices (USB or SD Cards).		
Download Web Project	Download the HM4Web pages to HMI device.		

When transferring a project, HMWIN Studio uses a combination of HTTP and FTP connections:

- HTTP connection issues the commands to switch to transfer mode or to unload running project,
- FTP session transfers the files to the flash memory in the HMI device.

Advanced Settings

Using the "Advanced Settings" option, you can define the ports to use, but generally, you do not need to enter this information because HMI devices will provide the ports to use inside the panes list.

Download to Target			?	×
Ready to download	HMI-1CCC*@169.254.7.86 HMI-0438*@192.168.6.76 DEVICE-f2d6@192.168.41.234:8585 DEVICE-f2dd@192.168.46.219 HMI-0FCE*@192.168.17.37 Advanced Settings	Download	Clos	e

Changing HMI device connection settings

Path: Run> Manage Target

1. Click **Target Setup**: the **Advanced Settings** dialog is displayed. Default port for HTTP connections on the HMI device is port 80.

untime Board				
Retrieve Projects	Load Project	Unload Project	Upload Project	Delete Project
Download System Files	Restart Target	Update Runtime	Update Package	Target Setup
Target	Note			l\$
192.168.44.14	😻 Advanced Setti	ngs		×
Status:	HTTP :	80	HTTPS :	
	FTP :	21	FTPS :	
	FTP Timeout :	25		
	Hostname :			

- 2. Set correct HTTP, FTP or HTTPS, FTPS ports for the HMI device. (These are the ports used by the system to connect to the HMI device and may need to be modified when default ports are used by other services or applications or if the local network requires specific settings.)
- 3. Specify **Hostname** to easily identify each device in a network where multiple devices are available. The default hostname is "HMI" for all devices.
- 4. Click **Download System Files**. At the next download the new ports will be used in the HMI device and new hostname will appear in the drop-down list

Managing big projects

For successful download the project size should be at least 2 MB smaller than the available memory. If not, you run out of flash memory in the HMI device and a warning message is displayed.

4	Target device doest not have enough free memory Do you want to delete some unloaded projects ?			

To free more memory:

- 1. Click Manage Target.
- 2. Delete the projects you no longer need t to make more memory available.

Update package

The Update Package create a UpdatePackage.zip file to install or update the application inside the HMI device using an USB memory key.

Creating an update package

Path: Run> Update Package

🕈 Update Package	×
Target	\checkmark
HMI Runtime	O HMI Client
✓ Project	
HMI Runtime & Plug-In	
Binary format	
Web Project	
Set Target Password	
Delete runtime dynamic files	
User Files	
	1.3 or higher for using current HMI vice BSP version before using this <u>Check BSP updates</u>
Location :	
D:/Workspace/UpdatePackage\	
	Create Cancel

Option	Description	
Target	HMI device type. Selected automatically if the project is open.	
Application Selector	Select the application to insert inside the UpdatePackage.zip	
	HMI RuntimeHMI Client (Available only on Linux devices)	
Project	Adds open project to update package.	
HMI Runtime & Plug- In	HMI Runtime is added to the update package. If the project is open the required plugins are also added to update package.	

Option	Description	
Binary Format	Download files using binary format.	
Web Project	Download the HM4Web pages to HMI device.	
Set Target Password	word Sets password to perform critical tasks (for example, project download/upload , board management)	
	See "Protecting access to HMI devices" on page 569.	
Delete runtime dynamic files	······································	
User Files	Selects files to be copied to the QTHM folder of HMI device. Max size 5 MB	
Location	Location of update package.	



Important: When create a package with the HMI Runtime application, always include both project and the runtime. If you need to use an old project with the latest Runtime version, convert the project first. See "Installing the application" on page 5 for details.

Example of user's file location

Computer:

C:\Users\Username\Desktop\myFolder

- subFolder1/file1
- subFolder1/file2
- file3
- file4

Linux devices:

/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi

- subFolder1/file1
- subFolder1/file2
- file3
- file4

Loading an update package

Path: from the context menu > **Update**

- 1. Assuming you have stored the package in the root folder of a USB drive, remove the drive from the computer, plug it in the HMI device, display the context menu by holding your finger for a few seconds on the screen and select **Update**.
- 2. The system will check for the presence of the update package in the USB drive root and ask confirmation to proceed with the update.

HML	Jpdate Wiz	ard 1/2	×
Please wait, exa	nining system	m	
Available update	s:		
✓ Auto select b	est match		
Components that	at will be up	dated:	-
System Files	i		
Executable	files		
Config files			
License			
Executable			
Support libr	aries		*
Browse	Next	Cano	aĭ

3. Select **Auto select best match** and click **Next**: the procedure is completed automatically. Alternatively use the browser button to select the file to use.

The Runtime loader

HMI devices are delivered from factory without Runtime.

When you power up the device for the first time, the Runtime Loader window is displayed (see "Runtime Installation" on page 589 for details)



The Runtime Loader presence depends on the device Operating System and may not be available on all the units. Old versions of HMI devices may not include the Runtime Loader. Contact technical support if you need further information.

Installing Runtime from HMWIN Studio

When you download a project the Runtime is automatically installed if needed.



See "Transferring the project to HMI device" on page 95 for details.

1. Click Install Runtime: the procedure is run automatically.

Installing Runtime from a USB drive

- 1. Prepare the Update Package as described in "Update package" on page 98
- 2. Plug the USB drive in the device and follow the instructions for the type of device (see "Install Runtime via USB Memory" on page 590 for details)



Note: Old versions of HMI devices may not support automatic installation of Runtime. Contact technical support for more information.

Upload projects

Path: Run> Manage Target

You can copy a project from the Runtime to the computer where HMWIN Studio is running.

1. In the Runtime tab, select the IP address of the device from the drop-down list Target.

Target	Note	
192.168.40.28		_
Status:	winxp-client1@192.168.42.30	
Statust	HMI@192.168.40.28	
	HMI@192.168.41.1	1
	HMI@192.168.42.20	I
	HMI@192.168.41.171	
	HMI*@192.168.6.7	
	Advanced Settings	
		۰.

- 2. Click Retrieve Projects: a list of all the projects available is displayed.
- 3. Select project to upload
- 4. Click Upload Project



Upload could be password protected. See "Protecting access to HMI devices" on page 569 for details.

5. If required, enter password. The upload process starts.

A copy of the project is saved in:

C:\Users\username\Documents\HMWIN Studio\workspace\Uploaded\RuntimeIPAddress\workspace\ProjectName

In the status area a clickable link will be proposed to be able to quickly open the loaded project in HMWIN Studio

Retrieve Projects	Load Project	😻 Upload Project 🔷 🗧	< Upload Project	Delete Project
Download System Files Target	Restart Target Note	Project uploaded sucessfully	Jpdate Package y	Target Setup
10.1.35.101		OK	1	
Status:				
Retrieving Projects from Uploading project from t The project is uploaded t <u>C:\Users\username\D</u>	arget 10.1.35.101 o	workspace\Uploaded\IPAddres	ss\workspace\Project	tNape

Note: If the upload operation fails, check firewall settings the computer where HMWIN Studio is running.

Runtime dynamic files handling

HMI Runtime uses Runtime Dynamic files to store information at runtime, these information are:

- User modified Security Settings (changes to existing users, added users)
- User modified Recipe data
- · User modified Schedulers settings
- Event buffers (Alarms, Audit Trail)
- Trends sampled data

All these information are project depending, the system relies on the project name, if the project name is changed (for example after a save-as operation or after a conversion to a newer runtime version) and downloaded in the target, all the existing Runtime Dynamic files will be removed and the system will create new Runtime Dynamic files for the actual application. The previous existing information will be lost.

The Runtime Dynamic files will be also deleted by selecting the apposite advanced option "Delete Runtime Dynamic Files" when downloading an application in the target.



Delete Runtime Dynamic File option is not effective if the above mentioned information are stored into an external memory location (USB or SD Card)

The below table shows the behavior of the system in the possible use cases.

Operation	Runtime Dynamic Files behavior
Application download via Ethernet, project not renamed	Maintained
Application download via Ethernet, project renamed or different project	Deleted
Application download via Ethernet, Delete Runtime Dynamic files option selected	Deleted
Application download via Update Package, project not renamed	Maintained
Application download via Update Package, project renamed or different project	Deleted
Application download via Update Package, Delete Runtime Dynamic files option selected	Deleted
Update Runtime only via Ethernet	Maintained
Update Runtime only via Update Package	Maintained
Update Runtime and application via Ethernet, project not renamed	Maintained
Update Runtime and application via Ethernet, project renamed or different project	Deleted
Update Runtime and application via Ethernet, Delete Runtime Dynamic files option selected	Deleted
Update Runtime and application via Update Package, project not renamed	Maintained

Operation	Runtime Dynamic Files behavior
Update Runtime and application via Update Package, project renamed or different project	Deleted
Update Runtime and application via Update Package, Delete Runtime Dynamic files option selected	Deleted

Userdata

Sometimes we need to download, with projects, additional resource files (e.g. some protocols needed additional .csv files). The "userdata" is a special folder that you can add inside your project folder to upload your additional files into the HMI device.



Note that any other folders with different names will not be downloaded to the HMI device. Only the "userdata" folder and its contents (both files and subfolders) will be downloaded.

📒 > Project1 >	~ ~ C
📒 config	usermgmttemplates
dictionary	studio_settings
is	J page1.jmx
keypads	Page1.jmxb
reports	J project1.jpr
reportspool	Project1.jprb
🔤 userdata	

Inside the HMI device, the "userdata" folder will be available on the below path:

/mnt/data/hmi/dthmi/deploy/workspace/project1/userdata/

Note that "project1" will be the name of your project

9 Tag editor

A tag is a friendly name used to identify the memory location of a device. Tags can be read or write from an external device through communication protocols.

From the Tags Editor, you can configure the protocols and the list of tags to use.

Communication protocols	
Adding tags	
Exporting tags	
Importing tags	
Tag find and rename	114
Tag find and replace	

Communication protocols

Path: ProjectView> Config > Protocols

Device communication drivers are configured in the **Protocol Editor**. You can add up to the maximum number of protocols as specified in Table of functions and limits. Variable and System Variables are not counted as protocols.



Note: you can run different Ethernet protocols over the same physical Ethernet port, but you cannot run different serial protocols using the same serial port. Some serial protocols support access to multiple controllers, but this option is set within the protocol itself which is still counted as one protocol.

Adding a protocol

1. Click +.

ProjectView	# × protocols ×	
+-@^V	+-~~	
Project1 Project1 Pages 1 : Page Protoco Tags Trends	- * I	Configuration

2. Select the protocol from the **PLC** list and enter the required values.

Changing protocol settings

To change configuration parameters, click the browse button in the **Configuration** column.

Modbus TCP		Σ
PLC Network		ОК
Alias		Cancel
IP address	0.0.0	
Port	502	
Timeout (ms)	2000	
Modbus ID	1	
Max read block	254	
Preset function	06 💌	
PLC Models		
Modicon modbus Generic modbus		

Protocol parameters

Click Show Advanced Properties icon to see all parameters.

Parameter	Description	
Dictionaries	Tags imported for the protocol.	
	See "Importing tags" on page 110 for details.	
Enable Offline AlgorithmOffline Retry Timeout	See "Automatic offline node detection" on page 313 for details.	
Version	Protocol version available in HMWIN Studio for selected HMI device.	

Adding tags

HMWIN Studio uses tag names to access all device data. All fields and reference locations in the device need to be assigned a tag name to be used in the HMI project.

Tag Editor can be used to create and manage tags. After the tags have been defined, they can be used in the project by attaching them to widgets' properties.

See ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details.

Tag editor

Path: ProjectView > Tags

Adding a tag

- 1. Click + and enter the required data.
- 2. Select the Address from the communication protocol address dialog
- 3. Click on the fields that are inside the property dialog if something is to change (e.g. tag name)



Note that if a tag is selected, the add tag command + will create a new tag using the property of the selected tag.

Tag properties

Some properties depend from the protocol used. See specific protocol documentation for details.

Property	Description
Active	 Update mode. false = tags are read from controller only when required by the HMI device. true = tags are continuously read even if not required by the displayed page.
	Important: Leave this value set to false for higher communication performance.
Description	Tag description
Encoding	Encoding type for string data type (UTF-8, Latin1, UTF-2 and UTF-16)
Groups	Group names associated to a tag
PLC tag name	Original PLC tag name, used to match tags used by HMI application (Tag Name) and tags exported from PLC
R/W	R/W tag attribute (R/W, R or W).Note: The content of Write Only tags is always written and never read. When communication is not active, the content of these tags may not be available in widgets.
Rate	Tag refresh time. Default: 500ms (except SystemVariable which is 1000ms). When the refresh rate is set to "Manual", the HMI device will not read the tag from the remote device automatically in background. Tag is read and refreshed into the database only by explicitly required from the "ForceReadTag" action or using the forceRefresh option into the JavaScript getTag(). WARNING: Tags refresh rate is the maximum refresh rate. Actual refresh rate depends on: communication type (serial, fieldbus, Ethernet), protocol, amount of data exchanged.
Scaling	 Conversion applied to tag before database storage. By Formula = defined as a linear transformation. By Range = defined as a range conversion. Fixed Point = fixed point scaling
Simulator	Tag behavior during simulation. Several profiles are available.

Property	Description	
Tag URI	Controller memory address.	
	To edit click on the right side of the column to get the dialog box where you can enter the address information.	
Tag name	Unique tag name at project level. Primary key to identify information in the runtime tag database.	
	WARNING: Duplicate tag names are not allowed.	



Note that is allowed to select multiple tags in Tag Editor and to change the same property to all (e.g. to change refresh time in 10 tags to 500 without change it in all tags one by one).

Managing tag names

Tag names must be unique at project level. If the same tags, from the same symbol file have to be used for two different controllers, use the "Alias" feature to add a prefix to the imported tags and make them unique at project level.



Note: Not all protocols support the "Alias" feature.

Managing tag groups

Tags used in each page are identified as part of a group, so that requests made by the communication protocol to the connected controller(s) can be processed faster: only the tags included in the displayed page are polled from the controller.

Scaling

Using the tag scaling function it is possible to resize the tag values that will be visible from the HMI application.

There is the possibility to configure

- · Linear transformation, using the "By Formula" or the "By Range" mode
- Fixed Point transformation

Generally, the data type used inside the HMI is the same data type inherited from the PLC device. When a transformation is used, considerate the possibility to change the HMI's data type to not lose precision.

Example

If your PLC manages value with two decimal digits using an integer in fixed point, you can configure the scaling transformation as the below picture where the value read from the PLC will be divided by 100 and stored inside a float data type. E.g. PLC integer value 12345 will become the float value 123.45 inside the HMI device.

Fixed Point Number	of decimal digits:	2	¢		
Converted:	y = (float) (x) / 10^2				
HMI data type:	float			•	
Reset			ОК	Cancel	

Exporting tags

Path: ProjectView > Tags

1:Page1 Tags 🗙	
+ - 🎽 🕲 🔊	
Data Modbus TCP:prot1 Model: Modicon Modbus(1-base	Export Tags
Holding Registers 1	1?HREG?400001?unsignedShort
- Holding Registers 2	1?HREG?400002?unsignedShort
Holding Registers 3	1?HREG?400003?unsignedShort
 Variables:prot2 	
🚺 🛛 Tag1	Tag1?int
— Tag2	Tag2?int
Tag3	Tag3?int

- 1. Select the protocol for the tags you want to export.
- 2. Click the Export Tags button: all the tags configurations for the selected protocols are exported into an .xml file.

You can edit the resulting .xml file using third part tools (for example, Microsoft Excel) and then re-import the modified file (see "Importing tags" below for details).

Importing tags

Introduction

Some protocols allow you to import tags stored in a comma separated file (.csv or other formats).

Importing is a two step process:

- 1. Import of the tag definition into a dictionary
- 2. Import tags from the dictionary to the project



WARNING: Special characters in tag names, such as "&" character, that can cause communication errors will be substituted with the underscore "_" character when imported. See "Limitations in Unicode support" on page 322

Importing tags

To import tags from an external file:

1. In ProjectView, Tags select the protocol from the filter list.

1:Page1 Tags x		
+ - 🎽 🕲 🔊 🕨 🎝	3 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	₽- Search
Data J	Туре	Tag name
Modbus TCP:prot1 Import Tag Model: Modicon Modbus(1-based)	ls Container	
Holding Registers 1	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 1
- Holding Registers 2	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 2
Holding Registers 3	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 3
Variables:prot2	Container	
- Tag1	int	Tag1
— Tag2	int	Tag2
Tag3	int	Tag3
-		-

2. Click the **Import Tags** button: the dialog to choose the importer type appears. The list of the supported importers is depended from the selected protocol.

HMIStudio	×
Multiple tag importers are available for this protocol. Please select the	e importer type and continue.
Version	Type ^
Modbus Generic csv v1.0	Linear
Tag Editor exported xml 1.1	General
	~
Watched dictionary file:	
Modbus TCP.csv	4
Keep synchronized	•
6	OK Cancel

- 3. Select the importer type to use
- 4. Select the dictionary file
- 5. Press OK to attach the dictionary file to project file. The tags available within the Dictionary but not imported into the project are gray and are visible only when the "Show all tags" check box is selected.

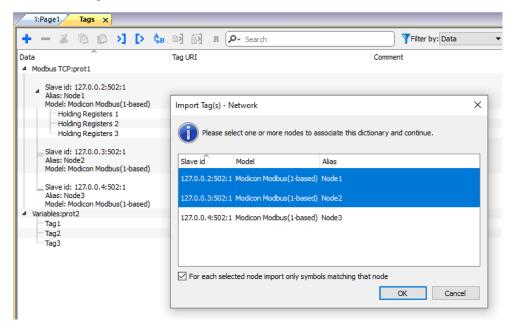
1:Page1 Tags 🗙			
+ - 2 6 0 >] [> 😘 🛐 👔 R 🔎 Search 🍸 Filt	er by: Data v Items used:6/10000 Pro	otocol: Show all 🛛 💽 Show all tags
Data	Tag URI Comment	Property	Value
Modbus TCP:prot1	Import Dictionary Tag(s)	✓ Driver	
Model: Modicon Modbus(1-bi		Model	Modicon Modbus(1-based)
Holding Registers 1	1?HREG?400001?unsignedShort	Protocol	Modbus TCP:prot1
Holding Registers 2	1?HREG?400002?unsignedShort	✓ Dictionary	•
 Holding Registers 3 MRTU1 	1?HREG?400003?unsignedShort 1?HREG?400001?unsignedShort	Array	false
- MRTU2	17HREG?400002?unsignedShort	Array size	0
- MRTU5	1?HREG?400005?unsignedShort	Arrayindex.	Subindex 400066
MRTU6	1?HREG?400066?unsignedShort	Comment	
MRTU7	1?HREG?400077?unsignedShort	Data type	unsignedShort
- MRTU8a	1?HREG?400008?unsignedShort	Dictionary	[Modbus TCP prot1] Modbus TCP
- MRTU9	1?HREG?400009?unsignedShort	Memory typ	
- MRTU10	1?HREG?400010?unsignedShort	Node id	1
- MRTU11	1?HREG?400011?unsignedShort	Tag URI	1?HREG?400066?unsignedShort
- MRTU12 - MRTU13	1?HREG?4000 12?unsignedShort 1?HREG?4000 13?unsignedShort	Tag name	MRTU6
- MRTU13	1?HREG?400013?unsignedShort 1?HREG?400014?unsignedShort	lag name	PICLOU
- MRT014	12HPEG24000152upsignedShort		

- 6. To import tags, select one or more tags or a node (hierarchical view only)
- 7. Click the Import tag button: tags are imported to the project and listed in black color.

When the project is configured to use a protocol network you must also select the protocol node where tags are to be imported. You can import the same tags on multiple protocols.

For each selected node import only symbols matching that node

When the tags file contains the node information, you can choose to use the information to filter the tags and import only those matching with the selected nodes.



Recursive

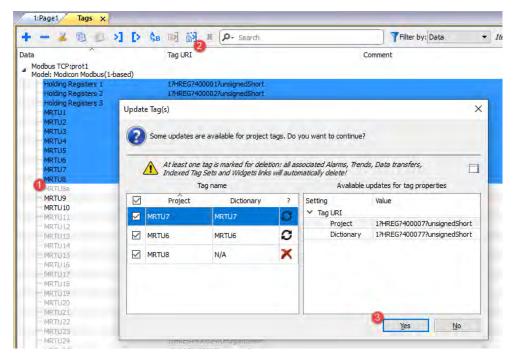
Recursive is a toggle button. When selected, when an array tag is imported even all array elements are imported into separate tags.

1:Page1 Tags* ×		
+	🕩 🎭 🗟 🛐 🖪 🔊 Search	
Data CODESYS V3 ETH:prot3 Model: CODESYS 3 Application Application PLC PRG	Tag URI Recursive	Comment
▲ testArrayTag	0?M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag?short-11	
[0]	07M7Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[0]?short	
-[1]	07M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[1]?short	
[2]	0?M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[2]?short	
-[3]	07M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[3]?short	
- [4]	0?M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[4]?short	

Updating the imported tags

To check the dictionary file and update the imported tags:

- 1. Select the tags that you want to check
- 2. If some change is found the update icon will be enabled, click the icon and the "Update Tag(s)" dialog with the list of found differences is showed
- 3. Unchecked the tags that you do not want yo update and click OK to confirm





×

These tags need to be updated. The list of differences between project and dictionary is displayed.

These tags are no longer available in the dictionary. If updated, these tags will be removed from the project.

Keep Synchronized

Check the "Keep Synchronized" check box if you want that HMWIN Studio checks and update the tags from file dictionary automatically without user intervention.

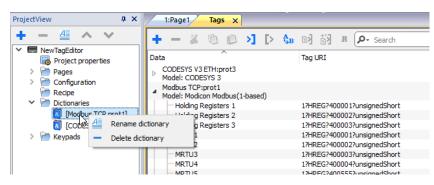
	•
Watched dictionary file:	
Modbus TCP.csv	
Keep synchronized	
	OK Cancel

Dictionaries

Path: ProjectView > Dictionaries

A dictionary is a list of tags imported in the Tag Editor for a specific protocol. Depending on the protocol type, tags are shown in linear view or in hierarchical view.

To remove a dictionary, right-click the dictionary name.



Tag find and rename

Tag find and rename feature will rename a tag reference inside the entire project.

Note this feature can be used not only to rename tags, but even to change values from each columns of the tags editor

- 🎽 📵 🔊	>] [> 🛟 🖬 🔄 📅 R 🔎	- Search	Filter by: Data	 Items used:6/ 	/10000 Protocol: Sh
~	Туре	Tag name		^	Property
Addbus TCP:prot1	Contriner				✓ Driver
Iodel: Modicon Modbus(1-					Model
Holding Registers 1	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 1			Protocol
 Holding Registers 2 	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 2			✓ Tag
 Holding Registers 3 	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 3			
- MRTU1	unsignedShort	MRTU1			Active
- MRTU2	unsignedShort	MRTU2			Comment
- MRTU3	unsignedShort	MRTU3			Data Type
- MRTU4	unsignedShort	MDTI 14			
- MRTU6	Tag Find and Rename				× ha
- MRTU7					
- MRTU8a					
- MRTU9					-
- MRTU9 - MRTU10	Column: Name 🔻 🗌	Rename Names in Dictionary			
- MRTU9 - MRTU10 - MRTU11	Column: Name 🔻 🗌	Rename Names in Dictionary			-
- MRTU9 - MRTU10 - MRTU11 - MRTU12	Column: Name 💌 🗌	Rename Names in Dictionary			
- MRTU9 - MRTU10 - MRTU11	Column: Name 🔻 🗌	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU11 MRTU12		Rename Names in Dictionary			
- MRTU9 - MRTU10 - MRTU11 - MRTU12 - MRTU13	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14		Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
- MRTU9 - MRTU10 - MRTU11 - MRTU12 - MRTU13 - MRTU14 - MRTU15 - MRTU16	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU12 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU16 MRTU18	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU15 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU18 MRTU18 MRTU18 MRTU19	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected	Rename All	Cancel
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU15 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17 MRTU18 MRTU19 MRTU20	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected	Rename All	Cancel
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU16 MRTU17 MRTU18 MRTU19 MRTU19 MRTU20 MRTU21	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected	Rename All	Cancel
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU15 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU16 MRTU18 MRTU18 MRTU19 MRTU20 MRTU21 MRTU21 MRTU21 MRTU22	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected	Rename All	Cancel
MRTU9 MRTU10 MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU15 MRTU15 MRTU15 MRTU17 MRTU18 MRTU19 MRTU20 MRTU21 MRTU21 MRTU22 MRTU22 MRTU23	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected	Rename All	Cancel

Parameters			
Column	Select the column to modify with the find and rename operation		
Rename Names in Dictionary	The tags' names rename will be extend to rename even to the internal dictionary tags' names. This parameter is useful when you have to substitute the dictionary with another dictionary that contains renamed tags		
	This parameter is available only when the selected column is "Name"		
Find what	String to search		
Rename with	String to replace		
Case sensitive	Takes account of upper and lower case letters		
Use regular expression	Enable regular expression in search/replace pattern		
	See <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular_expression</u> for additional details regarding regular expressions.		
	When regular expression is enabled, the "Find what" parameter will not offer predefined values but only free text handling.		

RENAME SELECTED

Execute the rename only for the selected tags

RENAME ALL

Execute the rename for the entire tags database



References used in Java script and within custom widgets will not update. Undo is not supported for this command

Regular expression example

Using the tags list of the above picture.

If you want add a prefix to all tags you don't need to use regular expression:

Find what:	MRTU
Rename with	PLC01_MRTU

But if you want add a postfix, you need to use a regular expression:

Find what:	MRTU(.*)
Rename with	MRTU\1_PLC01

Where

(.*)	is meaning any sequence of characters
\1	is a copy of the first sequence of characters enclosed by (\dots) found inside the search string

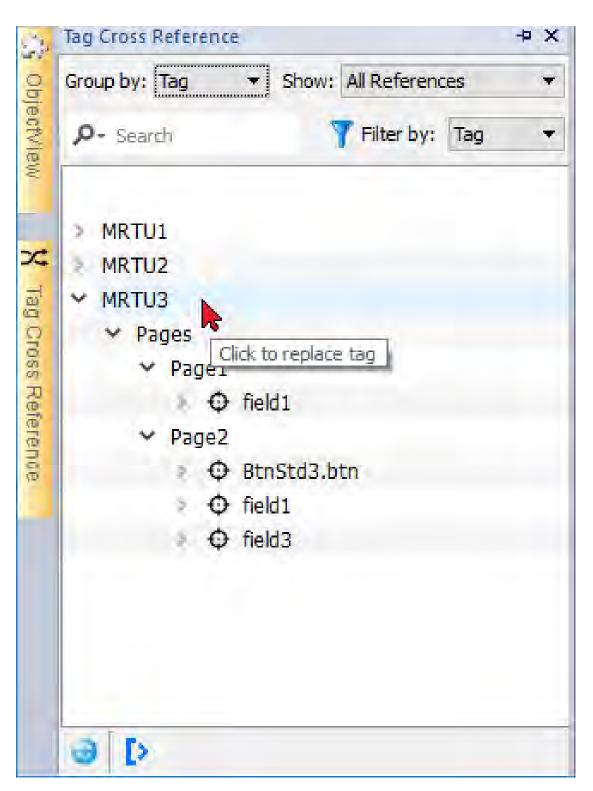
Tag find and replace

Using this feature you can search all occurrence of a tag inside the project and replace it with another tag.



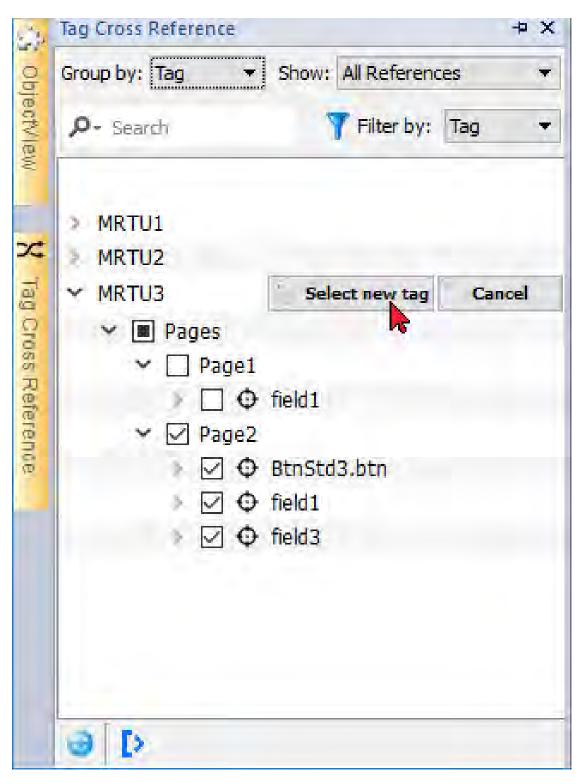
Tag replace is only applicable for Protocol tags which are shown in black color and not for System Variable, Alias and Recipe tags. (See "Opening the Tag Cross Reference pane" on page 128 for the different colors meaning)

From the Tag Cross Reference view, click the tag that you want replace



Using the check boxes select where you want apply the replace,

then click the "Select new tag" button to replace the data links of the selected objects or press "Cancel" to abort the operation.



References used in the Java script and within custom widgets may not be listed. Undo is not supported for this command

10 Indexed addressing

Indexed addressing allows you to select a set of tags depending on the value of another tag. This is very useful, for example, to use the same graphics to visualize a set of data coming from different sources, all the user has to do is pick the source to monitor from a list.

Creating an indexed addressing set	120
Using indexed tag set in pages	125

Creating an indexed addressing set

Scenario

In this scenario, environment data is collected from with four rooms, each equipped with temperature, pressure, and humidity sensors. Data is available as follows:

Room Number	Temperature	Pressure	Humidity
1	Room1-Temperature	Room1-Pressure	Room1-Humidity
2	Room2-Temperature	Room2-Pressure	Room2-Humidity
3	Room3-Temperature	Room3-Pressure	Room3-Humidity
4	Room4-Temperature	Room4-Pressure	Room4-Humidity

Using the indexed addressing feature, you can use a single table format to arrange all data in the HMI device.

Data from the three different sensors can be displayed in a single page where the room number is used as a selector (combo box) to pick the correct set of tags.

Room 1	*
Temperature (°C)	21
Pressure	1
Umidity (%)	75

How to create an indexed tag set

Path: ProjectView> Tags

To do this you need to create an indexed tag set.

1. In the Tag Editor, define protocols and tag. Define a tag for each data to be indexed, in this example you must create a tag for each sensor in each room.

÷	-	z	Ð	C	>]	Þ	А БВ	B>	菡	R	م	Search		🍸 Filter b
Data	1		^			Та	g URI							
	Modbus Model: I			dbus(1	-based	J)								
	Roc	om4-Pr	essur	e		1?	HREG	?4000	11?un	signed	Short			
	Roc	om4-Te	mper	ature		1?	IREG	?4000	10?un	signed	Short			
	Roc	om4-Ur	nidity			1?	HREG	?4000	12?un	signed	Short			
	Roc	om3-Pr	essur	e		1?	IREG	?4000	08?un	signed	Short			
	Roc	om3-Te	mper	ature		1?	IREG	?4000	07?un	signed	Short			
	Roc	om3-Ur	nidity			1?	HREG	?4000	09?un	signed	Short			
	Roc	om2-Pr	essur	e		1?	HREG	?4000	05?un	signed	Short			
	Roc	om2-Te	mper	ature		1?	HREG	?4000	04?un	signed	Short			
	Roc	om2-Ur	nidity			1?	HREG	?4000	06?un	signed	Short			
	Roc	om 1-Pr	essur	e		1?	HREG	?4000	02?un	signed	Short			
	-	om 1-Te								_	Short			
		om 1-Ur	-			1?	HREG	?4000	03?un	signed	Short			
4	Variable	es:prot	2											
		omNum	ber						unsigr	nedInt	t			
	- Var	iable				Va	riable	?string	J-20					

- 2. Create a tag to be used as index tag. In this example you create a "RoomNumber" tag that could be of type UnsignedInt using Variable protocol.
- 3. From ProjectView, select Config> Tags, double-click Indexed Tag Set: the Indexed Tag Set editor is displayed.
- 4. Click + to add an Indexed Tag Set. In this example you will call it "Room".
- 5. Select the tag "RoomNumber" to use as a selector for the room number.
- 6. Create an Index Instance for each set of data. In this example, one for each room.
- 7. Create an **Alias** for each type of data and rename the table columns appropriately. In this example "Temperature", "Pressure" and "Humidity".
- 8. Double-click on each cell to associate the correct tag.

-	- 🕒	r (🔰 🕻 🛛				
36	Room			Index Tag	RoomNumber[0]	
٩)→ Seard	h		Til	ter by: Index	
Index Instance: 🕂 — 🗌 Alias: 🕂 — 🗌 🟋						
	Index	Temperature	Pressure	Umidity		
1	1	Room1-Temperature	Room1-Pressure	Room 1-Umidity		
2	2	Room2-Temperature	Room2-Pressure	Room2-Umidity		
3	3	Room3-Temperature	Room3-Pressure	Room3-Umidity		
	4	Room4-Temperature	Room4-Pressure	Room4-Umidity		



Note: The Index Tag datatype can be a number, a string or any type of simple data types.

Note: To reference an array data type use the array index = -1

Index Tag

The "Index Tag" used to select the instance to use can be a Tag or an element of the Global _VariablesWgt widget (Ref.: "Global Variable Widget" on page 493). Note that using a Tag the selection will be global for all clients while using the VariablesWgt widget the selection will be local and any client can have its own selection.

Autofill function

An Indexed Tag Set table may become very complex and filling it may be an error prone procedure. Enable the Autofill feature to make sure aliases are entered correctly.



Click 🕺 to enable the Autofill feature: the Autofill Table is displayed.

6	Room			Index Tag	RoomNumber[0]		
م	• Search	1		7 F	ilter by: Index		
Inde	ex Instar	nce: 🕂 💻 🗌 Alias	: 🕇 🗕 🛛 🏋				
	Index	Temperature	Pressure	Umidity			
1	1	Room 1-Temperature	Room 1-Presture	Room 1-Umidity			
2	2	Room2-Temperature	Room2-Pressure	Room2-Umidity			
3	3	Room3-Temperature	Room3-Pressure	Room3-Umidity			
4	4	Room4-iomperature	Room4-Pressure	Room4-Umidity			
			Room\$(Instance)-\$ Tags: Room1-Pressure			^	
			Room 1-Temperature	e			
			Room 1-Umidity				
			Room2-Pressure				
			Room2-Temperature	e			
			Room2-Umidity			~	
			Fill F	Replace Reset		Cancel	

This function uses regular expression for populating the table with tags trying to match the filter where the keyword \$(Instance) will be replaced with the defined Index values and the keyword \$(Alias) with the defined alias labels.

See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular expression for additional details regarding regular expressions.

Autofill example

"Room\$(Instance)-\$(Alias)" will match all tag names:

Room1-Temperature,

Room1-Pressure,

Room1-Humidity,

Room2-Temperature,

```
• • •
```

"Room0*\$(Instance)-\$(Alias)" will match all tag names:

Room1-Temperature,

Room01-Pressure,

Room001-Humidity,

Room2-Temperature,

Room02-Pressure,

Room002-Humidity,

• • •

Autofill table elements

Element	Description
Fill	Fills in missing entries in the tag table using the set filter (if any). For example, when new instances or new aliases are added you can use this option to fill in the new entries.
Replace	Replace all table entries with those provided by the Autofill table.
Reset	Resets the tag filter to empty, no automatic fill is done.
×	Suggests a valid filter expression for your project.



Note: Filters are saved as project preferences and can be set for the entire table or for a column. Once a filter is set for a column, the table filter is ignored. You can therefore selectively change the filter for handling a particular alias only.



Note: To reference the elements of an array use the \ character to disable the regular expression interpretation of the square brackets (array tags are differentiated by Italic).

	Room			Index Tag	RoomNumber[0	1	
_					recommence to	1	
Б	lindexe	edTagSet0	_	Index Tag			
_			Autof	Fill Column:		×	
م	· Search		Tag filter:				
Ind	ex Instan	ice: 🕂 — 🗌 Alias: 🕂 —	Temperatur	e\[\$(Instance)\]		~	
	Index	Temperature 💦	Tags:		~		
1	0	Temperature[0]	Temperatu	re[0]			
2	1	Temperature[1]	Temperatu	re[1]			
3	2	Temperature[2]					
4	3	Temperature[3]	Temperatu	re[2]			
5	4	Temperature[4]	Temperatu	re[3]			
			Temperatu	re[4]			
			Fill	Replace	Reset	Cancel	

Toolbar

Indexed Tag Set	×	
+ - 🖻 🛱	>]	D [

Toolbar Element	Description
+	Add a new Indexed Tag Set
-	Remove the select Indexed Tag Sets
•	Copy the selected Indexed Tag Sets
C2	Paste the copied Indexed Tag Sets
Þ	Export selected Indexed Tag Sets to .xml file
>]	Import Indexed Tag Sets from .xml file

Using indexed tag set in pages

Once an indexed tag set has been created, you can use it to create a page for the HMI device as in this example.

Room 1	*
Temperature (°C)	21
Pressure	1
Umidity (%)	75

To create this page:

3

4

- 1. Create a page and add a combo box, three labels and three numeric fields.
- 2. Use the index tag created for the room number for the combo box, "RoomNumber" in this example. This will be the selector for the room number.

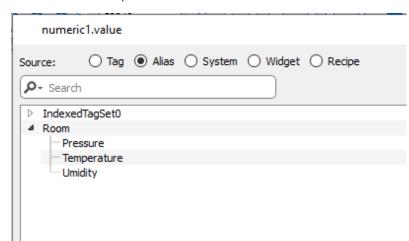
	Index	String List
	0	Room Number
	1	Room 1
	2	Room 2

Room 3

Room 4

3. Create a list for the combo box. In this example use the following list

4. Attach to each numeric field value the corresponding Alias variable (Room > Temperature, Room > Humidity, Room > Pressure).



11 Tag cross reference

The **Tag Cross Reference** pane displays a list of tag names used in current project organized according to their location and use.

From this pane you can:

- verify where each tag is used (alarms, pages, recipes, schedulers, trends, and so on)
- identify invalid tag references (references to tags not defined in the tag editor)
- · identify tags not used in the project



Note: The Tag Cross Reference pane may not be list all tags used in JavaScript code.

Opening the Tag Cross Reference pane

Path: View> Toolbars and docking windows > Tag Cross Reference

Click the Tag Cross Reference tab to open the Tag Cross Reference pane.

s.	Tag Cross Reference		+ ×
Obje	Group by: Location 🔻	Show: All References	•
🔆 ObjectView	Filter by: Property 🔻	Search	<u> </u>
S	Alarms		
C.	Pages		
1	 Recipe Scheduler 		
	Trends		
l sso			
Refe			
Y Tag Cross Reference			

Meaning of colors

Black	Protocol Tags
Magenta	Recipe Tags
Blue	System Variable Tags
Dark Green	Alias Tags
Red	Invalid Tags

Example:

Ta	g Cross Reference 🛛 🗕 🗙				
Gr	oup by: Tag 🔹 Show: All References 👻				
3	O- Search Tag -				
,	0.CurrentSelectedSet.Value				
3	0.Name				
	IndexedTagSet0.Alias0				
3	IndexedTagSet1.Alias0				
>	> Is keypad open				
2	Protocol Communication Status				
3	Tag1				
2	Tag10				
3	Tag11				
2	Tag12				
2	Tag13				
3	Tag2				
2	Tag3				
13	Tag4				

Working in the Tag Cross Reference pane

The Tag Cross Reference pane provides a set of standard functions.

Element	Function	
Group by	Groups tags by Location (alarms, pages, trends and so on) or Tag name	
Show	Filters tags and displays:	
	All Reference: all tags	
	Invalid Tag Reference: tags not listed in the Tag Editor.	
	Unused Tags: tags listed in the Tag Editor but not used in project.	
Search field	Applies a filter to display a limited number of tags	
Filter by	Filters tags by Location, Tag or Property.	

Navigate the listed tags to find where they are used inside the project.

Double-click on a tag to open the editor or page where it is used.

Invalid tag references will be listed in red color:

ġ,	Tag Cross Reference	+	×
😚 ObjectView	Group by: Tag Show: All References		•
ectVie	P- Search		•
8			
	> MRTU1		
x	> MRTU2		
Tag	> MRTU3		
9	✓ TEST		
X Tag Cross Reference	> JavaScript Tags		

Delete unused tags

From the unused tags view, is possible select one or more tags and delete them from the tag editor. To select a tag click a tag, to select multiple tags use SHIFT or CTRL keys.

Group by	Location -	Show:	Unused Tag	s	•
P- Sei	arch	1	Filter by:	Tag	7
Tag10					
Tag11					
Tag12					
Tag13					
Tag3					
Tag6					



Be aware that eventually tags referenced inside JavaScript may not be found (depends on how the code was written). Even it is not a good practical to using tags' references inside custom widgets, even tags' referenced inside Custom Widgets may not be detected from the Tag Cross Reference engine.

Updating data in the Tag Cross Reference pane

Manual update

By default, the information displayed in the Tag Cross Reference pane must be updated manually. To do this, click the refresh button . A warning sign is displayed when a refresh is needed.

Automatic update

Path: View> Properties

You enable the automatic update of the Tag Cross Reference pane from the HMWIN Studio Properties page.

Tag cross reference	
Auto Update	
ОК	Cancel

Select the Auto Update option.

Exporting data

Data displayed in the Tag Cross Reference pane can be exported in .csv file.

Data is organized in the exported file according to how it was grouped in the pane.

Grouped by	File format
Location	RESOURCE, RESOURCE DESC, WIDGET-ID, ATTRIBUTE, TAG
Тад	TAG, RESOURCE, RESOURCE DESC, WIDGET-ID, ATTRIBUTE



Note: The separators used in export operation depends on regional settings of your computer.

12 System Variables (Attach To)

Path: Source> Attach to

System variables are special tags containing information about the HMI runtime.



Note: System Variables are available also as a standard protocol in the Protocol Editor. Use System Variables as a protocol when you have to transfer data between system variables and tags from devices, or to select custom refresh rate for a system variable.

field1.value			×
Source: 🔘 Tag 🔘 Alias 🙆 System 🔘	Widget 🔘 Recipe		
P- Search			
 Alarms Buzzer 			
Communication			
Daylight Saving Time			
Device			
Dump Information			
> FTP			
▶ Keypad			
Network			
B PLC			
Printing			
Remote Client			
Screen			
D SD Card			
Server			
0 Time			
USB Drive			
D User Management			
Version			
Read Only	Array index 🛛		*
Je Scaling			
Bit/Byte Indexing			
Color Palette			
		OK Cancel	Apply

Alarms variables	
Buzzer variables	
Communication variables	
Daylight Saving Time variables	
Device variables	
Dump information variables	
FTP client variables	
Keypad variables	
Language variables	
Network variables	

Printing variables	141
Remote Client variables	142
Version variables	142
Screen variables	143
SD card variables	
Server variables	143
Time variables	144
Touch screen variables	144
USB drive variables	145
User management variables	146

Alarms variables

Number of alarms of the requested type.

Variable	Description	Data type
Alarm not acknowledged	True when alarms unacknowledged is pending	boolean
	(Not Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0) OR (Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0)	read only
Alarm triggered	True when at least one alarm is triggered	boolean
	(Triggered Acknowledged<>0) OR (Triggered <>0) OR (Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0)	read only
Number of missed alarm events	Alarms exceeding the event queue. Queue length is defined in the <i>engineconfig.xml</i> file.	int
		read only
Number of not triggered acknowledged	Alarm condition no longer active; alarms already acknowledged	int
		read only
Number of not triggered not acknowledged	Alarma condition no longer active; awaiting acknowledgment	int
		read only
Number of triggered acknowledged	Alarm condition active; alarms already acknowledged	int
		read only
Number of triggered alarms	Alarm active: aknowledgement not required	int
		read only
Number of triggered not acknowledged	Alarm condition active; awaiting acknowledgment	int
		read only



Note: For compatibility reasons, the older names are still valid but they usage is deprecated.

Buzzer variables

Adjust buzzer behavior.

Variable	Description	Data type
Buzzer Setup	 0 = disabled 1 = enabled (buzzer sounds as audible on any touchscreen event) 2 = buzzer status controlled by Buzzer Control system variable or by Buzzer on Touch property inside the "Project properties" on page 73 	int
	Buzzer on touchscreen (Setup=1) is not available on Linux platforms. See "Buzzer on Touch" property in alternative.	
Buzzer Control	0 = buzzer off 1 = buzzer on 2 = buzzer blink	int
Buzzer Off Time	Duration in milliseconds of off time when blink has been selected. Default = 1000. Range: 100– 5000.	int
Buzzer On Time	Duration in milliseconds of on time when blink has been selected. Default = 1000. Range: 100– 5000.	int

Communication variables

Communication status between HMI device and controllers.

Variable	Description	Data type
Protocol Communication Status	 Summarize the status of the communication protocols. 0 = No protocol running, protocol drivers might not have been properly downloaded to the HMI device. 1 = Protocols loaded and started, no communication error. 2 = At least one communication protocol is reporting an error. 	int Read only
Protocol Error Message	Communication error with error source. For example: "[xxxx]" where "xxxx" is the protocol abbreviation, the error source. Multiple acronyms appear in case of multiple error sources. Blank when no errors are reported.	ASCII string Read only
Protocol Error Count	Number of communication errors occurred since last reset. Reset value with Reset Protocol Error Count action, see "System actions" on page 204.	int Read only

Daylight Saving Time variables

Information on the system clock. The variables contain information on the "local" time. Standard Time (solar time) and Day Light Saving time (DST) are available.



Note: All variables are read only; you cannot use them to update the system clock.

Variable	Description
Standard Offset	Offset in minutes when standard time is set, with respect to GMT (for example: -8x60 = -480 minutes).
Standard Week	Week in which the standard time starts (for example: First = 1).
Standard Month	Month in which the standard time starts. Range: 0–11. (for example: November = 10).
Standard Day	Day of week in which the standard time starts (for example: Sunday = 0).
Standard Hour	Hour in which the standard time starts (for example: $02 = 2$).
Standard Minute	Minute in which the standard time starts (for example: $00 = 0$).
DST Offset	Offset in minutes when DLS time is set, with respect to GMT
DST Week	Week in which the DLS time starts
DST Month	Month in which the DLS time starts. Range: 0–11.
DST Day	Day of week in which the DLS time starts
DST Hour	Hour in which the DLS time starts
DST Minute	Minute in which the DLS time starts

Device variables

Device settings and operating status information.

Variable	Description	Data type
Available System Memory	Free available RAM memory in bytes.	uint64 read only
Backlight Time	Activation time in hours of the display backlight since production of the device.	unsignedInt read only
Display Brightness	Returns and adjusts brightness level. Even when set to 0, the backlight is still on and the Backlight Time counter increases. Range: 0–255	int
External Timeout	Non-operational time after which the display backlight is automatically turned off. The backlight is automatically turned on when the user touches the screen.	int

Variable	Description		Data type
	-1 =	Switch off backlight and disable touch (switch display off). Backlight Time counter is stopped.	
		requires BSP v1.0.324 or higher.	
	-2 =	Switch off backlight but not disable touch. If touch is pressed, event is not passed to applications but screen saver exit and backlight return on.	
		Requires BSP v1.0.324 or higher.	
	0 =	Switch backlight on (switch display on)	
	1n =	Timeout, in seconds, for switch off backlight (screen saver timer)	
	Th etc	e timeout value is rounded to multiples of one minute (60, 120, 180, c,).	
	Find the platf	orm of your device at "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585	
Flash Free Space	Free space le	eft in internal Flash memory.	uint64 read only
Manufacturer Code	Internal code that identify the HMI type		unsignedInt read only
System Font List	List of system fonts		string read only
System Mode	Runtime ope	ration status.	int
	1 = booting		
	2 = configura	tion mode	
	3 = operating	mode	
	4 = restart		
	5 = shutdown	1	
System UpTime	Time the syst	tem has been powered since production of the unit (hours).	unsignedInt
ohume			read only

Dump information variables

Status of the copy process to external drives (USB or SD Card) for trend and event buffers.

Variable	Description	Data type
Dump Error Message	Return error message if any error occurs during the dump operation	string read only
Dump Archive Status	 0 = initial default state 1 = operation triggered 2 = operation complete successfully 3 = operation completed with errors 	int read only
Dump Recipe Status	 0 = initial default state 1 = operation triggered 2 = operation complete successfully 3 = operation completed with errors 	int read only
Dump Trend Status	 0 = initial default state 1 = operation triggered 2 = operation complete successfully 3 = operation completed with errors 	int read only
Reset Recipe Status	 0 = initial default state 1 = operation triggered 2 = operation complete successfully 3 = operation completed with errors 	int read only
Restore Recipe Status	 0 = initial default state 1 = operation triggered 2 = operation complete successfully 3 = operation completed with errors 	int read only

FTP client variables

The FTP client variables are updated when the FTP actions are used.

Variable	Description	Data type
FTP Current Command	Last FTP command	string
		read only
FTP Error Message	Last FTP error message	string
		read only
FTP Progress	Download/upload progress (0/100%)	short
		read only
FTP Status	Status of last FTP command:	short
	• 0 = idle	read only
	• 1 = active	
	• 2 = done	
	• 3 = error	

Keypad variables

Keypad status.

Variable	Description	Data type
ls keypad open	0 = no keypad open	int
	1 = keypad open	read only

Language variables

Keypad status.

Variable	Description	Data type
Current Language Code	Information on the active language	string
		read only
Current Language Id	Information on the active language	int
		read only
Current Language Name	Information on the active language	string
		read only

Network variables

Device network parameters.

Variable	Description	Data type
Adapters Parameters	This is a JSON string that can be use to read or update the network adapters parameters	string
Gateway	Gateway address of the main Ethernet interface of device	string read only
IP Address	IP address of the main Ethernet interface of device	string read only
Mac ID	MAC ID of the main Ethernet interface of device	string read only

Variable	Description	Data type
Status	 Contains the result of the last operation required by writing inside the Adapter Parameters. It is updated after each write operation. Empty string is meaning no errors Last error descriptions 	string read only
Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask of the main Ethernet interface of device	string read only

Printing variables

Information on printing functions.

Variable	Description	Data type
Completion	Percentage of completion of current print job.	read only
percentage	Range: 0–100	
Current disk usage	Folder size in bytes where PDF reports are stored.	read only
	If <i>Flash</i> has been selected as <i>Spool media type</i> , this value corresponds to <i>reportspool</i> .	
Current job	Name of the report the job is processing. Current job is the following:	read only
	• [report name] for a Graphic Report	
	[first line of text] for a Text Report	
Current RAM usage	Size in bytes of the RAM used to process the current job	read only
Disk quota	Maximum size in bytes of the folder where PDF reports are stored	read only
Graphic job queue size	Number of available graphic jobs in the printing queue	read only
Last error message	Description of the last returned error	string
		read only
RAM quota	Maximum size in bytes of the RAM used to generate reports	read only
Status	Printing system status.	string
	Values:	read only
	• idle	
	• error	
	• paused	

Variable	Description	Data type
	printing	
Text job queue size	Number of available text jobs in the printing queue	read only

Remote Client variables

On remote clients, the below system variable can be used to know if the server (HMI device) is reachable.

Variable	Description	Data type
Connection status	 0 = client can not reach the server client. The connection with server is lost. 1 = client can reach the server. The connection with server is active. This is only a client side variable. On HMI Runtime it will be always 0. 	int (32 bit) read only

The following system variables are associated to the transferring files to a remote HMI device.

Variable	Description	Data type
Download from HMI error message	Error description	ASCII string
		read only
Download from HMI percentage	Download progress (0→100)	read only
Download from HMI status	0 = idle, action is not in use or completed	int (32 bit)
	1= file download in progress	read only
	2 = error	
Upload to HMI error message	Error description	ASCII string
		read only
Upload to HMI percentage	Upload progress (0 \rightarrow 100)	read only
Upload to HMI status	0 = idle, action is not in use or completed	int (32 bit)
	1= file upload in progress	read only
	2 = error	

Version variables

Operating System and runtime version.

Variable	Description	Data type
Main OS Version	Version of Main OS.	string
Runtime Version	Version of runtime.	string

Screen variables

Screen status.

Variable	Description
Time remaining to unlock	Time remaining to unlock screen (see LockScreen action, "Page actions" on page 192)
X Screen resolution	Display horizontal screen size in pixel
Y Screen resolution	Display vertical screen size in pixel

SD card variables

Information on the external SD card.

Variable	Description	Data type
SD Card FreeSpace	Available space on card in bytes	uint64
		read only
SD Card Name	Name of SD card	string
		read only
SD Card Size	Size in bytes of the card plugged in the slot	uint64
		read only
SD Card Status	0 = SD card unplugged	int
	1 = SD card plugged	

Server variables

Server status.

Important: All variables refer to server, not to HMWIN Client.

Variable	Description	Data type
Current page	Name of current page	string
Current project	Name of current project	string
Operating mode time	Seconds elapsed since device started operating mode as in System Date format (milliseconds).	uint64
Project load time	Date when the project was loaded on the HMI Runtime as in System Date format (milliseconds).	uint64

Time variables

System time expressed in UTC format.

Variable	Description	Data type
Day Of Month	Range: 1–31	int
Day Of Week	Range: 0 = Sunday, , 6 = Saturday	int
Hour	Range: 0–23	int
Minute	Range: 0–59	int
Month	Range: 1–12	int
Second	Range: 0–59	int
System Time	The same as UTC time. It can also be set as date/time for this variable.	unsignedInt
Year	Current Year	int

Touch screen variables

Cursor status and position on the touchscreen. These are properties of the active page and can be selected in the **Widget** section.

numeric1.value				
Source: 🔿 Tag 🔿 Alias 🔿 System 🖲 Widget 🔿 Recipe				
P- Search				
Name				
AlarmsMgr				
▷ _EventMgr				
MultiLangMgr				
ScheduleMgr				
D numeric1				
▲ Page1				
Background				
Touch.Page Touch X				
Touch.Page Touch Y				
Touch.Screen Touch X				
 Touch.Screen Touch Y 				
Touch.Touch Pressed				
Touch.Touch Status				



Note: Page size can be different than HMI device display size.

Variable	Description	Java Script
Page	Cursor position related to page	page.primaryTouch.x
Touch X		page.primaryTouch.y
Page Touch Y		
Screen	Cursor position related touchscreen	page.primaryTouch.screenX
Touch X		page.primaryTouch.screenY
Screen Touch Y		
Touch	0 = screen not pressed	page.primaryTouch.pressed
Press	1 = screen pressed	
Touch Status	Generic touch screen changes. This variable contains the concatenation of Screen Touch X , Screen Touch Y and Touch Press values (for example, "924,129,0").	page.primaryTouchStatus
	The main usage of this variable is to trigger an event, using the OnDataUpdate feature, when something (x, y or click) is changed.	

USB drive variables

Information on the external USB drive connected to the device.

Variable	Description	Data type
USB Drive free space	Available space in bytes	uint64
		read only
USB Drive Name	Name of USB device	string
		read only
USB Drive Size	Size in bytes of the device plugged in the USB port	uint64
		read only
USB Drive Status	0 = USB Drive unplugged	int
	1 = USB Drive plugged	read only

User management variables

Information on users and groups.

Variable	Description	Data type
This Client User- Name	Name of the user logged to the client where the system variable is displayed.	string read only
This Client Group- Name	Group of currently logged user	string read only
This Client ID	Only for HMWIN Clients. Local and remote clients connected to the same server (for example, runtime) get a unique ID.	short read only
No Of Remote- Clients Alive	Number of HMWIN Clients connected to the server	short read only

JavaScript

From JavaScript, the variables can be accessed as properties of the _SysPropMgr object.

Example:

```
var sysVar = project.getWidget( "_SysPropMgr" );
var UserName = sysVar.getProperty("This Client User-Name");
var UserGroup = sysVar.getProperty("This Client Group-Name");
var clientId = sysVar.getProperty("This Client ID");
var numClients = sysVar.getProperty("No Of Remote-Clients Alive");
```

13 System Variables (Protocol)

System Variables communication driver allows to create Tags that point to system information.



System Variables communication driver is not counted as physical protocol. Refer to **Table of functions and limits** from main manual in "Number of physical protocols" line.

Client System Variables	148
Protocol Editor Settings	148
Tag Import	148
Default variables	150
Retentive Memory variables	165
Services variables	170
PLCM09 variables	173
HMs7xx variables	176
FP-I4C variables	179

Client System Variables

The "Client System Variables" protocol can be configured like the System Variables protocol, but there is an additional flag to indicate whether variables can only be written by the remote client. This means that each client can write their own values.

Tags defined using the Client System variables protocol will assume the value they have on the client instead of the value on the server. For example, "Page name", "IP Address", "Display Brightness", etc. will show different values on the server and on the remote clients.

When the "Remote Only" flag is set:

- Writing a tag of a "Client System Variables" protocol only affects the client running it.
- The JavaScript procedures associated with alarms and schedulers are performed on the clients and therefore any writes have an effect on the client variables (e.g. to turn the buzzer on or off from alarms).

For the descriptions of the variables refer to the documentation relating to the "System Variables (Protocol)" on the previous page



System Variables communication driver is not counted as physical protocol. Refer to **Table of functions and limits** from main manual in "Number of physical protocols" line.

Protocol Editor Settings

Adding a protocol

To configure the protocol:

- 1. In Config node double-click Protocols.
- 2. To add a driver, click +: a new line is added.
- 3. Select the protocol from the PLC list.

The protocol configuration dialog is displayed.

From PLC Model list select the specific System Variables type.

Protocols x		
+ - ^ ~ 🔊		
PLC	Configuration	
System Variables:prot1	CfgVer=1 model=Default	

Tag Import

Select the driver in Tag Editor and click on the Import Tags button to start the importer.

	Tags	×								
+	_	X	đ	ß	>]	₽	A 9B	B>	ŧ.	1
Data	1		^		-	Та	g URI			

The system will require a generic XML file exported from Tag Editor by appropriate button.

Tags	×								
+ -	3	0	D	>]	Þ	A 9B	<u>B</u>)	齖	0
Data		~			Та	g URI			

Once the importer has been selected, locate the symbol file and click **Open**.

The tags available within the Dictionary but not imported into the project are gray and are visible only when the "Show all tags" check box is selected.

Tags × Protocols	[> € B ⊡3 ∰	R P- Search Trilter by: D	ata 🔻 Ite	ems i	used:6/10000 Protocol: Show a	I 🕑 Show all tags 🔅 🗍
Data	Туре	Comment	^	Pr	operty	Value
Modbus TCP:prot1	Container			~	Driver	
Model: Modicon Modbus(1-base	a)				Model	Modicon Modbus(1-based)
- Holding Registers 1	unsignedShort				Protocol	Modbus TCP:prot1
- Holding Registers 2	unsignedShort			- II-	Dictionary	
- Holding Registers 3	unsignedShort			IF-		false
- MRTU1	unsignedShort				Array	
- MRTU2	unsignedShort				Array size	0
MRTU3	unsignedShort				Arrayindex.Subindex	400003
- MRTU4	unsignedShort				Comment	
- MRTU5	unsignedShort				Data type	unsignedShort

Toolbar item	Description
Ka	Import Tag(s).
	Select tags to be imported and click on this icon to add tags from tag dictionary to the project
Ră	Update Tag(s).
	Click on this icon to update the tags in the project, due a new dictionary import.
R	Check this box to import all sub-elements of a tag.
	Example of both checked and unchecked result:

Toolbar item	Description
	Image: x Image: x + - 2 0 5 0
P- Search	Searches tags in the dictionary basing on filter con box item selected.

Default variables

System Variables - Default protocol allows to create Tags that point to HMI system variables regarding:

- Alarms
- Buzzer
- Communication
- Database
- Daylight Saving Time
- Device
- Dump information
- Network
- <u>Screen</u>
- SD Card
- <u>Server</u>
- <u>Time</u>
- USB Drive
- Version
- Virtual Com Switch

Protocol Editor Settings

From PLC Model list of Protocol Editor dialog, select Default.

Protocols x	
+ - ^ ~ 5	
PLC	Configuration
System Variables:prot1	CfgVer=1 model=Default

Tag Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Tags

- 1. To add a tag, click +: a new line is added.
- 2. Select System Variables from the Driver list: tag definition dialog is displayed.

System Variables					_
Memory Type		Offset	SubIndex		
System Time	•	0	* *		
Data Type	A	rraysize	Conversion		
uint64	-	0		+/-	

Element	Description		
Memory	Represents the system va	ariable to which the Tag refers to.	
Туре	The below section shows	the full list of possible system variables, grouped l	by category.
	Alarms Variables		
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type
	Alarm not	True when alarms unacknowledged is pending	boolean
	acknowledged	(Not Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0) OR (Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0)	read only
	Alarm triggered	True when at least one alarm is triggered	boolean
		(Triggered Acknowledged<>0) OR (Triggered <>0) OR (Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0)	read only
	Number of missed	Alarms exceeding the event queue. Queue	int
	alarm events	length is defined in the engineconfig.xml file.	read only
	Number of not triggered	Alarm condition no longer active; alarms already acknowledged	int
	acknowledged		read only
	Number of not	Alarm condition no longer active; awaiting	int
	triggered not acknowledged	acknowledgment	read only
	Number of triggered	Alarm condition active; alarms already	int
	acknowledged	acknowledged	read only
	Number of triggered alarms	Alarm active: acknowledgment not required	int
			read only
	Number of triggered not acknowledged	Alarm condition active; awaiting acknowledgment	int
	not acknowledged		read only

Element	Description		
	Buzzer Variables		
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type
	Buzzer Setup	0 = disabled	int
		1 = enabled (buzzer sounds as audible on any touchscreen event)	
		2 = buzzer status controlled by Buzzer Control system variable or by Buzzer on Touch property inside the "Project properties" of main manual	
		Buzzer on touchscreen (Setup=1) is not available on Linux platforms. See "Buzzer on Touch" property in alternative.	
	Buzzer Control	0 = buzzer off	int
		1 = buzzer on	
		2 = buzzer blink	
	Buzzer Off Time	Duration in milliseconds of off time when blink has been selected. Default = 1000. Range: 100–5000	int
	Buzzer On Time	Duration in milliseconds of on time when blink has been selected. Default = 1000. Range: 100–5000	int
		·	

Description		
Communication Varia	ables	
Variable Name	Description	Data Type
Protocol Communication	Summarize the status of the communication protocols.	int read only
Status	0 = No protocol running, protocol drivers might not have been properly downloaded to the HMI device	
	1 = Protocols loaded and started, no communication error	
	2 = At least one communication protocol is reporting an error	
Protocol Error	Communication error with error source.	string
Message	For example: "[xxxx]" where "xxxx" is the protocol abbreviation, the error source.	read only
	Multiple acronyms appear in case of multiple error sources. Blank when no errors are reported.	
Protocol Error Count	Number of communication errors occurred since last reset. Reset value with Reset Protocol Error Count action, see "System actions" of main manual	int read only
Database Variables		
Database Variables Variable Name	Description	Data Type
Variable Name Database link error	Description Last detected error description	Data Type
Variable Name		
Variable Name Database link error		string
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description	string read only
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description 0 = Undefined (not yet initialized)	string read only int
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description 0 = Undefined (not yet initialized) 1 = OnLine (ready)	string read only int
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description 0 = Undefined (not yet initialized) 1 = OnLine (ready) 2 = OffLine (not available)	string read only int
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description 0 = Undefined (not yet initialized) 1 = OnLine (ready) 2 = OffLine (not available) 3 = Transfer in progress	string read only int

Element	Description				
	Each database variable is an array where index select the database link connection (Range 1-10) Variables are updated only when any database connector action is executed				
	Daylight Saving Time	/ariables			
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type		
	Standard Offset	Offset in minutes when standard time is set, with respect to GMT (for example: -8x60 = -480 minutes)	int read only		
	Standard Week	Week in which the standard time starts (for example: First = 1)	int read only		
	Standard Month	Month in which the standard time starts. Range: 0–11. (for example: November = 10)	int read only		
	Standard Day	Day of week in which the standard time starts (for example: Sunday = 0)	int read only		
	Standard Hour	Hour in which the standard time starts (for example: 02 = 2)	int read only		
	Standard Minute	Minute in which the standard time starts (for example: 00 = 0)	int read only		
	DST Offset	Offset in minutes when DLS time is set, with respect to GMT	int read only		
	DST Week	Week in which the DLS time starts	int read only		
	DST Month	Month in which the DLS time starts. Range: 0– 11	int read only		
	DST Day	Day of week in which the DLS time starts	int read only		
	DST Hour	Hour in which the DLS time starts	int read only		
	DST Minute	Minute in which the DLS time starts	int read only		

Element	Description		
	All variables ar	e read only: they cannot be used to update the s	ystem clock.
	Device Variables		
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type
	Available System Memory	Free available RAM memory in bytes	uint64 read only
	Backlight Time	Activation time in hours of the display backlight since production of the device	unsignedInt read only
	Battery LED	Enables/disables the low battery LED indicator (when available)	int
		0 = disabled	
		1 = enabled	
		Not available on Linux platforms (find the platform of your device at "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585)	
	Display Brightness	Returns and adjusts brightness level.	int
		When set to a low light level (03), the backlight stays lit to a higher level for 8 seconds to allow the user to make the adjustments and then is switched-off.	
		Even when set to 0, the backlight is still on and the Backlight Time counter increases. Range: 0–255	
	External Timeout	Non-operational time after which the display backlight is automatically turned off. The backlight is automatically turned on when the user touches the screen	int
		-1 = Switch off backlight and disable touch (switch display off). Backlight Time counter is stopped.	

Description	Description				
Device Variab	Device Variables				
Variable Nam	Description	Data Type			
	requires BSP v1.0.324 or high	ner.			
	-2 = Switch off backlight but no disable touch. If touch is pressed, event is not pass to applications but screen saver exit and backlight return on.	ed			
	Requires BSP v1.0.324 or high	ier.			
	0 = Switch backlight on (switch display on)	h			
	1n = Timeout, in seconds, for switch off backlight (scree saver timer)	n			
	The timeout value is rounded t multiples of one minute (60, 12 180, etc,).				
	Find the platform of your device at "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585				
Flash Free Sp	ce Free space left in internal Flash memory	uint64 read only			
Manufacturer	Code number that identifies the HMI	short			
		read only			
Server RAM L	Current RAM memory used from HMI, expressed in byte	uint64			
		read only			
System Font	st List of system fonts	string			
		read only			
System Mode	Runtime operation status	int			
	1 = booting				

Description			
Device Variables			
Variable Name	Description	Data Type	
	2 = configuration mode		
	3 = operating mode		
	4 = restart		
	5 = shutdown		
System UpTime	production of the unit (hours)	unsignedInt read only	
Dump information Varia	ables		
Variable Name	Description	Data Type	
Dump Error Message	Return error message if any error occurs during	string	
	the dump operation	read only	
Dump Archive Status	0 = initial default state1 = operation triggered	int	
	 a = operation triggered a = operation complete successfully a = operation completed with errors 	read only	
Dump Recipe Status	0 = initial default state	int	
	1 = operation triggered2 = operation complete successfully	read only	
	3 = operation completed with errors		
Dump Trend Status	0 = initial default state1 = operation triggered	int	
	 a = operation triggered a = operation complete successfully a = operation completed with errors 	read only	
Reset Recipe Status	0 = initial default state	int	
	 1 = operation triggered 2 = operation complete successfully 3 = operation completed with errors 	read only	
Restore Recipe	0 = initial default state	int	
Status	 1 = operation triggered 2 = operation complete successfully 3 = operation completed with errors 	read only	

Element	Description				
	Network Variables				
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type		
	Gateway	Gateway address of the main Ethernet interface of HMI	string read only		
	IP Address	IP address of the main Ethernet interface of HMI	string read only		
	Mac ID	MAC ID of the main Ethernet interface of HMI	string read only		
	Network Adapter Parameters	JSON string that can be use to read or update the network adapters parameters	string		
	Network Status	Contains the result of the last operation required by writing inside the Adapter Parameters. It is updated after each write operation. • Empty string is meaning no errors • Last error descriptions	string read only		
	Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask of the main Ethernet interface of HMI	string read only		
	Screen Variables				
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type		
	X Screen resolution	Display horizontal screen size in pixel	int read only		
	Y Screen resolution	Display vertical screen size in pixel	int read only		

Element	Description SD Card Variables			
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type	
	SD Card FreeSpace	Available space on card in bytes	uint64	
	_		read only	
	SD Card Name	Name of SD card	string	
			read only	
	SD Card Size	Size in bytes of the card plugged in the slot	uint64	
			read only	
	SD Card Status	0 = SD card unplugged	int	
		1 = SD card plugged	read only	
	Server Variables			
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type	
	Page name	Name of current page	string	
			read only	
	Project Name	Name of current project	string	
			read only	
	Project load time	Date when the project was loaded on the HMI	uint64	
		Runtime as in System Date format (milliseconds)	read only	
	Last operating mode	Seconds elapsed since device started	uint64	
	start time	operating mode	read only	
	All variables re	fer to server, not to HMWIN Client.		

Element

Description		
Time Variables		
Variable Name	Description	Data Type
Day Of Month	Range: 1–31	int
Day Of Week	Range: 0 = Sunday, , 6 = Saturday	int
Hour	Range: 0–23	int
Minute	Range: 0–59	int
Month	Range: 1–12	int
Second	Range: 0–59	int
System Time	The same as UTC time. It can also be set as date/time for this variable	unsignedInt
Year	Current Year	int



System time expressed in UTC format

USB Drive Variables		
Variable Name	Description	Data Type
USB Drive FreeSpace	Available space in bytes	uint64
		read only
USB Drive Name	Name of USB device	string
		read only
USB Drive Size	Size in bytes of the device plugged in the USB	uint64
	port	read only
USB Drive Status	0 = USB Drive unplugged	int
	1 = USB Drive plugged	read only

	Version VariablesVariable NameMain OS versionRuntime versionProject nameProject versionProject GUID	Description Version of Main OS Version of Runtime Project name Project version	Data Typestringread onlystringread onlystringread onlystringread onlystringread onlystringread only			
	Main OS version Runtime version Project name Project version	Version of Main OS Version of Runtime Project name	string read only string read only string read only			
	Runtime version Project name Project version	Version of Runtime Project name	read only string read only string read only			
	Project name Project version	Project name	string read only string read only			
	Project name Project version	Project name	read only string read only			
	Project version		string read only			
	Project version		read only			
		Project version				
		Project version	string			
	Project GUID					
	Project GUID					
		Project GUID (unique identifier)	string			
I			read only			
			ľ			
	Virtual Com Switch Variables					
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type			
	VCS status	Provides status of VCS service.	unsignedByte			
		0 = Service enabled	read only			
		1 = Client connected in interleaved mode				
		2 = Client connected in exclusive mode				
		3 = Service disabled (default)				
	VCS disable	Provides manual override of VCS service.	boolean			
		0 = VCS service enabled				
		1 = VCS service disabled (default)				
	VCS port	Provides current listening TCP port on HMI by VCS service	unsignedShort			
ata Type	Each system variable has	s a specific data type, described in above table	es.			

Element	Description					
	Data Type		Memory Space		Limits	
	short		16-bit data		-32768 32767	
	int		32-bit data		-2.1e9 2.1e9	
	unsignedBy	rte	8-bit data		0 255	
	unsignedSh	ort	16-bit data		0 65535	
	unsignedInt		32-bit data		0 4.2e9	
	uint64		64-bit data		0 1.8e19	
	string		Array of elements cor selected encoding	ntaining c	haracter code defined	by
Arraysize	In case of strir the string Tag		s property represents the	e maximu	ım number of bytes av	ailable in
	to UTF-8 or La	atin1 in Tag operty is s	orresponds to number of g Editor. et to UCS-2BE, UCS-2L	-		-
Conversion	Conversion to	be applied	d to the tag.			
	Conversion					
	inv,swap2		Allowed		nfigured	
			BCD AB->BA ABCD->CDAB ABCDEFGH->GHEFCDAB Inv bits		bits CD->CDAB	
				Can	Icel OK	
	Depending or	data type	selected, the list Allowe	d shows	one or more conversion	on types.
	Value	Descri	otion			
	Value Inv bits		ption ert all the bits of the tag.			
		inv : Inv <i>Exampl</i> 1001 →	ert all the bits of the tag.			

Element	De

Value	Description
	<i>Example:</i> 25.36 → -25.36
AB -> BA	swapnibbles: Swap nibbles in a byte.
	<i>Example:</i> 15D4 \rightarrow 514D (in hexadecimal format) 5588 \rightarrow 20813 (in decimal format)
ABCD ->	swap2: Swap bytes in a word.
CDAB	Example: 9ACC \rightarrow CC9A (in hexadecimal format) 39628 \rightarrow 52378 (in decimal format)
ABCDEFGH	swap4: Swap bytes in a double word.
-> GHEFCDAB	Example: $32FCFF54 \rightarrow 54FFFC32$ (in hexadecimal format) $855441236 \rightarrow 1426062386$ (in decimal format)
ABCNOP -	swap8: Swap bytes in a long word.
> OPMDAB	Example: 142.366 → -893553517.588905 (in decimal format) 0 10000000110 0001110010111011001000101101000011100101
	\rightarrow 1 10000011100 101010000101000101101101100101101
BCD	bcd : Separate byte in two nibbles, read them as decimal (from 0 to 9)
	Example: $23 \rightarrow 17$ (in decimal format) $0001\ 0111 = 23$ 0001 = 1 (first nibble) 0111 = 7 (second nibble)

Select conversion and click +. The selected item will be added to list $\ensuremath{\textbf{Configured}}.$

If more conversions are configured, they will be applied in order (from top to bottom of list **Configured**).

Use the arrow buttons to order the configured conversions.

Retentive Memory variables

System Variables - Retentive Memory protocol allows to create Tags that point to a memory area whose content is maintained when HMI is powered off.

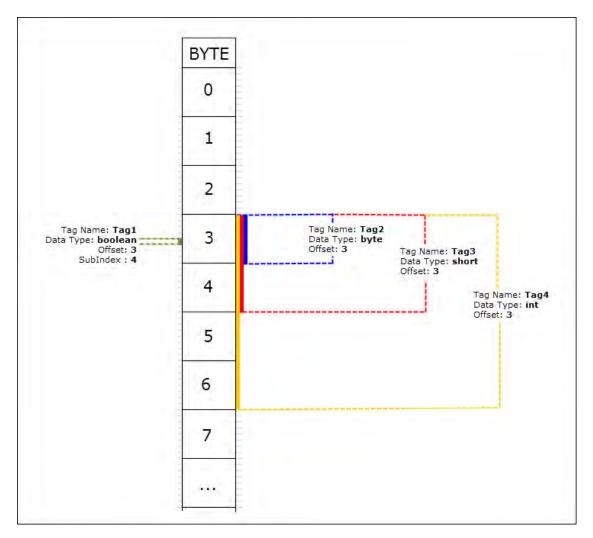
The physical support for retentive memory is based on FRAM technology.



Important: Not all HMI devices include FRAM memory. If FRAM memory is not available, persistency is supported using user memory storage (Flash or hard disk drive). Flash technology has a limitation in the maximum number of write operations. The use of Flash as storage media for retentive memory with frequent write operations may damage the memory components. Check the HMI device datasheet for the availability of FRAM memory.



Important: Retentive memory is 16 KB flat memory area organized in bytes and accessible through an offset. Refer to schema below.





Retentive memory vs. recipes storage

Recipe data is saved in flash memory while retentive data is saved in a FRAM. Flash memory is not suitable for a high number of write operations, while FRAM supports a virtually unlimited number of write operations and should be preferred when frequent write operations are required.

Protocol Editor Settings

From PLC Model list of Protocol Editor dialog, select Retentive Memory.

	Protocols ×				
+	- ^ V 5				
	PLC	Configuration			
F	System Variables:prot1	CfgVer=1 model=RETENTIVE_MEM			

Tag Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Tags

- 1. To add a tag, click +: a new line is added.
- 2. Select System Variables from the Driver list: tag definition dialog is displayed.

System Variables				-
Memory Type	Offset	SubIndex		
Retentive Memory	→ 0	* 0 -		
Data Type	Arraysize	Conversion		
unsignedByte 👻	0		+/-	

Element	Description				
Memory Type	Fixed to Retentive Memory				
Offset	Offset address where tag is located. Range: 0-16383				
SubIndex	This parameter allows resource offset selection based on selected Data Type				
Data Type Data Type		Memory Space	Limits		
	boolean	1-bit data	01		
byte		8-bit data	-128 127		
	short	16-bit data	-32768 32767		

Element	Description			
	Data Type	Memory Space	Limits	
	int	32-bit data	-2.1e9 2.1e9	
	int64	64-bit data	-9.2e18 9.2e18	
	unsignedByte	8-bit data	0 255	
	unsignedShort	16-bit data	0 65535	
	unsignedInt	32-bit data	04.2e9	
	uint64	64-bit data	0 1.8e19	
	float	IEEE single-precision 32-bit floating point type	1.17e-38 3.4e38	
	double	IEEE double-precision 64-bit floating point type	2.2e-308 1.79e308	
	string	Array of elements containing character encoding	r code defined by selected	
	binary	Arbitrary binary data		
Arraysize	 *byte[]", "short[]" In case of array tag, this 	ys. select one of Data Type format follow s property represents the number of array is property represents the maximum num	y elements.	
	 Note: number of bytes corresponds to number of string characters if Encoding property is set to UTF- 8 or Latin1 in Tag Editor. If Encoding property is set to UCS-2BE, UCS-2LE, UTF-16BE or UTF-16LE one character requires 2 bytes. 			
Conversion	Conversion to be applied to the	ne tag.		
	Conversion			
	inv,swap2 Allow BCD	ed Configured Inv bits		
	AB->	BA + ABCD->CDAB D->CDAB DEFGH->GHEFCDAB -		

Element	t Description	
	Depending on data t	type selected, the list Allowed shows one or more conversion types.
	Value	Description
	Inv bits	inv : Invert all the bits of the tag.
		Example: $1001 \rightarrow 0110$ (in binary format) $9 \rightarrow 6$ (in decimal format)
	Negate	neg: Set the opposite of tag value.
		<i>Example:</i> 25.36 → -25.36
	AB -> BA	swapnibbles: Swap nibbles in a byte.
		Example: $15D4 \rightarrow 514D$ (in hexadecimal format) $5588 \rightarrow 20813$ (in decimal format)
	ABCD -> CDAB	swap2: Swap bytes in a word.
		<i>Example:</i> 9ACC \rightarrow CC9A (in hexadecimal format) 39628 \rightarrow 52378 (in decimal format)
	ABCDEFGH ->	swap4: Swap bytes in a double word.
	GHEFCDAB	Example: $32FCFF54 \rightarrow 54FFFC32$ (in hexadecimal format) $855441236 \rightarrow 1426062386$ (in decimal format)
	ABCNOP ->	swap8: Swap bytes in a long word.
	OPMDAB	Example: $142.366 \rightarrow -893553517.588905$ (in decimal format) 0.10000000110 0001110010111011001000101101000011100101
		1 10000011100 1010101000010100010110110110
	BCD	bcd : Separate byte in two nibbles, read them as decimal (from 0 to 9)
		Example: $23 \rightarrow 17$ (in decimal format) $0001\ 0111 = 23$ 0001 = 1 (first nibble) 0111 = 7 (second nibble)

Element	Description
	Select conversion and click +. The selected item will be added to list Configured .
	If more conversions are configured, they will be applied in order (from top to bottom of list Configured).
	Use the arrow buttons to order the configured conversions.

Cleaning Retentive Memory

Use the ClearRetentiveMemory action to clear the content of the retentive memory.



Tip: Use this action to set the memory content to a known status at any time.

See Actions > Tag Actions section of main manual for more details.



JavaScript interface for this action is: project.clearRetentiveMemory();

Preserving Retentive Memory at project download

When a project file is downloaded to an HMI, or when the active project is modified, the content of retentive memory is usually deleted.

If is needed to preserve the content of retentive data at project download or update, select the **Keep retentive data on project update** option in the settings tabs of the HMI device.

S	ettings 🛛 🗙
	Settings Password
	Context Menu Delay(s): 2 • •
	Show Busy Cursor:
	Use Keypads:
	Keep retentive data on Project update
	OK Cancel

This setting will be ignored if **Delete runtime dynamic files** option is selected from *Download to Target* window.

ownload to Target	×
Ready to download	
127 . 0 . 0 . 1 V	Download Close
Download only changes Binary format	
Delete runtime dynamic files	
Download Web Project	

Preserving Retentive Memory in Simulator

Simulator of HMWIN Studio supports the retentive memory. To enable retentive memory during project simulation use the option "Keep retentive data on project simulation" in context menu.

Settings		2	2
Settings	Ports		
Context !	Menu Delay(s):	2	4.7
Show Mo	use Pointer:	V	
Show Bus	y Cursor:		
Use Keyp	ads:	V	
Keep rete project si	entive data on mulation		
	OK		ancel

Services variables

Services variables give the possibility to read the status and delivering commands to VNC Server and Cloud Service.

Protocol Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Protocols

- 1. Click + and select System Variables: the System Variables dialog is displayed.
- 2. Select Services from the PLCModels list.

Tag Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Tags

- 1. To add a tag, click +: a new line is added.
- 2. Select System Variables from the Driver list: tag definition dialog is displayed.

System Variables		×
System Variables		_
Memory Type	Offset SubIndex	
Vnc Start		
Vnc Start Vnc Stop Vnc State	Arraysize Conversion	
Vnc Restart boolean	∽ 0 +/-	
	OK Cancel Apply Help	

VNC status variables are supported only on Linux devices (See "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585) - BSP version 1.0.344 or greater is required.

Element	Description	Data type
VNC Start	Write 1 inside this tag to force the VNC server to start.	boolean
	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only
VNC Stop	Write 1 inside this tag to force the VNC server to stop.	boolean
	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only
VNC Restart	Write 1 inside this tag to force the VNC server to restart.	boolean
	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only
VNC State	VNC server state	int
	0 IDLE	Read Only
	10 RUNNING	
	-1 ERROR	

Cloud status variables are supported only from Linux devices with BSP version 1.0.298 or greater. (See "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585)

Element	Descript	Description		
Cloud Start	Write 1 ir	nside this tag to force the cloud connection to start.	boolean	
	0	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only	
Cloud Stop	Write 1 ir	nside this tag to force the cloud connection to stop.	boolean	
	0	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only	
Cloud Restart	Write 1 ir	nside this tag to force the cloud connection to restart.	boolean	
	0	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only	
Cloud State	Cloud co	nnection state	int	
	0	IDLE	Read Only	
	1	STARTING		
	10	RUNNING		
	100	CONNECTING		
	200	CONNECTED		
	-1	ERROR		

1

Write Only Variables cannot be read. Be sure to not use the R/W access mode to avoid the read error icon.

		Properties		_ 4 >			
		97 97 97					
		ButtonsWithLabe					
art	Start	 Value 	0	+			
		DataLink	VNC Start W	-			
R/W	W	Access Type	W				
				Click Type	momentary		
			Style	2D			
							Autorepeat
	Hold Time (ms)	-1					
	L	Label	Start	a +			
		Up Fill Color	[0, 70, 136]	a +			
		Down Fill Color	[0, 176, 199]	a +			
		Events					

PLCM09 variables

PLCM09 device is a Wireless Modem with LED and digital I/O. The behavior of the related System Variables are depend on how the module has been configured inside the System Settings (see "PLCM09 Plug-in Wireless Modem" for additional information)

Protocol Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Protocols

- 1. Click + and select System Variables: the System Variables dialog is displayed.
- 2. Select PLCM09 from the **PLCModels** list.

Tag Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Tags

- 1. To add a tag, click +: a new line is added.
- 2. Select System Variables from the Driver list: tag definition dialog is displayed.

System Variables		×
System Variables		
Memory Type	Offset SubIndex	
Input1 Input1 Input2 Output1 Output2 Led1 Led2 Mobile Start	 ✓ 0 ✓ 0 ✓ Conversion +/- 	
	OK Cancel Apply	Help

Element	Description	Data type
Input1	Value of the Input signals	boolean
Input2		Read only
Output1	Value of the output signals	boolean
Output2	Output variables are read/write only when configured as "User controlled" (see "PLCM09 Plug-in Wireless Modem" for additional information). In the other configurations, where output signals are controlled directly from the PLCM09 module, the system variables are read only.	Read/Write
Led1	Value of the LED status	unsignedByte
Led2	• 0 = Off	Read/Write
	 1 = On 2 = Blink 	

Element	Descript	tion	Data type	
	LED varia (see "PLC the other the PLCM			
Mobile Start	Write 1 in	Write 1 inside this tag to force the mobile connection to start.		
	0	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only	
Mobile Stop	Write 1 ir	nside this tag to force the mobile connection to stop.	boolean	
	0	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only	
Mobile Restart	Write 1 in	nside this tag to force the mobile connection to restart.	boolean	
	6	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only	
Mobile State	Mobile co	onnection state	int	
	0	IDLE	Read Only	
	1	STARTING		
	10	RUNNING		
	100	CONNECTING		
	200	CONNECTED		
	300	STOPPING		
	-1	GENERICERROR		
	-10	SYSTEMERROR		
	-100	MODEMNOTFOUND		
	-101	MODEMBUSY		
	-110	MODEMCOMM		
	-120	MODEMTIMEOUT		
	-130	MODEMERROR		
	-200	SIMMISSING		

Element	Description	Data type
	-300 PINREQUIRED	
	-301 NEWPINREQUIRED	
	-310 PINERROR	
	-320 PUKREQUIRED	
	-330 PUKERROR	
	-400 ROAMINGBLOCKED	
	-500 BADCREDENTIALS	
Mobile Signal	Mobile signal quality (0-100)	byte
	Value of the signal detected when the device is started	Read Only
Mobile Operator	Mobile operator name (e.g. 'Vodafone')	string[8]
		Read Only
Mobile Access Technology	Mobile access technology	int
reennology	-1 N/A	Read Only
	0 GSM (2G)	
	2 UTRAN (2G)	
	3 GSM W/EGPRS (2G)	
	4 UTRAN W/HSDPA (3G)	
	5 UTRAN W/HSUPA (3G)	
	6 UTRAN W/HSDPA and HSUPA (3G)	
Mobile Registration	Mobile registration status	int
Status	-1 N/A	Read Only
	0 Not registered. Wireless Modem is not currently searching a new operator to register.	
	1 Registered on home network.	
	2 Not registered. Wireless Modem is currently searching a new operator to register.	

Element	Description	Data type
	 3 Registration denied. 4 Unknown 5 Registered on roaming 	
Mobile RX/TX	Number or received/transmitted bytes	unsignedInt[2] Read Only
Mobile Start Time (Sec)	When mobile connection was started (in seconds since epoch)	unsignedInt Read Only



Write Only Variables cannot be read. Be sure to not use the R/W access mode to avoid the read error icon.

		Properties		ą x	
		2 8 2			
		ButtonsWithLa			
\Lambda Start	Start	Value	0	+	
		DataLink	Mobile Start W	-	
R/W	W	Access Typ			
		Click Type	momentary		
	Au	Style	2D		
			Autorepeat	Disabled	
		Hold Time (ms)	-1		
		Label	Start	a +	
		Up Fill Color	[0, 70, 136]	a +	
		Down Fill Color	[0, 176, 199]	a +	
		Events			

JavaScript (Mobile Connection State)

The mobile connection state can be retrieved even from the below JavaScript interface where the "protocolSysVar" is the protocol instance code (e.g. "prot1", "prot2", etc.)

```
Mobile_State = tagMgr.invokeProtocolCommand(protoSysVar,"get_mobile_state", ""); //
get modem status
```

HMs7xx variables

HMs7xx devices have internal sensors that are available through the System Variables protocol.

Protocol Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Protocols

- 1. Click + and select System Variables: the System Variables dialog is displayed.
- 2. Select HMs7xx from the PLCModels list.

Tag Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Tags

- 1. To add a tag, click +: a new line is added.
- 2. Select System Variables from the Driver list: tag definition dialog is displayed.

System Variables		×
System Variables		
Memory Type	Offset SubIndex	
Temperature		
Data Type	Arraysize Conversion	
int	✓ 0 +/-	
	OK Cancel Apply	Help

Memory Type	Description	Data type
Temperature	Internal temperature in tenths of a degree °C	int
		Read Only
Humidity	Internal humidity in percentage (0/100%).	int
		Read Only
Pressures	Internal pressures in mBar	int
		Read Only
Working Voltage	Working voltage in mV	int
		Read Only
Current	Instant current consumption in mA	int
Consumption		Read Only
Accelerometer Axes	Measure the acceleration (static + dynamic) on the three x, y and z axes. Unit is ${f g}$, precision is 1/1000 g	float float[8]
	x = float with offset 0 or float [0] y = float with offset 1 or float [1] z = float with offset 2 or float [2]	Read Only
Accelerometer Angle	Angles in degree between axes. These values are calculated internally from the values of the accelerometer axes.	float float[8]
	x^{y} = float with offset 0 or float [0] x^{z} = float with offset 1 or float [1] y^{z} = float with offset 2 or float [2]	Read Only
WIFI_Enable	0=Disabled, 1=Enabled	boolean
		Read Write

Memory Type	Description	Data type
WIFI_Mode	0=Station, 1=Access Point	boolean
		Read Write
WIFI_SSID	Network Name	string[32]
		Read Write
WIFI_Channel	1/11 Channels	integer
	Used when WIFI_Mode=1 (Access Point)	Read Write
WIFI_Security	0=NONE, 1=WPA-PSK	integer
		Read Write
WIFI_Password	Network Password	string[63]
	Used when WIFI_Security is enabled	Write Only
WIFI_Apply	0=IDLE, 1=APPLY, 2=CANCEL	integer
	Values entered inside the WiFi configuration variables (WIFI_Mode, WIFI_ SSID, WIFI_Channel, WIFI_Security, WIFI_Password) will be applied when the variable WIFI_Apply will be set to 1, then the variable will reset to 0 after applying the values. When the WIFI_Apply will be set to 2, the WiFi configuration parameters will be restored with the active values.	Read Write
WIFI_State	0 = Not Connected, 1 = Connecting, 2 = Connected, -1 = Error	integer
		Read Only
WIFI_Signal	0100%	integer
		Read Only
WIFI_WPS	0=Idle, 1=Active (Return 0 after 2 minute)	boolean
	When set to 1, the HMI device start the password exchange procedure. When the procedure end (passwords exchanged successfully or after two minutes), the variable will return to 0.	Read Write
WIFI_List	List of available WiFi networks	string[200]
	Used when WIFI_Mode=0 (Station)	Read Only
WIFI_List_Update	0=Idle, 1=Searching (Return 0 after update)	boolean
	Command to search the available WiFi networks and fill the WIFI_List. Search start when the value is triggered to 1, when done the value will be restored to 0.	Read Write
WIFI_Error_Code	Return an error code if the parameters provided with the WIFI_Apply command are out of range.	integer Read Only
	0 = No Error	Read Only
	-11000 = Bad WIFI_Mode	

Memory Type	Descriptio	'n		Data type	
	-11011 = B	-11011 = Bad WIFI_SSID			
	-11020 = B	ad WIFI_Security			
	-11030 = B	ad WIFI_Password			
	-11040 = B	ad WIFI_Chane			
LED1	Array that o	controls the RGB LED		unsignedInt[8]	
		BSP v1.0.361 or greater is	s required	Read Write	
	_				
	[0]	Status	0=OFF, 1=ON, 2=BLINK		
	[1]	Color (R - RGB Color)	0255		
	[2]	Color (G - RGB Color)	0255		
	[3]	Color (B - RGB Color)	0255		
	[4]	ON Time (mSec)	10 65.535 (65 Sec)		
	[5]	OFF Time (mSec)	10 65.535 (65 Sec)		
	[6]	Spare	N/A		



Notes:

- WIFI system variables require BSP v1.0.414 or greater
- RGB LED system variable require BSP v1.0.361 or greater

FP-I4C variables

The FP-I4C board has 2 digital inputs and 2 user controllable LEDs.

Protocol Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Protocols

- 1. Click + and select System Variables: the System Variables dialog is displayed.
- 2. Select FP-I4C from the PLCModels list.

Tag Editor Settings

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Tags

- 1. To add a tag, click +: a new line is added.
- 2. Select System Variables from the Driver list: tag definition dialog is displayed.

System Variables		×
System Variables		
Memory Type	Offset SubIndex	
Input1		
Input1 Input2 Led1 Led2	Arraysize Conversion	
boolean	✓ 0 +/-	
		_
	OK Cancel Apply Help	

Element	Description	Data type	
Input1	Value of the Input signals	boolean	
Input2		Read only	
Led1	Value of the LED status	unsignedByte	
Led2	• 0 = Off	Read/Write	
	• 1 = On		
	• 2 = Blink		

14 Actions

Actions are functions used to interact with the system and are normally executed when events are triggered.

Events can be triggered by various widgets, for example on press and on release of a button. Not all actions are available for all the events of an object.

Actions are linked to widgets in the **Event** section of the Property pane (Page Editor).

Alarm actions	182
Database actions	183
Event actions	187
MultiLanguage actions	187
Keyboard actions	187
Media Player actions	189
FTP actions	190
Page actions	192
Print actions	197
Recipe actions	199
Remote Client actions	203
ScreenSaver actions	204
System actions	204
Tag actions	216
Trend actions	219
Text Editor actions	
User management actions	222
Widget actions	226

Alarm actions

Mainly used to acknowledge or reset alarms.

SelectAllAlarms

Selects all alarms.

Parameter	Description
Mode	TOGGLE Reverses the select status. Alarms that are not triggered or have no pending acknowledge or reset requests will
	SELECT Selecting all alarms that are triggered or that have acknowledge or reset request pending
	UNSELECT Unselect all alarms

SelectAlarm

Select a specif alarm.

Parameter	Description					
AlarmID	Alarm ID					
Selection Flag	TRUE Select the alarm. Image: Alarms that are not triggered or have no pending acknowledge or reset requests will not selected.					
FALSE Unselect the alarm.						

AckAlarm

Acknowlege a specific alarm or all selected alarms.

Parameter	Description
AlarmID	Specific Alarm ID
	SELECTED All selected alarms

Acknowledges selected alarms.

ResetAlarm

Resets a specific alarm or all selected alarms that are not triggered and acknowledged.

Parameter	Description
AlarmID	Specific Alarm ID
	SELECTED All selected alarms

EnableAlarms

Enable or disable a specific alarm or all selected alarms.

Disabled alarms will not generate alarm events.

Parameter	Description
AlarmID	Specific AlarmID
	SELECTED All selected alarms
	MODIFIED Only alarms with modified enable status
Selection Flag	TRUE Enable the alarm(s).
	FALSE Disable the alarm(s).

Database actions

Using Database actions is possible to exchange data with external SQL databases.

DBInit



Important: This action is used only once on an empty database. It is not an initialization command to be called any time the HMI device starts.

Creates the set of tables required by the project. You do not need to use this action if the database already contains the necessary tables.

Action Properties

-	DBInit			
	Link Name	myRemoteDB		
	Custom SQL query			
	n k Name Itabase link name			

Use Custom SQL query parameter to define the pages to be created. Leave empty to generate default table names



Tip: Add this command inside a SetUp page of your project, used by authorized personal only when installing the application for the first time.

JavaScript Interface

proje	ect.dbInit(db	Li	nkName,	sqlCusto	omQuery);
FILE	5 - ♂ - ∓ HOME CREATE	EXT	ERNAL DATA	DATABASE TOOL	S ADD-INS
View Views	Paste Cut Paste Format Painter Clipboard 5	Fi	ter 2 Remove S	g T Selection ng A dvance Sort T Toggle Fi & Filter	d - Refresh
Table	ос. 🔍 «	E	tags		
Events Recipes			tagname 👻	tagvalue -	Click to Add 👻
			Alarm1	0	
			SystemTime	1412347792	
III ta	gs		Tag01	55	
Tre	ends	-	Tag02	200	
		*			

DBWriteTags, DBReadTags

Transfer the values of the selected tags to/from the remote database.

DBWriteTags		DBReadTags		
Link Name	myRemoteDB	Link Name	myRemoteDB	
Custom SQL query		Custom SQL query		
_				
Tag names	Tag01;Tag02	Tag names	Tag01;Tag02	

JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteTags(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, Tags);

project.dbReadTags(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, Tags);

DBWriteGroups, DBReadGroups

Transfer groups of tags between the HMI device and the database.

A	Action Properties		Ac	Action Properties			
DBWriteGroups		DBReadGroups					
	Link Name myRemoteDB			Link Name	myRemoteDB		
	Custom SQL query			Custom SQL query			
	Group names	Group1		Group names	Group1		
_	ink Name atabase link name			nk Name atabase link name			

JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteGroups(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, Groups);

project.dbReadGroups(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, Groups);

DBWriteTrend

Inserts the values of the last data sampled in the selected range of time inside the Trends table of the remote database.

Action Properties

k Name	I
	myRemoteDB
stom SQL query	
end names	Trend1
ration	10 min
	end names

JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteTrends(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, trendName, durationIndex)

DBWriteEvents

Inserts the values of the last events in the selected range of time inside the Events table of the remote database.

Action Properties		Action Properties	
DBWriteEvents		DBWriteEvents	
Link Name	myRemoteDB	Link Name	myRemoteDB
Custom SQL query		Custom SQL query	
Buffer	AlarmBuffer1	Buffer	AuditTrail
Duration	1 hour	Duration	1 hour
Buffer Select Event buffer		Buffer Select Event buffer	

JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteEvents (dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, archiveName, durationIndex)

DBWriteRecipes, DBReadRecipes

Transfer the recipe data to/from the remote database.

Action Properties DBWriteRecipes		Action Properties		
	myRemoteDB	-	myRemoteDB	
Custom SQL query		Custom SQL qu		
Recipe names	Recipe1	+ Recipe names	Recipe1	+
Recipe names Recipe names seperate	ed by semicolon(;)	Recipe names Recipe names sep	perated by semicolon(;)	

JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteRecipes(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, recipeNames)

project.dbReadRecipes(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, recipeNames)

DBResetErrors

Reset all the three status variables of the selected database link. (See Database variables in "Default variables" on page 150).

Ac	tion Properties		
-	DBResetErr	ors	
	Link Name	myRemoteDB	
	nk Name		*
Da	tabase link n	ame	-

JavaScript Interface

project.dbResetErrors(dbLinkName)

RefreshDBTable

Executes the SQL query of the selected "DB table data source" widget to update its data.

Action Properties

RefreshDBTa	able
Data Source	TableDBSrcWgt
RefreshDBTabl	e
Update the db ta	ble.

Event actions

Used by Alarm History widget to scroll events/alarms backward/forward in table view (event buffer widget).

ScrollEventsBackward

Scrolls events/alarms backward in table view (event buffer widget).

ScrollEventsForward

Scrolls events/alarms forward in table view (event buffer widget).

MultiLanguage actions

Selects the application language.

SetLanguage

Sets the language used. The selected language will be applied at runtime to all applicable widgets.

Keyboard actions

Changes the use of keypads.

SendKey

Sends one character to a numeric widget. The Keypad property of the numeric widget must be set as Macro.

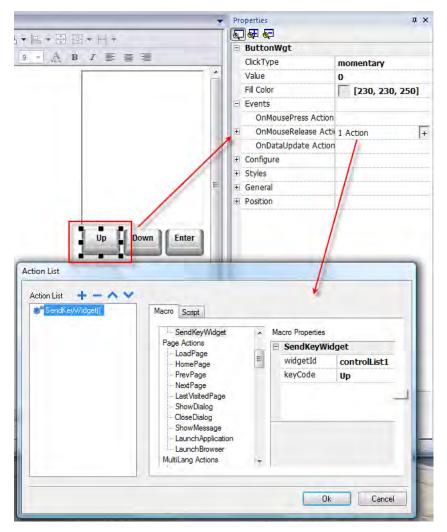
	•	Properties		Ļ	×
▼ 년 ▼ 년 ▼	» c	97 97 97			
		Field : numeric1			
		Value	100	а	+
	\sim	Number Format	Numeric		
		Show Thousand Separator	false	а	+
	_11	Decimal Digits	0	а	+
		Leading Digits	0	а	+
100		Keypad	Macro		
		Min	0	а	+
		Max	4096	а	+
		Description		а	+

SendKeyWidget

Sends one character to a specific widget.

Example

The Up and Down buttons use the SendKeyWidget action in association with the Control List Widget.



₩ [®] SendKeyWidget()	Macro Script	_		
	- SendKey		Macro Properties	
	Page Actions	-	SendKeyW	idget
	LoadPage	ŧ	widgetId	field4
	 HomePage PrevPage NextPage LastVisitedPage ShowDialog 		keyCode	Up
			hurdende	
	CloseDialog ShowMessage LaunchApplication LaunchBrowser		keyCode Select the key	to attach to

ShowKeyPad

Shows the default operating system touch keypad.



Note: might not be supported by all operating systems.

KeyboardMacros

Enables/disables the use of actions when using external keyboards. Action execution can be enabled/disabled both at project and at page level.

The effect is equivalent to the use of the property Keyboard for project and page.

Pr	Properties 📮 🗙		
6] 🖶 😂		
	Page : Page1		
	Id	Page1	
	Width	800	
	Height	480	
	Background	[255, 255 +	
	Template	none	
	Static Optimization	true	
	Static File Type	png	
	JavaScript Debug	false	
	Keyboard	true 👻	
	Precache	true	
+	Events	false	

Media Player actions

Interact with the Media Player widget at runtime.

Action	Description
PlayMedia	Starts playing the video.
StopMedia	Stops the video.
ReloadMedia	Restarts video from the beginning.
PauseMedia	Pauses the video.
BrowseMedia	Selects the video to play.

FTP actions

Used to upload and download files to and from a remote FTP server.

ftpGET

Download files from a remote FTP server

Parameter	Description
FtpConfig	Configuring the FTP parameters
FtpRemoteFileName	File name on the remote FTP server to download (source)
FtpLocalFileName	File name on local HMI device (destination)

ftpPUT

Upload files to a remote FTP server

Parameter	Description
FtpConfig	Configuring the FTP parameters
FtpLocalFileName	File name on local HMI device (source)
FtpRemoteFileName	File name on the remote FTP server to download (Destination)



Filenames can contain wildcards.

When transferred, system variables are updated with the status of ongoing operations (see "FTP client variables" on page 139 for details).

FTP Server Configuration

To configure the FTP parameter, enter the following information for the FtpConfig setting:

Parameter	Description
FTP Address	FTP server IP Address
Server Port	Port for FTP connection (default = 21).
Authentication	Select the FTP authentication to use:
	Normal (Username and password required)Anonymous
User Name	Username of the remote FTP account
Password	Password of the remote FTP account

Click + to add more FTP servers configuration.



Tip: Use tags if you want change the server parameters dynamically from the HMI Runtime.

FTP JavaScript Interface

ftpConfig

ftpCONFIG (IPAddress, Port, Authentication, UserName, Password)

Set the FTP parameters to use on next FTP calls

Parameter	Description	
IPAddress	FTP server IP Address.	
Port	Port for FTP connection (default = 21).	
Authentication	Select the FTP authentication to use:	
	Normal (Username and password required)Anonymous	
UserName	Username of the remote FTP account	
Password	Password of the remote FTP account	

ftpGET

ftpGET (remoteFileName, localFileName, [callback])

Download files from a remote FTP server

Parameter Description	
remoteFileName	File name on the remote FTP server to download (source)
localFileName	File name on local HMI device (destination)
callback	Function that will be call at the end of the FTP transfer

ftpPUT

ftpPUT (localFileName, remoteFileName, [callback])

Upload files to a remote FTP server

Parameter Description	
remoteFileName	File name on the remote FTP server to download (source)
localFileName	File name on local HMI device (destination)
callback	Function that will be call at the end of the FTP transfer

Example:

Page actions

Page navigation. Page actions can be used with the following events:

- OnMouseClick,
- OnMouseRelease,
- OnMouseHold
- OnActivate
- OnDeactivate
- Alarms
- Schedulers.

LoadPage

Go to the selected page of the project.

Starting from HMWIN Studio v4.0 in addition to the pages you can use the aliases (see "Alias pages" on page 69)

67		Action Properties		
Browse Browse		LoadPage pageName	Page7.jmx	Ģ
Filter Filter Pag Pag	e4	Alias	tegories	
Pag			lk	Canc

When "Show even pages that not are accessible from all categories" is selected, even the pages not reachable by all categories are listed.

HomePage

Go to the home page.

You can set the home page in the Behavior section of the Project Widget, see "Project" on page 80

PrevPage

Go to the previous page.

NextPage

Go to the next page.

LastVisitedPage

Go to the previously displayed page

ShowDialog

Opens a dialog page defined in the project.

CloseDialog

Close dialog pages.



Note: This action is applicable only to dialog pages.

57 57		Ac	tion Properties	
Page	~	=	CloseDialog	
LoadPage			Close Dialog	DialogName
HomePage PrevPage NextPage			Select the dialog	Dialog1.jmx
···· LastVisitedPage ···· ShowDialog ···· <mark>CloseDialog</mark>				
ShowMessage LaunchApplication				

CloseDialog options

Option Description	
All	Closes all open dialogs
Selected	Closes only active dialog
DialogName	Closes dialog specified as fileName property

JavaScript Interface

project.closeDialog(DialogID);

Where *DialogID*:

All	Closes all open dialogs
Selected	Closes only active dialog
DialogName.jmx or AliasName	Closes dialog specified as fileName parameter

Examples

Example	Behavior
project.closeDialog("All");	All open dialogs are closed
project.closeDialog("Selected");	The selected dialog is closed
project.closeDialog("Dialog1.jmx");	All instances of Dialog1 are closed

The function project.closeDialog(); without parameter works as project.closeDialog("Selected");.

ShowMessage

Displays a popup message. Enter the text of the message to be displayed.

LaunchApplication

Launches an external application.

Parameter	Description
App Name	Executable name with extension (for example, "notepad.exe" to run Notepad)
Path	Application path.
Arguments	Application specific arguments (for example, \ <i>flash\qthmi\Manual.pdf</i> to open the document "Manual.pdf")
Single Instance	Argument to start the application in a single instance or multiple instances. When single instance is selected, the system first verifies whether the application is already running; if so, then the application is brought to the foreground, if not, then the application is launched.
FlushRuntimeCache	Flush all runtimes cache to free as more ram as possible before running the application.



Note: Arguments with spaces must be quoted (for example, "\Storage Card\Manual.pdf")

Example:

🗆 La	LaunchApplication			
Ap	pplication Name	\Windows\cmd.exe		
Đ	ecutable path			
ar	guments	/c "\Flash\New Folder\test.bat" Par1 Par2		
Si	ngle Instance	true		

LaunchPDFViewer

Starts PDF Viewer.

Note that the pathname of the arguments field uses native OS format (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585).

On **Linux devices**, the HMI application is installed on path /mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/ and pathname's syntax use the slash character.

admin authorizations		? >
/idget Action Tag Ftp	Http Miscellaneous	
		Enable FTP authorization
		Permission: Read-Write V
Root folder: //data		
Additional folders:		+ -
USBMemory/		
<i>//</i>		
	Action Properties	1
	LaunchPDFViewe	9 r
	Application Name	
	Executable path	
Common to all user groups	arguments	/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/data/test.pdf
Allowed IP addresses:	Single Instance	true
	Action Properties	
	LaunchPDFViewe	9
	Application Name	
	Executable path	
	arguments	/mnt/usbmemory/test.pdf
	Single Instance	true

-hide-open-button (available only on Linux devices)

Using this option, the icon to open a different file will be removed from the PDF toolbar (to restrict navigation to PDF file already opened and passed via command line).

Action Properties

-	LaunchPDFViewer				
	Application Name				
	Executable path				
	arguments	/mnt/usbmemory/test.pdf -hide-open-button			
	Single Instance	true			

LaunchUpdater

Updates project and runtime from an external device.

Use **Path** parameter to specify the folder that will contain the update package file. Leave the path parameter empty if you prefer select the file manually on the HMI device when the macro is invoked.

When the LaunchUpdater macro is executed, the below dialog is showed on HMI device

HMU	Update Wiza	rd 1/2 ×
Please wait, exa	mining system	
Available update	es:	
✓ Auto select b	est match	
Components the	at will be upda	ted: *
System Files		
Executable	files	
Config files		
License		
Executable	files	
Support libr	aries	
Support inte		
Browse	Next	Cancel

JavaScript Interface

project.launchUpdater(strPath)

Examples

```
project.launchUpdater("\\USBMemory")
```

LockScreen

Temporarily locks the touch screen. Allows cleaning the touch screen.

The system variable **Time remaining to unlock** displays the time remaining to unlock.See "Screen variables" on page 143

LoadProject

Unload current project and load the selected project inside the HMI device.

The project name has to be specified using relative path, as for the below example:

Act	tion Properties	
-	LoadProject	
	projectName	workspace/project2/project2.jpr

LastVisitedProject

Unload current project and return to previous project

Print actions

Manages print tasks.

PrintGraphicReport

Prints a graphic report.

Parameter	Description
reportName	Assigns a name to the report
silent	false = allows to set printer properties at runtime
fileName	File name (available only for PDF reports)
	Supported placeholders:
	%n = Report name
	• %p = Project name
	• %y = Year, %M = Month, %d = Day
	 %h = Hour, %m = Minutes, %s = Seconds.
folderPath	Folder Path (available only for PDF reports)
	Note that the pathname of the arguments field uses native OS format (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585).
	 On Linux devices Path for USB Device is "/mnt/usbmemory" "testFolder" will be inside "/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/testFolder"
Signed	When the output is a PDF file, generate a signed file using the x.509 certificate of the panel.
	On Linux devices, the BSP v1.0.507 or greater is required
	The algorithm to use to signing is defined inside the project properties parameters See "Project" on page 80 for the available algorithms
	See also:
	"Signed PDF files" on page 343

EmptyPrintQueue

Flushes the current printing queue. If executed while executing a job, the queue is cleared at the end of the job.

PausePrinting

Puts the current printing queue on hold. If executed while executing a job, the queue is paused at the end of the job.

ResumePrinting

Restarts a queue previously put on hold.

AbortPrinting

Stop the execution of the current job and removes it from the queue. If the queue has another job, then, after aborting, the next job starts.

Recipe actions

Used to program recipe management.

DownLoadRecipe

Copy recipe data from HMI device flash memory to the controller (e.g. PLC, local variable, depending on the protocol).

Parameter	Description	
RecipeName	Name of recipe to download	
RecipeSet	Number of recipe set to copy.	
	curSet = download currently selected recipe set	

UpLoadRecipe

Saves recipe data from the controller (e.g. PLC, local variable, depending on the protocol) to the device Flash Memory.

Parameter	Description
RecipeName	Name of recipe to upload
RecipeSet	Number of recipe set to copy.
	curSet = upload currently selected recipe set

WriteCurrentRecipeSet

Sets the selected recipe as current recipe set.

Parameter	Description
RecipeName	Name of recipe to set as current recipe
RecipeSet	Recipe set to define as current recipe set

DownLoadCurRecipe

Downloads current set of recipe data to the controller.

No parameter is required.

UploadCurRecipe

Uploads set of controller data to current recipe set.

No parameter is required

ResetRecipe

Restores factory settings for recipe data. Original recipe data will overwrite uploaded recipes

Select the recipe that you want to reset to factory data.

DumpRecipeData

Dumps recipe data to internal or external storage. Data is saved in .csv format.

Parameter	Description	
RecipeName	Name of recipe to dump	
RecipeDataSet	Select the recipe dataset to dump	
	Not available when RecipeName=AllRecipes. In this case, all datasets are dumped.	
FilePath	 Destination folder Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump USB drive = \USBMemory SD Card = \Storage Card Public Network = \\<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname> Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></password></username> Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported). 	
	Note: Private networks are supported only from Linux devices with BSP 1.0.25 and above.	
FileName	Tag that specifies a filename.	
	The below wildcards are supported	
	• %r = Recipe name	
	%d = Dataset name	
	Example: %r_%d	
DateTimePrefixFileName	true = the dumped file will have date and time as prefix to its name (for example D2012_01_01_T10_10_recipe1.csv)	
TimeSpec	Time format:	
	 Local = the time values exported are the time of the HMI device. Global = the time values exported are in UTC format. 	
KeepCaseSensitivity	Allow case sensitivity.	
	Only applicable under Linux, other platforms does save in lower case	

RestoreRecipeData

Restores previously saved recipe data.

Parameter	Description
RecipeName	Recipes to restore:
	 AllRecipes Data of all recipes will replaced with the data read from the external file
	 CurrentRecipe Only the data of the current selected recipe will replaced with the data read from the external file
RecipeDataSet	Available only when RecipeName=CurrentRecipe.
	Select the data sets to restore:
	AllRecipeDataSet All data set will restored
	 curSet Only the data set of the current selected data set will restore
Restore Type	Available only when RecipeDataSet=AllRecipeDataSet.
	This parameter define the behavior when the numbers of data sets inside the file to restore is not matching with the data set number inside the HMI device
	 Replace All data sets that are inside the device are removed and replaced with the data sets from the csv file
	 Match Replace only the data set inside the device that have the same data set id
	 MatchAndAdd Replace the data set inside the device that have the same data set id and add the additional data set found inside the csv file (Note: data sets that are inside the device but not inside the csv file are not removed from the device)
FilePath	Source folder
	 Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump
	USB drive = \USBMemory
	SD Card = \Storage Card
	 Public Network = \\<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname>
	 Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></password></username>
	Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported).
	Note: Private networks are supported only from Linux devices with BSP 1.0.25 and above.

Parameter	Description
FileName	Attached tag from which read the file name at runtime.
BrowseForFile	true = shows the Open dialog to browse the file to read. false = no dialog is shown,

AddRecipeDataSet

Adds a new dataset to the selected recipe. The new dataset is appended at the end of the already defined datasets.

*AddRecipeDataSet()	Action					
			Action Properties			
	Recipe DownLoadRecipe UpLoadRecipe WriteCurrentRecipeSet DownLoadCurRecipe DupLoadCurRecipe ResetRecipe DumpRecipeData AddRecipeDataSet DelRecipeDataSet DelRecipeDataSet	*		AddRecipeDa	taSet	
				RecipeName	#0 (Recipe)	
				CopyFrom	#0 (Default)	
				NewSetName	Set	+
		-				

Parameter	Description
RecipeName	Recipe where the dataset is added.
CopyFrom	Dataset from where parameters values are copied from to initialize the new dataset
NewSetName	Name of new dataset.
	Here you can you can use a tag reference.

DelRecipeDataSet

Deletes a dataset from the selected recipe. Deleting a dataset will rearrange the position number of the datasets that follow.

* DelRecipeDataSet()	Action				
	57 ST		Action Properties		
	Recipe DownLoadRecipe UpLoadRecipe		E	DelRecipeDataSet	
				RecipeName	#0 (Recipe)
				DataSet	curSet
	UpLoadCurRecipe ResetRecipe DumpRecipeData RestoreRecipeData AddRecipeDataSet				

Parameter	Description	
RecipeName	Recipe where the dataset is to be deleted.	
DataSet	Dataset to be deleted.	

Remote Client actions

Used to upload or download a bunch of files to and from a remote HMI device. These actions can only be used from a remote HMWIN Client to access remote files via FTP.



Important: Enable FTP support and give all necessary user rights to the folders used to transfer files.

UploadToHMI

Opens a dialog to select the folder that contains the files to be uploaded to the remote HMI device.

Parameter	Description	
Destination	Destination path on HMI device for file upload	
Filter	File extensions of the files to be uploaded separated by commas (for example, *.txt, *csv)	

DownloadFromHMI

Opens a dialog to select the folder that contains the files to be downloaded from the remote HMI device.

Parameter	Description	
Source	Source path on the HMI device for file download	
Filter	File extensions of the files to be downloaded separated by commas (for example, *.txt, *.csv)	

JavaScript Interface

boolean project.uploadToHMI(dirPath, strFilter);

boolean project.downloadFromHMI(dirPath, strFilter);

Parameter	Description	
dirPath	Source path on the HMI device for file download/upload	
strFilter	File extensions of the files to be displayed separated by commas (for example, *.txt)	

Return values:

True Transfer successful	
False	Transfer failed



Note: When transferred, system variables are updated with the status of ongoing operations (see "Remote Client variables" on page 142)

ScreenSaver actions

StartScreenSaver

Enter in the screen saver mode.

Java Script Interface

project.startScreenSaver();

StopScreenSaver

Exit from the screen saver mode.

Java Script Interface

project.stopScreenSaver();

System actions

Used to manage system properties.

Restart

Restarts the runtime.

DumpTrend

Stores historical trend data to external drives (USB drive or SD card).

Parameter	Description	
TrendName	Name of historical trend to store	
FolderPath	Destination folder:	
	 Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump 	
	• USB drive = \USBMemory	
	• SD Card = \Storage Card	
	 Public Network = \\<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname> 	
	 Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></password></username> 	
	Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported).	
	Note: Private networks are supported only from Linux devices with BSP 1.0.25 and above.	
FileFormat	Binary = the buffer is dumped in binary format (a .dat file and .inf file). Both these files are then required to convert data in .csv format by an external utility.	
	Compatibility CSV = the buffer is dumped to the specified location as a .csv file format compatible with versions 1.xx	
	Compact CSV = the buffer is dumped to the specified location as a .csv file using a newer format	
	See "Exporting trend buffer data" on page 281	
DateTimePrefix	true = the dumped file will have date and time as prefix to its name (for example D2012_01_01_ T10_10_Trend1.csv)	
TimeSpec	Time format:	
	• Local = the time values exported are the time of the HMI device.	
	Global = the time values exported are in UTC format.	
FileName	Enabled when the DateTimePrefixFileName=true	
	The below wildcards are supported	
	• %n = Trend name	
	• %y=Year	
	• %M = Month	
	• %d = Day	
	• %h = Hour	
	• %m = Minutes	
	• %s = Seconds	
	Example: \%n\%y%M%d\%h%m%s	

Additional parameters available only when the selected FileFormat is $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Compact}}\ensuremath{\mathsf{CSV}}$



When both "Select Fields" and "Select Curves" parameters are empty, the .csv file is dumped in the old "Compact CSV" without columns' selection format. See also "Exporting trend buffer data" on page 281

Parameter	Description		
Select Fields	Select the columns to export inside the dumped file.		
	Available columns are:		
	DateTime		
	Date		
	• Time		
	ValueQuality		
	Note that "Attach to tag" can be used to define columns to be exported at the runtime from the HMI application. The tag must contain a string with the list of fields to be exported separated by commas.		
	Example:		
	 "" (Empty string = all available fields) 		
	"DateTime,Value,Quality"		
	• "Date,Time,Value"		
Select Curves	Select the curves to export inside the dumped file		
	Note that "Attach to tag" can be used to define curves to be exported at the runtime from the HMI application. The tag must contains a string with the list of curve names to be exported separated by commas.		
	Example:		
	Empty string or "All curves" will export all datasets		
	 "Name1,Name2,Name3" 		
	"Name1,Name3"		
Date Format	Select the Date and Time format		
	Using "Attach to tag" is possible define the date format at runtime through a string		
	Date Placeholder		
	d	The day as number without a leading zero (1 to 31)	
	dd	The day as number with a leading zero (01 to 31)	
	ddd	The abbreviated localized day name (e.g. 'Mon' to 'Sun')	
	dddd	The long localized day name (e.g. 'Monday' to 'Sunday').	

Parameter	Description	
	Date Placeholder	
	М	The month as number without a leading zero (1- 12)
	ММ	The month as number with a leading zero (01-12)
	МММ	The abbreviated localized month name (e.g. 'Jan' to 'Dec').
	ММММ	The long localized month name (e.g. 'January' to 'December').
	уу	The year as two digit number (00-99)
	уууу	The year as four digit number
	Time Placeholder	
	h	The hour without a leading zero (0 to 23 or 1 to 12 if AM/PM display)
	hh	The hour with a leading zero (00 to 23 or 01 to 12 if AM/PM display)
	m	The minute without a leading zero (0 to 59)
	mm	The minute with a leading zero (00 to 59)
	S	The second without a leading zero (0 to 59)
	SS	The second with a leading zero (00 to 59)
	ZZZ	The millisecond with leading zero
	z	The millisecond
	АР	Use AM/PM display. AP will be replaced by either "AM" or "PM".
	ар	Use am/pm display. ap will be replaced by either "am" or "pm".

Language

Select the language to use.



Note: execution of the DumpTrend action will automatically force a flush to disk of the data temporarily maintained in the RAM memory. See "History trend widget" on page 284 for details on how to save sampled data to disk.



Note: external drives connected to USB port must have format FAT or FAT32. NTFS format is not supported.



WARNING: Be aware there are limits in the max number of files that can create inside a folder. Limits are depending of different factors and are not simple to calculate, you can think as 999 the max number of files that can be use inside a folder.

To convert binary dump files to .csv

The TrendBufferReader.exe tool is stored in the Utils folder of the HMWIN Studio installation folder.

Use the following syntax:

TrendBufferReader -r Trend1 Trend1.csv 1

where:

Trend1 = name of the trend buffer without extension resulting from the dump (original file name is trend1.dat)

Trend1.csv = name for the output file.



WARNING: The TrendBufferReader.exe is an old utility that not work with the new multi tags buffers. Using of this utility is not recommendable. The utility is not more maintenanced because now there is the possibility to dump trend buffer directly in .csv format.

.csv file structure

The resulting .csv file has five columns

Column	Description
Data Type	Data type of sampled tag:
	0 = empty
	1 = boolean
	2 = byte
	3 = short
	4 = int
	5 = unsignedByte
	6 = unsignedShort
	7 = unsignedInt
	8 = float
	9 = double
Value	Value of the sample
Timestamp (UTC)	Timestamp in UTC format
Sampling Time(ms)	Sampling interval time in milliseconds
Quality	Tag value quality. Information coded according the OPC DA standard and stored in a byte data (8 bits) defined in the form of three bit fields; Quality, Sub status and Limit status.
	The eight quality bits are arranged as follows: QQSSSSLL. For a complete and detailed description of all the single fields, please refer to the OPC DA official documentation.

Commonly quality values

The most commonly used quality values returned by the HMI acquisition engine are:

Quality Code	Quality	Description	
0	BAD	The value is bad but no specific reason is given	
4	BAD	Specific server problem with the configuration. For example, the tag has been deleted from the configuration file (tags.xml).	
8	BAD	No value may be available at this time, for example the value has not been provided by the data source.	
12	BAD	Device failure detected	
16	BAD	Timeout before device response.	
24	BAD	Communication failure	
28	BAD	No data found for upper or lower bound value Trend interface specific flag.	
32	BAD	No data collected (for example, archiving not active.	
		Trend interface specific flag.	
		This value is also used to indicate a temporary offline status (for any condition where sampling was stopped).	
64	UNCERTAIN	No specific reason.	
65	UNCERTAIN	No specific reason.	
		The value has 'pegged' at some lower limit.	
66	UNCERTAIN	No specific reason.	
		The value has 'pegged' at some higher limit.	
67	UNCERTAIN	No specific reason.	
		The value is a constant and cannot move.	
84	84 UNCERTAIN Returned value outside its defined limits defined.		
		In this case the Limits field indicates which limit has been exceeded but the value can move farther out of this range.	
85	UNCERTAIN	Returned value outside its defined limits defined.	
		In this case the Limits field indicates which limit has been exceeded but the value can move farther out of this range.	
		The value has 'pegged' at some lower limit.	
86	UNCERTAIN	Returned value outside its defined limits defined.	
		In this case the Limits field indicates which limit has been exceeded but the value can move farther out of this range.	

Quality Code	Quality	Description	
		The value has 'pegged' at some higher limit	
87	UNCERTAIN	Returned value outside its defined limits defined. In this case the Limits field indicates which limit has been exceeded but the value can move farther out of this range. The value is a constant and cannot move.	
192	GOOD	-	

DeleteTrend

Deletes saved trend data.

Define the name of the trend from which you want to delete logs.

DumpEventArchive

Stores historical alarm log and audit trail data to external drives, such as USB memory or SD card.

Parameter	Description		
EventArchive	Name of buffer to dump data		
FolderPath	Destination folder		
	 Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump 		
	 USB drive = \USBMemory 		
	 SD Card = \Storage Card 		
	 Public Network = \\<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname> 		
	 Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname or<br="">IP>\sharePath</hostname></password></username> 		
	Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported).		
	Note: Private networks are supported only from Linux devices with BSP 1.0.25 and above.		
DumpConfigFile	Dump the description files of the archives		
DumpAsCSV	true = the buffer is dumped to the specified location as a .csv file		
	false = the buffer is dumped in binary format (a .dat file and .inf file). Both these files are then required to convert data in .csv format by an external utility.		
DateTimePrefix	true = the dumped file will have date and time as prefix to its name (for example D2012_01_01_T10_10_alarmBuffer1.csv)		

Parameter	Description	
timeSpec	 Time format: Local = the time values exported are the time of the HMI device. Global = the time values exported are in UTC format. 	
csv Colums	Select the columns to dump into the .csv file. Available only when the EventArchive is an alarms buffer	
FileName	The below wildcards are supported • %n = Event archive name • %y = Year • %M = Month • %d = Day • %h = Hour • %m = Minutes • %s = Seconds Example: \%n\%y%M%d\%h%m%s Available only when the DateTimePrefixFileName=true	
Language	Select the language to use. Available only when the EventArchive is an alarms buffer	
Separate Date and Time	When enabled the date and time are listed in separate columns.	
Date Format	Select a predefined format or use placeholders to define your own format (see "Time and Date placeholders" on page 448)	

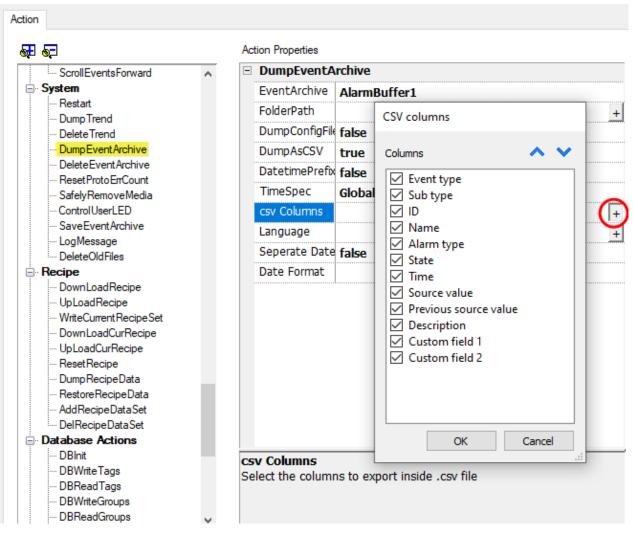
Dumping in CSV Format

DumpAsCSV = true

For Alarms buffers, the additional "csv Colums" parameter give the possibility to select the columns to export inside the .csv file



Note: available only for Alarms buffers.



Dumping in BINARY Format

```
DumpAsCSV = false
```

When exporting Event buffers in binary format and **DumpConfigFile** is set to true (recommended settings), there are two folders:

- data, containing data files,
- config, containing configuration files for .csv conversion.

Once the two folders are copied from the USB drive to the computer disk, the folder structure will be:

```
\config\
```

alarms.xml

eventconfig.xml

\data\

AlarmBuffer1.dat AlarmBuffer1.inf

١

AlarmBufferReader.exe

To convert dump files to .csv

The AlarmBufferReader.exe tool is stored in the Utils folder of the HMWIN Studio installation folder.

Use the following syntax:

AlarmBufferReader AlarmBuffer1 FILE ./AlarmBuffer1.csv

where:

- AlarmBuffer1 = name of the dumped .dat without extension
- AlarmBuffer1.csv = name for the output file.

The utility AuditTrailBufferReader.exe is available for Audit Trail buffers.

Use the following syntax:

AuditTrailBufferReader AuditTrail FILE ./AuditTrail.csv

where:

- AuditTrail = name of the dumped buffer without extension and
- AuditTrail1.csv = name for the output file.



WARNING: The AlarmBufferReader.exe is an old utility that not work with newer buffer formats. Using of this utility is not recommendable. The utility is not more maintenanced because now there is the possibility to dump alarm buffer directly in .csv format.

DeleteEventArchive

Deletes saved Event buffers log data.

Specify the name of Event buffer to delete from the Event logs.

ResetProtoErrCount

Resets the Protocol Error Count system variable.

See "System Variables (Attach To)" on page 133 for details.

SafelyRemoveMedia

Provides for safe removal of SD card or USB drive fromHMI.

ControlUserLED

Sets the user LED behavior.

ControlUserLED()	Macro Script	_		
	ScrollEventsForward System Actions	*	Macro Properties	
	Restart ControlUser1Et DumpTrend DeleteTrend DumpEventArchive ResetProtoEnCount SafelyRemoveMedia Recipe Actions UpLoadRecipe UpLoadRecipe	- <u>m</u>	LEDAction OFF	

Not available on Linux platforms (find the platform of your device at "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585)

SaveEventArchive

Save the records located within the audit trail to a signed file. The file signature will ensure that the records within the report are not altered.

Parameter	Description	
EventArchive	Name of buffer to dump data	
FolderPath	Destination folder	
	 Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump 	
	• USB drive = \USBMemory	
	 SD Card = \Storage Card 	
	 Public Network = \\<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname> 	
	 Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname or<br="">IP>\sharePath</hostname></password></username> 	
	Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported).	
	Note: Private networks are supported only from Linux devices with BSP 1.0.25 and above.	
FileName	The below wildcards are supported	
	%n = Event archive name	
	• %y = Year	
	• %M = Month	
	• %d = Day	
	• %h = Hour	

Parameter	Description	
	 %m = Minutes %s = Seconds 	
	Example: \%n\%y%M%d\%h%m%s	
Format	Format of the output file	
	• CSV	
Signed	Generate the file signature.	
	On Linux devices, the BSP v1.0.239 or greater is required	
	The algorithm to use to signing is defined inside the project properties parameters See "Project" on page 80 for the available algorithms	
	See also:	
	"Signed CSV files" on page 341	
TimeSpec	Time format:	
	 Local = the time values exported are the time of the HMI device. Global = the time values exported are in UTC format. 	
PeriodMode	Defines the time window to export	
	All events	
	• Today	
	• Yesterday	
	Last week	
	Last month	
	Current week	
	Current month	
	 Custom The additional parameters "periodFrom" and "periodTo" will be shown 	
Separate Date and Time	Uses two separate columns for Date and Time	
Date Format	Select the Date and Time format	

Signed file

When the "Signed file" parameter is true, two files will be added in addition to fileame.csv:

- filename.csv.sign The file signature will ensure that the records within the file filename.csv file have not been altered
- ssl-HMI.crt

A copy of the certificate of the HMI device required to verify the authenticity of the report.

Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
🗟 AuditTrail-1413.csv	28/03/2018 16:13	Microsoft Excel Comma Separated Values File	1 KB
🗋 AuditTrail-1413.csv.sign	28/03/2018 16:13	SIGN File	1 KB
🔄 ssl-HMI.crt	28/03/2018 16:16	Security Certificate	2 KB

For more information about the certificate and how to verify signed files, see "x.509 Certificate" on page 338.

For more information about the exported information see "Exporting audit trail as .csv files" on page 365.

LogMessage

Add a message into the audit trail buffer.

This macro give the possibility to developer to decide to keep track of some events (e.g. when a button is pressed, when a page is activate, etc.) into the audit trail. The attach to tag to have the possibility to define the message to log at runtime is supported.

Parameter	Description
EventArchive	Name of the audit buffer where add the message
Message	Message to add inside the audit buffer

DeleteOldFiles

This macros delete files older that a give number of days.

In PC there is no restriction in using path. In panels it is allowed in dynamic media and data partition /mnt/data)



It will be developer responsibility to configure the application to avoid the possibility to delete system files.

Parameter	Description	
FolderPath	Folder where search the files to delete	
FileTypes	List of files to delete separate by comma. Wildcard are supported	
	Example: *.png,*.jpg	
OlderDays	Minimum number of days without changes	

Tag actions

Interacts with tags.

DataTransfer

Exchanges data between:

- two controllers,
- registers within a controller,

- from system variables to controllers,
- from controllers to system variables

The various tag types include a controller tag, a system variable, a recipe tag and widget property.

ToggleBit

Toggles a bit value of a tag.

BitIndex allows you to select the bit to be toggled: toggling requires a read-modify-write operation; the read value is inverted and then written back to the tag.

SetBit

Sets the selected bit to "1".

BitIndex allows you to select the bit position inside the tag.

ResetBit

Resets the selected bit to "0"

BitIndex allows you to select the bit position inside the tag.

WriteTag

Writes constant values to the controller memory. Specify tag name and value.

StepTag

Increments or decrements tag value.

Parameter	Description
TagName	Name of tag to increase/decrease
Step	Step value
Do not step over limit	Enables step limit
Step Limit	Value of step limit, if enabled.

BiStep

This action is similar to the StepTag action but the direction Increment/Decrement is automatically chosen by the rotation of the Wheel. Tag value will be increased when the Wheel is rotated clockwise. Tag value will be decreased in when the Wheel is rotated counterclockwise.

Property	Description		
TagName	Name of Tag on which execute BiStep Tag action		
Step	Value to be added/subtracted to Tag at every wheel rotation (depends on Event step property)		

Property	Description
Event step	This property allows to chose if adding/subtracting step values at every single wheel step, or at every rotation event.
	false = The step value is added/subtracted to the Tag at every rotation event. <i>Example: rotate the wheel performing 5 wheel steps in a single event, Tag will be increased/decreased by 1.</i>
	true = The step value is added/subtracted to the Tag at every single wheel step. <i>Example: rotate the wheel performing 5 wheel steps in a single rotation, Tag will be increased/decreased by 5.</i>
Do not step over limit	If true, enables lower and upper limits, which represents the lower and the higher value that the Tag can assume due a BiStep Tag action
LowerLimit If "Do not step over limit" is true, this property represents the lower value that the assume due a BiStep Tag action	
UpperLimit	If "Do not step over limit" is true, this property represents the higher value that the Tag can assume due a BiStep Tag action



Available only inside OnWheel Actions

ActivateGroup

Forces the update of a group of tags.

Tags are updated either when used in the current page or continuously, if defined as active in the Tag Editor. This action forces all the tags of a group to be continuously updated.

DeactivateGroup

Deactivates a group of tags, that is stops forcing the update of a group of tags.

EnableNode

Enable/disables action for offline node management. No communication is done with a disabled node.

Parameter	Description				
Protocol ID	Unique identifier of selected protocol				
NodelD	Node identifier in selected protocol. Can be attached to a tag.				
Enable	Node communication status:				
	False = disabled				
	True = enabled				
	When attached to a tag, tag = 0 means False				

ClearRetentiveMemory

When set to 0, clears the content of the Retentive Memory.

ForceReadTag

Force a refresh of the specified tag from the remote controller.

Trend actions

Used for Live Data Trends and Historical Trends Widget.

RefreshTrend

Refreshes the Trend window.

It can be used in any Trends/Graphs widgets. Specify the widget as a parameter for the action.

ScrollLeftTrend

Scrolls the Trend window to the left side, by one-tenth (1/10) of the page duration.



Note: with the real-time trends pause the trend using the **PauseTrend** action, or the window will be continuously shifted to the current value.

ScrollRightTrend

Scrolls the **Trend** window to the right side, by one-tenth (1/10) of the page duration.



Note: with the real-time trends pause the trend using the **PauseTrend** action, or the window will be continuously shifted to the current value.

PageLeftTrend

Scrolls the **Trend** window by one-page. For example, if the page size is 10 minutes, then use the **PageLeftTrend** action to scroll the trend left for 10 minutes.

PageRightTrend

Scrolls the **Trend** window by one-page. For example, if the page size is 10 minutes, then use the **PageRightTrend** action to scroll the trend right for 10 minutes.

ScrollUpTrend

Scroll the trend window up by 1/10 of the period.

ScrollDownTrend

Scroll the trend window down by 1/10 of the time period.

PageUpTrend

Scroll up the trend window page by page.

PageUpTrend

Scroll up the trend window page by page.

PageDurationTrend

Sets the page duration of the **Trend** window.

Define trend name and page duration.

0

Note: you can set page duration at runtime using a combo box widget.

ZoomInTrend

Reduces page duration.

ZoomOutTrend

Extends page duration.

ZoomResetTrend

Reset the zoom level back to the original zoom level.

ZoomInYAxisTrend

Reduces Y Axis.

ZoomOutYAxisTrend

Extends Y Axis.

ZoomResetYAxisTrend

Reset the Y Axis zoom level back to the original zoom level.

PauseTrend

Stops plotting the trend curves in the Trend window.

When used with real time trend the plotting stops when the curve reaches the right border of the graph. This action does not stop trend logging.

ResumeTrend

Resumes trend plotting if paused.

ShowTrendCursor

Shows value of the curve at a given point on the X axis.

It activates the trend cursor. A cursor (vertical line) will be displayed in the trend widget.

When the graphic cursor is enabled, the scrolling of the trend is stopped.

The ScrollCursor action moves the graphic cursor over the curves, or over the entire Trend window.

ScrollTrendCursor

Scrolls the trend cursor backward or forward.

The Y cursor value will display the trend value at the point of the cursor. Scrolling percentage can be set at 1% or 10%. The percentage is calculated on the trend window duration.

Parameter	Description			
Trend Name	Select the trend widget ID.			
Scroll Direction	Sets the scroll direction.			
Scroll Unit	Sets the scrolling as a percentage of the displayed area or as a unit of time.			
Scroll Percentage	Set the scroll rate as a percentage of the displayed area (used when Scroll Unit = Percentage)			
Scroll Timesample	Set the scroll rate as time in seconds (used when Scroll Unit = Timesample)			

SetTrendView

Use this macro to change the axis ranges of the trend view.

When both Min X=0 and Max X=0, the static values defined inside the properties of widget are used. The same for the Y axe.

ScrollTrendToTime

Scrolls the Trend window to a specified point in time.

Use this action when you need to scroll to a specific position in a trend window when a specific event occurred.

Parameter	Description		
Trend Name	Select the trend widget ID.		
Scroll To Position	Reference position for scrolling the trend window		
	• Start		
	Center		
	• End		
Scroll Trend to Time	Time where move the trend window		

Example

- 1. Configure an action for an event (for example, an alarm) that executes a data transfer of the system time into a tag.
- 2. Select that tag as **ScrollTrendtoTime** parameter: the trend windows will be centered at the time when the event was triggered.

ConsumptionMeterPageScroll

Scrolls the page backward or forward in a Consumption Meter widget.

Parameter	Description
Trend Name	Trend widget ID (for example, TrendWindow3)
Page Scroll Direction	Direction of page scrolling (Forward/backward)

RefreshTrendTable

Update the trend table.

Parameter	Description
Data Source The data source of the trend table to refresh	

ScrollTrendTableBackward

Scroll the trend table backward.

Parameter	Description
Data Source	The data source of the trend table to scroll backward

ScrollTrendTableForward

Scrolls the trend table forward.

Parameter	Description
Data Source	The data source of the trend table to scroll forward

Text Editor actions

Macros used to interacts with the TextEditor widget.

Reference to "TextEditor widget" on page 490 for details

User management actions

User management and security settings.

LogOut

Logs off the current user. The default user is then automatically logged in. If no default user has been configured, the logon window is displayed.

SwitchUser

Switches between two users without logging off the logged user: the user login dialog appears. User can click **Back** to go back to the previously logged user.

Username		
Password:		
		Show password
	Back	Sign in

The server continues running with the previously logged user, until the next user logs on. One user is always logged onto the system.

ChangePassword

Change current user password: a dialog appears

No parameter is required.

ResetPassword

Restores the original password together with the settings specified in the project for the current user.

No parameter is required.

AddUser

Reserved to users with Can manage other users property set.

Adds a user at runtime: a dialog appears.

User name:	user3	
Password:	*****	Show password
Group	admin 🗸	
C	[
Comments:		
Comments:		
comments:	User must chan	ge his initial password
Comments:	User must chan	

DeleteUser

Reserved to users with **Can manage other users** property set.

Deletes a user at runtime: a dialog appears.

No parameter is required.

User name:		user1		~
Gro	oup:	admi	n	~
	Delete		Cance	el

EditUsers

Reserved to users with Can manage other users property set.

Edits user settings.

User name:	useri 👻 🗌 İnactive
Password:	Show password
Group:	admin 😽
Comments:	John Smith
	User must change his initial password
	User must change his initial password Inactivity logoff time (Min)

Inactive

If you set the Inactive flag, the user will no longer be able to log in

DeleteUMDynamicFile

Deletes the dynamic user management file. Changes made to users settings at runtime are erased. The original settings are restored from the project information.

No parameter is required.

ExportUsers

Exports user settings to an .xml file (*usermgnt_user.xml*) in encrypted format to be restored when needed.

Set destination folder for the export file.



Important: The user file is encrypted and cannot be edited.



Note: supported formats are FAT or FAT32. NTFS format is not supported.

ImportUsers

Imports user settings from a previously saved export .xml file (usermgnt_user.xml).

Set source folder for the import file.



Note: supported formats are FAT or FAT32. NTFS format is not supported.

Widget actions

ShowWidget

Shows or hides page widgets.

Property	Description
Widget	Widget to show/hide

SlideWidget

Shows the sliding effect of a widget, or of a widget group.



Note: The widget or grouped widgets can actually be outside of visible part of the page in the project and slide in and out of view.

Property	Description
Widget	Widget to slide
Direction	Sliding direction
Speed	Transition speed of sliding widget
X Distance	Travel distance of X coordinate in pixels
Y Distance	Travel distance of Y coordinate in pixels
Slide Limit	Enable/Disable movement limits of the widget with respect to the x, y coordinates
X Limit	Limit position of slide action for x coordinate
Y Limit	Limit position of slide action for y coordinate
Toggle Visibility	Show/hide widget at the end of each slide action
Image Widget	Image displayed during slide action

BeginDataEntry

Displays a keypad and starts data entry on a data field without touching the widget itself. This action can be used to activate data entry using a barcode scanner.

Java Script Interface

<pre>project.beginDataEntry(wgtName</pre>	[,	pageName])
1 3 3 4 3		1 2 37

Parameter	Description
wgtName	Widget name
pageName	Active page for data entry. Optional parameter. Useful to select a data field inside a non- modal active dialog box.

TriggerIPCamera

"Force the refresh of IP Camera widget when used in JPEG format. Only works on pages that include an IP Camera widget"

MovelPCamera

Sends remote commands to a camera that supports them. See "IP Camera widgets" on page 463 for details. Make sure that the IP Camera supports movement commands.

Parameter	Description
Camera URL	URL of IP Camera
User Name	Name of user allowed to access the camera.
	Set this parameter when access to the camera is password protected.
Password	Password to access the camera.
Command	Command to send to the PTZ controller (for example, decoder_control.cgi?command=0)

RefreshEvent

Refreshes the event buffer (alarm or audit) of the widgets on the page

Parameter	Description
Even Name	Set the ID of the event buffer widget associated with Alarm History Widget or Audit Tables to be updated.

ContextMenu

Displays the context menu.

If **Context Menu** property of Project Widget has been set to **On delay** context menu can appear also touching for a few seconds the background area of the screen. See "Runtime" on page 74 for details.

ReplaceMedia

Replaces existing media files with new files from USB/SD card. Can be used to replace video files of MediaPlayer widgets, or images of project.



Note: New media files must have same name and format of the files to be replaced.

Parameter	Description
Media Type	Type of file to update
Device	Device where new media files are supplied
sourcePath	Folder where new media files are stored (for example, "\USBMemory")

Parameter	Description
Image Resize	Resizes new images to the size of images to be replaced. Not applicable to video files.
Silent	Replaces media automatically. As defau a dialog is displayed for the user to specify file location.

Java Script Interface

```
void replaceMedia(var sourcePath, var bSilent, var Device, var nMediaType, var
bResize)
```

project.replaceMedia("Images", true, "\USBMemory", 1, true);

OpenComboBox

Open the combo box list. Works when Combobox mode is Full Screen.

CloseComboBox

Close the combo box list. Works when Combobox mode is Full Screen.

ScrollTable

Scroll rows of the table forward or backward.

Parameter	Description	
Table Widget	Table widget name	
Direction	The number of rows to jump, forward when positive, backward when negative.	

Java Script Interface

```
page.getWidget(TableWgt).scrollTo(Direction);
```

SelectAllAlarmsOnSrc

Toggle selection of all Alarms shown in table widget.

Parameter	Description
Table Widget	Table widget name

ShiftTableDataSrcColumns

Shift left or right the columns of a data table. Note the remapping is applicated to the data source widget.

Parameter	Description
Data source widget	Data source widget id
Columns Shift	Data source widget columns are shifted (left or right, depeding on sign) by this amount
Fixed left columns	A custom amount of columns (on the left of table) can be kept fixed during shifting
Remap Filter	Table widget filter (if defined) is connected to a data source widget column. This column, by default, is not remapped by shift action, but can be forced to true

Java Script Interface

```
var ColumnOrder = [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10];
var json = {_c:ColumnOrder};
```

page.getWidget("TableDataSrcWgt").remapColumns(json);

ResetTableDataSrcColumns

Restore the original columns order (see "ShiftTableDataSrcColumns" macro)

SetTableSortingColumn

Select a column and the criteria to use to sort the rows of the table.

Parameter	Description
Table Widget	Table to sort
Data Source Column	Column to use to sort the table
Sorting Mode	Can be: Ascending, Descending or Toggle
Sorting Type	Can be: Alphabetic or Numeric

Java Script Interface

```
var column = "Column1"; // Colum name (TableDataSource)
var mode = 0; //0=Ascending, 1=Descending
var type = 1; //0=Aphabetic, 1=Numeric
var sorting_rule_1 = { _c : column, _m : mode, _t : type };
var json = [ sorting_rule_1 ]
page.getWidget("TableWgt").setSortingRules(json);
```

ChartCommand

Commands to control the charts widgets (Ref.: "Scatter chart widget" on page 287)

Parameter	Description			
ActivePanMode	Activate the moving of the graphic through gesture commands			
ActiveZoomMode	Activate the zoom mode through gesture commands			
ActiveCursorMode	Activate the moving of the cursor through gesture commands			
ExecuteZoomIn	oom In the graphic			
ExecuteZoomOut	Zoom Out the graphic			
ExecuteAxesReset	Reset the graphic view			
ExecuteNoAction	Disable gesture commands			
ToogleAutoScale	Enable or disable the auto-scale feature. Auto-scale ensures that the X axis maximum always take into account the most recent values of the curves.			
UpdateStaticCurve	Reads tags values and refresh the curves			

15 The HMWIN Client

HMWIN Client is a standalone application which provides remote access to the HMI Runtime, and is included in the HMWIN Studio. The HMWIN Client uses the same graphic rendering system as the runtime in the HMI devices, it relies on a specified HMI Runtime as server for live data.

HMWIN Client acts as a remote client and communicates to the server, sharing the local visualization with the tag values that are maintained or updated by the communication protocol.



HMI projects contain properties indicating which page is currently displayed on the HMI and can force the HMI to switch to a specific page. You can use these properties to synchronize pages showed on the HMI device and HMWIN Client or to control an HMI device with a PLC. See "Project" on page 80 for details.



To avoid unexpected behavior:

- be sure to use the same version of the HMI Runtime
- use "FreeType Font Rendering" to be sure to use the same font rendering engine on both HMI Client and HMI Device (see "Runtime" on page 74)

Client application on PC	
Client application on HMI	
Settings and time zone options	234

Client application on PC

To run the HMWIN Client application on PC:

- 1. From the Start menu > HMWIN Studio >HMWIN Client: the client opens in a browser-like style window.
- 2. Type the server/device IP address in the address bar (for example: http://192.168.1.12): HMWIN Client will connect to the server and the same graphical application running on the device will be loaded in the client window.

The Client application toolbar

Panel Address :	http://192.168.40.16	+ 9 🥹	-
-			

Element	Description	
HMI server address	IP address of the remote HMI device (e.g. 192.168.0.1:80)	
Connection status	Network request status. Red during data exchange.	
Reload from cache	Reloads project	
BookMark	Bookmarks preferred pages and reload them.	
Settings	Opens Settings dialog	

Reload options

Option	Description	
F5	Reloads project from cache	
Shift + F5	Downloads project to client	

Transferring files to a remote HMI device

You can upload and download files to and from a remote HMI device using two dedicated actions. These actions can only be used from a remote HMWIN Client and access remote files via FTP.

See "Remote Client actions" on page 203 and "Remote Client variables" on page 142.



Important: Enable FTP support and give all necessary user rights to the folders used to transfer files.

Workspace

Project files are uploaded from the device and stored in HMWIN Client into the following cache folder.

%appdata%\Panasonic\[build number]\client\cache

where:

[build number] = folder named as build number, for example 01.90.00.608.

Client application on HMI

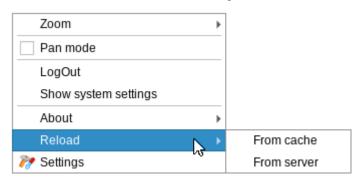
To run the HMWIN Client application on Linux HMI device:

- 1. From the **Run > Update Package** menu, create an Update Package and install the HMI Client application in to the HMI device (see "Update package" on page 98 for additional information)
- 2. Type the server/device IP address in the Setting dialog that will be available when HMI device start (for example: http://192.168.1.12): HMI Client will connect to the server and the same graphical application running on the device will be loaded in the client window.

Settings ×				
Server	Settings	Passwor	ď	
Server Add	iress:			
IP addres	s of server. (e	e.g.: 192.16	68.0.1:80)	
Auto co	onnect at sta	rtup		
Fit to so	reen size			
Time				
Widg	jet	🔾 Globa	u .	
🔿 Local		⊖ Serve	r	
		ОК	Cancel	

Context Menu

The Context Menu, available with a right mouse click, will show the below commands:



Option	Description	
Zoom	Select view size at runtime	
	• Zoom In	
	Zoom Out	
	• Zoom 100%	
Pane Mode	Enables/disables pan mode after a zoom in	
Logout	Logs off the current user.	
Show system settings	Allow the HMI settings and the management of system components. See "System Settings" on page 594 for details.	
Reload	Reload remote project	
	From cache	
	From server	
Setting	Open the HMI Client Settings. See "Settings and time zone options" below for details	
	Could be password protected	
About	Shows information about the HMI Client version.	

Settings and time zone options

In the Settings dialog you can configure client settings and decide how to display project time stamp information.

Remote Server

Settings ×				
Server	Settings	Password		
Server Add	fress:			
IP addres	s of server. (e	e.g.: 192.168	3.0.1:80)	
Auto co	onnect at sta	rtup		
Fit to se	creen size			
Time				
Widg	get	🔘 Global		
🔿 Local		⊖ Server		
		ок	Cancel	

Connection settings

Parameter	Description	
Server Address	address of the remote HMI device (e.g. 192.168.0.1:80)	
Auto connect at startup	When the panel starts, use the Server Address to try to connect automatically to the remote server.	
Fit to screen size	Adapts the view to the screen size	

Time settings

Parameter	Description	
Use Widget Defaults	Displays time information according to the widget settings.	
Local Time	Franslates all timestamps in the project into the computer local time where the client is nstalled.	
Global Time	Translates all timestamps in the project into UTC format.	
Server Time	Translates all timestamps in the project into the same used by HMI device/server in order to show the same time.	



Important: Make sure you set the HMI RTC correct time zone and DST options.

Settings

	Set	tings	×
Server	Settings	Password	
Context n Show bus Use keyp FTP		s): 2 ✓ ✓	\$
Port		21	\$
нттр			
Update ra	ate (s)	1	*
Timeout (s)		5	\$
Reuse co Enable co	nnection ompression		
		ок	ancel

Interface Settings

Parameter	Description	
Context Menu Delay(s)	Context menu activation delay. Range: 1–60 seconds.	
Show Busy Cursor	Display an hourglass when the system is busy	
Use Keypads	Display keypads when user touches a data entry field.	
	Set to disable when an external USB keyboard is connected to the device.	

FTP settings

Parameter	Description
Port	FTP communication port

HTTP settings

Parameter	Description		
Protocols	Communication protocol used by HMWIN Client to communicate with an HMI device.		
Update Rate	Polling frequency to synchronize data from server. Default = 1 s.		
Timeout	Maximum wait time before a request is repeated by the HMWIN Client. Default = 5 s.		
Reuse connection	Enables reuse of the same TCP connection for multiple HTTP requests to reduce network traffic. Image: When enabled, this option may cause high latency if the proxy server does not immediately terminate old requests thus saturating connection sockets. This is often the case with 3G connections.		
Enable compression	Compresses data to reduce download times. Default = disabled. CAUTION: enabling this option could causes excessive CPU overhead.		
Time Settings	Used by the client to adapt the widget time stamp information.		

Password

Settings ×						
Server	Settings	Password				
Change p	Change password					
Old password:						
New password:						
Confirr	n password					
		ОК	Cancel			

This dialog give the possibility to change the internal password of the HMI device for the admin user (the default password is "admin").

Password protection is not available on PC version of the HMI client

16 Using the integrated FTP server

HMI Runtime system uses an integrated FTP server.

Connect to the HMI device FTP server using any standard FTP client application. By default, the implicit FTP over TLS on port 990 is used.



Important: The server supports only one connection at a time; if you are using a multiple connection FTPs client disable this feature on the client program or set the maximum number of connections per session to 1.

FTP settings

FTP default credentials

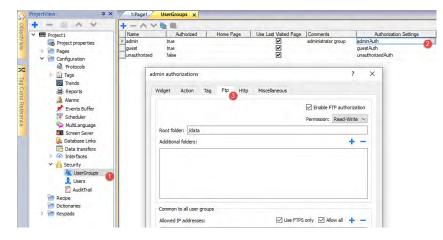
When User Management/Security is disabled use the following credentials for incoming connections:

User name	admin
Password	admin

Changing FTP settings

Path: ProjectView> Security> UserGroups > Authorization Settings

You can change FTP permissions and account information in the Ftp tab of the admin authorizations dialog.



See "FTP authorizations" on page 351 for details.

17 Using VNC for remote access

VNC is a remote control software which allows you to see and control the HMI application remotely using your local mouse and keyboard.

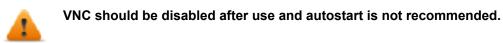
Remote access is particularly useful for administration and technical support. In order to use it you need to:

- start a server in the HMI device
- install a viewer on the remote device

Starting VNC server on Linux devices	242
Starting VNC viewer	242

Starting VNC server on Linux devices

VNC server is a service embedded inside the BSP that can be activated from the Services tab of the device System Settings. See "VNC Service" on page 606 for details.



Starting VNC viewer

No VNC viewer is provided as part of HMWIN Studio.

Many compatible VNC viewers are available for free download (for example, TightVNC).

18 Alarms

The alarms handling system has been designed to provide alerts through pop-up messages, typically to display warning messages indicating any abnormal condition or malfunction in the system under control.

Whenever a bit changes, or the value of a tag exceeds a threshold set in the alarm configuration, a message is displayed. Specific actions can also be programmed to be executed when an alarm is triggered.



Important: No default action is associated with any alarm.

You can define how an alarm is displayed on the HMI device, if it requires user acknowledgment, and if and how it is logged into the event list.

Alarms are configured in the Alarms Configuration Editor and, thus, are available for all the pages of the project. An alarm widget can display more than one alarm at a time, if sized appropriately. You can trigger the opening or closing of the Alarm window with an event.

You work with alarms in the same way as you work with any other event. You may not want to display a dialog when an alarm is triggered and you can associate to it any other available action.

Alarms Editor	244
Remote alarms acknowledge	247
Alarm state machine	248
Setting events	248
Active Alarms widget	251
Alarms History widget	. 256
Additional Alarms widgets	256
Managing alarms at runtime	257
Enable/disable alarms at runtime	258
Displaying live alarm data	258
Exporting alarm buffers to .csv files	260
Exporting alarm configuration	. 260

Alarms Editor

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

rojectView 🛛 🗘 🗙	1:Page1 Alar	ms x							
+ - 4 ∧ ×	+-*0	63 31	D P-	Search		Filter by: Name	✓ Alarn	ns used: 3/2000 💮	3
 NewAlarmsEditor Project properties Pages 	Name Groups	Enable	Ack	Trigger Ta bitMaskAlarm:0 Ta		Description Load alarm page	Property Name	Value Alarm 1	
Configuration	Alarm2	NN		bitMaskAlarm:1 Ta		Increase alarm counter	Groups		
Protocols	Alarm3	\leq		bitMaskAlarm:2 Ta	g1 ShowMessag	e	Enable	true	
> 📄 Tags							Ack	true	
Trends							Reset	false	
Reports							Buffer	AlarmBuffer 1	
Alarms							Trigger	bitMaskAlarm:0	
📌 Events Buffer							Tag	Tag1	
Scheduler		Ra AA US	Remote Enable	none					
🖗 MultiLanguage							Remote Ack	none	
Screen Saver						Ack Notify	none		
🖳 Database Links							Action	LoadPage	
Data transfers							UserAction		
Interfaces							Description	Load alarm page	
Security Recipe							Color		
Dictionaries							Ack Blink	false	
Keypads							Severity	1-low	
Keypous							Events Custom Field 1	76,76,1,1	
							Custom Field 1 Custom Field 2		

Adding an alarm

Click + to add an alarm.

Parameter	Description
Name	Name of alarm
Groups	Groups associated with the alarm. They can be used in widgets display filters.
Enable	Enable/disable triggering of alarm.
	Alarms can be enabled or disabled at runtime as well (see "Enable/disable alarms at runtime" on page 258 for details).
Ack	Enable/disable acknowledgment of alarm, if selected the operator must acknowledge the alarm once triggered to remove it from the Active Alarm widget.
Reset	Used with the Ack option, if selected, acknowledged alarms stay in the alarm list, labeled as Not Triggered Acked , until the operator presses the Reset button in the alarm widget.
Buffer	Buffer file where the alarm history will be saved.
Trigger	Triggering condition depending on alarm type:
	• limitAlarm : alarm triggered when tag value exceeds its limits. The alarm is not triggered if the value reaches the limits.
	• valueAlarm alarm is triggered when tag value is equal to the configured value
	• bitMaskAlarm: the bitwise AND operator compares each bit of the bitmask with the tag

Parameter	Description							
	value corresponding to that Alarm. If both bits are on, the alarm is set to true. You can specify one or more bit positions (starting from 0) inside the tag. The Bit position must be given in decimal format; if more bits are specified, each position must be separated by a ",".							
	 deviationAlarm: alarm triggered if the percentage of deviation of the tag value from the set point exceeds a set deviation. 							
	$ Value_{now} - SetPoint > \left(\frac{deviation}{100} \times SetPoint\right)$							
Тад	Tag whose value will trigger the alarm when it exceeds the set limits.							
	The alarm can refer to the value of this tag, or to the state of a bit if bitMaskAlarm has been selected as trigger.							
Remote Enable	Tag used by the PLC to enable/disable the alarm.							
	Changing the enable status from the Alarms Widget will change the tag value							
	When the tag cannot be read (e.g. communication error) the alarm is disabled							
	 No tags related to the alarm are refreshed when alarm is disabled. 							
	Tip: It could be useful to enable the logging of the alarm's enable flag							
	Event Types ? ×							
	Log event to buffer							
	Notify Log Actions Print							
	When entering the triggered status When entering the not-triggered status							
	Both when entering the triggered and not-triggered status							
	When the alarm is acknowledged When the alarm is reset							
	When the alarm is disabled							
	Exclude non tirggered status on enable							
	Use source timestamp OK Cancel							
Remote Ack	Tag used by the PLC to acknowledge the alarm. A transition of this tag from 0 to a non zero value is considered an acknowledgment request.							
	Leave empty if remote acknowledgment is not required.							
	See "Remote alarms acknowledge" on page 247 for details.							
Ack Notify	Tag used by the HMI device to notify when the alarm is acknowledged from the device or from the PLC.							
	0 = set to this value when alarm is triggered							
	1 = set to this value when alarm is acknowledged.							

Parameter	Description
Touch Ack Notify	Tag used by the HMI device to notify when the alarm is acknowledged from the device
	0 = set to this value when alarm is triggered
	1 = set to this value when alarm is acknowledged.
Action	Actions executed when the alarm is triggered. Additional conditions can be specified in the Events column. See "Setting events" on page 248 for details.
	The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of the below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. HM4Web).
	loadPage
	• prevPage
	nextPage
	showDialog
	showMessage
	• setLanguage
	• jsAction
User Action	Actions executed when user press the action button in the active alarm widget.
	See ""Active Alarms widget" on page 251 for details.
Description	Alarm description. This text supports the multiple language features and can be a combination of static and dynamic parts, where the dynamic portion includes one or more tag values.
	See "Displaying live alarm data" on page 258 for details.
Custom Field #	It is an additional alarm description that can be used to show additional information inside the alarms widgets. For example, could be an index to use to show a picture related with the alarm.
Color	Foreground and background colors of alarm rows based on the status of alarm.
AckBlink	Blinking for triggered alarms. If selected the alarm rows blinks until acknowledged. Only effective if Ack is selected.

Parameter	Description
Severity	Severity of the alarm. If multiple alarms are triggered simultaneously, actions will be executed based on severity settings.
	0 = not important
	1 = low
	2 = below normal
	3 = normal
	4 = above normal
	5 = high
	6 = critical
Events	Conditions in which the alarms are notified, logged or printed.
	See "Setting events" on the next page for details.

Backup alarms events

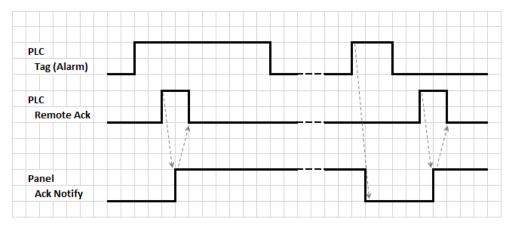
From the "Events Buffer" on page 265 you can configure the size of the alarms buffer and activate the backup of the alarms events when the buffer is full.

Remote alarms acknowledge

When the **Remote Ack** parameter is set, an alarm can be acknowledged from a PLC device setting a tag value to a nonzero value. The acknowledged status is notified to the PLC device by the **Ack Notify** flag.

Alarms acknowledgement process

Remote Ack tag is set/reset by the PLC to request the acknowledge, and **Ack Notify** is set/reset by HMI device to notify the execution of the acknowledge.



1. When an alarm condition is detected the HMI device set Ack Notify to 0 and all related actions are executed.

2. When the alarm is acknowledged (by HMI device or remotely), Ack Notify is set to 1

3. It's up to the controller to set **Remote Ack** to 1 to acknowledge the alarm or reset it to 0 when the HMI device send a notification that the alarm has been acknowledged (**Ack Notify** = 1)



WARNING: When an alarm is triggered, some signals need to be update/communicated through the connected devices. We assume the Acknowledge to be a signal pushed from an operator and not released automatically from a controller device. This allows for time required to communicated the original signals.

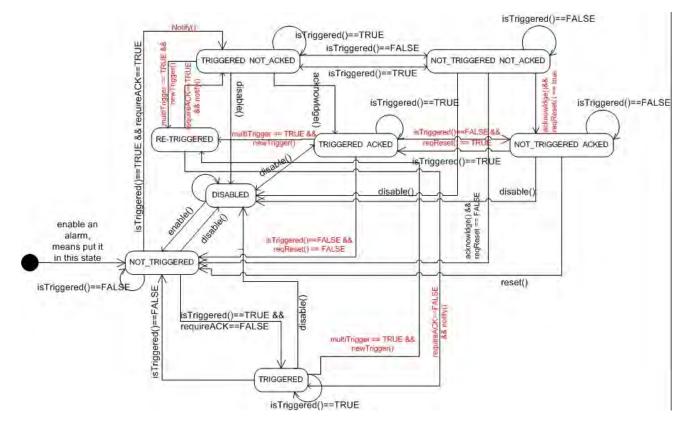


Tip: Using the same tag both for **Remote Ack** and **Ack Notify** can connect more devices to the same controller and acknowledge the alarms from any HMI device.

Alarm state machine

The runtime implements the alarm state machine described in this diagram.

States and transitions between states are described according to the selected options and desired behavior.



Setting events

Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property

Events are defined using the Alarms Editor.

See "Alarms Editor" on page 244 for details.

Notifying events

Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property > Notify tab

Set conditions under which the alarms will be posted in the alarm widget.

Event Type	ivent Types ? X										
Notify e	vents to A	Alarm widget									
Notify	Log	Actions	Print								
Whe	When entering the triggered status										
Whe	n enterin	g the not-tri	ggered sta	tus							
Both	when en	tering the tr	iggered an	d not-tri	ggered status						
🗹 Whe	n the ala	rm is acknow	ledged								
🗹 Whe	n the ala	rm is reset									
U Whe	n the ala	rm is disable	d								
U Whe	n the ala	rm is enabled	ł								
Use so	urce time	stamp									
					ОК	Can	icel				

Here you define the behavior of the default alarm widget available in the Widget gallery and decide in which cases the widget is updated by a change in an alarm status.



CAUTION: Make only the adjustments required by the specific application while leaving all other settings as default.

Logging events

Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property > Log tab

Set conditions for which you want to store the specific event in an alarm history buffer.

ent Type	25						?	>
Log ever	nt to buff	ier						
Notify	Log	Actions	Print					
Whe	n enterin	g the trigger	red status					
Whe	n enterin	g the not-tri	ggered sta	itus				
🗹 Both	when en	itering the tr	iggered ar	id not-tr	iggered stat	us		
🗸 Whe	n the ala	rm is acknow	/ledged					
🗹 Whe	n the ala	rm is reset						
🗌 Whe	n the ala	rm is disable	d					
Whe	n the ala	rm is enable	d					

The alarm history is logged in the Event Buffer.

Executing actions

Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property > Actions tab

Set conditions under which the action(s), configured for the specific alarm, must be executed.

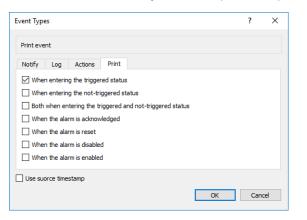
Irigger a	ctions on	event						
Notify	Log	Actions	Print					
🖂 When	n enterin	g the trigger	ed statu	s				
When	n enterin	g the not-tri	ggered s	tatus				
Both	when en	tering the tr	iggered i	and not-t	riggered s	tatus		
When	n the ala	m is acknow	ledged					
When	n the ala	m is reset						
When	n the ala	m is disable	đ					
When	n the alar	m is enabled	ł					

By default, actions are executed only when the alarm is triggered; other alarm states can also be set to execute actions.

Print events

Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property > Print tab

Set conditions for which you want to print the specific event



Setting storage device

Path: ProjectView> Config > Events Buffer> Storage Device tab

- 1. Open the **Storage Device** dialog.
- 2. Select a device for event data storage.

- 4 · v	+-	NY	1	1		1
Project1	ld	Name	Enable	Size	Туре	Storage Devi
Project properties	▶ 1 2	AlarmBuffer1 AuditTrail	True True	1000 1000	Alarms Audit	Local Local
> Pages		Audit ITali	nue	1000	Audit	LUCAI
 Configuration Protocols 		Storage	Device			- K.
> 📓 Tags		Storage De	vice			
Trends		Loca		() SD	D Preferr	ed
Reports						
larms			-	50	15	
📌 Events Buffer						
Scheduler		Path:				_
🖗 MultiLanguage			Party I			
Screen Saver		Backup Arc	nive			
🛃 Database Links		Save a	copy when full	(.csv)		
Data transfers A Interfaces		UU Local	O USB	O SD	Prefer	red
Go Interfaces		-	-			
Recipe		9		SD		
Dictionaries		Path				
Keypads		Data/%n/	%y%M%d/%h	%m%s	4	Č -
E neypoor				a final		0
		Time Spec		Local		
		Date Form	at		٩	t,
		Forester	Date and Time	False		ñ.
				1 plac		
		Cleanup at	fter backup	False	4	
		Language			4	t l
		Signed		True	4	Č.

Data is automatically saved every five minutes except for alarm data which is saved immediately.

Use source timestamp

Events are stores with the timestamp of when the HMI device detect the event. When "Use source timestamp" is selected, the events are stored with the timestamp received from the remote device.



Available only for device's protocols that support this feature (OPC UA Client)

Active Alarms widget

You can insert the **Active Alarms** widget in a page to display the alarms and to acknowledge, reset or enable/disable them.

			Acti	ve Alarms					
Select	Name	State	Value	Time		Description	5	Severity	Enable
4									Þ
	Check/Uncheck All	Filter : H	ide Not Triggered		-	Ack	Reset		Save

Alarm filters

Path: ActiveAlarm widget> Properties pane> Filter

Define filters used to display only some of the configured alarms. Filters are based on alarm fields, which means you can filter alarms according to name, severity, description and so on.

Filter 1 is the default filter. It's managed by the combo box **Filter 1**, and has two options: **Show all alarms** and **Hide Not Triggered** which, when selected, allows to display only active alarms.

Filter 2 is, by default, not configured and available for customization.

Filter's expressions make use of AWK language, the expressions are applied to the data contained in the selected **Filter** column of the Alarm widget.

-	Alarms List	
	Columns	
	Sorting	false
	Sort Column	Severity
+	Text	
-	Filter	
	Filter Colum	State
-	Filter 1	Hide Not Triggered
	DataLink	itemData:Combo2
	Filter Colum	Select
	Filter 2	

Setting filters

Path: ActiveAlarm widget> Properties pane> Filter

To set one of the two available filters:

- 1. Select Filter Column 1 and choose the value to filter for (e.g.: Name, State, Time, Groups)
- 2. In DataLink attach a combo box widget. Use Shift+ left-click to select the combo box.
- 3. In the Properties pane select list property and open dialog to customize combo box values
- 4. In the combo box configuration dialog, specify String List and the regular expression to filter values.

See <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular_expression</u> for additional details regarding regular expressions.

Filters first example

You want to show all alarms matching Filter 1 with value equal to 10. Then properties settings: Filter column 2 = Value, Filter 2 = 10

Active Alarms		•		perties	
State	Value		0.	Alarms List	
				Columns	
				Sorting	false
				Sort Order	Descending
				Sort Column	Severity
			+	Text	
				Filter	
				Filter Column 1	State
				Filter 1	^((Not Triggered Acked I
1				DataLink	itemData:Combo2
		<u> </u>	1	Filter Column 2	Value
h Nat Trianand -	Ack Rese	Save		Filter 2	10
le Not Triggered 🛛 🔻	ACK Nese	Jave	÷	Header	
-		_	m.	Contont	

Filters second example

You want to show all alarms matching a Severity value from 3 to 6 (Normal to Critical). Then properties settings: **Filter** column 2 = Severity, **Filter 2** = [3-6]

Active Alarms		-		perties	
State	Value			Alarms List	
State	Value	I		Columns	
				Sorting	false
				Sort Order	Descending
				Sort Column	Severity
			÷	Text	
				Filter	
		T I		Filter Colum	State
				Filter 1	^((Not Triggered Acked
				DataLink	itemData:Combo2
				Filter Colum	Severity
1				Filter 2	[3-6]
		•	÷	Header	
			÷	Content	
e Not Triggered 🛛 👻	Ack Rese	t Save	Ŧ	Configure	

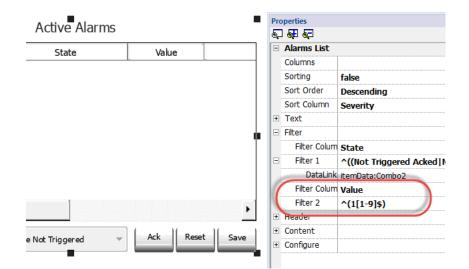
Filters third example

You want to show all alarms matching a value from 11 to 19. Then properties settings: **Filter column 2** = Severity, **Filter 2** = $^{(1[1-9])}$

Meaning:

- ^ = match must starts from the beginning of the string
- 1[1-9] = first char must be 1 and the second char must be between 1 and 9

\$ = end of the comparison.



Filters expression examples

Combo Box			
🗌 두 Multilangua	ge Lang1	→ B <i>I</i>	U Roboto V
+ -[>] [Continuous	Index	[] [™]]Data list
	Index	String List	Data List
0	0	10 < Value < 20	^(1[0-9]\$)
1	1	20 <= Value <100	^([2-9].\$)
2	2	100 < Value < 200	^(1[0-9][0-9]\$)
3	3	Value 2?/3?/4?/5?	^([2-9].*\$)
4	4	Value >= 100	^([1-9][0-9][0-9].*\$)
	I I		
			OK Cancel

Filter by	String list	Data list
State	Hide Not Triggered	^((Not Triggered Acked Not Triggered Not Acked Triggered).*\$)
Value	10 < Value < 20	^(1[0-9]\$)
Value	20 <= Value <100	^([2-9].\$)
Value	100 < Value < 200	^(1[0-9][0-9]\$)
Value	Value 2?/3?/4?/5?	^([2-9].*\$)
Value	Value >= 100	^([1-9][0-9][0-9].*\$)
Value	Value >= 20	^([2-9].*\$ [1-9][0-9][0-9].*\$)

Sorting alarms

Path: ActiveAlarm widget> Properties pane> Sorting

The sorting function allows you to sort alarms at runtime in the alarms widget by clicking on the column header.



Note: The severity value displayed here is set in the Alarm Editor.

Action

When the "User Action" associate with the alarm (see ""Alarms Editor" on page 244 for details) contains valid actions, the Action icon is showed. Pressing the icon, the configured actions will be executed.

	01200.1	State	Time
	Alarm1	Not Triggered	03/08/2016 11:07:43 AM
-	Alarm2	Triggered	03/08/2016 11:07:55 AM
	Alarm3	Not Triggered	03/08/2016 11:07:43 AM

Δ

WARNING: If you are using an older converted project, you have to substitute the old Active Alarms Widget with the new one from the Widgets gallery



Note: The image can be modified from the Colums property of the Active Alarms widget

able Column Editor			E	Alarms List :	ActiveAlarms	
				Columns		+
Columns 🕂 — 🔨 🗸	•			Sorting	false	
Action	🗆 Col O Info			Sort Order	Descending	
Select	Header	Action		Sort Column	Severity	
Enable Name	Value	alUserAction	+	+ Text		
Groups	Width	100		+ Filter		
State	Туре	Image	1	+ Header		
Value	Visible	lue		+ Content		
Time Description	Image path	images\action.png		 Configure 		
Description				+ General		
,				+ Position		
		ОК С	ancel			

Enable/Disable Alarms

At runtime the Alarms Widget can be used to enable or disable the alarms.

Saves changes made in the **Enable** column in the alarm widget. This action is used with the **Save** button in the alarm widget.

Time	Enable	1
04-01-2012 12:05:00		
04-01-2012 12:05:00		
04-01-2012 12:05:00		
		1
Ack Reset	Save	

Alarms History widget

Logs and display an alarm list if **Buffer** property in Alarms Configuration Editor is set.

	/13 - 16:04:49 /13 - 16:04:49	Duratio	n : 1 Min		Refresh
Name	State	Value	Time	Description	Event Typ
					Ň

Attaching widget to buffer

Path: AlarmHistory widget> Properties pane> Buffer > EventBuffer

In Properties pane > Event select the Event Buffer from which the alarm list is retrieved

Additional Alarms widgets

In addition to the two main "Active Alarms" and the "Alarms History" widgets, the Gallery contains some other alarms widgets with a slightly different look but basically similarly at the two main widgets. You are free to choose and use the widget that has the look that better meet your requirements.



Note that some widgets are available even inside the print report gallery.

Some widgets are based on the new table structure. For these widgets, in addition to the exposed properties, you can select the internal table and use the table capabilities to modify the widget as for your needs and taste (see "Table widget" on page 466 for additional details).

Printing the historical alarms list

The print gallery contains historical alarms widgets, based on table structure, that can be used to generate an alarms report. The table can be drawn and enlarged to fill the entire page. If the number of lines to printed is greater of one page, the alarms table will be printed using additional pages.

cription	Desc	Value	State	Name	Timestamp
Label		Label	Label	Label	Label
N	N	ā £			
		(B)			

Using the "attach to tag" feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the historical alarms list to print at runtime:

- Page Duration
- End Time

"Page Duration" with "End Time" define the piece of the alarm buffer to print.

Pr	operties		ą ×		1:Page1	Tags 🗙	<mark>د</mark>
6] 61 62			F	- ~ ~	· 🖌 🖻	Variables:prot1
Ξ	AlarmsHistoryRepor	rt : AlarmsHistoryReport			Name		Address
	EventBuffer	AlarmBuffer1			Duration		Duration int
-	Page Duration	1 hour	+		EndTime		End Time time
-	DataLink	Duration	-				
	Access Type	R					
=	End Time	0	+				
-	DataLink	EndTime	-				
	Access Type	R					
	Time Spec	local					
	Date Format	MM/DD/YY - hh:mm:s	s				
+	Filter						

Managing alarms at runtime

When an alarm is triggered it is displayed in the Active Alarms widget where you can acknowledge and reset it. You can filter the alarms displayed using several filters, for example you can hide not triggered alarms or show all alarms.

See "Active Alarms widget" on page 251 for details.



IMPORTANT: The Active Alarms widget is not displayed automatically. You must add a dedicated action that will open the page containing the alarm widget when the alarm is triggered.

Enable/disable alarms at runtime

You can enable or disable the alarms at runtime.

To enable an alarm select the Enable option in the alarm widget.

Disabled alarms are not triggered and therefore not displayed at runtime.

Select	Id	Source Value	State	Date	Time	Enable	^
	Alarm1	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31	V	
	Alarm2	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31	V	
	Alarm3	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31	V	
	Alarm4	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31	V	E
	Alarm5	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31	V	
	Alarm6	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31	V	
	Alarm7	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:32		
	Alarm8	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:32	V	
	Alarm9	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:32	V	



Note: Alarms can be configured to be enable/disable even from the PLC. See Alarm Configuration Editor for details.

Displaying live alarm data

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

Both in the Active Alarms widget and in the Alarms History widget it is possible to set the description of the alarm, or of the custom fields, to display the data of the live tags.

ld	Name	Enable	Ack	Reset	Tag	Buffer	Trigger	Action	Description
1	Alarm1	✓	✓	✓	Tag1	AlarmBuffer1	bitMaskAlarm:	ShowDialog	Alarm 1 Tag Value is [Tag1]
2	Alam2	✓	✓	✓	Tag1	AlarmBuffer1	bitMaskAlarm:1	ShowDialog	Alarm 2 Tag Value is [Tag2]
3	Alam3	✓	✓	✓	Tag1	AlarmBuffer1	bitMaskAlarm:1	ShowDialog	Alarm 3 Tag Value is [Tag3]

To show the tag value, set a placeholder in **Description** entering the tag name in square brackets, for example "[Tag1]". At runtime, in **Description** column of Active Alarms widget the current value of the tag will be displayed.

Live Tags Placeholders

Tags

[TagName]

The tag value is read and continuously updated



Use '\' before '[]' if you want to show the '[]' in the description string, for example: \[*Tag*\[1\]\] will display the string "[*Tag*[1]]".

Use '\', even when the tag label contains square brackets. For example, to display the live tag value of tag "TAG]3" or "TAG[3]" use:

- TAG\]3 = **[**TAG\]3]
- TAG\[3\] = [TAG\[3\]]

Array Tags

To reference the entire array (all elements will be shown):

- [TagName] All array elements will be displayed using a comma separate list.
- [TagName[-1]] All array elements will be displayed using a comma separate list.

To reference an element of the array:

- [TagName.Index] Example: [MyARRAY.5] will display the sixth element of the MyARRAY
- [TagName[TagIndex]] Example: [MyARRAY[TagIndex]] will display the sixth element of the MyARRAY when TagIndex is 5

Data Formats

Placeholder characters can be used to control how to display the tag value (see "Custom Formats" on page 32)

• [TagName|format("###")]

Example:

Live: [fCounter|format("#.00")] - Triggered: [!fCounter|format("#.00")]



Note that by default, all tags are displayed as an integer. If you want to display a float number, you have to specify how to show the number adding the decimal digits.

To freeze a live tag value

Live tags are read and continuously updated. If you want to freeze the tag value at the instant the alarm is triggered, use the exclamation point as tag name prefix:

- [TagName]
 - When alarm is triggered, tag value is read and continuously updated
- [!TagName]

When alarm is triggered, tag value is read and frozen

Example of Alarm widget

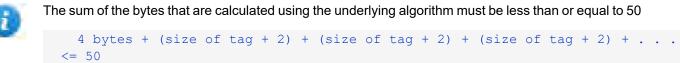
Select	Name	State	Value	Time							
	Alarm1	Triggered Not Acked	1	30/09/2019 12:56:19	Live Counter: 44						
	Alarm2	Triggered Not Acked	1	30/09/2019 12:56:21	Triggered Counter: 11						
	Alarm3	Triggered Not Acked	1	30/09/2019 12:56:24	Live: 44 - Triggered: 14						
	Alarm4	Triggered	1	30/09/2019 12:56:35	Live: 0 - Triggered: 0						
	Alarm5	Triggered	1	30/09/2019 12:56:17	Live: 0.44 - Triggered: 0.07						
Filter	Filter : Hide Not Triggered Check/Uncheck All Ack Save Save										



In History Alarms widget or in .csv file, live tag values are the values taken when the alarm's status change (for both types of placeholders)

Length limit of the Description field

Number of live tags that can be used inside each alarm's description depends on size of used tags. HMWIN Studio will check and show a warning message when too many tags are used.



Example:

Alarm Description: Tag1=[TagInt], Tag2=[TagBool], Tag3=[TagStr8]

Fixed	4	
Tag1	6	4 (sizeof-INT) +2
Tag2	3	1 (sizeof-BOOL) +2
Tag3	10	8 (sizeof-STR8) +2
Total:	23	

When arrays are used, e.g. Tag1 as an array of 8 integer:

• [Tag1] or [Tag1[-1]]

The entire array is shown and the number of the necessary bytes is calculated as $4(size-INT) \times 8(array elements) + 2 = 34$ Byte

[Tag1[Index]]

An element of the array is shown and the number of the necessary bytes is calculated as $4(size-INT) \times 1(array elements) + 2 = 6$ Byte. In this case, if at runtime the Index assumes the value -1 some values could be lost

Exporting alarm buffers to .csv files

To export an event buffer containing an history alarms list, use the **DumpEventArchive** action.

See "System actions" on page 204 for details.



Note: Tag values displayed in the alarms description are also included in the buffer. Tags are sampled when the alarm is triggered and that value is logged and included in the description.

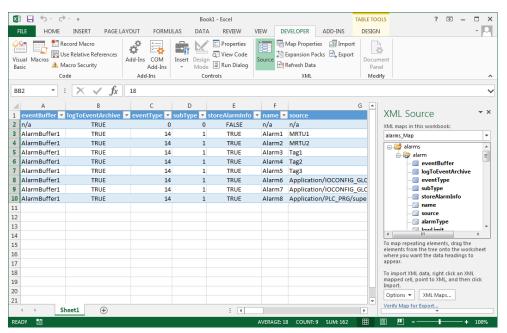
Exporting alarm configuration

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

+ -	2 0	0 >1	[> (P- Se	arch		Tilter by: Name	-
Name	Groups	Enable	SACK	Trioger	Tag		Description
Alarm 1		\checkmark	Export A	Jarm oronaskAlarm:0	MRTU1		Load alarm page
Alarm2		NNN		deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0	MRTU2		Increase alarm c
- Alarm3		\checkmark	\checkmark	limitAlarm: 10-100	Tag1		
Alarm4		\checkmark		valueAlarm:30	Tag2		
Alarm5		\checkmark		valueAlarm:@Tag4	Tag3		
- Alarm6		$\mathbf{\nabla}$		bitMaskAlarm:0	Application/IOCONFIG_GL	OBALS_MAPPING/IN0	
Alarm7		\checkmark		bitMaskAlarm:0	Application/IOCONFIG_GL	OBALS_MAPPING/IN1	
Alarm8		\checkmark		deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0	Application/PLC_PRG/supe	ercar	

Click the **Export Alarms** button: the alarms configuration table is exported into an .xml file.

You can edit the resulting .xml file using third part tools (for example, Microsoft Excel) .



Warning: the bitMask values are reported as 2^BitPosition in Hexadecimal format.

I.	J	K	L		М	Ν	0	Р
alarmType	lowLimit 💌	highLimit 💌	value 💌	bitMa	sk 🗾 💌	deviation 💌	setPoint 💌	enableTag 💌
n/a	0	1000	0		1	50	20	n/a
bitMaskAlarm					1			
bitMaskAlarm					2			
bitMaskAlarm					4			
bitMaskAlarm					8			
bitMaskAlarm					10			
bitMaskAlarm					20			
bitMaskAlarm					40			
bitMaskAlarm					80			
bitMaskAlarm					100			
bitMaskAlarm					200			
bitMaskAlarm					400			
bitMaskAlarm					800			
bitMaskAlarm					1000			
bitMaskAlarm					2000			

Importing alarm configuration

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

+ -	20		[> [P- :	Search	T Filter by	y: Name
ame	Groups	Enable	Ack	Trigger Tag		Description
- Alarm 1			port Alarm	bitMaskAlarm:0 MRTU1		Load alarm pag
- Alarm2				deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0 MRTU2		Increase alarm
Alarm3		\checkmark	\checkmark	limitAlarm: 10-100 Tag 1		
Alarm4 Alarm5				Import Alarms		×
Alarm6				Protocol Node	Select	
Alarm7						
Alarm8		\sim		Modbus TCP:prot1		
				Alarm 1, MRTU 1, bitMaskAlarm Alarm 2, MRTU 2, deviation Alar		
				Alarm6,MRTU5,valueAlarm	m	
				 Variables:prot2 		
				Alarm4,Tag4,valueAlarm		
				Alarm5, Tag3, valueAlarm		
				Alarm9, Tag3, value Alarm		
				Alarm3, Tag5, value Alarm		
				Imported alarm file:		
				ExportedAlarms.xml		
				Keep synchronized		
				Replace project alarms with import	ed alarms	
					ОК	Cancel

- 1. Click the **Import Alarms** button and select the .xml file from which to import the alarms configuration: the **Import Alarms** dialog is displayed.
- 2. Select the group of alarms to import and click **OK** to confirm.

Differences are highlighted in the Import Alarms dialog using different colors

Color	Description
Black	This is a new alarm and it will be imported
Red	This alarm has not been found and will be removed (only if check "Replace project alarms with imported alarms" is checked)
Blue	This alarm has been modified and will be updated.
Gray	This alarm is already part of the project and will be skipped.

Automatic synchronization

Select the **Keep synchronized** option in the **Import Alarms** dialog to enable the automatic synchronization of the alarm configuration file.

Whenever changes occur in the alarms configuration, the file will be automatically updated in silent mode.



Tip: Enable this function when the alarm file is managed by a different tool (for example, PLC programming software) as well as by HMWIN Studio.

19 Events Buffer

The "Events Buffer" page gives you the possibility to configure the current events buffers (used for store alarms or audit trail information) or add additional events buffers.

roject1	Id Name Enable	e Size	Туре	Sto	rage Device
Project properties	Alam Buffer1 True	1000	Alams	Local	
Pages 2 Configuration 3	AuditTrail True Event1 True		Audit Generic	Local	
Protocols	Eventi	1000	Generic	Local	
Tags			×		
Trends	Storage Device		~		
Reports	Storage Device				
🔔 Alarms	O Local O USE	B () SD Pre	eferred		
Scheduler					
Scheduler		æ			
Screen Saver	Path: Storage Card	1			
Database Links Data transfers					
A Interfaces	Backup Archive				
Security	Save a copy when fu				
Recipe	O Local O USB	SD Pr	eferred.		
Teypads	9 3				
	Path:				
	Storage Card/%n/%y%	M%d/%h%m%s	D		
	Time Spec	Local	•		
	Date Format		- 0		
			- Later		
	Seperate Date and Time	False	• 🖸		
	Cleanup after backup	False	• 10		
	Language	-	•		
	Signed		- 10		
	signed	inue			
		OK Ca			

Parameter	Description
ld	Buffer identification number
Name	Buffer name
Enable	Enable/disable logging
Size	Size of log file. Data is automatically saved to disk every 5 minutes.

Parameter	Description
Туре	Type of events logged:
	 Alarms Audit Generic
Storage Device	Device where the data will be stored

Backup Archive

If **Save a copy when full** option is enabled, the HMI device will save a copy when the events buffer is full before it is overwritten by newer data.

Parameter	Description					
Path	Where events buffer data will be copied.					
	The below wild cards are supported					
	%n = Events buffer name					
	• %y = Year					
	• %M = Month					
	• %d = Day					
	• %h = Hour					
	• %m = Minutes					
	%s = Seconds					
Time Spec	Timestamp of events					
	 Local Use the time of the HMI device where the project is running 					
	Global Use global time (GMT)					
Date Format	Time and Date format. Placeholders can be used (see "Time and Date placeholders" on page 448)					
Separate Date and Time	When "true", the date and the time are placed into two different fields					
Cleanup after backup	When "true", the event buffer is clean up after completing the backup. When "false", the older events are removed when new events are incoming (circular buffer)					
Language	Language to use					
Signed	When "true", the additional file with the signature is added (see "Signed CSV files" on page 341)					

20 Recipes

Recipes are collections of tag values organized in sets that satisfy specific application requirements.

For example, if you have to control room variables (temperature and humidity) in the morning, afternoon and evening. You will create three sets (morning, afternoon and evening) in which you will set the proper tag values.

Each element of the recipe is associated to a tag and can be indexed into sets for a more effective use. This feature allows you to extend the capabilities of controllers that have limited memory.

You can add controller data to a page using a recipe widget. Recipe data contains all the controller data items; however data is no longer read directly from the controller but rather from the associated recipe element in the HMI device.

Recipe data is configured in HMWIN Studio workspace; the user can specify default values for each element of the data records. In HMI Runtime, data can be edited and saved to a new data file, any change to recipe data is therefore stored to disk. With the use of a separate data file HMI Runtime ensures that modified recipe values are retained throughout different project updates. In other words, a subsequent project update does not influence the recipe data modified by the user in the HMI Runtime.

See "Recipe actions" on page 199 for details on how to reset recipe data.



Note: Recipe data can be stored on a Flash memory, on a USB drive or on a SD card.

Managing recipes	
Configuring a recipe widget	
Recipe status	
Uploading/downloading a recipe	
Backup and restore recipes data	

Managing recipes

Creating a recipe

To create a recipe for your project:

1. In **ProjectView** right-click **Recipes** and select **Insert Recipe**: an empty recipe is added. You create and configure recipes using the Recipe Editor.



Recipe editor

Path: ProjectView> Recipes > double-click RecipeName

	+	^ ~ 🔠 <	$\langle \rangle$									
	index	Element Name	Tag	Fill Tank 1	Fill Tank 3	Fill Tank 5	Fill Tank 7	Fill Tank 1	Empty Tar	Empty Tar	Empty Tank 75_	Em
Þ	0	Home Valve	Recipe_HomeVa	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1	Truck Valve	Recipe_TruckVa	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
	2	Fill Flow Meter	Recipe_FillFlow!	15	35	50	75	100	75	50	25	15
	3	Empty Flow Met	Recipe_EmptyFl	0	0	0	0	0	25	50	75	85
	4	Chemical1	Recipe_Chemica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5	Chemical2	Recipe Chemica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Configuring recipe properties

In the **Properties** pane of each recipe you set the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Recipe Name	Name of the recipe
Number of sets	Number of values sets for each recipe element. Each set has a different configurable name.

Properties

lgr
Recipe1
10
Fill Tank 15_
Fill Tank 35_
Fill Tank 50_
Fill Tank 75_
Fill Tank 100_
Empty Tank 25_
Empty Tank 50_
Empty Tank 75_
Empty Tank 90_
Empty Tank 100_

Setting up a recipe

- 1. Click + to add an element of the recipe.
- 2. Link the tags to each recipe element.

Defining recipe fields

Create a recipe field in the page using a numeric widget and attaching it to a recipe item after selecting Recipe as the Source.

Source: 🔘 Tag 🔘 Alias 🔘 System 🔘 Widget 💿 Recipe				
₽- Search				
curRecipeSetList				
- curRecipeSet				
- curRecipe				
- recipeList				
CurrentRecipe				
▷ #0 (Recipe 0)				
#1 (Recipe 1)				
▷ #2 (Recipe 2)				
▲ #3 (Recipe 3)				
Name				
Status				
CurrentSelectedSet				
LastDownloadedSet				
▷ #0 (r3-Set0)				
▷ #1 (r3-Set1)				
▲ #2 (r3-Set2)				
Value				
✓ alue ✓ 4 #0 (Element1)				
Name				
ville				
#1 (clement2) #2 (Element3)				
> #4 (Recipe 4)				
 #* (Recipe 1) #5 (Recipe 5) 				
▷ #6 (Recipe 6)				
▷ #7 (Recipe 7)				
▷ #8 (Recipe 8)				

In the Attach to dialog you have the choice of all the different recipe variables, such as:

- Current Recipe >Current Selected Recipe Set> Element > Value
- Selected Recipe > Selected Set0 > Element > Value
- recipeList

When numeric widgets are defined as read/write, the default recipe data can be edited at runtime. These new values are stored in a separate file as modified recipe data.



Note: Since JavaScript API functions are used, the recipe elements and sets can be referenced by name or by position. To avoid ambiguity between names and index, the names of the recipe elements and sets must include at least one alphanumeric character.

Storing recipe data

In the Recipe Editor click the storage type icon is to select where to store recipe data: the **Storage Device** dialog is displayed.

Storage Device			
🔘 Local	O USB	SD	O Preferred
9	3		-
Path: Storage Note	ike sure that th		
	e /data folder	copied from th	
	e /data folder	copied from th	e project

For USB drive and SD card storage you can provide the folder location.



WARNING: Recipe configuration files are created automatically when the project is saved and stored in the data subfolder of the project. To use external storage devices, you need to copy this folder into the external device. Note that you have the responsibility to manage the data folder inside external devices. Even dynamic files are not deleted when project is updated using the "Delete dynamic file" option.



Important: You can add a subfolder but you must not rename the "data" subfolder.

Import/Export recipes

To import/export the recipes configuration of your project:

In ProjectView right-click Recipes and select Export Recipe or Import Recipe

The following formats are supported for import:

- Comma Separated Values (.csv)
- Unicode Text (.txt)



Note: Use the Unicode Text file format when you import a file modified using Microsoft® Excel®.

Configuring a recipe widget

You can choose one of the two recipe widgets available in the Widget Gallery:

- Recipe set: allows you to select a recipe set for upload or download. See "Uploading/downloading a recipe" on page 272
- **Recipe menu**: when more recipes have been created for a project, use this widget to manage all recipes and select the desired sets for each of them.

Recipe Set		Recipe M	lenu
Recipe Set	~	Recipe	~
Download	Upload	Recipe Set	~
		Download	Upload

Configuring the Recipe Set widget

In the Properties pane of each Recipe Set widget set the following parameter:

Parameter	Description
Recipe Name	Name of the recipe

Recipe status

1

Each recipe contains two kinds of status parameters

- Recipe Status (blue in the below picture) Give information regarding the last download or upload operation
- DataSet Status (yellow in the below picture) Give information of modified datasets

tem 🔘 Widget 💿 Recipe

Recipe Status

After every recipe upload or download, or recipe set modification, the **Recipe Status** parameters contain a value with the result of the operation.

Code	Function	Description
0	Set modified	Selected set changed
1	Download triggered	Download request triggered
2	Download Done	Download action completed
3	Download Error	Error during download (for example, unknown set, unknown recipe, controller not ready, Tags write failed etc.)
4	Upload triggered	Upload request triggered
5	Upload done	Upload action completed
6	Upload Error	Error during upload - same as for download
7	General Error	General error (for example, data not available)

DataSet Status

The status of each data set indicates that it has been changed. This information may be useful to not forget to download the recipe to synchronize the PLC. Both download or upload operations will reset the **DataSet Status** to 0.

Code	Function	Description
0	Syncronized	User synchronized PLC with the dataset values
1	Modified	User modified some values of the dataset



Note: After a device startup or a recipe reset/restore, all status values will reset to 0.

Uploading/downloading a recipe

Uploading a recipe

You upload a recipe to an HMI device using a recipe widget and the **UpLoadRecipe**, **UpLoadCurRecipe** action in one of the following ways:

- attach the action to an event of a button or a switch (see ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details)
- configure the action in an alarm action list (see "Alarm actions" on page 182 for details)
- configure the action in a scheduler action list (see "Scheduling events at runtime" on page 330 for details)

Downloading a recipe

You download a recipe from an HMI device using a recipe widget and the **DownloadRecipe**, **DownLoadCurRecipe** action. See "Recipe actions" on page 199

Backup and restore recipes data

The recipe data stored in an HMI device can be exported for backup and later restored. This is done using the **DumpRecipeData** or the **RestoreRecipeData** actions.

See "Recipe actions" on page 199 for details.

21 Trends

Trends allow you to sample and record the values of specified tags according to specific sampling conditions. The trend function includes trend acquisition and trend display.

Trend acquisition parameters are set in the Trend editor so that data can be stored. Stored data can then be displayed in a graphical format using a trend widget.

Data logging	
Exporting trend buffer data	281
Realtime trend widget	
History trend widget	284
Scatter diagram widget	
Scatter chart widget	287
Trend widget tips	292
Table trend widget	298

Data logging

Data can be logged and stored to HMI memory. Data logging allows you to store the values of a group of tags all at the same time to a buffer. Data logging can be triggered by a timer or by a dedicated tag. Logged data can be exported to a .csv file or displayed using the historical trend widget. Logged data can be saved locally on a USB device or SD card, or on any available custom network folder.



WARNING: The operation with removable memory devices (USB Flash drives, SD memory cards) containing a very large number of files may result in a decrease of system performance.



WARNING: The max number of files inside a SD memory card depends on the type of formatting (e.g. FAT32 max 65535 files; FAT max 512 files).



WARNING: Flash cards support a limited number of write operations. We suggest to use only good quality memory cards; in the case your application use intensively the memory card consider a regular substitution of the memory card.



WARNING: If the data/time is moved back, the samples with invalid date/time are removed from the trend buffer. When system detects that data/time is invalid (e.g. battery low), a popup is shown to advise the user and the date/time of the last sample is used to avoid losing data.

Storage is based on trend buffers. Trend buffers are organized as a FIFO queue: when the buffer is full, the oldest values are discarded unless you configure your trend to create a backup copy of the buffer.

Adding a trend buffer

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Trends

- 1. Click Add to add a new buffer.
- 2. Click + next to each trend buffer to display all configuration parameters.

+ - 4 ^ v	+ 0 = 0	🐚 🕮 🚺 🔁 👌	memory Space		0.3%		
Y Project1	Trend1		ctive Source Tag1,			>1	
Project properties Project properties Pages	irend1		cuve Source lag1,	1ag2,1ag3			
Y Do Unified	Number of Sample	s Timestamp		Backup Archive			
Y 🗁 Normal	40000	Use sour	ce timestamp	Save a copy	when full		L Lest
💼 1: Page 1	Sampling time	Time		🙁 Local	O USB	🔄 SD	Preferred
Templates			-		130		
Y 🔚 Configuration	60	💿 Sec	○ 1/10 Sec	Path:	-	CE.	
Protocols	Trigger				aM%d/%h%m%s		Ē
> 📄 Tags 🛩 🏧 Trends	None	1		Select Fields			5
Trend1	Trigger Filter				0;5;4		
Reports		lue - Previous Sample value <	100 *	Select Curves	All curves		Ċ
Alarms				Time Spec	Local		Ċ
📌 Events Buffer		lue - Previous Sample value > 0	0,00 ÷	Date Format			Ċ
Scheduler	Storage Device	USB SD	O Preferred	Language			Ċ
Screen Saver	Local		O Preferred				1
🖳 🖳 Database Links		1	1				
Data transfers A Interfaces	Path: Data/						
Security	+-~~	*					
> 🚰 Recipe	TENT						
Dictionaries	Name	Title	Tag	Format		Commen	t
> 🗁 Keypads	1 Name1	Temperature [UnitOfMeasure		Custom			
	2 Name2	PLC Value	Tag2	Numeric			
	3 Name3	String	Tag3				

Toolbar Element	Descrip	tion			
+	Add a tro	Add a trend that will be sampled from the HMI device.			
P	Add a trend that will be managed and sampled from the external device, instead of from the H device. You need a device that supports this feature to use it. The parameters depend on the used device, refer to the manual of the selected device.				
-	Remove the select trend.				
	Offers the ability to customize the labels that appear in the trend dump header and trend table widgets. Timestamp Date Time Quality The below placeholders can be used: "\n " (space + \n + space) can be used to split the label into two or more lines [TagName] (tag name enclosed in square brackets) can be used to display a tag value Copy the selected trend				
Ľ.	Paste the selected trend				
Þ	Export selected trends to file				
>]	Import trends from file				
Total memory Memory used by the defined trend buffers. Space		used by the defined trend buffers.			
Trend Header		Description			
Trend Name		Name of the trend collection (set of tags sampled at the same time)			

Trend Name	Name of the trend collection (set of tags sampled at the same time)		
Active	When enabled, the trend runs by default at system startup.		
	Note: Trends cannot be activated at runtime.		
Source	List of the tags sampled by the trend.		
Import from file	Import and overwrite trend parameters from a file (exported previously).		

Trend Element	Description		
Number of Samples	Trend buffer size (see "Number of Samples" on page 281 for additional information)		
Sampling Time	Sampling interval.		
	sam sam	e that instead of a constant, you can use a Tag to define/change the ple time at runtime. When sample time is 0, or negative, sampling is pended.	
Time	Time unit for the sample time. Could be 1 second (default) or 1/10 seconds		
		aware that increasing the sampling rate could impact global HMI device ormances.	
Timestamp	When checked device.	l, samples are stored using the timestamp provided from the remote	
	Available only:		
	for device's protocols that support this feature (OPC UA Client)		
	when trend buffer is configured to with a single tag		
Trigger	Tag triggering the sample.		
	If used, when the value of this tag changes, a sample is collected.		
	1 Note	e: Trigger and Source can refer to the same tag.	
Storage Device	Where trend buffer data will be stored.		
Backup Archive	If Save a copy when full option is enabled, a backup copy of the buffer data is c before it is overwritten by newer data.		
	.csv	Backup data using text CSV format.	
	Path	Where trend buffer data will be copied.	
		The below wild cards are supported	
		• %n = Trend name	
		• %y = Year	
		• %M = Month	
		 %d = Day %h = Hour 	
		%m = Minutes	
		• %s = Seconds	
	Select	Fields that will be inside the dump file	

Trend Element	Description	
	Fields	Note that you can use a string tag to define the fields to dump at runtime.
	Select Curves	Curves that will be inside the dump file Note that you can use a string tag to define the fields to dump at runtime.
	Time Spec	Timestamp of samples
		 Local Use the time of the HMI device where the project is running Global Use global time (GMT)
	Data Format	Time and Date format. Placeholders can be used (see "Time and Date placeholders" on page 448)
	Language	Language to use
Sampling Filter / Trigger Filter	When sampling the new value stored, otherwi When sampling trigger Tag valu	r allows to specify a dynamic filter if required. g is done on time basis the offset is applied to the sampled Tag value. If exceeds the specified limits the new value is considered valid and ise the new record will retain the previous saved value. g is done on trigger the offset is applied to the trigger Tag value. If the ue change exceeds the specified limits a new sample is taken and ise no sampling will be done.

Use the buttons on the toolbar to add, remove or move tags to be sampled

+ - ^ ∨ ₹

Samples	Description	
Name	Trend name	
Title	Title that has to appears inside the trend table or the trend dump.	
	 The placeholder " \n " (space + \n + space) can be used to split the label into two or more lines 	
	 The placeholder [TagName] (tag name enclosed in square brackets) can be used to display a tag value 	
	Example:	
	"Temperature ([UnitaDiMisura])" will be shown as "Temperature (°C)" when the tag UnitaDiMisura = "°C"	

Samples	Description
Тад	Tag that must be sampled
	Tags string are supported until 8 bytes. If tag size is greater than 8 bytes, only the first 8 bytes are stored in trend. Unicode chars are not supported.
Format	Display format to use. Note that even the custom format can be used (see "Custom Formats" on page 32).
	Trend format X
	Format Numeric -
	Decimal digits 0
	Leading digits 0
	Custom
	OK Cancel
Comment	You can write whatever you want here

Tags Wizard

Tag Wizard Button will allow you to automatically fill in the tag names in the trend table.

You can use the placeholders *\$(Trend)* and *\$(Name)* in the regular expression to search the available tags. When you press "Fill" or "Replace" buttons the matching tags will be added to the trend table

lumber of Samples	Timestamp	Backup Archive		
40000	Use source timestamp	AutoFill Table:	×	
ampling time	Time	Tag filter:	ret	eferred
50	● Sec ○ 1/10 Sec	\$(Trend)_\$(Name)	*	
rigger		Tags: Enter filter for full tabl	e	
None 🏷		Room1_Temperature		
rigger Filter				
urrent Sample value - Previous S	Sample value < - 0,00 \$			
Current Sample value - Previous S	Sample value > 0,00 🗘			
storage Device				_
Local USB	SD O Preferred	d		
1.1				
	E .			
Path: Data/				
Name Tit	le Tag	Fill Replace Reset	Cancel	
Temperature	Room1_Temperature			
	Room 1_Humidity			
Humidity				

Number of Samples

The number of samples that you can have is dependent on the memory size reserved for trend buffers and from the size of each sample.

Number of available samples = Available Memory (bytes) / Size of sample (bytes)

Where the size of each sample is dependent on how many tags are used and can be calculated using the below formula:

```
Size of sample (bytes) = TAGS*9 + 11
```

You are free to use the entire available memory for a unique trend buffer or split the available memory over several trends.

See also:

- Trend limits on "Table of functions and limits" on page 584
- Reserved memory for trend buffer on "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585

Exporting trend buffer data

Use the **DumpTrend** action to export trend buffer data to a .csv file. See "DumpTrend" on page 204 for the macro parameters details.

The exported .csv file could have different formats defined from the Dump Trend macro parameters. The different formats are maintained mainly for compatibilities reasons.

FileFormat: Compatibility CSV

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	Ι	J	K
1	Туре	Value	Time Stamp	Refresh Time	Quality	Туре	Value	Quality	Туре	Value	Quality
2	4	0	2015-09-18T14:42:22.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
3	4	0	2015-09-18T14:42:23.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
4	4	0	2015-09-18T14:42:24.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
5	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:25.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
6	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:26.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
7	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:27.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
8	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:28.000Z	1000	192	8	5.00E+01	192	3	0	192
9	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:29.000Z	1000	192	8	5.00E+01	192	3	0	192
10	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:30.000Z	1000	192	8	5.00E+01	192	3	0	192

FileFormat: Compact CSV

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
1	Timestamp	Tag1	4	Tag2	8	Tag3	3
2		Value	Quality	Value	Quality	Value	Quality
З	2015-09-18T14:42:22.000Z	0	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
4	2015-09-18T14:42:23.000Z	0	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
5	2015-09-18T14:42:24.000Z	0	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
6	2015-09-18T14:42:25.000Z	40	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
7	2015-09-18T14:42:26.000Z	40	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
8	2015-09-18T14:42:27.000Z	40	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
9	2015-09-18T14:42:28.000Z	40	192	5.00E+01	192	0	192
10	2015-09-18T14:42:29.000Z	40	192	5.00E+01	192	0	192



Note: The first row of the header contains the tags names and tags data types

FileFormat: Compact CSV with columns' selection

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	Date	Time	Name1(int)	Quality	Name2(int)	Quality	Name3(boolean)	Quality
2	17/04/2018	07:24:29	0	192	10	192	0	192
3	17/04/2018	07:24:30	1	192	11	192	1	192
4	17/04/2018	07:24:31	2	192	12	192	0	192
5	17/04/2018	07:24:32	3	192	13	192	1	192
6	17/04/2018	07:24:33	4	192	14	192	0	192
7	17/04/2018	07:24:34	5	192	15	192	1	192
8	17/04/2018	07:24:35	6	192	16	192	0	192
9	17/04/2018	07:24:36	7	192	17	192	1	192
10	17/04/2018	07:24:37	8	192	18	192	0	192



The time required to dump a trend buffer depends on the number of samples present in the buffer, the memory type, and the HMI device type.

Example in the worst conditions

НМІ Туре	Buffer Size	Samples	Time
Linux	50 Mb	1.807.800 samples (2 tags)	4 Min

Realtime trend widget

The real- time trend widget can be used to display the changes of value of a tag. Data is not stored in a trend buffer and cannot be retrieved for later analysis.

To display a real-time trend:

1. Drag and drop the **RealTime Trend** widget from the widget gallery to the page.

•	Pr	operties	
🔲 🔁 🔂 🐂 🛫 🚍 🚍 🕂 #1 RealtimeTrend 🛛 🗸 🕒 🕫 🐺 🔹 »	6) 🖶 🕰	
		Trend : RealtimeTre	end
		Trend Type	RealTime
		Num Curves	1
»		Page Duration	5 min a +
RealTime Trend		End Time	0 a +
100		Y Page Size	100 a +
80 - 80		Starting position	Right
	÷	Behavior	
60	÷	Text	
40	÷	Grid	
	÷	Cursor	
20	÷	X Scale	
	÷	Y Scale	
05:30:00 05:30:00 05:30:00 05:30:00	-	Curve 1	
≥		Curve 1 Tag	a +
		Visible	true a +
		Request Samples	1000
		Sampling Time	1
	÷	Min Y	0 +
	÷	MaxY	100 +
		Color	[0, 70, 136]
		Stroke Width	2

2. Attach the tag that you want to sample to the Curve n Value. Data is always plotted against time.

RealTime trend widget properties

Property	Description			
Num Curves	Ium Curves Number of trend curves to be displayed			
Page Duration	Page Duration Time window to show			
End Time	e End time of the time window			
	This parameter can be used to scroll the time window. When zero, the end time is the current system time.			
Starting Position	Starting Position Specifies where the curve begin to be drawn when the page is opened (can be left, center or right).			
Behavior	 Definition of: Min/Max of Y axis Number of tickets to draw on the axes Background image 			
Text	Trend title and font properties (font size, label, etc.)			

Property	Description			
Grid	Properties of grid presentation (colors)			
Cursor	Properties of cursor presentation (enable and color)			
X Scale	Properties of X Scale presentation			
Y Scale	Properties of Y Scale presentation			
Curve "n"	 Tag that will be plotted in the trend widget. Select Tag select the tag to display Attach To select a tag (string) that will contain the name of the tag to display (it is an indexed tag selection) 			



Tag values can be scaled using the X Forms in the **Attach to** dialog. See ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details.

History trend widget

The data collected and stored from the data logger can be analyzed using the History Trend widget.

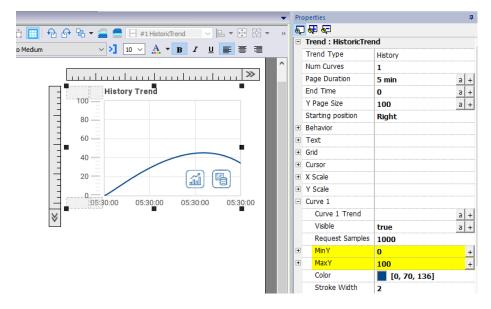
This is a two-step process:

- first you create a trend buffer to collect data for specified tags at specific points in time,
- then you configure a History Trend widget to display the collected data in a graphical format.

See "Data logging" on page 276 for details on how to create a trend buffer

To display a history trend:

1. Drag and drop the History Trend widget from the widget gallery to the page.



2. Attach the trend buffer that you want to draw to the Curve n Value. Data is always plotted against time.

History trend widget properties

Property	Description		
Num Curves Number of trend curves to be displayed			
Page Duration	Time window to show		
End Time	End time of the time window		
	This parameter can be used to scroll the time window. When zero, the end time is the current system time.		
Starting Position	Specifies where the curve begin to be drawn when the page is opened (can be left, center or right).		
Behavior	Definition of:		
	Min/Max of Y axis		
	Number of tickets to draw on the axes		
	Background image		
Text	Trend title and font properties (font size, label, etc.)		
Grid	Properties of grid presentation (colors)		
Cursor	Properties of cursor presentation (enable and color)		
X Scale	Properties of X Scale presentation		
Y Scale	Properties of Y Scale presentation		
Curve "n"	Buffer that contains the tag's values to plotted in the trend widget.		
	 Select Trend select the trend buffer to display Attach To select a tag (string) that will contain the name of the trend buffer to display (it is an indexed trend buffer selection) 		



Tag values can be scaled using the X Forms in the **Attach to** dialog. See ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details.

Printing historical trend widget

The historical trend widget can be found and used from the print report gallery.

Using the "attach to tag" feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the historical trend to print at runtime:

- Page Duration
- End Time
- Curve Name

"Page Duration" with "End Time" define the piece of the trend buffer to print. "Curve Name" can be used to select the curve to show. An empty string means no curve to show.

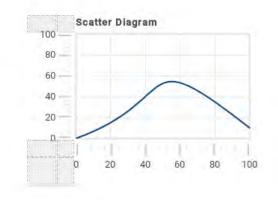


SetTrendView() and ScrollTrendToTime() are display macros and have no effect on report printing.

]	6 ₽ 6 ₽		
	Trend : HistoricTrend	1	
	Num Curves	3	
-	Page Duration	5 min	+
E	-	Duration	- -
	Access Type	R	-
_	End Time	0	
=		EndTime	+
	Access Type	R	-
	Starting position		
	Behavior	Right	
	Text		
	Grid		
	Cursor		
	X Scale		
	Y Scale		
=	Curve 1		
=	Curve 1 Trend		+
-	DataLink	Selector1_str	-
	Access Type	R	
	MinY	0	a +
	MaxY	100	a +
	Color	[255, 0, 0]	
	Stroke Width	2	
=	Curve 2		
=	Curve 2 Trend		+
=	DataLink	Selector2_str	-
	Access Type	R	
	MinY	0	a +
	MaxY	100	a +
	Color	[0, 0, 255]	<u>a</u> +
	Stroke Width	2	
	Curve 3		
æ	Curve 3		

Scatter diagram widget

A scatter diagram is a type of diagram to display values for two variables from a set of data using Cartesian coordinates. The data is displayed as a collection of points, each having the value of one variable determining the position on the horizontal axis and the value of the other variable determining the position on the vertical axis. For this reason it is often called XY graph.



Scatter diagram curves are obtained by a linear interpolation of points. To create a new scatter diagram:

- 1. Add a **Scatter Diagram** widget to the page.
- 2. Select the number of curves to show: each curve is named as Graph1, Graph2,...
- 3. Customize the general graph properties such as X Min, X Max, Grid details.
- 4. Define the max number of samples/values for each curve by setting the Max Samples parameter.

Here you set the max number of values to be displayed in the graph starting from first element in the array.

For example: Tag1[20] and Max Samples = 10 will show just first 10 elements of the Tag1 array.

5. Define for each curve the two tags of type array to be displayed (**X-Tag** and **Y-Tag**).

When the array tags change, you can force a refresh with the RefreshTrend action .



Note: Scatter diagrams support only the **RefreshTrend** action.

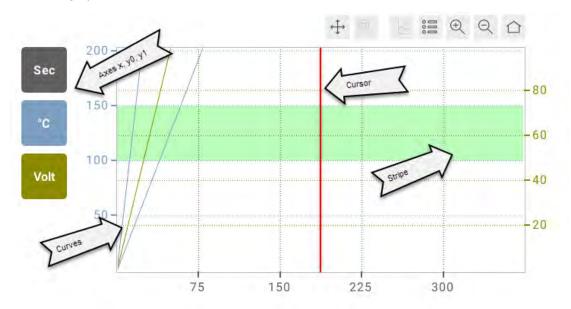
Printing scatter diagram widget

The scatter diagram widget can be found and used from the print report gallery. Note that using the attach to tag feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the scatter diagram to print at runtime.

Scatter chart widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Trends/Chart> Scatter Chart

A scatter chart is a type of diagram to display values for two variables from a set of data using Cartesian coordinates. The data is displayed as a collection of points, each having the value of one variable determining the position on the horizontal axis and the value of the other variable determining the position on the vertical axis. For this reason it is often called *XY graph*.



Parameters

Main Parameter	Description				
Axes Counter	Number of vertical (Y) axes.				
Curves Counter	Number of curves to draw				
Stripes Counter	The number of active strips.				
Cursor	Properties related to cursor enabling and its graphic style				
Style	Properties that allow you to customize the graphic style of the widget				
Scatter Update Pause	Curves update frequencies expressed in milliseconds.				
Auto Scaling	Properties to configure the automatic scaling feature.				
Font	Properties of the characters used in the graphic				
X Axis Y Axis 0 Y Axis 1	Properties to configure the style of the axes				
Curve 0 Curve 1 Curve 2	Properties to configure the curves to be drawn				
Stripe 0 Stripe 1 Stripe 2	Properties to add and configure the stripes on the charts				

Cursor Parameter	Description
Enable	Enable/Disable the visualization of the cursor
Label Enable	Enable the visualization of labels with the values of the curves intersected by the cursor
Position	Position of the cursor in the view. Can be between 0 and 1 (the default value is 0.5)
Color	The colors of the cursor
Labels Color	The colors of the labels with the values of the curves intersected by the cursor.
Labels Width Labels Height	Size of the labels with the value of the curves. The font size will be organized accordingly.

Style Parameter	Description
Horizontal Grid Lines	Number of suggested horizontal grid lines. Chart widget tries to respect these number, but giving priority to the values shown on Y Axis which should be beautiful to read. This means integer values when it is possible or at worst with a single decimal digit.
Vertical Grid Lines	Number of suggested vertical grid lines. Chart widget tries to respect these number, but giving priority to the values shown on X Axis which should be beautiful to read. This means integer values when it is possible or at worst with a single decimal digit.
Background	Background color of the widget
Foreground	Color of the text where is not explicitly defined (e.g. the unit of measure shown inside axes controls)
Axes Control Background Color	Background color of the built-in axes control
Axes Control Shadow Color	Shadow color of the built-in axes control
Chart Background Color	Background color of the chart area
Toolbar Buttons Size	Width and Height of the built-in toolbar buttons
Grid Values Width	Width of vertical grids values (Y axes)
Grid Values Height	Height of horizontal grid values (X axis)
Width of the axes buttons	Width of the axes buttons
Axes Button Height	Maximum height of the axes buttons
Toolbar Color	Color used for toolbar icons and related items (like zoom rectangle)
Toolbar Enable	Show/Hide the built-in toolbar (on the top)
Axes Control Enable	Show/Hide the built-in axes control (on the left)

Auto Scaling Parameter	Description
Auto Scaling Enable	Enable or disable the auto-scale feature. Auto-scale ensures that the X axis maximum always take into account the most recent values of the curves.
Toolbar Button Visible	Show or hide the auto-scale button on built-in toolbar.

Font Parameter	Description
Font	Font of the chart's strings
Font Maximum Pixel Size	Maximum pixel size. The chart adapts the font size based on available space
Font Style	Font style
Font Bold	Set the font bold

Axis Parameter	Description
Minimum	Axis minimum value
Maximum	Axis maximum value
Color	Axis color
Unit of measure	It is a label associated with the axis/curve
Show Unit Of Measure On Axis	Show unit of measure in the built-in axes control
Show Unit Of Measure On Grid	Show unit of measure in the grid values
Show Unit Of Measure On Cursor	Show unit of measure in the cursor labels (not available for X axis)

Curve Parameter	Description
Scatter Curve Type	Defines how the curve is updated :
	 DYNAMIC curve is updated continuously STATIC curve is updated only one time or with a specific action (see "ChartCommand" on page 229).
Scatter Tag X	X array tag to use for the X axis
Scatter Tag Y	Y array tag to use for the Y axis.
	The Y array size must be smaller than (or equal to) the X array size
Axis	Select the axis associated with the curve
Custom Color Enable	Enable or disable the curve custom color selection. If disabled the color used for the curve is the same as the associated axis.
Style	Curve style, can be:
	 SOLID DASH DOT DASH_DOT DASH_DOT_DOT
Line Width	Curve width in pixels. The maximum width is 5 pixels
Visible	Show/Hide the curve

Stripe Parameter	Description
Axis	Associated axis: • AXIS_X = Vertical stripe • AXIS_Yn = Horizontal stripe
Custom Color Enable	Enable or disable the stripe custom color selection. If disabled the color used for the stripe is the same as the associated axis.
Start Value	Stripe start value
End Value	Stripe end value

Built-in axes control

The Built-in axes control can be shown/hide from the "Axes Control Enable" property available inside the "Style Parameter" section.

The built-in axes control has a button for each defined axes. The first one on the top is related to X axis and the others with the defined Y axes.

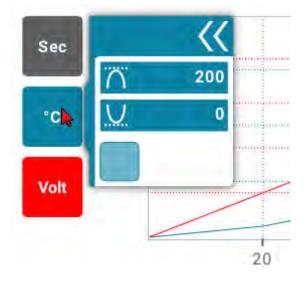
Each button is managing the OnMouseClick and the OnMOuseHold events:

OnMouseClick

Is a toggle that show/hide the associate curve (only Y axes)

OnMouseHold

If the button is held down for a couple of seconds, a small panel will be displayed where it will be possible to change the min/Max values of the axis.



Built-in toolbar

The Built-in toolbar can be shown/hide from the "Toolbar Enable" property available inside the "Style Parameter" section.

Toolbar Element	Description
$\stackrel{\text{(f)}}{\longleftrightarrow}$	Activate the moving of the graphic through gesture commands
	Activate the zoom mode through gesture commands
4	Activate the moving of the cursor through gesture commands
	Opens the X axis control pane
Ð	Zoom In the graphic
Q	Zoom Out the graphic
	Reset the graphic view

ChartCommand action

The same commands available from the Built-in toolbar are available through the actions (see "ChartCommand" on page 229)

Trend widget tips



Be aware that some properties are only available when the Properties pane is in Advanced view.

Values outside range or invalid

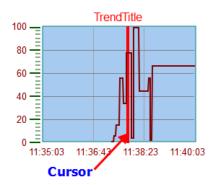
When trend value goes beyond the limits set for the trend widget, a dotted line is displayed. When the value of the tag is not available, for example the controller device is offline, no curve is drawn.

VNC - TightVI				
R 🖬 🖬 🗈	😏 🌚 🗿 Chri (Alt	ha €, ⊖, @, @, ∰		
08:24:25		Historical Trend		1 min 30 min
100.0				
- 80.0 <u>-</u>				6 min 12 min
-				✔ Curve1
60.0				✓ Curve2
40.0				Curve3
Ē				Curve4
20.0 -				Curve5
08:19	:00 08:20:00 08:2	1:00 08:22:00 08:23:00	08:24:00 08:25:0	0
Realtime				SB Free Space: 0 Mb
Historical	<< <	NOW > >	> PAUSE	USB Size: 0 Mb
Both	< < <	curON > >	>	DUMP DELETE

Showing trend values (cursor)

Trend cursor displays the trend value at a specific point.

Use the actions **ShowTrendCursor** and **ScrollTrendCursor** to enable the trend cursor and move it to the required point to get the value of the curve at that particular point in time.



To display the value of the trend cursor on the page, define a numeric field and attach it to the Cursor Value widget tag.

field1.value					
Source:	🔿 Tag	🔿 Alias	◯ System	Widget	
P → Search					
Name					^
▷ _AlarmsM	lgr				
▷ _EventMg	gr				
▷ _MultiLan					
Schedule	eMgr				
▷ field1					
HistoricTre					
Beha	vior				
▷ Curse					
Curve					
	Cursor Va				
	Curve 1 Ta	-			
-0	Curve 1 Ti	rend			
	raw Type	2			
	1axY				
	1inY				
 ∨	'isible				

In this example the Y axis value of the cursor is displayed.

To display the trend time stamp at the position of the cursor, use a Time/Data widget (available inside Basic->Controls category) and attach the widget's value to the **Cursor Timestamp** property of the trend widget.

field1.value	
Tield Lvalue	
Source: 🔿 Tag 🔿 Alias 🔿 System 💿 Widget 🔿 Recipe	
P- Search	
Name	^
▷ _AlarmsMgr	
▷ _EventMgr	
MultiLangMgr	
ScheduleMgr	
▷ field1	
4 HistoricTrend	
Behavior	
▲ Cursor	
Cursor Timestamp	

Modify trend widget properties at runtime

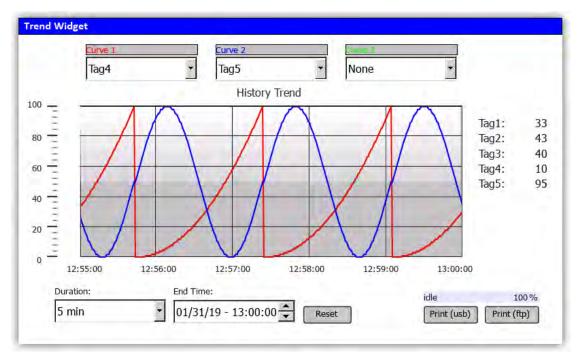
Using the attach to tag feature is possible to use tags to modifies some properties of the trend widgets at runtime.

Example 1

Using :

- Page Duration
- End Time
- Curve Name

is possible to modify from the runtime application the zoom factor, the window period and the curve to draw.

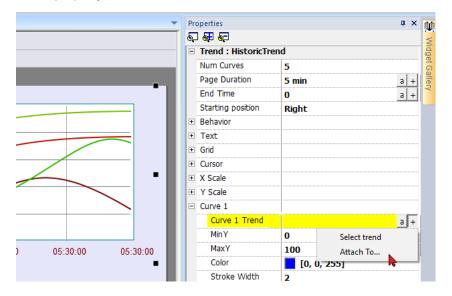


•) 💭 💭		
=	Trend : HistoricTrend		
_	Num Curves	3	
	Page Duration	5 min	+
-		Duration	-
	Access Type	R	
	End Time	0	+
=	DataLink	EndTime	-
	Access Type	R	
	Starting position	Right	
	Behavior		
	Text		
+	Grid		
	Cursor		
+	X Scale		
÷	Y Scale		
-	Curve 1		
-	Curve 1 Trend		+
=	DataLink	Selector1_str	-
	Access Type	R	
	MinY	0 a	+
	MaxY	100 a	+
	Color	[255, 0, 0]	
	Stroke Width	2	
-	Curve 2		
-	Curve 2 Trend		+
=	DataLink	Selector2_str	-
	Access Type	R	
	MinY	0 a	+
	MaxY	100 a	+
	Color	[0, 0, 255]	
	Stroke Width	2	
Ŧ	Curve 3		

1:Page1 Tags	×
+ - ^ ~ % 🖻	Variables:prot1
Name	Address
Duration	Duration int
EndTime	End Time time
Selector1_str	Selector1_str string [20]
Selector2_str	Selector2_str string [20]
Selector3_str	Selector3_str string [20]

Example 2

Curve property can be attached to a Combo Box to select the curve to draw



Prop	erties		# ×	Combo Box		
5 (🖶 🖅			COMDO BOX		
= Т	rend : HistoricTren	d1		🖂 险 Multila	nguage Lang1	▼ B I U Tahoma ▼
N	lum Curves	1		- ·		
Ρ	age Duration	5 min	a +	+-		[] ^Y] Data list
E	and Time	0	a +	Index	String List	Data List
S	Starting position	Right		0	First Trend	Trend 1.Name 1
e B	Sehavior			1	Second Trend	Trend 1. Name 2
ŧΤ	Fext					
+ G	Grid			2	Third Trend	Trend1.Name3
+ C	Cursor			3	Quarter Trend	Trend2.Name1
ΕX	Scale			4	Fifth Trend	Trend2.Name2
÷Υ	/ Scale			4	Firth Irend	Irend2.Name2
= C	Curve 1					
=	Curve 1 Trend	Trend1.Name1	+			OK Cancel
3	DataLink	itemData:Combo1	-			
	Access Type	R				
ŧ	MinY	0	+			
ŧ	MaxY	100	+			
	Color	[0, 0, 255]				
	Stroke Width	2				

Trend widget gestures

Trend widgets support gesture commands:

Gesture Description							
pan Touch the widget to scroll the curve within the widget area							
pinch	Use two fingers to pinch the curve and perform zoom operations						



WARNING: Only multi touch HMI devices can generate pinch events

Note: In order to support gestures on Y axis, Min/Max properties of the trend widget must be linked to Min/Max values of Behavior parameters (default for new trends).

Properties	₽×
é 🖞 🛍	
Trend : RealtimeTrend	
Num Curves	1
Page Duration	5 min +
Y Page Size	100 +
Starting position	Right
 Behavior 	
Min Y	0 +
Max Y	100 +
X Labels	4 +
Y Labels	6 +
Background Image	true
Text	
Cursor	
Y Scale	
Min	0 +
DataLink	y0:RealtimeTrend.wnd -
Access Type	R
Max	100 +
DataLink	y1:RealtimeTrend.wnd -
Access Type	R

Request Samples

Request Sample property can be set for each curve and indicates the maximum numbers of samples read by the widget at one time from the trend buffer.



Tip: You normally do not need to modify the default value. Adjust it to fine tune performances in the trend widget refresh, especially when working with remote clients.

Color bands

Use the color bands configuration to customize your graphs background, for example to make certain days or hours stand out (weekends, night hours, etc.).

- 1. In the **Properties** pane, in **Color Bands** property click +: the **Configure Bands** window appears.
- 2. Click + to add as many colors you need.

3. Select multiple cells and click on a color band to assign the color to the selected range of cells.

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	Color Bands: 🕂 🗕
Sunday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	1 ColorBand 1
Monday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4		1	2 ColorBand2
Tuesday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	3 ColorBand3
Wednesday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	4 ColorBand4
Thursday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	
Friday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	
Saturday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	

Note: This feature only uses local time in the trend widget, not the global time option.

Calendar color bands example



Table trend widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Trends/Graphs

Display contents of a trend buffer inside a widget

From: 02/21/22-12:34:21 To: 02/21/22-12:34:21		Ref	resh 5	Mins	~
Timestamp	Name1	Name2	Name3	Name4	Name5
02/21/22 - 12:34:09	0	0	0	0	Q
02/21/22 - 12:34:10	1	2	з	-4	.4
02/21/22 - 12:34:11	2	2	6	8	8
02/21/22 - 12:34:12	з	2	9	12	12
02/21/22 - 12:34:13	4	2	12	16	16
02/21/22 - 12:34:14	5	2	15	20	20

Buttons:

- REFRESH Retrieve trend data from internal buffer and refresh table view
- BACKWARD/FORWARD
 Move the display window forward or backward as specified in the duration parameter

Parameter	Description							
TrendName	Trend Buffer from which the samples are retrieved (see "Data logging" on page 276)							
Heading	Heading labels							
	The visible labels inside the HMWIN Studioeditor are only placeholders, the actual labels that will be displayed are defined in the trend configuration (see "Data logging" on page 276)							
Page Duration	Time window to show							
End Time	End time of the time window							
	This parameter can be used to scroll the time window. When zero, the end time is the current system time.							
Time Spec	Time format:							
	Local = show the time values of the HMI device.							
	Global = show the time values using UTC format.							
Date Format	Select the Date and Time format							
Table Layout	Defines the characteristics of the scroll bar and allows to remove the header of the table							

Adding or removing trend columns

To add or remove a column, double-click on the grid to enter edit mode and right-click on the column selector to open the context menu from where to insert or remove a column.

		\vee	\vee	\vee	\vee	\vee			
									olumn (left)
>	E	Timestamp] Name1	Name2	Name3	Name4	Name	Insert of Remove	olumn (right) column
>	E	[Data] [Data]	[Data]	Data]	Data]	🛾 Data		-
	-								
	_								
	-								
	_								
	-								
		L Backward						I Forward	-

Copy and past fields from another column

R		<u> </u>							
	E	Timestamp]	Name1	Name2	Name3	Name4	Name <u>5</u>	
\geq	Γ	Data]	Data]	Data]	Data]	Data]	[Data]	_
Ξ									

Then use the properties panel to select the trend element to add to the new columns

		-	
	•	Properties	
'gt.label13 ∨ 🕒 🔻 🔂 🔻]↔[🕶		07 07 07	
		🗉 Text : Trend	TableNew.TableWgt.label13
		🗆 Text	Name5
	^	DataLink	Name5:TrendTableNew.TrendSrcW
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Access	R
		Events	
Name1 Name2 Name3 Name4 Name5 Name5			
[Data] [Data] [Data] [Data] [Data]			
TrendTableNew.TableWgt.label13.text			
Source: O Tag O Alias O System Widget O Recipe			
₽- Search			
Name	~		
AlarmsMgr			
Page1			
4 TrendTableNew			
▷ General			
Heading			
Page Duration			
Position			
 TrendTableNew.TrendSrcWgt 			
- Name 1			
- Name2			
- Name3			
- Name4			
Name5			
3 Name6			
TimeStamp			

•	Pr	operties			
'gt.label13 ∨ 🕒 ▼ 🔂 ▼]↔[▼	6] 👫 🕙			
		Text : Trend	TableNew.TableWgt.label14		
		Text	Data		
<u>^</u>			Name5:TrendTableNew.TrendSrcWgt		
		Access			
	+	Events			
Name1 Name2 Name3 Name4 Name5 Name5					
[Data] [Data] [Data] [Data] [Data]					
TrendTableNew.TableWgt.label14.text					
Source: O Tag O Alias O System O Widget O Recipe					
P- Search					
Name					
> _AlarmsMgr					
▷ _EventMgr					
_MultiLangMgr					
Page1					
4 TrendTableNew					
▷ General					
Heading					
Page Duration					
Position					
 TrendTableNew.TrendSrcWgt 					
Name 1					
Name2					
Name3					
Name4					
Name5					
6 Name6					
TimeStamp					

Printing trend table

A trend table widget without buttons can be found and used from the print report gallery. The table can be drawn and enlarged to fill the entire page. If the number of lines to printed is greater of one page, the trend table will be printed using additional pages. See the "Table of functions and limits" on page 584 for the max number of printable rows.

Using the "attach to tag" feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the historical trend to print at runtime:

- Page Duration
- End Time
- Curve Name

"Page Duration" with "End Time" define the piece of the trend buffer to print. "Curve Name" can be used to select the curve to show. An empty string means no curve to show.



SetTrendView() and ScrollTrendToTime() are display macros and have no effect on report printing.

	operties		φ×	1 –	1:Page1	Tags X
	Trend : HistoricTrend				~~	🖌 🖻 🗉
					Name	
	Num Curves	3			Duration EndTime	Dur
	Page Duration	5 min	+		Selector1_str	Sele
=	DataLink	Duration	-		Selector2_str	Sele
	Access Type	R			Selector3_str	Sele
-	End Time	0	+			
-	DataLink	EndTime	-			
	Access Type	R				
	Starting position	Right				
+	Behavior					
+	Text					
+	Grid					
÷	Cursor					
÷	X Scale					
+	Y Scale					
-	Curve 1					
Ξ	Curve 1 Trend		+	n -		
=	DataLink	Selector1_str	-			
	Access Type	R		1		
	MinY	0	a +	r		
	MaxY	100	a +	4		
	Color	[255, 0, 0]	<u>a</u> +	1		
	Stroke Width	2				
	Curve 2	2				
E	Curve 2 Trend			r		
F	DataLink		+			
		Selector2_str	-	1		
	Access Type	R		ar l		
	MinY	0	a +			
	MaxY	100	a +			
	Color	[0, 0, 255]				
	Stroke Width	2				
	Curve 3					

1:Page1 Tags x				
+ - ^ ~ 4	🕻 🐚 📖 🔰 🌔 🖏 Variables:prot1			
Name	Address			
Duration	Duration int			
EndTime	EndTime time			
Selector1_str	Selector1_str string [20]			
Selector2_str	Selector2_str string [20]			
Selector3_str	Selector3_str string [20]			

22 Data transfer

Data transfer allows you transferring variable data from one device to another. Using this feature an HMI device can operate as a gateway between two devices, even if they do not use the same communication protocol.

Data transfer editor	306
Exporting data to .csv files	. 308
Data transfer limitations and suggestions	308

Data transfer editor

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Data transfer

Use the Data transfer editor to map transfer rules.

Each line in the Data transfer editor defines a mapping rule between two tags. Define more mapping rules if you need different direction, update method or trigger.

	TAG A	TAG B	Direction	Update method	Trigger	Low limit	High limit	Enable	on Startup
1	COIL_1	2_COIL_1	A->B	On update		0	0		
2	COIL_2	2_COIL_2	A->B	On update		0	0		
3	ANALOG_1	2_ANALOG_1	A<->B	On update		0	0		
4	ANALOG_2	2_ANALOG_2	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer1	0	0		
5	ANALOG_3	2_ANALOG_3	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer1	0	0		
-	ANALOG_4	2_ANALOG_4	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer2	-2	20		

To add a new rule, click +: a new tag line is added.

Data transfer toolbar

Prameter Description	
Import/ Export	Imports or exports data transfer settings from or to a .csv file.
Search	Displays only rows containing the search keyword.
Filter by	Display only rows matching filter and search field.

Data transfer parameters

Prameter	Description
TAG A/ TAG B	Pair of tags to be mapped for exchanging through the HMI device.
Direction	Transfer direction.
	A->B and B->A : Unidirectional transfers, values are always copied from one tag and sent to the other tag in the specified direction.
	A<->B: Bidirectional transfer, values are transferred to and from both tags.
Update Method	On trigger : Data transfer occurs when the value of the tag set as trigger changes above or below the values set as boundaries. Limits are recalculated on the previous tag value, the same that triggered the update.
	Note: This method applies only to unidirectional transfers (A->B or B->A).

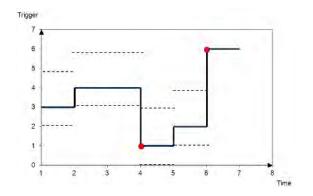
Tag editor Rate parameter. If Rate setting for source Tag is 500 ms (default), the system checks for updates every 500 ms.Trigger, High limit, Low limitTag that triggers the data transfer process. When this tag changes its value outside the boundaries set as High limit and Low limit, data transfer is started. The range o tolerance is recalculated according to the specified limits on the tag value which triggered the previous update. No action is taken if the change falls within the limits. This mechanism allows triggering data transfers only when significant variations of the reference values occur.Low limit is less or equal to zero.Image: Image:	Prameter	Description						
Image: transfers (A->B, B->A and A<->B). Image: transfer (A->B, B, B->A and A<->B). Image: transfer (A->B, B, B->A and A<->B). Image: transfer (A->B, B, B). Image: transfer (A->B, B).		On Update : Data transfer occurs whenever the value of the source tag changes.						
when using On Trigger or tags to transfer when using On Update) based of Tag editor Rate parameter. If Rate setting for source Tag is 500 ms (default), the system checks for updates every 500 ms. Trigger, Note: Changes on source tags faster than Rate may be not detected . Trigger, Tag that triggers the data transfer process. When this tag changes its value outside the boundaries set as High limit and Low limit, data transfer is started. The range of tolerance is recalculated according to the specified limits on the tag value which triggered the previous update. No action is taken if the change falls within the limits. This mechanism allows triggering data transfers only when significant variations of the reference values occur. Low limit is less or equal to zero. Note: If both Low limit and High limit are set to "0", data transfer occurs whenever the value of the trigger tag changes. Enable Enable or disable the data transfer. When selected, data transfer is forced: on Startup When selected, data transfer is forced: • on HMI startup if the quality of the source tag is good								
Trigger, High limit, Low limitTag that triggers the data transfer process. When this tag changes its value outside the boundaries set as High limit and Low limit, data transfer is started. The range o tolerance is recalculated according to the specified limits on the tag value which triggered the previous update. No action is taken if the change falls within the limits. This mechanism allows triggering data transfers only when significant variations of the reference values occur. Low limit is less or equal to zero.Image: Description of the specified limit and High limit are set to "0", data transfer occurs whenever the value of the trigger tag changes.Image: Description of the specified limit and High limit are set to "0", data transfer occurs whenever the value of the trigger tag changes.Image: Description of the specified limit and High limit are set to "0", data transfer occurs whenever the value of the trigger tag changes.Image: Description of the specified limit and transfer is forced: on StartupImage: Description of the source tag is good		when using On Trigger or tags to transfer when using On Update) based on Tag editor Rate parameter. If Rate setting for source Tag is 500 ms						
High limit, Low limitthe boundaries set as High limit and Low limit, data transfer is started. The range of tolerance is recalculated according to the specified limits on the tag value which triggered the previous update. No action is taken if the change falls within the limits. This mechanism allows triggering data transfers only when significant variations of the reference values occur. Low limit is less or equal to zero.Image: Description of the trigger tag changes.Image: Description of the tag		Note: Changes on source tags faster than Rate may be not detected .						
the reference values occur. Low limit is less or equal to zero. Image: Second	High limit,	the boundaries set as High limit and Low limit , data transfer is started. The range of tolerance is recalculated according to the specified limits on the tag value which						
Image: Note: If both Low limit and High limit are set to "0", data transfer occurs whenever the value of the trigger tag changes.EnableEnable or disable the data transfer.on StartupWhen selected, data transfer is forced: • on HMI startup if the quality of the source tag is good								
whenever the value of the trigger tag changes. Enable Enable or disable the data transfer. on Startup When selected, data transfer is forced: • on HMI startup if the quality of the source tag is good		Low limit is less or equal to zero.						
on Startup When selected, data transfer is forced: • on HMI startup if the quality of the source tag is good								
 on HMI startup if the quality of the source tag is good 	Enable	Enable or disable the data transfer.						
	on Startup	When selected, data transfer is forced:						
		 on HMI startup if the quality of the source tag is good 						
 after communication errors, when the associate device nodes return active 		 after communication errors, when the associate device nodes return active 						
See "Objects" on page 523 for details on quality.		See "Objects" on page 523 for details on quality.						
Important: Data transfers executed on startup may have major impact on the HMI device boot time. Enable this option only when necessary.		impact on the HMI device boot time. Enable this option only when						

Example of limit setting

High limit = 1,9

Low limit = - 0,9

• = points where the data transfer is triggered



Exporting data to .csv files

Configuration information for data transfers can be exported to a .csv file.

Example of data transfer settings in .csv file

В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J
2_COIL_1	A->B	On update		0	0	data1	true	1
2_COIL_2	A->B	On update		0	0	data2	true	1
2_ANALOG_1	A<->B	On update		0	0	data3	true	1
2_ANALOG_2	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer1	0	0	data4	true	1
2_ANALOG_3	B->A	On trigger	Enable_Transfer1	0	0	data5	true	1
2_ANALOG_4	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer2	-10	20	data6	true	1
	2_COIL_1 2_COIL_2 2_ANALOG_1 2_ANALOG_2 2_ANALOG_3	2_COIL_1 A->B 2_COIL_2 A->B 2_ANALOG_1 A<->B 2_ANALOG_2 A->B 2_ANALOG_3 B->A	2_COIL_1A->BOn update2_COIL_2A->BOn update2_ANALOG_1A<->BOn update2_ANALOG_2A->BOn trigger2_ANALOG_3B->AOn trigger	2_COIL_1 A->B On update 2_COIL_2 A->B On update 2_ANALOG_1 A<->B On update 2_ANALOG_2 A->B On trigger 2_ANALOG_3 B->A On trigger	2_COIL_1 A->B On update 0 2_COIL_2 A->B On update 0 2_ANALOG_1 A<->B On update 0 2_ANALOG_2 A->B On trigger Enable_Transfer1 0 2_ANALOG_3 B->A On trigger Enable_Transfer1 0	2_COIL_1 A->B On update 0 0 2_COIL_2 A->B On update 0 0 2_ANALOG_1 A<->B On update 0 0 2_ANALOG_2 A->B On update 0 0 2_ANALOG_3 B->A On trigger Enable_Transfer1 0 0	2_COIL_1 A->B On update 0 0 data1 2_COIL_2 A->B On update 0 0 data2 2_ANALOG_1 A<->B On update 0 0 data3 2_ANALOG_2 A->B On trigger Enable_Transfer1 0 0 data4 2_ANALOG_3 B->A On trigger Enable_Transfer1 0 0 data5	2_COIL_1 A->B On update 0 0 data1 true 2_COIL_2 A->B On update 0 0 data2 true 2_ANALOG_1 A<->B On update 0 0 data3 true 2_ANALOG_2 A->B On trigger Enable_Transfer1 0 0 data4 true

Column	Description				
A to G	Same data as in the Data transfer editor				
н	Unique identifier automatically associated to each line.				
	Important: When you edit the .csv file and you add any extra line, make sure you enter a unique identifier in this column.				
Lond	Decenved for future use				

I and J Reserved for future use.



Import/export use the separator character defined inside Windows Regional Settings.

Data transfer limitations and suggestions

Correct definition of data transfer rules is critical for the good performance of the HMI devices. To guarantee reliability of operation and performance, keep in mind the following rules.

On trigger method

The On trigger method allows only unidirectional transfers, (A->B or B->A)

Data transfer based on the **On Trigger** mode should be preferred since it allows you to force the transfer and monitors only the trigger tags and not all the tags involved in the transfer.

On update method

The **On update** method allows changing the values in accordance with the direction settings only when the source value changes.

Using the **On Update** method you force the system to continuously read all the defined source tags to check if there are changes that need to be transferred. The default value of the update rate of each tag is 500 ms and can be modified with Tag editor.

Performance observations

Data transfer performance depends on:

- number of data transfers defined,
- number of data transfers eventually occurring at the same time,
- frequency of the changes of the PLC variables that are monitored,



Important: Always test performance of operation during project development.



Important: If inappropriately set, data transfer tasks can lead to conditions where the tags involved create loops. Identify and avoid such conditions.



Tip: Use the scheduler to calibrate the update rate based on the performance of your entire project.



Tip: Use array type tags to optimize data transfer and reduce workload.



Tip: Reduce the number of data transfers to reduce page change time and boot time.

23 Offline node management

When one of the controllers communicating with the HMI device goes offline, communication performance of the system may eventually decrease.

The offline node management feature recognizes offline controllers and removes them from communication until they come back online.

Additionally, if you know that any of the controllers included in the installation is going to be offline for a certain time, you can manually disable it to maximize system performance.



Note: This feature is not supported by all communication protocols. Check protocol documentation to know if it is supported or not.

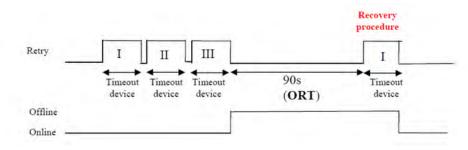
Offline node management process	
Manual offline node management process	
Manual offline configuration	
Automatic offline node detection	

Offline node management process

Steps of the process are:

- The system communicates normally with a certain device. When the device is not responding to a communication request, the system will repeat the request twice before declaring the device offline.
- When a device is offline, the system sends communication requests to the device with a longer interval, called Offline Retry Timeout. If the device answers to one of these requests, the system declares it online and restarts normal communication.

The diagram shows the three communication attempts and the recovery procedure that starts when the Offline Retry Timeout is elapsed.



Manual offline node management process

Offline node management can be done manually. When a specific device is online and it is communicating normally you can:

- use an action to declare the device offline: the system stops communication with the device.
- use an action to declare the device online: the system restarts normal communication with the device.

Manual offline configuration

When you know that some devices in communication with the HMI device are going to remain offline for a certain period of time, you can exclude them from communication using the **EnableNode** action.



WARNING: All disabled device nodes will remain disabled if the same project is downloaded on the device, on the other hand, if a different project is downloaded, all disabled devices will be reenabled. The same happens with a package update.



Tip: To make this feature more dynamic, you may decide not to indicate a specific **NodelD** but attach it to the value of a tag or to an internal variable created to identify different devices that might be installed in your network.



Note: When using the action **EnableNode** to force a device node back online, communication will start immediately.

Automatic offline node detection

When a device is not answering to communication requests, it is de-activated. The HMI device stops sending requests to this device. After three seconds, the HMI device sends a single command to check if device is available, if so the communication is restarted, otherwise it is disabled for another timeout interval.

Default settings can be modified in Protocol editor.

	1:Page1 protocols* x						
H	- ~ ~ 🖓						
	PLC	Configuration	Dictionaries	Enable Offline Algorithm	Offline Retry Timeout (s)		
	Modbus RTU:prot1	CfgVer=1 defNodeId=1 timeout=2000	None available	V	3		
Þ	System Variables:prot2	CfgVer=1 model=Default	None available		Not applicable		



Note: Not all protocols support this feature.

Parameter	Description
Enable Offline Algorithm	Enables offline management for the protocol
Offline Retry Timeout	Interval in seconds for the retry cycle after a device has been deactivated. Range: 1–86.400 seconds (24h).

24 Multi-language

Multi-language feature has been designed for creating HMI applications that include texts in more than one language at the same time

Multi-language feature uses code pages support to handle the different languages. A code page (or a script file) is a collection of letter shapes used inside each language.

Multi-language feature can be used to define languages and character sets in a project. HMWIN Studio also extends the TrueType Fonts provided by Windows systems to provide different font faces associated with different character sets.

HMWIN Studio also allows you to provide strings for each of the languages supported.

HMWIN Studio also allows you to change the display language so that you can see the page look and feel during the design phase.

Appropriate fonts may need to be installed to manage the different languages. When adding font files, be aware that there may be license rights that need to be acquired in order to use them.



On the Internet, is easy to find several fonts provided with the open-source license as, e.g., the Noto family offered by Google (<u>www.google.com/get/noto</u>)

The Multi-language editor	
Changing language	
Multi-language widgets	
Exporting/importing multi-language strings	
Changing language at runtime	
Limitations in Unicode support	

The Multi-language editor

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click MultiLanguage

prj-v192	Langu	ages Text						
	+	Add	Delete				 Save Font 	📥 Default
		Language Name	Language Code	Writing system	Default Font	Fonts	Size	Storage
Config	1	<english></english>	en	Any	Tahoma	1	680.57 Kb	Removable
I Tags	2	Italian	it	Any	Arial	2	884.05 Kb	🔲 Removable
- Exercise Reports								
Alarms								
📌 Events Buffer								
Scheduler								

Language settings

Parameter	Description
Language Name	Name identifying the language in the project.
Language Code	ISO 639 language code identifier, used to match language items when importing resources from external xml files.
Writing system	Select the set of fonts to be used with the language
Default Font	Default font for project's widgets. Note: When you choose a new font you are prompted to replace the font used in the widgets you already created.
Fonts	Number of fonts associated with the selected language.
Size	Memory used to store font files.
Storage	Location of file fonts is a removable external memory. Tip: Store large font files on removable memory to free memory requirements in the HMI device.

Adding a language

- 1. In the Languages tab, click +: a line is added to the table.
- 2. Enter all language settings.
- 3. Click **Default** to set the selected language as the default language when the Runtime starts.
- 4. Click **Save Font** to copy the fonts you marked as **Removable** on an external memory.



Important: Font files configured to be stored on removable memory must be provided to the final user to complete font installation on the HMI device.

Removing fonts

To remove fonts no longer needed:

1. Click on the font number in the Multi-language editor: a dialog with the list of the used fonts is displayed.

Fonts	Size		
2	Language: Englis		
2	Fonts	Size	
1	Arial	754.34 Kb	
	Comic Sans MS	129.72 Kb	Remove

2. Select the fonts to be removed and click Remove: removed fonts are replaced with the default font.

Language Keyboards

Up to three different custom keyboards can be defined for each language. The runtime will then select the keyboard based on the active language.

How to configure:

- 1. Create your own keyboards (eg KeyPad-EN and KeyPad-IT)
- 2. For each language, select the associated custom keyboard
- 3. In the data fields, select the keyboard of the language to use (e.g. keypad1).

The application on the HMI device will display the custom keyboard according to the selected language

Add	🗱 Delete							Save Font	Default
	Language Name	Language Code	Writing system	Default Font	Fonts	Size	Storage		Keypad
	<english></english>	en-US	Any	Roboto	3	666.06 Kb	Removable	KeyPad-	EN;default;derau
	Italiano	it-IT	Any	Roboto	.1.	333.05 Kb	Removable	KeyPad	IT;default;defau
						Select keypads		1	
11	 Dictionaries Keypads 					Keypad 1 KeyPad-EN	~		
	🕮 1 : Alphabet				(2		
	2 : Calendar 🛗 3 : Numeric					Keypad 2 default	~		
	4 : KeyPad-IT		- Propert	ies	# × 🕸	Keypad 3 default	~	1	
	5 : KeyPad-EN	a		s∓ s⊒					
			🗄 Fiel	d : Text	widget Gallery				
			Valu		a + 🔂		OK Cancel	T.	
			Nur	nber Format None	llery			1	
		Text	Key € Eve		eypad1				

Changing language

Changing language during page design

A combo box is available for changing language during page design. If no texts appears, please check **Text** tab in the Multilanguage editor and insert missing string.

File Edit Run Format View Wi	ndow Help
	◇ ◎ 。 回日 ④ ④
🗈 🖉 🛛 Italian 🔹 🛓	
Projectview 🖛 🖛 🗙	1:Page1 MultiLang x
	I.Pagel WuluLang X

Multi-language widgets

Multi-language support is available for objects such as buttons, static text, messages, alarm descriptions and pop-up messages.

Multi-language for label widgets

Double-click on a text widget in a page to open the Text dialog.

ext				
🛛 🖗 Multilanguage 🛛 Lang	1	→ B I U Roboto	•	~ >]
Label				
-		-		
Choose text from other	widgets 🗸	Enable Live Tags	OK	Cancel

Enable/disable multi-language function, edit the text for the selected language and choose the font.



Note: Bold, italic and color properties set here for the widget are applied to all languages .

Parameter	Description
Multilanguage	Enable/disable multi-language function for the widget.
Choose text from other widget	Click on button to browse existing message strings in project to pick text for the widget.

Multi-language for message widgets

Double-click on a message widget in a page to open the Message Text dialog.

			` `
+	-	Continuous Index Min: 0	
	Index	Message Description	
1	0	Zero	
2	1	One	
3	2	Two	
4	3	Three	

Parameter	Description
Multilanguage	Enable/disable multi-language function for the widget.
Continuous Index	Index for the widget is set of contiguous numbers (example 3, 4,5,6)
Min	Starting number for index
Range	Number of messages
Choose text from other widget	Click on button to browse existing message strings in project to pick text for the widget.

Multi-language for alarm messages

To add a multi-language strings for alarm messages:

- 1. Open the Alarm editor.
- 2. Select a language using the language combo box.
- 3. Enter the text for the alarm in the **Description** column.

H -	🎽 🐧	© >]	[> P-	Search	· · · · ·	Filter by: Name	▼ Alarms used: 9/2000	٥
ame	Groups	Enable	Ack	Trigger	Tag	Description	Property	Value
Alarm 1				bitMaskAlarm:0	MRTU1	Load alarm page	Name	Alarm 1
Alarm2		\checkmark		deviationAlarm:50.0 - 20.0	MRTU2	Increase alarm counter	Groups	
Alarm3		\leq	\checkmark	limitAlarm: 10-100	Tag1		Enable	true
Alarm4			Ц	valueAlarm:30	Tag2		Ack	true
Alarm5			H	valueAlarm:@Tag4 bitMaskAlarm:0	Tag3		Reset	false
Alarm6 Alarm7			H	bitMaskAlarm:0	Application/IOCO Application/IOCO		Buffer	AlarmBuffer 1
Alarm8			H	deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0			Trigger	bitMaskAlarm:0
Alarm9			Н	deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0			Tag	MRTU1
							Remote Enable	none
							Remote Ack	none
							Ack Notify	none
							Action	LoadPage
							UserAction	
							Description	Coad alarm page
							Color	
							Ack Blink	false
							Severity	1-low
							Events	76,76,1,1
							Custom Field 1	
							Custom Field 2	



Tip: Text labels with alarm states displayed by alarms widgets can be translated or personalized through the Multilanguage text editor.

Multi-Language for pop-up messages

To add a multi-language pop-up message:

- 1. Select a language from the language combo box.
- 2. Add the Page action ShowMessage and enter the text in the selected language.

ShowMessage()	Macro Script			
	ShowDialog	*	Macro Properties	
	Tag Actions		E ShowMess	age
	Data Transfer ToggleBit Write Tag Step Tag System Actions Restart EnterCFGMode EnterOPMode SaveConfiguration Control UserLED	-	message	Italian Pop up message

Exporting/importing multi-language strings

The easiest way to translate a project into multiple languages is to export all texts to a .csv file, translate the resulting document and then import the translated text back into the project.



Important: The .csv file exported by HMWIN Studio is coded in Unicode, to edit it you need a specific tool supporting Unicode encoded .csv files.

Exporting and reimporting strings

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click MultiLanguage

To export and re-import multi-language strings:

1. In the Text tab, click Export: all multi-language strings are exported to a .csv file.

			San In	nport 🔨 Ex	port
Page	Widgetid	Lang1	Lang2	Lang3	
TemplatePage1	label1:text	Label	Label	Label	
TemplatePage1	label2:text	Label	Label	Label	
TemplatePage1	label9:text				
Page1.jmx	label3:text				
Page1.jmx	label4:text	Label	Label	Label	
Page1.jmx	label5:text	Label	Label	Label	
Page1.jmx	label6:text	Reset	Reset	Reset	
Page1.jmx	label7:text	Ack	Ack	Ack	
Page1.jmx	table2:tableCol	Select	Select	Select	
Page1.jmx	table2:tableCol	Name	Name	Name	
Page1.jmx	table2:tableCol	State	State	State	



Important: Set all languages that will be used in the project before exporting the file. This will guarantee that the exported file will contain all columns and language definitions.

guages. Text				28		2.0
				Sa Import	K Export	Save
Page	Widgetid	Lang1	Lang2	Lang3		
Project1.jpr	_AlarmsMgr:Al					
Project1.jpr	_AlarmsMgr:Al					
Project1.jpr	_AlarmsMgr:Al					
TemplatePage1	label1:text					
TemplatePage1	label2:text					
Page1.jmx	labell:text	Reset	Reset	Reset		
Page1.jmx	label4:text	Ack	Ack	Ack		
Page	Widgetid	<langl></langl>	Lang2	Lang3		
Project1.jpr	_AlarmsMgr:Al					
Project1.jpr	_AlarmsMgr:Al					
Project1.jpr	_AlarmsMgr:Al					
TemplatePage1	labell:text					
TemplatePage1	label2:text					
Pagel.jmx	label1:text	Reset	Reset	Reset		
Pagel imv	label4 text	Ack	Ack	Ack		

- 2. Once the strings have been translated, click **Import** to re-import them into the project: strings are imported matching the widget ID and the page number of each widget.
- 3. Click Save to save the new widget data.



Note: To change the separator used in the exported file, change the regional settings of your computer. When importing, the separator information is retrieved from the file; if not found, the default character "," is used.

Import constraints

The following formats are supported for import:

- Comma Separated Values (.csv)
- Unicode Text (.txt)



Note: Use the Unicode Text file format when you import a file modified using Microsoft® Excel®.

Changing language at runtime

Changing language with an action

After the project download, the HMI Runtime will start using the language set as default. You can change the language using the **SetLanguage** action. See "MultiLanguage actions" on page 187.



Note: Once the language has been changed, it will be used also in future sessions.

The active language code is available from JavaScript API. See "curLangCode" on page 541 for additional details.

Missing fonts

When you change language, if the required fonts are not available in the device memory, a pop-up message prompts you to insert the memory card containing the missing fonts. At the end of the operation you can remove the memory card.



Limitations in Unicode support

HMWIN Studio has been designed for working with Unicode text. However, for compatibility issues with some platforms, Unicode is supported only in a subset of properties.

Area	Property	Charset Accepted	Reserved Chars/Strings
Protocol editor	Alias	ASCII [32126]	(space),;:.<*>'
Tag editor Name		ASCII [32126]	\/*?:>< "&#%;=
	Group	ASCII [32126]	<new> \/*?:>< "&#%;</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Comment</th><th>Unicode</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Trends</th><th>Name</th><th>ASCII [32126]</th><th>\/*?:>< "&#%;</th></tr><tr><th>Printing Reports</th><th>Name</th><th>ASCII [32126]</th><th>\/*?:>< "&#%;</th></tr></tbody></table></new>

Area	Property	Charset Accepted	Reserved Chars/Strings
Alarms	Name	ASCII [36126]	\/*?:>< "&#%;
	Description	Unicode	[] - for live tags, \ escape seq for [and \
Events	Buffer Name	ASCII [32126]	\/*?:>< "&#%;</td></tr><tr><td>Scheduler</td><td>Name</td><td>ASCII [32126]</td><td>\/*?:>< "&#%;</td></tr><tr><td>Languages</td><td>Language Name</td><td>ASCII [32126]</td><td>\/*?:>< "&#%;</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Texts in widgets</td><td>Unicode</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Texts from import files</td><td>Unicode</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>User Group</td><td>Group Name</td><td>a-z A-Z_</td><td>admin,guest,unauthorized</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Comments</td><td>Unicode</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>User</td><td>Name</td><td>ASCII [32126]</td><td>\/*?:>< "&#%;</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Password</td><td>Unicode</td><td colspan=2>-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Comment</td><td>Unicode</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>Recipes</td><td>Name</td><td>ASCII [32126]</td><td>\/*?:.>< "&%;,</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Set Name</td><td>ASCII [32126]</td><td>\/*?:.>< "&%;,</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Element name</td><td>ASCII [32126]</td><td>\/*?:.>< "&%;,</td></tr><tr><td>General</td><td>Project Name</td><td>A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_</td><td>"PUBLIC", "readme", "index.html"</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Page Name</td><td>A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Dialog Page Name</td><td>A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Template Page Name</td><td>A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Keypad Name</td><td>A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Files (Images/Video/etc)</td><td>A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Widgets ID</td><td>A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>Runtime</td><td>PLC Communication</td><td>UTF-8, Latin1, UCS-2BE, UCS-2LE, UTF-16BE, UTF-16LE</td><td>-</td></tr></tbody></table>

Area	Property	Charset Accepted	Reserved Chars/Strings
OPCUA	Node name	Unicode	\"
	Manufacture name	Unicode	\"
	Product name	Unicode	\"
	Server name	Unicode	\"
	Organization	Unicode	\"
	Location	Unicode	\"
	State	Unicode	\"
	Country	Unicode	\"
	DNS	Unicode	\"
	IP Address	Unicode	\"
Corvina	Activation key and end point	Unicode	-
MQT	OnChange	Unicode	-
	OnTimer	Unicode	-
	All editable fields	Unicode	-
Data Base Links	Name	Unicode	-
	DSN	Unicode	-
	Username	Unicode	-
	Password	Unicode	-
	Description	Unicode	-
	Database	Unicode	-

25 Scheduler

HMWIN Studio provides a scheduler engine that can execute specific actions at set intervals, or on a time basis.

Creating a schedule is typically a two-step process:

- 1. You create a schedule with a list of actions to be executed when the scheduled event occurs. You do this in the Scheduler editor
- 2. You create a runtime user interface that allows the end-user to change settings for each schedule. You do this adding a **Scheduler** widget to a page of your project and configuring it to fit user scheduling needs.

Creating a schedule	326
HighResolution schedule	327
Recurring schedule	327
Configuring location for schedules	
Configuring the Scheduler widget	329
Scheduling events at runtime	330

Creating a schedule

Path: ProjectView> Config> double-click Scheduler

• Click + to add a schedule.

ProjectView	ά×	1:Page1* protocols	Tags Alarms* E	vents Buffer* Scheduler* 🗙
+ - 4 🔨	\sim	+ - ^ ~		
🖃 🚍 Project1		ID Name	Туре	Schedule
🕞 Project1		1 Schedule1	Recurring	Daily, Time, 04:19 PM
🚊 🛅 Pages		▶ 2 Schedule2	Recurring	Daily, Time, 04:19 PM
🖿 1 : Page1	/	E		
🚊 🛅 Config				
- Protocols				
🛅 Tags				
Trends	/			
- 🔔 Alarms	/			
📝 Events Buffer				
Scheduler				
MultiLanguage				
La comise				

Schedule parameters

Parameter	Description		
ID	Unique code assigned automatically to the schedule		
Name	Name of schedule		
Туре	Type of schedule:		
	 Recurring, see "Recurring schedule" on the facing page for details. HighResolution, see "HighResolution schedule" on the facing page for details 		
Schedule	Scheduler settings and options. See "Recurring schedule" on the facing page for details.		
Action	 Actions to be executed at the scheduled time The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of the below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. HM4Web). loadPage prevPage nextPage showDialog showMessage 		
Priority	setLanguage jsAction Priority level for the event. If two schedules occur at the same time, the event with the higher priority will be executed first.		

HighResolution schedule

The **HighResolution** schedule is used to perform actions that need to be repeated at specified intervals. The interval between executions is set in milliseconds in the **Schedule** column.



Note: You cannot change at runtime the settings of this type of schedule. If you need to change the action time settings at runtime, choose **Recurring** schedule and set **Type** to **Every**. See "Recurring schedule" below for details.

Recurring schedule

The Recurring schedule is used to perform actions at specified points in time. Settings can be modified at runtime.

Recurring scheduler parameters

Parameter	Description		
Туре	Frequency of the scheduled actions		
Mode	Specific settings required by each scheduler type		
Condition	Boolean tag (true/false) to activate the specified actions at the moment the timer is triggered. Actions will be executed if tag = true. By default, actions are executed when the timer is triggered. Note: Only tags attached to the Boolean data type are shown.		
Actions	Actions to be executed by the schedule. Important: Actions and schedule parameters cannot be modified at runtime		
Date	Date when the scheduled actions will be executed		
Time/Offset	This field display one of the following:		
	Time = when the scheduled actions will be executed		
	Offset= delay or advance with respect to the selected mode.		
Location	Reference location to calculate sunset/sunrise time.		
weekdays	Days of the week in which the scheduled actions will be executed.		
On startup	Executes schedule at start up		
Enable schedule	Enables/disables the schedule		
Execute only at startup	Executes the schedule only once at start up		

Schedule type options

Option	Description		
By Date	Actions are executed on the specified date and time.		
Daily	Actions are executed daily at the specified time.		
Every	Actions are executed with the specified interval (Range: 1 s–1 day)		
Hourly	Actions are executed every hour at the specified minute.		
Monthly	Actions are executed every month at the specified date and time.		
Weekly	Actions are executed every week on the specified weekday(s) and time.		
Yearly	Actions are executed every year at the specified date and time.		

Schedule mode options

Option	Description
Time	Depends on the schedule type. Allows you to specify date/time/week data.
Random10	Actions are executed in the time interval of 10 minutes before or after the set time.
	For example, if set time is 10:30, actions are executed any time between 10:20 and 10:40.
Random20	Actions are executed in the time interval of 20 minutes before or after the set time.
	For example, if set time is 10:30, actions are executed any time between 10:10 and 10:50.
Sunrise+	Actions are executed with a specified delay after sunrise. The delay is set in minutes/hours and sunrise time is location specific.
Sunrise-	Actions are executed with a specified advance before sunrise. The advance is set in minutes/hours and sunrise time is location specific.
Sunset+	Actions are executed with a specified delay after sunset. The delay is set in minutes/hours and sunset time is location specific.
Sunset-	Actions are executed with a specified advance before sunset. The advance is set in minutes/hours and sunset time is location specific.

See "Configuring location for schedules" on the facing page for details on sunset and sunrise settings.



Note: Mode options are not available for all schedule types.

Configuring location for schedules

Scheduled actions can be configured to be executed at a specific time with respect to sunrise and/or sunset. To do this you need to define the correct location, based on UTC information. The system will the automatically calculate the sunrise and sunset time.

Only a few locations are available by default. If your location is not listed, you can add it by entering latitude, longitude and UTC information in the Target_Location.xml file.



Important: Each platform has its own Target_Location.xml file.

Location files position

Application	Location file path	
HMWIN Studio Panasonic\HMWIN\languages\shared\studio\config\Target_Location.xml		
HMI Devices Panasonic\HMWIN\runtime\ <hw platform="">\config\Target_Location.xml</hw>		
Simulator	Panasonic\HMWIN\simulator\config\Target_Location.xml	

For example, the information for Greenwich (UK) is shown below:

<file city="Greenwich,UK" latitude="51.47" longitude="0" utc="0"/>

Location information is also displayed in the dialog together with sunset and sunrise times.

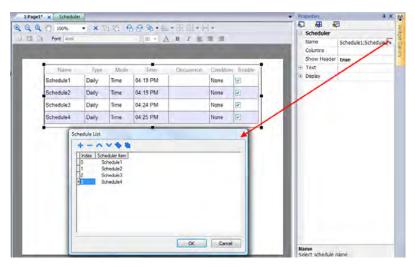
Schedule1 P	Properties			×
Type:	Daily \vee	Date:	N/A	Mon Tues
Mode:	Sunrise+	Offset	00:00	Wed Thurs
Condition:		Location:	Greenwich,UK \sim	Fri Sat Sun
Actions:				
SunRise Ti	System Times:(GMT) me:04:35:04 ne:19:20:08]On startup]Enable schedule	
			Ok	Cancel

Configuring the Scheduler widget

To display scheduler data on a page:

- 1. Drag and drop a **Scheduler** widget from the widget gallery into the page.
- 2. In the Properties pane, click + for the Name parameter: the Schedule List dialog is displayed.

3. Add all the schedules you want to display in the page.



4. In the **Properties** pane, customize all settings.

Scheduler settings

Parameter	Description
Name	Schedule to be displayed
Columns	Columns to be displayed and their characteristics
Show Header	Shows/hides column headers
Time Spec	Time to be displayed at runtime
Text	Font used for text
Display	Table styles

Scheduling events at runtime

At runtime you can modify the following scheduling parameters.

	Enable	Condition		Oldcuren	Time	Mage	Type	15776
	~	None	2	FEB 24,202	11:01	Time	By Date	Schedule1
	~	None		Day : 03	11:01	Sunrise+	Monthly	Schedule2
	~	None	SS	MTWTF	16:19	Rando	Weekly	Schedule3
×	week	ays of the	D		01:00	Time	Yearly	Schedule4
					01:16	Time	Daily	Schedule5
Thu	Wed	ue \	T	Mon	00:00:05	Time	Every	Schedule6
All	Sun	at :		Fri				
Cancel	X	С						

Parameter	Description
Occurrence	Information on the type of schedule and time of execution
Condition	Condition applied to action execution
Enable	Enabels/disables the execution of the scheduled actions without deleting the schedule.

See "Recurring schedule" on page 327 for details on schedule parameters.

26 21 CFR Part 11 Compliance

HMWIN Studio includes a set of functions for responding to the requirements specified in FDA 21 CFR Part 11. The standard is intended to provide a solution for securely handling electronic records and electronic signatures in industrial applications.

The table lists all the requirements specified by the regulation and reports the functions available in HMWIN Studio for compliance.



FDA 21 CFR Part 11 compliance is optional during application development and the application developer is responsible to configure the application in the proper way.

Chapter	Description	HMWIN Studio compliance level
11.10(a)	(a) Validation of systems to ensure accuracy, reliability, consistent intended performance, and the ability to discern invalid or altered records.	Reports generated by HMWIN Studio can be signed using x.509 Certificates. A certificate that includes the public key, necessary to verify the signature of reports, will be exported with the report.
		References:
_		 "SaveEventArchive" on page 214 "PrintGraphicReport" on page 198
11.10(b)	The ability to generate accurate and complete copies of records in both human readable and electronic form suitable for inspection, review, and copying by the agency. Persons should contact the agency if there are any questions regarding the ability of the agency to perform such review and copying of the electronic records.	Application developer can select the resources (process values, alarms, etc.) whose changes will be tracked to the audit trail. Each change of the selected resources will be recorded with the name of the operator doing the change. The audit trail reports can be exported to .csv or .pdf files. References: • "Enable/disable audit trail" on page 360 • "Exporting audit trail as .csv files" on page 365 • "SaveEventArchive" on page 214 • "Printing audit table" on page 364 • "PrintGraphicReport" on page 198
11.10(c)	Protection of records to enable their accurate and ready retrieval throughout the records retention period.	Applications can be developed to self-generate signed reports to external memory or network folders at predefined interval (e.g. at the end of the day) or when circular buffer is full. User is responsible to keep these reports saved for the retention period. References:

Chapter	Description	HMWIN Studio compliance level
		"SaveEventArchive" on page 214
		 "PrintGraphicReport" on page 198
		"Scheduler" on page 325
11.10(d)	Limiting system access to authorized individuals.	Application developer is responsible for the appropriate security configuration of the application.
		References:
		 "User management and passwords" on page 347
11.10(e)	Use of secure, computer-generated, time-stamped audit trails to independently record the date and time of operator entries and actions that create, modify, or delete electronic records. Record changes shall not obscure previously recorded information. Such audit trail documentation shall be retained for a period at least as long as that required for the subject electronic records and shall be available for agency review and copying.	Audit trail records are stored using a circular buffer (this is to ensure that the device will not run out of memory). Audit trails cannot be modified by the operator. Each record contains a sequential number to easily check the presence of all records. The application can be developed to save/export a copy of the data at regular intervals (e.g. at the end of each day); operator is responsible for storing copy of reports in a safe place.
		References:
		 "Exporting audit trail as .csv files" on page 365
		 "SaveEventArchive" on page 214
		"Printing audit table" on page 364
		 "PrintGraphicReport" on page 198
		"Scheduler" on page 325
11.10(f)	Use of operational system checks to enforce permitted sequencing of steps and events, as appropriate.	Macros or JavaScript can be used to configure command sequences in the application.
11.10(g)	Use of authority checks to ensure that only	The HMI application can be configured
	authorized individuals can use the system, electronically sign a record, access the operation or computer system input or output device, alter a record, or perform the operation at hand.	 to be accessible only after user sign in with its own password
		 objects can be configured to be available or not available depending on the user who logged in to the system
		 resources can be configured to require a password confirmation before be modified
		References:
		 "User management and passwords" on page 347

Chapter	Description	HMWIN Studio compliance level
		"Electronic Signature" on page 361
11.10(h)	Use of device (e.g., terminal) checks to determine, as appropriate, the validity of the source of data input or operational instruction.	Resources can be configured to be accessible only from selected user groups. List of allowed IP address can be configured from the User Management settings.
		References:
		 "Modifying access permissions" on page 349
11.10(i)	Determination that persons who develop, maintain, or use electronic record/electronic signature systems have the education, training, and experience to perform their assigned tasks.	Application developer is responsible to define and assign the appropriate user rights to each user that have access at the HMI device
11.10(j)	The establishment of, and adherence to, written policies that hold individuals accountable and responsible for actions initiated under their electronic signatures, in order to deter record and signature falsification.	Application developer is responsible for establishing appropriate procedures.
11.10(k)	Use of appropriate controls over systems documentation including:	Application developer is responsible for establishing appropriate procedures.
	(1) Adequate controls over the distribution of, access to, and use of documentation for system operation and maintenance.	
	(2) Revision and change control procedures to maintain an audit trail that documents time- sequenced development and modification of systems documentation.	
11.30	Persons who use open systems to create, modify, maintain, or transmit electronic records shall employ procedures and controls designed to ensure the authenticity, integrity, and, as appropriate, the confidentiality of electronic records from the point of their creation to the point of their receipt. Such procedures and controls shall include those identified in 11.10, as appropriate, and additional measures such as document encryption and use of appropriate digital signature standards to ensure, as necessary under the circumstances, record authenticity, integrity, and confidentiality.	HMWIN Studio has been designed for operation in closed systems.
11.50(a)	Signed electronic records shall contain information associated with the signing that clearly indicates all of the following:	All records will be added to the audit trail with time stamp and user id of logged user.
	(1) The printed name of the signer;	References:

Chapter	Description	HMWIN Studio compliance level
	(2) The date and time when the signature was executed; and	 "Exporting audit trail as .csv files" on page 365
	(3) The meaning (such as review, approval, responsibility, or authorship) associated with the signature.	 "Table audit widget" on page 363
11.50(b)	The items identified in paragraphs $(a)(1)$, $(a)(2)$, and $(a)(3)$ of this section shall be subject to the same controls as for electronic records and shall be included as part of any human readable form of the electronic record (such as electronic display or printout).	
11.70	Electronic signatures and handwritten signatures executed to electronic records shall be linked to their respective electronic records to ensure that the signatures cannot be excised, copied, or otherwise transferred to falsify an electronic record by ordinary means.	Application developer is responsible for avoiding using the macros that permit the import/export of user passwords.
11.100(a)	Each electronic signature shall be unique to one individual and shall not be reused by, or reassigned to, anyone else.	System will ensure that two users with the same id cannot be defined. It is user responsibility to avoid removal and reassignment of the same user id to a different user.
11.100(b)	Before an organization establishes, assigns, certifies, or otherwise sanctions an individual's electronic signature, or any element of such electronic signature, the organization shall verify the identity of the individual.	User responsibility.
11.100(c)	Persons using electronic signatures shall, prior to or at the time of such use, certify to the agency that the electronic signatures in their system, used on or after August 20, 1997, are intended to be the legally binding equivalent of traditional handwritten signatures.	User responsibility.
	(1) The certification shall be submitted in paper form and signed with a traditional handwritten signature, to the Office of Regional Operations (HFC-100), 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857.	
	(2) Persons using electronic signatures shall, upon agency request, provide additional certification or testimony that a specific electronic signature is the legally binding equivalent of the signer's handwritten signature.	
11.200(a)	(a) Electronic signatures that are not based upon	HMWIN Studio Security functions are based on the

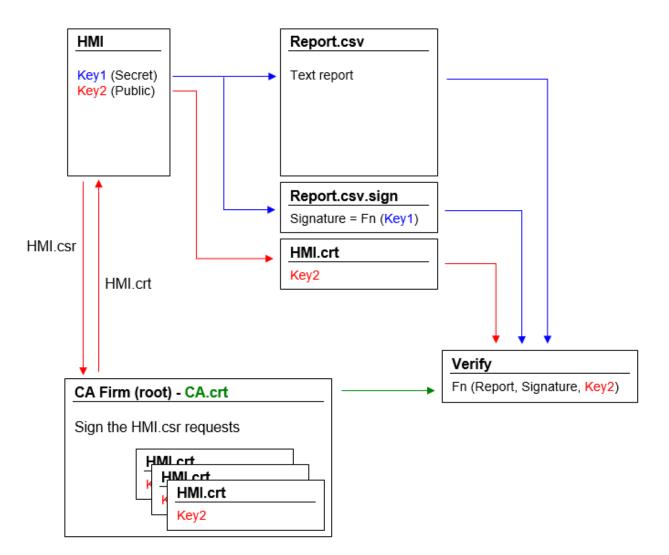
Chapter	Description	HMWIN Studio compliance level
	biometrics shall: (1) Employ at least two distinct identification components such as an identification code and password.	combination Username/ Password.
	 (i) When an individual executes a series of signings during a single, continuous period of controlled system access, the first signing shall be executed using all electronic signature components; subsequent signings shall be executed using at least one electronic signature component that is only executable by, and designed to be used only by, the individual. (ii) When an individual executes one or more signings not performed during a single, continuous period of controlled system access, each signing shall be executed using all of the electronic signature components. 	Users must enter name and password to access the system. Critical actions can be configured to require entering again the password before execution is started. References: • "User management and passwords" on page 347 • "Electronic Signature" on page 361
	 (2) Be used only by their genuine owners; and (3) Be administered and executed to ensure that attempted use of an individual's electronic signature by anyone other than its genuine owner requires collaboration of two or more individuals. 	Each user is responsible to not divulge own password. Passwords defined by administrator for first access can be forced to be redefined at first use. References: • "Configuring users" on page 355
11.200(b)	Electronic signatures based upon biometrics shall be designed to ensure that they cannot be used by anyone other than their genuine owners.	HMWIN Studio does not support biometrics.
11.300(a)	Maintaining the uniqueness of each combined identification code and password, such that no two individuals have the same combination of identification code and password.	It is not possible to define to define two users with the same User ID
11.300(b)	Ensuring that identification code and password issuances are periodically checked, recalled, or revised (e.g., to cover such events as password aging).	System can be configured to force each users to define a new and different password after a configurable number of days References: • "Configuring users" on page 355
11.300(c)	Following loss management procedures to electronically deauthorize lost, stolen, missing, or otherwise potentially compromised tokens, cards, and other devices that bear or generate identification code or password information, and to issue temporary or permanent replacements using	Users can change their password at any time. Administration can redefine each user's password and force them to redefine at the first login. References: • "User management actions" on page 222

Chapter	Description	HMWIN Studio compliance level
	suitable, rigorous controls.	"Configuring users" on page 355
11.300(d)	Use of transaction safeguards to prevent unauthorized use of passwords and/or identification codes, and to detect and report in an immediate and urgent manner any attempts at their unauthorized use to the system security unit, and, as appropriate, to organizational management.	Failed logging attempts are logged to audit trail.
11.300(e)	Initial and periodic testing of devices, such as tokens or cards, that bear or generate identification code or password information to ensure that they function properly and have not been altered in an unauthorized manner.	User is responsible for ensuring appropriate measures.

x.509 Certificate

To ensure authenticity of reports generated by HMI devices, HMI Runtime can generate reports with signed files to verify the authenticity and the integrity of the generated reports.

HMI Runtime uses asymmetric cryptography keys to sign files and x.509 standard to manage public key certificates. The picture shows the architecture.



The public key can be signed by a Certificate Authority (CA) that guarantees its authenticity.

Workflow

- 1. Each HMI device contains two keys:
 - Key1 is the secret key, that is used to sign the reports generated by the HMI device. This key is securely stored inside the HMI device.
 - Key2 is the public key that anyone can use to verify the authenticity of the reports signed by the HMI device.
- 2. The macros "SaveEventArchive" or "PrintGraficReport" can be used to generate signed reports (see "SaveEventArchive" on page 214 or "PrintGraphicReport" on page 198 for additional details)
- 3. For the .csv file, you can use the public key and the signed file to verify the report is authentic and not tampered. (See "Signed CSV files" on page 341)
- 4. For the .pdf file, you can use a PDF reader to verify the report is authentic and not tampered. (See "Signed PDF files" on page 343)

The internal x.509 certificate files

Each HMI devices already have a self-signed certificate. You are free to use it, ask a Certificate Authority to sign it, create a new one using the information that you prefer or to upload and use your own certificate. All operations are available from the device "*System Settings*" (see the x.509 Certificate section inside the "System Settings" on page 594).



Note that you can never retrieve the private key from the HMI device. You can instead provide a certificate with both private and public keys.

Use the self-signed certificate

To use the self-signed certificate you have to do nothing. Simply, use the macros that generate signed reports. Even if the certificate will be provided from the macros, you can use the "*System settings*" to retrieve your copy of the certificate (just to be sure of the originality of the certificate).

Use a certificate signed from a Certificate Authority

To use your signed HMI certificate from a certificate authority you must download the certificate signing request file from the "*System settings*" panel. Sending and asking a certificate authority to sign the certificate (generally this is a pay operation) and then upload the signed certificate to the HMI device.



After retrieving the "certificate signed request" file to send to the certificate authority, be sure to never regenerate a new certificate otherwise the internal private key associated with the certificate send to the authority will be lost.

Use your own certificate

If you have your own Certificate and you like to use it, you can upload it inside the HMI device from the "System Settings" panel. Note that you must provide both private and public keys.



When the certificate contains a private key, the current private key will be substituted with the key found in the certificate and it will not be possible to recover it.

Example of a certificate with both public and private keys (certificates are encoded base64).

ssl-certificate.crt

1 ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----MIIDBDCCAewcCQDcBYW7PYwJsDANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADBEMQswCQYDVQQGEwJJ VDEPMA0GA1UEBwwGVmVyb25hMRMwEQYDVQQKDApUZXN0T2ZmaWN1MQ8wDQYDVQQD 3 DAZITUktMDQwHhcNMTcwNjI2MDgwOTQ1WhcNMTgwNjI2MDgwOTQ1WjBEMQswCQYD 4 5 VQQGEwJJVDEPMA0GA1UEBwwGVmVyb25hMRMwEQYDVQQKDApU2XN0T22maWN1MQ8w DQYDVQQDDAZITUktMDQwggEiMA0GCSgGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQDc 8 7 N1p2kswcbLh4IxS6eeCgQ4EAUHCRpa25YPfQ/un9/s0tejaa3Si3Pcqv3JqddJM8 mJEZaPF/+HhAEhtC+rv57Tbgul1UQJdoQpfoGChofpULforXZt2BfdWNx67p1Noa 3 YM3ElaNtAKIW2o6S9HGEv1kf09XFLGkFgeMgC59+SejgguCNT0m99m6fNa591017 9 IG UDJFINkC3bxtONj+WiL/iEZYkHXacaN9q06fx+2NfmiSsXGPnmSys5mocqo89tMa 11 TjyeF7jYpDccCpJ9pY4xRjRpcIkDCM7PabVoG/ascSMUU6XPE2R0W4UJ6bPAygD6 11 QLKCCq0BUi6/eUj0pnanAgMBAAEwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQADggEBAMLfIEXQOEjS 13 OpwVkzNxXmL/A6PLU5BK1hVYHb7ofb2237zN69vCn8ESg1AFYK7QhkhJu3zAD+jH fYBVKVdxfd3HS8EmcDWxpC6F21fgqsSqepMRTbKbsSaO53a7JsXtwnHVNfG6EB2V 14 StgS1Gc4RwtJeVZJe1UdmWSBD4Fc7asFeBCKgLrHJinz7but3I4fLcvscTaMTBI9 15 fsE7poEpWvKc7NWtKYZglGG3AG6xONu3sEahcJ5k+UVdh/QQdAiCt3vG+JJ/owYU 16 sd30WIZ4pNzG/GUH9MbJyvI4ftA8IvEhGxHvi3xt7slJnvYQDaghOEDhdtGvi10r 17 18 nJZ2FZOBCEI= 19 -----END CERTIFICATE---------BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----20 MIIEpAIBAAKCAQEA3DZadpLMHGy4eCMUunngoEOBAFBwkaWmeWD30P7p/f7NLXo2 22 mt0otz3Kr9yanXSTPJiRGWjxf/h4QBIbQvq7+e024Lt2VECXaEKX6BgoaH6VC36K 28 12bdgX3Vjceu6dTaGmDNxJWjbQCiFtgOkvRxhL52H9PVxSxpBYHjIAuffkno4ILg 24 jU9JvfZunzWufZdC01AyRSDZAt28bTjY/loi/4hGWJB12nGjfatOn8ftjXSokrFx 25 j55ksrOZqHKqPPbTGk48nhe42KQ3HAqSfaWOMUY0aXCJAwjOz2mlaBv2rHEjFFO1 76 zxNkdFuFCemzwMoA+kCyggqtAVIuv31I9KZ2pwIDAQABAoIBAGnamsuqrwDu5hGh 27 02H8GhUPvd/3ytTISujHyvgkwTf+FoTI3Zy9uMe0pUy5/3y2v9v9/gm3P3djafJq 28 gb5Fprxx4dJPXJZaYi2U7U5851esmVqoHneCk/GeGlyH4zW1wo2xgNgBkkhgaIoR zz0m0bachVz+SCD6wxUJpbMOw0FBw54oPL0XS/gD+76S9ET7xmqZAS5xV/w8Khht 29 30 PtjPfT58GKhqVIC9cMrrBrkuGQPrNrDaJMPsQDxrFp7PoQm4+GivrUJ0FA9Vtx46 31 C5QhXqVps/BODo3mjeOcj2b/FqsvG7WCc5PWOAcCqStmDx1+DQZOIVFSTrE4kdpg mNn/80kCgYEA88Xfmgg0ta831pe9b6U0BaLvvs1gxgXmCmkyvK7Ru+iKyPUMzxB+ 32 BjGWeeiZuigmIhXfFu3eBs5xOgDrUxf9j55sJAFamljG4LTyun378RnOdA87ff1q 38 34 rpF4oPKVfTrfXXz2keIg0eX2tD6Lsn3+MJwYqpefovxmyJA3kPgcGv0CgYEA50H0 35 HQififZZ2nApgPf/jJpU7hBLC45cSXvE2MX2I3rd3ptGwzKRo/12ks1bvQutqR1n 36 slyEF+c9LCz6g7FYhJoewChLqCVfe29GxBzHeJloxZwmxDXi8L4vmEDphwlcV8b3 37 ExHqu1MGuINHGe1PIR1LKeEsbTQU+OVHuNv443MCgYEA7rMKYh11C6bYCsjowSMG 38 TgKembX84cqy1+zstp+EVbi99Usm0Lc4f/4cd6EQrp1Twbqi6YPgDdAmRQLTa1kp 35 e3FIOPVub4aQr0XgDEcC5bI8W57yxUr2JLjjYs5HHQoB4Dw5m0TOmFnS+enoxs3i 40 kly3Nowjz+fRCYFWN8kLVE0CgYEA43CLLK7ZcW9XKa2cNBo0PE1g8A4YMJJfk2n1 zKjNjlF9ujyO2NV4RYOsI+RSsFe3ARdJcS6xP20OTc8ixrh57VhCnAxFdGblQpFy 41 42 oNgJGkf9zjPoMJsqykjSOHTG+CctqaqmPxwkkLScbIW4PPSn/U6KDPNHpVNOuQeO 43 hXHak58CgYBLW1719vgYhUiSWc9Gd3mCSxpAb6y8RcyTgqF76K8v4MalLPqFkEtD 44 0BaFt1A+PtMLk2ODTRH4XU18oc9eV+7VDFkPJ8T0A2VwjzjMgNAd+vKlm4nOEBTt UhegY0k8yLxS12vuYiVnHvKBIoF/G2ckwrxj09KVE+SA45Ex0Px5qQ== 45 46 ----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----



You can import inside each HMI device the same certificate file to have a unique public certificate file for all your HMI devices.

Signed CSV files

Reports generated in CSV format using the **SaveEventArchive** macro can be signed using the x.509 certificate included inside the HMI device. The signature makes sure that nobody tampered with the content of the document since it was

signed.

See also:

- The SaveEventArchive parameters ("SaveEventArchive" on page 214)
- How to provide an x.509 Certificate to Linux devices ("x.509 Certificate" on page 609)

When required, using Signed=True, the SaveEventArchive macro in addition of the [ReportName].csv generate other two files:

- [ReportName].csv.sign
- ssl-[CertificateName].crt

Where the [ReportName].csv.sign is the signature of the report and the ssl-[CertificateName].crt is a copy of the x.509 certificate of the HMI device. Note that you can retrieve the certificate of the HMI device even from the System Setting of the HMI device.

How to verify the report's signature using the public OpenSSL library

To verify that nobody has tampered the content of the report you need

- be sure the ssl-[CertificateName].crt is coming from the HMI device
- use a tool to verify the signature (e.g. OpenSSL-Win32)

Reference .: https://www.openssl.org/

To verify that the .csv report generate from HMI device has not tampered you can install a public OpenSSL library, copy all files generated from the macro inside the same folder and use the below batch file

> CSV	
Name	
🔊 report.csv	
report.csv.sign	
SignatureVerification.cmd	
🔄 ssl-myHMI.crt	

File: SignatureVerification.cmd

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.exe"
set FileToCheck=Report.csv
set hmiCertificate=ssl-myHMI.crt
rem Extract public key from the certificate
%OpenSSL% x509 -in %hmiCertificate% -pubkey -noout > publicKey.pem
rem Verify Signature
%OpenSSL% dgst -sha256 -verify publicKey.pem -signature %FileToCheck%.sign
%FileToCheck%
rem Remove public key
```

del publicKey.pem

pause

The below pictures are showing the possible outputs of the batch file





On Linux devices, the BSP v1.0.239 or greater is required

Signed PDF files

Reports generated in PDF format using the **PrintGraphicReport** macro can be signed using the x.509 certificate included inside the HMI device. The signature makes sure that nobody tampered with the content of the document since it was signed.

See also:

- The PrintGraficReport parameters ("PrintGraphicReport" on page 198)
- How to provide an x.509 Certificate to Linux devices ("x.509 Certificate" on page 609)

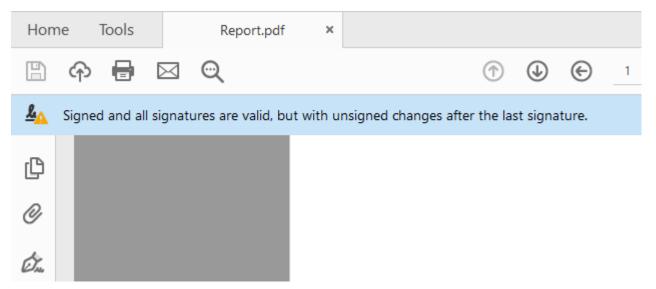
When you open the file, the PDF reader tries to decide if the signature is valid then it looks at the certificate used to sign the document.

x.509 certificate signed from a Certificate Authority

If you have uploaded to the operator panel a valid x.509 certificate, signed by a Certification Authority, when you open the generated PDF file you will get a message that highlights the document is valid.

Hon	ne	Tools		Report.pdf
Ð	ନ		\bowtie	Q
<u>k</u> ö	Signed	d and al	l signati	ures are valid.
Ð				
6				
Ó.				

If the document has been modified, it will be highlighted with a different message.



Certificate Trust and Authenticity

Trust of signed certificates depends on the issuer of the certificate. The PDF reader will trust a certificate if you have told it to trust the issuer of that particular certificate. By default the Adobe Reader only trust certificates issued by Adobe or one of their partners. This means that it will show a warning if the certificate wasn't issued by one of these authorities. Microsoft Windows also uses certificates for validating software vendors and content providers. You can configure your Adobe Reader to trust these issuers in addition to the Adobe partners.

Check inside the preferences of the PDF reader if you want to enable the PDF reader to use even the Microsoft Windows certificates

Windows Integration

Trust ALL root certificates in the Windows Certificate Store for:

✓ Validating Signatures

Validating Certified Documents

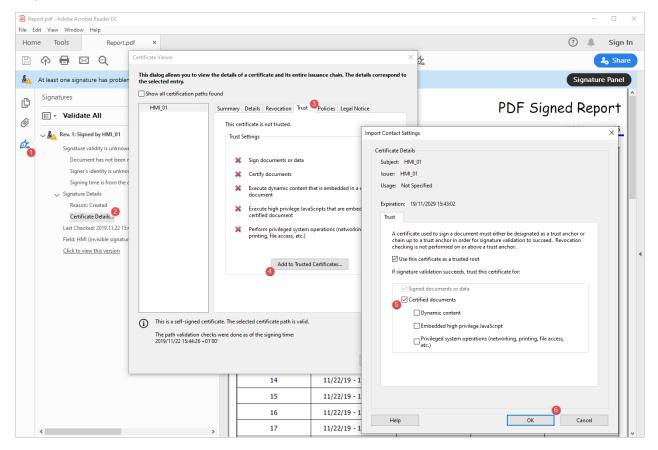
Selecting either of these options may result in arbitrary material being treated as trusted content. Take care before enabling these features.

x.509 self signed certificate

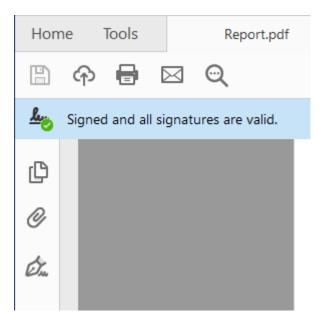
A self-signed certificate is a certificate that is not signed by a certificate authority (CA).

This means that PDF Reader can confirm the file is signed and not tampered, but cannot confirm the signature (alias the certificate) is authentic. Is the user have to take care to verify the certificate is authentic (for example, making sure that the document was actually produced by the panel) and confirm to the PDF reader that the certificate included in the document is valid and that can be considerate valid even for the next reports.

Steps to manual confirm that the certificate is authentic:



Now, if you close and reopen the PDF document you will get the valid signature. Moreover, even all other documents produced from the same HMI device will be shown with the correct signature because the information that the certificate is authentic has been stored inside settings of the PDF Reader.





On Linux devices, the BSP v1.0.507 or greater is required

Compliant applications

Suggestions to development a CFR11 compliant applications

User management macros

User management macros that could be use from any user

- Login
- Logout
- SwitchUser
- ChangePassword

User management macros that could be used from administrator only

- ResetPassword
- AddUser
- EditUsers
- ExportUsers,

Deprecated macros that must not be used inside CFR 21 part 11 compliance applications

- ImportUsers
- DeleteUser
- DeleteUMDynamicFiles,

27 User management and passwords

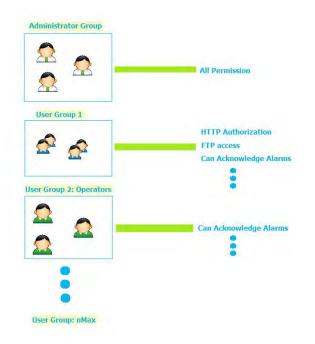
You can restrict access to various widgets and operations by configuring users, users groups and assigning specific authorizations to each group.

Each user must be member of one and only one group. Each group has specific authorizations and permissions.

Authorizations and permissions are divided in two categories:

- Widget permissions: hide, read only, full access
- Action permissions: allowed or not allowed.

By organizing permissions and groups you can define the security options of a project.



Enable/disable security management	
Configuring groups and authorizations	
Modifying access permissions	
Assigning widget permissions from page view	355
Configuring users	
Default user	
Managing users at runtime	357
Force remote login	358

Enable/disable security management

Path: ProjectView> right-click Security> Enable

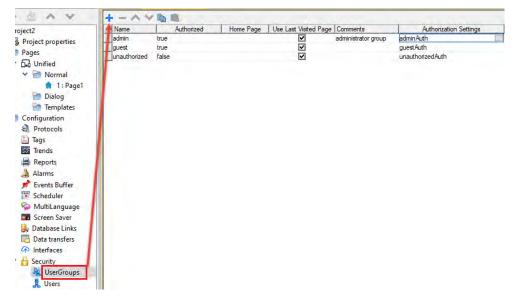
The padlock symbol indicates whether the function is enabled or disabled.

Security	
- 🦗 U	Enable
🕺 🕺 U	Force Remote Login
Audit ma	m

Important: Security settings are effective only if the security function is enabled.

Configuring groups and authorizations

Path: ProjectView> Security> double-click UserGroups



Three predefined groups are available by default (**admin**, **guest** and **unauthorized**): they cannot be deleted nor renamed. You can, however, modify authorizations and other settings.

Adding a user group

Click + to add user group.

Parameter	Description
Name	Name of users group
Authorized	Authorization granted
Home Page	Page displayed when users belonging to this group log in
Use Last Visited	When selected, the last page displayed by the previous user will be displayed when users

Parameter	Description
Page	belonging to this group log in
Comments	Any comment or description for the group
Authorization Settings	Opens the Admin Authorization dialog to set access permissions. See "Modifying access permissions" below for details.

Modifying access permissions

Path: ProjectView> Security> double-click UserGroups > Authorization Settings column

Click the button: a dialog appears with a list of widgets and actions. You can modify access permissions for each one in the list.

Widget Action Tag Ftp Http Miscellaneous			
 Base settings Page1 Page1 label1 field1 AnalogClock Page4 field1 field2 field3 field4 Page2 Page3 TemplatePage1 	Widget AnalogClock BarGraph Button ChangePwdEdits ComboBox ControlList Date Time Dialog EditBox EventBufferGrp EventBuffer Gauge Grid Group HistogramGraph HyperLink IPCamera Image Indicator KeyButton KeypadEditBox	Permission Full Access Full Access	~

Widget permissions

In the **Widget** tab you can define widget access options at project level, at page level or at widget level for all the widgets used in the project. Lower levels permission (for example, widget level) overrides higher levels (that is, page and project levels).

Use Base settings to set default permissions at project level.

Possible settings are:

- Full Access to enable read/write access to the widget
- Read Only to enable readonly access to the widget
- Hide to hide widget for selected group

/idget Action Tag Ftp Http Misc	neous	
Base settings	Widget	Permission ^
SQP Base settings ✓ ⁽²⁾ Page 1	AnalogClock	Full Access
요. label1	BarGraph	Full Access
field1	Button	Full Access
-0-	ChangePwdEdits	Full Access
Co mangelock	ComboBox	Full Access
> 🕄 RecipeSet	ControlList	Full Access
✓ 💮 Page4	Date Time	Full Access
💮 field1	Dialog	Full Access
。 第 field2	EditBox	Full Access
field3	EventBufferGrp	Full Access
रहा field4	EventBuffer	Full Access
-8-	Gauge	Full Access
> @ Page2	Grid	Full Access
> 🎲 Page3	Group	Full Access
> 💮 TemplatePage 1	HistogramGraph	Full Access
	HyperLink	Full Access
	IPCamera	Full Access
	Image	Full Access
	Indicator	Full Access
	KeyButton	Full Access
	KeypadEditBox	Full Access

Changing a widget permission

To change access permission for an individual widget in a page of the project, navigate to that widget within its page on the right pane and customize its access options. Otherwise, all widgets take the permissions set at project or page level.

For example, if page permission for a widget is set at project level to **Read Only**, then all the same widgets will have permission **Read Only**. When you select a widget inside a page from the tree structure, permission is actually set to **Use Base Settings**. You can change this setting and modify access permissions only for this widget in this page.

Access priority

Widget permissions are considered with the following priority:

Permission level	Priority
Project level - Basic settings	Low
Page level	Medium
Widget level	High

This allows you to specify exceptions for an action or a widget directly from the page view.

For example, if you set permissions for a widget at project level to Read Only and to Full Access at page level then the page level settings will prevail.

Access permissions can be modified directly from the project page. See "Assigning widget permissions from page view" on page 355 for details.

Action permissions

In the **Action** tab you can define action authorizations at project level, at page level or at widget level. Actions can be either **Allowed** or **Not Allowed**.

min authorizations		
Widget Action Tag Ftp Http Miscellaneous		
📎 Base settings	Action	Permission ^
> 🦠 Page1	AbortPrinting	Allowed
No. Page4	AckAlarm	Allowed 🔻
Page2	ActivateGroup	Not Allowed
Page3	Clear All Priorities	Allowed
- Ogeo	Clear Priority	Allowed
📎 TemplatePage 1	Set Priority	Allowed

Action permissions can be modified directly from the project page. See "Assigning widget permissions from page view" on page 355 for details.

Tag permissions

For each group of tags, you can define the Read/Write access rights

Widget Action	n Tag		Http Miscellaneous					
🕂 Read All	+	Write All	💥 None					
Tag Groups	Read	Write	nent					
Even	\checkmark	\checkmark	nduded in the "Event" group					
Preferences	\checkmark	\checkmark	included in the "Preferences" group					
Odd	\checkmark	\checkmark	s included in the "Odd" group					

FTP authorizations

In the Ftp tab you can set specific authorizations for the FTP server.

admin autł	horizations					×
Widget	Action Tag	Ftp	Http	Miscellaneous		
					Enable FTP authorization Permission: Read-Write	
Root fo	older: /data					
Addition	nal folders:				+ -	
Ø SI	SBMemory/ torage Card/					
	n to all user groups d IP addresses:				🗹 Use FTPS only 🗹 Allow all 🕂 —	
					OK Cancel	

Element	Description
Enable FTP authorization	Enables the FTP function for the specific group
Permission	Type of permission:
	Read-Only
	Read-Write
Root Folder	Folder to be used as root for FTP access. This is a relative path.
Additional folder	Extra folders to be used as root for FTP access (for example, on USB drive or SD card)
Allowed IP Addresses	List of IP addresses from which FTP connection can be accepted. This setting is common to all users groups.
Use FTPS only	You can disable this flag if you need to use an old FTP client that does not support encrypted FTP mode, but please note that this is not a secure connection and all your data (even your password) are sent in the clear over the Internet.

HTTP authorizations

In the HTTP tab you set restrictions to HTTP access to the web server integrated in HMI Runtime.

Wildcards can be used to identify a range of IP addresses.

For example, the two following rules set the HMI device unit can only be accessed by all the IP addresses 192.168.*.* on your local network in which only the IP address of 192.168.1.20 can access the device without entering a login name.

Vidget Action	Tag Ftp	Http Miscellaneous			
Common to all user g IP list:	roups	Access:		@ ·	+ -
IP 192.168.*.* 192.168.1.20	Login Enabled Disabled	URL /public/ /index.html /hmidentax.html /hmiax.cab /.*/umtemplates/.*	Access Full Access Full Access Full Access Full Access Full Access	Groups	

Element	Description
IP list	IP addresses authorized to access the HTTP server.
	By default the login is required from any IP address (IP=.*, Login=Enabled).
Login	When disabled, the username and password are not required.
Access limits	List of resources for which access is limited

Effect of these settings depends on whether the option **Force Remote Login** has been selected. See "Force remote login" on page 358 for details.

Force Remote Login	Default Access to workspace	Access limits
-	Full	-
Disable	Full	Can be used to block access to some files/folders or to require authorization
Enable	No Access	Can be used to open access to files/folders



Important: This setting is common to all users groups.

Adding an HTTP configuration

To add and configure a new access click +: the Access limits dialog is displayed.

To restore the default configuration click the **Set default access limits** icon. Default configuration allows access to the following:

• PUBLIC folder and Index.html

Miscellaneous settings

In the Miscellaneous tab you can define various authorization settings.

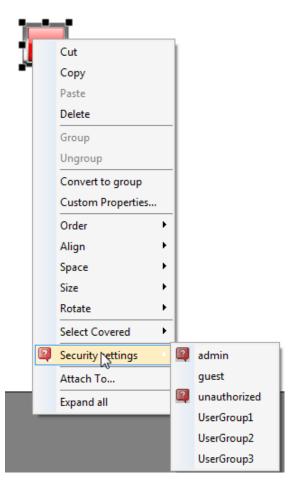
admin authorizations	?	×
Widget Action Tag Ftp Http Miscellaneous Common to all user groups		
Tries without lock: 3 Minimum timeout: 10 Maximum timeout: 100 seconds		
ОК	Cano	el

Option	Description
Number of users allowed to login	Maximum number of users that can be connected to the HMI Runtime at the same time.
	This setting is common to all users groups.
Login Lock	Option to prevent "brute force" attacks.
	When "Enable access lock on bad password" is selected after the number of bad passwords allowed has been exceeded, the system will introduce a delay between one password and another in order to prevent a possible brute force attack. It is possible to define:
	 Tries without lock Number of incorrect passwords accepted before inserting a delay between passwords
	 Minimum/Maximum timeout The initial delay and the maximum delay will not be further increased.
	Timeout uses an exponential growth.
	Example of usage
	Tries without lock: 3
	Minimum timeout: 2
	Maximum timeout: 10
	First 3 attemptsno timeoutAttempt 42 seconds of timeoutAttempt 54 seconds of timeoutAttempt 68 seconds of timeoutAttempt 710 seconds of timeoutAttempt 10010 seconds of timeoutAttempt 20010 seconds of timeout
Can enter config mode	Enables switching from runtime to configuration mode. Normally used for maintenance.
Can load factory settings	Restores factory settings.
Can zoom	Enables zoom in/out in context menu at runtime
Can see log	Allows user to see logs at runtime
Can create backup	Allows user to backup project.
Can access from web client	Enables connecting from a web client
Can access from remote client	Enables connecting from HMWIN Client
Can manage other users	Gives super user privileges at runtime to manage the select groups. Allows adding, deleting and modifying users' permissions.

Assigning widget permissions from page view

You can assign different levels of security, to different user groups, on a single widget, directly from the project pages.

- 1. Right-click on the widget and select **Security settings**.
- 2. Choose the group: the authorization dialog for the group is displayed.
- 3. Set the security properties to access the widget.



See "Modifying access permissions" on page 349 for details.

Configuring users

Path: ProjectView> Security> double-click Users

In the Users editor, click + to add a user: one row is added to the table.

rojectView 🗰 🕻			_							
Project1	+ - ^	V >] [> @ Default User	Inactive	Group	Password	Comments	Exception	Change Intial Password	Logoff Time (In minutes)	Deserved Mission of Longet
- Project properties	admin			admin	Fassword	admin user		false	(In minutes)	A rassword winimum Lengu
🕀 📄 Pages	quest		H	quest		Garnin Gool		false	0	4
- Pialogs	user1	H		admin			H	false	0	4
- Templates	user2	H	H	admin			Ē	false	0	4
Henplates	▶ user3	-	Ē	admin				false	0	4
Config Security & UserGroups & UserS AuditTrail Recipes Dictionaries & More Security	1									

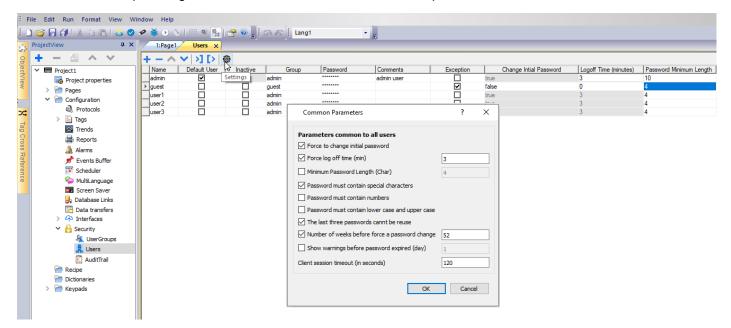
Parameter	Description
Name	User name
Default User	This user is automatically logged in when the system is started or after another user has logged off. Only one Default user can be set
Inactive	Inactive users will no longer be able to log in
Group	User group
Password	User password. Note that for security reasons the password will never be displayed
	Passwords are encrypted and cannot be retrieved not even for specialized technicians
	New project are create with "admin" default user. Password for this user is "admin". It is recommended to change this password when setting up User Management.
Comments	Further user description
Exception	Allows to change the values forced from the User Settings parameters
Change Initial	This user is forced to change his password at first log in.
Password	This option is not supported in simulator.
Logoff time (minutes)	Minutes of inactivity after which the user is logged off. Set to 0 to disable
Password minimum length	Minimum length of password
Must contain special characters	Password must contain at least one special character
Must contain numbers	Password must contain at least one numeric digit
Must contain lower case and upper case	Password must contain lower case and upper case

Parameter	Description
Password cannot be reused	The new password must be different from the last 3 used passwords
Password aging (weeks)	Number of weeks before forcing a password change (1/52 weeks)
Warning (days)	Show a warning message before password expires (1/30 days)

Users Settings

From the Settings command, there is the possibility to define parameters values that will be common to all users.

Users with the Exception flag checked are not force to use the common parameters.



Default user

You can define only one default user in a project. This is the user automatically logged in at system start up and when the currently logged user logs out or is logged out after time-out.

To log into HMI Runtime with a different user, use one of the actions:

- SwitchUser
- LogOut

See "User management actions" on page 222 for details.

Managing users at runtime

The default user, if any, is automatically logged in when the HMI Runtime is started. If no default user is configured, the system requires a user name and password. See "User management actions" on page 222 for details on the actions that

can be executed on users.

Removing user data

All the user information modified at runtime is stored in dedicated files. To remove these dynamic files and all the changes applied to user configuration at runtime you can:

- on HMI Runtime: execute the action DeleteUMDynamicFile
- with HMWIN Studio: select the Delete Dynamic Files in the download dialog.



Note: When any modification is performed on user management in Studio, it is needed to delete User Management dynamic files to apply new User Management settings.

Force remote login

Path: ProjectView> right-click Security> ForceRemoteLogin



Select this option to force user to log in when using remote access viaHMWIN Client. If not selected, remote access will use the same level of protection of local access.



Important: This function only works when user management is enabled.



WARNING: Use this option when you have a default user but at the same time you want to protect remote access.

See "Enable/disable security management" on page 348for details.

The only files/folders still accessible when this flag is enabled are:

• PUBLIC folder and Index.html.

See "Modifying access permissions" on page 349 for details on HTTP access limits.

28 Audit trails

The Audit trail is a chronological sequence of audit records. Each record contains information on the actions executed and the user that performed them.

This function provides process tracking and user identification with time stamp for events.

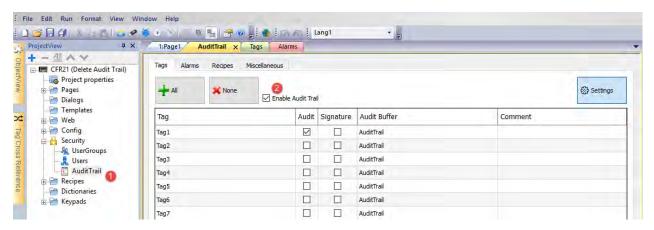
Enable/disable audit trail	
Electronic Signature	361
Table audit widget	363
Exporting audit trail as .csv files	365

Enable/disable audit trail

Path: ProjectView> Security > double-click AuditTrail

Audit trail logging can be enabled from the "Enable Audit Trail" check box

When enabled, all changes to the selected resources will be logged to the audit buffer with the time stamp, user name that performed the operation and some additional information concerning the modified resource (e.g. new value and previous value for tags)



From the main tabs (Tags, Alarms, Recipes and Miscellaneous) of the Audit trail Editor you can switch between the list views of the available resources.

Parameter	Description
Audit	Enable tracking of the selected resource
Signature	The user password is required before allowing the resource to be modified from the user (see "Electronic Signature" on the facing page to additional information)
Audit Buffer	Internal buffer where store the related audit events (see "Events Buffer" on page 265 to additional information)
Comment	Comment space available for the developers

Tags

• Keep track of when tag value changes.

Alarms

· Keep track of when user acknowledges or resets an alarm event

Recipes

· Keep track of when user downloads or uploads recipes

Miscellaneous Resources

- User login details Keep track of when user login, logout or change password
- User management actions Keep track of when a user is added, removed or when the user properties are modified

- System actions Keep track of system actions (HMI Device Restart, Power On, Backup, Update, Download, enter in System Setting, open Project Manager)
- FTP actions Keep track of ftpGET, ftpPUT, OpenTextEditor, SaveTextEditor
- Buffer actions
 Keep track of dump and delete actions on alarms, audit or trends buffers

LogMessage Macro

In addition of that, the LogMessage macro gives the possibility to define additional events to log to the audit trail buffer.

See "LogMessage" on page 216 for additional details.

Cache Memory



Data is temporarily saved in cache memory and flushed to file system when at least one of the following conditions is true:

- temporary cache buffer is full
- an explicit dump procedure has been called
- 5 minutes cycle time has expired

Warning: data in cache memory will be lost if there is a power failure before data has been flushed to the file system.

Backup audit events

From the "Events Buffer" on page 265 you can configure the size of the audit buffer and activate the backup of the audit events when the buffer is full.

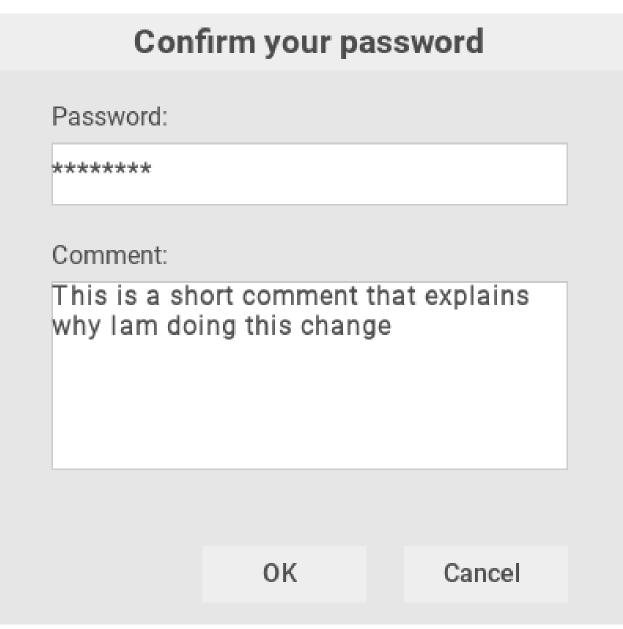
Electronic Signature

For each resources listed within the Audit Trail editor, it is possible configure the HMI Runtime to require the password confirmation before changing it. If the audit trail log is enabled, the user has the option of adding a comment that will be recorded within the Track Log.

Path: ProjectView> Security > double-click AuditTrail

rojectView 🛛 🗘 🗙	1:Page1	AuditTrail ×	Tags Alarms		
►	Tags Aları	ms Recipes M	fiscellaneous		
 Project properties Pages Dialogs 	+ All	💥 None	Enable Audit Ti	ail	
Templates	Tag	Tag			Audit Buffer
E Config	Tag1				AuditTrail
Security	Tag2				AuditTrail
	Tag3				AuditTrail
	Tag4				AuditTrail
	Tag5	Tag5			AuditTrail
- Keypads	Tag6				AuditTrail
	Tag7				AuditTrail

The user password is required before allowing the resource to be modified by the user





The introduced password will be not required again for the commands released in the next 10 Sec. The validity time can be modified from the Settings dialog.

Signature	Audit Buffer		Comment			
	AuditTrail					
	AuditTrail					
	AuditTrail	Settings		×		
	AuditTrail					
	AuditTrail			*		
	AuditTrail					
	AuditTrail			1		
	AuditTrail	Signature	e password validity (Sec):	10		
	AuditTrail					
	AuditTrail					

Table audit widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Audit Tables

Display contents of the audit trail inside a widget

Audit View

	20/22 - 15:03:21 20/22 - 16:03:21		Refresh 1	Hour	~
Filter:	UserName	~ Q			x
Record ID	Timestamp	UserName	Operation	Status	Information
1	04/20/22 - 16:02:56	admin	LOGOUT	S_OK	1
2	04/20/22 - 16:03:02	system admin	DOWNLOAD_PROJECT	S_OK	project82.jpr
3	04/20/22 - 16:03:04	admin	LOGIN	S_OK	1
4	04/20/22 - 16:03:15	admin	WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag1;0;0
5	04/20/22 - 16:03:16	admin	WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag1;0;1



Tag1;1;0

S_OK

Buttons:

б

REFRESH
 Retrieve trend data from internal buffer and refresh table view

04/20/22 - 16:03:17

BACKWARD/FORWARD
 Move the display window forward or backward as specified in the duration parameter

admin

WRITE_TAG

Filter:

Parameter	Description
AuditBuffer	Event Buffer from which the event list is retrieved (see "Events Buffer" on page 265)
Heading	Heading label
Default Duration	Initial value of time window to show
End Time	Upper limit of the time displayed in the table in units of 1 second
Time Spec	Time format:
	Local = show the time values of the HMI device.
	Global = show the time values using UTC format.
Date Format	Select the Date and Time format
Filter List	Labels to show in filter column selection
Timestamp Sorting	Set how to sort the time stamp data
	Ascending
	Descending
Table Layout	Defines the characteristics of the scroll bar and allows to remove the header of the table

Use the combo box to select the column where search for and the text filed on the right to enter the string to search to.

Printing audit table

An audit table widget without buttons can be found and used from the print report gallery. The table can be drawn and enlarged to fill the entire page. If the number of lines to printed is greater of one page, the audit table will be printed using additional pages.

Using the "attach to tag" feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the historical trend to print at runtime:

- Page Duration
- End Time

"Page Duration" with "End Time" define the piece of the audit buffer to print.

AuditReport :	AuditReport
AuditBuffer	AuditTrail
 Page Duration 	All +
DataLink	Duration -
Access Ty	e R
End Time	0 +
DataLink	EndTime -
Access Ty	e R
Time Spec	local
Date Format	MM/DD/YY - hh:mm:ss
± Filter	

_	1:Page1 Tags x					
+	^ ~ 🔏 🖻	Variables:prot1				
	Name	Address				
	Duration	Duration int				
	EndTime	EndTime time				

Exporting audit trail as .csv files

Data recorded inside the audit trail can be exported inside a csv file using the **SaveEventArchive** action. See "SaveEventArchive" on page 214 for details.

File structure

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	К	L
1	Record ID	Date	Time	User ID	Interface	Action	Status	Data				
3	1	27/03/2018	14:22:06	SYSTEM IDAL	SYSTEM IDAL	SYSTEM POWERON	S OK					
4	2	27/03/2018	14:22:06	admin	LOCAL	LOGIN	S OK	1				
5	3	27/03/2018	14:22:08	admin	LOCAL	WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag1	0	1		
6	4	27/03/2018	14:22:09	admin	LOCAL	WRITE TAG	S OK	Tag2	0	1		
7	5	27/03/2018	14:22:26	admin	LOCAL	WRITE TAG	S OK	Tag2	1	5	This is a te	st
8	6	27/03/2018	14:22:50	SYSTEM IDAL	SYSTEM IDAL	RECIPE WRITE TAG	S OK	Tag1	1	1		
9	7	27/03/2018	14:22:50	SYSTEM_IDAL	SYSTEM_IDAL	RECIPE_WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag2	5	3		
10	8	27/03/2018	14:22:50	SYSTEM IDAL	SYSTEM IDAL	RECIPE WRITE TAG	S OK	Tag3	0	5		
11	9	27/03/2018	14:22:50	admin	LOCAL	DOWNLOAD RECIPE	S OK	Recipe0	set-00			
12	10	27/03/2018	14:22:54	admin	LOCAL	ACK_ALARM	S_OK	Alarm2				
13	11	27/03/2018	14:22:58	admin	LOCAL	RESET_ALARM	E_FAIL	Alarm2				
14	12	27/03/2018	14:23:02	admin	LOCAL	DUMP AUDIT BUFFER	S NEEDNOT NOTIFY	AuditTrail				
15												
16												
17	Record ID	Date	Time	User ID	Interface	Action	Status	Data				
18	13	27/03/2018	14:23:24	admin	LOCAL	DELETE AUDIT BUFFER	S_OK	AuditTrail				
19	14	27/03/2018	14:23:26	SYSTEM_IDAL	SYSTEM_IDAL	RECIPE_WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag1	1	2		
20	15	27/03/2018	14:23:26	SYSTEM_IDAL	SYSTEM_IDAL	RECIPE_WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag2	3	4		
21	16	27/03/2018	14:23:26	SYSTEM_IDAL	SYSTEM IDAL	RECIPE_WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag3	5	6		
22	17	27/03/2018	14:23:26	admin	LOCAL	DOWNLOAD_RECIPE	S_OK	Recipe0	set-01			
23	18	27/03/2018	14:23:27	user1	CGI	LOGIN	S_OK	192.168.49.242				
24	19	27/03/2018	14:23:37	user1	CGI	WRITE_TAG	s_ok	Tag1	6	55		
25	20	27/03/2018	14:24:28	admin	LOCAL	DUMP_AUDIT_BUFFER	S_NEEDNOT_NOTIFY	AuditTrail				
26												

Exported data	file has the following content		
RecordID	Each record is stored with a progressive number which will give the possibility to easily identify missing records or confirm that they are not lost. Note that the progressive number is not reset to zero when the buffer is deleted.		
Date, Time	Event time stamp. Time can be configured as local or global from the dump action.		
User ID	User that perform the operation		
Interface	LOCAL: when the action is performed in the HMI device		
	CGI: when the action is performed by a remote client.		
	SYSTEM_IDAL: when the action is performed from the HMI Runtime application		
Action	Action executed.		
Status	Result of the executed action • S_OK Action executed correctly • E_FAIL Action non executed • S_NEEDNOT_NOTIFY Action triggered (will be executed asynchronously)		
Information	Additional info related with the executed action.		

29 Reports

A report is a collection of information that will be printed when triggered by an event. When the programmed event is triggered, the printing starts in background.

You can configure reports, their contents, trigger conditions and output printer in the Reports editor.

Not all widgets can be used in reports. When configuring reports, HMWIN Studio provides access to a dedicated widget gallery featuring only widgets available for reports.

Reports format can be customized using predefined templates for page layout.



Note: Report printing is not supported by HMWIN Client.

Adding a report	368
Configuring graphic reports	368
Print triggering events	369
Default printer	370

Adding a report

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Reports

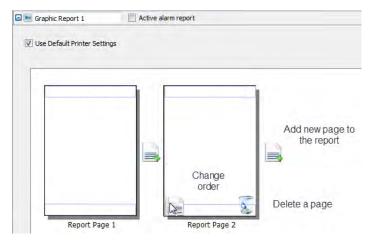
In Reports editor, click Graphic Report: one new row is added to the table.

Report types

Report type Description			
Graphic Reports	Contain graphical elements and may include complex widgets such as screenshots or alarms.		
	Important: Each printer requires a specific printer driver. See "Configuring graphic reports" below for a list of supported printer drivers.		

Configuring graphic reports

Use the **Report** editor to configure graphic reports.



Adding a report page

Click + to add a new page to the report layout.

When the mouse goes over a page, two icons are displayed and allow you to reorder or delete the pages.

Modifying report page content

1. Double click on a page to edit its content: the **Graphic Report** editor appears.

Each page is divided in: header, footer and page body.

2. Double click on the area you want to edit: the edit area is shown in white, others are grayed out.

The Widget Gallery is context-sensitive and displays only the widgets available for the area you are editing.

Widgets available for reports

Widgets that can be used for a graphic report:

Widget	Function	
Page Number Automatic page numbering		
Screenshot	Screen capture of the page currently displayed by the HMI device. The report page is automatically resized to fit the HMI device page. Note: The full screen is printed, including all open dialogs.	
Alarm	Entire contents of the event buffer (default buffer is Alarm Buffer1).	
Text	Widgets such as labels and numeric fields	

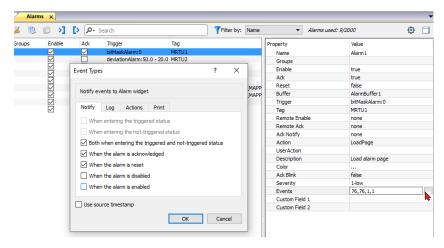
Print triggering events

Report printing can be triggered by events.

Configuring alarm printing

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

- 1. In the Alarms editor, open the Event Types dialog from the Events property.
- 2. In Print tab select all the conditions for which you want to trigger printing.





Important: Only one report can be set as Active alarm report in a project and it can be either a text report or a graphic report.

Adjusting printer settings at runtime

A graphic report printing can be started also using the action **PrintGraphicReport**.

Set the action property silent to false to have a pop-up dialog.

Basic S	ettings		Advanced Settings
1	USB	*	Top Bottom
	Default	-	0,00" 👻 🗌 0,00" 🛓
0	Monochrome (B&W)	w.	Left Right
	Roll paperId	-	
	Width Height		Inchs Portrait Millimeters Landscape
-	Ok		Cancel

Default printer

Printer setting

You can set a default printer for all graphic reports. Each report can then be configured to use the default printer or any other printer available. Click **Printer Setting** button to set printer parameters.

For PDF printers you also define the folder where files are saved by using **Printed Files Location**.

30 Screen saver

Screen saver can be used to execute actions and/or display a slide show when the HMI device is not in use. The screen saver starts after a timeout if none of the following events occur:

- touch of display
- mouse movement
- external keyboard key pressed
- active dialogs

When the display is touched or a mouse movement is detected or a key from an external keyboard is pressed or a dialog is launched, if the screen saver is active it is deactivated.

Enabling the screen saver function

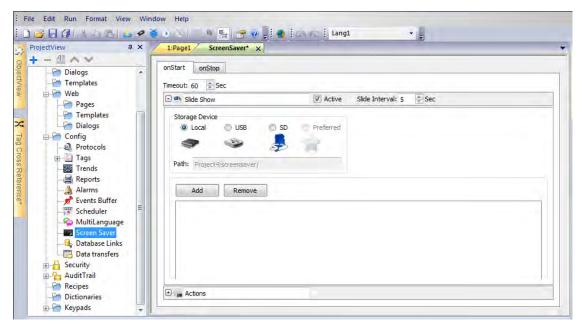
Path: ProjectView> Config > right-click Screen Saver> Enable



Important: You must enable the screen saver before you can configure it.

Configuring a screen saver

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Screen Saver



Timeout

Time after which the slide show starts

Slide show parameters

Parameter	Description		
Slide Interval	Interval between slides.		
Storage Device	ice Location of the images used in the slide show.		
	Images stored locally are saved in <i>workspace\projectname\screensaver</i> and can be downloaded to the HMI device when the project is downloaded.		
	Images stored on USB or SD devices are saved in a screensaver folder on the device itself.		
	Important: Only JPEG and PNG images are supported.		
Add/Remove	Add / Remove images to show.		

Associating actions to the screen saver

Actions can be triggered by the screen saver start and/or stop.

- Click + next to Actions in the onStart tab to configure actions to be executed when the screen saver starts.
- Click + next to Actions in the onStop tab to configure actions to be executed when the screen saver stops.

31 Backup/restore of Runtime and project

You can backup all the content of the HMI device, including

- HMI Runtime
- HMI Application Project

to an external memory. This backup copy can be used to restore the content of the HMI device at a later time or copy it to a new HMI device.

The backup function is available only if enabled for the logged user. See "Modifying access permissions" on page 349 for details.



Note: Backup is not supported in HMWIN Client.

Backup function

The backup function automatically performs the following procedure:

- 1. Unloads the current project to unlock files in use.
- 2. Archives the content of the \QTHMI folder (containing HMI Runtime, projects, dynamic files such as recipes, alarms, trends and so on) to a .zip file (standard or encrypted).
- 3. Reset the HMI device (reloads the project).

To start the backup procedure:

- 1. In HMI Runtime right click to open the context menu.
- 2. Select Backup: the Backup dialog is displayed.



3. Select the path for storing the backup file.



Note: The backup process does not include files stored in USB and SD cards. Dynamic data such as recipes, trends, events stored in these devices will not be included in the backup.

Restore function

Restore the backup package can be perform on HMI device

- from the Context Menu (see "Update package" on page 98 for details)
- or from the System Settings (see "System Settings" on page 594 for details)

32 Keypads

Several keypads are provided by default in the HMWIN Studio so that they can be used for data entry.

The alphabet keypad can be use associate with a string data type



The numeric keypad can be use associate with a numeric data type

AIL A	Ni				4
'alue 'alue					Mito Mito
+	*	+	9	8	7
+	+	÷	6	5	4
	c	Es	3	2	1
		-	-	0	(

The calendar keypad can be use associate with a date data type

÷						Se	lect day
	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRJ	SAT	SUN
a					1	2	З
٥	4	ŝ	ē	7	8	9	10
0	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
a	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
٥	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
٥					9		
<	10/20	21	>		Es		Enter

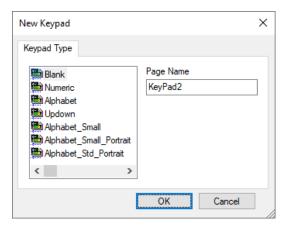
Creating and using custom keypads	376
Deleting or renaming custom keypads	. 379
Keypad type	. 380
Keypad position	380

Creating and using custom keypads

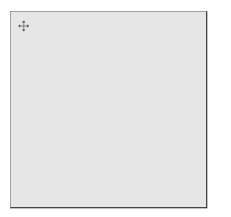
You can either create a new keypad or customize an existing one.

Creating a keypad

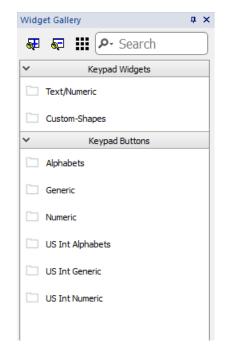
1. In ProjectView, right-click Keypads and select Insert Keypad: the New Keypad dialog is displayed.



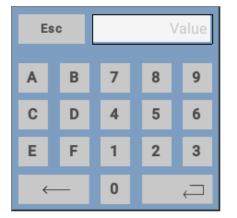
2. Select one of the available keypads, or **Blank** to create a keypad from scratch. In this case a blank keypad is displayed.



3. Use the **Keypad Widgets** and **Keypad Buttons** from the Widget Gallery to create your custom keypad.



The keypad you create, as in this example, will be saved in the project folder.



Text/Numeric Controls

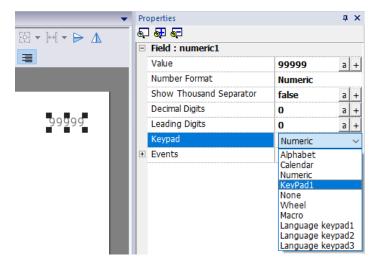
The Text/Numeric folder contains some specific controls to keypad development.

Vidget Gallery	ą x					
💵 🕢 📰 🔎 Search						
 Keypad Widgets 		Pr	operties		, p	×
		6] 🖶 🚭			
Text/Numeric		Ξ	Field : numeric1			
Edit box	^		Value	99999	а	+
Old value			Number Format	Numeric		
Max value			Show Thousand Separator	false	а	+
Min value			Decimal Digits	0	а	+
Edit text			Leading Digits	0	а	+
Description	~		Keypad	Numeric		
			Min	-32768	а	+
Custom-Shapes			Max	32767	а	+
Keypad Buttons			Description		а	+
	_	+	Events			
		+	Text			
		+	Frame			
		+	General			
		+	Position			

Data source	Description
Edit box	New value
Old value	Current value
Min value	Min value defined inside the field's property currently editing.
Max value	Max value defined inside the field's property currently editing.
Edit text	Simple text label
Description	Description defined inside the field's property currently editing.

Attaching custom keypads to fields

Custom keypads can then be reused for any field where the **Keypad** property points to it as in this example.



Tips and tricks with custom keypads

By default, any numeric widget (read/write numeric field) are assigned the numeric keypad.

If you want to apply a customized version of the numeric keypad to all the numeric widgets you add to your project proceed as follows:

- 1. Create a new keypad and select **Numeric** as **Keypad** type. This will be a backup of the original settings for the numeric keypad.
- 2. Customize the default numeric keypad and save it. This customized version of the numeric keypad will now be assigned as default in the project.

See "Deleting or renaming custom keypads" below for details on how to rename a custom keypad.

Up-down arrows keypad

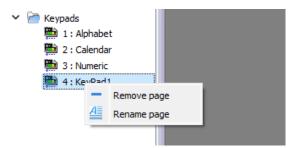
This type of keypad is particularly useful to move the cursor up and down within widget requiring this functionality. Here an example using a **Control List** widget. See "Control list widget" on page 439 for details.

	State	e 0		<u> </u>				
	State	e 1		=				
:	State 2							
:	State 3							
:	State	e 4						
:	State	e 5						
:	State	e 6		-				
		\uparrow						
	~	↑ 0	\rightarrow					
	~	↑ 0 ↓	\rightarrow					
	←		<i>→</i>					

Deleting or renaming custom keypads

In **ProjectView**, right-click on a custom keypad and select one of the options:

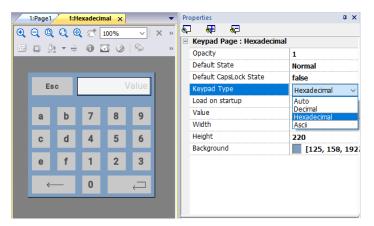
- Remove KeyPad Page to remove the keypad from the project
- Rename Keypad Page to rename the keypad.



Keypad type

Path: ProjectView> Keypads > double-click a keypad > Properties

Set Keypad Type parameter for a keypad to define the type of data entry.



Keypad Type	Description
Auto	Default setting
Decimal	Only numeric keys are accepted. Entering 10, the keypad returns 10 that will be displayed as "10" if the attached field is numeric or ASCII, as 'A' if the attached filed is hexadecimal.
Hexadecimal	Only hexadecimal keys are accepted. Entering 10, the keypad returns 16 that will be displayed as "16" if the attached field is numeric or ASCII, as "10" if the attached field is hexadecimal.
Ascii	All keys are enabled. Entering 1A, the keypad returns 1A that will be displayed as '1' if the attached field is numeric, as "1A" if the attached field is ASCII or if the attached field is hexadecimal.

Keypad position

Option	Description
Automatic	The best position is selected according to here data entry is required.
Absolute	X,Y coordinates are entered to identify the exact position
Left-top	Predefined screen positions
Left-center	
Left-bottom	
Center-top	

Runtime Positioning property of keypads can be used to define where keypads will appear in the screen.

Option	Description
Center-center	
Center-bottom	
Right-top	
Brightener	
Right-bottom	

Select the Lock Keypad position option if you do not want the keypad to be moved by dragging.

33 External keyboards

HMI Runtime has been designed to work with external keyboards connected via USB.



USB Barcode readers that support keyboard emulation mode can be used.

Keyboards can be used for:

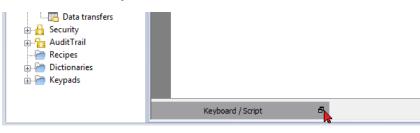
- data entry (default)
- · execute actions mapped on specific keys

For example, the right arrow key **OnClick** event can be mapped to the **LoadPage** action.

Keyboard can be programmed at project level so that settings will be inherited by all the pages. In each page you can then choose which key setting will be inherited from the project and which one you will customize for the specific page.

Opening external keyboards

- 1. In the Page Editor, click on the icon on the right of **Keyboard/Script** at the bottom of the workspace: the Keyboard/Script Editor is displayed.
- 2. Select the Keyboard tab.



Each row in the Keyboard Editor corresponds to a key.

Project/lew a:	100 Percent 101					
pri-122 Project properties Project properties Project properties Project Proj		123.0		S + A + B I		
Trends			Ke	yboard		-
Reports	A- Search	7 Hiter by: is		shows : all keye		istinged
Trends Reports Alarms Ptevents Buffer Scheduler MultiLanguage	P+ Search	7 Filter by: in Code: 0x1000000	eyname 🔹		•] £	in Sinded
Trends Reports Alarms Alarms Scheduler Scheduler MathLanguage Screen Saver die Database Links			ey name 🔹	Shows : all keys	14	Finited (Standard
Trends Reports Vents Buffer Scheduler Scheduler Screen Saver Database Links	Escape	Code 0x1000000	ey name 💌	Shows : all keys	x x	istindard
Trends Reports Alarms Alarms Scheduler Scheduler MathLanguage Screen Saver die Database Links	Escape	Code 0x1000000 Code 0x1000002	ey name 🔹	Shows : all keps	. :	islanded (
Trends Trends Reports Aurms Vents Buffer Steaduler Steaduler Database Links	Escape Becktab Becktab	Code 0x1000000 Code 0x1000002 Code 0x1000003	ey name 🔹	Shows : all keys Shows : all	¥ 2	isinged
Trends Reports Reports Reports Refeature Sources Buffer Sources Buffer Sources Sever Reportabase Links Refeature Sources Refeature Sources Refeature Refeat	t _ Escape t _ Badtab t _ Badtab t _ Return	Code 0x1000000 Code 0x1000002 Code 0x1000003 Code 0x1000004	ey name 💌	Shows : all keys Shows : all keys Shows a state Shows a state		Elinard
Transs Atems Ate	Bocape Bocape	Code 0x1000000 Code 0x1000002 Code 0x1000003 Code 0x1000004 Code 0x1000004	ey name 💌	Shows : all keys Shows : all keys Sherts project actors Sherts project actors Sherts project actors Sherts project actors Sherts project actors	-) ¢	Flinded (

For each key, the following information is displayed:

Element	Description
Label	Key name
Code	Key code
Enable	Key enable status
Inherits project actions	Defines whether the key is inheriting the action programmed at the project level

Here the possible configurations:

Enable	Inherits project actions	Editor appearance	HMI Runtime behavior
Checked	Unchecked	Action lists show the page actions (or nothing if the list is empty)	Only the page actions (if any) will be executed.
Checked	Checked	Action lists show the project actions only and cannot be edited	Only the configured project actions (if any) will be executed.
Unchecked	Checked	Inherits project actions check box and all action lists are disabled. Action lists show the project actions only.	No page or project action will be executed.
Unchecked	Unchecked	Inherits project actions check box and all action lists are disabled. Action lists show the project actions only.	No page or project action will be executed.

Search and filter	
Displayed keys	
Removing action associations	
Keyboard layout	
Enable/disable keyboard	
Associating actions to keys	

Search and filter

To display a filtered set of keys, in **Filter by** select **key name** and type a letter in the search field: only the keys containing that letter in their name will be displayed in the Keyboard editor.

🗉 🛄 Left	Code 0x1000012	V Enable	Inherits project actions	
🖲 🔲 Shift	Code		Inherits project actions	
🗉 🛄 F 1	Conty Kove	containe	Inherits project actions	
⊞ 📙 F2	only Keys		Inherits project actions	
⊞ [_] F3		the letters typed will		
1 🖬 🖬 🖬	be sho	ows	Inherits project actions	
⊕ [_] F5	Code 0x1000034	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
🕀 🔲 F6	Code 0x1000035	V Enable	Inherits project actions	
€ [_] F7	Code 0x1000036	V Enable	Inherits project actions	

Alternatively, in **Filter by** select **key code** and type a letter in the search field: only the key containing that letter in their code will be displayed in the Keyboard editor.

- 1 3					Exercite the second second	100
•	F16	Code	0x100003f	🗹 Enable	Inherits project actions	f
•	F32	Code	0x100004f	V Enable	V Inherits project actions	-
•	Slash	Code	0x2f	C Enable	V Inherits project actions	
• 山	Question	Code	0x3f	V Enable	V Inherits project actions	
•	0	Code	0x4f	V Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	Underscore	Code	0x5f	🔽 Enable	V Inherits project actions	
•	macron	Code	0xaf	🛛 Enable	V Inherits project actions	
•	questiondown	Code	0xbf	🛛 Enable	V Inherits project actions	
ΞL	Idiaeresis	Code	Ovef	V Enable	V Inherits project actions	Ϊ,

Displayed keys

You can easily select what keys will be listed in the Keyboard editor window. To display a limited set of keys, select an option in **Shows**.

Option	Description
all keys	All keys available in the keyboard layout are listed
modified keys	Only the keys associated with actions at the page level are listed
modified keys in project	Only the keys associated with actions at project level are listed

Removing action associations

To remove all the associations you created between keys and actions:

- 1. Select the keys for which you want to remove the association.
- 2. Click the Clear all actions of selected keys button.

If you are working at page level, page actions will be removed, if you are working a project level, project actions will be removed.

f	🔍 🍸 Fi	lter by:	key code 🔹 Shows : a		🗸 🔊 📻 Generic keyboard 🗸	
•	F16	Code	0x100003f	🔽 Enable	Inherits projed Clear all actions of selecte	d ke
•	F32	Code	0x100004f	🔽 Enable	V Inherits project actions	
•	Slash	Code	0x2f	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	Ξ
•	Question	Code	0x3f	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	0	Code	0x4f	🔽 Enable	✓ Inherits project actions	
•	Underscore	Code	0x5f	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	macron	Code	0xaf	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	questiondown	Code	0xbf	🔽 Enable	✓ Inherits project actions	
•	Idiaeresis	Code	0xcf	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	ssharp	Code	0xdf	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
e 📃	division	Code	0xf7	🔽 Enable	✓ Inherits project actions	

Keyboard layout

Select the layout of the keyboard from the **Keyboard Layout** combo box. **Generic Keyboard** refers to a generic international keyboard layout.

Enable/disable keyboard

You can enable/disable keyboard actions both at project and at page level. To enable keyboard actions, in the **Properties** pane set **Keboard macro** to **true**.

Properties	ą ×
97 97 97	
Page : Page1	
Id	Page1
Width	800
Height	480
Background	[255, 255 +
Template	none
Static Optimization	true
Static File Type	png
JavaScript Debug	false
Keyboard	true 👻
Precache	true
Events	false

You can enable/disable keyboard actions also at runtime using the KeyboardMacros action. See "Keyboard actions" on page 187 for details.

Associating actions to keys

You associate actions to a keys from the Keyboard editor.

1. Click + next to the key you want to program: the fields for key configuration are displayed.

sardi	Y File	er by: (key name 🔹	Shows : all keys	•) 🗧 👝 Star
1	Cade 0x100003	0 V Enable	Interits project actions	
Autorepeat mo	de (disabled 🔹 🗸	Default Hold and Autorepei	at settings	
OnClick		+ - ~ ~	Cherrold	+ - 0
-		Show hide	advanced events	

1. Click + to add actions.

You can associate actions both to the OnClick event and toe the OnHold event.

See "Events" on page 53 for details.

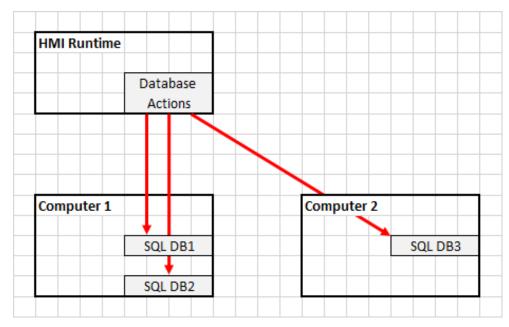


Note: Also JavaScript code can be associated to a key event.

3 👰		Ac	tion Properties		
- Widget	*	-	JSAction		
-JavaScript - ShowWidget			File	page1.js	
 SlideWidget BeginDataEntry TriggerIPCamera MoveIPCamera RefreshEvent ContextMenu 			Function	F1_onKeyClick	
ReplaceMedia			nction		
Stop	*	1a	vaScrint entr	v point function	

34 Storing data to external databases

HMWIN Studio allows connecting to external databases through macros or SQL commands (structured query language).



The supported databases are:

- MYSQL
- MariaDB
- PostgreSQL
- ODBC
- SQL4Automation

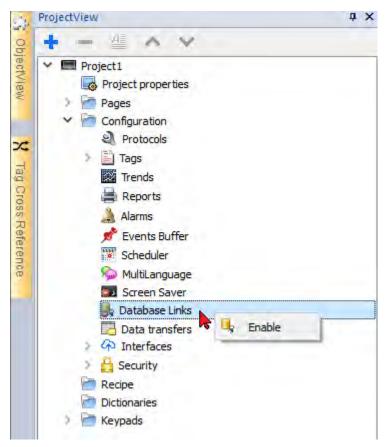
Configuring the HMI project	390
Transfer data with JavaScript	391
Database tables	395
Custom tables	396
DB table data source	396
Database Configuration	398

Configuring the HMI project

Enable/disable DB Connectors

Path: ProjectView> right-click Database Links> Enable

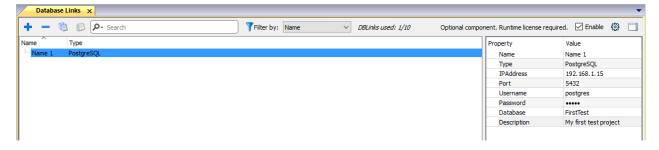
Note the icon change to indicates whether the function is enabled or disabled.



Configure a Database

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Database Links

To use an external database it is necessary to create a connection with the specific database by specifying the database access parameters. Later you can use the macros and the JavaScript APIs by referencing the database by the name given to the link.



Parameter	Description
Name	The name to use to reference the database defined in this row.
Туре	The available supported databases are:: • MYSQL • MariaDB • PostgreSQL • ODBC • SQL4Automation
Description	A free text that will help you to recognize the database.
	The other parameters identify how the database is accessed and depend on the type of the selected database (Ref. "Database Configuration" on page 398).

Status of database connection is available through system variable tags. See "Default variables" on page 150

Error status can be reset with actions. See "DBResetErrors" on page 186

Using the database

You can exchange data with the database through macros or through JavaScript API:

- "Database actions" on page 183
- "Transfer data with JavaScript" below

Transfer data with JavaScript

Note that you can use the database actions defined in "Database actions" on page 183 even from the JavaScript code as for the below examples:

```
function myButton1_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) {
    var CustomSQL = '' ;
    var DatabaseLink ='Link1';
    project.dbInit(DatabaseLink, CustomSQL);
};
function myButton2_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) {
    var CustomSQL = '' ;
    var DatabaseLink ='Link1';
    var Tags ='Alarm1;SystemTime;Tag01;Tag02;';
    project.dbReadTags(DatabaseLink, CustomSQL, Tags);
};
function myButton3_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) {
    var CustomSQL = '' ;
```

```
var DatabaseLink ='Link1';
var Tags ='Alarm1;SystemTime;Tag01;Tag02;';
project.dbWriteTags(DatabaseLink, CustomSQL, Tags);
};
```

dbQuery

project.dbQuery(databaseLink, customSQL, dbCallback);

Using this query you can execute SQL Queries.

Parameter	Description	
databaseLink	Link to the database to use	
customSQL	String with the SQL query	
dbCallback()	Function that will be call when query data are ready	

dbCallBack

project.dbCallBack(dbStatus, dbResponse);

Parameter	Description	
dbStatus	See the below errors list.	
dbResponse	Query response. Table column names followed by its rows:	
	In the example:	
	TagnName - Tagvalue Tag09 - 103 Tag10 - 302	

Error codes

dbStatus	Description
0	SQL_NO_ERROR
-1	SQL_ERROR
-2	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ
-3	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ
-4	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF
-5	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RS
-6	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RS
-7	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RS
-9	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RR
-10	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RR
-11	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RR
-12	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RC
-13	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RC
-14	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RC
-15	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RN
-16	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RN
-17	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RN
-18	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_READ_STR_RN
-19	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RD
-20	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RD
-21	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RD
-22	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_READ_STR_RD
-23	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_STRING_SIZE
-24	SQL_WRITE_ERROR
-25	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CREATE_SOCKET
-26	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAG_FROM_ENGINE
-27	SQL_DB_WRITE_TAG_INSERT_NOT_TRIED
-28	SQL_DB_WRITE_TAG_UPDATE_NOT_SUCCESS

dbStatus	Description
-29	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAG_NAME_COL_NOT_FOUND
-30	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAG_VALUE_COL_NOT_FOUND
-31	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAG_NOT_FOUND
-32	SQL_ERROR_GROUP_READ_FROM_ENGINE
-33	SQL_ERROR_GROUP_NOT_FOUND
-34	SQL_ERROR_GROUP_READ_CHUNK_MISSED
-35	SQL_ERROR_TREND_READ_FROM_ENGINE
-36	SQL_ERROR_EVENT_READ_FROM_ENGINE
-37	SQL_ERROR_EVENT_INIT_PARAMS
-38	SQL_ERROR_RECIPE_READ_FROM_ENGINE
-39	SQL_DB_WRITE_RECIPE_UPDATE_NOT_SUCCESS
-40	SQL_DB_WRITE_RECIPE_INSERT_NOT_TRIED
-41	SQL_ERROR_RECIPE_NOT_FOUND
-42	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_NAME_COL_NOT_FOUND
-43	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_SET_COL_NOT_FOUND
-44	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_ELEMENT_COL_NOT_FOUND
-45	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_VALUE_COL_NOT_FOUND
-46	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND
-47	SQL_ERROR_RECIPE_READ_CHUNK_MISSED
-48	SQL_EVENT_TREND_ERROR_NO_DATA
-49	SQL_ERROR_TRENDEVENT_SAMPLE_SQL_ERROR
-50	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_AR
-51	SQL_DB_WRITE_TAG_EMPTY_GOOD_QUALITY_TAGS
-52	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAGS_WRITE_TO_ENGINE_FAILED
-53	SQL_DB_WRITE_TAG_FAILED
-54	SQL_DB_GROUP_TAGS_NOT_FOUND
-55	SQL_DB_WRITE_RECIPE_INSERT_FAILED
-56	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_WRITE_TO_ENGINE_FAILED
-200	QT_SQL_ERROR

dbStatus	Description
	Check "Database link error message" system variable for more details. (See Database variables in "Default variables" on page 150).
-300	DB_CONNECTOR_LICENSE_EXPIRED

Database tables

Here the structure of the database tables used by the database actions.



Note: These tables can be generated on an empty database from the **DBInit** action.

Table: Tags

FieldName	Text(255)	PRIMARY KEY
TagValue	Text(255)	

Table: Trends

ld	Long Integer	PRIMARY KEY
TrendName	Text(255)	
SampleTime	Text(255)	
TrendValue	Text(255)	
Quality	Text(255)	
RefreshTime	Text(255)	

Table: Recipes

Recipe	Text(255)	PRIMARY KEY
SetName	Text(255)	PRIMARY KEY
ElementName	Text(255)	PRIMARY KEY
SetValue	Text(255)	

Table: Event

ld	Long Integer	PRIMARY KEY
EventName	Text(255)	

SampledTime	Text(255)	
EventType	Text(255)	
EventSubTime	Text(255)	
EventValue	Text(255)	

Custom tables

SQL queries released from the DB actions are listed inside the project file config\dbconnector.xml.

Modify the commands defined inside this file to customize the SQL strings released from the DB actions and then get access to a different structured database.

Example

```
CREATE TABLE myTagsTable (tagname VARCHAR(255) PRIMARY KEY, tagvalue VARCHAR(255))
UPDATE myTagsTable SET Tagvalue= '%_JMV' WHERE Tagname= '%_JMT'
INSERT INTO myTagsTable (Tagname, Tagvalue) Values ('%_JMT', '%_JMV')
```

Where "%_JMV" will be replaced with the tag value and "%_JMT" with the tag name.

DB table data source

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Table> DB table data source

The "DB table data source" is a widget that collects data from an SQL database through a SQL query to fill a table.

To configure a table with a "DB table data source":

- 1. Put a "DB table data source" on the page and configure it with the appropriate SQL query
- 2. Put a "Table group" on the page and select the defined "DB table data source"

DB table data source

	Properties		, ф
	5 6 5		
	TableDBSrcWgt : TableDBSrcW	ableDBSrcWgt	
	Database Link	Link1	
	DB Query	SELECT 'tagname', 'tagvalue' FROM 'tags' ORDER BY 'tagname' DESC	
	Model source		a +

Table group

Pro	operties	# ×		
2 2 2				
-	TableGroupWgt : TableWgt			
	Current selected row	-1		
	Data Source			
	Table model	+		
-	DataLink	model:TableDBSrcWgt -		

DB Query

Note that each parameter must be enclosed in quotation marks. If quotation marks are required in the SQL query, enclose the parameter in double quotation marks. See the example below:

```
SELECT 'tagname','tagvalue' FROM 'tags' ORDER BY 'tagname' DESC
SELECT 'tagname','tagvalue' FROM 'tags' WHERE 'tagname'="'Tag09'" OR
'tagname'="'Tag10'" ORDER BY 'tagname' DESC
```

Placeholder

The DB Query accepts placeholders in the form \$(tag name). Those placeholders will be substituted with the value contained inside the tags

For example, if we have a string tag called WHERE (long enough to contain the text we will write), we can configure a filter that can be activated by writing inside the WHERE tag.

The QB Query:

SELECT 'tagname', 'tagvalue' FROM 'tags' \$ (WHERE) ORDER BY 'tagname' DESC

Writing an empty string:

WHERE = ""

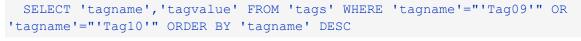
the query will be without filter

SELECT 'tagname', 'tagvalue' FROM 'tags' ORDER BY 'tagname' DESC

Writing the filter string:

WHERE 'tagname'="'Tag09'" OR 'tagname'="'Tag10'"

the query will be with the filter





For the other data source parameters see the "Configuring the data source" on page 469

RefreshDBTable

There is an Action, available inside the "Database actions" folder, that can be used to executes the SQL query of the "DB table data source" widget to update its data.

Database Configuration

This chapter contains some examples of how to configure the parameters needed to access external databases

Configuring MYSQL, MariaDB and PostgreSQL databases

Property	Value	
Name	Link1	
Туре	PostgreSQL	
IPAddress	10.1.35.117	
Port	5432	
Username	Smith	
Password		
Database	testDB	
Description		

Parameter	Description
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.
Туре	Select: ODBC
IPAddress	Server IP Address
Port	Port used from MSSQL Server (generally 1433)
Username	Username for accessing the MSSQL database
Password	Password for accessing the MSSQL database
Database	The name of the database you want to access
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)

Configuring ODBC

Open Database Connectivity offers different types of connections

Accessing to Microsoft databases using MSSQL Server

Property	Value
Name	Link1
Туре	ODBC
IPAddress	10.1.35.117
Port	1433
Connection Type	Driver
ODBC Database	MSSQL Server
Driver Name	libtdsodbc.so.0
Username	Smith
Password	
Database	testDB
Description	

Parameter	Description
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.
Туре	Select: ODBC
IPAddress	Server IP Address
Port	Port used from MSSQL Server (generally 1433)
Connection Type	Select: Driver
ODBC Database	Select: MSSQL Server
Driver Name	Type a driver name installed on the HMI device: "libtdsodbc.so.0"
Username	Username for accessing the MSSQL database
Password	Password for accessing the MSSQL database
Database	The name of the database you want to access
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)

Accessing to Microsoft databases using MSSQL Server and DSN



This is a special configuration, for advanced users only, which requires the modification of internal files of the HMI device

Property	Value	
Name	Link1	
Туре	ODBC	
Connection Type	DSN	
DSN	myODBC	
ODBC Database	MSSQL Server	
Username	Smith	
Password	•••••	
Description		

Parameter	Description
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.
Туре	Select: ODBC
Connection Type	Select: DSN
DSN	Select the DSN to use
ODBC Database	Select: MSSQL Server
Username	Username for accessing the MSSQL database
Password	Password for accessing the MSSQL database
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)

Accessing to an internal "MS Access" file

This configuration is not fully supported on HMI devices. MS Access databases can only be read.

Property	Value
Name	Link1
Туре	ODBC
Connection Type	Driver
ODBC Database	MS Access
Driver Name	libmdbodbc.so
MS AccessFile	/mnt/data/hmi/Database1.mdb
Description	

Parameter	Description	
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.	
Туре	Select: ODBC	
Connection Type	Select: Driver	
ODBC Database Select: MS Access		
Driver Name	Type a driver name installed on the HMI device: "libmdbodbc.so"	
MS AccessFile	Type the MS Access file to use	
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)	

Accessing to an internal "MS Access" file using DSN

This configuration is not fully supported on HMI devices. MS Access databases can only be read.



This is a special configuration, for advanced users only, which requires the modification of internal files of the HMI device

Property	Value	
Name	Link1	
Туре	ODBC	
Connection Type	DSN	
DSN	myODBC	
ODBC Database	MS Access	
Description		

Parameter	Description	
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.	
Туре	Select: ODBC	
Connection Type	Select: DSN	
DSN	Select the DSN to use	
ODBC Database	MS Access	
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)	

Configuring DSN on HMI device

There are two files of the UnixODBC Driver manager to write and copy to /mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/data

- odbc.ini
- odbcinst.ini

DNS configuration to support MS SQL Server

odbcinst.ini

```
[FreeTDS]
Description = v0.91 with protocol v7.2
Driver = /mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/libtdsodbc.so.0
```

odbc.ini

```
[Datasourcename]
Driver = FreeTDS
Description =
Trace =
Server =
Port =
TDS version =
Database =
```

Example:

🔚 odbcinst.ini 🗵	dbc.ini 🗵
1 [FreeTDS]	
2 Description = v0.91 with protocol v7.2	2 Driver = FreeTDS
3 Driver = /mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/libtdsodbc.so.0	3 Description = Any description
4 L	4 Trace = No
	5 Server = 192.168.20.189
	6 Port = 1433
	7 TDS version = 7.2
	8 Database = Database1
	9 L

DNS configuration to support MS Access

odbcinst.ini

```
[MDBTools]
Description=MDBTools Driver
Driver=/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/libmdbodbc.so
```

odbc.ini

```
[MSAccess]
Driver = MDBTools
Description =
Database =
Server =
```

Example:

😸 odbci	nst.ini 🖸	1	odbc.	ini	
1	[MDBTools]	IГ	1	Ę	[myODBC]
2	Description=MDBTools Driver		2		Driver = MDBTools
3	Driver=/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/libmdbodbc.so		3		Description = Sample Database
4	L		4		Database =/home/admin/Database1.mdb
			5		Server = 127.0.0.1
			6	L	-
ļ					

35 OPC UA Server

Path: ProjectView> Config > Interfaces > double-click OPC UA

Use OPC UA Server to publish data according to the OPC UA standard.

Parameter	Description
Enable OPC UA Server	Main flag to activate OPC UA Server.
	Data values defined in the HMI device are published by the OPC UA Server.

Features

Parameter	Description	
Enable alarms	Activates publication of real-time alarms data (active alarms).	
Enable historical alarms	Activates publication of historical alarms data.	
	Only default "Alarmbuffer1" is exposed as historical alarm data. (See "Events Buffer" on page 265)	
Enable trends	Activates publication of trends data.	
Tag groups	Only tags belonging to selected groups will be available to the OPC UA Server.	
Alarm groups	Only alarms belonging to selected groups will be available to the OPC UA Server.	

Network

Parameter	Description
Node Name	Enter node name or leave empty to use host name.
Port	Port number of OPC UA Server.
	Port number proposed as default may be different from port used by OPC UA Client.

Authentication

Select authentication options for OPC UA Server.



OPC UA Clients will be responsible for choosing, from available options, the most appropriate option to use according to their capabilities.

User authentication

Parameter	Description
Anonymous	Anonymous clients accepted.
User/Password	Authentication with user name is accepted.
	Any valid user has unrestricted access to OPC UA Server (see "Configuring users" on page 355).

Using x.509 Certificates

OPC UA provides a secure communication channel using digital certificates. Configurable levels of end-to-end security ensuring encryption, confidentiality and integrity of each message are available. When enabled, the server validates the client certificate and vice versa.



OPC UA Clients will be responsible for choosing, from available options, the most appropriate option to use according to their capabilities.

Security Mode	Description
Policy	Select the acceptable Security Policies (see the next table)
Sign	OPC UA Client must provide its own certificate: communication through signed messages is allowed.
SignAndEncrypt	OPC UA Client must provide its own certificate: communication through signed and encrypted messages is allowed.
Security Policy	Description
None	Not recommended in public networks.
Basic128Rsa15	Accepted encryption level.
Basic256	Accepted encryption level.
Basic256Sha256	Accepted encryption level.
Parameter	Description
Automatically trust any new clients	All certificates provided from any OPC UA Clients are accepted.
Trusted Certificates	Only OPC UA Clients that provide one of the listed certificates are accepted.



To add a new certificate to the list of trusted certificates, you must have the certificate file supplied by the owner of the OPC UA Client device. Both binary and ASCII certificate file formats are accepted.

Global Discovery Server

OPC UA Server is compatible with the GDS Push Model. This means that you can use a remote GDS tool for central certificate management.



To be able to successfully connect to OPC UA Server, you must retrieve the certificate of the GDS tool and add it to the trusted certificate list of OPC UA Server.

Example

When an OPC UA Client attempts a connection with the OPC UA Server, the server checks if the client certificate is available inside its own trusted certificate list. If it is not found, the communication will be rejected and the certificate will be stored in a list of unreliable certificates.

Using a GDS tool, you can connect to the OPC UA Server, inspect available certificates and define trust or not trust state of each certificate.

Certificate Files

HMI device will store certificates inside the subfolders of folder "/workspace/<ApplicationName>/config/pkiserver"

- own
 Own certificate and private key
- trusted

Trusted self signed certificates and CA certificates

- rejected Rejected certificates
- issuers

Trusted intermediate (not directly trusted) CA required to validate the trust chain

Server Identity

Parameter	Description	
Manufacturer name	Human readable name of the manufacturer of the product. OPC UA Client can retrieve this information from tag:	
	ServerName Objects Server ServerStatus BuildInfo ManufacturerName	
Product name	A human readable name for the product running in the server.	
	The OPC UA Client can retrieve this information from tag: ServerName Objects Server ServerStatus BuildInfo ProductName	

Certificate Parameters

Server certificate can be either generated automatically or by adding an existing certificate file.

Automatically generate self-signed certificate

If auto generated certificate is enabled the certificate is regenerated after every change made by user to certificate parameters. The certificate is also replaced by any explicitly set certificate.

Certificate parameters

Each certificate must contain information that should identify the certificate and its restrictions. If you have chosen to use a self-generated certificate, enter the information you want to be inside the self-generated certificate. Otherwise parameters are read from the certificate you have supplied.

Parameter	Description
Server Name (Common Name)	Name of the certificate (e.g. the device name).
Organization	Organization name
Unit	Organization unit This field could be useful to differentiate different divisions within an organization.
Location	Locality field denotes the city where organization resides in
State	State or Province field specifies where the organization is physically located. Content of State or Province field should not be abbreviated. For example, "CA" is not a valid state name. "California" is the proper state name.
Country	The X.509 naming scheme standard requires a 2-character country code. Country code for the United States is US; country code for Italy is IT.

Parameter	Description
Produc URI	A globally unique identifier for the server.
	Example: "urn:NodeName:CompanyName:ServerName"
DNS Names	DNS name or IP Address of the device where this OPC UA Server is installed.
IP Addresses	Multiple DNS Names and/or IP Addresses can be in a single certificate.
	The certificate will be valid only if the IP address where the OPC UA Server is running is included in this list.
Validity	Period of validity of the certificate starting from creation date
Key Length	Length of the key used by RSA encrypting algorithm

Script to generate a Certificate

If you want provide your own certificate, note that the certificate must include the "Subject Alternative Name (SAN)" parameters as required by the OPC UA standard.

Here is an example of how to generate a certificate using a public OpenSSL-Win32 library (Reference: https://www.openssl.org/)

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.exe"
set NodeName=HMI-Server
set IPAddress=192.168.44.165
rem Generate an RSA key
   %OpenSSL% genrsa -out server-key.pem 2048
rem Creating Certificate Signing Requests
    %OpenSSL% req -new -key server-key.pem -out server.csr -subj "/ST=NY/C=US/L=New
York/O=CompanyName/OU=R&D Team/CN=OPCUAServer@%NodeName%"
rem Creating Certificate (.pem)
   echo subjectAltName=URI:urn:%NodeName%:CompanyName:OPCUAServer,IP:%IPAddress% >
san.txt
   echo
keyUsage=digitalSignature, nonRepudiation, keyEncipherment, dataEncipherment, keyCertSign
>> san.txt
    echo extendedKeyUsage=critical,serverAuth,clientAuth >> san.txt
   echo authorityKeyIdentifier=keyid,issuer >> san.txt
   echo basicConstraints=CA:TRUE >> san.txt
    %OpenSSL% x509 -req -days 3650 -in server.csr -signkey server-key.pem -out
server.crt -extfile san.txt
rem Convert Certificate (.der)
    %OpenSSL% x509 -in server.crt -outform der -out server.der
rem Not necessary files
   del san.txt
pause
```

Using self-signed certificates

This chapter is a step by step example that explains how to configure two HMI devices to communicate using self-signed certificates

OPC UA Server

- 1. Create a simple project including a few tags
- 2. Open the OPC UA dialog and enable OPC UA Server. Be sure to enable tag groups (e.g. select "All")

3. Enter in "IP addresses field" the IP address of the HMI device where OPC UA Server will run

Automatic	ally generate self signed certificate
Organization	Organization
Unit	Unit
Location	LocationName
State	
Country	DE
DNS names	Comma separated list of DNS names or leave empty to use NodeName
IP addresses	192. 168. 44. 165
Validity	5 🜩 years
Key length	1024 🗸
Certificate	
Private key	C:/Users/mauro.crestani/Desktop/Project3/

4. Download the project to the HMI device

OPC UA Client

- 5. Create a simple project
- 6. Add the OPC UA Client protocol. Enter the IP address of the remote OPC UA server and its port number (48010). Leave certificate parameters empty.
- 7. Open tag editor and import tags. Select "OPC UA Discovery" mode
- 8. Choose to copy the certificate to the clipboard as shown in the figure. Then, close this dialog and return to protocol configuration dialog to paste the certificate inside the "Server Certificate" field.

🗊 Sym	nbol discovery, click	'Browse' to pull symbols. Do you want to continue?	
pc.tcp://	192.168.42.213:48	010 ~	Stop
Security S	Gettings		
Security I	Policy Bas	ic256	•
Sect Dia	alog		× •
Clier			
Do		this server certificate permanently?	
Priva	Certificate details -		
	CommonN	OPCUAServer@HMI-Server A	7
Auth	Organization	CompanyName	
\odot	Organizatio	R&D Team	
_	Locality	Verona	
	State	Italy	
0	Country	IT	
	DomainCo		
	Issuer	OPCUAServer@HMI-Server	
	Valid from	2018-06-01T10:36:06.000Z	
	Valid to	2028-05-29T10:36:06.000Z	
mbo	valid to	8785CE5BDC6B570D	
mbo			
mbo			_

9. Repeat step 7, accept the Server OPC UA certificate and import some tags. Note that you can accept the certificate permanently or temporarily. If you accept the certificate permanently, a copy of the certificate will be saved inside your computer for later use without popup again the dialog to asking for confirmation.



The certificate file will be copied inside the folder: %AppData%\Roaming\Panasonic\studio\OPCUA\pki\trusted\certs

- 10. Open again the protocol dialog box. Select the Security Policy = Basic256 and Security Mode = SignAndEncrypt
- 11. Download the project to the HMI device

Since in the OPC UA Client protocol parameters we left empty the "Client certificate" field, the OPC UA Client protocol has generated its own certificate and sent it to the OPC UA Server but since the server does not know this certificate it rejects the connection request. Now we have to tell the server to trust these certificates. There are different ways to do it.

Make rejected certificate trusted using FTP client:

- 1. Connect to OPC UA device using an FTP client
- 2. Look inside the certificate folders and move the rejected certificate from the rejected folder to the trusted folder.

/workspace/<YourProjectName>/config/pkiserver/rejected /workspace/<YourProjectName>/config/pkiserver/trusted/certs

You can double click the certificate file to open it and look to certificate parameters to be sure about the certificate you are validating

Gertificate X			
General Details Certification Path			
Certificate Information			
This CA Root certificate is not trusted. To enable trust, install this certificate in the Trusted Root Certification Authorities store.			
Issued to: HMI-UAClient@HMI-ef4b			
Issued by: HMI-UAClient@HMI-ef4b			
Valid from 01/06/2018 to 31/05/2023			
Install Certificate Issuer Statement			
Install Certificate Issuer Statement			
OK			

Now the communication will start

Make rejected certificate trusted using GDS tool:

- 1. Open the GDS tool and export its certificate
- 2. Open the project and add the certificate of the GDS tool to the Trusted Certificate list
- 3. Download the updates project to the HMI device

Now you can manage certificates using the tools in the HMI device.

Using external certificates

This chapter is a step by step example explaining how to configure two HMI devices to communicate using external certificates.

Generate certificates

You can use the script given in this manual to generate a copy of your own certificates, one for OPC UA Server and another one for OPC UA Client.

- 1. Install a OpenSSL-Win32 library (Reference.: https://www.openssl.org/)
- Use the script ("Script to generate a Certificate" on page 406) to generate OPC UA Server certificate. Be sure to set the IPAddress variable with the IP Address of the HMI device where OPC UA Server will run before running the script.
- 3. Find in the OPC UA Client protocol manual a sample script to generate a certificate for the OPC UA Client protocol

OPC UA Server

- 4. Create a simple project that using a few tags
- 5. Open the OPC UA dialog and enable OPC UA Server. Be sure to enable tag groups (e.g. select "All")
- 6. Add the client.der certificate to the Trusted Certificate area to enable the OPC UA Client to communicate with OPC UA Server

Authentication
Anonymous
User/Password
Trusted certificates
[4b0d5bb742d716c222dcabdc493f8f30] OPCUAClient@HMI-Client valid from ven 1. giu 10:35:57 2018 to lun 29. mag 10:35:57 2028 Double click to enter a new certificate

7. Remove the check on "Automatically generate self-signed certificate" and add the server certificate (server.der) and the server private key (server-key.pem)

Automatically generate self signed certificate			
Organization			
Unit			
Location			
State			
Country			
DNS names	Comma separated list of DNS names or leave empty to use NodeName		
IP addresses	Comma separated list of IP addresses		
Validity	5 🔹 years		
Key length	1024		
Certificate	[1680dab19512cee487be77d6a3a46926] OPCUAServer@HMI-Server valid from ven 1. giu 10:36:06 2018 to kun 29. mag 10:36:06 2028		
Private key	Project1/config/pkiserver/own/private/opcuaserver_key.pem		

8. Download the project to the HMI device

OPC UA Client

- 9. Create a simple project
- 10. Add OPC UA Client protocol.
- 11. Enter the IP address of the remote OPC UA server and its port number (48010).
- 12. Open the ASCII version of the server certificate (server.crt), remove all Newline characters and then copy and paste the ASCII characters of your certificate inside the Server Certificate field.
- 13. Repeat the same with Client Certificate (client.crt) and Client private key (client-key.pem)
- 14. Select the Security Policy Basic256 and the Security Mode = SignAndEncrypt
- 15. Open tag editor and import tags. Select "OPC UA Discovery" mode
- 16. Accept OPC UA Server certificate, import some. Note that you can accept the certificate permanently or temporarily. If you accept the certificate permanently, a copy of the certificate is saved inside your computer to

later usage without asking you for confirmation

17. Download the project to the HMI device

You will note that OPC UA Client is retrieving data from OPC UA Server using the given certificates.

Alarm map

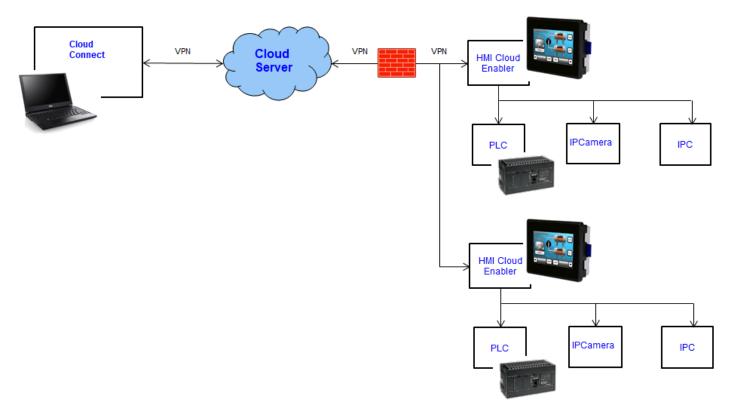
The alarm states are mapped to OPC UA states according to the following rules:

OPC UA Alarm state	HMWIN Studio Alarm state	
Opcua.Alarm.Active	True when alarm state is triggered	
	• TRIGGERED	
	TRIGGERED_NOT_ACKED	
	TRIGGERED_ACKED	
Opcua.Alarm.Acked	True when alarm acknowledgment is not required	
	TRIGGERED_ACKED	
	NOT_TRIGGERED_ACKED	
	NOT_TRIGGERED	
Opcua.Alarm.Retain	True when alarm is pending	
	• TRIGGERED	
	TRIGGERED_NOT_ACKED	
	TRIGGERED_ACKED	
	 NOT_TRIGGERED_ACKED but a RESET is required 	
Opcua.Alarm.Confirmed	True when alarm is returned (Not triggered, acknowledged and reset)	
	NOT_TRIGGERED	
	This info is available only when alarm is configured to required a RESET	

36 Corvina Cloud

Corvina Cloud is a VPN-based solution that allows a seamless connection of diverse remote devices, called endpoints, to a centralized server through gateways. Users who have access to the Corvina Cloud can easily reach the gateways and the endpoints, provided they have the necessary access rights, using a PC application called Corvina Cloud Connect.

The diagram below presents a possible setup of the various components of the infrastructure, showing how they are interconnected:



See Corvina Cloud reference manual at corvinacloud.exorint.net for additional details.

Interface Parameters

Path: ProjectView> Config > Interfaces > double-click Corvina Cloud

Features section

Parameter	Description	Control Detail
Enable Corvina Interface	If checked, enables communication between HMI Runtime and Corvina Cloud Default: unchecked	Check box
Tag groups	Permits to choose which Tags from the current project will be included in messages to send to Corvina Cloud Default: All	List box with check boxes inside: "All" box selects all Tags defined in current project If any Tag group is defined in the project, it will be shown as a selectable box. If selected, only Tags belonging to that group will be selected
Enable alarms	If checked, permits to send the selected alarms info to Corvina Cloud	Check box
Alarm groups	Permits to choose which Alarms from the current project will be included in messages to send to Corvina Cloud Default: All	List box with check boxes inside: "All" box selects all Alarms defined in current project If any Alarm group is defined in the project, it will be shown as a selectable box. If selected, only Alarms belonging to that group will be selected

Config section

Parameter	Description	Control Detail
Activation key	Alphanumeric sequence used to activate a device on Corvina Cloud. A HMI Runtime running a project with a specific key, will refer to Corvina Cloud device for which the same activation key has been used during activation Default: empty	Text field. It can be attached to a string Tag. If an internal Tag is used, it must be initialized at any boot up, or it must be a retentive Tag. Permission: read and write

Tag Interface section

Parameter	Description	Control Detail
Enable	Status of Corvina Cloud interface 0: not enabled 1: enabled	Text field. It can be attached to a boolean Tag. If an internal Tag is used, it must be initialized at any boot up, or it must be a retentive Tag. Permission: read and write
Reset	Reset Command 0: Normal Any value different	Text field. It can be attached to an Integer Tag. If an internal Tag is used, it must be initialized at any boot up, or it must be a retentive Tag. Permission: read and write
Device ID	Corvina Cloud ID of the Device	Text field. It can be attached to a string Tag. Permission: read
Uptime	Active Time of the connection (in sec)	Text field. It can be attached to an Integer Tag. Permission: read
Status	Integer value, report the status of the Connection: 0: disconnected 1: connected 2: connecting 3: disconnecting	Text field. It can be attached to an Integer Tag Permission: read
Message	Last message in the log file generated by Corvina. In case of errors, it will report the error message.	Text field. It can be attached to a string Tag. Permission: read
Byte sent	Amount of Byte sent from the Device to Corvina Cloud	Text field. It can be attached to an Integer Tag Permission: read
Byte received	Amount of Byte received by the Device from Corvina Cloud	Text field. It can be attached to an Integer Tag Permission: read
Cached msgs	Number of Message cached in the Local Buffer.	Text field. It can be attached to an Integer Tag Permission: read
Cached size	Size in bytes of the Messages cached in the Local Buffer	Text field. It can be attached to an Integer Tag Permission: read

Parameter Description **Control Detail** Number of IoT Messages stored in the local Buffer Max pending messages in case of problem/absence of Inter Communication. Persistence Enable the persistence of the Local Buffer on the Check box Internal Memory. Max disk usage Maximum amount of Memory used to store the persistence information of the "Max Pending messages. Log level Text field. It can be attached to Level of Log related to the communication between IoT Device and Corvina Cloud an Integer Tag. If an internal Tag is used, it must be initialized 0: Error at any boot up, or it must be a 1: Warning retentive Tag. Permission: read 2: Info and write 3: Debug Corvina Cloud address where device will be Text field. It can be attached to a **Corvina endpoint** connected. string Tag. If an internal Tag is used, it must be initialized at any boot up, or it must be a retentive Tag. Permission: read and write Insecure Disable the usage of the CA Certificate during the Check box communication between Device and Cloud. **CA** Certificate Allows to upload the CA Certificate to secure the Text field. It can be attached to a communication between Device and Cloud. string Tag. If an internal Tag is used, it must be initialized at any boot up, or it must be a retentive Tag. Permission: read and write

Advanced settings section (to enable with check box)

37 MQTT Interface

Path: ProjectView> Config > Interfaces > double-click MQTT

Use MQTT Interface to publish data according to the MQTT standard.

Note that a tag or an alarm, to be transferred through the MQTT protocol, must be defined within a group.

Parameter	Description	
Enable MQTT Interface	Main flag to activate MQTT service. The selected groups of tags will be published to the MQTT broker.	
Enable Alarms	The selected groups of alarms will be published to the MQTT broker. Alarms are published whenever there is a change in the alarm status.	

Parameter	Description	
Enable	Enable tags included within the group to trigger the publication "Data (Pub)". The tags included in the group can be updated by the subscription "Data (Sub)".	
Tag Group	List of tags that will be transferred when the assigned policy conditions will be satisfied.	
QoS	QoS to use	
	0 = Delivered at most once (Fire and forget) which means no confirmation	
	1 = Delivered at least once, which means confirmation required	
	2 = Delivered exactly once, which means a 4 step handshake is done	
Retain	This flag defines whether the message is saved by the broker as the last known good value for a specified topic. When a new client subscribes to a topic, they receive the last message that is retained on that topic.	
Persistence	When true, the messages with QoS greater than 0 are queued into the file system file to be available even after a panel reset or when a broken communication with the MQTT server is reestablished.	
Policy	Defines the criteria for deciding when to publish the value of a tag. When it is empty, the "Default push policy", defined on top of the table, is used.	

Tags configuration

Manage push policy

A policy consists of a trigger criterion and several (optional) conditions that must be verified in order for the tag value to be transmitted.

olicy manager		? X
OnChange OnTimer Policy 1	Policy name: Policy 1 Y Triggers tag changes, min/max 100 ms delay * Conditions * All the following conditions are met value is between 0 and 50 * Any of the following conditions are met value is below 20 or above 30 intSwitch is between 1 and 1	
	Add trigger	
	Add condition	
Add Remove	Remove	

Trigger

Parameter	Description	
Timer	Publish is performed continuously even value is not changing.	
	 Interval (ms) Cyclical publication time 	
On change	Publish is performed when a tag value changes.	
	• Min interval (ms) Value check interval	
	 Deadband The difference, from previous publish, that must be found to trigger the new publish. 	
	Use percentual Dead band value express in percentage	
	 Tag Name Tags to be checked to activate the publication. If empty, the tag to be published is used. 	

Conditions

Conditions contain folders of conditions. Each folder can be of two types:

- All the following conditions are met (AND)
- Any of the following conditions are met (OR)

All folders must be validated to have the transmission requested by the trigger. A folder of type "All the following condition are met" is validated when all the contained conditions are true while a folder of type "Any of the following conditions are met" is validated when at least one contained condition is true.

 Triggers tag changes, min/max 100 ms delay Conditions All the following conditions are met value is between 0 and 50 Any of the following conditions are met value is below 20 or above 30 intSwitch is between 1 and 1 	Condition AND OR
Add trigger	
Add condition	
Remove	

Tags interface

The "Tags Interface" allows you to define tags that will be used to exchange information about the status of the MQTT interface.

Parameter	Description	Data Type
Enable	Control the status of the MQTT interface.	boolean
	If this parameter is empty (not attached to a tag), the MQTT interface will be always enabled.	Read Write
	0 = Disabled1 = Enabled	
Status	Report the status of the MQTT interface.	unsignedInt
	 0 = Disconnected 1 = Connected 2 = Connecting 3 = Disconnecting 	Read Only
Last error	In case of errors, it will report the error message.	string
	You can write an empty string to clear the error message.	Read Write
Messages sent	Amount of messages sent from the HMI Device to	unsignedInt
	the remote MQTT Server.	Read Only
Messages received	Amount of messages received by the HMI Device	unsignedInt
	from the remote MQTT Server.	Read Only
Queue length	The number of pending messages to be sent that	unsignedInt

Parameter	Description	Data Type	
	are temporarily cached in the local buffer.	Read Only	
Queue size	The maximum number of messages that can be temporarily cached in the local buffer.	unsignedInt Read Only	

Settings

Торіс	Description
Max pending messages	The number of messages that can be queued in RAM when there are communication errors. Queue messages will be released as soon as the MQTT Server returns reachable.
Defaults	Values of "QoS", "Retain" and "Persistence" parameter to use for the topics that are not defined inside the "Tags configuration" table.

Topic and Payload

There are five types of supported topics:

Торіс	Description
Birth	This is a special topic that is publish only one time when HMI device start.
Will	Special topic that is published when device starts but stored and kept hidden by the MQTT Broker. It will be published by the MQTT Broker if it detects that the client has disconnected ungracefully.
Data (Pub)	Topic is used to publish the tags' values following the transmission policies associated with tag groups.
Data (Sub)	Topic is used to subscribe to tags. The payload is the template used to recognize the values of the received tags.
Alarm	Topic used to publish alarms

irth W	/ill Data (Pub)	Data (Sub) Alarm	
Topic	\${clientId}/\${tagN	ame}	Select keyword 🔻 Reset
Payload	\${value}		Select keyword 🔻 Edit Reset

For each topic, the payload defines the structure of the associated value. Note that in topic and payload definitions can be used placeholders.

Placeholder	Description
\${clientId}	MQTT Client ID
\${timestamp}	Return the time when the tag got updated in UTC format
\${localTimestamp}	Return the time when the tag got updated in local format
\${currentTimestamp}	Return the time when the MQTT message publish
\${protocolName}	Name of the protocol associated to a tag
\${tagGroup}	Name of the group the tag belongs to
\${tagName}	Name of the tag
\${alarmGroup}	Name of the group the alarm belongs to
\${alarmName}	Name of alarm
\${value}	Last known value of the tag
\${activeValue}	Value of the tag when the alarm became active
\${quality}	Quality (i.e. reliability) of the tag
\${activeTimestamp}	Timestamp of the last event that raised the alarm
\${inactiveTimestamp}	Timestamp of the last event that ceased the alarm condition
\${ackTimestamp}	Timestamp when the operator acknowledge the alarm
\${description}	Alarm description
\${customField1}	Alarm Custom Field 1
\${customField2}	Alarm Custom Field 2
\${state}	Alarm State
\${severity}	Alarm Severity
\${lowLimit}	Alarm "Low limit"
\${highLimit}	Alarm "High limit"
\${[0]}	If available in the alarm description, the value of the first live tag, [1] the second, etc.
\${[Tag1]}	If available in the alarm description, the value of "Tag1" live tag
\${any}	A generic label. Useful in the subscribe payloads

JSON Payload

rth	Will	Data (Pub)	Data (Sub)	Alarm						
Topic	mya	account/\${tagGr	oup}/data/\${ta	igName}					Select keyword $ \smallsetminus $	Reset
Deuleur	yload {"tag": "\${tagName}", "v": { "v": "\${value}", "ts": "\${timestamp}", "q": "\${quality}"} } Select keyword v Edit Reset									
Payload	i [{"ta	ag": "\${tagName	}", "v": { "v": "\$	\${value}", "	"ts": "\${time	estamp}", "q":	"\${quality}" } }	Select key	/word ~ Edit	Reset
Payload	l {"ta	ag": "\${tagName	}", "v": { "v": "\$	\${value}", "	"ts": "\${time	estamp}", "q":	"\${quality}" } }	Select key	yword ∨ Edit	Reset
		ag": "\${tagName	}", "v": { "v": "\$	\${value}", "	"ts": "\${time	estamp}", "q":	"\${quality}" }	Select key	/word ∨ Edit	Reset
JSON for	rmat	ag": "\${tagName gregation	}", "v": { "v": "{	\${value}", "	"ts": "\${time	estamp}", "q":	"\${quality}" } }	Select key	/word ~ Edit	Reset

When the JSON format is selected, the quotation marks are added around string values to conform to the JSON syntax.

With the use of the JSON format is possible to optimize the communication to include multiple messages inside a single message. When the "**Message aggregation**" is selected, the messages are sent to MQTT Server after the selected timeout expired or when the message to send reaches the select size.

Multiple Tags

Using JSON format, in the subscribe/publish topics is possible to manage multiple tags as for the following examples:

To match an incoming message like:

```
{ "x": { "tagName": "Tag1", "value": 1 }, "y": { "tagName": "Tag2", "value":
2 } }
```

you can use pattern:

```
{ "${any}": { "tagName": "${tagName}", "value": "${value}" } }
```

To match an incoming message like:

```
[ { "tagName": "Tag1", "value": 1 }, { "tagName": "Tag2", "value": 2 } ]
```

you can use pattern:

```
[ { "tagName": "${tagName}", "value": "${value}" } ]
```

To match an incoming message like:

```
{ "Tag1": { "value": 1 }, "Tag2": { "value": 2 } }
```

you can use pattern:

```
{ "${tagName}": { "value": "${value}"} }
```

To match an element, or all elements, of an array incoming message like:

{ "Tag1": { "value": "[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]" } }

you can use pattern:

```
{ "${tagName}": { "value": "${value.1}"} }
```

{ "\${tagName}": { "value": "\${value}"} }

For published topics, a tag/group of tags is required to establish the trigger condition but the message can now contain other tag values using **live tag** syntax. The trigger tag can even be omitted in the payload pattern.

Examples:

```
{ "tag1" : "${[Tag1]}", "tag2" : "${[Tag2]}" }
```

For subscribed topics, the same **live tag** syntax can be used to write any tag value (note that only tags listed from the trigger condition can be written).

Examples:

```
{ "tag1" : "${[Tag1]}", "tag2" : "${[Tag2]}" }
{ "t" : "${tagName}", "v" : "${value}", "tag2" : "${[Tag2]}" }"
```

MQTT Broker Settings

Current supported MQTT Broker are:

- Generic MQTT broker
- Azure
- Amazon AWS
- IBM BlueMix
- Murano

Note that some parameters depend on the broker has chosen.

Generic MQTT Broker

Parameter	Description		
Broker address	Name or IP address of the MQTT server with the port number (e.g. "127.0.0.1:1883")		
	Generally, the default TCP/IP port is 1883, or the port 8883 when MQTT over SSL is used.		
Client ID	The client identifier is an identifier of each MQTT client connecting to an MQTT broker. You can write what you prefer, but it has to be unique per broker. The broker uses it for identifying the client and the current state of the client.		
Username Password	If the MQTT broker is configured to require client authentication using a valid user name and password		
Keep-alive time (s)	Time interval before sending a PING request to the server when there are no data flows (useful to know if both client and server are still alive and reachable).		
Use clean session	When the clean session flag is set to false, the broker creates a persistent session for the client. All information and messages are preserved until the next time that the client requests a clean session. If the clean session flag is set to false and the broker already has a session available for the client, it uses the existing session and delivers previously queued messages to the client.		
Use legacy	The "Use legacy" flag makes client comply with MQTT spec 3.1		

Enable TLS

If the MQTT server is configured to works over TLS connection, the HMI device must provide its own certificate to the server. Even it's not mandatory, each client should have its own certificate (however it is possible you can deploy the same certificate to all clients).

Parameter	Description	
Enable TLS	Enable the TLS encryption	
CA Certificate	Public certificate of the CA that has signed the server certificate on the Mosquitto Broker	
Client Certificate	Public certificate of the HMI Device. Must be signed from the CA Certificate	
Client Key	Private key associated with the client certificate	
TLS Version	TLS Version to use (must be aligned with the encryption level used from the MQTT Broker)	
	• tlsv 1	
	• tlsv 1.1	
	• tlsv 1.2	
Insecure	This option disables verification of the server host name in the server certificate. This can be useful when testing initial server configurations but makes it possible for a malicious third party to impersonate your server through DNS spoofing, for example. Use this option in testing only.	

It is required that both server and client certificates are signed by the same authority.

Note that you can use the "attach to tag" to entered the MQTT parameters at runtime using, e.g., macros, JavaScript or a configuration page. This could be useful to have different values (e.g. for the ClientID) even downloading the same project to different HMI devices.



If you use tags to define MQTT settings (e.g. Client ID), be sure to not include these tags into the tags list exchanged with the MQTT server to avoid to receive back wrong settings.

Broker	Generic MQTT broker 👻		
Broker address	192,168,41,242	Enable TLS	
Port	8883	CA certificate	CA_Certificate 😒 🏷 Clear
Client ID	MQTT_ClientID	Client certificate	Client_Certificate 🛛 🔇 🏷 Clear
Username	MQTT_Username S	Client key	Client_Key 🛛 🔯 🐘 Clear
Password	MQTT_Password	TLS version	tlsv1.2 🗸
Keep-alive time (s)		Insecure	
Use clean session			
Use legacy			

The string Tags used for the certificate must be great enough (e.g. 2.048 bytes) to contain the entire certificate. The format of the certificates must be ASCII with the first and the last text line included as for the below example.

Action Properties	
WriteTag	
TagName	CA_Certificate
TagValue	BEGIN CERTIFICATEMIIDHjCCAgagAwIBAgIJAN6oA850KlaRMA00
A-Certificate	
MjIwODEOMT(Y29tMIIBI) IBEGEqGS/TV mao30S4xH5J tUPQ7NcBiEJ PQI50GPR+ot ZVGjZEEqRn: L5r29QIDAQJ VR0jBBgwFoJ BgkqhkiG9wl Mszr4tXFK07 clePI00nBY(0tK7F59yJ53 nGjLkl04qU QTEojYbDIrt	<pre>tlcjERMA8GA1UECgwIZXhvci5jb20wHhcNMTkxMTE4MTQ1NzM5WhcN lNzM5WjAkMQ&wDQYDVQQDDA2Ccm9r2XIxETAPBgNVBAOMCGY4b3Iu ANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEAvb3tCQ2EYoOVHjx2 Yqt5+QMgJBQnf5cpUnEBE832292WHXIR6IXLj2ExaVJsZJCMLI806 ELLJu0Evtt5LFLOJ19/vEoMVnOcFROcBmPJnG721aMZwXfa+Ubj4kZ AG8TqMu7N7TVvFuzFPVHEUuHya70iuzkMz/QRzNkIUZC9mEUKjQvgc wpH3UPC6kM/MgyaOCn2b0LBzFFjdt6KLLeEntmWBQFKFkfmJ6zyw aTVw0ppH0e2qbanVdItnEHu1B0a8i3xd1Evc65ce51HPUTV5c5RCEd lBo1MwTAdBgNVHQ4EFgQULTL1X9uzVXfeX1cqjMP01QU0s8MwHwTD AULTL1X9uzVXfeX1cqjMP01QU0s8MwDwyDVR0TAQH/BAUwAwEB/zAN DBAQsFAAOCAQEAiYQDNF3t7NISBddDfeL1b8L5RbrgdqCmcT2NGuU0 /U3zrtJgsLTsLDVmekSNXKgzeq/k2R68dw24pVnlniTVZgeRBe71x9 wJD/UXNXf6Hs0AA7F3n/8VIxL6ucwiNuHIS7aJZcKa1vmw/R2bpzNd 5KdcChqF6+SGH0P3xWaM5yTk/55cX5K+F/d27IHIYBGKVTyD2+PpC6 {79q3Yj/NLz8wWGyedjXPRTpoo20WTaastUruXz/dSVdYCVY8zys tceHcg2RPRt9PYvgG6yN9yUgFYqS+Iy7Pg== ETIFICATE</pre>

MQTT Broker Example

Here is a little example that explains how to configure an application to communicate with an MQTT server. In this example, we configure the HMI device to communicate with an open-source MQTT broker (<u>https://mosquitto.org</u>) using certificates. The certificates will be created using a public OpenSSL-Win32 library (<u>https://www.openssl.org</u>).

Generate the certificates

The following script file will create a couple of server and client certificates and a public Certificate Authority that will be used to sign server and client certificates and to verify the authenticity of these certificates.

- ca.crt
- server.crt, server.key
- client.crt, client.ket

File: CreateCertificates.cmd

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openSsl.exe"
rem Generate self signed CA certificate (Certificate Autority)
    %OpenSSL% req -nodes -batch -new -x509 -days 1000 -keyout ca.key -subj
"/CN=Broker/O=company.com" -out ca.crt
rem Generate MQTT Server private key
    %OpenSSL% genrsa -out server.key 2048
rem Generate MQTT Server certificate signed request
    %OpenSSL% req -batch -new -key server.key -subj "/CN=localhost/O=company.com" -out
server.csr
```

```
rem Sign the MQTT Server certificate
    %OpenSSL% x509 -req -days 1000 -in server.csr -CA ca.crt -CAkey ca.key -
CAcreateserial -out server.crt
rem Generate HMI Client private key
    %OpenSSL% genrsa -out client.key 2048
rem Generate HMI Client Server certificate signed request
    %OpenSSL% req -batch -new -key client.key -subj "/CN=client/O=company.com" -out
client.csr
rem Sign the HMI Client certificate
    %OpenSSL% x509 -req -days 1000 -in client.csr -CA ca.crt -CAkey ca.key -
CAcreateserial -out client.crt
rem Remove unnecessary files
    del *.rnd *.srl *.csr
pause
```

Note the server hostname is localhost (/CN=localhost), this means that you cannot use the secure connection if in the Broker address parameter you cannot write the "localhost" domain. You can use the "localhost" domain only if both the MQTT Server and the HMI device are running on the same device otherwise, to be able to reach the MQTT server, you must use the IP Address and the "Insecure" flag.

			Enable TLS		
Broker address	192.168.52.41				
Death			CA certificate	pm 14. ago 14:57:39 2022	 Clear
Port	8883	÷			
Client ID			Client certificate	om 14. ago 14:57:41 2022	 Clear
Username			Client key	b428568e94e09945f8d81	 Clear
Password			TLS version	tlsv1.2	-
Fassword					
Keep-alive time (s)	60	-	Insecure		
Use clean session					
Use legacy					

MQTT Broker configuration

The server certificate (server.crt, server.key) and the authority certificate (ca.crt) must be place inside a subfolder of the MQTT folder, e.g. inside the "certs" subfolder.

The "mosquitto.conf" file has to be configured to use the TLS support

```
... (omiss) ...
#cafile
#capath
cafile certs/ca.crt
certfile certs/server.crt
keyfile certs/server.key
tls_version tlsv1.2
```

MQTT Broker can be started using the below command from a dos command window:

mosquitto -v -c mosquitto.conf

MQTT Client

For testing purposes, it could be useful to start an MQTT client with the subscription of all the topics so that you can see the messages that will be exchanged with HMI Device. Since we are using TLS communication, we must provide the client certificate. We can copy client.crt, client.key and the authority certificate ca.crt inside the certs-client subfolder.

So the command to activate an MQTT client is:

```
mosquitto_sub --cafile certs-client\ca.crt --cert certs-client\client.crt --key certs-
client\client.key -p 8883 -t /#
```

HMI Device

To configure the HMI device we must provide:

- · set the broker address parameter with the IP address where the MQTT server is running
- set the port address to 8883
- · load the authority certificates, the client certificate and the client key files
- set the TLS Version to version 1.2 to be aligned with the MQTT server settings
- since it is probably that you are referencing the MQTT server using the IP address, which is different from the domain declared by the server certificate you must set the "Insecure" flag

To perform the first tests, you can leave the default values on topics and payloads and configure the alarms groups and tags groups that you want to transfer to the MQTT broker.

1Q	TT Int	erface				
Featu	res					
🗹 Er	nable MQTT interfa	ce				
🗹 Er	nable alarms			Alarm groups	S: MQTT	~
Tags (configuration					
Defau	ult push policy On	Change		\sim		Manage push policies
Defau	ult push policy On Enable	Change Tag Group	QoS	∼ Retain	Persistence	Manage push policies Policy
Defau 1		_	QoS 0		Persistence	
		Tag Group	-		Persistence	Manage push policies Policy

38 Special widgets

Widgets designed for special purposes are called special widgets and include control lists, date and time widgets, variable widgets and so on.

Canvas Widget	430
Combo Box widget	433
Consumption Meter widget	437
Control list widget	. 439
TabBar widget	442
ToolBar widget	444
Stack widget	444
DateTime widget	447
Gesture area widget	449
JavaScript function block widget	453
Multistate Image widget	455
Multistate Image Multilayer widget	455
Network Adapters widget	457
RSS Feed widget	457
Scrolling RSS Feed widget	458
Media Player widgets	459
Browser widget	462
IP Camera widgets	463
Table widget	466
Grid Layout widget	483
TextEditor widget	490
Variables widget	492
QR Code widget	493

Canvas Widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Generic Canvas

Canvas widget can be used to draw graphic via JavaScript scripting.



Note: the JavaScript methods are the same that are available for the HTML5 <canvas> tag

Parameter	Description			
Canvas Width	Canvas size.			
Canvas Height	Note this is not the widget size. For example, the canvas size could be 500x500 pixels where the widget size could be 100x100 pixels. Draw Hint parameter will define how to stretch the canvas size to fit the widget size.			
Draw Hint	Define how fit the canvas inside the widget size			
	 Clip No Transformation is applied, coordinate system is not scaled and drawing is clipped inside the widget bounding rectangle. Fit to size Fit to the widget size preserving the canvas model aspect ratio. 			
	 Stretch Fit to the widget size ignoring the canvas model aspect ratio. 			
	Example using a Canvas size larger than the widget size:			
	Clip Fit Stretch Canvas size: 400x400 Widget size: 100x200			
Design Time Preview	Canvas preview inside HMWIN Studio			
	Note the JavaScript code could use data not available inside HMWIN Studio but only inside the HMI device			
Auto Clear Background	Automatic clear the background before draw canvas. When disabled, the painted items are persisted and is not necessary redraw everything from scratch.			

Parameter	Description
OnDraw Action	The OnDraw event is executed when the page is painted. This event has to be linked with the JavaScript code that draws the canvas graphic.
OnMousePress Action OnMouseRelease Actions OnMouseDrag Actions	Mouse events

Available Canvas Methods

// Painter Save/Restore

- void save(); // calls painter save
- void restore(); // calls painter restore

// Scale/Transform

- void scale(qreal x, qreal y);
- void rotate(qreal angle);
- void translate(qreal x, qreal y);
- void transform(qreal m11, qreal m12, qreal m21, qreal m22, qreal dx, qreal dy);
- void setTransform(qreal m11, qreal m12, qreal m21, qreal m22, qreal dx, qreal dy);

// Gradient

- CanvasGradient createLinearGradient(greal x0, greal y0, greal x1, greal y1);
- CanvasGradient createRadialGradient(qreal x0, qreal y0, qreal r0, qreal x1, qreal y1, qreal r1);

// Rectangle Functions

- void clearRect(qreal x, qreal y, qreal w, qreal h);
- void fillRect(qreal x, qreal y, qreal w, qreal h);
- void strokeRect(qreal x, qreal y, qreal w, qreal h);
- void rect(qreal x, qreal y, qreal w, qreal h);

// Path

- void beginPath();
- void closePath();
- void moveTo(qreal x, qreal y);
- void lineTo(qreal x, qreal y);
- void quadraticCurveTo(qreal cpx, qreal cpy, qreal x, qreal y);
- void bezierCurveTo(qreal cp1x, qreal cp1y, qreal cp2x, qreal cp2y, qreal x, qreal y);

// Drawing Text

• void fillText(const QString &text,qreal x, qreal y);

// Arc

- void arcTo(qreal x1, qreal y1, qreal x2, qreal y2, qreal radius);
- void arc(qreal x, qreal y, qreal radius, qreal startAngle, qreal endAngle, bool anticlockwise);

// Fill/Stroke

- void fill();
- void stroke();
- void clip();
- bool isPointInPath(qreal x, qreal y) const;

// Image manipulation (Draw CImageWgt using target and source rect)

- void drawlmage(QObject *pObjImage, qreal sx, qreal sy, qreal sw, qreal sh, qreal dx, qreal dy, qreal dw, qreal dh);
- void drawlmage(QObject *pObjlmage, qreal dx, qreal dy);
- void drawlmage(QObject *pObjlmage, qreal dx, qreal dy, qreal dw, qreal dh);
- void drawImage(const QVariant& image, int width, int height, const QString& format, qreal sx, qreal sy,qreal sw, qreal sh, qreal dx, qreal dy,qreal dw, qreal dh);

// Pixel manipulation

- ImageData createImageData(double sw, double sh);//Empty Image
- ImageData createImageData(ImageData fromImage);//from another Image
- ImageData createImageData(ArrayBuffer value); //From arraybuffer
- void putImageData(ImageData imgData,double dx, double dy);
- void putImageData(ImageData imagedata, double dx, double dy, double dirtyX, double dirtyY, double dirtyWidth, double dirtyHeight);
- ImageData getImageData(qreal sx, qreal sy, qreal sw, qreal sh);

Canvas JavaScript Example

The canvas is initially blank. To display something, a script first needs to access the rendering context and draw on it:

var ctx = me.context2d;

then you can use the canvas methods, as in the below example

```
function GenericCanvasWgt1_onDraw(me, eventInfo)
{
    var ctx = me.context2d;
    ctx.fillStyle = 'red';
    ctx.fillRect(0,0,250,250);
    ctx.fillStyle = 'green';
    ctx.fillRect(250,0,250,250);
    ctx.fillStyle = 'blue';
    ctx.fillRect(0,250,250,250);
    ctx.fillStyle = 'black';
    ctx.fillRect(250,250,250,250);
}
function GenericCanvasWgt1_onMouseDown(me, eventInfo)
{
    alert("X = " + eventInfo.posX + "\nY = " + eventInfo.posY );
}
```

}

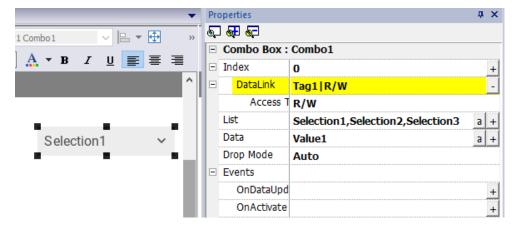
The update method can be used to dynamically redraw a canvas widget

```
function BtnStd1_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
    var myCanvasWidget = page.getWidget("GenericCanvasWgt1");
    myCanvasWidget.update()
}
```

Combo Box widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Controls

Use this widget as a selector widget or to filter rows in a table to display only the values selected in the combo box.



Parameter	Description	
Index	Index of the selected item.	
List / String List	Item strings in the combo box. Note: This field is multi-language.	
Data / Data List	Returns the value in the Data List column (as string) in the Data field of the widget. Tip: Use this parameter to return a custom value based on an item selected in the combo box.	
Text	Format of displayed text.	

Data List

The Data List is associated with the "listData" property and can be modified dynamically using the JavaScript code.

```
// To read the Data List
var comboWgt = page.getWidget("Combo1");
var listData = comboWgt.getProperty("listData")
// To write the Data List
var comboWgt = page.getWidget("Combo1");
comboWgt.setProperty("listData", "NewData1,NewData2,NewData3");
```

Attaching data vs. attaching indexes

Combo Box				
🗹 두 Multilangua	ige Lang1	✓ B I	U Roboto V	
+-[>][>][>]	Continuous I	index	[] [™]]Data list	
	Index	String List	Data List	
0	0	Selection1	Value 1	
1	1	Selection2	Value2	
2	2	Selection3	Value3	
			OK Cancel	

In many projects you may need to attach fields such as **Index** or **Data** to tags to know the values of the selected item in the combo box. Use:

- Index: to display the index (integer) of the selected item (0...n).
- Data: to display the data value (string) specified in the Data List column.

Combo Box widget "full screen" mode with images

From the "Project properties" on page 73 the look and behavior of Combo Boxes can switches from Context mode to Full Screen mode

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane> Project> ComboBox View Mode

Parameter	Description
ComboBox	Select the visualization mode of all the Combo Box widgets of the project
View Mode	Context Classic view with drop-down menus
	Full screen Enhanced view with configurable texts and images that will pop up in the middle of the screen for easy scroll and selection.

Context view example



Full screen view example

zero -	

Additional parameters available in full screen mode

The additional "*Image List*" column will be available inside **Combo Box> List** parameter:

	Combo Bo	x : Comb	002					idge			
	Index		()			а -	Widget Gallery			
	List		z	ero,one,	two,three		a	E leg			
	Data			1sg-00	Add/Remov	e Message	6				
	Drop Mode			Auto	Attach To		13				
	Image		i	mages\g	reen_button.pr	ıg	а -	F			
F	Events										
	Text	Combo	Box								
	Button	Multilanguage Lang1 V B I U Roboto V									
	ListView							~ >]			
	ListViewIte	.	- >1		ntinuous Index					Image list	∎ [‡] Data list
	General			-							
+	Position	0	Index 0		ing List zero	Im images\g	age List green_bu	utton.pn	g		a List g-00
		1	1		one 🔴	images\o	range_b	utton.pr	g	Msg	g-01
		2	2		two 🔵	images\tu	rquoise_	button.p	ng	Msg	g-02
	3 3		3	t	three images\red_button.png				Msg-03		



Note: Some properties are displayed only in advanced mode.

Parameter	Description			
Image	Return, inside the attached tag, the file name of the selected image			
Button Define the look of the Combo Box • Show background = true Combo Box button is showed • Show background = false Only image or text is showed				
ListView	Layout parameters of the Combo Box in edit mode			
ListViewItems	Define the items type that will be inside the Combo Box Image Mode: • Only Text • Only Images • Text and Images			

Additional macros available in full screen mode

- OpenComboBox
- CloseComboBox

Consumption Meter widget

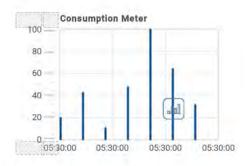
Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Trends/Graphs

Use this widget to monitor a resource which is continuously increasing. The system reads the value of the resource and calculates the increment in a set range of time, the increment is then displayed in a bar-graph in a trend-like window.

Different colors can be used to used in the graph based on the time frame.



Tip: Use this widget to calculate the power consumption of a system.



Parameter	Description
Value	Resource monitored
Graph Duration Graph Duration Units	Time period displayed in the window
Bar Duration Bar Duration Units	Time period represented by each bar in the graph
Time Periods	Assigns a specific color to highlight the increment of the monitored resource in a specified time period (minimum resolution = 1 hour).
Color Bar Width	Bar color and width
Bar Value	Show/Hide the value of each bar
Consumption Meter	Number of labels to be displayed on graph.

Example: how to monitor energy consumption

In the following example a widget is design tho monitor energy consumption with a weekly scale and a daily unit.

- 1. Attach a tag to the physical variable to monitor. In this example, to the total energy consumed (Tag KWh). This tag contains an incremental number that indicates how many KW/h have been consumed from when energy consumption started.
- 2. Add a Trend and link it to the tag to be monitored, Tag KWh.
- 3. Add a Consumption Meter widget to a page.
- 4. Attach the **Value** property of the Consumption Meter to the Trend you created in step 2.
- 5. Set Graph Duration/Units to 1 week: this will give you a weekly graph of consumed energy.
- 6. Set **Bar Duration/Units** to 1 day, this is the time range when energy consumption is calculated.
- 7. In **Consumption Meter** set the number of labels to show in the bar graph, in this case 7 to display a weekly graph.
- 8. From the **Time Periods** property open the **Configure Time Periods** dialog: set the different colors for different values of Tag KWh in each bar.





Tip: To assign the color to the cells of the table, select the cells and click on the desired color, or enter the index value of the band (1, 2, 3) into the cell.

- 9. Add as many color bands as you need, in this example 3 color bands.
- 10. Assign a band to each hour in the weekly table, in this example a red band (E1) is used to indicate the range of time in the day/week where the cost of energy is the highest.



Note: You can apply a scale factor to each color band, if needed.

The result is a bar graph consumption meter showing daily consumption of energy in KW/h, with colors indicating the different energy costs. The height of each bar represents the amount of energy in the time range considered, 1 day in this example.

Use the action ConsumptionMeterPageScroll to scroll the bar graph back and forth and the action RefreshTrend to refresh the bar graph since data is not refreshed automatically.



Important: No other Trend action is currently supported by the Consumption Meter widget.

Control list widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Advanced> Control List

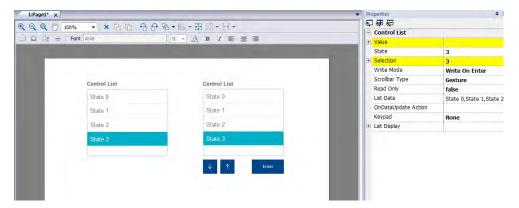
Use these widgets to represent the status associated with a particular process and to control that process from the same widget.



Not yet available in the new gallery (use the old gallery to get this widget)

Two types of control lists are available:

- a group control list, with a limited set of navigation button already included, and
- a basic control list with no pre-configured button to be navigated using the touch screen feature.



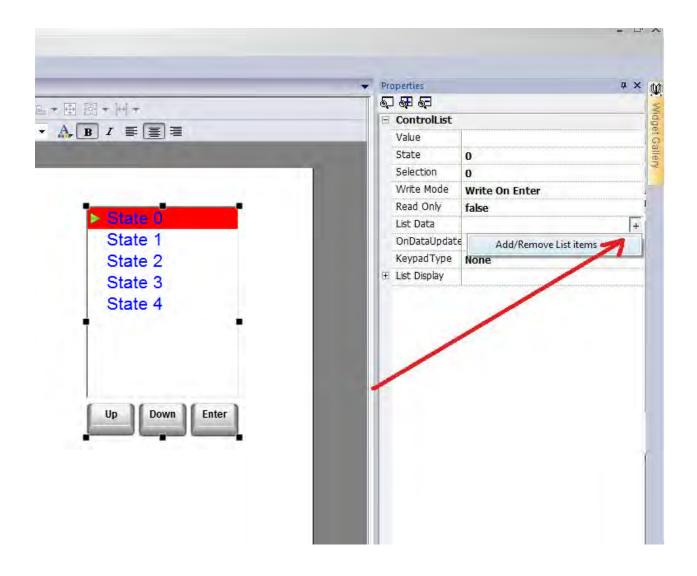
Parameter	Description
Value	The value corresponding to the status of the widget. If there is a tag attached to the value property, when loading the widget, the State will be aligned with the tag value.
State	State of widget. The widget highlights the item related to its State with a different background color (see "state color" in the properties of the widget).
Selection	State selection. The selected item will be displayed with a small triangle on the left side of the list.
Write Mode	Select the State update mode
	 Write On Select: The state is updated automatically to be aligned with the cursor position.
	Write On Enter: The status is updated with the cursor position only when the user presses enter
Scrollbars Type	Select the scroll mode of the table
	Gesture: Pan gesture can be used to smoothly scroll the table.
	Scrollbar: Use the scrollbar to scroll the table

Parameter	Description			
Read Only	Defines whether the list is o	only an indicat	tor.	
List Data	List of status items. Each ite enables to display the item	em has a stat	us name, a corresponding value and a dget.	a flag that
			OK Cancel	

Defining states

Add/remove states, that is items in the list, from the List Data property.

Any value can be assigned to a state. When you activate the state, by selecting the related item if in **WriteOnSelect** mode or selecting it and confirming with enter if **Write On Enter**, this will write the value assigned to state to the tag linked to the Control List widget **Value**.



Manage list data items from JavaScrip code

The list of data items can be modified, at runtime, from JavaScript code using the **setProperty("listData", <NewControlList>)**. The below example shows how to modify the list of items

```
function SetItemsList_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
     var NewControlList = [["OFF",100,true],["ON",101,true],["MAN",102,true],
["AUTO",103,true]];
     var ControListWgt = page.getWidget("controlListBtn.controlList");
     ControListWgt.setProperty("listData", NewControlList);
}
```

Where

- NewControlList is an array with the items description
- controlListBtn.controlList is the ID of the Control List Widget to modify

The getProperty("listData"), instead, will just return a comma separated string of just the names.

```
function Read_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
    var ControListWgt = page.getWidget("controlListBtn.controlList");
    var ListData = ControListWgt.getProperty("listData");
}
```

Where the result of ListData will be: "OFF, ON, MAN, AUTO"

State

The getProperty("state") can be used to retrieve the State value. Here is an example of the JavaScript code

```
function controlListBtn_onDataUpdate(me, eventInfo)
{
    var ControListWgt = page.getWidget("controlListBtn.controlList");
    var State = ControListWgt.getProperty("state");
    project.setTag("State", State);
    return false;
}
```

TabBar widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control> Horizontal tab

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control> Vertical tab

The widget should contain a list of checkable buttons (one or more) where one and only one button can be checked at a time (in the example image only the Tab 1 button is checked). When the size of the widget is not sufficient to show all checkable buttons, two other buttons (the two arrows in the image) should appear in order to control the viewport position. In the example image, only the right button is enabled; we will refer to these two buttons as viewport buttons. The embedded gestures to scroll left/right the tabs bar are supported.



TabBar properties

Property	Description
Current Index	The currently checked tab button (default 0)
Button Expanding	When true, the buttons will adjust to take up all available space
Minimum Button Size	Minimum Button Size
	"Text Elide Mode" and "Button Expanding" can increase the size of the button
Background Color	Color used for unchecked tab buttons and for disabled viewport control buttons
Foreground Color	Color used for text and viewport buttons icons
Accent Color	Color used for the checked tab button and for enabled viewport control buttons
Text Elide Mode	The display mode when the text is too large. Can be

Property	Description						
	Elide Right						
	• Expanding						
lcons	Icons parameters						
- Expanding	When true, the icons are expanding to use all available space						
- Position	Icon position						
- Min Width	Minimum width for icons						
- Min Height	Minimum height for icons						
Viewport	Viewport buttons parameters						
- Mode	The visualization mode of the viewport control buttons. Can be:						
	 whenNeeded alwaysOn alwaysOFF 						
- Button Size	Size of the viewport buttons						
- Position	The viewport position (should be between 0.0 to 1.0)						
	This property is useful for connecting the viewport of two TabBars to each other, in order to synchronize the visible buttons (for example identical TabBars on different pages)						
Tabs	Tabs configuration. Each tab can have:						
	 label an icon						
	associated actions						
Style	TabBar Style						
	There are some predefined styles ready to use and a custom style. By selecting the "Custom" style, the new "Custom Style" sub-folder will appear with a list of all the style properties that can be used to precisely define any display details.						
Custom Style	Available only when Style = Custom						
	All the properties that are used to draw the TabBar widget.						

TabBar buttons configuration

Double click over the TabBar widget or press the Tab property to open the "TabBar buttons configuration". From this dialog, you can define the label, the icon, and the action associated with each button.

🛛 宛 Multilanguage	Lang1	 ✓ B I 	<u>U</u> Roboto	~ >
Label	Icon		OnMouseClick action	
Tab 0	🖶 images\printer.svg	🗙	ShowWidget(); ShowWidget(); Show	
Tab 1	😚 images\fan.svg	🗙		
Tab 2	, images\alarm.svg	🗙		
Tab 3	💥 images\settings.svg	🗙		

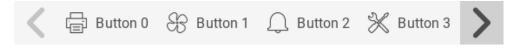
The text in the label supports the live tag placeholder (See "Live Tags" on page 28)

ToolBar widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control> Horizontal toolbar

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control> Vertical toolbar

The ToolBar widget is a list of clickable buttons that does not keep the status of the "selected button". All properties are the same as the TabBar widget with the exception of the "Current Index" property that is missing. (See "TabBar widget" on page 442)



Stack widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Layout> Stack

The Stack widget is a widget to easily manage objects on multilayers.

To edit a layer:

- Use "Current Index", in the property panel, to select the layer to edit
- Double click over the Stack widget
- Drag and drop widgets from the Gallery to the Stack widget

1:Page1 2:Page2 3:Page3* ×	Properties	ą x
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I □ 0 → + 0 □ 0 ▷ Font Agency FB >]	StackWgt : stack	
	Current index 0	a +
	Layers	+
	Background Color [255, 255, 2	224]
Script / Keyboard		

At runtime, the value of the "Current Index" property selects the layer to show.



The Stack widget is not an alternative to the pages. The resources of the HMI Device are better optimized for the pages.

Stack properties

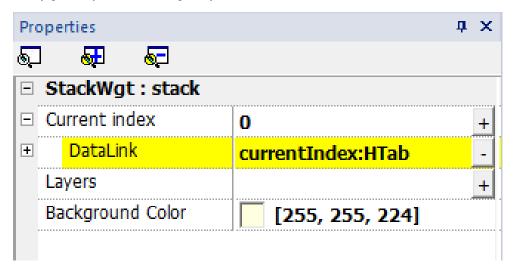
Property	Description
Current Index	The currently visible layer
Layers	Number of levels with their name (you can use up to 10 levels)
Background Color	Color used for unchecked tab buttons and for disabled viewport control buttons

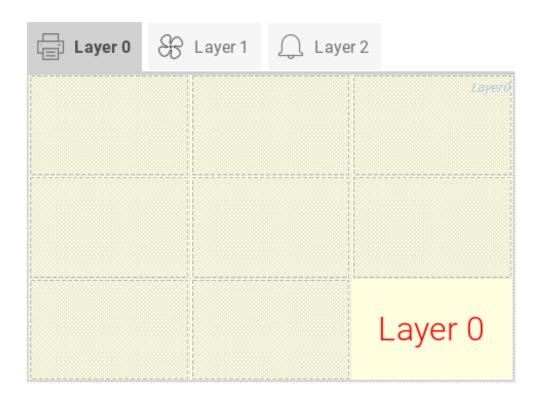
Example of use

When the Stack widget is enabled for editing, in the properties panel it is possible to enable the grid layout and define some rows and columns to create the cells where to place the objects (Ref. "Grid Layout widget" on page 483).

1:Page1	2:Page2 3:Page3	* x		•	Pro	perties		 .	x
	2 🕀 🛒 50%	✓ × 丙 時	🔲 🔂 🔂 🗣 🖿	🚄 🚍 🔹 »	5	9 1 9			
10 D A -	÷ 0 ⊡ ⊘			✓ >] »		Group : stack.Layer0			٨
⊡o⊻.		Y Font Agency H	5	<u> </u>	-	Grid Layout Group			
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		1				Num rows	3		
Ľ	<u> </u>	v duuduuduuduudu	V			Num columns	3		
			Layari			Clip Group Children	true		
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	Here	Here	Here			Vertical overflow	Scroll		
- 2			 			Horizontal underflow	Center		
	Drop Widget	D rop Widget	D rop Widget			Vertical underflow n	Middle		
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	Drop Widget	D rop Widget	D rop Widget			Scrollbar image			
	Here	Here	Here			Scrolbar offset	2		
		l	/ !			Scrollbar size	5		
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Scri	ipt / Keyboard	8							
1								-	

If you add a TabBar widget and synchronize the "Current Index" between the TabBar and the Stack widget you can easily get a layer view managed by tabs.



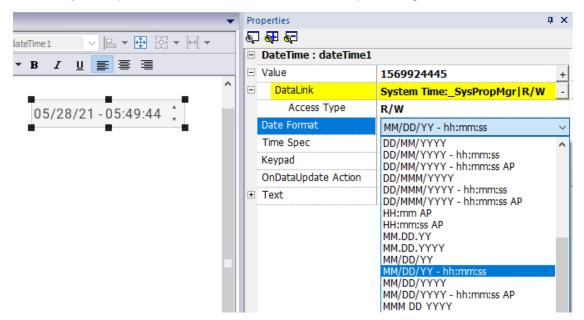


DateTime widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Controls

Use this widget to display and edit current date and time .

In the Properties pane different formats are available for representing date and time.



Time options

For the **Time Spec** property select which time the widget will show at runtime.

Option	Description
local shows local time, the time of the HMI device where the project is running	
global	shows Global Time (GMT)
server	shows time information as handled by the server side of the HMI device

Time and Date placeholders

You can use placeholders to freely define the Time and Date format

Date	Description
d	the day as number without a leading zero (1 to 31)
dd	the day as number with a leading zero (01 to 31)
ddd	the abbreviated localized day name (e.g. 'Mon' to 'Sun')
dddd	the long localized day name (e.g. 'Monday' to 'Sunday')
м	the month as number without a leading zero (1-12)
мм	the month as number with a leading zero (01-12)
ммм	the abbreviated localized month name (e.g. 'Jan' to 'Dec')
мммм	the long localized month name (e.g. 'January' to 'December')
уу	the year as two digit number (00-99)
уууу	the year as four digit number
Time	Description
h	the hour without a leading zero (0 to 23 or 1 to 12 if AM/PM display)
hh	the hour with a leading zero (00 to 23 or 01 to 12 if AM/PM display)
m	the minute without a leading zero (0 to 59)

m	the minute without a leading zero (0 to 59)	
mm	the minute with a leading zero (00 to 59)	
s	the whole second without a leading zero (0 to 59)	
SS	the whole second with a leading zero where applicable (00 to 59)	
AP or A	use AM/PM display. A/AP will be replaced by either "AM" or "PM"	
ap or a	use am/pm display. a/ap will be replaced by either "am" or "pm"	

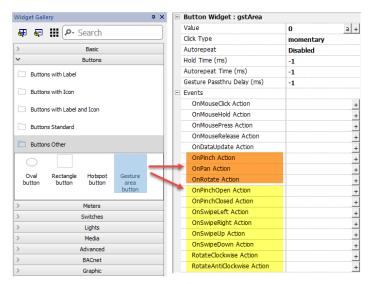
Regional Settings

You can use even the SHORT-DATE or the LONG-DATE placeholders to use the format defined inside the Regional Setting (see "Regional Settings" on page 86)

Gesture area widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Buttons> Others

Gesture Area Widget is a hotspot button that generates gesture events.



Gesture Events	Description	
OnSwipeLeft	An event is release when swipe gesture is detected	
OnSwipeRight		
OnPinchOpen	An event is release when pinch gesture is detected	
OnPinchClose		
RotateClockwise	An event is release when rotate gesture is detected	
RotateAntiClockwise		
OnPan	A series of events released during the gesture.	
OnPinch	Only JavaScript can be used to service these events, through the JavaScript code	
OnRotate	the developer can manage the gestures events as he prefer.	
	WARNING: Only multi touch HMI devices can generate OnPinch and OnRotate events	

OnPan

boolean onGesturePan(me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when one point inside the area has pressed and a linear movement has been detected.

Parameter	Description
me	Object triggering the event.
eventinfo	id = Gesture id; it is used to identify different gestures.
	running = True except for last event delivered to notify gesture completion.
	dx = Total X axis movement in screen pixel units from initial touch position .
	dy = Total Y axis movement in screen pixel units from initial touch position.

OnPinch

boolean onGesturePinch(me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when two points inside the area have been pressed and a linear movement has been detected.

Parameter	Description
me	Object triggering the event
eventinfo	id = Gesture id; it is used to identify different gestures.
	running = True except for last event delivered to notify gesture completion.
	dx = Total X axis movement in screen pixel units from initial touch position. It represents the distance change between fingers. Positive value means that the distance is increasing; negative value means that the distance is decreasing. This amount may be used to control a zoom value.
	dy = Total Y axis movement in screen pixel units (see dx).

OnRotate

boolean onGestureRotate(me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when two points inside the area have been pressed and a rotate movement has been detected.

Parameter	Description
me	Object triggering the event
eventinfo	id = Gesture id; it is used to identify different gestures.
	running = True except for last event delivered to notify gesture completion.
	drot = How many degrees (0/360) have been added since the previous event.
	trot = Total degrees (0/360) of the entire movement.
	Positive numbers meaning clockwise rotation, negative anticlockwise rotation.

Gesture events pass thru

To use a widget (e.g. a button or a slider) covered from a gesture object, you have to keep pressed the widget 200 mSec to move the control to the underlying object. The time that must be waited for to send the command to the underlying

Parameter	Description			
Gesture Passthru Enabled	Enable the possibility to pass gesture events to underlying widgets after a configurable delay. User has to keep pressed the finger and then execute the gesture.			
	default = Use the value defined in the project properties. See "Project" on page 80			
	true = Gesture passthru enabled			
	false = Gesture passthru disabled			
Gesture Passthru Delay (ms)	The time that must be waited for to send the command to the underlying object			
	0/500 mSec			
	-1 Use the delay defined in the project properties. See "Project" on page 80			

Examples of using gesture events in association with JavaScript

Here some example of using gesture events in association with JavaScript code to identify gestures and program the requested actions

Swipe Gesture

How to recognize a "swipe" gesture to change page in the application.

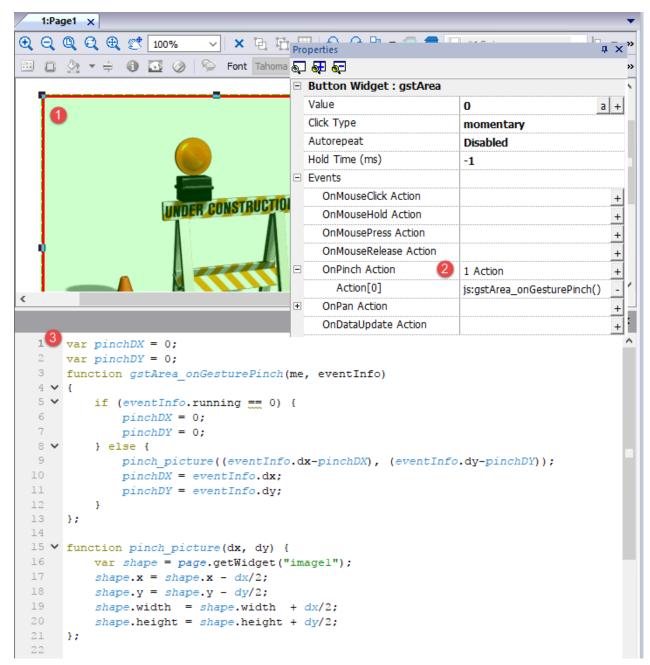
- 1. Put a Gesture area widget into the page
- 2. Configure the OnPan Action to trigger a JavaScript function
- 3. Write the JavaScript code that recognize and manage the swipe gesture

1:Page1 Background X	-	Button Widget : Swipe		
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	-	Autorepeat	Disabled	
		Hold Time (ms)	-1	
		Autorepeat Time (ms)	-1	
1	-	Events		
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		OnMouseHold Action		+ + +
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		OnMousePress Action		+
	11	OnMouseRelease Action		+
Script		OnPinch Action		+
	-	OnPan Action 2	1 Action	+ + -
1 Offunction Swipe_onGesturePan(me, eventInfo)		Action[0]	js:Swipe_onGesturePan()	-
3 V if (eventInfo.running != 1) {		OnDataUpdate Action	· · - · ·	+
<pre>4 var dx = eventInfo.dx;</pre>	+	General		
$5 \vee if (dx > 0) \{$	+	Position		
<pre>6 project.nextPage();</pre>				
7 } 8 \checkmark if (dx < 0) {				
<pre>9 project.prevPage();</pre>				
10 }				
11 }				
12 }				

Pinch Gesture

How to recognize a "pinch" gesture to resize an image.

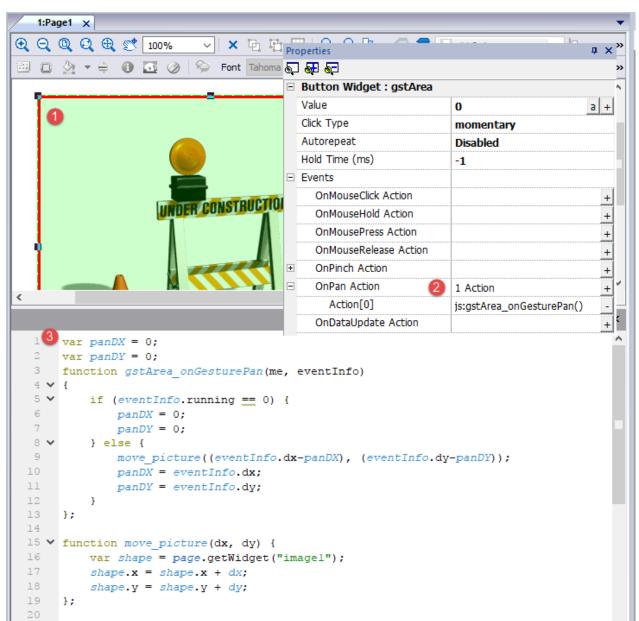
- 1. Put a Gesture area widget into the page over the image
- 2. Configure the OnPinch Action to trigger a JavaScript function
- 3. Write the JavaScript code that recognize and manage the pinch gesture



Pan Gesture

How to recognize a "pan" gesture to move an image.

- 1. Put a Gesture area widget into the page over the image
- 2. Configure the OnPan Action to trigger a JavaScript function



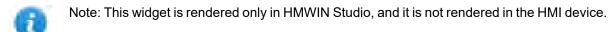
3. Write the JavaScript code that recognize and manage the pan gesture

JavaScript function block widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> JSFunctionBlock

JavaScript Function Block is a widget that contains JavaScript logic that is executed when tags values change.

Parameter	Description
value1	Objects that will trigger the OnDataUpdate action.
 value16	
OnDataUpdate	Action that will be executed when a change of an associated value is detected



Example:

A JavaScript code that check the combination lock of three selectors

<pre></pre>	🛅 🔯 🎐 ≑ 🔀 🚺 🥥 🖗 Font Roboto Medium	✓>] 12 ✓ A ▾ B I U ⋿ ≡ च	
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Script DataLink NeedleWgt.value:Knob1 Script value2 1 2 function JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate(me, et al. and			
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scort			-
<pre>Sorpt Sorpt S</pre>			
Script Access T R 1 value3 1 2 function JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate(me, e 0 4 var vUNLOCK = page.getWidget("unlock") Access T R 5 //Accept the incoming new value a 6 //Accept the incoming new value a 7 //Check the unlock code a 9 //Check the unlock code a 10 if ((me.value1=="3") && (me.value2=monthy("value1", me) a 11 vNINLOCK.setProperty("value1", me) a 12 > a 13 vNINLOCK.setProperty("value", me) a 14 ; return false; 15 return false; a 16 return false; a 17 / a 16 script a 17 / a 18 return false; a 19 a a 20 a a 21 a a 22 a a 23 value10 a 24 a a 26 cents a 27 a a 28 <td< td=""><td>C</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	C	-	-
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<pre>2 function JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate(me, e 3 * { var vUNLOCK = page.getWidget("unlock") //Accept the incoming new value me[eventInfo.attrName] = eventInfo.n //Check the unlock code if ((me.value1=="3") && (me.value2==</pre>			
<pre>3 v { var vUNLOCK = page.getWidget("unlock") //Accest the incoming new value me[eventInfo.attrName] = eventInfo.m //Check the unlock code //Check the unlock code vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. value6 value7 a value8 value8 value8 a value8 value9 a value10 a value11 a value12 a value14 a value15 a value15 a value16 a value1 a value16 a value1 a value1</pre>			-
4 var vUNLOCK = page.getWidget("unlock") 5 //Accept the incoming new value me[eventInfo.attrName] = eventInfo.r 9 //Check the unlock code if ([me.value1=="3") & & (me.value2== vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. }) else { vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. }; 14 ; 15 return false; 17 ; Script (Keyboard) value6 6 a 9 istriction (intervalue) 14 ; 15 return false; 17 ; Script (Keyboard) istriction (intervalue) 16 istriction (intervalue) 17 ; Script (Keyboard) istriction (intervalue) 16 istriction (intervalue) 9 0 9 0		Recalewyc.value.kiloby	1
<pre>//Accept the incoming new value me[eventInfo.attrName] = eventInfo.r % //Check the unlock code 10 ~ if ((me.value1=="3") && (me.value2=" vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. } else { vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. }; feturn false; } sorpt / Keyboard / value1 a volue1 /pre>	<pre>4 var wUNLOCK = page.getWidget("unlock")</pre>		
7 me[eventInfo.attrName] = eventInfo.r a 9 //Check the unlock code a 10 × if ((me.value1=="3") & & (me.value2== value6 a 11 value6 a 12 × } else { return false; a 13 return false; a 14 ;; a 15 return false; a 16 return false; a 17 ; a Script (Keyboard) a 14 ; 15 return false; 16 a 17 ; Script (Keyboard) a			a ·
8 //Check the unlock code a 9 if ((me.value1=="3") & & (me.value2== a 11 vulve1 a 12 > else (a vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. a 13 vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. 14 ; 15 return false; 17 ; Script / Keyboard a Value1 a value15 a value16 a © OnDataUpd 1 Action(0 Action(0 js:JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate() inttal delay 0			
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11 vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. 12 > else { 13 vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. 14 >; 15 return false; 17 > Script (Keyboard / a Value14 a value15 a value16 a Cevents a OnDataUpd 1 Action a Action[0] sciSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate() intial delay 0			a ·
12 * } else { a 13 * vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me. value10 14 ;; ; 15 return false; a 17 } ; Script (Keyboard / a Value10 a value12 a value13 a value14 a value15 a value16 a E Vents ConDataUpd 1 Action Action[0] is:JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate() initial delay 0		value8	а
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14); id <		value10	а
16 return false; 35 value13 Script / Keyboard a Value13 a value14 a value15 a value16 a E Events OnDataUpd 1 Action[0] js:JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate() initial delay O 10 General	,	value11	а
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□ OnDataUpd 1 Action Action[0] js:JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate() initial delay 0 ① General		value16	a
Action(0 js:JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate() initial delay 0 @ General		Events	
Action[0] js:JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate() initial delay 0 @ General		OnDataUpd 1 Action	
initial delay 0 ⊕ General		Action[0 js:JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate()	1
± Position		General	
		Position	

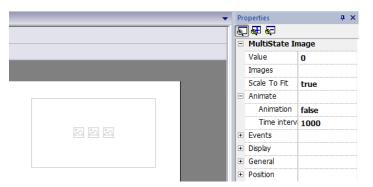
	Script	×
1		^
2	<pre>function JSFunctBlockWgt_onDataUpdate(me, eventInfo)</pre>	
3 🗸	{	
4	<pre>var vUNLOCK = page.getWidget("unlock")</pre>	
5		
6	// Accept the incoming new value	
7	<pre>me[eventInfo.attrName] = eventInfo.newValue;</pre>	
8		
9	// Check the unlock code	- 61
10 🗸	if ((me.value1=="3") && (me.value2=="3") && (me.value3=="3")) {	
11	<pre>vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", "Unlock!");</pre>	
12 🗸	} else {	
13	<pre>vUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me.value1+"-"+me.value2+"-"+me.value3);</pre>	
14	};	
15		
16	return false;	
	};	
18 Cariat (Kaybaard /	<u> </u>
	Keyboard /	

See "Widget events" on page 518 for the description of the onDataUpdate parameters

Multistate Image widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Images

Use this widget to display an image from a collection based on the value of a tag used as Index. You can use this widget also for simple animations.

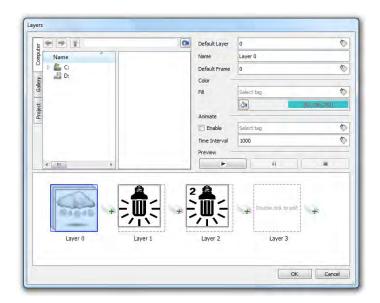


Parameter	Description			
Value	Index of image to display.			
	For example, set Value=0, to display the image with index 0 in the image collection.			
Images	Images collection with associated index.			
Animate	Set to true, to enable a slide show.			
Time interval	Interval between images in the slide show.			

Multistate Image Multilayer widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Images

Use this widget to create different animations and select the most suitable at runtime.

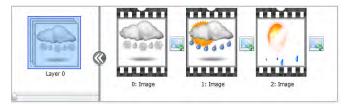


Setting up widget layers

- 1. Open the Layers dialog from the Properties pane.
- 2. Click + to add as many layers as you need.



3. Double click on each layer to add as many images as you want to include in the layer.



4. Drag and drop images into the frame to add it to current layer.



5. Define widget properties.

Parameter	Description		
Default Layer	Layer shown at runtime.		
Name	Name of selected layer.		
Default Frame	Frame shown when current layer is displayed.		
Color / Fill	Fill color for images of current layer.		
Animate	Enables slide show for active layer. Animations can be started/stopped at runtime attaching it to a tag.		
Time Interval	erval Time interval of slide show, if enabled.		
Preview	Slide show simulation.		



Note: Default Layer, Default Frame, Color and Fill can be changed at runtime, attaching the to a tag.

Network Adapters widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control

Use the IP Widget to set the network adapters parameters.

```
Mac ID:

00:15:5D:59:A1:C6

LAN12

Use DHCP:

No

IP Address:

172:26.144.1

Subnet Mask:

255:255.240.0

Gateway:

0.0.0.0
```

The system variable Network->Status contains the result of the last operation performed by the IP Widget (see "Network variables" on page 140 for details)

RSS Feed widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> RSSFeed Source

Use this widget to display on the HMI device your favorite RSS feeds directly from the Internet.

RSSFeed



Parameter	Description		
RSS Source	Feed URL		
	Note: Feed sources cannot be modified at runtime.		
UpdateRate	Refresh time		

			0 0		
				S Feed	
-	_	_		5 Source	http://rss.cnn.com/rss/cnn_topstori
			UpdateRate		15
RSS Sc	ource	_			X
- A	~ v			_	-
Index	Enable	Name	-	RSS Sour	ce
1		CNN			cnn.com/rss/cnn_topstories
2		ESPN			ts.espn.go.com/espn/rss/news
3		NewsWeek			ls.newsweek.com/newsweek/TopNews
4		MSN Money		http://artic	les.moneycentral.msn.com/Feeds/RSS/
					OK Cancel
					UN Calice

The RSS Feed widget has been specifically designed to work with Pocket Internet Explorer.

Scrolling RSS Feed widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> RSSFeed Scroll

Use this version of the main RSS Feed widget to display highlights inside a text line using a smoothing scrolling text.



RSS Scroll Widget : RSSScrollWgt	
RSS Source	http://rss.cnn.com/rss/cnn_topstories +
UpdateRate	15
Title Separator	
Title Font	Tahoma
Title Color	[23, 30, 40]
Title Size	12
Scrolling	Normal

This widget has additional properties.

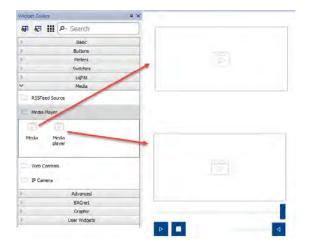
Parameter	Description
Scrolling	Scrolling speed
Title Separator	Separator character between highlights

Media Player widgets

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> Media Player

Use these widgets to play videos from a playlist. The video files can be stored on a USB drive, on the Flash card or an SD Card.

Two widgets are available: one includes a multimedia frame with buttons to play and stop the video, the other is a plain frame where the video is played without user control.



Parameter	Description
Media Player List	Open Windows file browser for selecting video files to collect in the play list. Selected files will be downloaded to the HMI device together with the project.
	When a USB device or an SD Card has been selected, files must be placed in a subfolder "mediafiles" of the external memory media. Video files will be played according to filename alphabetical order.
	Ensure you have the commercial rights of the multimedia files.
Loop Style	Define how the video is played.
	NoLoop: plays all the videos in the playlist, then stops.
	LoopOne: repeats the first video in the playlist.
	LoopAll: repeats the entire playlist.
	Random: plays the videos in a random order.



Note: The Media Player widget only works with some HMI devices (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585). It doesn't work the HMWIN Client.



Note: You can have only one Media Player widget in a page.

Supported video encoding

Two groups of codecs are supported:

- DSP based video codecs
- Software video codecs



List of HMI devices that support the DSP (video hardware acceleration) is available on "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585.

DSP video codecs

These include:

- H264 using AVI/MP4 container, CABAC off and Level 3 (suggested)
- MPEG4 using MP4 container



BSP v1.0.269 or greater is required

Software video codecs

This is only:

• Microsoft MPEG4 v3 using an AVI container.



Be aware that video performance are depending from the chosen resolution, bit rate and device capabilities. If video rendering is not smooth, try to reduce the resolution or the bit rate of your video.

The videos encoded with Microsoft MPEG4 v3 are not using the hardware acceleration and have more limitations. To prevent the videos from running jerky, a maximum resolution of 640x512 pixels and a bit rate of 1300 kb/s are suggested. In addition, the size of the Media Player widget used on the page should have the same size as the videos in the play list, in order to avoid up scaling and down scaling. Audio is not supported.

Converting a video

The FFMPEG (<u>www.ffmpeg.org</u>) can be used to convert a video into the correct codec supported from the HMI device. Using the folder structure of the below picture, the following batch file could be used to convert any video file.

>	Convert >
	ffmpeg-20170724-03a9e6f-win64-static
	📙 bin
	doc
	licenses
	presets
	📔 README.txt
0	convert.bat
	SRCvideo.mp4

E conve	ert.bat 🗵
1	Gecho off
2	<pre>set FFMPEG=ffmpeg-20170724-03a9e6f-win64-static\bin\ffmpeg.exe</pre>
3	
4	<pre>%FFMPEG% -i SRCvideo.mp4 ^</pre>
5	-y ^
6	-an ^
7	-s 240x160 ^
8	-b:v 4200k ^
9	-maxrate 4200k ^
10	-c:v libx264 ^
11	-profile:v baseline ^
12	-level:v 3 ^
13	-bufsize 3000k ^
14	-minrate 0 ^
15	-f avi ^
16	-preset slow ^
17	HMIvideo.avi
18	
19	pause
20	

Now you can open the converted video with a standard video player, such as Windows Media Player and check the quality. You can add the resulting video to the play list of the Media Player widget.



Note : The FFMPEG tool is not distributed with the HMWIN Studio.

Using Media Player in JavaScript

The Media Player widget can be also referenced in JavaScript programs with the following syntax:

```
//get the mediaplayer widget.
var mediaWgt = page.getWidget('MediaPlayerWgt2');
//load the play list
mediaWgt.setProperty('medialist', '/Storage Card/demo_3.avi,/Storage Card/video1_
3.avi');
// set the loopstyle 0 - noloop, 1 - loop one, 2- loop all, 3 - random
mediaWgt.setProperty('loopstyle', 2);
//start playing the first file.
mediaWgt.mediapath = '/Storage Card/demo_3.avi';
```

See "JavaScript " on page 513 for details on how to work with JavaScript.

Browser widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> Web Controls

Use this widget to embed web pages into your HMI device pages. This is an HTML5 compatible browser widget based on the WebKit/QT4 (HMI devices with BSP v1.0) or WebEngine/QT5 (HMI devices with BSP v1.3).

This is an HTML5 compatible browser widget, based on WebEngine. Can be used to embed web pages into the HMI device pages.



Note: The WebKit library is available as a plugin (see "Plug-in" on page 80 for details) to download to the HMI Runtime only when required. This allows you to save around 3 MB of space if the widget is not required in your project.

÷	→	≏			÷	-	+	
Web	Browse	erWgt						

Parameter	Description		
Home Page	Default URL to open when widget is shown on the page.		
Zoom to Fit	Automatically scales content to the size of view area.		
Time out	Page load timeout in seconds.		
Show Progress cursor	Shows/hides loading cursor		
Clear History	Automatic history clear on load		
Accept Language	HTTP header tag that specifies the preferred languages e.g. "IT; en-US, EN"		
Save Cookie	Select the location where cookie can be saved. Leave the field empty if you don't want to save the cookies		

Gestures are supported to scroll the page, move the page, zoom in/out.

Hyper Link

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> Hyper Link

n **Hyper Link** widget is available to create pages hyperlinks. Once clicked these links notify to the browser widget that a particular web page is to be loaded.

IP Camera widgets

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> IP Camera

Use these these widgets to show images captured from an IP Camera or a video stream.

IP Camera	

Parameter	Description	
Camera URL	URL of the IP Camera when used in JPEG format.	
Refresh Rate	umber of JPEG images for second allowed. Max rate = 1 fps.	
User Name	Name of user allowed to access the camera.	
	Set this parameter when access to the camera is password protected.	
Password	Password to access the camera.	
MJPEG Camera URL	URL of MJPEG streaming (for example, http://192.168.0.1/video.cgi)	

When this widget is used to stream HTTP MJPEG, Camera URL and Refresh Rate are ignored.

Performance of streaming is not fixed and depends on many factors such as: frame size, frame compression level, CPU of HMI device, quality of IPCamera. Based on these factors the widget can reach up to 25 fps.

You can add multiple IP Camera widgets, but this will reduce the frame rate for each widget.

Supported IPCameras

The following IP Cameras have been tested so far:

IPCamera	Protocol	URL
Apexis APM-J901-Z-WS PTZ IP Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/videostream.cgi
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/snapshot.cgi
AXIS M3027-PVE Network Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/axis-cgi/mjpg/video.cgi
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/axis-cgi/jpg/image.cgi
DAHUA DH-IPC-HD2100P-080B 1.3mp Outdoor Vandalproof	HTTP	http://{ip_address}:9988/onvif/media_ service/snapshot
D-Link DCS-5605 PTZ	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/video/mjpg.cgi
D-Link DCS-900W IP Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/video.cgi

IPCamera	Protocol	URL
D-Link DCS-932L	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/video.cgi
Edimax IC-7100P PTZ	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/mjpg/video.mjpg
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/picture.jpg
Foscam FI8916W	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/videostream.cgi
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/snapshot.cgi
Foscam FI9803 EP	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}:88/cgi- bin/CGIStream.cgi?cmd=GetMJStream&usr= {user}&pwd={pass}
		NOTE:
		 port 88 may be different as per IP Camera settings
		 {user} = username defined into IP Camera settings
		 {pass} = password defined into IP Camera settings
Hamlet HNIPCAM IP Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/video.cgi
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/image.jpg
MOXA VPort 254 (Rugged 4-channel	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/moxa-cgi/mjpeg.cgi
MJPEG/MPEG4 industrial video encoder)	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/moxa- cgi/getSnapShot.cgi?chindex=1
NVS30 network video server	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}:8070/video.mjpeg
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/jpg/image.jpg
Panasonic WV-Series Network Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/cgi-bin/mjpeg
Ubiquiti UniFi Video Camera	HTTP	http://{ip_address}:7080/images/snapshot/camera/ {camera_guid}?force=true
		NOTE:
		 {camera_guilD} can be found into IP Camera Webpage
		 port 7080 may be different as per IP Camera settings
Zavio F3210 2MP Day & Night Compact IP	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/stream?uri=video.pro3
Came	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/cgi-bin/view/image?pro_0
		NOTE:
		• MJPEG video streaming can be configured selecting "video profile 3" with 640x480 resolution into IP Camera settings.

PTZ Controls widget

PTZ (pan-tilt-zoom) cameras are cameras capable of remote directional and zoom control.



Not yet available in the new gallery (use the old gallery to get this widget)

The PTZ Controls widget uses the MovelPCamera action to send HTTP/cgi commands to the PTZ IP Camera.

👻 F	roperties		¢ ×
- L - ⊕ B - ⊢	j 🐠 🔄		
	PTZ Controls : GroupWgt1		
	Events		
e	Up OnMouseClick Action	2 Actions	+
	Action[0]	MoveIPCamera()	-
	Action[1]	MoveIPCamera()	-
6	 Left OnMouseClick Action 	2 Actions	+
	Right OnMouseClick Action	2 Actions	+
	Down OnMouseClick Action	2 Actions	+
	Home Position OnMouseClick Act	1 Action	+
	Stop Horizon Patrol OnMouseClic	1 Action	+
	 Horizon Patrol OnMouseClick Acti 	1 Action	+

Authentication methods

The authentication method is automatically set by the camera web server to which the widget connects. Authentication methods supported are:

- Basic
- NTLM version 1
- Digest-MD5

Web Browser

On the Web Browser, only the "Basic Authentication" mode is supported. When used, the IP Camera with authentication shows a pop dialog to enter login and password.

Widget is supported by Chrome and Firefox, we found issues using the current version of the Edge browser.

Table widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Table

Use this widget to create a table with data provided from a data source.

To configure a table:

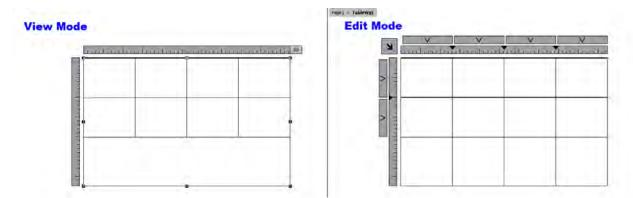
- 1. Put a table widget on the screen and configure the template of the table.
- 2. Add widgets into cells to configure one or more rows that will be used as row templates when the table will be filled with data provided from the data source.
- 3. Select a data source that will be used to fill the rows of the table
- 4. Define the links from widgets and data source.

Configure the table widget

Table widget has two states:

- View mode
- Edit mode.

Click on the table to manage the widget in view mode, double click to enter in the edit mode. To exit and return to view mode click outside the table.



View Mode

Properties 5 **6**₽ δŢ TableGroupWgt : TableWgt Current selected row -1 Precached Pages 0 Data Source Grid Layout Group Num rows 2 Num columns 4 Horizontal overflow Scroll Horizontal underflow mode Center Scrollbar Handle Color [0, 70, 136] Scrollbar Background Color [237, 237, 237] Scrollbar image Scrollbar offset 0 Scrollbar size 10 Scrollbar autohide Auto External border mode Fixed Margin collapsed true External margin width 1 External margin color [200, 200, 200] Horizontal scroll position 0 Vertical scroll position 0 + Events ± General + Position

In view mode, you can configure the table layout. Drag and drop the table onto the page, resize the table, define number of template rows, number of columns and the main table properties.

Edit Mode

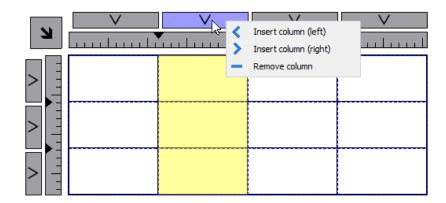
In edit mode, it is possible configure the format and the content of each cell of the table. Each row of the table will act as a row template.

To configure the look of the table, click on table's selectors to select the item to configure.

Right stroke Width Left stroke color	<u>۷</u>		Properties relate with the selected item	? ×
Active Selectors Row setup (color eg. #rrggbb or #rrggbbaa) Top stroke Width 1 Bott. stroke Width 3 Top stroke color #000000 Botton stroke color #ff0000 Botton stroke color #ff0000 Background color none	Selectors	Selectors	Left stroke Width Right stroke color Left stroke color Right stroke color Right stroke color Row setup (color eg. #rrggbb or Top stroke Width 1 Bott. stroke Color #000000 Botton stroke color	

Add or remove rows or columns

To add or remove rows or columns, double click over the grid to enter in edit mode and right click over column or row selector to open the context menu.



Merge or split rows or columns

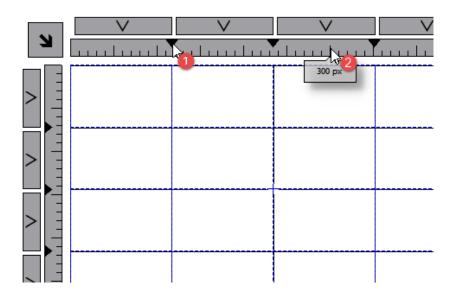
To merge or split rows or columns, double click over the grid to enter in edit mode and move the cursor over the ribbons:

• Double click the black triangle to merge the two adjacent rows or columns (1)



Note that merge is possible only with an empty row or column.

• Double click on ribbon to split the selected row or column (2)



To configure the contents of cells, drag and drop the widgets inside the cells.

V	V
an hundanda	induction data
Description	Value
g description:	99099
	Ψ
	Description

If you need more widgets inside a single cell, create a group of widgets and copy the group from the page to the cell.

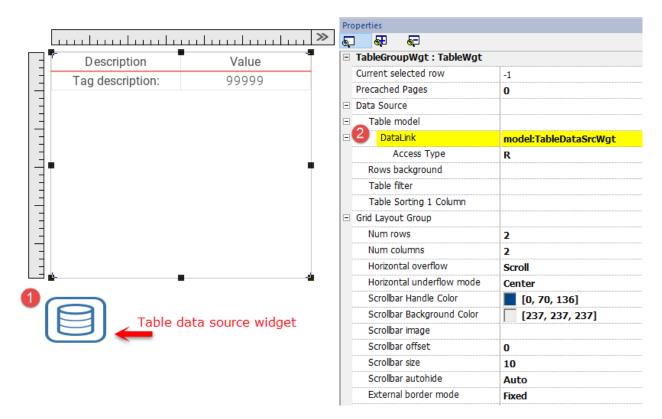
Configuring the data source

The data source, that provide the data to fill the table, could be a Table Data Source Widget or a JavaScript Object.

Table Data Source Widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Table

- 1. Drag and drop a Table Data Source Widget onto the page
- 2. Set the *Table Model* parameter to link at the data source.



Select the Data Source and inside the TableDataSrcWgt Editor add the rows and columns that are needed. In the following example, we have defined two row templates:

• Row 0

Header of the table. Contains only static text.

• Row 1

Template of rows with data. On the first column we added a label that will contain the description and on the second column a field that will contain the value.

		scription description:	Value 99999	Row 0 Row 1		
<						>
			TableData	SrcWgt Editor		×
Tab	le rows 🕂 💻	in Fixe	d header Table columns 🕂	- < >		>] [>
	Row type	\$	Column 1	\$	Column2	
1	0	N/A		N/A		
2	1	Temperature		Tag1 R/W		
3	1	Humidity:		Tag2 R/W		
4	1	Noise:		Tag3 R/W		
5	1	Brightness:		Tag4 R/W		
		\ TableDataSrcWot Edi				

Each row must be assigned a row type. The row will take on the format of the corresponding row template. Widgets that were placed in each cell of the row template will appear in rows of that type.

Define links with data source

- 1. Double click over the Table widget to enter in edit mode and select a widget
- 2. Select the property that is to be read from the data source
- 3. Select the column of the data source that will provide the data

	: 🔂 🔂 🖫 🖛 🚘 🧮 #1 TableWgt 🔷 🕞 🐨 🔀 🕶 [ef] 👻	ि Text : TableWgt.label3
Page1 > TableWgt	 ✓ 12 ✓ A ▼ B I U ■ Ξ Ξ ✓ 	Text Tag description: + Events
Description Va	TableWgt.label3.text Source: O Tag O Alias O System Widget O Recipe	
•	> Search > _AlarmsMgr > EventMgr > MultiLangMgr > Page1	
	 ▲ TableDatsGrcWgt (3) ▲ DynamicField ← Column0 ← Column1 ♦ General 	

The below picture is showing how our example will be rendered at runtime

Description	Value
Temperature	111
Humidity:	222
Noise:	333
Brightness:	444

Fixed Header

If you want the first row will be not scrollable, check the *"Fix Header"* check box on Data Source toolbox or set true the "Show Header" propert inside the Data Source properties panel (note the parameter is available only in advanced view).

Column override

You can use an array of integers to define or modify the columns order at runtime. When you use this property, be sure to attach an array of integer and set the index to -1 (to select the entire array).

Column override	(array of int):
-----------------	-----------------

0 1 2 3		4	5 6	7 8
Description:	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4
00	1	2	3	4
Row 1 Data 1		Data 11	Data 111	Data 1111

Column override (array of int):

0 1	3 3	/	5 0	/ 8
Description:	Col 1	Col 3	Col 3	Col 7
00	1	3	3	7
Row 1	Data 1	Data 111	Data 111	fdgfd

ᄀ

זר

Fetch Mode

When enabled, the table will load a minimal number of rows to fill the view. Allows very fast page loading for large tables. When scrolling, when the table reaches the end, new rows are loaded and you can scroll through the database.

The "Rows loaded" parameter gives you the possibility to choose how many rows need to be loaded per cycle. The higher the value, the longer it will take to load the page, but the more rows will be loaded ready to scroll (less load during scrolling).

Multilanguage

To enable the Multilanguage support right click on the Multilanguage icon of the column. The icon will change color to indicate that the support is enabled.



Avoid enabling the Multilanguage support when not necessary to better performance.

Tab	Table rows 🕂 — \land 🗸 🗹 Fixed header 🛛 Table columns 🕂 — < 🔉 🗌				
	Row type	Column0	Column 1		
1	0	N/A Add ML support	N/A		
2	1	Temperature	Tag1 R/W		
3	1	Humidity:	Tag2 R/W		
4	1	Noise:	Tag3 R/W		
5		Brightness:	Tag4 R/W		

Import/Export Data Source

The configuration of the Data Source can be imported/exported using xml files

Tal	ole rows 🕂 💻 🤞	N ✓ Fixed header Table columns +	- < > [[<u>م ل</u> ر
	Row type	See Column0	%	Column1 import
1	0	N/A	N/A	
2	1	Temperature	Tag1 R/W	

JavaScript Object

In alternative to the Data Source Widget, for data to fill the table could be provided from a JavaScript Object. In this case, we have to fill an array of elements with the data to use and assign the array to the table widget.

```
var myTable = page.getWidget("TableWgt1");
myTable.model = model;
```

model is an array of elements with the table definition and data. The first element of the array will contain the template of the rows while the other elements will contain the data to fill in the rows of the table

<pre>model[0]</pre>	=	row_templates;	11	row t	emp	plate	es
model[1]	=	row_data1;	//	data	of	the	row1
model[2]	=	row_data2;	//	data	of	the	row2
model[3]	=	row_data3;	11	data	of	the	row3
model[4]	=	row_data4;	11	data	of	the	row4
model[5]	=	row_data4;	//	data	of	the	row5

The row templates is a multi dimensional array where each array defines the datalink of one template row.

On the below example, we have a template for two rows.

```
var row_templates = {
    _h : [
        [[] , [] ], //rowType = 0
        [["text"], ["value"]] //rowType = 1
      ]
```

}

The first row has two columns that do not contain data links. We use this template for the header on the first row of our table.

The second row defines the template of one row with the "text" property of the widget into the first column and the "value" property of the widget into the second column. They will be dynamically filled using the data provided inside the model variable.

On the below example we define a row of data

```
var row_data = {
    _t : 1,
    _v : ["Temperature:", { _c : "dl" , s : "_TagMgr", a : "Tag1", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
```

The first element is the row template to use while the second element is the array with the data to use. In our example "Temperature:" is the text to use inside the widget on the first column, while the other element is a datalink that will provide the value to fill the value property of the widget into the second column.

The datalink element:

Parameter	Description	
_c : "dl" Identify the element as a Datalink		
s: "_TagMgr" Specify the source of data is the Tag Manager		
a : "Tag1", i: 0, m:2	Specify tag name and index (necessary when the tag is an array) and the read/write mode • m=0 is Read Only • m=1 is Write Only • m=2 is Read/Write	

The below JavaScript code will generate the same table of the previous example using the Table Data Source Widget

```
var model = [];
var row_templates = {
    _h : [
        []], []], //rowType = 0
        [["text"], ["value"]] //rowType = 1
    ]
}
var row_data1 = {
    _t : 0,
    _v : [],
    _h : true
}
```

```
var row data2 = {
   t : 1,
    _v : ["Temperature:", { _c : "dl" , s : "_TagMgr", a : "Tag1", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
var row data3 = {
   _t : 1,
    v : ["Humidity:", { c : "dl" , s : " TagMgr", a : "Tag2", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
var row data4 = {
   _t : 1,
    _v : ["Noise:", { _c : "dl" , s : "_TagMgr", a : "Tag3", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
var row data5 = {
   _t : 1,
    _v : ["Brightness:", { _c : "dl" , s : "_TagMgr", a : "Tag4", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
model[0] = row templates;
model[1] = row_data1;
model[2] = row data2;
model[3] = row data3;
model[4] = row data4;
model[5] = row data5;
var myTable = page.getWidget("TableWgt1");
myTable.model = model;
```

Note the first row (row_data1) contains the directive _h: true to avoid the first line will be scrollable.

```
var row_data1 = {
    __t : 0,
    __v : [],
    __h : true
}
```

Multilanguage

A multi languages text can be entered using the below element:

```
{ c : "ml" , mltext : {"en-US" : "Temperature:" , "it-IT" : "Temperatura:"} }
```

Parameter	Description
_c : "ml"	Identify the element as a Multilanguage text
mltext : { }	List of couples: "ID Language":"Text"

Parameter	Description	
Example:		
	• "en-US" : "Temperature:"	
	• "it-IT" : "Temperatura:"	

Example:

Row background color

Using the Rows background parameter is possible define the column of the Data Source Widget that will contains the background color of the associate row.

To configure the background color of the rows of the table:

- 1. Add a new column inside the Data Source Widget to contain the background color of each row
- 2. Configure the "Row background" color parameter of the Table to point to the color column of the Data Source Widget

abl	le rows 🕂 💻	in the Fixe	ed header Tabl	e columns 🕂 🗕	< > []		>]	Þ
	Row type	Sescription	🖗 Set	S Min	S Max	Secolor bgColor		1
L	0							
2	1	Room1 Temperature	123	0	200	#FF0000		1
3	1	Room 1 Humidity	125	0	200	#00FF00		1
ł	1	Room 1 Music Level	15	-10	150	#FFFF00		
5	1	Room2 Temperature	-8	-100	100			
5	1	Room2 Humidity	18	0	100			

Pr	operties		Ф ×
6) 🔮 🔁		
-	TableGroupWgt : TableWg		
	Current selected row	-1	
-	Data Source		
+	Table model		+
-	Rows background		+
-	DataLink	bgColor:TableDataSrcWgt	-
	Access Type	R	
	Table filter		a +
	Table Sorting 1 Column		a +
+	Grid Layout Group		
+	Events		

Filter:			×
Description	Set	Min	Max
Room1 Temperature	123	0	200
Room1 Humidity	125	- 0	200
Room1 Music Level	15	-10	150
Room2 Temperature	-8	-100	100
Room2 Humidity	18	0	100
Room2 Music Level	12	0	150
Room3 Temperature	15	0	150
Room3 Humidity	134	0	500

Table Filter

Content visible inside the table can be filtered using the "Table Filter" property. On datalink you can use a formula (see "Formula" on page 49 chapter for additional details) to define the criteria to use to filter the data.

Each row of the table will be visible only when the Datalink of the Table Filter return true value.

Example 1

If you want choice to see only the rows that contain "something" inside the Description column, you can use the below formula:

=\$Contains(\$('Description:TableDataSrcWgt'),\$('value:SearchOnTable'))

Where

- 'Description:TableDataSrcWgt' is a Dynamic Field of the Data Source Widget used from the table to identify the column to check
- 'value:SearchOnTable' is the value of a text field that will contains the string to search

Filter:			×
Description	Set	Min	Max
Room1 Temperature	123	0	200
Room1 Humidity	125	0	200
Room1 Music Level	15	-10	150
Room2 Temperature	-8	-100	100
Room2 Humidity	18	0	100
Room2 Music Level	12	0	150
Room3 Temperature	15	0	150
Room3 Humidity	134	0	500

Filter:	Room2			×
Room2	Temperature	-8	-100	100
Room2	Humidity	18	0	100
Room2	Music Level	12	0	150

Room1 Temperature	123	0	200
Room2 Temperature	-8	-100	100
Room3 Temperature	15	0	150
Room4 Temperature	2	0	10

Pr	operties		д	×
6,] 월 🛃			
-	TableGroupWgt : TableWg			
	Current selected row	-1		
-				
+				+
	Rows background		а	+
-	Table filter			+
-	DataLink	=\$Contains(\$('Description:TableDataSrcWgt'),\$('value:SearchOnTable'))		-
	Access Type	R		
	Table Sorting 1 Column		а	+
+	· · · ·			
+	Events			

Example 2

To use flags to define the parameters to expose inside the table:

First, add a new column inside the Data Source that will contains the flags that will enable the associate row. Then, link the datalink of the table filter to the new column that contains the flags

enablePari =

emblerant =

enable?ar1 =

enable/ar4 =

enable/ar5 =

Description	Set	Min	Max
Parameter 01	123	0	200
Parameter 02	125	0	200
Parameter 03	15	-10	150
Parameter 04	-8	-100	100
Parameter 05	18	0	100
Parameter 06	12	0	150
Parameter 07	15	0	150
Parameter 08	134	0	500

	Description	Set	Min	Max
	Parameter 01	123	0	200
and the second second	Parameter 02	125	0	200
nablera L = L	Parameter 05	18	0	100
nablePar2 = 1	Parameter 06	12	0	150
nableRari = 0	Parameter 07	15	0	150
nablePar4 = 0	Parameter 08	134	0	500
	Parameter 09	44	0	50
nablePar5 = 1	Parameter 10	2	0	10

	TableDataSrcWgt Editor						
able	ole rows 🕂 — 🔨 🗸 Fixed header 🛛 Table columns 🕂 — < 🖒 🗌						>] (Þ
	Row type	Sescription	🖗 Set	Sim Min	S Max	🖗 enable	,
L	0					1	
2	1	Parameter 01	123	0	200	enablePar1	
3	1	Parameter 02	125	0	200	enablePar2	
ł	1	Parameter 03	15	-10	150	enablePar3	
;	1	Parameter 04	-8	-100	100	enablePar4	
;	1	Parameter 05	18	0	100	enablePar5	

Pro	operties		д Х
S,	l 🕶 🔤		
-	TableGroupWgt : TableWg		
	Current selected row	-1	
=	Data Source		
+	Table model		+
	Rows background		a +
•	Table filter		+
=	DataLink	enable:TableDataSrcWgt1	-
	Access Type	R	
	Table Sorting 1 Column		a +
+	Grid Layout Group		
+	Events		

Table Sorting

To sort the rows of the table, select the column of the Data Source that you want to use to sort the table

- Sorting mode can be Ascendent or Descendent
- Sorting Rule can be Alphabetic or Numeric

Pro	operties		Д	×
6) 🖶 🔄			
Ξ	TableGroupWgt : TableWgt			
	Current selected row	-1		
	Precached Pages	0		
	Data Source			
+	Table model			+
	Rows background		а	+
	Table filter		а	+
	Table Sorting 1 Column			+
	DataLink	Column0:TableDataSrcWgt		-
	Access Type	R		
	Table Sorting 1 Mode	Ascendent		
	Table Sorting 1 Rule	Alphabet		
	Table Sorting 2 Column		а	+
+	Grid Layout Group			
÷	Events			
+	General			

Multiple sorting (STABLE sorting) is useful when a column has repetitions. You can use up to three sort columns.

Example of sorting:

Alphabetic

Numeric

Value	Value
1	1
10	7
15	10
7	15



The table can be ordered even using the SetTableSortingColumn macro (see "SetTableSortingColumn" on page 229 for details).

Horizontal scroll position

The "Horizontal scroll position" give the possibility to keep synchronized the horizontal scroll movements of two tables.

	External margin color	[0, 0, 0]	
-	Horizontal scroll position	0 +	
-	DataLink	relHorScrollPos:GroupWgt2.TableWgt -	
	Access Type	R	



Horizontal scroll position parameter is available only in Advanced Proprieties View mode

Precached Pages

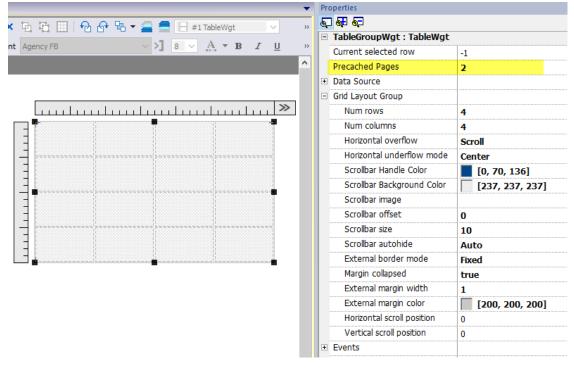
Normally the HMI Runtime retrieve only the data that will be visible into the display. To make table scrolling more pleasant, it may be useful to preload the data of the next and previous rows of the displayed ones. Using the Precached Pages parameter is possible define how many pages will be preloaded

- 0 = no pages preloaded
- N = number of pages to preoload

Example:

Using a table with 4 rows and Precache Pages = 2

- Number of row to preload are 8 (2 pages x 4 rows)
- 4 rows before (to be ready to manage scroll table up)
- 4 row above (to be ready to manage scroll table down)





Precached Pages parameter is available only in Advanced Proprieties View mode

Widgets that contain tables

Inside the gallery, there are widgets that contain tables, e.g. trend table, audit table, etc. To open the table's properties or the data source's properties you can use the Object View tab and select the component that you need to configure.

bjectView		+ ×				
Page1						
🗄 💭 TrendT						
	ndTable.TrendSrcWgt					
	ndTable.Buttons					
	ndTable.Title					
🖽 💭 Trer	ndTable.Duration					
🗄 💭 Tre	ndTable.TableWgt 🥙					
		Trend	Table			
		ircitu	IGDIC			
1.1.1	a la a l	a da andara	allers	dame	malar	a la ta
			7		Name4	Name5
	Timestamp	Name1	Name2	Name3	Namer	trutting of
				99999		
	Timestamp Data	Name1 99999	Name2 99999		99999	999999

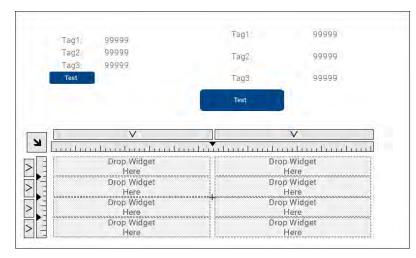
Printing table

A table widget can be found and used from the print report gallery.

Grid Layout widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Layout

The grid layout is a widget that adds the possibility to configure the spatial relationships among the widgets.



There are several elements associated with the grid layout that can be configured:

- Grid properties
- Rows, Columns Properties
- Cells Properties

Grid Properties

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	B I U E E E Group : GridLayout 7 Grid Group : GridLayout 7 Grid Group E Enable true Num rows 3		
Parameter	Description		
Enable	 Enable the grid layout. true A grid will be generate around the widgets of the group false Remove the grid layout 		
Num rows Num columns	Number of rows and columns of the grids. Image: Column of the grids of the grids. Image: Colum		
Clip Group Children	 true group's children are always clipped inside the group bounds (necessary for scrollbar). false children are not clipped 		
Horizontal overflow Vertical overflow	 This parameter define the behavior of the grid when it is too small to contain all rows and columns. Hidden Rows and columns that do not fit into the grid are not displayed 		

Parameter	Description
	• Scroll When the grid is too small to hold all the defined rows and columns, the scroll bars can be used to shift the content of the grid.
Horizontal underflow mode Vertical underflow mode	This parameter defines the behavior of the grid when it is larger than the size defined for the rows and columns
	 Blocked The grid can not be made larger than the maximum size of rows and columns
	 Left, Center, Right - Top, Middle, Bottom Defines the position of the widgets when cells are bigger than the maximum defined sizes
Scrollbar Handle Color Scrollbar Background Color Scrollbar image Scrollbar offset Scrollbat size Scrollbar autohide	Parameters to define look and position of the scroll bars
External border mode	 Set the display method of the outer frame. Fixed The outer frame is displayed according to the widget size. Auto Display the outer frame according to the table.
Margin collapsed	Collapse all left-right and top-botton margin using the parameters of the stroke with greater width.
External margin width External margin color	External margin parameters

Add or remove rows or columns

To add or remove rows or columns, double click over the grid to enter in edit mode and right click over column or row selector to open the context menu.

R		< >	Insert column (left)	
>		-	Remove column	
>				

Merge or split rows or columns

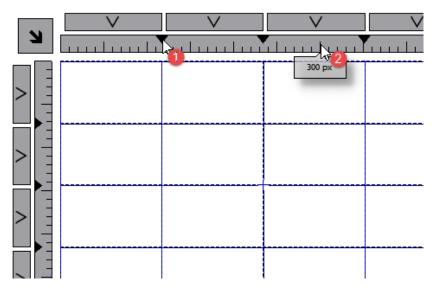
To merge or split rows or columns, double click over the grid to enter in edit mode and move the cursor over the ribbons:

• Double click the black triangle to merge the two adjacent rows or columns (1)



Note that merge is possible only with an empty row or column.

• Double click on ribbon to split the selected row or column (2)



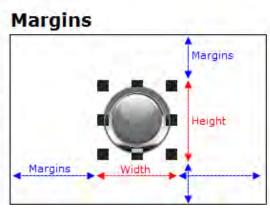
Rows, Columns Properties

Row and columns properties are available inside a pop up dialog after clicking on the row and column selectors, that are visible after double clicking the group of widgets.

Geometry 5	Style Selection	2		and an all and a	Intella
Col setup			-	99999	9999
Left Margin	0,0	>	-		
Right Margin	0,0		3	99999	-
Min Width	0,0		2	1	
Max Width	10000,10000	>	2	1	
Stretch	3,3		2		
			1	99999	9999
Row setup		>			
Top Margin	0,0,0				
Botton Margin	0,0,0				
Min Height	0,0,0		1		
Max Height	10000, 10000, 10000			Providence	6.0.00
Stretch	2,4,2			Rows and Colur	mns Selector

Stretch

1	2	1	4	
	**	** *	****	** *
		1		
-	-	-		
		S. 16		
-				



Geometry parameters

Parameter	Description
Left margin Right margin	Distance of the widget from the border of the cell
Min width Max width	Min/Max width that widget can assume when the cell is stretched
Stretch	Defines the relationship between the widths of the columns that will be maintained if the grid is stretched
Top margin	Distance of the widget from the border of the cell

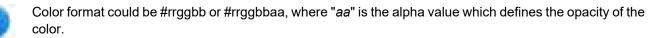
Parameter	Description
Bottom margin	
Min height Max heighty	Min/Max height that widget can assume when the cell is stretched
Stretch	Defines the relationship between the heights of the rows that will be maintained if the grid is stretched

Style parameters

Parameter	Description
Left stroke width Right stroke width Top stroke width Bottom stroke width	Strokes width
Left stroke color Right stroke color Top stroke color Bottom stroke color	Strokes color
Background color	Row background color



The list of values that are separated by a comma, are related to rows and columns. Example, the first value is for row 0, the second value for row 1, and so on.



Selection parameters

The selection parameters is available only when the grid is used inside a Table Widget (see "Table widget" on page 466 for details)

Parameter	Description
Forground color	Colors that the row assume when it is selected
Background color	The list of colors is related with row templates. First color is for
Stroke color	row template 0, second color is for row template 1, and so on.

Cells Properties

Properties of a single cell are available inside the properties panel when a cell is selected. To select a cell: first double click the widget group, then click the cell to select.

R	V	V
>	99999	99999
	99999	
>	99999	99999

	operties	4 :
-) 6 5 65	
	Button : GroupWgt1.BtnS	Std1
+	Value	0
	Click Type	momentary
	Autorepeat	Disabled
	Hold Time (ms)	-1
	Label	-
	Fill Color	[120, 120, 120]
	Show Frame	true
+	Events	
+	Configure	
+	Text	
+	General	
+	Position	
-	Grid Layout	
	Horizontal Underflow	Center
	Vertical Underflow	Inherited
	Maximum width	100000
	Max Height	100000
	Left Margin	15
	Right Margin	15
	Top Margin	15
	Botton Margin	15
	Preserv aspect ratio	true
	Aspect ratio	1:1
	Background	□ none

Parameter	Description
Horizontal underflow Vertical underflow	This parameter defines the behavior of the widget when the cell is larger than the size defined for widget.
	 Inherited Inherits the value used for the row or column Left, Center, Right - Top, Middle, Bottom
	Defines the position of the widgets when cells are bigger than the maximum defined sizes
Max width Max height	Overwrite global grid parameters
Left margin	Overwrite global grid parameters
Right margin Top margin Bottom margin	Additional pixels that are added to the total margin.
Preserve aspect ratio	Preserve aspect ration of the widget
Aspect ratio	Available only when "Preserve aspect ratio" is true
Background	Background color of cell

Add widgets inside the Grid Layout

To add a widget inside a cell of the Grid layout, double click the Grid Layout to enter in edit mode and drag and drop the widgets inside the cells.

Dashboard

The dashboards that are associated with the pages are special Grid Layouts where you can drag and drop widgets inside the cells without the need for a double click to enable the edit mode. Use the toolbars to show the grid properties or to move between the nested grids.

3 Prop Widget Drop Widget Here Here			Drop Widget
Drop Widget Høre	Drop Widget Here	Drop Widget Here	Here
	Drop Widget Here		Drop Widget Here
		Drop Widge Here	t
			rt

Printing report

Note the grid layout is available even inside the print report gallery.

TextEditor widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Advanced> Editor

Use this widget to edit text files. Widget can load the text file from the local HMI device or download the file from a remote device using an ftp connection.



Note: TextEditor widget is available as a plugin (see "Plug-in" on page 80 for details) to download to the HMI Runtime only when required.

OPEN	SAVE	CANCEL	EDIT	INSERT	DELETE	↓ ↑
O1000 T1 M6 G0 G90 G40 G21 G17 G94 G80 G54 X-75 Y-25 S500 M3 (Start Point) G43 Z100 H1 Z5 G1 Z-20 F100						
Esc 1	2 3	4 5	678	3 9 0) - +	\leftarrow
_→ q	w e	r t	y u	i o	ΡĹ] Del
습	a s	d f	g h j	j k	I ; :	, ⊂
合	z x	c v	b n	m ,	. 7	企
Ctrl	Alt @			AltGr	\rightarrow \rightarrow	? Ctrl

Widget Buttons

Button	Description
Open	Load text file inside the TextEditor
Save	Save text file
Cancel	Remove all changes from last OPEN or SAVE command
Edit	Enter in edit mode
Insert	Insert a new line
Delete	Delete current line
Up/Down	Move cursor up/down

Widget Properties

Option	Description		
Keyboard	 TextEditor widget has an embedded keyboard. When widget is used without the embedded keyboard, the alphabetic keyboard will be displayed when enter edit mode. Hidden Visible 		
FTP Config	FTP parameters to download the text file from a remote FTP server. Leave this filed empty to load the text file from the local HMI device.		
	Parameter	Description	
	FTP Address	FTP server IP Address	
	Server Port Port for FTP connection (default = 21).		
	Authentication Select the FTP authentication to use:		
		Normal (Username and password required)Anonymous	
	User Name	Username of the remote FTP account	
	Password	Password of the remote FTP account	
File Name	File name to edit. When empty a file browser to load a local file will be opened		
Syntax Highlight Type	Displays text in diffe	rent colors according to the selected language	
	NoneGCode		

Variables widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Advanced> Data Sources

Use this widget to add internal variables for operations such as data transfer or to be used in JavaScript programs.



Note: The variables are local to the page where the widget has been inserted.

Widget Gallery	φ×
👽 💀 🏭 🔎 Search	
> Basic	
> Buttons	
> Meters	
> Switches	
> Lights	
> Media	
 Advanced 	
Data Sources	
x =	
Variable	
variable	
Editors	
> BACnet	
> Graphic	
> User Widget	S

When you drag and drop this widget into you page, a place holder will be displayed to indicate the widget location, but it will not be visible at runtime.

Setting the widget

To create variables and assign values to them, open the **Variables** dialog from the **Variables** property in the **Properties** pane.

Search		
Name		Value
/ariable 1	11	
/ariable2	22	
/ariable3	33	
	33	

These variables can then be referenced from the Attach tag dialog, from the Page Editor.

Tag X	XForms	
Source:		
Tag	🔘 System 🙍 Widget 🔘 Recipe	
Tag:		
and .	A	
	Ø BtnStd5	

Global Variable Widget

If you need global variables, configure them at project level, adding the desired variables to the global variable widget.

i File Edit Run Format i E 🗋 🥶 📑 🎒 🐰 🖬 🕓	View Window	Help	Lang1	
ProjectView # ×			Properties	
Project		a=	S_ S∰ S⊂ ⊡ Variables	
Project1	_PageMgr	_VariablesWgt	variables	<empty></empty>

Using variables in JavaScript

Variables can be also referenced in JavaScript programs with the following syntax:

For local variables:

```
var varWgt = page.getWidget("_VariablesWgt");
var compVar = varWgt.getProperty("VariableName");
```

For global variables:

```
var varWgt = project.getWidget("_VariablesWgt");
var compVar = varWgt.getProperty("VariableName");
```

QR Code widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> Web Controls

This widget will generate a QR code image that will be useful to easily read the contained information from a mobile device.

Parameter	Description
Page Name	The name of the page of the HMI device to open. For example, if the value is "Phone" the generated URL will be " <i>http://192.168.1.100/index.html?loadPage=Phone</i> " to open the "Phone" page on the HMI device. This field must be left blank if you want to define a generic URL.
IP Address	The IP Address of the HMI device or a generic URL (without the http/https prefix)
Ethernet adapter	Ethernet adapter can be used as an alternative to the IP Address parameter. When it is used, the IP Address parameter will be ignored and the HMI runtime will fill the URL with the IP Address of the selected adapter. The adapter names are: "eth0", "eth1", etc.
Prefix	Can be http or https
Ethernet Port	The port number to use (default is 80)
Cell Color	QR Code color
Background Color	QR Code background color



Cell Color and Background Color are available in the advanced view.

39 Custom widgets

HMWIN Studio has a large widget library which includes predefined dynamic widgets (buttons, lights, gauges, switches, trends, recipes, and dialog items), as well as static images (shapes, pipes, tanks, motors).

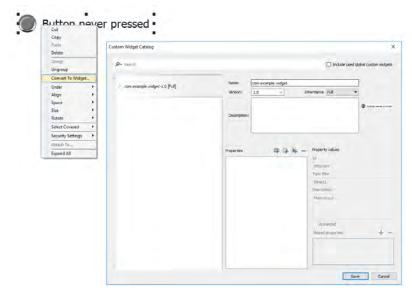
You can drag and drop an object from the gallery to the page, and then size, move, rotate or transform it. All widgets in the gallery are vector based, so they do not loose definition when resized.

You can, however, modify any of the pre-defined widgets to create your own custom widget. Custom widgets can be made up of several elements only including the properties needed to their purpose.

Creating a custom widget	. 496
Adding properties to a custom widget	. 498
Using structured tags	. 501
JavaScript in custom widgets	. 503
User's Gallery	. 506

Creating a custom widget

- 1. Drag and drop on a page all the widget you want to use to compose your custom widget.
- 2. Select and group them.
- 3. Right-click on the grouped object and select **Convert To Widget**: the **Custom Widgets Catalog** dialog is displayed.

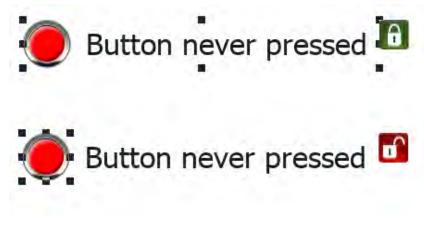


Parameter	Description
Include used custom widgets	When checked, list all the widgets used inside the project. Even system widgets.
Name	You can define everything you prefer, but is common keep a name structure. The folder com.hmi is reserved for the system widgets
Description	Widget description.
Version	Widget version.
	All widgets that share the same version share the properties defined from the Inheritance parameter.
Inheritance	Properties shared between widgets with the same version
	Full (both Graphic and Logic)
	Only Graphic
	Only Logic
	Disable

Modify a custom widget

To modify a custom widget, simple double clicks the custom widget to enter in edit mode.

If the Inheritance flag is enabled, a lock icon will appear to warn you that you are add changes that will be propagated to all the other custom widgets that share the same version. Click the padlock icon to confirm to enter in edit mode, padlock will be open. Click again when modifies are done.



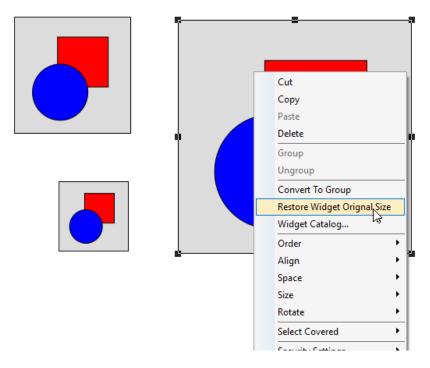


Padlock is showed only when the Inheritance is enabled.

Resize a custom widget

When sizes of custom widget is changed, the new sizes will not be propagated to the other widget instances.

"Restore Widget Original Size" command can be used.



Share properties

When a custom widget is modified, all the modifies will be propagated to all the other custom widgets that share the same version and that are configured to inherit the widget properties.

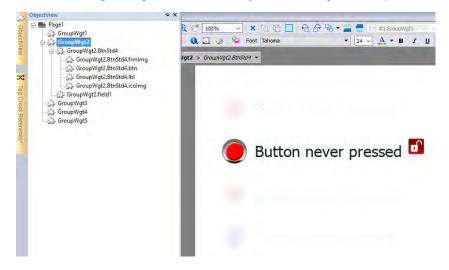
	Custom Widget Catalog				7 ×
	ρ.			Include used	l global custom widgets
🔵 Butt	✓ com,example.widget-1.0 [Ful]	Name: co Version: 1.	m.example.widget	Inheritance Full	•
🔵 Butt	 Page1 GroupWgt1 GroupWgt2 GroupWgt3 	Description:	ample		Sutten never presec
Butt	0	Properties	74 04	Froperty values	
🔵 Butt	✓ Page1 GroupWgt5 GroupWgt4		1.4	Id structure Type filter	
_				Struct1 Description:	
				Main struct	
				Advanced Aliased properties	+ -

Using widgets components

Widgets are usually made up of many parts, for example a button is a complex widget including two image widgets, a button widget and label.

To display a list of all the elements that are part of a widget, select the widget, open the padlock and open the **ObjectView** pane: all the element making up a complex widget are listed in hierarchical order.

To select a single widget, select it directly form the **ObjectView** pane.



Adding properties to a custom widget

When you create a custom widget, you need to define the properties that will be displayed for it in the **Properties** pane.

			? >	< Properties		д×
				67 67 67		
			D	com.example.	widget-1.0:1.0 : GroupWgt1	
			Include system widgets	Color	[255, 0, 0]	a +
				Grid Layout Gro	pup 🚽 📥	
Name:	com.example.widget					
Version:	1.0 ~	Inheritance Ful	. /			
		and the second second				
	Example		Button never pressed			
Description:		/				
Description:						
		1				
	/					
		and a state of the state of the				
Properties	4 4 1					
Color	6 C	Id				
		idColor	🗌 auto			
		Description:	× 1			
		Fill Color	1	1		
		THE COLOR				
		Support tags	Read only Advanced			
		Aliased properties	· + -			
		field1.fill BtnStd4.btn.fill				
		8015004.001.11				
				Color		
				Fill Color		
				JS properties:	A CHINAGE LE - MI	
				Color = getProper setProperty("idCo	rty(lacolor)	

1. Right-click on the grouped object and select **Widget catalog**: the properties dialog is displayed.

2. Click + to open the **Property Select** dialog: this lists all the properties of all the grouped widgets.

	Color	Id idColor	auto	
Property Select				7 ×
Select the properties:			p-	67 68 6
 field 1 OnDataUpdate Action Keypad Number Format Value BthStd4 BthStd4.locImg Fixed Edges Image Path Background BthStd4.bit OnDataUpdate Action Text BinStd4.bit OnDataUpdate Action ConDataUpdate Action 	NumericWgt ∧ onDataUpdate keypad-type usingFormat value Button JmagelWgt bdrImage imagePath fill LabelWgt onDataUpdate text ButtonVigat bdrImage	🔵 But	ton never pi	ressed

- 3. Select the properties you want to define for your custom widget.
- 4. Define each property's details.



Note that you can create folders and use drag & drop to move or reorganize the Properties list

Parameter	Description
Properties	Name shown in the Properties pane.
Description	Any comment on the property to be displayed in the Properties pane.

Parameter	Description
ld	The name exposed by HMWIN Studio, to JavaScript functions and Attach Tag dialog.
Support Tags	Specifies if the property supports the "Attach to" attribute.
Read only	Property exposed only in read mode
Advanced	Specifies whether each property should appear in the advanced, or in the simple view mode of the Properties pane.
Aliased properties	Internal properties linked with the exposed property

Combining properties

To combine two or more properties:

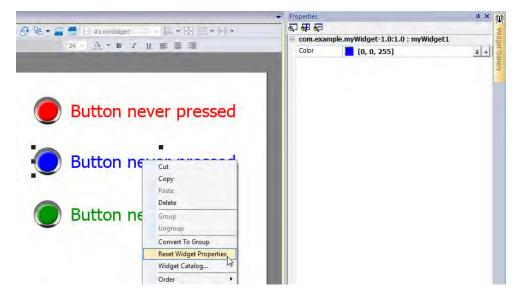
- 1. Select the primary property in the **Properties** list dialog.
- 2. Click + in the Aliased properties toolbar: the Property Select dialog is displayed.
- 3. Select the properties you want to combine.
- 4. Click **OK**: the combined attributes will be shown in the **Aliased properties** list box.

Example

If you insert into a "Color" property the fill color of all widgets (e.g. filed1.fill and BtnStd4.btn.fill) when you set the exposed Color property of the custom widget all colors of the included widgets will changes.

Reset Widget Properties

The "Reset Widget Properties" reset the modified properties values to original values.



Using structured tags

A common problem using a widget that use many tags is the need to create instances of the widget by giving only the tag name of the structure that contains all the tags instead to configure each single tag.

For example, think about the below widget. It use four tags, the room name, temperature, humidity and pressure. If we want use two instances of this widget for two different rooms we have to configure eight tags, four tags for each room.

		Properties		φ×	Select datatype for GroupWgt1.	RoomID	
Bathroom		97 97 97			Source: Tag O Widge	t	
- .	22.0	com.example.widg	jet-1.0:1.0 : GroupWgt1		Ø- Search		Tilter by: Type
Temperature:	23.0	E Room	Room	+	•		Titler by: Type
Humidity:	52	DataLink	room1/name	-	Data	Туре	Tag name
Pressure:	105	Access Type	R		CODESYS V3 ETH:prot1 Model: CODESYS 3	Container	
		 Temperature 	0.0	+	 Application 	Container	
		DataLink	room1/temperature	-	A Room1	Container	
		Access Type	R		Humidity	BYTE	Application/Room 1/Humidity
Linder a second			ĸ		- Name	STRING	Application/Room1/Name
Living room		 Humidity 	0	+	- Pressure	BYTE	Application/Room1/Pressure
Tomporatura	21.0	DataLink	room1/humidity	-	Temperature	BYTE	Application/Room 1/Temperature
Temperature:	21.0	1		- Internet	A Room2	Container	
Humidity:	22	Access Type	R		Humidity	BYTE	Application/Room2/Humidity
numurty.	22	Pressure	0	+	- Name	STRING	Application/Room2/Name
Pressure:	101	DataLink			- Pressure	BYTE	Application/Room2/Pressure
Tressure.	101		room1/pressure	-	Temperature	BYTE	Application/Room2/Temperature
		Access Type	R		A Room3	Container	
					- Humidity	BYTE	Application/Room3/Humidity
					- Name	STRING	Application/Room3/Name
					- Pressure	BYTE	Application/Room3/Pressure
					Temperature	BYTE	Application/Room3/Temperature

By using a **Parameter** property, is possible to set all the data links of the widget by giving only the name of the structure.

		Properties
Bathroom		5 5
Temperature: Humidity: Pressure:	23.0 52 105	□ com.example.widget-1.0:1.0 : GroupWgt1 Room ID room1 Grid Layout Gr
Living room	1	Properties
Living room Temperature:	21.0	Properties
2	21.0 22	ଟ୍ କେ ବେ

A "Parameter" field can be added inside the custom widget using the "Add Parameter" icon:

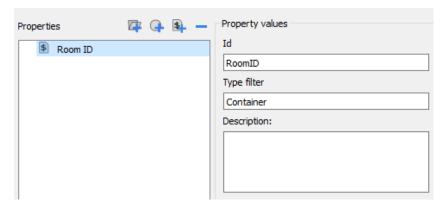
Room ID	Id
	RoomID
	Type filter
	Description:
	\${RoomID}/tagname
	Advanced
	Aliased properties

To configure the data links of the custom widget the keyword \${RoomID} can be used to reference at the structure instance

Room			
Temperature:	0.0		
Humidity:	0 _{Pr}	operties	
Pressure:	0 5.) 60 67	
		Field : GroupWgt1.f	ield2
	=	Value	0.0
	=	DataLink	\${RoomID}/temperature
		Access Type	R
	0.0	Number Format	#.#
		Keypad	Numeric
	÷	Events	

Type filter

Typically, value of the parameter will be an element of a structured tag. Using the *"Type filter"* parameter, the *"Select datatype text"* will list filtered tags.



ज्ञि 👽 👦 न com.example.wid	get-1.1:1.1 : Group\	Nato				
Room ID	get 1.1.1.1 . droup	nycz	-	a		
Grid Layout Group		Select dataty				
		Attach to				
	Select datatype f	or GroupWgt1.R	oomID			
	Saureau 🔘 Tag	O Wideet				
	Source: Tag 	🔘 Widget				
	Source: Tag	🔿 Widget		T Filter by:	Туре	•
	P- Container		Transma	T ilter by:	Туре	•
	P- Container	Туре	区 Tag name	Tilter by:	Туре	¥
	Data Variables:prot1	Type Container	S Tag name	Filter by:	Туре	•
	Container Data Variables:prot1 Application	Type Container Container	S Tag name	Filter by:	Туре	·
	Container Data Variables:prot1 Application Room1	Type Container Container Container	CO Tag name	Filter by:	Туре	T
	Container Data Variables:prot1 Application Room1 Room2	Type Container Container Container Container	Tag name	Filter by:	Туре	•
	Container Data Variables:prot1 Application Room1	Type Container Container Container	X Tag name	Filter by:	Туре	•



The "Select datatype text" will return a string while the "Attach to" will return a datalink to a tag that will contains the string to use.

getParameter

From JavaScript you can read the parameters' value using the getParameter()

```
object getParameter(paramID)
```

Example:

```
var myWidget = page.getWidget("myWidget");
function BtnStd3_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
    alert("Room is: " + myWidget.getParameter("RoomID"));
}
```

You can also use getProperty(), but getParameter() is more efficient to read custom widget parameters

JavaScript in custom widgets

JavaScript functions can be embedded in custom widgets.

After doing a double click on the custom widget and clicked on the padlock, the edit mode is active and it is possible to associate the JavaScript code to the available events.

Action List + - ~ ~		
* js:this.BtnStd4_btn	Action	Action Properties
	widget ∧	
	- JavaScopt - ShowWidget	File <local group="" scope=""></local>
	- SlideWidget - BeginDataEntry	Function this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick
	- TriggerIPCamera - MoveIPCamera	
	- RefreshEvent	
	Context Menu Replace Media	
	- OpenComboBox	6
		Ok
-	> Page1.myWidget.BtnStd4 👻	
-	> Page1.myWidget.BtnStd4 +	pressed
-		oressed 5
/*1	utton never p	
/*! javascript modu	utton never p	

Note the usage of the operator this. that is necessary to allow the multiple instance of the custom widget.

If you need to reference to an element of the widget, you can use the keyword **wgt.** For example, use wgt.id to reference at the id of the active widget instance.

🛛 🔆 🕈 🖨 💽 🥥 💊 Font Tahoma	24 × A * B ∠ U ≣ ≣ ≣
ge1 > Page1.myWidget > Page1.myWidget.BtnStd4 >	and the second design of the second design of the
and the second sec	
🕖 🦲 Button never pres	sed 🔟
	seu
	•
+	Script
<pre>1 * /*! 2 javascript module: widget-1.0.js</pre>	
	Script
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\exampl 4 */</pre>	Script
javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\exampl */ 5	Script e\widget-1.0\widget-1.0.js
javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\exampl	Script e\widget-1.0\widget-1.0.js
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\exampl */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function (me ' < }</pre>	Script e\widget-1.0\widget-1.0.js
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\exampl */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function (me ' < }</pre>	Sampt e\widget-1.0\widget-1.0.js c,eventInfo)
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\exampl */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function(me v {</pre>	Script e\widget-1.0\widget-1.0.js ;,eventInfo) d1")

If you cut and paste some instances of the custom widget of the above example and execute it, e.g. inside the simulator, you will obtain the below result.



onActivate property

To initialize the custom widget is possible to define the onActive property with an initializing function as for the below example.

The onActivate() function will be execute when the page is loading





Note that the custom widget can also past inside the User's Gallery for later reuse.

The JavaScript code used inside the examples of this chapter

```
/*!
javascript module: widget-1.0.js
javascript source file path: lib\com\example\widget-1.0\widget-1.0.js
*/
this.wMSG = wgt.getWidget(wgt.id+".field1")
this.BtnStd1_btn_onMouseClick = function (me, eventInfo)
{
    var now = new Date();
    this.wMSG.setProperty("value", now.toString().slice(0, 24));
}
this.onActivate = function()
{
    this.wMSG.setProperty("value", "Button never pressed");
};
this.onActivate();
```

User's Gallery

Widgets created from the developers can be saved inside the Widgets Gallery to be available during development of new projects.

Widget Gallery		ąΧ
🖶 🗟 🗄	₽- Search	
>	Basic	
>	Buttons	
>	Meters	
>	Switches	
>	Lights	
>	Media	
>	Advanced	
>	BACnet	
>	Graphic	
~	User Widgets	
+ - 🖉		
mygallery1		
myGallery3		
myGallery2		

User widgets toolbar

Command	Description
+	Add a new widgets folder
-	Delete current selected folder
2	Open the selected widgets folder into the HMWIN Studio editor
	Select the user widgets folder

Adding a new widget

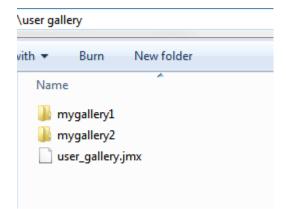
To add a new widget into the user gallery, open the widget folder and then edit the gallery page creating or adding the new widget.

To define the icon, the tooltip, and the widget's description, select the widget, right-click on the widget and select "Edit Widget Info..." in the context menu. The "Edit gallery widget details" dialog will be open.

	Runtime Main 09 1P		n s				
•	0	100	Cut Copy Paste Delete Group Ungroup Convert To Grou Widget Catalog Edit Widget Info Order Align				
	Edit galle	ry widget o inguage	en-US	*	Roboto	?	×
	Widget ID:	Gauge					
	Icon:	C:/my proj	ects/Gauge.png				. 0
	Display Text:	Gauge					
	Tooltip:	Gauge wit	h colors				
					OK	Can	icel

Import a user gallery sub folder

To import a user gallery sub folder, simply copy the folder to import inside the main user gallery folder.



40 Sending an email message

Send emails using the SendMail action, including tags in the email body and attachments.

The SendMail action has been created for working with alarms and schedulers but can be triggered and executed by many other events.

97 97 97		Action Properties	
Widget		SendEmail	
Web		EmailConfig	eMailServer1
Media Player Mail		EmailInfo	
SendEmail			
Email servers			
Server id 📫 🗕 🔨 🕚	×		
eMailServer1	SMTP address:	Domain name or ip.	. e.g. mail.foo.com 🛛 🏷
eMailServer2			
	Server port:	Server port numbe	r 🔨
	Authentication:	Not required	
	User name:	User name	0
	Password:	Password	© –
	Encryption:	None	

Configuring the email server	510
Configure emails	510

Configuring the email server

To configure the email server, enter the following information for the **EmailConfig** setting:

Parameter	Description		
SMTP Address	SMTP server address.		
Server Port	Port for SMTP server connection.		
Require Auth	Select if the SMTP server requires authentication.		
User Name	Username for sending mail using SMTP server.		
Password	Password for sending mails using SMTP server.		
Encryption	Encryption type (none, SSL or TLS).		
	TLS 1.2 and TLS 1.3 are supported. ("none" and "SSL" are obsolete encryption modes, kept for compatibility only)		

Click + to add more email servers.



Tip: Use tags if you want change the server parameters dynamically from the HMI Runtime.

Configure emails

Enter the following information for the **EmailInfo** setting:

Parameter	Description		
Name	Optional, this information is only for the log.		
Description	Optional, this information is only for the log.		
From	Sender email address (for example, John@domain.com).		
То	Recipient e-mail addresses. To enter multiple addresses, separate them with a semi- colon.		
Subject	Subject of email.		
Attachment	Path of the file to be sent as attachment. Only one attachment at a time can be sent.Image: Note: The maximum size of the attachments is usually set by the SMTP server.		
Body	Main content of the email. Here you can insert live tags if you include them in square brackets. For example, a message body as "Tag1 value is [Tag1]", will be sent as "Tag1 value is 45", if the current value of Tag1 is 45.		



Tip: Attach a string tag to the **From**, **To** and **Subject** fields so that their value can be changed in the HMI Runtime.

WARNING

- HMI limit in the email *From* and *To* fields is 32767 chars.
- The maximum size for the message *Body* is 4096 bytes, the exceeding text will be truncated.
- Check the email server (e.g. Gmail, Outlook) about its limits regarding no of chars, no of recipients, total mail size, attachment size, no of emails that can be sent in a day, etc.

Adding email templates

Click + to add more templates.

eMail1			
	Name	Name	
	Description	Description	
	From	Edit value	\Diamond
	То	Edit value	\Diamond
	Subject	Edit value	\bigcirc
	Attachment		Ŧ
lessage	-		
			¢

41 JavaScript

The purpose of this section is to describe how JavaScript is used in the HMWIN Studio applications, not to explain the JavaScript language.

HMWIN Studio JavaScript is based on the ECMAScript programming language <u>http://www.ecmascript.org</u>, as defined in standard ECMA-262.

If you are familiar with JavaScript, you can use the same type of commands in HMWIN Studio as you do in a web browser. If you are not familiar with the ECMAScript language, refer to:

https://developer.mozilla.org/en/JavaScript

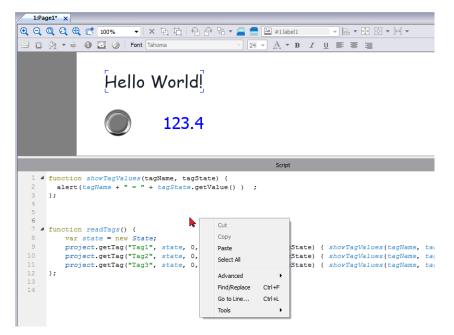
JavaScript editor	515
Execution of JavaScript functions	515
Events	517
Widget events	518
Page events	520
System events	521
Objects	523
Widget class objects	523
Widget properties	524
Widget methods	527
Page object	528
Page object properties	528
Page object methods	529
Project object	531
Project object properties	531
Project object methods	532
Project object widgets	541
Print reports object	542
Group object	545
Group object methods	545
State object	546
State object methods	546
Keywords	547

Global functions	547
Handling read/write files	548
Sign in from JavaScript	551
Limitations in working with widgets in JavaScript	.553
Debugging of JavaScript	.553

JavaScript editor

HMWIN Studio includes a powerful JavaScript editor.

Right-click in the editor to display available commands.



Execution of JavaScript functions

JavaScript functions are executed when events occur. For example, a user can define a script for the OnMouseClick event and the JavaScript script will be executed when the button is pressed on the HMI device.

JavaScript functions are executed only when the programmed event occurs and not cyclically. This approach minimizes the overhead required to execute logic in the HMI device.

HMWIN Studio provides a JavaScript engine running on the client side. Each project page can contain scripts having a scope local to the page where they are added; global scripts can be created to be executed by scheduler events or alarm events.

In both cases scripts are executed on the client. This means that if more than one client is connected to the HMI device (for external computer running the HMWIN Client), each client will run the same script, providing different output results depending on the input, since inputs provided to different clients may be different.

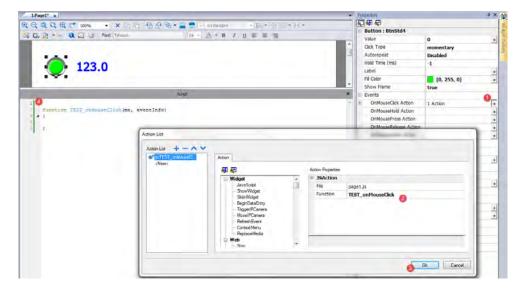
For example, if a script acts according to the position of a slider and this position is different on the different clients, the result of the script will be different on each client.

JavaScript functions for page events

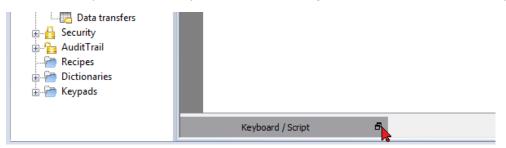
JavaScript editor will open when you add a JavaScript action inside an action list.

Action			
6 ₽ 6 ⊋		Action Propertie	s
	*	JSAction	
JavaScript		File	page1.js
ShowWidget SlideWidget		Function	TEST_onMouseClick
Begin Data Entry			
···· TriggerIPCamera			
MovelPCamera			

- 1. Select the even that will execute the action.
- 2. Add a **JavaScript** action from the **Widget** category.
- 3. Either leave the default function name, or type a new one.
- 4. Click **OK** to confirm: the JavaScript editor displays your function structure.



You can also open the JavaScript editor from the Script tab at the bottom of the workspace.



JavaScript functions for alarms and scheduled events

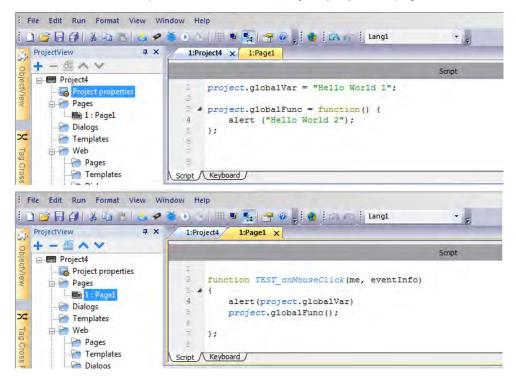
JavaScript code associated with alarms and scheduled events and not associated with a specific page, can be edited from the main **Project properties** page.

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties

ProjectView 4 × + - 4 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1:Page1* 1:prj-v192* X Alarms* Protocols* Tags* Image: PageMgr Image: PageMgr Image: PageMgr Image: PageMgr Image: PageMgr
→ Dialogs → Templates → Web → Pages = → Templates → Dialogs	Script
Dialogs Config Protocols Tags Indexed Tag Sel	5)

Shared JavaScript code

The **project** global variable can be used to share JavaScript code between the pages. Variables are created/initialized from the main JavaScript code from the main **Project properties** page and can then be used from the project pages.



Events

You can add JavaScript to the following categories of events:

- Widget events
- Page events
- System events

For events of type:

- OnMousePress
- OnMouseRelease
- OnMouseClick
- OnWheel

JavaScript eventinfo parameter contains the following additional properties:

Parameter	Description		
eventInfo.posX	Local mouse/touch X coordinate with respect to widget coordinates		
eventInfo.posY	Local mouse/touch Y coordinate with respect to widget coordinates		
eventInfo.pagePosX	Page X mouse/touch coordinate		
eventInfo.pagePosY	Page Y mouse/touch coordinate		
eventInfo.wheeIDelta	Mouse wheel delta. Integer value with sign representing the rotation direction.		
	The actual value is the rotation amount in eighths of a degree. The smallest value depends on the mouse resolution. Typically this is 120, corresponding to 15 degrees.		

Widget events

onMouseClick

void onMouseClick (me, eventInfo)

This event is available only for buttons and it occurs when the button is pressed and released quickly.

Parameter	Description
me	Object triggering the event
eventInfo	Details of triggered event

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
```

}

onMouseHold

```
void onMouseHold (me, eventInfo)
```

This event is available only for buttons and it occurs when the button is pressed and released after the number of seconds set as **Hold Time** in the widget properties.

Parameter	Description			
me	Object triggering the event			
eventInfo	Details of triggered event			

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseHold(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

onMousePress

void onMousePress(me, eventInfo)

This event is available only for buttons and it occurs when the button is pressed.

Parameter	Description		
me	Object triggering the event		
eventInfo	Details of triggered event		

```
function buttonStd1_onMousePress(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

onMouseRelease

void onMouseRelease (me, eventInfo)

This event is available only for buttons and it occurs when the button is released.

Parameter	Description		
me	Object triggering the event		
eventInfo	Details of triggered event		

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
```

}

onDataUpdate

boolean onDataUpdate (me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when data attached to the widget changes.

Parameter	Description	
me	Object triggering the event	
eventInfo	An object with the fields listed below (you can refer fields using "." - dot notation)	
	oldValue = Widget value before the change	
	newValue = Value which will be updated to the widget	
	attrName = Attribute on which the event is generated	
	index = Integer attribute index if any, default = 0	
	mode = When the user is writing to the widget. R in all others status.	

The event is triggered before the value is passed to the widget. A JavaScript code can intercept the event and decide to avoid to update the widget by return true value.



Note: if there are additional macros associate at the event, all macros will be execute regardless of the return value used inside the JavaScript code.

Page events

onActivate

void onActivate(me, eventInfo)

This event occurs each time the page is displayed.

Parameter	Description
me	Object triggering the event
eventInfo	Reserved for future use

JavaScript will be executed when the page is active, that is when the page is loaded.

```
function Page1_onActivate(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

onDeactivate

void onDeactivate(me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when leaving the page.

Parameter	Description			
me	Object triggering the event			
eventInfo	Reserved for future use			

```
function Page1_onDeactivate(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

onWheel

```
void onMouseWheelClock( me, eventInfo )
```

This event occurs when a wheel device is moving (for example, a mouse wheel).

Parameter	Description	
me	Object triggering the event	
eventinfo	Details of triggered event	

```
function Page1_onMouseWheelClock(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

System events

System events can be related to:

- scheduler
- alarms
- a wheel device



Important: Make sure you do not duplicate JavaScript function names at page and project level. When a conflict happens, that is two functions with the same name in current page and at project level, the system execute the JavaScript callback at page level.

When a JavaScript callback is not found in the current page, the system automatically searches for it at project level.

Scheduler events

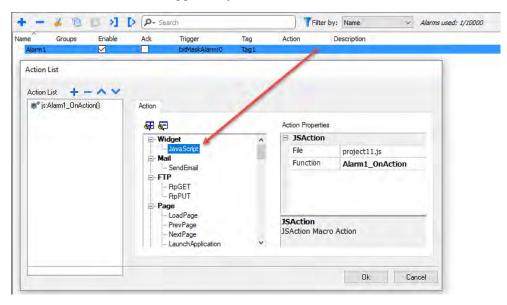
These events occur when triggered by the associated action in the scheduler.

ID	Name	Туре	Schedule		Action	Priority	
1	Schedule1	Recurring	Daily, Time, 17:56	JSAction		Medium	
Act	on List ion List + −		tion	Ŷ	Action Properties JSAction File Function	project11.js Schedule1_OnActio	'n
			FTP PtpGET PtpFUT Page LoadPage PrevPage NextPage LaunchApplication	~	JSAction JSAction Macro	Action	< >

You can edit the JavaScript from the Project Properties tab.

Alarm events

These events occur when triggered by the associated alarm condition.



You can edit the JavaScript from the Project Properties tab.

onWheel

void onMouseWheelClock(me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when a wheel device is moving (for example, a mouse wheel).

Parameter	Description	
me	Object triggering the event	
eventInfo	Details of triggered event	
<pre>function Project1_onMouseWheelClock(me, eventInfo) { //do something</pre>		

Objects

HMWIN Studio uses JavaScript objects to access the elements of the page. Each object is composed of properties and methods that are used to define the operation and appearance of the page element. The following objects are used to interact with elements of the HMI device page:

Object	Description
Widget	This is the base class for all elements on the page including the page element
Page	This object references the current HMI device page. The page is the top-level object of the screen.
Group	This object associates a set of tags to allow uniform operation on a set of logically connected tags
Project	This object defines the project widget. The project widget is used to retrieve data about the project such as tags, alarms, recipes, schedules, tags and so on. There is only one widget for the project and it can be referenced through the project variable.
State	This object is the class holding the state of a variable acquired from the controlled environment. Beside the value itself, it contains the timestamp indicating when the value was collected and flags marking the quality of the value.

Widget class objects

The Widget class is the base class for all the elements on a page including the page element.

Widget, in this case, is not used to indicate a specific screen object but a JavaScript class.

Changing widget properties with JavaScript

If you want to change the properties of widgets with JavaScript set the widget property Static Optimization to Dynamic.



Important: If the widget property Static Optimization is not set to Dynamic, changes to properties will be ignored.

Whenever a call to getWidget fails, the remote debugger reports the following error:

"Trying to access static optimized widget "label1". Disable widget static optimization to access widget from script.".

This error is visible also using following code fragment:

```
var wgt;
try {
wgt = page.getWidget('label1');
} catch(err) {
alert("" + err);
}
```

Widget properties

Some properties are common to all widgets.

objectName

string objectName

Gets the name of the widget, a unique id.

```
function btnStd04_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    var name = wgt.objectName;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

X

number x

Gets or sets the widget 'x' position in pixels.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.x = 10;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

y

number y

Gets or sets the widget 'y' position in pixels.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.y = 10;
```

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(Available on web pages)

width

number width

Gets or sets the widget width in pixels.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.width = 10;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

height

number height

Gets or sets the widget height in pixels.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.height = 10;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

visible

boolean visible

Gets or sets the widget visible state.

```
function btnStd4_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.visible = false;
}
function btnStd5_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.visible = true;
}
```

value

number value

Gets or sets the widget value.

```
function btnStd6_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("field1");
    wgt.value = 100;
}
```

opacity

number opacity (range from 0 to 1)

Gets or sets the widget opacity. Values are decimals from 0 to 1, where 1 is 100% opaque.

```
function btnStd8_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rectl");
    wgt.opacity = 0.5;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

rotation

```
number rotation (in degrees)
```

Gets or sets the rotation angle for the widget. The rotation is done clockwise and by degrees, starting at the East position.

```
function btnStd9_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.rotation = 45;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

userValue

string userValue

Gets or sets a user-defined value for the widget. This field can be used by JavaScript functions to store additional data with the widget.

```
function btnStd9_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.userValue = "Here I can store custom data";
}
```

Every widget has some specific properties that you can access using dot notation. For an up-to-date and detailed list of properties you can use the JavaScript Debugger inspecting the widget methods and properties.

Widget methods

Some methods are common to all widgets.

getProperty

```
object getProperty( propertyName, [index] )
```

Returns a property.

Parameter	Description
propertyName	String containing the name of property to get
index	Index of the element to get from the array (default = 0)

Almost all properties that are shown in the HMWIN Studio **Properties** pane can be retrieved using the getProperty method. The index value is optional and only used for widgets that support arrays.

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    var shape = page.getWidget("rect2");
    var y_position = shape.getProperty("y");
}
function buttonStd2_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    var image = page.getWidget("multistate1");
    var image3 = image.getProperty("imageList", 2);
    //...
}
```

(Available on web pages)

setProperty

boolean setProperty(propertyName, value, [index])

Sets a property for the widget.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
propertyName	String containing the name of property to set
value	String containing the value to set the property.
index	Index of the element to set in the array (default = 0)

Almost all properties that are shown in the HMWIN Studio **Properties** pane can be set by this method. The index value is optional and only used for Widgets that support arrays (for example, a MultiState Image widget). The setProperty method returns a boolean value (true or false) to indicate if the property was set or not.

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    var setting_result = shape.setProperty("y", 128);
    if (setting_result)
    alert("Shape returned to start position");
}
function buttonStd2_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    var image = page.getWidget("multistate1");
    var result = image.setProperty("imageList", "Fract004.png", 2);
    //...
}
```

(Available on web pages)

Page object

This object references the current HMI device page. The page is the top-level object of the screen.

Page object properties

Properties available at page level.

backgroundColor

string backgroundColor (in format rgb(xxx, xxx, xxx) where xxx range from 0 to 255) Page background color.

```
function btnStdl1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    page.backgroundColor = "rgb(128,0,0)";
}
```

(Available on web pages)

width

number width

Page width in pixels.

```
function btnStd05_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var middle_x = page.width / 2;
}
```

(Available on web pages, get only)

height

number height

Page height in pixels.

```
function btnStd05_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var middle_y = page.height / 2;
}
```

(Available on web pages, get only)

userValue

string userValue

Gets or sets a user-defined value for the widget. This field can be used by JavaScript functions to store additional data with the page.

```
function btnStd9_onMouseRelease(me) {
    page.userValue = "Here I can store custom data";
}
```

(Available on web pages)

Page object methods

Methods that can be used at page level.

getWidget

```
object getWidget( wgtName )
```

Returns the widget with the given name.

Parameter	Description
wgtName	String containing the widget name

Return value

An object representing the widget. If the widget does not exist, null is returned.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var my_button = page.getWidget("btnStd1");
}
```

(Available on web pages)

setTimeout

number setTimeout(functionName, delay)

Starts a timer to call a given function after a given delay.

Parameter	Description
functionName	String containing the name of function to call
delay	Delay in milliseconds

Return value

A number corresponding to the timerID.

```
var duration = 3000;
var myTimer = page.setTimeout("innerChangeWidth()", duration);
```

(Available on web pages)

clearTimeout

void clearTimeout(timerID)

Stops and clears the timeout timer with the given timer.

Parameter	Description
timerID	Timer to be cleared and stopped

```
var duration = 3000;
var myTimer = page.setTimeout("innerChangeWidth()", duration);
// do something
page.clearTimeout(myTimer);
```

(Available on web pages)

setInterval

number setInterval(functionName, interval)

Starts a timer that executes the given function with the given interval.

Parameter	Description
functionName	String containing the name of function to call
interval	Interval in milliseconds

Return value

A number corresponding to the timerID.

var interval = 3000; var myTimer = page.setInterval("innerChangeWidth()", interval);

(Available on web pages)

clearInterval

```
void clearInterval( timerID )
```

Stops and clears the interval timer with the given timer.

Parameter	Description
timerID	Timer to be cleared and stopped

```
var interval = 3000;
var myTimer = page.setInterval("innerChangeWidth()", interval);
// do something
page.clearInterval(myTimer);
```

(Available on web pages)

clearAllTimeouts

void clearAllTimeouts()

Clears all the timers started.

page.clearAllTimeouts();

(Available on web pages)

Project object

This object defines the project widget. The project widget is used to retrieve data about the project such as tags, alarms, recipes, schedules, tags and so on. There is only one widget for the project and it can be referenced through the project variable.

Project object properties

Properties to be set at project level.

startPage

string startPage

Page shown when the project is started.

```
var startPage = project.startPage;
```

project.startPage = "Page2.jmx";

Project object methods

Methods to be used at project level.

nextPage

void nextPage()

The script executes the Next page action.

project.nextPage();

(Available on web pages)

prevPage

void prevPage()

The script executes the previous page action.

project.prevPage();

(Available on web pages)

lastVisitedPage

void lastVisitedPage()

The script executes the last visited page action.

project.lastVisitedPage();

(Available on web pages)

homepage

void homePage()

The script executes the Home page action.

project.homePage();

(Available on web pages)

loadPage

void loadPage(pageName)

The script executes to load the set page defined in the script.

```
project.loadPage("Page5.jmx");
```

(Available on web pages)



WARNING: When page change, all active time events are forced to removed and the JavaScript procedure will run until the end before switch to the new page.

showDialog

void showDialog(pageName)

The script executes to show the dialog page.

project.showDialog("Dialog.jmx");

(Available on web pages)

closeDialog

void closeDialog()

The script executes to close the currently-opened dialog page.

project.closeDialog();

(Available on web pages)

showMessage

void showMessage(message)

The script executes to display the message popup.

project.showMessage("Hi This is test message");

(Available on web pages)

getGroup

number getGroup(groupName, groupInstance, [callback])

Fast read method; this gets the values of all tags in a group.

Parameter	Description	
groupName	String containing the names of the groups.	
	The and/or expression to retrieve tags list from multiple group is supported.	
	OR operator	
	& AND operator	
	() The brackets can be used	to define how evaluate the expression
	Examples:	
	 project.getGroup("one", group); 	
	 project.getGroup("(one two)", group); 	
	 project.getGroup("((one&two)*three)", 	group);
groupInstance	Group element to be filled	
callback	String containing the name of the function to b	be called when the group is ready

Return value

A number value that is the status: 1 for success, 0 for fail.

```
var group = new Group();
var status = project.getGroup ("enginesettings", group);
if (status == 1) {
    var value = group.getTag("Tag1");
    if (value!=undefined) {
     // do something with the value
     }
}
var g = new Group();
var status = project.getGroup ("enginesettings", g,
     function (groupName, group) { fnGroupReady(groupName, group);} );
function fnGroupReady(groupName, group) {
    var val = group.getTag("Tag1");
     if (val!=undefined) {
     //\ do something with the value
     }
}
```

(Available on web pages)

getTag

object getTag(tagName, state, index, forceRefresh)

void getTag(tagName, state, index, callback, forceRefresh)

It returns the tag value or the complete array if index value is -1 of the given tagName.

Parameter	Description
tagName	String of tag name
state	State element to be filled
index	Index if the tag is of array type1 returns the complete array. Default = 0.
callback	Function name if an asynchronous read is required. Default = "".
forceRefresh	(Optional parameter) True = the Runtime will read an updated value of the tag directly from the device. Default is false.

Return value

Tags value is returned. If tag is array type and index = -1 then the complete array is returned. For non-array tags provide index as 0.

```
var state = new State();
var value = project.getTag("Tag1", state, 0);
11
//for non array type
//tags index is not considered, so can be left as 0
11
if (value!=undefined) {
//...do something with s
}
var state = new State();
project.getTag("Tag1", state, -1,
     function(tagName, tagState) { fnTagReady(tagName, tagState); });
function fnTagReady(tagName, tagState) {
    if (tagName=="Tag1") {
     var myValue = tagState.getValue();
     }
}
```

(Available on web pages)

setTag

number setTag(tagName, tagValue, [index], [forceWrite])

Sets the given tag in the project. Name and value are in strings.

Parameter	Description
tagName	String of tag name
tagValue	Object containing the value to write
index	Index if the tag is of array type1 pass the complete array. Default = 0.
forceWrite	Boolean value for enabling force write of tags, the function will wait for the value to be written before it returns back. Default = false.

Return value

Interger value for denoting success and failure of action when forceWrite is true. 0 means success and -1 means failure. If forceWrite is false, returned value will be undefined.

```
var val = [1,2,3,4,5];
var status = project.setTag("Tag1", val, -1, true);
if (status == 0) {
    // Success
} else {
    // Failure
}
```

```
var val = "value";
project.setTag("Tag1", val);
```

(Available on web pages)

updateSystemVariables

void project.updateSystemVariables()

Force system variables to refresh.

project.updateSystemVariables()

selectAllAlarms

void project.selectAllAlarms(bool selected)

Select/unselect all alarms

project.selectAllAlarms(true)

(Available on web pages)

ackAlarms

void project.ackAlarms()

Acknowledge all selected alarms

```
project.selectAllAlarms(true);
project.ackAlarms();
project.selectAllAlarms(false);
```

(Available on web pages)

resetAlarms

void project.resetAlarms()

Reset all selected alarms

```
project.selectAllAlarms(true);
project.resetAlarms();
project.selectAllAlarms(false);
```

(Available on web pages)

enableAlarms

void project.enableAlarms()

Enable all selected alarms

```
project.selectAllAlarms(true);
project.enableAlarms();
project.selectAllAlarms(false);
```

(Available on web pages)

getRecipeItem

object getRecipeItem (recipeName, recipeSet, recipeElement)

Gets the value of the given recipe set element.

Parameter	Description	
recipeName	String representing the recipe name	
recipeSet	String representing the recipe set, can be either the recipe set name or 0 based set index.	
recipeElement	String representing the recipe Element, can be either the element name or 0 based element index.	

Return value

An object with the value of the recipe. undefined is returned if invalid. If of type array, an array object type is returned.

var value = project.getRecipeItem("recipeName", "Set", "Element");

setRecipeltem

number setRecipeItem (recipeName, recipeSet, recipeElement, value)

Gets the value of the given recipe set element.

Parameter	Description
recipeName	String representing the recipe name
recipeSet	String representing the recipe set, can be either the recipe set name or 0 based set index.
recipeElement	String representing the recipe Element, can be either the element name or 0 based element index.
value	An object containing the value to store in the recipe. It can be an array type.

Return value

Interger value for denoting success and failure of action. A '0' means success and '-1' means failure.

```
var val = [2,3,4];
project.setRecipeItem("recipeName", "Set", "Element", val);
if (status == 0) {
    // Success
} else {
    // Failure
}
```

downloadRecipe

void downloadRecipe (recipeName, recipeSet)

Downloads the recipe set to the corresponding tag.

Parameter	Description	
recipeName	String representing the recipe name	
recipeSet	String representing the recipe set, can be either the recipe set name or 0 based set index.	

project.downloadRecipe("recipeName", "Set");

uploadRecipe

void uploadRecipe (recipeName, recipeSet)

Uploads the value of tags into the provided recipe set.

Parameter	Description	
recipeName	String representing the recipe name	
recipeSet	String representing the recipe set, can be either the recipe set name or 0 based set index.	

```
project.uploadRecipe("recipeName", "Set");
```

launchApp

void launchApp(appName, appPath, arguments, singleInstance)

Executes an external application.

Parameter	Description
appName	String containing the application name
appPath	String containing the application absolute path
Arguments	String containing the arguments to be sent to application
singleInstance	true = only single instance allowed, false = multiple instances allowed

Note the pathname's syntax depend from the native OS format (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585).

On Linux devices, the pathname's syntax need slash character (even double slash character is permitted).

```
project.launchApp
("pdfViewer","/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy","/mnt/usbmemory/test.pdf","true");
```

getClientType

string getClientType()

Return the client type

Client Type	Description
local	Running on HMI device
remote	Running on HMWIN Client client
web	Running on Web client

```
var clientType = project.getClientType();
if (clientType=="web") {
    // Currently running on web client
} else if (clientType=="remote") {
    // Currently running on HMWIN Client
} else if (clientType=="local") {
    // Currently running on HMI Device
}
```

(Available on web pages)

login

int project.login("username", "password")

Access to the system with the given credentials

```
var ReplyCode;
ReplyCode = project.login("admin", "admin");
if (ReplyCode != 0) {
    alert("Access denied");
}
```

Return value

0	No Error
1	Error: You are not authorized.
2	Error: Connection lost with the Runtime.
3	Error: The username or password you entered is incorrect
4	Error: The password entered is incorrect
5	Error: Action cannot be executed
6	Error: Passwords do not match
7	Error: Password length too short
8	Error: Password must contain numbers
9	Error: Password must contain special characters
10	Error: Password must be different than previous passwords
11	Error : User already exist
12	Error: Password cannot be empty
13	Error: Your password has expired
14	Warning: Your password will expire soon

logout

project.logout(AllowDefaultUser)

Exiting the system

project.logout(); // Logout even from default user project.logout(true); // Logout even from default user project.logout(false); // Logout only if not logged as default user

Project object widgets

getCurrentPageName

string getCurrentPageName()

Return the name of current active page

```
// Get PageMgr widget
var pageMgr = project.getWidget( "_PageMgr" );
// Show Current Page
var currentPageName = pageMgr.getCurrentPageName();
project.showMessage( "Current active page is: " + currentPageName );
```

(Available on web pages)

hasPage

boolean hasPage(string pageName)

Return true if the page exist, false otherwise

```
// Get PageMgr widget
var pageMgr = project.getWidget( "_PageMgr" );
//Page exists
var pageExists = pageMgr.hasPage( "Page10" );
if (pageExists) {
    project.showMessage( "Page10 exists" );
} else {
    project.showMessage( "Hei Page10 not exists!" );
}
```

(Available on web pages)

curLangCode

string curLangCode

Property of MultiLangMgr widget. Contains the code of the active language.

```
// Get MultiLangMgr widget
var MultiLangMgr = project.getWidget( "_MultiLangMgr" );
// Show curLangCode
var curLangCode = MultiLangMgr.curLangCode;
project.showMessage( "Current active language is: " + curLangCode );
```

Print reports object

printGfxReport

void printGfxReport(reportName, silentMode)

Prints the graphic report specified by reportName.

Parameter	Description	
reportName	String containing the report name	
silentMode	True = silent mode enabled. No printer settings dialog is displayed.	

project.printGfxReport("Report Graphics 1", true);

emptyPrintQueue

void emptyPrintQueue()

Empties the print queue. Current job will not be aborted.

project.emptyPrintQueue();

pausePrinting

void pausePrinting();

Suspends printing operations. Will not suspend the print of a page already sent to the printer.

```
project.pausePrinting();
```

resumePrinting

```
void resumePrinting();
```

Resumes previously suspended printing.

```
project.resumePrinting();
```

abortPrinting

```
void abortPrinting();
```

Aborts current print operation and proceed with the next one in queue. This command will not abort the print of a page already sent to the printer.

```
project.abortPrinting();
```

printStatus

project.printStatus;

Returns a string representing current printing status.

Status string	Description
error	An error occurred during printing
printing	Ongoing printing
idle	System is ready to accept new jobs
paused	Printing has be suspended

```
var status = project.printStatus;
project.setTag("PrintStatus",status);
```

printGfxJobQueueSize

project.printGfxJobQueueSize;

```
Returns the number of graphic reports in queue for printing.
```

```
var gfxqueuesize = project.printGfxJobQueueSize;
project.setTag("printGfxJobQueueSize",gfxqueuesize);
```

printTextJobQueueSize

project.printTextJobQueueSize;

Returns the number of text reports in queue for printing.

```
var textjobqueuesize = project.printTextJobQueueSize;
project.setTag("printTextJobQueueSize",textjobqueuesize);
```

printCurrentJob

project.printCurrentJob;

Returns a string representing current job being printed

```
var currentjob = project.printCurrentJob;
project.setTag("printCurrentJob",currentjob);
```

printActualRAMUsage

project.printActualRAMUsage;

Returns an estimate of RAM usage for printing queues

```
var myVar = project.printActualRAMUsage;
alert(" actual ram usage is "+ myVar);
```

printRAMQuota

project.printRAMQuota;

Returns the maximum allowed RAM usage for printing queues

```
var ramquota = project.printRAMQuota;
project.setTag("printRAMQuota",ramquota);
```

printActualDiskUsage

project.printActualDiskUsage;

```
Returns the spool folder disk usage (for PDF printouts)
```

```
var myVar1 = project.printActualDiskUsage;
alert(" actual disk usage is "+ myVar1);
```

printDiskQuota

project.printDiskQuota;

Returns the maximum allowed size of spool folder (for PDF printouts).

```
var ramquota = project.printRAMQuota;
var diskquota = project.printDiskQuota;
```

printSpoolFolder

project.printSpoolFolder;

Returns current spool folder path (for PDF printouts).

```
var spoolfolder = project.printSpoolFolder;
project.setTag("printSpoolFolder",spoolfolder);
```

printPercentage

project.printPercentage;

Returns current job completion percentage (meaningful only for multipage graphic reports)

```
var percentage = project.printPercentage;
project.setTag("printPercentage",percentage);
```

Group object

A group is a basic logical element that associates a set of logical tags.

Group object methods

Methods that can be used with group objects.

getTag

object getTag(TagName)

Gets the tag specified by TagName from the group object.

Parameter	Description
TagName	String representing the tag name

Return value

An object that is the value of the tag or, if tag value is an array, the complete array. If you need to retrieve an element of the array, check the method getTag available in the project object. Undefined is returned if tag is invalid.

```
var group = new Group();
project.getGroup("GroupName", group);
var value = group.getTag("Tag1");
```

(Available on web pages)

getCount

number getCount()

Returns total number of tags in this group.

```
var group = new Group();
project.getGroup("GroupName", group);
var value = group.getCount();
```

(Available on web pages)

getTags

object getTags()

Returns the list of all tags in group.

```
function {
var group = new Group();
```

```
project.getGroup("enginesettings", group);
var tagList = group.getTags();
for(var i = 0; i < tagList.length; i++){
    var tagName = tagList[i];
    //do something...
};
```

(Available on web pages)

State object

This is the class holding the state of a tag acquired from the controlled environment.

State object methods

Methods to be used with state objects.

getQualityBits

number getQualityBits()

Returns an integer - a combination of bits indicating tag value quality.

```
var state = new State();
var value = project.getTag("Tag1", state, 0);
var qbits = state.getQualityBits();
```

(Available on web pages)

getTimestamp

number getTimestamp()

Returns time the value was sampled.

Return value

A number containing the timestamp (for example 1315570524492).



Note: Date is a native JavaScript data type.

```
var state = new State();
var value = project.getTag("Tag1", state, 0);
var ts = state.getTimestamp();
```

isQualityGood

```
boolean isQualityGood()
```

Returns whether the value contained in this state object is reliable.

Return value

A Boolean true if quality is good, false otherwise.

```
var state = new State();
var value = project.getTag("Tag1", state, 0);
if (state.isQualityGood()) {
    // do something...
}
```

(Available on web pages)

Keywords

Global objects are predefined and can be referenced by the following names.

page

object page

References the page object for the current page.

```
function btnStd04_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    var name = wgt.objectName;
}
```

project

object project

References the project widget.

```
var group = new Group();
project.getGroup("GroupName", group);
var value = group.getCount("Tag1");
```

Global functions

print

void print(message)

Prints a message to the HMI Logger window.

Parameter	Description
message	Message string

print("Test message");

alert

void alert(message)

Displays a pop-up dialog with the given message. The user must press the **OK** button in the dialog to continue with the execution of the script.

Parameter	Description
message	Message string



Note: The alert function may be used for debugging JavaScript functions.

(Available on web pages)

Handling read/write files

Create folder

boolean fs.mkdir(strPath);

Creates a folder, if not already existing, in the specified path. Returns true on success and false if it fails.

Parameter	Description
strPath	Path string

Remove folder

boolean fs.rmdir(dirPath);

Remove directory at strPath if exists and empty. Returns true on success and false if it fails.

Parameter	Description
dirPath	Folder string

Read folder content

```
object fs.readdir(dirPath);
```

Reads the contents of a folder. Returns an array of the names of the files in the folder excluding '.' and '..'. Returns empty list if it fails.

Parameter	Description
dirPath	Folder string

Read file

object fs.readFile(strfile [,strFlag]);

Opens the strFile file in read mode, reads its contents and returns it.

Parameter	Description
strFile	File name string
strFlag	Read file mode:
	"b": reads and returns as binary file (otherwise returns a text file)

Write file

fs.writeFile(strFile, fileData, [strFlag]);

Creates the strFile file if not present. Opens the strFile file in write mode and writes the data fileData to the file.

Parameter	Description	
strFile	File name string	
fileData	Data to be write on the file in byte array	
strFlag	 Write file mode: "a": appends fileData to the end of the text file "r": replaces the contents of the file with fileData "ab": appends fileData to the end of the binary file "rb": replaces the contents of the binary file with fileData 	

Default flag is for writing text file in append and write mode. File path will be created if not present.

Returns -1 if write error occurs.

Append file

int fs.appendFile(strFile, fileData);

If the files does not exist creates it, otherwise append to existing file. Returns the number of character written or -1 on error.

Parameter	Description
strFile	File name string
fileData	Data to be write on the file in byte array

File exists

boolean fs.exists(strPath)

Returns true if the file or folder exists at strPath.

Parameter	Description
strPath	Path string

Remove file

boolean fs.unlink(strPath)

Removes the given file at strPath from filesystem if exists. Returns true on success and false if it fails.

Parameter	Description
strPath	Path string

File status

object fs.stat(strPath)

Retrieves information on the file/folder present at the specified path.

Parameter	Description
strPath	File/folder path string

var fileStats = var fs.stat(strPath)

fileStats.isFile	True if path is a file
fileStats.isDir	True if path is a folder
fileStats.size	Size in bytes of that file
fileStats.atime	Date object representing the last read access time
fileStats.mtime	Date object representing the last write access time
fileStats.ctime	Date object representing the creation time
fileStats.perm	File permissions

If path is invalid both isFile and isDir fields return false.

File permission table

0x4000	File is readable by the owner of the file
0x2000	File is writable by the owner of the file

0x1000	File is executable by the owner of the file
0x0400	File is readable by the user
0x0200	File is writable by the user
0x0100	File is executable by the user
0x0040	File is readable by the group
0x0020	File is writable by the group
0x0010	File is executable by the group
0x0004	File is readable by anyone
0x0002	File is writable by anyone

Important notes on file handling

Path for files and folders are expected to be UNIX style. This means the backslash character (\) is not recognized. Use slash character (/) instead.

File system object is a client side object. So operations are performed on local file system, not on server file system.

Current JavaScript API to get access at the device file system has been designed to manipulate small files. When a file is read, the entire file contents is temporarily stored inside the RAM available for JavaScript environment (16MB) and an exception is raised when there is not enough available memory. Good programming practice is to include the fs.readFile() call inside a try/catch block.

Sign in from JavaScript

Using the project.login() and project.logout() function is possible automatize the user sign in from a remote device. This could be useful, e.g., to perform the sign in by reading a user badge with a badge reader device.

This chapter show an example of how configure the application to manage the sign in by a remote device.

The application must have a default user

Since the project's functions are working only when the application is active, the application must start with a default user, maybe with read only privilege. Reading the badge, the application can be switched to a user with additional privilege. Later, the logout command will reactivate the default user without any particular privileges

In the below example we are using three tags to communicate with the remote device:

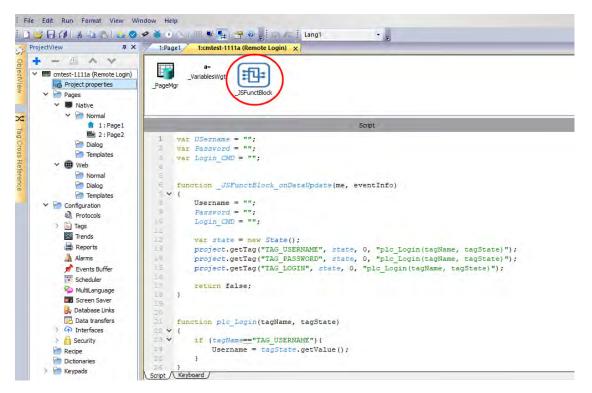
- TAG_USERNAME
- TAG_PASSWORD
- TAG_LOGIN

The TAG_LOGIN will be the command code to execute.

The remote device has to fill the required TAG_USERNAME and TAG_PASSWORD parameters, then fill the TAG_LOGIN parameter with the required login or logout command. Engine on HMI-RUNTIME will detect the TAG_LOGIN changes and perform the required command, then reset the TAG_LOGIN to its idle status.

TAG_LOGIN Commands	
0	Idle
1	Login request
2	Logout request

At the project level, we have to add a JavaScript function block to detect when TAG_LOGIN will changes. The JavaScript code attached at the OnDataUpdate Action of the JavaScript function block will execute the required login/logout command.



The JavaScript code attached at the OnDataUpdate Action

```
var Username;
var Password;
var Login_CMD;
function _JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate(me, eventInfo)
{
    Username = "";
    Password = "";
    Login_CMD = "";
    var state = new State();
    project.getTag("TAG_USERNAME", state, 0, "plc_Login(tagName, tagState)");
    project.getTag("TAG_PASSWORD", state, 0, "plc_Login(tagName, tagState)");
    project.getTag("TAG_LOGIN", state, 0, "plc_Login(tagName, tagState)");
    return false;
}
```

```
function plc Login(tagName, tagState)
{
    if (taqName=="TAG USERNAME") {
        Username = tagState.getValue();
    }
    if (tagName=="TAG PASSWORD") {
        Password = tagState.getValue();
    if (tagName=="TAG LOGIN") {
        Login CMD = tagState.getValue();
    }
    if (Username!="" && Password!="" && Login CMD!="") {
        if (Login CMD==1) {
            Reply = project.login(Username, Password);
        };
        if (Login CMD==2) {
            Reply = project.logout(false); // Logout only if not logged as default
user
        };
        project.setTag("TAG LOGIN", 0);
        project.setTag("TAG_REPLY", parseInt(Reply));
    }
```

See also:

• "login" on page 539

Limitations in working with widgets in JavaScript

Widgets cannot be instantiated by JavaScript, they can only be accessed and changed. If you need additional widgets on the page, you can add hidden widgets on the page, and then display or position them using JavaScript.

Debugging of JavaScript

HMWIN Studio and HMI Runtime include a JavaScript debugger.

Two types of debuggers are available:

- Runtime debugger: a debugger running directly on the HMI device
- Remote debugger: a debugger running on a remote computer connected to the HMI device via Ethernet (usually computer running HMWIN Studio)

Enabling debugging

In the Properties pane of a page, set JavaScript Debug to true.

Project Widget		Ξ		
Id	Project		Id	Page1
Full Path			Width	1024
Version			Height	768
Context Menu	on delay		Background	[255, 255, 2
Developer Tools	false		Template	none
Keyboard	true		Static File Type	png
JavaScript Debug	true		JavaScript Debug	true
Allow JavaScript Remote	true			

For schedulers and alarms debugging, enable JavaScript Debug in Project properties.

In the HMI Runtime, when the events are called, the debugger will show the debug information. In the **Locals** pane you can inspect all variables and elements.

Qt Script Debugger		
Debug Search nites		
E IF 11 1 15 15 <		
Loaded Scripts & X		Stack & X
D:/JMobile Suite/runtime/HMI/works	3 var varbool = project.getTag('varbool"); 5 var var1 = project.getTag('varbool"); 6 var var2 = project.getTag('var2'); 7	Level Name Location 0 field3_onDataU Page1.js:19 1 <anonymous> <native>:-1</native></anonymous>
⊀ ۱۱۳ ト Breakpoints 日 ×	8 (f(varbool == 1) 10 { 11 var1 = var2 12 project.setTag("var1",var1);	E
D ¥	13 } 14	Locals & ×
ID Location Condition	15 } 16 17 function field3_onDataUpdate(me) { 18 19 Var varbool = project.getTag('varbool'); 20 21 (f(varbool != 0) 22 { 23 var temp = project.getTag('var2'); 24 project.setTag('var1', temp); 25 var temp = tem	Name Value Scope
Console		a ×
Welcome to the Qt Script debugger. Debugger commands start with a. (Any other input will be evaluated by Tvoe ".help" for help. qsdb> Error Log Debug Output Console		T

For a complete reference guide about JavaScript Debugger refer to :

http://qt-project.org/doc/qt-4.8/qtscriptdebugger-manual.html

Remote JavaScript Debugger

Path: Run> Start JS Remote Debugger

- 1. Set the **Allow JavaScript Remote** and the **JavaScript Debug** parameters in the project Properties to true in all the pages where debugging is required.
- 2. Download the project: the following message is displayed on the runtime.

JS Remote Debugger.	8	X
Waiting for remote debugg	er to at	tach

3. In the **JS Debugger** window, select the IP of the HMI device and click **Attach** to connect the debugger to the HMI device.

JS Debugger		_ 0 ×
Window		
ages	8	
127.0.0.1	•	
Attach		

Remote JavaScript debugger connects to HMI Runtime using port 5100/TCP.



Note: The Remote JavaScript debugger tool is not supported in HMWIN Client.

JavaScript Memory Usage

When the memory exceeds the maximum, an out of memory exception is thrown with a custom message. Please note that we do not have a fine control over the actual memory usage so it is mainly a soft limit. Moreover we can't forbid the allocation (this will break the engine implementation), so exception is thrown only when the memory is already over the limit. Before raising the exception, a garbage collection is forced to see if some memory can be freed.

JavaScrip memory limit can be accessed from the global object **\$EngineMemory**. The default is 16MB, which should be enough for the typical JavaScript usage (mainly control, without many allocations).

- \$EngineMemory.setLimit() set maximum memory allowed for JavaScript (the default limit is 0x00FFFFFF)
- \$EngineMemory.getLimit() get maximum memory allowed for JavaScript
- \$EngineMemory.getSize() get currently used memory from JS (fastMallocStat)

Test memory exception

To generate and test memory exception you can use the following snipped. Please note that we need to reset the memory limit to 0xffffffff to be able to run the alert, otherwise the memory allocations required to pop up the alert would fail.

```
try
{
    // Generate out-of-memory error
    var a = [];
    while(1)
    {
        a.push("a");
    };
} catch(e)
{
    // Ensure there is enough memory to pop up error message
    $EngineMemory.setLimit(0xfffffff);
    alert("Exception: " + e);
};
```

42 Handling Gestures

Some widgets have the capability to detect and manage pan and pinch gestures.

- Trends (see "Trend widget gestures" on page 296 for details)
- Alarms Widget
- Combo box Widget
- Table Widget
- PDF Viewer
- Gesture Area Widget. Special widget designed to customize handling of gesture events (see "Gesture area widget" on page 449 for details)

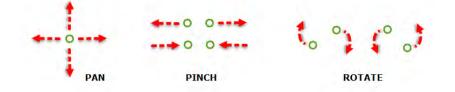
For widgets based on table presentation, when the **Scrollbars Type** parameter has been set to "Gesture", the pan gesture is used to smoothly scroll the table.

- Alarms
- Control List



WARNING: Pinch and Rotate gesture requires two fingers. Them are available only with HMI devices supporting multi touch operation (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 585)

Tip:Using multi touch HMI device you can implement safe commands by programming a command to be executed only when two buttons are pressed at the same time.



43 Web access

HM4Web allows users to access HMI projects from a remote web browser running on a computer or on a mobile device such as a tablet or a phone. With HM4Web, users can create a web project to display at a remote location the same graphical display shown on the HMI device. HM4Web projects are based on HTML5 technology which means that no plug-ins or external software is needed for displaying the information.

This document assumes that you have a basic understanding of how to operate the web browser on your mobile devices as well as how to set up a connection to the HMI device where the server is running. For example, you must know how to set-up Wi-Fi access if you are working with tablet or phone devices to access the HM4Web pages on the HMI device.

Supported platforms and browsers	560
Web pages	560
Testing the Web project	562
Downloading the Web project	563
Web connectivity issues	563
Web supported features	564
Troubleshooting and FAQ	567
Privacy	568

Supported platforms and browsers

HM4Web supports 3 platforms:

- web, for desktop browsers,
- phone, for smart phone devices
- tablet, for tablet devices

You can therefore create pages of different content and size for the different platforms. For example, you may want to create a set of smaller pages in your project for phones whereas you will use full size pages for desktop web browsers and tablets.

Working with a computer

HM4Web works with all modern web browsers. The following browsers have been tested for compatibility with HM4Web:

- Mozilla Firefox 52+
- Microsoft Edge 42+
- Apple Safari 11+
- Google Chrome 57+

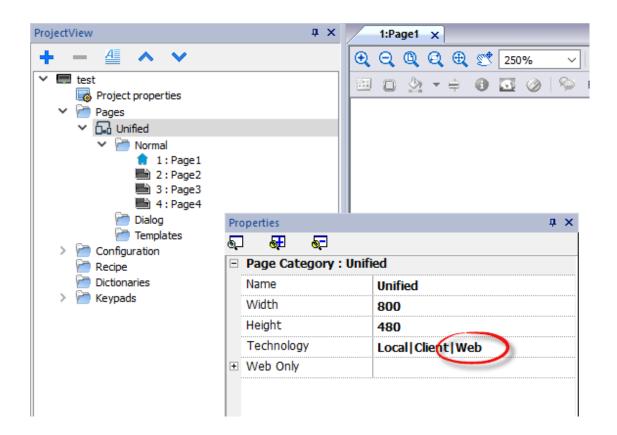
Working with tablets or phones

HM4Web works with most tablet and phone devices. The following tablets have been tested for compatibility with HM4Web:

- iOS 10+ Mobile Safari
- Android 7+ Chrome for Android 55+

Web pages

To enable web clients to access at the pages is necessary to include the "Web" reference in the Technology parameter of the page's category and make sure that when you download the project to the HMI device the **Download Web Project** option is selected (normally checked by default).



Download to Target	×
Ready to download	
192.168.47.29 Download C - Advanced	llose
 Download only changes Binary format Delete runtime dynamic files Download Web Project 	

If the application needs to send different pages to different web clients (e.g. Smart phone instead of PC browser, etc.), have a look at the "Differentiated pages" on page 67 chapter.

Web page properties

Any widgets and features can be used in HMWIN Studio; however, not all features are currently available in HM4Web. If the project includes a feature that is not available, HM4Web will still work correctly but the feature will not be available on

the remote client device. See "Web supported features" on page 564 for a list of the features supported in HM4Web and of the existing limitations.

You can use the **Project Validator** tool to check if your project contains widgets configured with properties that are currently not supported in Web technology (see "Project Validator" on page 64)

In addition to the standard page properties, there is an additional property to configure how the page will be adapted to the browser's viewport.

Property	Description
Fit to Screen Size	How the page will adapted to the browser's viewport
	• None
	 Fit to Screen Simple modify the zoom level to adapted the page to viewport of the browser
	 Responsive Design Smart modify the zoom level to adapted the page to viewport of the browser respecting the restrictions defined inside the grid layout

Redirect to specific page using url request

You can access a specific web page by entering an URL with this syntax:

http://address/index.html?loadPage=pageName

Testing the Web project

You can test your HM4Web project using the online simulator opening a standalone web page directly from a browser.

Testing with the online simulator

HMWIN Studio includes an web server in the online simulator. You can start the simulator and access your HM4Web project from a web browser. The pages will be served from the simulator.

- 1. Create your project (see "Web pages" on page 560).
- 2. On the **Run** file, choose **Start Simulator**: the project will start running in a separate window.
- 3. Open a web browser (see "Supported platforms and browsers" on page 560 for a list of browser compatible with HM4Web).
- 4. Enter the following address: http://localhost:81: this tells the web browser to read the web pages from the local computer and use port 81, used by default by the online simulator in HM4Web.
- 5. Test your project in the browser.



Important: If you make any changes to the project pages in HMWIN Studio you must stop and restart the simulator.



Note: If you are using a device (for example, a smartphone) that is not the localhost where the simulator is running, you will be required to enter username and password.

Downloading the Web project

After testing the HM4Web pages, you can download the project to the desired HMI device.

The HM4Web project is downloaded together with the HMWIN Studio project, see "Download to HMI device" on page 96 for details.

After the download process is completed, the HMI project automatically starts on the HMI device and the HM4Web project is ready to be used.

Running HM4Web from a browser

- 1. Open a web browser and enter the IP adress of your HMI device: the login page is displayed.
- 2. Enter User Name and Password and click Sign In: the Home page will be displayed.

See "User management and passwords" on page 347 for details on how to create credentials.

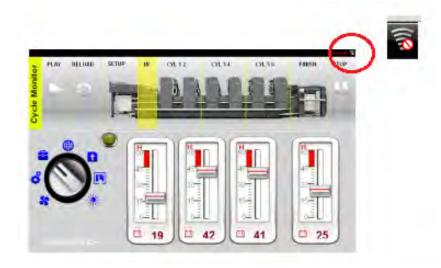
You can interact with the project using the browser in the same way you interact with a device when touching the screen: click buttons to change pages, view indicators and gauges, drag slider handles to change values, and so on. The HM4Web project will manage all communications with the web server while you are interacting with the HMI device remotely.

Web connectivity issues

Here are described the most common issues you might encounter when connecting remotely to your HMI device.

Server disconnection

Since HM4Web runs remotely from the HMI device, the server might disconnect from the browser (for example if the server is stopped or the network cable is unplugged). If this happens, a 'disconnect' icon will appear in a toolbar on top of the HM4Web as in this example.



Once the server is back online, the red circle-bar icon will disappear indicating normal communications with the device.



The "Connection status" system variable can be used to know the status of the connection. See "Remote Client variables" on page 142 for additional details.



Note: If you make changes in the HM4Web pages while the server is disconnected, these changes will be visible on the client but will not be transferred to the server until the connection is restored.

Inactivity timeout

HM4Web will require you to re-enter your login credentials if the browser has been inactive for several minutes. If no activity is detected for 10 minutes, the login screen will reappear and you need to enter your login credentials to continue operation. A timeout feature guarantees that no unauthorized access is possible. The web inactivity timeout can be modified from the **Project Properties** table.

User session termination

A user session can be terminated either from the server or from the user.

In specific conditions the server might send a request to the client (browser) to perform the login process. In this case the user is redirected to the login page and then back to the page where he was working. This will happen for example if the user clears the browser cache or browser cookies.



Note: If the user is working in a dialog when redirected to the login page, he will be then redirected to the page from which the dialog was opened.

Non-Active HM4Web Project

The HM4Web page displayed in your browser might come from a project that is no longer active in the device. In this case a confirmation box is displayed and you can return to the active project.



Note: This redirection assumes that the current active project has HM4Web pages in it.

If you choose to stay in the non-active project all the actions you perform in the browser may not be executed properly as the HM4Web cannot perform any server-bound communication.

Web supported features

Some features or widget's properties are not supported by HM4Web. When not supported widgets are used, you will get the widgets only on the pages in the HMI panel, while on the web pages the unsupported widgets will be not visible. Note that you can run the **Project Validator** to check if pages contains unsupported widgets (see "Project Validator" on page 64)

List of widgets that are not supported

- Analog Clocks
- Analog Video
- BACnet
- Consumption meter
- Control List
- DateTime Combo (Date or Time can be set using other widgets)
- IP Widget (The IP can be configured via system settings with a browser)
- IPCamera (Supported for Chrome and Firefox. See "Web Browser" on page 466 for additional details)

- Media Player
- Multistate image multilayer (Multistate image widget can be used)
- Rotation menu widget
- RSS Feed
- RSS Scroll
- Scheduler: only viewing is supported
- Text Editor
- Web Browser
- Hyper Link
- TabBar and ToolBar
- Scatter Chart

List of actions that are not supported

Widget	SlideWidget, BeginDataEntry, TriggerIPCamera, MoveIPCamera, ContextMenu, ReplaceMedia, OpenComboBox, CloseComboBox, ShiftTableDataSrcColumns, ResetTableDataSrcColumns, remapColumns, clearRemapping
Web Browser	All actions are not supported
Text Editor	All actions are not supported
MediaPlayer (Unsupported)	All actions are not supported
Mail	All actions are not supported
FTP	All actions are not supported
Keypad	All actions are not supported
Page	LaunchApplication, LaunchBrowser, LaunchVNC, LaunchPDFViewer, LaunchUpdater, LaunchHMICloudEnabler, LockScreen, LoadProject, LastVisitedProject
Print	All actions are not supported
Tag	ActivateGroup, DeactivateGroup, EnableNode, BACnetClearPriority, BACnetClearAllPriorities, BACnetSetPriority, ClearRetentiveMemory, ForceReadTag
Trend/Graph	ConsumptionMeterPageScroll, ShiftTableDataSrcColumns, ResetTableDataSrcColumns, SetTableSortingColumn, ChartCommand
System	Restart, ResetProtoErrCount, SafelyRemoveMedia, ControlUserLED, SaveEventArchive, LogMessage, DumpeventArchive
UserManagement	SwitchUser, ResetPassword, AddUser, DeleteUser, EditUsers, DeleteDynamicFiles, ExportUsers, ImportUsers
RemoteClient	All actions are not supported

List of features that are not supported

- Context menu
- Buzzer on touch
- Javascript debugger
- Wheel actions (Browser use wheel events to manage scroll bars)
- Combo box full-screen mode (Standard "context" mode is supported)
- Keypads
- ScreenSaver
- Display Rotation
- Electronic Signature

System Variables

Using the "Attach To", only the system variables listed below are supported, while all system variables are supported using the protocol "System Variables"

- System Time
- X Screen resolution
- Y Screen resolution
- This Client Group-Name
- This Client User-Name
- Connection status
- This Client ID
- Available System Memory
- Current Language Id
- Current Language Name
- Current Language Code

Allarms

- Alarm color based on trigger condition is not supported in Web
- Can not edit the Alarm widgets in runtime
- On Smartphone/Tablet (in general embedded devices) based on HW a user could expect performance problems with > 500 alarms.
- Page actions are not supported in alarm trigger condition

Others

- The dialog pages support only modal dialogs.
- Some specific widgets properties are not yet supported, in this case, the default value is used. You can use the Project Validator to check if the used widgets contain properties that are not supported (see "Project Validator" on page 64).

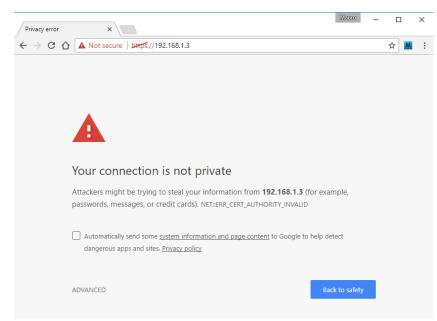
Secure Socket Layer (HTTPS)

Linux devices support the Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer (HTTPS). To use this protocol access at the web page using the below syntax:

https://<device_ip_address>

Note that since the self-certificate provided from the HMI device is not firmed from a known Authority, you will get a warning message.

Simple click the ADVANCE button to continue.



Working with keypads in HM4Web

The user can click on the Numeric widget and a text box will be displayed in which the new value can be inserted.

After inserting the value the user can either press **Enter**, or equivalent in touch devices, or click **Save** to make the newly inserted value permanent. Only meaningful numbers will be accepted during the save process. Anything else will be ignored and will not result in a value change.



Troubleshooting and FAQ

Enable JavaScript

HM4Web requires JavaScript to provide interactivity with the server and the user. HM4Web will not work if JavaScript is disabled in your browser.

By default most browsers come with JavaScript enabled. But if you have disabled JavaScript in the past, please reenable JavaScript before accessing HM4Web pages.

Browser cache

HM4Web includes resources that change infrequently such as CSS files, image files and JavaScript files. These resources take time to download over the network which increases the time required to load the HM4Web page in your

browser. Browser caching allows these resources to be saved by a browser and used without requesting them each time from the server. This results in faster loading of HM4Web pages.

Caching is normally enabled by default, for optimal HM4Web performance make sure it has not been disabled.



Note: HM4Web pages will still work properly with disabled browser caching, however resource loading time will be slower compared with normal cached operations.

Using a proxy

Some users may be accessing the HM4Web project through a proxy. The proxies may control the number of parallel connection for the browser.

Make sure that the maximum parallel connections allowed (max connections) is not more than 16 and not less than 12.

Why I'm not able to see changes in the web pages?

Every time a new web page is added edited into the project, you need to download the project to the device. However, when you connect the device IP address, the web browser might display cached pages instead of the latest downloaded pages. To avoid this behavior you can:

- disable cache of your web browser
- force web page refresh
- by-pass browser cache

Privacy

We do not use cookies to collect private information from any user.

A cookie is a piece of data stored on the user's hard drive containing information about the user. Usage of a cookie is in no way linked to any personally identifiable information while on our device. Once the user closes their browser, the cookie simply terminates.

44 Protecting access to HMI devices

The following operations are password protected on the HMI device:

- HMI Runtime management: install HMI Runtime and update HMI Runtime
- Board management: replace main BSP components such as Main OS, Configuration OS, Bootloader, and so on
- Download and upload of project files
- Optional services on Linux devices (e.g. SSH Protocol, VNC Server)



WARNING: For security reasons

- Change the default passwords (See: "Password protection" on page 617 for HMI devices on Linux platform)
- Enable security management (See: "Enable/disable security management" on page 348)
- Force remote login (See: "Force remote login" on page 358)
- Configure the Context Menu to be accessible only using a "macro". In this way, it is possible to configure the use of the macro to authorized users only. (See "Runtime" on page 74)



WARNING: Unauthorized access to the device can cause damage or malfunctions. When connecting the device to a network protect the network against unauthorized access.

Measures for protecting the network include:

- Firewall
- Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)
- Network segmentation
- Virtual LAN (VLAN)
- Virtual Private Network (VPN)
- Security at physical access level (Port Security).

Further information, guidelines and standards regarding security in information technology: IEC 62443, ISO/IEC 27001.

Changing password on HMI device	
Ports and firewalls	
Project Files Encryption	
Project Signature	

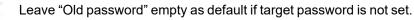
Changing password on HMI device

To change the password on the HMI device, use one of the following methods:

• From the HMI Runtime context menu: Settings> Password tab.

Settings	Password	
Old passwo	ord:	
New passw	vord:	
Confirm pa	ssword:	
	ОК	Cancel

- Use the **Set Target Password** function in update package: the password is updated by HMI Runtime just after the update process is completed.
- Using HMI device "System Settings" on page 594 Tool



Ports and firewalls

Ports used for the main operations

Port		Where is used	
443/tcp HTTPs		Project management, System Settings	
		Remote access (Remote Client, Web Browser)	
80/tcp	HTML	Old port deprecated in favor that HTTPs	
990/tcp	FTPs	Project management, System Settings	
		Remote access (Remote Client, Web Browser)	
21/tcp	FTP	Old port deprecated in favor that FTPs	
8000/tcp	HTML	Used to redirect HTTP requests to HTTPs protocol	
18756-18759/tcp	FTP	FTP data port (passive mode)	
990-991/udp		UDP broadcast (Device discovery)	

Port		Where is used
998-999/udp		
2100/tcp		Manage Target
5100/tcp		JS Remote Debugger

Ports used for the optional services

Port		Where is used
5900/tcp		VNC Server (Can be configured to use ssl/tls)
48010/tcp		OPC UA Server
1194/udp		Corvina Cloud
25/tcp		SMTP Server
N/A		MQTT (See your MQTT Broker)
22/tcp	SSH	Terminal Server
123/udp		NTP service
N/A		Ethernet communication drivers, the ports depend on Protocol configuration.



Note: When broadcast service is not available, for example in VPN networks, type in the exact IP address to connect to the HMI device from HMWIN Studio.

Project Files Encryption

A project can be encrypted to secure intellectual property and not be readable or editable by unauthorized users.



When you use a password to encrypt a project you must be aware that if you lose the password there will be no way to recover the project (you can only delete it).

Encrypt the project

Path: ProjectView> right-click "Project Name"> Encrypt Project

If the project is already encrypted, the same command will ask to enter the password to decrypt the project.

	Q Q Q X Image: Constraint of the second secon
Protocols	Enter password: Confirm password:
 Tags Trends Reports Alarms Events Buffer Scheduler Multitanguage Screen Saver Data transfers Arms 	Password complexity requirements. Minimum Password length is 8 characters. Password must contain following items: - upper case letters (A-Z) - lower case letters (A-Z) - numbers (0-9) - special characters (1,@,#,\$,%,^,8,*)

In the next dialog, you can select the encryption level which can be the Asymmetric Encryption "AES-128 bit CBC" or "AES-256 bit CBC".

If it is not necessary, you can also choose not to encrypt the images thus allowing the HMI device to be more performing.

Project Encryption		×
Encryption param	ieters	
Select Algorithm:	More fast (aes-128-cbc)	~
Do not encryp	pt the images (more performa	nce)
< <u>B</u> a	ack <u>N</u> ext > Cano	:el

When the project is encrypted, every time you open the project on HMWIN Studio you will be asked to enter the password.

HMI Runtime

When the HMI Runtime detects that a project is encrypted and does not know the password to decrypt the project, will show a dialog where to enter the password. The password will be requested only once and then stored in a secure area of the HMI device.

	Encryption Password	×
Password :		
	ок	X Cancel

Protected area containing passwords

The password is stored in a secure area of the HMI device. It is possible to access this area to enter the password in advance to avoid it being requested when the application runs for the first time

HMI Runtime

The password used from the HMI Runtime is accessible from the System Settings of the HMI device in the Security area (Ref. "Security" on page 600).

Within the Security area, it is stored using the following parameters:

- Domain = HMI Runtime
- Secret ID = Project Encryption
- Type = Password
- Secret Info = Type here the password necessary to read the encrypted project.

Credentials				
Domain	Secret ID	Туре	Secret Info	Description
HMI Runtime	Project Encryption	Password	***	Password to encrypt the project

Project Signature

The HMI device can be configured to accept only signed projects. The signature makes sure that only authorized users can update the HMI Runtime application.

To configure the HMI device to accept only signed projects, an x.509 certificate is required to sign the projects.

The x.509 certificate consists of two parts:

1. certificate.pfx

A file with the primary key necessary to sign the project that must be installed on the PC and used from HMWIN Studio to sign the project to download on the HMI device (the primary key is a reserved file because whoever owns it has the possibility to modify the project on the panel)

2. certificate.crt

A file with the public key that must be loaded on the HMI device to give the device the possibility to check if the

project is correctly signed (this file will be saved in a protected area of the HMI device because if replaced, the protection would be lost)

We use Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA256)

How to install the certificate on the PC

To install the certificate on the PC, double-click on the *certificate.pfx* file to activate the Windows installation wizard. You will be prompted for the password associated with the certificate and where to install it (for example it could be installed on the "Personal" folder)

To remove the certificate from the PC, open the Windows Credential Manager and remove the "HMIServer/prjsign" item.

How to install the certificate on the HMI device

On the HMI device the *certificate.crt* can be installed from the System Settings of the HMI device in the Security area (Ref. "Security" on page 600).

In the Security area, select:

- Domain = HMI Runtime
- Secret ID = Project Signature
- Type = Certificate
- Use the "Update" button to load the certificate

Credentials					
Domain	Secret ID	Туре	Secret Info	Description	
HMI Runtime 🗸	Project Signature 🗸	Certificate		Certificate to verify the signature of the project	Update 🛎 🧰

How to configure HMWIN Studio to sign the project before downloading it

After installing the two files relating to the certificate, it is possible to sign the application that will be downloaded to the panel by setting the "Sign Project" property, available in the "Project Properties", to true (see "Project" on page 80). When you will download a project on the HMI device, you will be prompted for the certificate to use which must correspond to the certificate installed on the HMI device.

Script to generate a Certificate

Here is an example of how to generate a certificate using a public OpenSSL-Win32 library (Reference: https://www.openssl.org/)

File: CreateCertificates.cmd

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.exe"
set CertificateName=MyCertificate
rem Generate an RSA key
   %OpenSSL% genrsa -out certificate.key 4096
rem Creating Certificate Signing Requests
   %OpenSSL% req -new -sha256 -key certificate.key -out certificate.csr -subj
"/ST=NY/C=US/L=New York/O=CompanyName/OU=R&D Team/CN=%CertificateName%"
```

```
rem Self Sign the Certificate Signing Requests
    %OpenSSL% x509 -req -days 365 -in certificate.csr -signkey certificate.key -out
certificate.crt
rem Convert to .pfx file
    %OpenSSL% pkcs12 -export -out certificate.pfx -inkey certificate.key -in
certificate.crt -CSP "Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider"
```

pause



The procedure will require the creation of a password which will then be required to access the primary key of the certificate.

45 Tips and tricks to improve performance

HMWIN Studio allows great flexibility for a project designers.

Follow these guidelines to create projects that perform better in terms of boot time, page change and animations.

Static Optimization	578
FAQ on Static Optimization	581
Page caching	581
Image DB	581
Precaching	582
FAQ on precaching	582

Static Optimization

Static optimization is a technique used in HMWIN Studio to improve runtime performance.

Using a lot of images and pictures in a project might degrade performances, static optimization merges several images into a single background image thus reducing rendering and loading times. Using this method only one raster image needs to be loaded and rendered instead of many single raster and/or vector images.

When you create a project in HMWIN Studio, the pages might contain widgets such as texts, images, background images, background colors and so on which can be classified as:

- Static: values or properties do not change at runtime.
- Dynamic: values or properties change at runtime.



Note: Based on security settings, static parts of widgets could be not merged to background. This happens when a widget is configured as "hide" in security settings.



Important: When you change the properties of widgets with JavaScript set the widget Static Optimization to Dynamic, otherwise changes to properties will be ignored.

When downloading or validating a project, HMWIN Studio identifies static components and renders them as background images to .png files. These background images are saved as a part of the project under the folder /opt.

Background images can be created as follows:

- full page background images, containing all widgets merged to page background
- group background images, containing a group of static widgets merged together to form a group background. For
 example, the Gauge group is normally composed by a background, a scale, a label and a needle, where
 background scale and label can all be merged to a single background image.

The **Static Optimization** page attribute enables and disables static optimization of the whole page. If it is set to **false** the optimization is totally disabled.

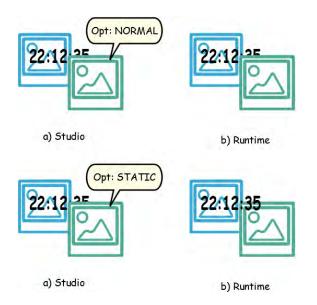
Finer control can be achieved setting the Static Optimization attribute of each single widget as follows:

- **Normal**: HMWIN Studio automatically detects if the widget can be merged with the background. This can be used if the widget is not a dynamic widget and does not overlap, that is it is not stacked above, a dynamic widget.
- **Static**: The image is forced to be merged with the background. This can be used when the static widget overlaps a dynamic transparent widget.



Note: In this case the automatic optimization will fail because it does not make any assumption on invisible areas which might be rendered at runtime.

• **Dynamic**: The widget is not optimized at all. Use this flag when a static widget needs to be changed by JavaScript.



Tips for best performance

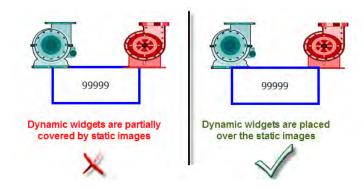
- 1. First of all: avoid placing static widgets over a dynamic widget. The overlapping area is computed considering the bounding rectangles of the widgets, that is the rectangles delimited by editing handles.
- 2. Do not use static optimization if your pages contain almost only dynamic objects. Static optimization would save many almost identical full size images for each page using up a lot of memory space that could be more effectively used to improve project performance with other techniques (such as, for example, page caching).
- 3. Bounding rectangles can include transparent areas, minimize transparent areas (for example splitting the image in multiple images) since they can be a waste of resources even when optimized.
- 4. Optimize image size. The image will be rendered at the size of the image widget containing the image. For best performances the widget needs to be the same size of the image.
- 5. Avoid using **Scale to fit** for image widgets, since this forces a rescaling at runtime for dynamic images and "hides" the actual image size during editing.
- 6. Use Size to fit to make the widget to the real size of his contents.
- 7. If overlapping cannot be avoided make sure to place the static widgets in the back, that is behind the dynamic widget.
- 8. Choose the image file format based on the HMI device you are connecting to.
- 9. Avoid using too many widgets in a single page. Often widgets are placed outside the visible area or their transparency is controlled by a tag. Since widgets are loaded even if they are not visible, having too many widgets in a page can significantly slow down the page change time.
- 10. Split a page with many widgets into multiple pages with less widgets.
- 11. For popping up new graphic elements in a page, prefer dialog pages with controlled positioning to transparent widgets.
- 12. Check the *opt* folder to see if static optimization is working as expected, the widgets z-order might need to be adjusted.
- 13. Numeric fields are often used to run JavaScript code on OnDataUpdate event even if the widget doesn't need to be visible on the page. In this case place the widget outside the page visible area instead of making it invisible, altering font color or visibility property. In the latter case you might end up with many left over wedges.
- 14. Use a HotSpot button if you need a touch area to react to user inputs.

- 15. If you reuse a widget from the gallery or you create your own, remember to set the correct optimization properties. For example button widgets are dynamic widgets, if you use a button widget just for its frame it won't be optimized since the button widget is dynamic. If you just need the frame you should use the Up image.
- 16. With many pages having many dynamic widgets and using a common template:
 - 1. set template static optimization to true,
 - 2. set page static optimization to **false**, since the background is already provided by the template.

In this scenario the background image can be reused by many different pages thus saving memory space.

17. Do not use dynamic widgets, such as buttons, only for graphic purposes, when the button function is not needed, use image widgets instead to obtain the same graphical effect.

Here is an example of a correct and an incorrect use of static optimization.



Supported image formats

HMWIN Studio supports several raster formats like BMP, PNG, JPEG, TIFF and the vector format SVG. Here a list of pros and cons:

Image format	Pros	Cons
RASTER	Fast renderingWell standardized	Big file sizeFixed resolution
VECTOR (SVG)	 Small file size Rescale without quality loss Can handle dynamic properties 	 Complex SVG images with many graphic items and layers can be slow to render. Creating an optimized SVG is not simple. Only Tiny 1.2 (<u>http://www.w3.org/TR/SVGTiny12/</u>) supported.



Note: Scour software is free tool that can be used to remove foreign code from file (<u>http://www.codedread.com/scour/</u>).

Static optimization of templates

Template pages can have large amounts of static content. However, static optimization cannot be applied to a template page, since where the template is used is based on the page design.

If a huge background image should be repeated in every page that uses the same template, this would increase the footprint of the device as the same static image would be created for each of the pages using the template page.

FAQ on Static Optimization

Q: In a page where there are a few identical widgets, in the *opt* folder I see a PNG for each one of them. If they are really identical, why should the software duplicate them instead of having just one PNG?

A: The software does not know if static images are actually the same since each widget could have different settings/properties altering the actual rendering at runtime.

Q: Why are the static images stored in a separate folder called *opt* instead of storing them directly in the project folder?

A: This avoids name collisions and allows skipping the upload of optimization images

Q: Why are the static images stored as a PNG files instead of common JPEG files?

A: PNG format uses a lossless compression for images and supports transparencies. JPEG files would render fuzzier compared to the PNG files with a different result in HMWIN Studio(not using optimization) and HMI Runtime.

Q: What will happen when no optimization is done in the software?

A: Every single widget is rendered at runtime. In particular SVG images may require a lot of time to render in an embedded platform.

Page caching

Once accessed all pages are kept in a RAM cache up to the maximum allowed cache size depending on the actual platform's available RAM. This allows a much faster access since cached pages, once reloaded, only need to re-paint their content without reloading all page resources.

Image DB

Image DB is a technique used to track the usage of image files and reduce the cost of image loading by caching most frequently used images (example, Push Button images, Gauge needles, Slider thumbs and so on). The same image used in many different places is therefore loaded just once.

The image DB function will preload the top most used images at startup until memory limit is reached. This would further improve the individual page loading times.

The file imagecachelist.xml is created in *project/opt* folder, containing relevant information:

- Fill color (in case of SVG images)
- Size of SVG image

- Number of times an image is used in the project
- Number of different sizes for the same image

Tips for using the Image DB function

- 1. Use uniform size of buttons, gauges and other widgets wherever possible.
- 2. Use same color themes among widgets of the same kind.

Precaching

The Precache attribute of pages can be used to notify HMI Runtime to preload some pages in RAM at boot time for quicker access. Precaching is useful for complex pages having many dynamic widgets.

When this function is enabled on a page, access to the page is faster, however it also slows down boot-time since the system is not ready until all pages to be precached are not saved into the RAM.

Tips to precaching

- 1. Enable the precache function just for few pages having many dynamic widgets or for pages frequently used by users.
- 2. Do not enable the precache function for all the pages in the project since you would run out of memory and have no benefit at all.
- 3. Disable static optimization for pages where the precache function is enabled to reduce memory used.

FAQ on precaching

Page limit for precaching

Based on the size and complexity of a page, the space required for precaching can be from 1,5Mb to 3Mb.

When a project is loaded, HMI Runtime proceeds as follows:

- 1. Page images are preloaded until 76 MB of memory space is still available (imageDBLowMem)
- 2. Pages where precache is set to **true** are preloaded untill 64 MB of memory space is still available (pageCacheLowMemMax). The images of these pages are loaded in the RAM (into the Image DB).

When the project is ready:

- 1. Any new page visited is saved in the cache (RAM) with all related images until 40 MB of memory space is still available(pageCacheLowMemMin)
- 2. When a page change happens and space in RAM is critical (<40MB), the HMI Runtime starts emptying the cache (RAM) removing pages and related images until 64 MB of memory space is made available. HMI Runtime removes data stored in the cache in the following order:
 - 1. last visited pages and bigger and unused images (>320x240),
 - 2. if more memory is needed also the pages in precache and all images loaded in Image DB can be removed.

46 Functional specifications and compatibility

Here is an overview of the supported functions and related limitations. Limitations indicated here represent a safe limitation, beyond that proper operation and state-of-the-art performance of the system is not guaranteed.

Table of functions and limits	4
HMI devices capabilities	5
Compatibility	6
Converting projects between different HMI devices 58	с С

Table of functions and limits

Function	Max limit
Number of pages	1000
Number of basic widgets	2000 x page
Number of tags	10000
Number of dialog pages	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Number of dialog pages that can be open at the same time	5
Number of Recipes	32
Number of parameter sets for a recipe	1000
Number of elements per Recipe	1000
Number of user groups	50
Number of users	500
Number of concurrent remote clients	4
Number of schedulers	30
Number of alarms	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Number of data transfers	1000
Number of templates pages	50
Number of actions programmable per button state	32
Number of trend buffers	30
Number of tags per trend buffer	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Memory reserved for trend buffer	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Number of curves per trend widget	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Number of curves per scatter diagram widget	10
Max number of trend table printable rows	10000 on HMI Runtime
Number of messages in a message field	1024
Number of languages	24
Number of events per buffer	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page

Function	Max limit
Number of event buffers	4
JavaScript file size per page	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Size of project on disk	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Number of indexed instances	100
Number of indexed alias	100
Number of indexed tag sets	30
Number of physical protocols	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Number of reports	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Number of reports pages	32
Max number of variables in variables widget	255
User folder size (UpdatePackage.zip)	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Number of concurrent FTP sessions	4
FTP additional folders	5
MQTT max number of bytes in a payload packet	There are no limits for the MQTT payload, this is based on the broker's limit. We can use up to the tag string size limit.
MQTT max number of topic	Topics are created dynamically, there are no limits
MQTT max number of Kb that can be stored in the persistence	50000
MQTT max pending messages	10000

HMI devices capabilities

See "Table of functions and limits" on the previous page for the standard capabilities.

Panel	Device OS	Touch	Media Player	M edia Player Portrait M ode	PDF	Max Project Size	Dialogs	Alarms	Protocols	JavaScript	Reports	Trend Buffers	Max Tags inside a Trend	Curves per Trend Widget	Max Events inside a Buffer	User Folder Size
HMe04	Linux		na	Yes	Yes	60 MB	50	500	4	64 KB	32	25 MB	200	5	2 K	100 MB
HMe07	Linux		MPEG4	Yes	Yes	240 MB	50	3,000	4	64 KB	32	25 MB	200	5	10 K	512 MB
HMe10	Linux		MPEG4	Yes	Yes	240 MB	50	3,000	4	64 KB	32	25 MB	200	5	10 K	512 MB
HMx707	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
HMx710	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
HMx715	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
HMx721	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
HMx705	Linux	Multi	MPEG4	Yes	Yes	240 MB	50	3,000	4	64 KB	32	25 MB	200	5	10 K	512 MB
HMs705	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
HMs707	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
HMs710	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
HMs715	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
HMs721	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
FP-I4C	Linux		MPEG4	Yes	Yes	240 MB	50	3,000	4	64 KB	32	25 MB	200	5	10 K	512 MB
HMEX715M	Linux	Multi	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB

(*) Auto resize is supported

Compatibility

The following compatibility policy has been adopted:

- HMWIN Studio version must always be aligned with HMI Runtime on the device,
- the user is responsible for updating HMI Runtime components on the HMI device at any HMWIN Studio update,
- the HMI Runtime update can be done directly from HMWIN Studio using the Update Target command available in the Run\Manage Target dialog,
- projects created in a HMWIN Studio version no older than V1.00 (00) can be opened and handled by any newer version,
- projects created with older versions of HMWIN Studio, opened with later versions and deployed to compatible HMI Runtime, are ensured to maintain the performance and functionality,
- compatibility between newer versions of HMI Runtime and projects created and deployed with older versions of HMWIN Studio is not ensured.



Important: Do not edit projects with a version of HMWIN Studio older than the one used to create them. It can result in a damage of the project and to HMI Runtime instability.

Converting projects between different HMI devices

Project conversion from different HMI device models is supported, however, some manual operations may be required if the project uses features not supported in the destination device.

Guideline

Before converting a project have a look if some unsupported features are present (see "HMI devices capabilities" on the previous page), and adjust your project by removing the unsupported features before converting the project.

In particular:

 Verify limitations and features not supported by the new HMI device (see "Table of functions and limits" on page 584 for details).

- Remove unsupported widgets, actions, system variables, protocols, project properties.
- If the project uses external storage, verify if the same storage path is still available.
- Adjust OS-specific external applications or paths.
- If necessary, reduce project size according to the new HMI device type limitations (see "Limitations" for details).
- Since HMI devices are based on different hardware platforms with different CPU speed, RAM memory size, cache size, make sure to check project boot time and page loading time for each page in the project.
- Verify JavaScript code for OS-specific operations.

47 System Settings

Linux products offer a powerful integrated tool called System Settings that allows management and upgrade of system components. Operations can be done directly on HMI or remotely using web browser.

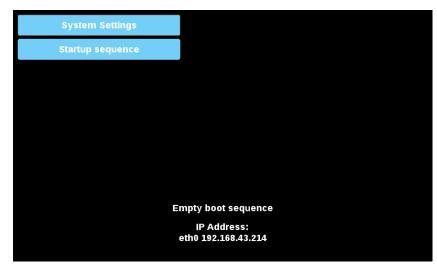


CAUTION: Working with the System Settings tool is a critical operation and, when not performed correctly, may cause product damages requiring service of the product. Contact technical support for assistance.

Runtime Installation	
System Settings	
Cloud / VPN Service	
Update System Components	
Touchscreen calibration	
Password protection	
Backup and Restore	
Recovery Mode	

Runtime Installation

If the HMI device is delivered from the factory without Runtime, at first power up HMI shows the "Runtime Loader" screen.



Runtime can be installed:

- Automatically, via Ethernet on first project download with HMWIN Studio
- Manually via USB Memory, creating an "Update Package". (See the "Update package" on page 98 to create a runtime package)

Install Runtime via Ethernet

To install Runtime via Ethernet follow the "Download to HMI device" on page 96 procedure.



WARNING: Runtime installation via Ethernet download requires the HMI to have a valid IP address.

The IP address can be assigned in three ways:

- Automatically via DHCP server. If a DHCP server is available on the network IP address will be assigned automatically by the server.
- Automatically via Auto-IP feature. If DHCP assignment is enabled but no DHCP server is available on the network the HMI assigns itself an IP Address into range 169.254.x.x with subnet mask 255.255.0.0
- *Manually via System Settings.* From System Settings menu, in Network section the IP address can be manually assigned, disabling the DHCP server assignment feature.

Install Runtime via USB Memory

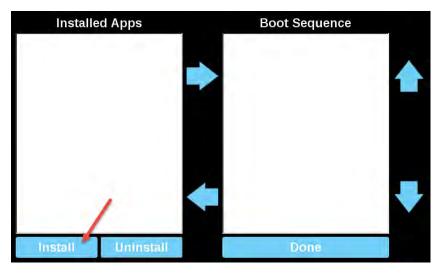
To install Runtime, UpdatePackage or Backup Package via USB device follow this procedure:

1. Create an Update Package from HMWIN Studio and copy into an empty USB memory stick



Note: File systems supported are FAT16/32 and Linux Ext2, Ext3 and Ext4.

2. On HMI select [Startup sequence], then [Install]



3. Double click on "mnt" to access this folder

Select an update package:	
~	
🗎 bin	
😑 boot	
🚍 dev	
🚞 etc	
🗎 home	
🚍 lib	
lost+found	
🚍 media	
mnt	
e proc	
🗎 run 🚍 sbin	
Sys	
ि tmp ─ usr	
uəi	
Ok	Cancel

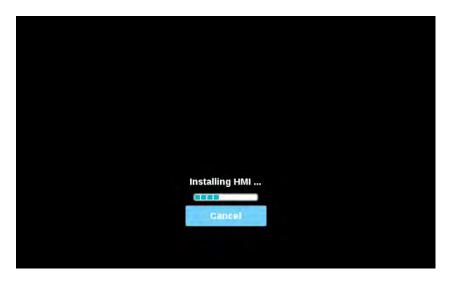
4. Then on "usbmemory"

Select an update package:	
/ mnt	
😑 configos	
🗎 data 🗎 factory	
usbmemory	
Ok	Cancel

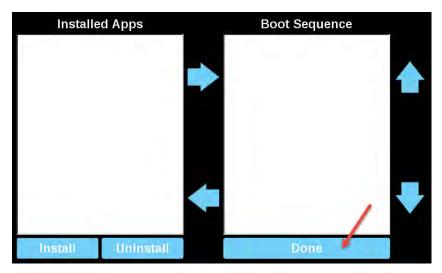
5. Select "UpdatePackage.zip" and confirm with [Ok]

Select an update package:	
UpdatePackage.zip	
Ok	Cancel

6. The runtime installation begin



7. At the end press "Done" button



8. Then "Start HMI" button



Runtime Uninstall

System Settings in Default mode allows to uninstall HMI Runtime or change Startup sequence, this mode is available via tap-tap sequence and can be accessed also when HMI is facing a software failure.

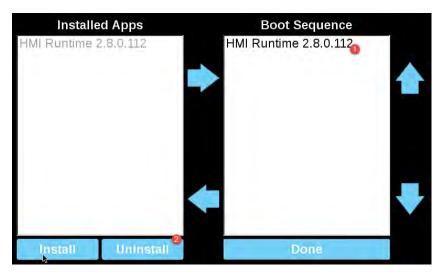
See "Enter System Settings via tap-tap procedure " on page 596

To uninstall the Runtime from HMI in Default Mode screen select [Startup Sequence]:



From the installed applications view:

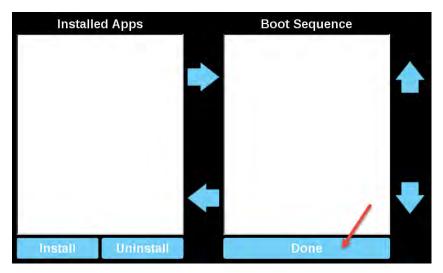
- 1. Select the Runtime you want to remove
- 2. Uninstall the selected Runtime



Runtime uninstall process will be performed:



At the end press "Done" button



System Settings

The user interface of System Settings is based on HTML pages and can be accessed both locally on the HMI device screen and remotely using a Web browser.

Administrator username with full access right is "admin" with default password "admin". Generic username is "user" with default password "user"



WARNING: For security reasons, change the default passwords for both usernames (passwords can be modified from the "System Settings -> Authentication" command)



Accessing at the system settings from the HMI device do not require to enter a password until the default "admin" password is not changed.

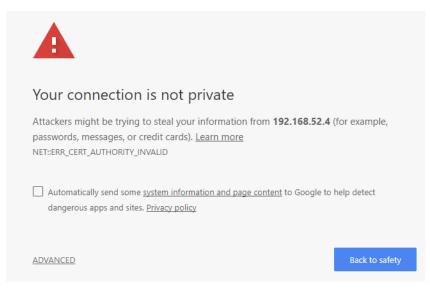
System Setting access from Web browser

To access System Settings using a Web browser, enter the IP address of the device, in the following format:

https://IP/machine_config



Note the remote access use encrypted https protocol on port 443. When the connection is established, the HMI device send a certificate to use for the encryption. Since the certificate is not signed from a Certificate Authority you will get a warning message. Please, click on advanced options and choice to proceeding.



Browse through the options available in the menu on the left: the active item is highlighted and related information is displayed on the right.

System Settings			Localisation	ADMIN 🕞
Localisation	Language:			
	\square	English		
System		Italiano		
Logs		Deutsch		
Date & Time		Français		
		简体中文		
Network		繁體中文		
Applications		한국어		
Services		日本語		
Services		Español		
Plugins		Português - E	irasileiro	
Management		Русский		
Display	Country Code: (REQUIRED for WLAN	J	00 Unspecified 🗹	
Fonts	Regulatory Domain)			
Authentication	System keyboard lay	out:	English (United States)	
Restart				
EXIT				

Default security protocols proposed by the HTTPS server in the Linux HMI device are:

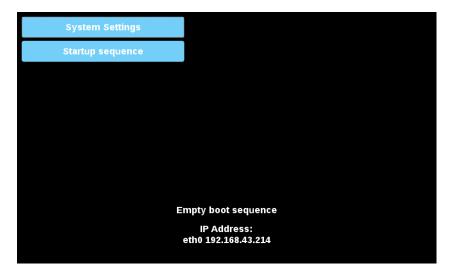
- SSLv3 256 bits ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
- TLSv1 256 bits ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA



WARNING: We discourage usage of CBC cyber suites in the context of SSL3 or TLSv1.0 connections since potentially affected by some vulnerabilities.

System Setting access from HMI device

When Runtime is not installed, the System Settings is accessible from the Runtime Loader screen,

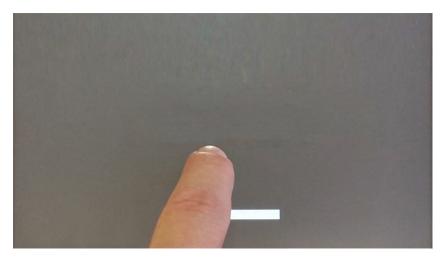


When Runtime is installed the System Settings is accessible selecting "Show System Settings" option of Context Menu,

Zoom In
Zoom Out
Zoom 100%
Pan mode
Reload Project
Settings
Project Manager
Update
Logging
Show Log at Boot
LogOut
Show system settings
About

Enter System Settings via tap-tap procedure

Tap-tap consists in a sequence of several touch activations by simple means of the finger tapping the touch screen performed during the power-up phase and started immediately after the HMI is powered on.



When "tap-tap detected" message appears on the top of the screen. Wait for 5 seconds (without touching the screen) to enter System Settings sub menu



Wait for 5 more seconds (without touching the screen) to enter Default Mode



Select "System Setting" from the HMI Default Mode screen



System Settings Sections

To change system settings values, enter in edit mode by click the edit button on the right top.



The edit button is available only inside the dialogs that contains modifiable parameters.

Localization

Set the below parameters to adapt the device to your country.

- Country Code (only needed on 5G devices)
- · Language for the system settings interface
- Layout of the virtual keyboard



Country Code is required for the WLAN Regulatory Domain and the device will not use the WiFi until this parameter will not have been set.

The country settings are required for operation complying with the approvals. Selecting a country that does not match the country in which the device is operated may be punishable by law. After selecting the Country Code, the corresponding channels allocation and setting and for power level will be automatic.

System

Parameter	Description
Info	Device information
Status	Device status (Free RAM, Up time, CPU Load)
Timers	Device timers (System on, Back light on)
Plugin	Hardware plugins information

Logs

Set the persistent log option if you want maintain the log files saved after a power reset.

Use save button to export a copy of the log files.



The log files manager cyclically fill 3 files of 4Mb

Date & Time

Device date and time.

Parameter	Description					
Current Timezone	Timezone region					
Current Date Local Time	Date and Time can set manually only when the Automatic Update is disabled.					
Automatic Update (NTP)	 Enable to keep date and time synchronized from a remote server NTP Server Specify the Internet NTP Server address The NTP Client of the HMI Device is a complete implementation of the Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4, but also retains compatibility with version 3, as defined by RFC-1305, and version 1 and 2, as defined by RFC-1059 and RFC-1119, respectively. The poll process sends NTP packets at intervals determined by the clock discipline algorithm. The process is designed to provide a sufficient update rate to maximize accuracy while minimizing network overhead. The process is designed to operate in a changeable mode between 8 sec and 36 hr. 					
Accept NTP requests	When enabled the device will accepts NTP requests from outside. When automatic update is not enabled the device will share the local RTC clock time.					

Networks

Network parameters. Available parameter in edit mode:

Parameter	Description					
General Settings	Device hostname					
	Avahi Hostname (see "Avahi Daemon" on page 601)					
Network Interface	Network parameters of the available interfaces					
	• DHCP					
	IP Address					
	Net Mask					
	• Gateway					
DNS	DNS Servers Generally provided from the DHCP servers, but can be modified in edit mode					

Parameter	Description
	Search Domains Optional domains that will be used in concatenation with the provided urls

Security



Services are available only when logged as admin.

The security area contains passwords and certificates, required by applications.

Parameter	Description						
Domain	Identifies a set of secret information that can be used by installed applications that have the rights to use it. The preconfigured domains are:						
	General This space is available for third party applications						
	 System This space is used from the services embedded in the device (e.g. the VNC Server) 						
	HMI Runtime This space is used from the HMI Runtime application						
Secret ID	Name used to identify each secret information included in the selected domain.						
Туре	Type of information to be stored.						
	• Text						
	Password						
	Certificate						
	• File						
Secret Info	The secret information to keep stored						
	In case of text or password, type the text or the password to store. In case of certificate or file use the "Update" button to upload the file to store.						
Description	A free text that you can insert at will.						

Import/Export

Using the Import/Export commands, it is possible to export the stored information and import it, e.g., into other devices. Note that the export command will prompt you to define a password which will then be required in order to import the exported file.

Applications

The applications page is listing the applications loaded on the HMI devices. From this page is possible to manage the applications.

Parameter	Description				
Name	Application name				
Autostart	If selected, the application will start when the operator panel is turned on				

App Management

Press the "App Manager" button to enter the application management mode from where you can:

- upload new applications
- · update existing applications
- remove application
- define the startup sequence.

Services



Services are available only when logged as admin.

Mouse click on the enable button to enable/disable the service. Click the service name to list the associate parameters.

Autorun scripts from external storage

Enable/Disable the possibility to run the "autoexec.sh" script file when a USB key is plugged into the device. Disable this service if you want to prevent unauthorized access through the USB interface.



Required BSP v1.0.212 or greater

Avahi Daemon

Avahi is a system which enables programs to publish and discover services and hosts running on a local network. When it is enabled, the HMI device can be reached even using the device's host name (in alternative to the IP Address).

General Settings		
Hostname Avahi Hostname	myDevice myDevice.local	
Download to Target		×
Ready to download		
myDevice.local + Advanced	0	Download Close

Avahi Daemon runs on UDP port 5353



On Linux and Apple PCs, the Avahi service comes for free with the OS. On Windows PCs instead, you need to install an Avahi service to be able to reach the panel by his Avahi host name (e.g. you need to install the Apple Bonjour application - Bonjour is a trademark of Apple inc.).

Bridge/Switch Service

Using the bridge service is possible connect together the WAN (eth0) network adapter with the other network interfaces. When used, the two Ethernet interfaces are bridged and both Ethernet interfaces are sharing the same IP address.

Bridge Service creates a Linux-based layer-2 Network Bridge between two or more network interfaces. If both WAN and endpoint devices are attached to such bridge, the two networks will be physically joined and endpoints will be available as if they were directly connected to the WAN (Note: Cloud scenario still requires Router Service to be active)

Gateway	HMI	HMI	Bridge	HMI	HMI	
IP: 192.168.1.100	IP: 192.168.1.1	IP: 192.	168.1.2	IP: 192.168.1.3	IP: 192.168.1.4	
		eth	10 eth1			-
192.168.1.x			192.168	.1.x		
	IP: 192.168.1.	1 IP:	192.168.1.2	IP: 192.168	.1.3 IP: 192.168.1.4	
	GTW: 192.168.1.	100 GTW:	192.168.1.100	GTW: 192.168	.1.100 GTW: 192.168.1.1	00

Cloud / VPN Service

Allow to manage remote HMI devices connected to a centralized server through gateways.

See "Cloud / VPN Service" on page 610 for additional details.

DHCP Server

Provide the DHCP Server on the selected interfaces.

Parameter	Description				
Enabled	Enable the DHCP Server on the selected interface				
Start IP Stop IP	IP addresses distributed from the DHCP Server				
Gateway	The gateway address				
Netmask	The provided netmask				
DNS Server	The DNS server address				
Lease Time (seconds)	Lease time, default is 86400s (1 day)				
	Acceptable values are from 60s to 864000s (10 days)				

Enable device restore via TAP TAP option

When enabled, it gives the possibility to reset the operator panel in case the administrator password is forgotten. (See.: "Forgot password" on page 619)



This option is enabled by default. You can disable it to increase the security of the device (this will remove the possibility of recovering a forgotten password)..

Fast Boot

When fast boot is enabled, at the power up the HMI device will start the HMI application as fast as possible. In this mode, there are not showed diagnostic information (e.g. the loading bar) but only the minimum necessary features are loaded before loading the User Interface (e.g. System Settings, VNC, SSH, etc. will be load after loading the HMI application).

To obtain best performance, in addition of enabling the fast boot mode, it is recommended to:

- · disable any service that is not necessary
- avoid keeping enabled the persistent log
- · use static IP address instead of DHCP service

Required BSP v1.0.242 or greater

Firewall Service

When the firewall is enabled, only connections matching the defined rules are allowed. Note that some rules must be enabled for the HMI can to work properly.

Firewall Service									
Enabled									
Only connections matching the rules below are allowed - refer to documentation for other services									
Allow	Name	Source Interface	Source IP or Network	Port or Range	Protocol				
	Web server - HTTP	Any v		80	TCP V	^	*		-
	Web server - HTTP	Any 🔻		443	TCP V	^	*		-
	Device discovery	Any •		990-991	UDP •	^	*	B	-
	FTP Command port	Any 🔻		21	TCP 🔻	^	*	B	-
\bigcirc	FTP Passive mode	Any 🔻		18756-18760	TCP 🔻	^	*	B	-
\bigcirc	SSH Server	Any 🔻		22	TCP 🔻	^	*	B	-
\bigcirc	VNC Server	Any 🔻		5900	TCP •	^	*	B	-
\bigcirc	DHCP Server	Any 🔻		67	UDP •	^	*		-
\bigcirc	SNMP Server	Any 🔻		161	UDP V	^	*		-
									+

Notes:

- The firewall is based on IP tables which operates only at layer 3 (layer 2 packets won't be filtered, e.g. ARP)
- Only INPUT and FORWARD packets are filtered, not OUTPUT
- PING/ICMP echo reply packets are always allowed
- Internet sharing scenarios (e.g. 3g or wifi connection to endpoints) are not supported
- Packets filtered by the firewall are dropped

Source IP or Network

If this field is unspecified, access will be allowed from any source host. Otherwise, access can be restricted to a single IP address (e.g. 192.168.100.123) or a range of IP addresses in CIDR format (e.g. 192.168.100.0/24). For details on valid subnet specifications following such format, please refer to: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Classless_Inter-Domain_Routing</u>



If you enable the Firewall and you need to use the FTP passive mode with HMI Runtime older than version 2.10.0.280 then you need to open the ports 1024-2048/tcp and 16384-17407/tcp. From version 2.10.0.280 instead, HMI Runtime uses the ports 18756-18760/tcp that are proposed into Firewall settings by default.

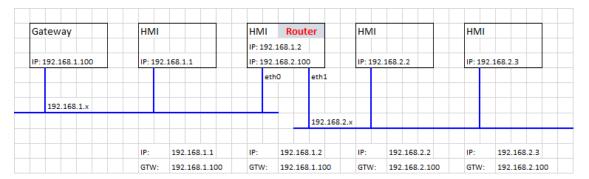


Firewall is available from BSP v1.0.532

If you are updating from an old BSP version and you don't see the default rules, you have to reset the system settings (see "Update System Components" on page 613).

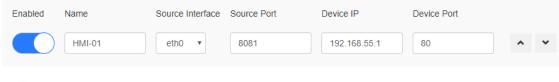
Router Service

This service uses IP Forwarding and Network Address Translation to share the connection from WAN (eth0) towards LAN (eth1 or eth2): connected endpoints may reach the same networks reachable by the gateway (including Internet if available). With Cloud Service active, endpoints can be reached via the gateway's LAN port (please refer to "Cloud / VPN Service" on page 610 for more information)



Port Forwarding

Port forwarding redirects incoming TCP packets requests from WLAN interface from one address and port number combination to another combination of address and port number.

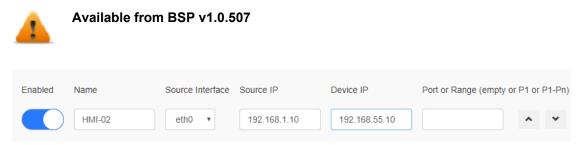




Available from BSP v1.0.507

1:1 NAT

1:1 NAT, create alias IP on WLAN and forward all packets (or given port range) with that destination IP to another device attached to a LAN





Warning: make sure the value entered for "Source IP" is not the same as real IP address assigned to the physical Ethernet port specified as "Source Interface".

Show loading bar during boot

Enable/Disable the display of the loading bar during the boot phase.

SNMP Server

SNMP is a network protocol that allow to manage network infrastructures. It is commonly used to monitor network devices as switches, routers, etc. connected to a LAN network.

When the SNMP service is enabled, an SNMP Manager can retrieve information from the HMI device using the SNMP protocol. Currently, there are not proprietary MIBs available. Only the standard public community MIBs are available in read only mode.

🜍 iReasoning MIB Browser						-		×
File Edit Operations Tools Bookmarks Help								
Address: 192.168.57.98 \lor Advanced OID: .	1.3.6	5.1.2.1.1.5.0	~ Op	erations:	Get	\sim	()	io
SNMP MIBs		Result Table						
MIB Tree	^	Name/OID	Value	Ту	pe 🛆	IP:Por	t	
		sysName.0	myDevice	OctetStr	ing	192.168.57	.98:161	•
⊡ <mark></mark>		sysDescr.0	Linux myDevice 3.14.28-rt25-1.0.0_ga-g4f85bca #	OctetStr	ing	192.168.57	.98:161	8
system		sysUpTime.0	65 hours 42 minutes 25 seconds (23654530)	TimeTick	s	192.168.57	.98:161	ш
system		memAvailReal.0	570808	Integer		192.168.57	.98:161	
sysObjectID		memTotalFree.0	570744	Integer		192.168.57	.98:161	
sysobjectab sysUpTime		ssCpuIdle.0	97	Integer		192.168.57	.98:161	\mathcal{P}
Image: system Image: system	~							1
Name sysName	~							
OID .1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5								
MIB RFC1213-MIB								
Syntax DisplayString (OCTET STRING) (SIZE (0255))								
Access read-write								
Status mandatory								
DefVal	~							
.iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.system.sysName.0								

Example:

.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0
.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.0
.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3.0
.1.3.6.1.4.1.2021.4.6.0
.1.3.6.1.4.1.2021.4.11.0
.1.3.6.1.4.1.2021.11.11.0

SNMP Server runs on UDP port 161



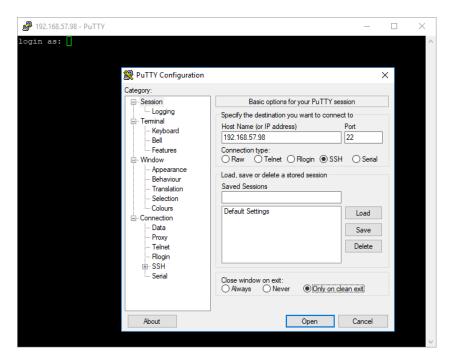
For security reasons, do not enable the service if you do not need it.

SSH Server

SSH service has been designed only for advanced users. It provides remote login to HMI device using the secure shell protocol. On PC you can run a SSH Client as, for example, PuTTY that is an open source software distributed under the MIT license.



The default password for the username the admin is "admin". See the "Authentication" on page 609 chapter to additional information.



SSH Server runs on TCP port 22



This service is designed to be used during the development phase. For security reasons, remember to disable the service before switch to production.

VNC Service

VNC is a service that allows remote access to the display of the HMI device. VNC clients can be used to get the remote control of the HMI device.



VNC should be disabled after use and autostart is not recommended.

Parameter	Description	
Enable	Enable the VNC server	
Autostart	Keep the VNC server enabled when HMI device starts	
Port	VNC Server listens for connections on TCP port 5900 (default)	
Inactivity timeout (seconds)	"Inactivity timeout" occurs if no user interaction is detected (via keyboard, mouse, transfers or other RFB protocol interactions). The special value 0 indicates that idle timeout is disabled. Default value is 600 (10 minutes).	
Multiple clients	Allow multiple sessions on the same port (if disabled, previously logged clients are disconnected upon a new incoming connection)	
View only	Do not allow active user interactions (clients can only watch)	
Encryption	Activate SSL encryption of connections	
	Custom certificate (Security/VNC KeyPair)	
	The HMI device certificate that is necessary to permit the remote VNC client to verify the authenticity of the HMI device. The certificate must contain both the private and the public keys and can be .pem format.	
	The encryption features are not widely supported, check your VNC client compatibility	
Authentication	Whether users are authenticated upon session creation. A custom VNC specific password can be set or system passwords can be used (this option is only available if also Encryption is enabled)	

Example of how to generate a certificate using OpenSSL library:

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin\openssl.exe"
set CertificateName=HMI-Certificate
set DeviceIP=192.168.1.56
rem Create the certificate keys
%OpenSSL% req -x509 -newkey rsa -days 365 -nodes -keyout private.pem -out public.pem -
subj "/ST=NY/C=US/L=New York/O=CompanyName/OU=Department/CN=%CertificateName%" -addext
"subjectAltName=IP:%DeviceIP%"
rem Create .pem file
copy private.pem + public.pem hmi-certificate.pem
echo.
echo.
echo.
pause
```

Web Server

This page will show the parameters available to configure the Web Server. Note that it is not possible to disable the Web Server because it is necessary to allow access to the System Settings of the device.

• Allow only Secure HTTPS connections

Disabled by default to maintain backward compatibility, but it is recommended to enable it to improve the HMI device security.

• CORS domains enabled

When disabled (default), access to external domains is not allowed. When enabled, access to external domains listed in the "CORS domains filter" is allowed.

· CORS domains filter

You can enter the domain to which access is allowed or use a regular expression to define multiple domains. The regular expression must have the prefix "re:".

Leave the filter blank (default) if you want to maintain compatibility with older versions and allow access to all domains (this is not recommended).

Examples of "CORS domains filter":

- www.test.com
- re:(www.test1.com|www.test2.com)
- re:(www.test.(com|org))
- re:(www.test[1-9]+.com)

Plugins

This page will show the parameters available to configure the optional plugins modules attached to the HMI device. See the description of the each plug-in module to additional information.

Management



Management is available only when logged as admin.

From the management area is possible "Update System Components" on page 613 of the HMI device.



CAUTION: Working in the Management area is a critical operation and, when not performed correctly, may cause product damages requiring service of the product. Contact technical support for assistance.

Use the "Clear" command inside the "Data" section to remove HMI Runtime from the device (Factory Restore)

Display

Parameter	Description
Brightness	Brightness level of the display
Back light timeout	Backlight inactivity timeout
Orientation	Display orientation

Authentication

Enter in edit mode to change the authentication passwords or to personalize the x.509 certificate of the HMI device.

Users

There are two usernames:

- Administrator username with full access rights is "admin"
- Generic username with basic access rights is "user"

x.509 Certificate

HMI Device use a self-certificate to encrypt the Internet communication trough the HTTPS protocol. You can personalize the certificate with the data of your Company and ask to a Certificate Authority to firm it.

The procedure to personalize and firm your certificate is:

- 1. Enter in edit mode and fill the necessary parameters, then push GENERATE button to generate a self-signed certificate with your data.
- 2. Export the "Certificate Signed Request"
- 3. Sent the "Certificate Signed Request" to a Certificate Authority to firm it (general this is a paid service)
- 4. Import the signed certificate into the HMI device

Certificate's parameters

Parameter	Description
Device Name	The name of your device
Organization	The legal name of your organization
Unit	The division of your organization handling the certificate
State	The state/region where your organization is located
Location	The city where your organization is located
Country	The two-letter ISO code for the country where your organization is location
Valid (days)	Validity of the certificate
Key Length	Number of bits of the key used from the cryptographic algorithm

Managed certificates are base64 encoding



Required BSP v1.0.239 or greater

Restart

HMI device restart command

EXIT

Exit from the System Setting tool.

Cloud / VPN Service

Cloud /VPN Service allows devices to connect to remote servers through a secure connection.



BSP v1.0.117 or greater is required

Prerequisites

This service requires external access to the server for VPN setup (default port UDP/1194) and for selfconfiguration/other advanced features on TCP port 443 (Cloud Server mode only), so please check configuration and make sure no firewalls block such ports.

Setup

If you need endpoints behind your gateway device to be reached, make sure Router Service is active and set it up as follows:

- WAN port (eth0) connected to the main network with Internet access (Cloud Server must be reachable from this network)
- LAN port (eth1) connected to one or more endpoint devices (newly-created private network)



This functionality is automatically supported when using a Cloud Server, but will require extra manual setup for plain OpenVPN server.

Configuration

Configuration options are available in the Services Menu of System Settings (see "System Settings" on page 594).



In case of connectivity error, from the BSP v1.0.348 and later the retry timeout has a geometric progression: starting from 5s, the successive retry is after 2*(Previous Time). This means 5s, 10s, 20s, 40s, etc. until a max retry time of 5 minutes. On previous BSP versions, the retry times was fixed to 5 Seconds.

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enable the Cloud / VPN Service
Autostart	If selected, the application will start when the HMI device is turned on
Server type	Select, from the available supported server types, the server type to use
Server	Select the Corvina Cloud server to use (available only when the selected server type is "Cloud Server")
Files	Allows you to upload VPN configuration files (available only when the selected server type is "OpenVPN")
Authentication	 Select from the available authentication modes Username/ password Activation code (available only when the selected server type is "Cloud Server") Certificate (available only when the selected server type is "OpenVPN")

Parameter	Description	
	 Certificate + username/ password (available only when the selected server type is "OpenVPN") 	
	 None (available only when the selected server type is "OpenVPN") 	
Username	Enter the username of the remote server account	
Password	Enter the password of the remote server account	
Show Password	Displays the typed characters on the password	

Cloud Server

Cloud Server is a VPN-based solution that allows seamless connection of users with gateways and endpoints. It provides a full management infrastructure to make such process painfree.

Configuration is downloaded automatically from Cloud Server, so the only required parameters are Server (hostname or IP address), Username and Password.

OpenVPN

This mode uses a standard OpenVPN configuration to connect devices.

Case A: Configuration files provided

In remote access environments based on an OpenVPN server, system administrators normally supply a number of OpenVPN configuration files directly to end users.

In such case configuration is quite straight-forward since it requires only two simple steps:

- 1. browse and upload N files (this should include at least a main OpenVPN configuration file, but may also include server and/or client certificates in .pem, .p12 or other formats); make sure you select all necessary files in one shot by using platform-dependent multiselection;
- 2. select an appropriate Authentication type and insert credentials if they are required.

You're done! now press Save, wait a little while and you should see an updated connection status.

Case B: No configuration files provided

If no configuration files have been provided by your system administrator, you will need to create the OpenVPN configuration file yourself.

Sample 1: Username/Password

This sample uses:

- · username/passsword-based authenticaition
- LZO compression and TAP device
- server running on UDP port 1194

openvpn.conf

clie	ent	2
dev	ta	ар
prot	0	udp

```
remote testserver.whatever.com 1194
comp-lzo
ca cacert.pem
auth-user-pass
```

This configuration file only refers to one external file (cacert.pem), so:

- 1. upload the 2 files using the Browse option
- 2. insert your allocated Username and Password note that the *auth-user-pass* option can also take a file argument, so you can even insert newline-separated username and password in a new file and specify its name here (not recommended); in such case you would select also your external file when browsing files and choose *None (from file)* Authentication method
- 3. Save and wait for State change

Sample 2: Plain certificate

This sample uses:

- plain X509 certificate-based authentation
- LZO compression, TUN device, custom MTU and AES-128-CBC cipher
- server running on TCP port 1195

openvpn.conf

```
tls-client
dev tun
proto tcp
tun-mtu 1400
remote testserver.whatever.com 1195
pkcs12 mycert.p12
ca cacert.pem
cert client.pem
key client.key
cipher AES-128-CBC
comp-lzo
verb 4
```

This configuration refers to 3 files (cacert.pem, client.pem, client.key), so:

- 1. upload main openvpn.conf and external files (total 4), using the Browse option
- 2. since no passwords are required, choose None (from file) Authentication
- 3. Save and wait for State change

Sample 3: Password-protected PKCS #12 certificate

This sample uses:

- certificate-based authentation (password-protected PKCS #12)
- other parameters same as Sample 2

openvpn.conf

[..] pkcs12 mycert.p12

The PKCS #12 bundle normally contains both CA certificate client keypair, so this configuration file only refers to one external file (*mycert.p12*). Hence:

- 1. upload the 2 files using the Browse option
- 2. choose Certificate Authentication
- 3. insert the password which should be used to unencrypt the PKCS #12 bundle containing your certificate
- 4. Save and wait for State change

Sample 4: 2-factor authentication via password-protected PKCS #12 certificate + username/password

This sample uses:

- both certificate-based authentication (password-protected PKCS #12) and username/password
- other parameters same as Sample 2

openvpn.conf

```
[..]
pkcs12 mycert.p12
auth-user-pass
```

upload the 2 files using the Browse option

choose Certificate + Username/Password Authentication

insert Username and Password for PSK authentication

insert the PKCS #12 Password

Save and wait for State change

Links

Please refer to OpenVPN documentation for further details.

Update System Components



CAUTION: Working in the Management area is a critical operation and, when not performed correctly, may cause product damages requiring service of the product. Contact technical support for assistance (the latest BSP files will provided from tech support).

The system components of the Linux device can update locally using an USB memory key or remotely via web browser.

To update system components enter System Settings in Config OS mode via tap-tap procedure on HMI or open web browser to https://<HMI-IP-address>/machine_config and select the "Management" section.

System Settings		Management	ADMIN
	Config OS		
Language System	Туре	ext4	
Logs	Version	UN60H5XXC00000058 2015-09-16T00:00:00.000Z	
Date & Time		-288 kto + 334 Mby overd	
Network		Get 🛓 Update 🛎 Gheck 🗘	
Services	Main OS		
Management	Settings		
Display	Data		
Restan	Splash image		
Authentication	Bootloader		
EXIT	Xloader		

Expand the component to update and select [Update]

On the opened dialog, click [Browse Image], then select the "xxx-mainos-xxx.tar.gz" file. Click then on [Browse MD5] and select the "xxx-mainos-xxx.tar.gz.md5" file.

C (* https://192.168.43.2)	14/machine_config/#/management	ු 😳 ທ 🗏
System Settings	Management	ADMIN G
anguage	Browse Image OR Drag and Drop your file HERE	
system		
.095- ⁻	File Name: configuration grad Strat 90 MEL	-
Date & Time	Browse MD5 OR Drag and Drop your file HERE	
letwork.	File Rema: configos Sar (pr.md5 - Sara: 1) MB	
Services	DANCEL PROCEED	
Aanagement	Sottings	
lispiay	Data	
Restart	Splash image	
Authentication	Bootloader	
EXIT	Xloeder	



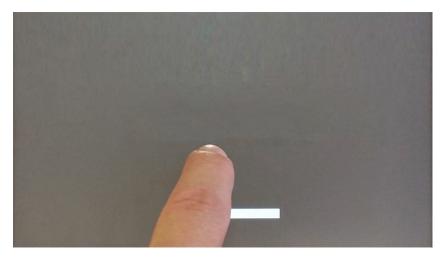
Important: Do not turn off the device while a system component is being upgraded.

At the end of the component update, restart HMI and leave it starting normally.

Enter System Settings in Config OS mode via tap-tap procedure

System Setting in Config OS mode is available via tap-tap sequence, this mode can be accessed also when HMI is facing a software failure.

Tap-tap consist in a sequence of several touch activations by simple means of the finger tapping the touch screen performed during the power-up phase and started immediately after the HMI is powered on.



When "tap-tap detected" message appears on the top of the screen, press and hold the finger on touchscreen, to select "Restart: Config OS"



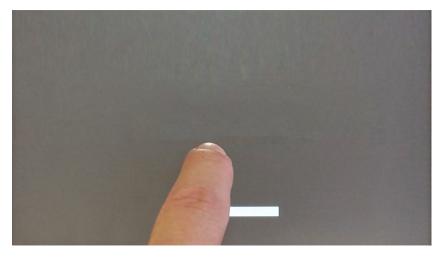
HMI will restart into System Settings in Config OS mode:



Touchscreen calibration

System Setting Calibration allows to calibrate Touchscreen device, can be accessed by tap-tap procedure.

Tap-tap consists in a sequence of several touch activations by simple means of the finger tapping the touch screen performed during the power-up phase and started immediately after the HMI is powered on.



When "tap-tap detected" message appears on the top of the screen, wait for 5 seconds (without touching the screen) to enter System Settings sub menu



Press on touch screen, "Touchscreen calibration" voice will be highlighted in yellow, hold pressed for few seconds until touchscreen calibration procedure starts



Follow the instructions on screen to complete the calibration procedure, system will prompt to touch specific points to calibrate the touchscreen device.

Password protection

Internal password of the HMI device.

From the Authentication tab, inside the "System Settings" on page 594, activate the edit mode and select the username to change the associated password.

There are two usernames:

- Administrator username with full access rights is "admin"
- · Generic username with basic access rights is "user"

System Settings		CANCEL X	
Localisation	Users		
System	Username	admin 🕑	Passwords are required to include: • At least 8 characters in total
Logs	Old Password		 At least one lower case and one upper case letter
Dale & Time	New Password		 At least one numeric character At least one special character (eg. #1 (2) ?)
Network	Confirm Password	-	
Security		Change Password 🛇	
Applications	x.509 Certificate		
Services			
Management			
Display			
Fonts			
Authentication			
Restart			
EXIT			



Password for admin user can modified even from the context menu of theHMI Runtime (see "Context menu options" on page 10 for details) and from the update package (see "Update package" on page 98 for details).



If you forgot the password, check the "Forgot password" on page 619

The first time the HMI device is turned on it is necessary to enter with the user "admin" and password "admin" to proceed with the definition of the passwords for both users (admin and user)

Note that passwords must include:

- At least 8 characters in total
- · At least one lower case and one upper case letter
- · At least one numeric character
- At least one special character (eg. #!@?)

Backup and Restore

To backup or restore all the installed applications with their settings, you must open the System Settings interface in Config OS mode using the tap-tap procedure.

See "Enter System Settings in Config OS mode via tap-tap procedure " on page 614

Then log as admin and select the "Management" option. From this page, you can use the "Get" button to backup inside an external memory (e.g. USB key) the contents of the **Data** and the **Settings** partitions. Use instead the "Update" button to restore the contents from a previous backup.



Management command is available only when logged as admin.

ENU	Management	ADMIN C
Settings		
<mark>3 Mb / 5</mark> 8 Mb used		
	Get 🛓 Update 🗮 Restore C Check 🌣	
Data		
1 Mb / 818 Mb used		
	Get 🕹 Update 🛎 Check 🍄 Clear 🛅	

Data Partition

The data partition contains the applications and they settings

Settings Partition

The settings partition contains the settings of your device (this means the configuration parameters entered using the System Settings interface)



When you update the System Settings from a backup you must be sure that the backup was executed from a device with the same BSP version (Main OS).

The MD5 file

The "Get" command will provide only a file with the contents of the partition (e.g. data.tar.gz), but if you want to restore the same file, using the "Update" command, you must provide even an MD5 checksum file.

The MD5 checksum file must have the same name as the files that you want to load with the .md5 suffix as e.g.:

- data.tar.gz
- data.tar.gz.md5

On the Internet, it is easy to find various tools that calculate the MD5 checksum of a file. On Windows 10 it is also possible to use the "CertUtil" utility on the command line, e.g.

CertUtil -hashfile data.tar.gz MD5 > data.tar.gz.md5

The MD5 checksum file must have only one line. If the utility that calculates the checkum generates a file with multiple lines, the additional lines must be deleted.

data.tar.gz.md5 ⊠
 1 a7139556fa95cb0145f414347d917c2e

Recovery Mode

In the case that it is not even possible to boot the device, there is a special procedure to recovery the device by booting it in a special mode called configuration mode. From this mode you can open the device management dialog from where you can delete user data, restore system setting or update the firmware of the device.

To boot the device in configuration mode choice one of the below procedures

- Power on the device and immediately power off when splash screen appear on the screen (if you cannot see the splash screen, power off the device when you heart the beep-beep). Repeat this procedure for three time then power on again the device and wait the configuration mode appears.
- Create a special file named "\$0030D8\$.bin" and put it inside an empty SD card. Insert the SD card into the device and power on the device. Device will start in configuration mode.

Forgot password

If you have forgotten the admin password, you have the possibility to reset it to the "*admin*" value. Note this procedure will erase the entire memory of the HMI device and any previously downloaded project will be removed.

TAP TAP option

The procedure is available only if it has not been explicitly disabled through the "Enable device restore via TAP TAP option" available in the device system settings (Ref.: "Enable device restore via TAP TAP option" on page 602)

Steps to reset the admin password:

- 1. Power off the HMI device.
- 2. Power on the HMI device and when the logo appears start to "tap tap" the touch panel (Ref.: "Recovery Mode" above).
- 3. When "TAP TAP" is detected select "System Settings" on the first menu, "Default mode" on the second menu, and finally "**Device restore**" on the third menu.

USB option

The procedure is available only if it has not been explicitly disabled through the "Enable device restore via USB option" available in the device system settings (Ref.: "Enable device restore via TAP TAP option" on page 602)

Steps to reset the admin password:

- 1. Placing a file named "device-factory-restore" into a USB stick and plugging it into the device.
- 2. The device restore process starts automatically. The buzzer is played once at the beginning and 3 times at the end if the operation is successful.
- 3. The "device-factory-restore" is deleted from the USB stick and the device rebooted.

48 Updating system components in HMI devices

Most of the system software components can be easily upgraded ensuring a high degree of flexibility in providing updates and fixes to existing and running systems.

New software modules can be updated

- Directly on HMI device using an USB flash drives (see "System Settings" on page 594 for details)
- From HMWIN Studio application (see "Update of system components from the application" on the next page for details)

Each HMI device is labeled with a product code including all factory settings (hardware, software and firmware components). Refer to this label for information on your HMI device. The HMI device update tool also provides detail on the components actually running on the device.



CAUTION: Make sure you use the correct upgrade files, since loading upgrade files unsuitable for your device will cause serious system malfunction. Always check your device product code.



Note: Upgrade files are distributed upon request as a part of technical support activity.



Service call: Downgrade operations are complex tasks which might cause serious damage to your equipment if not performed correctly. These operations are reserved to technical support.

Update of system components from the application 622

Update of system components from the application

You can download system components to a single HMI device or to a bulk of HMI devices of the same type using the Ethernet communication interface.

Path: Run> Manage Target> Board

rget : 192	. 168.45.163 📀			.0					Sys	tem Settings
es										
	s'mauro.crestani/Desk	top)Bulk Updates					_		0	Folder
Refre	ush .					м	ax parallel e	operations: 1 🔹 Abr	Download	🔮 Uploa
Select	Host	IP	MAC	Application	MainOS	ConfigOS	Splash	Boot, oader	ManPPGA	SafeFPG
0				02.05.00.04	UN31HSXX60M0207	UN31HSXX60C0207				
26	👆 HMI	192,168,42,83	003008030E38	02.05.00.04	UN30HSXX60M02041VIUE	UN30H50X60C0Z04	N/A	UN30H5xx012	h148(be01r01	N/A
3	👆 HMI	✓ 192.168.45.163	0030D802A4A7	02.01.00.353	UN31H5XX60M0196	UN31H5XX60C0196	N/A	UN31HSxx012	N/A	N/A
2	👆 HMI	192.168.45.210	0030D801A4DC	02.01.00.353	UN31H5XX60M0207VRFB	PLANUN31H5XX60C0196	N/A	UN31HSE02007	N/A	N/A
	HML	192,168,46,55	0030080301F5	-						
	👆 HML 0835	192.168,6.21	003008030035							
	- HML-0037	192,168,41,37	003009030037							
1	- HMI-Odep	192.168.6.20	003008030038							
	A HM8-004c	192.168.6.79	003009030040							
	+ HML-GOVe	192.168,5.22	0030D8030D4E							
	+ HME-1019	192,168,6.73	003009031018							
1	- HMS-1c20	192.168,6.74	003008031C20							
	- HMD-1c30	192,168,6.71	003000031030							
3	+ HMP-LOW	192 168.6.78	003008031C47							
192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1 192.1	Detais Settings 168:45-210 168:45-210 168:44:180 168:44:180 168:44:180 168:44:180 168:44:180 168:44:180 168:45:210 1	: Panel int : Reading : Panel int : Trivaid c : Cilloen : Reading : Panel int : Reading : Panel int : Reading : Panel int : Invaid c : Reading : Panel int : Invaid c : Reading	panel information ormation retrieved succ panel information ormation retrieved succ ormponent Application fi vinauro.crestani/Deskto panel information ormation retrieved succ ormation retrieved succ panel information ormation retrieved succ ormponent Application fi panel information ormation retrieved succ ormation retrieved succ	zestuły or selected device pyłjkak updates pyłjkak updates zestuły or selected device zestuły or selected device						
wet	iose log		- Frank - Henrick						Save to File	Clear

- 1. Select the folder that contains the files to download to the HMI device or where to upload files from the HMI device
- 2. Select one or more HMI device.
- 3. Select the components that you will download (or upload) to/from the devices
- 4. Start the Download to HMI or the Upload from the HMI operation

Note:

- The tool is designed to update multiple HMI devices of the same type. Please avoid putting files for different device type into the same folder
- If the desired target IP is not listed, type it directly into the box. The discovery service is a broadcast service. When a remote connection is done via VPN or from external networks, it will not work and you will have to enter the address manually.
- · Download of the selected components will be performed only to the compatible devices
- Based on your network and hardware capabilities you can increase the number of devices to update in parallel
- You need to restart the HMI device to finalize the update.

Settings

From the **Settings** tab you can specify the Port and the Password parameters to use to communicate with the HMI devices. Leave Password empty if no password is set on the HMI device side.

Connection	Actions
Port: 2100 Default	Test
Password: ••••	
Keep stored	Restart



WARNING: Bulk mode is working only with the HMI devices that have the same connection parameters

Uploading a splash screen picture

You can replace the default splash screen image shown by the devices during the power up phase.

The image used as splash screen must comply with the following requirements:

Filename	splash.bmp
Format	Bitmap, RGB 565 format
Size	< 500 KB
Bitmap width	Even number (for example 430x239)

To upload the splash screen image:

- 1. Rename the new image splash.bmp and copy it in the source folder.
- 2. Select HMI devices
- 3. Click Download.

To ensure the best visual results, splash screen images must have a black background.

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