

Tool Software

# xAscender Studio **User's Manual**

Basic

WUME-XASCEN-BAS-05

# Contents

1	Getting started	1
	Assumptions	2
	What's new	2
	Information security precautions	4
	Precautions before starting	5
	Installing the application	6
2	Runtime	9
	HMI device basic settings	
	Context menu options	
	Built-in SNTP service	
3	My first project	15
	The workspace	16
	Creating a project	
	Designing a page	
	The Widget Gallery	21
	Label widget	23
	Data field widget	
	Message widget	
	Attaching widget to tags	
	Dialog pages	
4	Programming concepts	
	Data types	
	"Attach to" parameters	43
	Formula	49
	Events	53
	Widgets positioning	
	Managing overlapping widgets	57
	Grouping widgets	58
	Changing multiple widgets properties	60

	Changing fill color property according to values	-
5	Pages	
	Unified pages	64
	Project Validator	64
	Differentiated pages	67
6	Project properties	73
	Runtime	74
	Plug-in	80
	Project	80
	Web	85
	Events	
	Regional Settings	87
7	The HMI simulator	89
	Simulator settings	90
	Tags Simulation	90
	Data simulation methods	93
	Launching and stopping the simulator …	93
8	Transferring the project to HMI device	ə95
	Download to HMI device	96
	Update package	98
	The Runtime loader	101
	Upload projects	102
	Runtime dynamic files handling	103
9	Tag editor	105
	Communication protocols	106
	Adding tags	107
	Exporting tags	110
	Importing tags	110
	Tag find and rename	114

	Tag find and replace	117
10	Indexed addressing	121
	Creating an indexed addressing set	122
	Using indexed tag set in pages	127
11	Tag cross reference	129
	Updating data in the Tag Cross Reference pane	133
12	System Variables (Attach To)	135
	Alarms variables	137
	Buzzer variables	137
	Communication variables	138
	Daylight Saving Time variables	138
	Device variables	139
	Dump information variables	140
	FTP client variables	141
	Keypad variables	142
	Language variables	142
	Network variables	142
	Printing variables	143
	Remote Client variables	144
	Version variables	144
	Screen variables	145
	SD card variables	145
	Server variables	145
	Time variables	146
	Touch screen variables	146
	USB drive variables	147
	User management variables	148
13	System Variables (Protocol)	149
	Client System Variables	150
	Protocol Editor Settings	150
	Tag Import	150
	Default variables	152

	Retentive Memory variables	167
	Services variables	172
14	Actions	175
	Alarm actions	176
	Database actions	177
	Event actions	181
	MultiLanguage actions	181
	Keyboard actions	181
	Media Player actions	183
	FTP actions	184
	Page actions	186
	Print actions	191
	Recipe actions	193
	Remote Client actions	197
	ScreenSaver actions	198
	System actions	198
	Tag actions	211
	Trend actions	213
	Text Editor actions	217
	User management actions	217
	Widget actions	220
15	The xAscender Client	225
	Client application on PC	226
	Client application on HMI	227
	Settings and time zone options	228
16	Using the integrated FTP server	233
	FTP settings	233
17	Using VNC for remote access	235
	Starting VNC server on Linux devices	236
	Starting VNC viewer	236
18	Alarms	237
	Alarms Editor	238
	Remote alarms acknowledge	241

	Alarm state machine	242
	Setting events	242
	Active Alarms widget	.245
	Alarms History widget	.250
	Additional Alarms widgets	.250
	Managing alarms at runtime	.251
	Enable/disable alarms at runtime	.252
	Displaying live alarm data	252
	Exporting alarm buffers to .csv files	.254
	Exporting alarm configuration	.254
19	Events Buffer	.259
20	Recipes	261
	Managing recipes	261
	Configuring a recipe widget	.266
	Recipe status	267
	Uploading/downloading a recipe	.268
	Backup and restore recipes data	.268
21	Trends	. 269
	Data logging	.270
	Exporting trend buffer data	.275
	Exporting trend buffer data	
		.277
	Realtime trend widget	.277 278
	Realtime trend widget	.277 .278 .280
	Realtime trend widget History trend widget Scatter diagram widget	.277 278 .280 .281
	Realtime trend widget History trend widget Scatter diagram widget Scatter chart widget	.277 278 .280 281 286
22	Realtime trend widget History trend widget Scatter diagram widget Scatter chart widget Trend widget tips	.277 278 .280 281 286 292
22	Realtime trend widget History trend widget Scatter diagram widget Scatter chart widget Trend widget tips Table trend widget	.277 278 .280 .281 .286 .292 . <b>299</b>
22	Realtime trend widget History trend widget Scatter diagram widget Scatter chart widget Trend widget tips Table trend widget Data transfer	.277 278 .280 281 286 292 .299 .300
22	Realtime trend widget History trend widget Scatter diagram widget Scatter chart widget Trend widget tips Table trend widget <b>Data transfer</b> Data transfer editor	.277 278 .280 281 286 292 .299 .300 .302
22	Realtime trend widget History trend widget Scatter diagram widget Scatter chart widget Trend widget tips Table trend widget <b>Data transfer</b> Data transfer editor Exporting data to .csv files	.277 278 .280 .281 .286 .292 .299 .300 .302 .302
	Realtime trend widget History trend widget Scatter diagram widget Scatter chart widget Trend widget tips Table trend widget <b>Data transfer</b> Data transfer editor Exporting data to .csv files Data transfer limitations and suggestions	.277 278 .280 .281 .286 .292 .299 .300 .302 .302 .305

	Manual offline configuration	306
	Automatic offline node detection	. 307
24	Multi-language	. 309
	The Multi-language editor	310
	Changing language	.312
	Multi-language widgets	.312
	Exporting/importing multi-language strings	314
	Changing language at runtime	.316
	Limitations in Unicode support	.316
25	Scheduler	319
	Creating a schedule	320
	HighResolution schedule	.321
	Recurring schedule	.321
	Configuring location for schedules	323
	Configuring the Scheduler widget	323
	Scheduling events at runtime	324
26	21 CFR Part 11	. 327
	x.509 Certificate	332
	Signed CSV files	.335
	Signed PDF files	.337
	Compliant applications	340
27	User management and passwords	341
	Enable/disable security management	.342
	Configuring groups and authorizations	342
	Modifying access permissions	.343
	Assigning widget permissions from page view	349
	Configuring users	350
	Default user	352
	Managing users at runtime	.352
	Force remote login	353
28	Audit trails	355
	Enable/disable audit trail	.356

	Electronic Signature	357
	Table audit widget	359
	Exporting audit trail as .csv files	361
29	Reports	363
	Adding a report	364
	Configuring graphic reports	364
	Print triggering events	365
	Default printer	366
30	Screen saver	367
31	Backup/restore of Runtime and proj	ect 369
32	Keypads	371
	Creating and using custom keypads	372
	Deleting or renaming custom keypads	375
	Keypad type	376
	Keypad position	376
33	External keyboards	379
	Search and filter	381
	Displayed keys	381
	Removing action associations	381
	Keyboard layout	382
	Enable/disable keyboard	382
	Associating actions to keys	382
34	Storing data to external databases .	
	Configuring the HMI project	
	Transfer data with JavaScript	387
	Database tables	392
	Custom tables	393
	DB table data source	393
	Database Configuration	
	SQL4Automation (legacy)	400
	Installing SQL4Automation	401
	Configuring SQL4Automation	401
	Connection Limits	403

35	OPC UA Server	405
	Features	405
	Network	405
	Authentication	
	Using x.509 Certificates	406
	Using self-signed certificates	409
	Using external certificates	412
	Alarm map	
36	MQTT Interface	415
	Tags configuration	
	Tags interface	417
	Settings	418
	Topic and Payload	
	MQTT Broker Settings	421
37	Special widgets	427
	BACnet widget	428
	Canvas Widget	428
	Combo Box widget	431
	Consumption Meter widget	435
	Control list widget	437
	TabBar widget	440
	ToolBar widget	
	Stack widget	442
	DateTime widget	445
	Gesture area widget	447
	JavaScript function block widget	451
	Multistate Image widget	453
	Multistate Image Multilayer widget	453
	Network Adapters widget	455
	RSS Feed widget	455
	Scrolling RSS Feed widget	456
	Media Player widgets	
	Browser widget	

	IP Camera widgets	462
	IP Stream widgets	465
	Table widget	
	Grid Layout widget	
	TextEditor widget	491
	Variables widget	
	QR Code widget	494
38	Custom widgets	
	Creating a custom widget	
	Adding properties to a custom widget	500
	Using structured tags	503
	JavaScript in custom widgets	505
	User's Gallery	
39	Sending an email message	511
	Configuring the email server	512
	Configure emails	
40	JavaScript	515
	JavaScript editor	517
	Execution of JavaScript functions	517
	Events	519
	Widget events	520
	Page events	
	System events	
	Objects	
	Widget class objects	525
	Widget properties	526
	Widget methods	529
	Page object	
	Page object properties	530
	Page object methods	531
	Project object	533
	Project object properties	
	Project object methods	

	Project object widgets	543
	Print reports object	544
	Group object	547
	Group object methods	547
	State object	548
	State object methods	548
	Keywords	549
	Global functions	549
	Handling read/write files	550
	Sign in from JavaScript	553
	Limitations in working with widgets in JavaScript	555
	Debugging of JavaScript	555
41	Handling Gestures	559
42	Web access	561
	Supported platforms and browsers	562
	Web pages	562
	Testing the Web project	564
	Downloading the Web project	565
	Web connectivity issues	565
	Web supported features	566
	Troubleshooting and FAQ	569
	Privacy	570
43	Protecting access to HMI devices	571
	Changing password on HMI device	572
	Ports and firewalls	572
	Project Files Encryption	573
	Project Signature	575
44	Tips and tricks to improve performa	nce579
	Static Optimization	580
	FAQ on Static Optimization	583
	Page caching	583
	Image DB	583

	Precaching	. 584
	FAQ on precaching	584
45 cor	Functional specifications and npatibility	585
	Table of functions and limits	. 586
	HMI devices capabilities	. 587
	Compatibility	588
	Converting projects between different HMI devices	
46	HMI device configuration	. 589
	Runtime Installation	. 589
	System Settings	. 595
	Cloud / VPN Service	610
	Update System Components	613
	Touchscreen calibration	. 615
	Password protection	. 617
	Backup and Restore	619
	Recovery Mode	620
47 dev	Updating system components in HMI /ices	621
	Update of system components from the application	622
48	Record of changes	625

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# 1 Getting started

Thank you very much indeed for purchasing "Programmable Display WH series".

In this manual, we explain the usage of "xAscender Studio".

Please use it correctly after understanding the content enough.

xAscender Studio is a software application designed to create graphical HMI pages. xAscender Studio has a drag-anddrop interface that makes it easy to create complex pages. Many of the features found in common Windows applications are also available in xAscender Studio.

xAscender cannot start normally due to the computer management software used as a security measure. In that case, try starting xAscender with administrator privileges. In addition, exclude from the monitoring target by setting the white list etc. in the management software.

This document is divided into chapters that describe the key functions of xAscender Studio and explain how to use them. Each chapter is presented in a standalone manner, allowing you to jump from chapter to chapter, depending on the task at hand.

Assumptions	2
What's new	2
Information security precautions	4
Precautions before starting	5
Installing the application	6

# Assumptions

We assume that readers have a basic understanding of computers, Microsoft Windows, and the specific network environment where the application will run.

# What's new

### What's new in v4.5 SP1

- Added IP Stream widget to support RTSP and MJPEG streams using, when available, hardware codecs. (Ref.: "IP Stream widgets " on page 465)
- Added capability to import a recipe file with different structure (Ref.: "Import/Export recipes" on page 264)
- Added Unicode support to recipes (name recipe sets using all Unicode char set)
- Improve usability of Stack widget (Ref.: "Stack widget" on page 442)
  - Navigation buttons in widget selector for a faster layer editing
  - Added possibility to lock a single view to focus on a single layer editing
  - Added possibility to move widgets between layers
  - Increased maximum number of layers from 10 to 20
- Improved import and export functionality of the multilingual editor (Ref.: "Exporting/importing multi-language strings" on page 314)
  - Added capability of multi line selection
  - Added copy/paste feature to quickly insert translated texts
  - Added search bar and filter by options
  - Added combobox to see only user texts
  - Added a new collapsed way to export texts
- Added option to include dynamic files in project upload (Ref.: "Upload projects" on page 102)
- Added granular sub options to delete specific dynamic files in project download (Ref.: "Download to HMI device" on page 96)
- Added style property to line widget
- Added possibility to create a custom widget starting from a single widget
- · Improved selector when displaying invisible widgets
- Added Epoch and ISO8601 date/time formats for better integration with logger systems
- The web browser widget highlights when the HTTPS site has an untrusted certificate.
- Manage target has the possibility to backup/restore the retentive variables (FRAM).
- Added warning messages on protocol editor in case of bad configurations
- Reviewed default style of keypads to be more readable and usable
- HMI Client GUI now available in other languages

### What's new in v4.5

- New gallery with refreshed style for widgets. New user interface with icons, preview, and search feature. (Ref.: "The Widget Gallery" on page 21)
- HMI device can be configured to accept only signed projects. (Ref.: "Project Signature" on page 575)
- Projects can be encrypted to secure intellectual property and not be readable or editable by unauthorized users. (Ref.: "Project Files Encryption" on page 573)

- The HMI device can be configured to "Allow only Secure HTTPS connections". (Ref.: "Web Server" on page 608)
- When you create a new page, you have the option to associate a dashboard to the page. (Ref.: "Designing a page" on page 20)
- Enhancement of the HMI Simulator with data watch/modify window. (Ref.: "Tags Simulation" on page 90)
- Support connection to external databases using macros or SQL commands. (Ref.: "Storing data to external databases" on page 385)
- HTML5 compatible browser widget, based WebEngine. (Ref.: "Browser widget " on page 460)
- QR Code widget. (Ref.: "QR Code widget" on page 494)
- Tab and toolbar widgets to create easily inline buttons with embedded gestures. (Ref.:"TabBar widget" on page 440)
- Stack widget to display group of widgets in Z axes layers both from design time and from runtime. (Ref.: "Stack widget" on page 442)
- Scatter chart widget. (Ref.: "Scatter chart widget" on page 281)
- Client system variables protocol. Defines a set of system variables that take the values from the active client and not of the server where runtime is running. (Ref.: "Client System Variables" on page 150)
- Environment variables protocol to get access to environment variables of the hosting Operating System. (See communication protocols manual)
- Added support for major communication protocols to keep tags synchronized with the dictionary. (Ref. "Importing tags" on page 111)
- Trends autofill, import/export, and copy/paste functionalities to maximize productivity. (Ref. "Data logging" on page 270)
- Quick change project type from tight click on Project properties. (Ref.: "Changing the device model" on page 17)
- Quick link to open an uploaded project. (Ref.: "Upload projects" on page 102)
- Support for dynamic keyboards depending on language. (Ref. "Language Keyboards" on page 311)
- TLS support in sending emails. (Ref.: "Configuring the email server" on page 512)
- The gesture area widget is supported on web clients (Ref.: "Gesture area widget" on page 447)
- Indexed Tag Sets import/export and copy/paste functionalities to maximize productivity. (Ref.: "Toolbar" on page 126)
- Support for variable widget variables in Indexed Tag sets for independent sessions on the Set. (Ref.: "How to create an indexed tag set" on page 122)
- Added delay between bad passwords to prevent brute force attacks. (Ref.: "Miscellaneous settings" on page 347)
- Allow MQTT to put many tag values into payload. (Ref.: "Multiple Tags" on page 420)
- Autocomplete functionality has been added to the message widget with the ability to quickly choose a previously used message. (Ref. "Auto-completing dialog" on page 36)
- · Porting of Scheduler Widget to new table format.
- Unicode support for DB connectors.

#### **Breaking Changes**

- The old widget gallery has been replaced with the new gallery. See the chapter "Switch to old widget gallery" on page 23 if you need to return to the old gallery
- By default, when a new project is created the FTP service will accept only encrypted connections. See "FTP authorizations" on page 345 if you need to use an old FTP client that does not support the encrypted FTP mode.

# Information security precautions

When use this product you might receive damage as listed below.

- 1. Information leakage or outflow through this product
- 2. Fraudulent operation of this product by a malicious third party
- 3. Obstructing or stopping this product by a malicious third party

Sufficient measures, including the following measures, should be taken at your own risk to prevent such damages.

#### Data storage

• Do not storage of personal information on this product.

#### Password

- Please be sure to change the password since it is set to the default value at the time of purchase.
- Do not use the default password.
- Please be responsible for managing your password so that it is not known to any third party and do not forget it.
- If you forget your internal password, there is no way for you to reset it. You must return the product to us and we will return it to you in its factory condition.
- Please make sure that your password is at least 8 characters long and contains a combination of upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols so that a third party cannot guess your password.
- Do not use the same password as your user name. Do not use the same password as the one you are using elsewhere.
- Please change your password on a regular basis.

#### Networks

- Use this product on a network where safety is secured by using a firewall.
- When using this product on a system where a PC is connected, make sure that checking and cleaning of infection by computer virus or malicious program is performed periodically.
- It has the ability to use unencrypted communications. (FTP, HTTP, SMTP, PLC communications, etc.).
- Please make sure that a third party cannot easily connect to the network used by this product.
- Use HTTPS when accessing this product through a web browser.
- Also, be sure to close all browsers after accessing it.
- Do disable the functions of the services you don't use. (SNMP, NTP, VNC, DHCP, etc.)
- Be sure to log out when you have completed the necessary setup operations.
- Do not install this product or cables in a place where they can be easily destroyed or altered.
- SNMP is assumed to be used for testing purposes. It should be disabled during operation.
- Furthermore, it is recommended that the product be used in an environment that has VPN (Virtual Private Network) or leased line network.

#### Transfer/ Disposal/ Repair

• If the product is to be disposed of, transferred, repaired, or otherwise transferred to a third party, important information may also be recorded on the product and on the external recording media used. At customer's risk, please handle it with care, such as erasing it.

#### Installation

• On the back of the unit, there are interfaces that affect its operation, such as power supply, external storage media, and communication connectors. Please make sure to install the unit in a manner that does not allow unauthorized parties to touch it.

#### Exemption

The Company shall not be responsible for any information security problems or damages that may occur to you in the event that you fail to comply with the above precautions in using this product.

#### **OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE**

This product uses software including open source software. For license information of open source software, refer to [Help] > [Legal Notices...] in the menu of xAscender Studio.

For open source software, refer to following URL.

https://industry.panasonic.com/global/en/products/fasys/hmi/software/wh\_source/

#### Acknowledgement:

- This product includes software developed by the OpenSSL Projec for use in the OpenSSL Toolkit. (https://www.openssl.org/)
- This product includes cryptographic software written by Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com)
- This product includes software written by Tim Hudson (tjh@cryptsoft.com)

# **Precautions before starting**

#### Cautions on handling a USB memory

- Do not remove the USB memory while the power is on. Communication may be stopped. It is necessary to restart the power supply to recover.
- The data saved in the USB memory may be lost in the following cases.

We assume no responsibility whatsoever for the lost of saved data.

- 1. When a user or third party used the USB memory incorrectly.
- 2. When the USB memory was affected by any static electricity or electrical noise.
- 3. When the USB memory was removed or the power supply of the HMI unit was turned off while data was being read, written or deleted to/from the USB memory.
- It is recommended to save important data in another media for backup.

#### Cautions on handling a SD memory card

- Do not remove the SD memory card while the power is on. Communication may be stopped. It is necessary to restart the power supply to recover.
- The data saved in the SD memory card may be lost in the following cases.

We assume no responsibility whatsoever for the lost of saved data.

- 1. When a user or third party used the SD memory card incorrectly.
- 2. When the SD memory card was affected by any static electricity or electrical noise.

- 3. When the SD memory card was removed or the power supply of the HMI unit was turned off while data was being read, written or deleted to/from the SD memory card.
- It is recommended to save important data in another media for backup.

# Installing the application

xAscender Suite installation contains:

- xAscender Studio: an application for designing custom HMI projects in a user-friendly manner, along with a variety of objects in its built-in library, the Widget Gallery.
- xAscender Client: a light-weight application that can be used on Windows computers to remotely view and manage a project running on an HMI device.
- xAscender HMI Runtime : a standalone application that runs on the HMI devices. The HMI Runtime is installed via xAscender Studio.

#### xAscender Studio system requirements

xAscender Studio has the following system requirements:

Operating System	Windows 10 Windows 11
Storage	1 GB Minimum
RAM	1GB
Other	One Ethernet connection

### Installation procedure

To install xAscender Suite:

- 1. Run xAscender Suite setup and click Next.
- 2. Read the xAscender Studio Software License and accept the agreement.

I accept the agreement	
I do not accept the agreement	
	<back next=""> Cancel</back>

- 3. Follow the instructions on the screen. The default location for the c software is C:\Program Files\Panasonic Industry Terminal\xAscender Suite 4.xx, change path if needed.
- 4. If the Select Components step is available, select the components you want to install.
- 5. Select the **Create a desktop icon** option to add a xAscender Studio icon on your desktop. A xAscender Suite group is automatically added to the **Start** menu by the installation procedure.

°°¯∸∙∙∽∧∽∼∽∽∽∧∽∽∧∽∽∞∧∽∞∧∞∽∽√∧∽∽∼±∽∕`──∼∽×∽∼√∽∞×∕∧∧∧∧∞∞∼∞⊀×∕≻∼√≁∼⊀×∧∽	$\sim \gamma$
Additional icons:	
Create a desktop icon	

6. To run the application click the desktop icon or choose Start > All programs > xAscender Studio.

#### Installing multiple versions of xAscender Suite

You may install different instances of xAscender Suite on the same computer. Each installation has its own settings and can be uninstalled individually.

Three installation scenarios are possible:

Installation scenario	Results	
First installation of xAscender Suite in the system	Software is installed in the specified destination folder	
System with only one instance of xAscender Suite already installed	Current version can be replaced or maintained.	
System with multiple instances of xAscender Suite already installed	Last version installed can be replaced or maintained.	

If you try to install a second instance of an already installed version of xAscender Suite, a warning message is displayed.

Multiple xAscender Suite installations share a common workspace folder, each sub-folder includes the version number, for example *C*:\*Program Files*\*Panasonic Industry Terminal*\*xAscender Suite 4.0*. Each installed version has its ID and can therefore be removed individually.

Each installation is listed separately in the Windows Start menu.

### **Opening older projects**

When opening a xAscender Studio project (.jpr file) created with an older version of the software xAscender Studio asks to convert the project to the current version:

Warning	×
The project was created with a Version 04.	05.00.299
<ul> <li>Convert and overwrite current project</li> <li>Select a new location before converting</li> </ul>	the project. (Recommended)
Project Name:	
Location:	
]	Convert Cancel

Option	Description
Convert and overwrite current project	The project is converted without a backup copy of the original version
Select a new location before converting the project	The project is copied inside the specified folder and then converted.



WARNING: Do not edit projects with a version of xAscender Studio older than the version used to create them. This will damage the project and may cause runtime instability.

### Multilanguage for xAscender Studio

xAscender Studio is available in multiple languages. All languages are installed by default as part of xAscender Suite.

The default language is English. To change it go to **Help > Change Language**.

#### **Crash reports**

A crash report dialog appears whenever xAscender Studio freezes or crashs.



Important: Always save crash report files since they may contain useful information for technical support.

# 2 Runtime

xAscender HMI Runtime is designed to support different platforms and different operating systems.

HMI device basic settings	. 10
Context menu options	. 10
Built-in SNTP service	.13

# HMI device basic settings

HMI devices are delivered from factory without Runtime. If no Runtime is installed on the device, see "The Runtime loader" on page 101 for details.

### **Runtime modes**

The xAscender HMI Runtime is composed of two logic units:

- Server: runs communication protocols, collects data, monitors alarms, drives trend buffer sampling.
- Client: displays data collected by server.

The server unit is responsible for handling the HMI services such as the communication protocols, performing data acquisition, driving trend buffer sampling activities, monitoring alarms, and so on.

The client unit is the part which is responsible for the visualization process: use the data collected by the server to render it on the display as graphical information.

The server unit works in two operating modes:

- **Configuration mode**: server is idle (for example when no project is loaded on the device or some system files are missing).
- **Operation mode**: server is operating according to the settings defined by the system files and by the loaded application project.



Note: Data on client may be displayed even if no activity is running on the server.

# **Context menu options**

Some system operations are possible through the context menu. The context menu can be configured to be shown by pressing and holding an empty area of the screen for a few seconds or through the use of an action.



For security reasons, it is advisable to configure the Context Menu to be accessible only using a "macro". In this way, it is possible to configure the use of the macro to authorized users only. (See "Runtime" on page 74 for details)

### Zoom In/Out

Select view size at runtime

### Pan Mode

Enables/disables pan mode after a zoom in

## Settings

	Settings	×
Settings	Password	
Context M	lenu Delay(s): 2	\$
Show Bus	sy Cursor:	
Use Keyp	ads: 🗸	
Keep rete Project up	ntive data on 🔄	
Fit to scre	en size	
	ОК	Cancel

Main parameters	Description
Context Menu Delay(s)	Context menu activation delay. Range: 1–60 seconds.
Show Busy Cursor	Display an hourglass when the system is busy
Use keypads	Display keypads when user touches a data entry field.
	Set to <b>disable</b> when an external USB keyboard is connected to the device.
Keep retentive data on project update	Preserve the content of the retentive data at project download or update.
Fit to screen size	Adapts the view to the screen size
Password	Define password protected operations amongst the following:
	Download Project/Runtime
	Upload project
	Board management (BSP Update)
	See "Protecting access to HMI devices" on page 571 for details.

### **Project Manager**

Project Manager	×
project1/project1.jpr project2/project2.jpr	
UnLoad Load Delete Cl	ose

This tool allows you to:

- unload the current project
- load another project
- delete a project.

When you load a new project, the current project is automatically unloaded.

### Update

This function loads update packages from an external USB drive. See "Update package" on page 98 for details.

### Backup

You can create a backup copy of the Runtime and of the project.

## Logging

This function displays a log of system operations.

HMI Logger	×
<4>Feb 09 05:40:21 HMI-79d9 Spool folder path for flash med	
<7>Feb 09 05:40:22 HMI-79d9 "Failed to open file for reading:	/mn
<4>Feb 09 05:40:23 HMI-79d9 Error subscribing alarms: -1	
<14>Feb 9 05:40:27 0.0.0.0 idal[0x9f1]: BaseProtocol: [prot1,]	
<14>Feb 9 05:40:27 0.0.0.0 idal[0x9f1]: PROTO::[prot1, MOD	
<4>Feb 09 05:40:27 HMI-79d9 libpng warning: iCCP: known ii	ncor
<14>Feb 9 05:40:31 0.0.0.0 idal[0x9f1]: BaseProtocol: [prot1,]	MOE
<14>Feb 9 05:40:31 0.0.0.0 idal[0x9f1]: PROTO::[prot1, MOD]	T] R€
<14>Feb 9 05:40:35 0.0.0.0 idal[0x9f1]: BaseProtocol: [prot1,]	MOE
<14>Feb 9 05:40:35 0.0.0.0 idal[0x9f1]: PROTO::[prot1, MOD]	T] Nc-
<14>Feb 9 05:41:09 0.0.0.0 idal[0x9f1]: BaseProtocol: [prot1.]	MOE
<14>Feb 9 05:41:09 0.0.0.0 idal[0x9f1]: PROTO::[prot1, MOD	T] No 🖕
4	Þ
Auto scroll enabled Log to File	

Click Log to file to save data: a logger.txt file is saved to the ... \var\/og folder.

This file can be retrieved using an FTP Client and forwarded to technical support.



Note: Once enabled, logging is maintained after power cycles and must be manually disabled.

### Show log at boot

This function enables the logger at start up. If the Log to file option has been enabled, log files are saved from startup.

#### Logout

Logs off the current user.

#### Show system settings

Allow the HMI settings and the management of system components. See "HMI device configuration " on page 589 for details.

#### **Developer tools**

Utility functions for debugging at runtime. It is visible only if enabled in the Project Properties (see "Developer tools" on page 76 for details).

#### About

This function shows information about the Runtime version and the device IP Address.



WARNING: Context Menu action has no effect if executed from a dialog page.

#### Exit

Exit from the xAscender HMI Runtime .

The command is only available during the development activity when the xAscender HMI Runtime has been manually activated. The command is not available during the normal operation of the operator panel.

# **Built-in SNTP service**

The HMI device features an integrated SNTP that synchronizes the internal real-time clock panel whenever the predefined server is available.

Use HMI device "System Settings" on page 595 to configure the service.

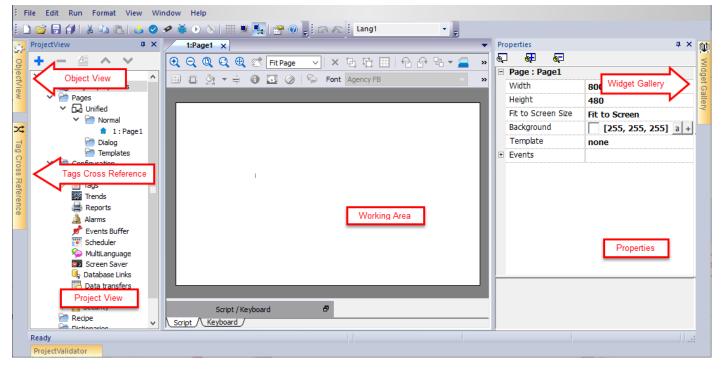
# 3 My first project

This section describes how to create a simple xAscender Studio project.

The workspace	16
Creating a project	17
Designing a page	
The Widget Gallery	21
Label widget	
Data field widget	
Message widget	
Attaching widget to tags	
Dialog pages	

# The workspace

## Workspace areas



xAscender Studio workspace is divided into the following main areas:

Area	Description	
Project View	Project elements in hierarchical project tree.	
Object View	ree view of widgets organized by page.	
Working Area	Space where pages are edited. Tabs at the top of the area show all open pages.	
Properties	Properties of selected object.	
Widget Gallery	Library of graphic objects and symbols.	
Tag cross reference         List of locations where a given tag is referenced.		
Project Validator	ject Validator Area used from the Project Validator to list warning messages related to the project	



Note: The workspace layout can be changed at any time, changes are saved and maintained through working sessions.

### Resetting the workspace layout

To restore the default layout, use the **File > Reset and Restart** function.

# **Creating a project**

#### Path: File> New Project

- 1. In the **Project Wizard** dialog enter a name for the project and the storage location.
- 2. Click Next: the HMI device selection dialog is displayed.
- 3. Choose one device from the list of the available models.
- 4. Choose device orientation.
- 5. Choose the project template to create.
- 5. Click Finish to complete the Wizard.

#### **Portrait rotation exceptions**

The following elements are not rotated in portrait mode.

Element	Description
Operating system dialogs	System settings and system dialog
ContextMenu and related dialogs	Project Manager, About, Settings, Logging, Backup
Video	IPCamera, MediaPlayer
JavaScript	Alert and Print function
Dialog pages	"Title" of dialog pages
Scheduler	Dialogs for data entry
Масто	ShowMessage, LunchApplication, LunchBrowser
External applications	PDF Reader



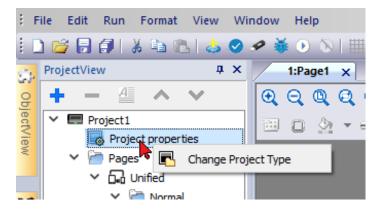
HMI devices based on Linux platform can be rotated from the BSP (see "*Displays*" tab from the "System Settings" on page 595)

### Changing the device model

Once you have developed your project you can still change the device model, from the Project Properties pane (Ref.: "Project" on page 80). This will not resize the widgets, but will relocate them on the screen. A warning will be displayed if some objects cannot be relocated.

-	Project Widget : Project12	5		_
-				
	Id	Project125		
	Full Path	C:\Users\Exor-Test	Docum	nen
	Version			
Ξ.	Runtime			
	Plug-in			
Ξ.	Project			
	Display Mode	Landscape		+
	Project Type	Runtime PC		+
	Panel Memory	2GB		+
	PageRequest		а	+
	CurrentPage		а	+
	SyncOptions	disable		
	Hold Time (ms)	2000		
	Autorepeat Time (ms)	250		
	Background color option	None		
	ComboBox View Mode	Context		
	Encrypted Project	false		+
	Sign Project	false		
	Show Messages	true		
	Enable CSRF Token	true		
+	Web			
+	Events			
+	Regional Settings			

A shortcut to quickly access the device model dialog is available on the Project View panel



## **Project Template**

Project Wizard	$\times$
Project Template	
One page profile for HMI Device and Web clients.	
O Native and Web	
One page profile for HMI Device and one for Web clients.	
◯ Custom	
Multiple page profiles for Web clients. Example: clients based on tablet and smartphone.	
Back Finish Cancel	

The "project template" proposes and then creates, the most common folder structures for the project's pages. Later, you can always modify the structure at any time.

The propose structure are:

Element	Description	
Unified	Create a unique folder that will contain all the pages of your project. The same pages could be used on HMI Device, on remote clients and on Web Clients. Use this choice if you want to have the same pages on all platforms.	
Native and Web	Create two folders, one to contain the pages of your project that will be used on the HMI device and another one for the pages that will be used on Web clients. Use this choice if you want to have different pages on Web clients.	
Custom	Give the possibility to create different folders to contain the pages to use on HMI device, Web client, Table client, and Smartphone client.	

### Copying, moving, renaming a project

xAscender Studio projects folder contain all the files of the project: to move, copy or backup a project, move or copy the project folder to the desired location.

To rename a project use the **File > Save Project As** function: this operation might take a few minutes.



WARNING: Do not rename the project folders manually.

# Designing a page

#### Path: ProjectView > Pages

When a project is created, the first page is automatically added and shown in the Page Editor.

### Adding objects to a page

Drag and drop objects from Widget Gallery to the page.

### Adding a page

- 1. Right click the Pages node from the project tree and select Insert new page.
- 2. Type a name for the new page.

Insert new page		?	×
Page name: Page2	🗹 Dashboard		
Page type Normal O Dialog O Template	Dashboard 1.jmx Dashboard 2.jmx		^
Unified			
Categories:	Dashboard3.jmx Dashboard4.jmx		
	Dashboard5.jmx Dashboard6.jmx		~
	OK	Cano	el

#### Page Type

Define the page type that can be:

Normal Normal page

Dialog Page with a smaller size that can be popup over a normal page

Template A page that can be used as a background of a normal page

#### Category

If you are developing different pages for different devices types, select the "Category" folder that identifies the devices that will display the page. See "Differentiated pages" on page 1 for additional details.

#### Dashboard

When you create a new page, you have the option to associate a dashboard with the page. The dashboard adds the ability to configure spatial relationships between page widgets. If you choose to have a dashboard it is recommended to

define the desired grid before placing the widgets in the grid. You can refer to chapter "Grid Layout widget" on page 484 for details of how to configure the grid.

#### Importing a page

When importing a page xAscender Studio will import the page layout and the page widgets without importing the actions and data links attached to widgets. You can choose between two different behavior:

- · importing only the pages and the widgets: in this case all actions and data link have to be defined
- importing pages with references to actions and data links: used tags must be present in the project for these elements to work properly



Note: Page import can only be performed between projects made using the same software version. Save the older project as the newer version, then try again.

- 1. Right click the Pages node from the project tree and select Import page.
- 2. Choose the page to be imported from the desired project then click **OK**: a warning message is displayed.
- 3. Click **Yes** to remove all the links to data and actions. Click **No** to maintain the reference to data links and actions. Tags need to be available in the new project.

### Group of pages

You can group similar pages for easier maintenance. Grouping pages does not affect how pages appears at runtime. To create a group of pages:

- 1. In **ProjectView** right click **Pages** node and select **Create Group**: a new folder is added
- 2. To move a page to a group, right click a page and select **Groups** > groupName.

# The Widget Gallery

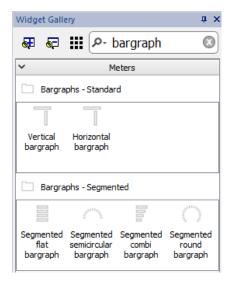
#### Path: View> Toolbars and Docking Windows> Widget Gallery

HMI objects required to build an application are available in the **Widget Gallery**. The gallery is divided into several categories, each containing a collection of widgets.

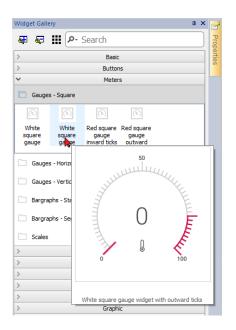
List view and Grid view are available:

Widget Gallery 📮 🗶	Widget Gallery 🏨 🗶
🖶 🔄 🧮 🔎 Search	🐙 🕼 🗰 🔎 Search
✓ Basic	Grid View Basic
Text/Numeric Data Objects	Text/Numeric Data Objects
T Label	тТ # # тТ
# Numeric	Label Numeric Numeric Message
# Numeric (hex)	(hex)
Message	
Images	Images
🗀 Shapes	Shapes
Trends/Chart	Trends/Chart
C Recipes	C Recipes

You can type text in the search bar to easily find the widget that you are searching:



Note that when the mouse has placed over a widget the preview of the widget will be displayed



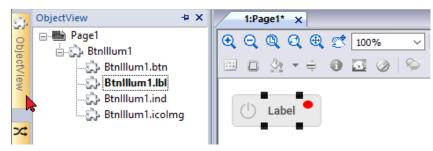
### Adding a widget to a page

- 1. Select the widget from the Widget Gallery.
- 2. Drag and drop it on the page.

### **Complex widgets**

Some widgets are composed of many sub widgets.For example, a rectangle button with a LED is a widget composed of a button, a label, an icon, and a LED. The structure of widgets can be seen in the **ObjectView** when the widget is selected.

You can select a sub-widget, such as the label in a button, from the **ObjectView** and modify it without ungrouping the whole widget.



### Switch to old widget gallery

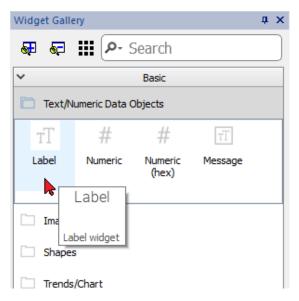
The current version of xAscender Studio contains a completely revised new widget gallery. If you need to use the old gallery, you can switch back to the old library using the "Use Old Gallery" command available from the View menu on the main toolbar.

Path: View> Use Old gallery

# Label widget

The label widget gives the possibility to display text and tags values.

#### Path: View> Toolbars and Docking Windows> Widget Gallery



## Label properties

Drag and drop the widget inside the page and select the widget to open the properties dialog of the widget.

Note that some properties are visible only when the "Show Advanced Properties" button is selected.

<b>•</b>	Pr	operties		ą ×
✓ L ▼ 登 型 ▼ H ▼ > »	5	∎ <b>6</b> ⊒		
		Text : label2		
I U ≣ ≣ ≣	L	Text	Hello World	a +
^	÷	Marker		
• • • •	÷	Events		
Hello World		Text		
		Font	Roboto	>]
	L	Font Type	normal	
	L	Font Color	[0, 0, 255]	a +
	L	Font Size	24	a +
	L	Font Style	normal	
	L	Font Bold	false	
	L	Font Under	false	
		Font Antiali	true	a +
		Horiz Align	center	
	L	Vert Align	middle	
	L	Word Wrap	true	
	L	Masked	false	a +
	+	Frame		
	+	Live Tags		
	+	Scrolling		
	+	General		
	+	Position		

Property	Description
Text	The string to display. String can be static or retrieved from a TAG. See "Attaching widget to tags " on page 36
Marker	Enable a Marker around the widget (It is visible only inside xAscender Studio)
Events	Action that will be executed if widget contents change. See "Events" on page 53
Text	Text properties
Frame	Parameters to enable and configure a frame of the widget and/or a color for the background

Property	Description	Description					
Live Tags	Enable to use tags values inside the text message. See "Live Tags" on page 28						
	- Enable Live Tag	Enable live tags placeholder					
	- Dynamic Subscrip	tion When true, only the tags that are visible are retrieved from the communication protocol. When false, all tags are kept continuously updated even they are not visible.					
Scrolling	Parameters to enable	e and configure the scrolling of the text message					
	None						
	Slow						
	Normal						
	• Fast	• Fast					
	Custom	Custom					
	When the custom mode is selected, the below parameters can be defined:						
	- Scroll type	For each timeout, the text is scrolled of a custom amount of characters or pixels.					
		Characters					
		• Pixels					
	- Scroll delay	The timeout after which label effectively start to scroll (mSec)					
	- Scroll timer	The timeout which defines each scroll step (mSec)					
	- Scroll dots or - Scroll characters	The number of pixels scrolled for each timer timeout or The number of character scrolled for each timer timeout					
	- Scroll behavior	OnlyOnce Text scrolling stops after the first complete.					
		LoopWithDelay Text scrolling restart after each complete cycle, waiting for the delay.					
		Loop Text scrolling never stop					

Property	Description	
General	General properties	
	- Id	Widget identifier. You can leave the default value or rename it to have a more appropriate name
	- Visible	When false the widget is not visible
	- Opacity	The opacity-level describes the transparency-level, where 1 is not transparent at all, 0.5 is 50% see-through, and 0 is completely transparent.
	- Blink	The text will blink
	- Lock	When True, the widget cannot be selected and moved from the xAscender Studio page editor
	- Static Optimization	Normal xAscender Studio will decide the best optimization mode to use
		Static xAscender Studio optimize the widget assuming it will never be modified by the runtime
		Dynamic xAscender Studio will not add additional optimizations
Position	The widget position	on the display. See "Widget position on the display" on page 29

Some properties have a couple of buttons:

а

+

Enter edit mode: you can directly type the tag name to use

Attach to tag: the dialog where select the tag to use will be opened

A double clicks over the label widget will open the edit dialog box where you can enter the text to display and set the main text properties.

Text			
🗹 두 Multilanguage	Lang1	✓ B I U Roboto	~ >]
Temperature: [Tag1]°C	:		
Choose text from of	ther widgets $$	Enable Live Tags	OK Cancel

### Live Tags

"Enable Live Tags" is enabled, text between square brackets are managed as tags place holders and will be rendered, from the runtime, using the tag value.

For example, the text label "*Temperature: [Tag1]* °C" will be rendered as:

#### Temperature: 18 °C

where "18" is the value contained inside Tag1

#### Tags

• [TagName]

The tag value is read and continuously updated



Use '\' before '[]' if you want to show the '[]' in the description string, for example: \[Tag\[1\]\] will display the string "[Tag[1]]".

Use '\', even when the tag label contains square brackets. For example, to display the live tag value of tag "TAG]3" or "TAG[3]" use:

- TAG\]3 = [TAG\]3]
- TAG\[3\] = **[**TAG\[3\]**]**

#### Array Tags

To reference the entire array (all elements will be shown):

• [TagName]

All array elements will be displayed using a comma separate list.

• [TagName[-1]] All array elements will be displayed using a comma separate list.

To reference an element of the array:

- [TagName.Index] Example: [MyARRAY.5] will display the sixth element of the MyARRAY
- [TagName[TagIndex]] Example: [MyARRAY[TagIndex]] will display the sixth element of the MyARRAY when TagIndex is 5

#### **Data Formats**

Placeholder characters can be used to control how to display the tag value (see "Custom Formats" on page 32)

• [TagName|format("###")]

Example:

Live: [fCounter|format("#.00")] - Triggered: [!fCounter|format("#.00")]



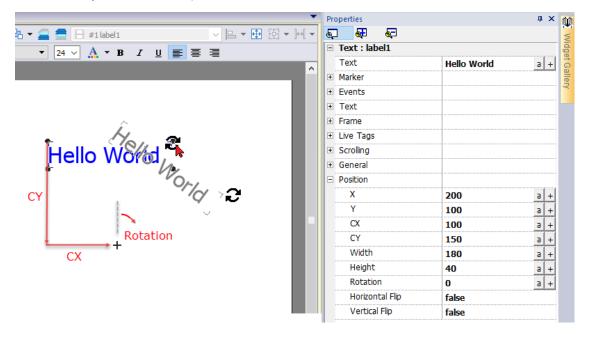
Note that by default, all tags are displayed as an integer. If you want to display a float number, you have to specify how to show the number adding the decimal digits.

#### Widget position on the display

1:Page1 2:Page2 x	👻 Pi	roperties		φ×
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		🗋 🚳 😂		
□ □ ∴ · ÷ □ □ ⊘ ♀ Font Roboto · >] 24 ∨ A · B I U ≡ ≡ ≡	E	Text : label1		
		Text	Hello World	a +
1		Marker		
		Events		
Y		Text		
		Frame		
X .		Live Tags		
		Scrolling		
Hello World Height		General		
		Position		
Width		X	200	a +
		Y	100	a +
		CX	100	a +
		CY	150	a +
		Width	180	a + a + a + a + a + a + a + a + a +
		Height	40	a +
		Rotation	0	9 +
		Horizontal Flip	false	
		Vertical Flip	false	

#### Rotation

To rotate a widget, click two times the widget. After the first click, the markers will become square, after the second click will become circles. Now click the mouse over a circle marker and drag and drop to rotate the widget. The rotation center is identified by the CX and CY parameters.



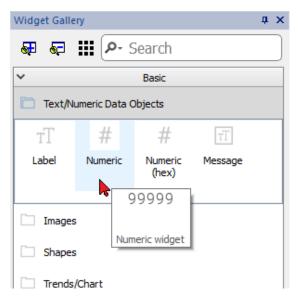


Note that all "Position" properties can be attached to tags and can be modified dynamically at runtime to move the widget.

# Data field widget

The most common widget is the data field widget that give the possibility to display value of tags. (See "Tag editor" on page 105).

Path: View> Toolbars and Docking Windows> Widget Gallery



# **Field properties**

•	Pr	operties					ф х	
	5	] 👫 🖉						
		Field : f	fiel	d1				
		Value			99999		a +	
	н.	Number	r Fo	ormat	Numeri	C		
La dia di	н.	Show T	ho	usand Separator	false		a +	[
99999	н.	Decimal	Dig	gits	0		a +	[
	н.	Leading	I Dig	gits	0		a +	[
	н.	Keypad	eypad			Numeric		
		Events						
	н.	OnDataUpdate Action			+			
	н.			Field : field1				
	н.			Value		9999	<del>9</del> 9	ан
	н.			Number Format		Cust	om	
	н.			Show Thousand 9	Separator	false	l	ан
	н.			Custom		#0.0	00e+	0 a +
				Keypad		Num	eric	
			+	Events				
				OnDataUpdate	Action			

Property	Description
Value	Tag that contain the information to display
Number Format	Display format
	<ul> <li>None No restrictions (system decide the format to use)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Numeric Numerical format. Decimal digits and Leading digits can be used to better define the number format</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>hex Hexadecimal format. Leading digits can be used to better define the number format</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>HEX The same of "hex" format but using uppercase</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>scientific</li> <li>Scientific format. Decimal digits can be used to better define the number format</li> </ul>
	SCIENTIFIC     The same of "scientific" format but using uppercase

Property	Description
	Custom     Use the additional "Custom" parameter to better define the format to use (see     the below table)
Show Thousand Separator	To show/hidden the thousands separator
Decimal Digits	Number of decimal digits to show (not available on all format types)
Leading Digits	Number of leading digits to show (not available on all format types)
Custom	String that define the number format to use (available only when selected Number Format is CUSTOM)
Keypad	Keypad type to pop up to edit the tab value
	• None
	<ul> <li>Alphabetic, Numeric, Etc.</li> <li>Pop up a predefined keypad or a user keypad (see "Keypads" on page 371)</li> </ul>
	Wheel
	Keypad will not be displayed . Wheel can be used to increment/decrement the numeric value
	<ul> <li>Macro Keypad will not be displayed . Keyboard macro can be used to enter keys (see "Keyboard actions" on page 181)</li> </ul>
Events	
OnDataUpdate Action	Commands list to execute any time the tag value changes (See "Actions" on page 175 for the available commands)



The character used as thousand separators (point) and the character used as decimal separator (comma) can be modified from the global Project Property. See "Regional Settings" on page 87

Some properties have a couple of buttons:

- a Enter edit mode: you can directly type the tag name to use
- + Attach to tag: the dialog where select the tag to use will be opened

#### **Custom Formats**

In custom property, the allowed chars are "#" "." "0" "h" "H" "e" "E"

Use the place holder characters to control the display of digits before and after the decimal place. Use the number sign (#) if you want to display only the significant digits in a number. This sign does not allow the display non-significant zeros. Use the numerical character for zero (0) if you want to display non-significant zeros when a number might have fewer digits than have been specified in the format code.

If a number has more digits to the left of the decimal point than there are placeholders in the format code, the extra digits are displayed. However, if a number has more digits to the right of the decimal point than there are placeholders in the format code, the number is rounded off to the same number of decimal places as there are placeholders.

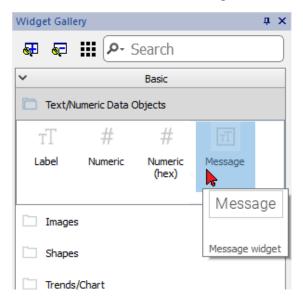
#### Examples

To display	As	Place Holder
123	0123	000#
1500	5DC	#H
1500	5dc	#h
1500	05DC	000#H
123.456	123.46	#.##
123.456	000123.456000	00000#.000000
12,200,000	1.22E+07	#0.00E+00
12,200,000	12.2E+6	#0.0E+0

# Message widget

The message widget gives the possibility to display text a message indexed from a tag value.

#### Path: View> Toolbars and Docking Windows> Widget Gallery



#### **Message properties**

Drag and drop the widget inside the page and select the widget to open the properties dialog of the widget.

Note that some properties are visible only when the "Show Advanced Properties" button is selected.

	•	Pr	operties		Ţ.	×
#1label1 ∨ 🕒 🔻 🔂 🕶 ]↔[	-	6				
A. ▼ B <i>I</i> <u>U</u> <b>≡ ≡ ≡</b>			Message Text : msgtext	1		
			Value	0		+
			DataLink	Tag1 R/W		-
Message when tag value is 0			Access Type	R/W		
			Messages		а	+
			View Index	true		
		÷	Events			
		÷	Marker			
		÷	Text			
			Live Tags			
			Enable Live Tags	true		
			Dynamic Subscription	true		
		÷	Frame			
			General			
			Disable	false	а	+
			Scrolling	None	а	+
			Line Separator			
			Blink	false	а	+
			Id	msgtext1		
			Visible	true	а	+
			Opacity	1	а	+
			Lock	false	а	+
		÷	Position			

Property	Description
Value	The tag name to used to dynamically select the message to display. See "Attaching widget to tags " on page 36
	When the "Access Type" is R/W, the value of the attached tag can be changed by clicking on the message. As a result, the message will be updated to be aligned with the new index value.
Messages	The list of messages to display. Click + to open a dialog where you enter messages and the associated index
View Index	If true, when the widget is editable (Access Type = R/W) the selection dialog will also show the index number associated with each message.
Events	Action that will be executed if widget contents change. See "Events" on page 53
Marker	Enable a Marker around the widget (It is visible only inside xAscender Studio)
Text	Text properties (font, color, size, etc.)

Property	Description		
Live Tags	Enable to use tags v	values ir	nside the text message. See "Message widget" on page 33
	- Enable Live Tag		Enable live tags placeholder
	- Dynamic Subscri	ption	When true, only the tags that are visible are retrieved from the communication protocol. When false, all tags are kept continuously updated even they are not visible.
Frame	Parameters to enab background	le and c	configure a frame of the widget and/or a color for the
General	General properties		
	- Disable	Disat	ble user inputs on the widget
		i	Attaching a tag at this property is possible to enable/disable the possibility to modify the value at runtime
	- Scrolling	Para mess	neters to enable and configure the scrolling of the text age
			n enabled, all messages are linked together and ayed in scrolling mode.
	- Line Separator		acters to insert between messages when shown in ing mode
	- Blink	The t	ext will blink
	- Id	•	et identifier. You can leave the default value or rename it ve a more appropriate name
	- Visible	Whe	n false the widget is not visible
	- Opacity	not tr	opacity-level describes the transparency-level, where 1 is ansparent at all, 0.5 is 50% see-through, and 0 is oletely transparent.
	- Lock		n True, the widget cannot be selected and moved from Ascender Studio page editor
Position	The widget position	on the a	display. See "Widget position on the display" on page 29

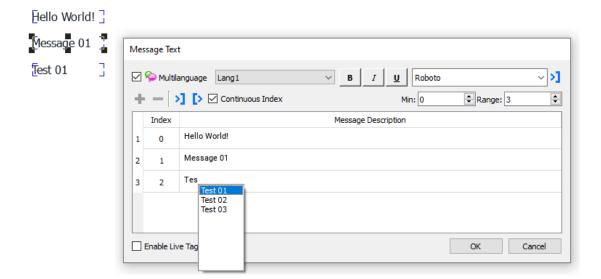
Some properties have a couple of buttons:

- a Enter edit mode: you can directly type the tag name to use
- + Attach to tag: the dialog where select the tag to use will be opened

A double clicks over the label widget will open the edit dialog box where you can enter the text to display and set the main text properties.

#### Auto-completing dialog

When you start to type the message the auto-completing dialog will propose the available messages already typed.



#### Import/Export

The import/export buttons, give you the possibility to import or export the entire messages list inside a .xml file that can be edit/modify using external tools.



Export messages inside an editable .xml file

	5	1	
	1	e.	

Import messages from a .xml file



If you need to use the same message widget in different places, to save maintenance time you can create and duplicate a custom widget. When a custom widget is configured with "Only Logic" or "Full" inheritance mode, the modify (e.g. add, remove or change messages list) of a single widget will be propagated to all widgets. See "Creating a custom widget" on page 498



# Attaching widget to tags

To control a widget and animate it through live data it is possible to bind a specific property to different data sources. For example it is possible to bind the gauge **Value** property to a probe temperature tag, or the **Display** property to a recipe

#### data

#### **Data sources**

Elements to which an object property can be attached:

Data source	Description
Тад	Tag defined in the Tag Editor
Alias	Indexed tag address
System	Predefined system tags (see "System Variables (Attach To)" on page 135)
Widget	Connect to a widget property (for example, value of a slider widget)
Recipe	Data from the Recipe Manager (see "Recipes" on page 261)

#### Attaching a property to a tag

- 1. Click + in the Properties pane.
- 2. In Source choose the data source, in the list choose a protocol and the tag. Use the Search box to filter tags.

ata							
	Type Tag n	iame		^	Property	Value	
Modbus TCP:prot1 Model: Modicon Modbus	(1 hand) Container				✓ Driver		
MRTU1	unsignedShort MRTL	н			Model	Modicon Modbus(1-	<b>)</b>
- MRTU2	unsignedShort MRTL				Protocol	Modbus TCP:prot1	
- MRTU3	unsignedShort MRTL				Y Tag		
MRTU4	unsignedShort MRTL				Data Type	unsignedShort	
MRTU5	unsignedShort MRTU				Tag name	MRTU1	
MRTU6	unsignedShort MRTL	J6			PLC tag name	Modbus TCP:prot1:	ui
- MRTU7	unsignedShort MRTU	17			Groups		
- MRTU8	unsignedShort MRTL				Tag URI	1?HREG?400001?ur	s
MRTU9	unsignedShort MRTL				Comment		
- MRTU10	unsignedShort MRTL				Rate	500	
- MRTU11	unsignedShort MRTU				R/W	R/W	
MRTU12	unsignedShort MRTL				Active	false	
- MRTU13	unsignedShort MRTL						
	unsignedShort MRTL	114			Simulator	Variables	
MRTU14							
-MRTU15	unsignedShort MRTL	J15			Scaling	None	
MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17		J15 J16		¥	Scaling Min value	0	
MRTU 15 MRTU 16 MUTI 17 ady Read Only O Read/M Formula	unsignedShort MRTL unsignedShort MRTL	J15 J16 J17	Array index 0	¥			₹.
MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17 ady Read Only O Read/M Formula Scaling	unsignedShort MRTL unsignedShort MRTL unsignedShort_MRTL	J15 J16 J17	Array index 0	~		0	"Here"
MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17 ady	unsignedShort MRTL unsignedShort MRTL unsignedShort_MRTL	J15 J16 J17	Array index 0	<b>~</b>		0	ſ
MRTUIS MRTUIS MRTUIS Read Only O Read/W Formula Scaling Bit/Byte Indexing Color Palette	unsignedShort MRTL unsignedShort MRTL unsignedShort_MRTL	J15 J16 J17	Array index 0	v )		0	4

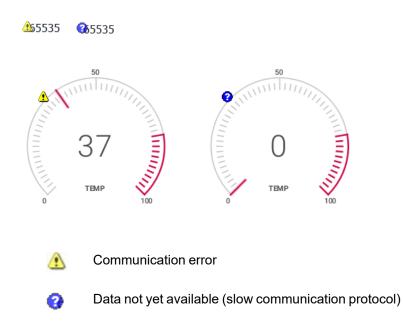
- 3. Set the access type (for example **Read Only**). The **Array Index** field appears when the selected tag is an array to identify the element of the array to use. The indirect index mode, through an additional tag, is supported.
- 4. Click OK to confirm.

The icons adjacent to the tag name highlight when a definition does not match the tag definition in the dictionary, or when missing. If the **Show all tags** is selected, all the dictionary tags are shown also if not imported within the application. A double-click will import the tags from the dictionary.

See ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details.

### **Communication Error**

Two icons may appear close to widgets that have an attached tag.



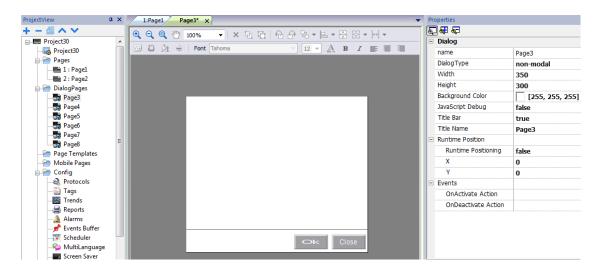
# **Dialog pages**

#### Path: ProjectView> Dialogs

Dialog pages are opened at runtime on top of the current page on project request. They are used to notify alarms, errors or to require user action.

Property	Description				
Dialog Type	<b>modal</b> = user cannot return to main project window/page until dialog is closed.				
	<b>non-modal</b> = user can continue to use main project window (or other non- modal dialogs ) while a dialog is shown on top of it.				
Title Bar	true = dialog title displayed				
	false = no dialog title displayed				
Title Name	Dialog title. Only if <b>Title Bar</b> =true.				
Runtime Position	Dialog fixed position				
	<b>false</b> = Dialog will be placed centered on the screen				
	<b>true</b> = Dialog will be placed with upper-left corner at position X and Y				

## Main dialog properties



#### Maximum number of dialogs

Maximum number of open dialogs is defined in "Functional specifications and compatibility" on page 585.

When the maximum number of open dialogs is reached, the oldest dialog is closed to open the new one.

# 4 Programming concepts

Programming for xAscender Studio is based on a few basic concepts and behaviors.

Data types	42
"Attach to" parameters	43
Formula	
Events	53
Widgets positioning	
Managing overlapping widgets	57
Grouping widgets	
Changing multiple widgets properties	60
Changing fill color property according to tag values	61

# Data types

When creating a tag you have to specify its properties. Data type are specific to xAscender Studio, memory type are specific to the selected protocol. Choose the value according to the internal representation you need for the selected controller address.



Note: arrays type use the same data type followed by "[]" (i.e.: boolean [])

On some PLCs (e.g. CODESYS) arrays start from index 1 while on xAscender Studio the arrays start from index 0. This means that arrayTAG[1] on PLC is the arrayTAG[0] on xAscender Studio.

Data Type	Memory Space	Limits	
boolean	1-bit data	01	
byte	8-bit data	-128 127	
short	16-bit data	-32768 32767	
int	32-bit data	-2.1e9 2.1e9	
int64	64-bit data	-9.2e18 9.2e18	
unsignedByte	8-bit data	0 255	
unsignedShort	16-bit data	0 65535	
unsignedInt	32-bit data	04.2e9	
uint64	iint64 64-bit data		
float	float IEEE single-precision 32-bit floating point type		
double	IEEE double-precision 64-bit floating point type	2.2e-308 1.79e308	
string	Array of elements containing character code defined by selected encoding		

#### System Time

Format of System Time inside the HMI Device is the Unix time (also known as Epoch time). It is the number of seconds that have elapsed since the Unix epoch, that is the time 00:00:00 UTC on 1 January 1970.

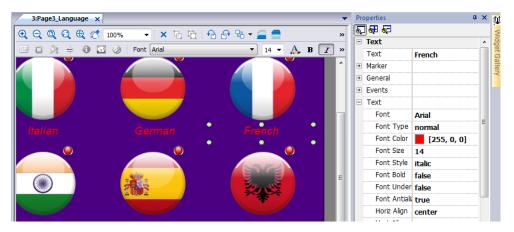
Example:

Tag Value	System Time	ISO 8601
0	01/01/1970-01:00:00	1970-01-01T00:00:00+00:00
1	01/01/1970 - 01:00:01	1970-01-01T00:00:01+00:00
60	01/01/1970 - 01:01:00	1970-01-01T00:01:00+00:00

# "Attach to" parameters

### **Object properties**

In xAscender Studio the properties of an object placed on a page can be set at programming time or configured to be dynamic. To change a property at programming time use the page toolbar or the property pane. Select the object first to see its properties displayed.



The page toolbar shows only the most common object properties, while the property pane show all the properties in a basic or advanced view.

To change a property value dynamically you can attach it to tags or variables.

### Attaching a property to a tag

- 1. Click + in the **Properties** pane.
- 2. In **Source** choose the data source, in the list choose a protocol and the tag. Use the **Search** box to filter tags.

~					ol: Show all 🗸 🗸	Show all tags
Data	Туре	Tag name		^	Property	Value
Modbus TCP:prot1	Container				✓ Driver	
Model: Modicon Modbus	unsignedShort	MDTLH			Model	Modicon Modbus(1-b.
MRTU2	unsignedShort				Protocol	Modbus TCP:prot1
- MRTU3	unsignedShort				Y Tag	
MRTU4	unsignedShort				Data Type	unsignedShort
- MRTU5	unsignedShort				Tag name	MRTU1
MRTU6	unsignedShort				PLC tag name	Modbus TCP:prot1:ui
- MRTU7	unsignedShort				Groups	
- MRTU8	unsignedShort				Tag URI	1?HREG?400001?uns
- MRTU9	unsignedShort				Comment	
MRTU10	unsignedShort				Rate	500
- MRTU11 - MRTU12	unsignedShort				R/W	R/W
MRTU12	unsignedShort unsignedShort				Active	false
MRTU13	unsignedShort			_	Simulator	Variables
	unsignedShort			_	Scaling	None
					Scaling	
MRTU15	unsignedShort	MRTU16			Min control	
MRTU16	unsignedShort			~	Min value	0
MRTU16 MRTU17 eady ) Read Only () Read/W Formula		MPTI 117	0000 Array index		Min value	0
MRTU16 MPT117 eady ) Read Only () Read/M	unsignedShort	MPTI 117	0000 Array index		Min value	
MRTU 16 MRTU 17 aady ) Read Only O Read/M [ Formula Scaling	unsignedShort	MPTI 117	2000 Array index		Min value	
MRTU 16 MRTU 17 aady ) Read Only O Read/M [ Formula Scaling	unsignedShort	MPTI 117	2000 Array index		Min value	
MRTU16 eady ) Read Only O Read/M Formula Scaling i. Bit/Byte Indexing	Unsigned Ghort	MPTI 117	2000 Array index #fffff		Min value #efef	\$

- 3. Set the access type (for example **Read Only**). The **Array Index** field appears when the selected tag is an array to identify the element of the array to use. The indirect index mode, through an additional tag, is supported.
- 4. Click OK to confirm.

The icons adjacent to the tag name highlight when a definition does not match the tag definition in the dictionary, or when missing. If the **Show all tags** is selected, all the dictionary tags are shown also if not imported within the application. A double-click will import the tags from the dictionary.

#### **Data sources**

Elements to which an object property can be attached:

Data source	Description
Тад	Tag defined in the Tag Editor
Alias	Indexed tag address
System	Predefined system tags (see "System Variables (Attach To)" on page 135)
Widget	Connect to a widget property (for example, value of a slider widget)
Recipe	Data from the Recipe Manager (see "Recipes" on page 261)

#### Advanced search

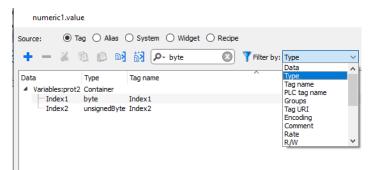
Various syntax options can be applied to search box:

			numeric1.value			ric1.value	numeric1.
t 🔿 Rec	System 🔿 Wi	🔿 Alias 🔿 Syst	Source: <ul> <li>Tag</li> </ul>	Widget 🔘 Recipe	s 🔿 System 🔿 🛛	● Tag ○ Alias ○ S	ource:
Ø	🕅 🕅 😽	储 🕼 🕲	+ - 2 0	Case sensitive	a 🕅 🗛	ä ka 🛯 🔊 🎽	+ - 🎽
g name	Туре	Тур	Data	Use wildcards	Туре 👷		Data
	) Container		Modbus TCP:prot Model: Modicon Ma	Use regular expressions	Con R	is TCP:prot1 : Modicon Modbus(1-based)	
TU3	unsignedShort	uns	MRTU3	MRTU1	unsigne	RTU1	- MRTU1
	Container	Cor	Variables:prot2	MRTU2	unsigne	RTU2	- MRTU2
lex3	short	sho	- Index3	MRTU3	unsigne	RTU3	- MRTU3
3	short	sho	Tag3	MRTU4	unsigne	RTU4	- MRTU4
				MRTU5	unsigne	RTU5	- MRTU5
			numeric1.value	MRTU6	unsigne	RTU6	- MRTU6
			numeric rivalue	MRTU7	unsigne	RTU7	- MRTU7
0.0	C	O Alias O Syste	Source:  Tag	MRTU8	unsigne	RTU8	- MRTU8
. O Red	System O W	O Alias O Systi	Source: Idy	MRTU9	unsigne	RTU9	- MRTU9
	±*3 AR	🔊 na ±a	+ - 2 0	MRTU10	unsigne	RTU 10	- MRTU1
	as as nuc	D nJ 83					
		/pe Tag name	Data T				
	idilic						
			<ul> <li>Variables:prot2 Co</li> </ul>				
		ort Index1					
	<2	ort Index2	Index2 sh				

Main options	Function
Wildcards	Search using simple wildcards matching . Character '?': matches any single character. Character ' *': matches zero or more of any characters." []": sets of characters can be represented in square brackets.
Regular Expression	Describes character pattern.
	See <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular_expression</u> for additional details regarding regular expressions.

### Filtering tags

Choose various tag filter criteria:



### Showing dictionary tags

When **Show all tags** is checked, tags that belong to one dictionary but have not been imported yet, appear in blue color. You can select and double-click a tag to import it into the project.

numeric1.value			
ource: 💿 Tag 🔾	Alias 🔿 System 🔿 Widget 🔿 Recipe		
2 0 0	🛐 🛃 🔎 Search	Filter by: Data 🗸 Protocol: Show all 🗸 S	how all tags
ata ^	Type Tag name	Property Val	ue
Modbus TCP:prot1	(1 hand) Container	✓ Driver	
Model: Modicon Modbus	(1-based)	Model Mo	dicon Modbus(1-b
- MRTU1	unsignedShort MRTU1	Protocol Mo	dbus TCP:prot1
MRTU2	unsignedShort MRTU2	✓ Dictionary	
- MRTU3 - MRTU4	unsignedShort MRTU3 unsignedShort MRTU4	AccessMode R/A	N
MRTU5	unsignedShort MRTU5	Active	
MRTU6	unsignedShort MRTU6	Amplitude	~
- MRTUZ	unsignedShort MRTU7	Arraysize	
MRTU8	unsignedShort MRTU8	CastType	
MRTU9	unsignedShort MRTU9	Comment	
MRTU10	unsignedShort MRTU10	Conversion	
- MRTU11	unsignedShort MRTU11		
- MRTU12	unsignedShort MRTU12		signedShort
- MRTU13	unsignedShort MRTU13		riables
-MRTU14	unsignedShort MRTU14	DecimalDigitsDigits	
MRTU15	unsignedShort MRTU15	DecimalDigitsTag	
- MRTU16	unsignedShort MRTU16	Default	

#### **Converting tag value**

) By Formula	<ul> <li>By Range</li> </ul>	
1.00	Input	Output
x Value + 0.00	Min: 0	Min: 0
1.00	Max: 100	Max: 100
ii Bit/Byte Indexing		
Color Palette		

**Scaling** tab converts the tag value. In **By Range** section set the input and output range: the system will automatically calculate the scaling factors.

### Extract tag bit/byte based on index

Allows extracting a single bit or byte content from a word depending on the specified bit or byte number

∫∞ Scaling	
1 Bit/Byte Indexing	
Byte index     0       Bit index     0	
S Color Palette	
	OK Cancel

#### Use a formula to calculate the value to use

Allow to use a formula to calculate the value to use. See "Formula" on page 49 chapter for additional details.

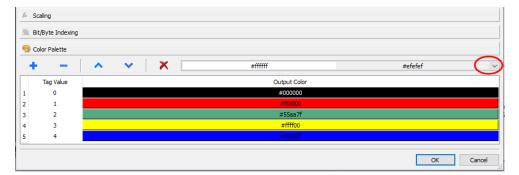


Note that using a formula the datalink will be ReadOnly

Read Only	Items used: 10/10000	Array index 0	
Formula			
\$('Tag1')>\$('Tag2')?\$('Tag1'):\$('Tag2')			
f= Scaling			
Bit/Byte Indexing			
Color Palette			
			OK Cancel

#### Mapping tag values to color

Allows to mapping numeric or string tag values to colors. For example, this option can be used to change the color of a button.



Section	Function
+ - [ ^ v [ X	From the toolbar add/remove or move up/down the colors lines. The tag value is editable and you can modify the sequence values.
#000000 #ff0000 #000007f #ffff00	Last defined color combination is saved automatically and can be retrieved from the color toolbar.

Tag value could be a range of values separate by a comma, examples:

- 5, 10-15, 20
- A, AB, C



It is responsibility of the application's developer define all items correctly to cover all possible application's values, we could have unexpected color when the value is not defined inside the defined colors palette.



Note that the mapping tag value to color will return a string data type (e.g. "#FF0000")

### **Datalink Serialization**

Instead of use the above "Attach to..." dialog box, datalinks can be entered, or modified, manually.

Click a button in the Properties pane and enter the text that describe the datalink

Properties	ф.	>
97 <b>97</b> 97		
Field : numeric1		
Value	99999 a	+
Number Format	Numeric	t
Show Thousand Separator	false a	+
Decimal Digits	0 a	+
Leading Digits	0 a	+
Keypad	Numeric	
Field : numeric1		
	99999	+
DataLink	Tag1 R/W ScaleXForm(1,10,0)	-
Access Type	R/W	
Number Format	Numeric	
Show Thousand Separator	false	+
	<u> </u>	1
Decimal Digits	0 <u>a</u>	+

Keypad Numeric Events

The data link format is:

Tagname [index] | [Atribute] | [XForm] | [XForm] | ...

on in case of formula:

= <formula>

Example:

- arrayTag[2]
- Tag[0|index]
- Alarm triggered:\_SysPropMgr
- Tag|R/W|ScaleXForm(1,10,0)
- Tag|R/W|ScaleXForm(1,10,0)|ByteIndexXForm(1)|ColorPaletteCustomXForm(0#00aa7f,1#ff0000)
- =\$('Tag1')>\$('Tag2')?\$('Tag1'):\$('Tag2')
- =\$Contains(\$('Tag4'),\$('Tag3'))
- =\$Pow(2,\$('Tag2'))

# Formula

A formula is an expression made of:

- Operators: can be the basic mathematics operations, logic operators, compare operators or basic string operators.
- Operands: can be literals (numbers and strings used as constants) and references to tags.

Round brackets are supported as priority operators. The operator \$ will be used to call functions and, in particular, to referring to a tag (see below for examples).

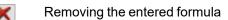
The attach to dialog allow to use a formula to calculate the value to return.

Read Only      Read/Write      Write Only	Items used: 10/10000	Array index 0	÷ 10
Formula			
\$(Tag1')>\$(Tag2')?\$(Tag1):\$(Tag2')			
∫≈ Scaling			
📓 Bit/Byte Indexing			
Color Palette			
			OK Cancel

#### Commands



- Enter edit mode
- Save the entered formula inside the formulas' library to have the possibility to reuse the same formula inside other places of the project.
  - Open the formulas' library to select an already defined formula.





fx

Confirming the entered formula

When you are in edit mode you can simple edit the formula and double click tags or functions from the library to add them inside the formula.

Example of formulas are:

- \$('Tag1')+\$('Tag2')
- \$('Tag1')&\$('Tag2')
- \$('Tag1')>\$('Tag2')?\$('Tag1'):\$('Tag2')
- \$Pow(2,\$('Tag2'))
- \$Contains(\$('Tag1'),\$('Tag2'))

# Syntax for formula

Basic Operations				
'Text'	String literal			
NUMBER	Number literal, e.g. 169857 or 13.547			
String( )	Cast to string (note there is not \$)			
Number( )	Cast to number (note there is not \$)			
\$FuncName( param1, param2, )	General function call. (Both default and user ones)			
\$('TagName')	Tag, or widget property, or recipe, etc.			
	Note that tag name must be string literal			
\$('TagName')[index]	Element of a array tag.			
	Note that tag name must be string literal			
exp1 ? exp2 : exp3	Ternary expression. If exp1 is true, then is taken exp2, otherwise is taken exp3. This is like using if/then/else statement			

Math Operators	S
+	Addition
-	Subtraction
*	Multiplication
Ι	Division
%	Module

Bitwise Oper	Bitwise Operators			
&	Sets each bit to 1 if both bits are 1			
I	Sets each bit to 1 if one of two bits is 1			
~	Inverts all the bits			
۸	Sets each bit to 1 if only one of two bits is 1			
<<	Shifts left by pushing zeros in from the right and let the leftmost bits fall off			
>>	Shifts right by pushing copies of the leftmost bit in from the left, and let the rightmost bits fall off			
>>>	Shifts right by pushing zeros in from the left, and let the rightmost bits fall off			

Logical Operat	ors
&&	AND
I	OR
!	NOT

Compare Operators			
<	Less than		
<=	Less than or equal to		
>	Greater than		
>=	Greater than or equal to		
==	Equal to		
!=	Not equal to		

### Use predefined formula from the library

To insert a project or a predefined formula:

- 1. Open the formulas' library
- 2. Select the formula to use
- 3. Confirm the selected formula
- 4. Enter the arguments required from the selected formula

GroupWgt10.numeric2.value					×
Source:      Tag      Alias	System (	Vidget 🔘 Recipe			
+ - 2 @ @ 🖻	<b>\$</b>	rch Tilter by: Data	V Protocol: Show all	✓ ✓ Show all tags	
Data	Туре	ag name			
Modbus TCP:prot1 Model: Modicon Modbus(1-based	Container				
Variables:prot2	Container				
Tag1	int	ag1			
Tag2	int	ag2			
Tag3	string [20]	ag3			
- Tag4	string [20]	ag4			
Tag5	int	ag5			
Ready					
Read Only     Read/Write	Write Only	Items used: 5/10000 Array index	0	*	$\bigcirc$
# Formula					
\$Length()				12 🗎 🛌 🗙	$\checkmark$
To insert tags as parameters, double	click on the	tab is used to go to next parameter			

	-
Function	^
Cos(argument) Exp(argument) IndexOf(targetString,keyword) Length(targetString) Log(argument)	
LogN(argument,base) Max(value 1,value2) Min(value 1,value2) Not(value) Or(value 1,value2) Pow(base,power) Sin(argument) Sqrt(argument) Tan(argument)	
V User	
area_triangle(base,height)	<u> </u>
id: GroupW	* 🗸

### Add user formulas into the library

After entering a new formula, using SAVE button is possible to store the new formula inside the project folder to make it available from the formulas' library.

\$(Tag1)*\$(Tag2)/2		3	area_t		
fx Scaling	Γ	Parame	ter	Description	
📓 Bit/Byte Indexing	1	base		Base of the triangle	
Solor Palette	2	height		Height of the triangle	
	Na	me valid			

A user formula could be retrieved from the formulas' library as for the other predefined formulas.

2		Posicion	
	Function		
	> System Y User		
	area_triangle(base,	height)	
		Function description Area of the triangle Parameters - base (\$0) : Base of the triangle - height (\$1) : Height of the triangle Expression \$0*\$1/2	
oupWgt10.field			¥ 🗸

# **Events**

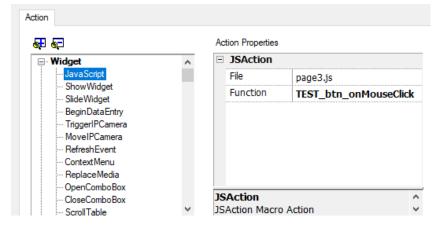
Events are used to trigger actions at project level and can be associated to:

- buttons / touch (click, press, release)
- mouse wheel
- external input devices like keyboards and mouse (click, press, hold, release, wheel)
- data changes (OnDataUpdate)
- switch of pages (OnActivate, OnDeactivate)
- alarms
- scheduler

You can attach one or more actions to an event, so that they will be executed whenever the event occurs.

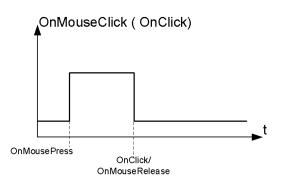
This example shows a JavaScript action activated by pressing a button.

	operties		<b>ņ</b>	×
୍				
-	ButtonsWithLabel : TEST			
	Value	0	а	+
	Click Type	momentary		
	Style	2D		
	Autorepeat	Disabled		
	Hold Time (ms)	-1		
	Label	Label	а	+
	Up Fill Color	<b>[</b> 0, 70, 136]	а	+
	Down Fill Color	[0, 176, 199]	а	+
-	Events			
-	OnMouseClick Action	1 Action		+
	Action[0]	js:TEST_btn_onMouseClick()		-
	OnMouseHold Action			+
	OnMousePress Action			+
	OnMouseRelease Action			+
	OnDataUpdate Action			+
÷	Configure			
+	Text			
÷	General			
÷	Position			



### OnClick / OnMouseClick

Triggers the event when the button/key is pressed and released quickly.

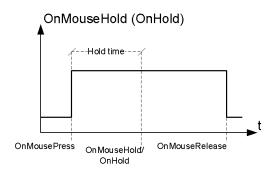


### OnHold/OnMouseHold

Triggers the event when the button/key is pressed and held pressed for a certain time set as **Hold Time** in the widget properties. Actions programmed for this event will be executed only after the hold time has expired.

The default **Hold Time** is configured in Project properties but can be redefined for each button/key. See "Project properties" on page 73.

Note: If Hold Time is set to -1 for the widget, the project Hold Time value will be used.

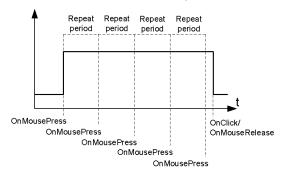


#### Autorepeat

Enables auto repeat for a press or hold event of button or key. **Autorepeat Time** is specified in the Project properties but can also be redefined for each button or key

OnMouseHold (OnHold) and Autorepeat Repeat Repeat period period period period OnMousePress OnMouseHold OnMouseHold OnMouseHold OnMouseHold

OnMousePress and Autorepeat



#### **OnWheel**

Triggers the event when a wheel (for example a USB mouse wheel) value changes. A wheel usually is used to increase/decrease values in a text box or attached to a tag.

### OnActivate

Triggers the event when a page is loaded. The event starts before widgets in the page are initialized.

### OnDataUpdate

Triggers the event when the tag value changes. The update moment depend on the time needed by the protocol to finish the update process. For example the **OnDataUpdate** event can be triggered or not, depending on whether data becomes available from protocol respectively after or before widgets being initialized for the first time. In particular, page change notifications are more likely to happen with slow protocols and remote clients.



Note: The value read during **OnActivate** can be the same obtained from a subsequent **OnDataUpdate** event, since **OnDataUpdate** notifications are sent asynchronously.

# Widgets positioning

You can position widgets in the page using two methods:

- Snap to Grid
- Snap to Object

To display the grid, on the View menu, click Show Grid.

#### Snap to Grid

#### Path: View> Snap to Grid

When you move or re-size an object, its top left corner will align with the nearest intersection of lines in the grid, even if the grid is not visible.

### Setting grid properties

#### Path: View> Properties

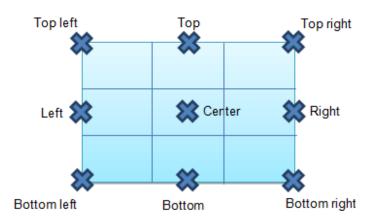
Parameter	Description
Spacing X	Space in pixel between two lines/dots on the X axis
Spacing Y	Space in pixel between two lines/dots on the Y axis
Туре	Grid type (dot or line)
Color	Grid color

### Snap to Object

#### Path: View> Snap to Object

When you move an object, it will align with other objects on the page.

When you select an object, one of the following hot points is selected as the source of the snap point, depending on the area you pressed: top, top left, top right, bottom, bottom left, bottom right, left, right, center:

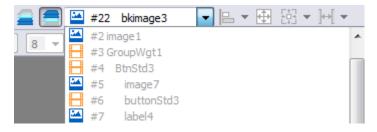


An algorithm finds a matching hot point among the near widgets hot points matching either the x or the y coordinates of the source snap point. For line widgets, the source snap points are the terminal points of the line.

# Managing overlapping widgets

When one or more widgets on the page overlap, you can manage their order so that one is displayed on top of the other.

The order of the widget on the page is shown in the combo box. A widget with greater z-order number is in front of an element with a lower z-order number. A picture icon identifies static objects, a movie frame icon identifies dynamic objects.



Important: Correct ordering of widgets is essential for runtime performance since overlapping dynamic widgets can invalidate static optimization and reduce performance of HMI applications.

#### Hiding/showing widget on z-order

To hide widgets above a selected widget:

On the toolbar click = and select a widget: all widgets above this one are hidden

To hide widgets below a selected widget:

• On the toolbar click 🚍 and select a widget: all widgets below this one are hidden

The toolbar allows to:

- · hide widgets stacked above and/or below selected widgets
- work on different widgets using the combo box which lists all the widgets in their z-order.

# **Grouping widgets**

To group widgets:

- 1. Select all the widgets to group.
- 2. Right-click and then click **Group**.

100% - × 대 대 · 순 · · · =		
() Label • 99999	() Label •	Cut Copy Paste Delete
		Group
		Convert To Widget
		Order 🔸
		Align 🕨

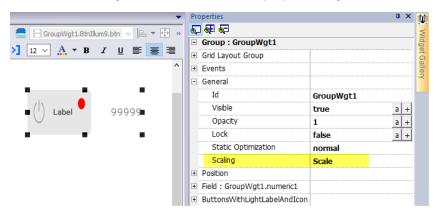


Tip: Double click to enter the group editing mode. In group mode only the group widgets are editable and selectable. All other widgets are partially hidden

### **Resizing grouped widgets**

You can define how object reacts when re-sized. Use the Scaling property in General section:

- Scale: object and text are not re-sized proportionally
- Stretch: object and text are re-sized proportionally



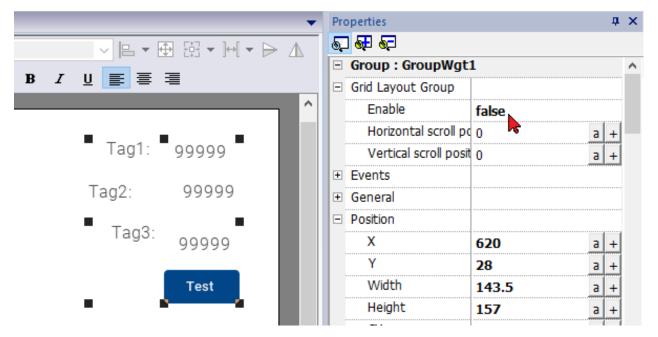
	•	Pro	operties		ф.	×
arroupWgt1 ====================================	✓ L ▼ ⊕ »	6	) 🕶 🛍			
	· = = =	Group : GroupWgt2				
$12 \lor \mathbf{A} \bullet \mathbf{B}$	ℤ⊔≣≣≣≣	÷	Grid Layout Group			
		÷	Events			
	0000	-	General			
<ul> <li>(<sup>1</sup>)   abel</li> </ul>			Id	GroupWgt2		
	,,,,,,		Visible	true	а	+
			Opacity	1	а	+
			Lock	false	а	+
			Static Optimization	normal		
			Scaling	Stretch		
		÷	Position			
		÷	Field : GroupWgt2.numeric1			
		÷	ButtonsWithLightLabelAndIcon			

#### **Grid Layout Group**

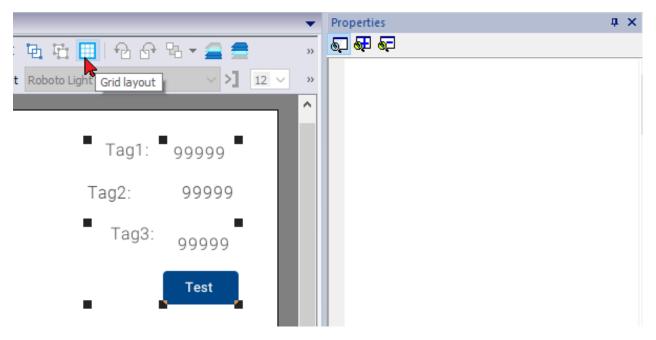
The grid layout add the possibility to configure the spatial relationships among the widgets of the group.

To create a grid layout:

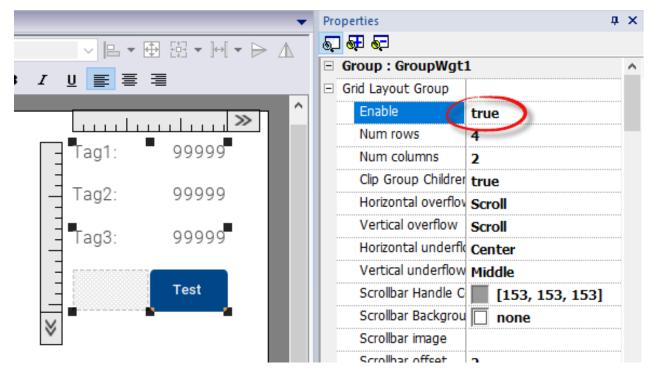
Enable the "Grid Layout" parameter of the group of widgets.



or select the widgets that will be inside the table and click the "Grid Layout" button on page toolbar. This command will create a new group with the grid layout already enabled.



The selected widgets will be aligned and collected inside a group with the grid layout property enabled.



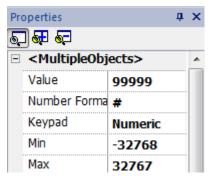
There are several elements associated with the grid layout that can be configured to match your needs, see the "Grid Layout widget" on page 484 to details.

# Changing multiple widgets properties

You can set the properties of more widgets of the same type all at once.

To change properties:

- 1. Select widgets.
- 2. Set common properties from Properties pane.
- 3. When multiple widgets are selected, the Properties pane title changes to **<MultipleObjects>**: all changes will be applied to all selected widgets.





Note: Not all properties can be modified for multiple widgets simultaneously and must therefore be modified individually.

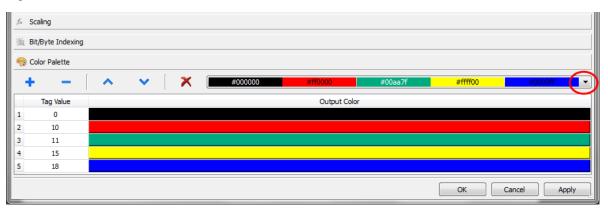
# Changing fill color property according to tag values

xAscender Studio allows to change the color property of a widget dynamically, based on tag values in two ways:

- Using ColorPalette
- · Connecting the Color property to a String type tag

#### Changing color property using ColorPalette

- 1. Create the tag (internal or PLC) that you want to refer to for color management. The tag can be of any data type. On the basis of the value of this tag, the color will change.
- 2. Attach this tag to the Fill Color property of an object (for example, a button).
- 3. In the same dialog select the **ColorPalette** tab and add the colors that will be used for the object according to the tag value.





Note: The last used colors' tables are saved and can be reused selecting them from the colors list box on the toolbar.

### Changing color property connecting Color property to a String type tag

- 1. Create the tag (internal or PLC) that you want to refer to for color management. On the basis of the value of this tag, the color will change. The tag must be of String type and the **Arraysize** property of the tag must be big enough to contain the string formatted as explained here.
- 2. Attach this tag to the Fill Color property of an object (for example, a button).
- 3. Write in the **String** tag the RGB color code of the required color. Use one of these formats:
- **#XXYYZZ**, Where XX, YY and ZZ are the RGB components of the needed color expressed in Hexadecimal format (range 00–FF).
- **rgb(XXX,YYY,ZZZ)**, where XXX, YYY and ZZZ are the RGB components of the needed colors expressed in Decimal format (range 0–255).



Note: This feature can be applied to all the objects available in the Widget gallery that have a color property. The runtime change of the color is possible only thanks to the properties of the SVGs that are composing the object. This feature can not be applied to other image formats such as JPEG or BMP files.

# 5 Pages

This section describes how pages are organized. You can have the same pages shown inside all clients (default mode) or you can customize the pages to better adapt them to each different client.

Unified pages	. 64
Project Validator	64
Differentiated pages	. 67

# **Unified pages**

The same pages can be rendered indifferently on the HMI device or on Web clients. Since some properties or some widgets could be not supported on Web client, some pages could be render differently. The "Project Validator" tool can be used to check if some pages contain widgets that will be rendered differently into Web client.

- 1. Pages
- 2. Project Validator button
- 3. Project Validator output messages

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2	🖶 4:Page4				Events	
SSC	🖬 5:Page5					
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## **Project Validator**

The "Project Validator" tool check and list the widgets that will be rendered differently into Web client. User can double click each warning message reported from the Project Validator to open the pages that contain the reported widgets to take the appropriate action. However, user action is not mandatory, the project can be downloaded anyway and the unsupported property will not be managed from the Web Client.



Note that the current version of the Project Validator checks the widget's web compatibility. It is not checking the entire project (e.g. missing tags or Javascript errors)

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5. P.	ProjectView	🔨 Valida	ate project(Ctrl	+B)	1:Pa	ige1	×	
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	V 🔂 Unified			L .				
~	<ul> <li>View Page 1</li> </ul>							
-	🖿 2:Page2							

#### Example

The "Release on disabled" property is not supported on the Web client.

- When the property is set to "False", HMI device and Web client will work in the same way and project validator will not report any message.
- When the property is set to "True", the Project Validator will report the warning message. In the case that the project will download to the HMI device, the Web client simply will not manage the "Release on disabled" property.

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	Value	0	а	+
	Click Type	momentary		
	Style	2D		
	Autorepeat	Disabled		
	Hold Time (ms)	-1		
	Label	Label	а	+
	Up Fill Color	[0, 70, 136]	а	+
	Down Fill Color	[0, 176, 199]	а	+
+	Events			
+	Configure			
+	Text			
-	General			
	Disable	false	а	+
	Release on disabled	false		
	Blink	false	а	+
	Id	BtnStd2		
	Visible	true	а	+
	Opacity	1	а	+
	Lock	false	а	+
	Static Optimization	normal		
+	Position			

#### **Group Level**

When the "Group Level" is checked, the Project Validator will report the group name that contains one or more widgets with the unsupported properties. A double click will select the grouped widget.

Pre	ProjectValidator 🔹					
Validate		date	🔀 0 Errors 🗼 1 Warnings 🕡 1 Information 🔯 Developers 🗹 Group Level	Cear		
			Description	Reference		
	<u> </u>	20010	GroupWgt1 contains widgets with properties not supported for web technology	Widget id: GroupWgt1, on page: page1		
	0	30001	Validation done on Thu Feb 10 15:18:47 2022			

When the "Group Level" is not checked, the Project Validator will report the list of the not supported properties. A double click will select the widget that have the unsupported property.

Proje	ə X					
🕑 Validate		Valdate 🛛 🔂 0 Errors 🛕 2 Warnings 💽 1 Information 🔯 Developers 🗋 Group Level		C Clear		
			Description	Reference		
	20	8000	The property releaseOnDisabled of ButtonWgt widget is not supported for web technology	Widget id: GroupWgt1.8tnStd1.btn on Page page1		
<b>A</b>	20	8000	The property releaseOnDisabled of ButtonWgt widget is not supported for web technology	Widget id: GroupWgt1.BtnStd2.btn on Page page1		
0	30	0001	Validation done on Thu Feb 10 15:26:57 2022			

## **Differentiated pages**

If a project needs to have different pages for the HMI device, web client, tablet client, etc., there is the possibility to add different folder to contain the pages to use on the different clients. Right click on the page folder to add a new category of pages. For each category, you have to define the below properties where Technology, User Agent and Min/Max are filter parameters to define the web clients that belong to the category.

Property	Description		
Name	The category name		
Width, Height	The default size used when create a new page		
Technology	Identify the clients that can use these pages. It can be a combination of:		
	Local HMI Device		
	Remote xAscender Client		
	Web Clients (PC, Tablet, Smart Phones, etc.)		
User Agent	It is a regular expression that identifies the web browsers that can display the pages of the category. The user-agent of the web client has to match with this parameter.		
	Example:		
	.* Anything (all web clients)		
	Android Only Android web clients		
	Android iPhone Only Android or iPhone web clients		
Min Width Min Height	Defines the size of the display of the Web browser that has to show the pages of this category.		
Max Width Max Height	The default, Min=0 and Max=-1, is meaning any size.		



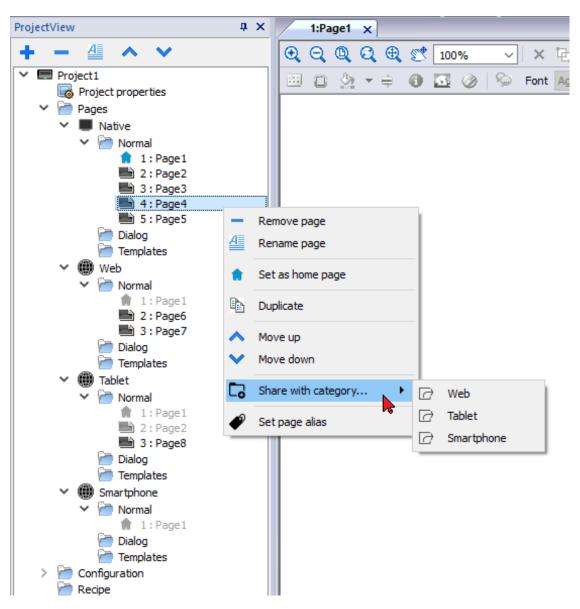
If the definition of a Web client belongs more than one category, are choices the pages that are available inside the closest category.

ProjectView	φ×	Properties
+ - 4 ^ V		97 <b>97</b> 9
Project1		Page (
📑 Project properties		Name
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🗸 🔳 Native		Height
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1:Page		Techn
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📑 3:Page 🖬 4:Page		
5 : Page		
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🗎 2 : Page		
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📄 Templates		Techno
<ul> <li>Tablet</li> <li></li></ul>		🗆 Web O
1:Page	1	User
🖿 2 : Page		
📑 3 : Page		Min
📄 Dialog		Min
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Y 🗁 Normal		
🏦 1: Page	1	
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	Name	Native
	Width	1024
	Height	768
	Technology	HMI RemoteClient
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Ξ	Page Catego Name Width Height Technology Web Only	Tablet 1024 768 Web
Ξ	Page Catego Name Width Height Technology Web Only User Agent	Tablet 1024 768 Web iPad RIM Tablet OS
=	Page Catego Name Width Height Technology Web Only User Agent Min Width	Tablet 1024 768 Web iPad RIM Tablet OS 0

#### Shared pages

Pages can be shared between the categories. Shared pages are highlighted in gray color and can be opened indifferently from each category.



#### Home Page

From the context menu of the page is possible to define the Home page of the category. The Home Page is the first page that is displayed in the browser type defined in the category and defines the starting point for your web project. The pages you can access from the home page depend on how other pages are linked in the project.

When security is enabled, you can specify a different homepage for each group of users. In this case, this setting will be overwritten. See "User management and passwords" on page 341 for details.

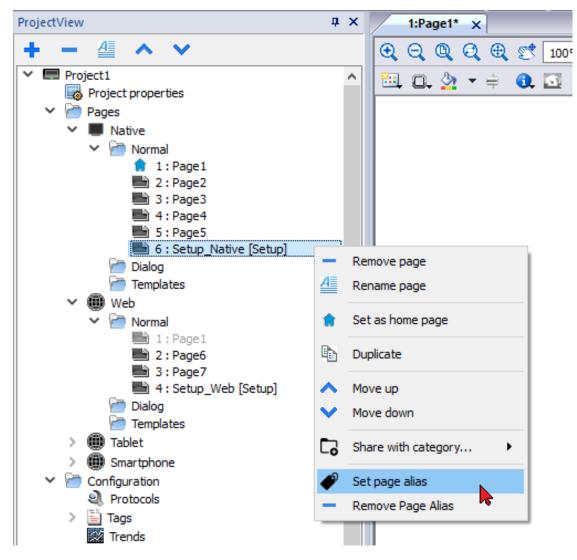
#### Alias pages

Using pages shared between categories could be useful the alias page parameter to load the appropriate customized page.

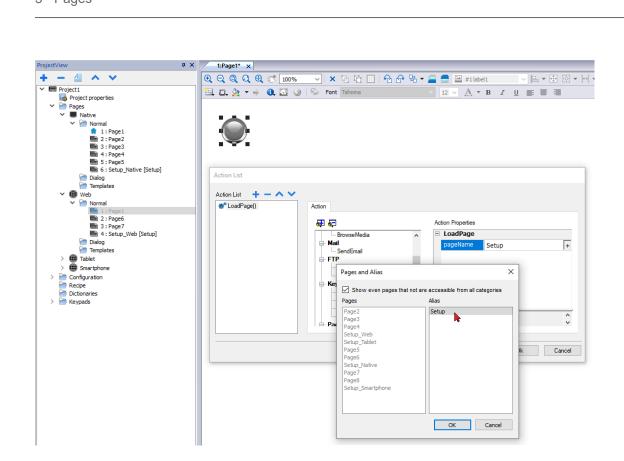
For example, you can have a shared "Page1" common to all categories. Page1 will be shown on both the HMI device and on Web Client, but from this page, you need to add a macro to load a customize setup page. This means a macro that load the page "Setup\_Native" on HMI device or a different page "Setup\_Web" on a web client.

To load a different page depending on the client used, you can add the same alias to both "Setup\_Native" and "Setup\_ Web" pages and use the alias name in the LoadPage macro.

Set the alias page:



Use the alias page:

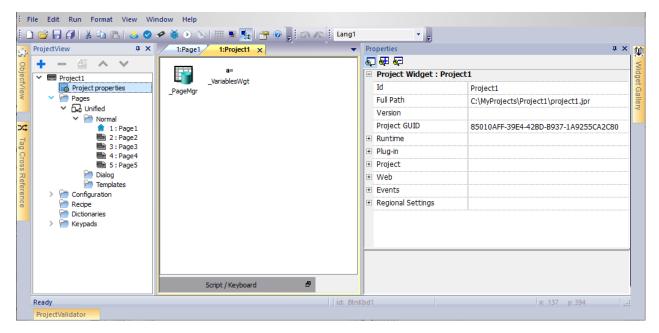


# **6 Project properties**

Project properties contain settings for the project.

#### Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

The project Properties pane contains a list of project level user-configurable data.



#### Basic and advanced properties

Some properties are displayed only in advanced mode. To view all project properties:

• Click Show Advanced Properties button to expand the property view in the Properties pane.

Properties	<b>д</b> х
ST ST ST	
Show Advance	
Full Path	C:\myProjects\Project1\project1.jpr
Version	

#### Available properties

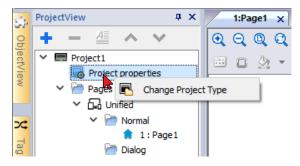
Property	Description
ld	Project name (read only)
Full Path	Project path (read only)
Project GUID	Project unique identifier (read only)

Property	Description
Version	The Version field is available for users to report the project version
+ Runtime	Properties related with the application runtime. See "Runtime" belowfor details
+ Plug-In	Optional modules. See "Plug-in" on page 80for details
+ Project	Properties related with the project. See "Project" on page 80 for details
+ Web	Properties related with the web interface. See "Web" on page 85 for details
+ Events	Global events. See "Events" on page 86for details
+ Regional Settings	Definition of date format, list separator, thousand and decimal symbol of number. See "Regional Settings" on page 87 for details

Project ID, Project GUI and Project Version are available from system variables. See "Default variables" on page 152 for details.

#### **Change Project Type**

Right-click on project properties to quickly open the dialog to change the project type.



## Runtime

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description
Context Menu	Define how context menu should appear in the HMI project.
	<b>on delay</b> = context menu appears touching/pressing and holding for a few seconds an empty area of the runtime screen, or via <b>Context menu</b> action
	on action = context menu appears only via Context menu action.
	See "ContextMenu" on page 221 for details.
Developer Tool	Enable/disables a collection of runtime debugging utility tools.
Buzzer on Touch	Enables buzzer when touching a widget on HMI device screen.
	Supported widgets:
	• buttons

Property	Description		
	<ul> <li>hotspots</li> <li>needles</li> <li>fields</li> <li>external keys</li> <li>combo boxes</li> <li>tables items</li> <li>control list items</li> </ul>		
Buzzer duration	Default 200 ms		
Keyboard	Enables the use of keyboard macros at runtime when using external keyboards.		
JavaScript Debug	Enables the JavaScript debugger at runtime for the current project.		
Allow JS Remote	Enables JavaScript remote debugger for current project.		
Debugger	Remote debugging not supported on xAscender Client.		
Image DB enable	Activates an engine used by the Runtime to optimize project performance.		
	WARNING: This property should only be disabled by technical support for debugging purposes since this might reduce performance at runtime.		
FreeType Font	Switches to FreeType the font rendering used by xAscender Studio and runtime.		
Rendering	The main reason for using the FreeType is that we need the same engine in all devices to avoid different rendering, in particular if static optimization is involved.		
Communication icon	Delay before display the communication error icon (default is 0 mSec)		
delay (ms)	The special value -1 is meaning always disabled		
Fast Boot	When fast boot is enabled and the User Interface is started before the background server		
	<ul> <li>Default: User Interface is loaded after the background server is ready to use</li> <li>Fast UI: User Interface is loaded before loading the background server</li> </ul>		
Waiting period for	Set initial waiting period (in seconds) for storage device in case of fastboot		
storage devices	In the case of fastboot, the flash is temporarily mounted as read-only and then remounted as read/write at a later time. If you get an error message stating that the storage device is not working properly, you can configure the system to delay this check. The problem can occur occasionally when fastboot is enabled and the device is overloaded with very intense communication.		
Enable Watchdog	The watchdog module of the device is enabled by default. It can be disabled for debugging purposes and to easily retrieve the crash log.		

## Fast Boot

When fast boot is enabled, the HMI device will provide the welcome screen as fast as possible after the power up. In this mode, only the minimum necessary features are loaded before starting the User Interface. Loading of protocols, events, trends, alarms, actions are postponed after loading the User Interface.

There are two flags to set:

- The "Fast Boot" flag available inside the advanced project properties
- The "Fast Boot" flag available inside the Services page of the BSP System Settings tool (see "System Settings" on page 595)

When fast boot is enabled and the User Interface is started before the background server the JavaScript event project.onServerReady can be used to get server synchronization.

Example:

```
if (!project.serverIsReady) {
    // Set the callback to wait for server ready
    project.onServerReady = onServerReady;
} else {
    // Server is ready, call it now
    onServerReady();
}
function onServerReady()
{
    project.setTag("Tag1", 1);
    project.showMessage("Server is ready, tags can be used: " + project.getTag("Tag1")
}
```



This is an advance feature available only on Linux platforms

## **Developer tools**

Collection of runtime debugging functions that can be enabled or disabled.

- 1. In Properties pane, set Developer Tools to true.
- 2. Download the project.
- 3. Open context menu.
- 4. Select Developer tools.

#### **Developer tools list**

Тооі	Description
Show/Hide all	Shows a dialog containing information about device status like CPU load, memory usage, event queues.
CPU statistics	Shows information on CPU load. See "CPU Statistics" on the facing page.

ΤοοΙ	Description	
Memory statistics	Shows information about system RAM . A negative value indicates that free memory is decreasing.	
Event queues	Shows information on event queues (size, maximum achieved size, number of processed events, last and maximum processing time). Timing statistics are only available for non-UI queue.	
Timelog summary	how page loading time.	
Embed window	Allows embedding in runtime the scene or leave the developer tool window as a standalone window (dialog).	
Reset queue stats	Resets statistical information on event queues.	
Disable watchdog	Disable the watchdog function and prevents system restart in case of freeze or crash of services.	
Ignore exceptions	Disables crash report function, exceptions are not saved in the crash report window.	
Profiling	Measures the time spent for loading/rendering the active page. See "Profiling" on the next page	

#### Watchdog

This feature allows you to disable the watchdog. This way you can avoid system restart in case of a runtime crash and have the time to save the crash report or check system status information (for example, memory available, CPU load, events queue size and so on).

The crash report dialog is displayed automatically in case of a system freeze or crash allowing users to save a log file of crash.

HMIServer error		OK ×
HMIServer has stopped working.		
Save	Restart	Cancel
HMIServer 1.90 (0) - Build	(361) un31 2013	-09-03 02:
In thread Codesys at address Ox RAM free 140865536 / 197873664 1		violation
	51000	•



Important: Save this file for technical support.

#### **CPU Statistics**

Thread		erhead 59m ID Prio		el/ 1156	Ŧ
	ID Prio m <del>s</del> kernel/ user 59637774 3 697 0/ 697				
	78839810 0 8 0/ 8				
Other thread					
RAM free 123	5833216	/ 1942118	40 Bytes (d	iff: 0)	
ImageDB size					
Page Preload	1 56MB	free / RAM	3IZE-54MB)		
Page Cache 8	30MB fr	ee / RAMSI	ZE-40MB)		
Storage free	e 45 /	92 MB			
EvQueue	Size	MaxSize	Evts	ms	max(ms)
EvtMgr	0	0	0	0	0
A station of the second states	0	l	61	22	189
ActionMgr		0	0	0	0
ActionMgr AlmMgr					15
AlmMgr	0	0	122	11	T0
AlmMgr		0 11	122 270	11	
AlmMgr MODR	0				

On the top row the current machine time is shown along with the total device uptime.

CPU statistics are collected with a frequency of 2000 milliseconds. The actual period and the overhead required to collect and visualize statistics are displayed as well. The more the actual period is far from the nominal 2000 milliseconds the higher is the system load. CPU consumption of threads is listed reporting the name of the thread (if available, main thread is marked with a \*), the thread ID, the thread priority and CPU time spent during the 2000 milliseconds period, divided in user and kernel time.

#### Profiling

Profiling allows you to check time spent for loading/rendering the active page. Profiling will start from the next page load and will be active only for the first painting of the page to the screen (the configuration is retained).

2014-04-25 23:27:19, up: 0:32:58, idle: 35 *				
Period 2053 ms (overhead 47ms)				
Page "Alarms.jmx":				
START	dT (ms/cpuMs)			
Time parsing : + $\delta$				
Time unloading : + 54	6/ 6			
Time 1st update : + 195	3/ 0			
Time gfx creation: + 198	300/ 133			
OnLoad :	241/ 94			
Time rendering : + 535	390/ 387			
ImageDB cache 15 hit/0 miss(0	ms, cpu: 0 ms)			
Page "TemplatePagel.jmx":				
Time init/start : + 50	133/ 85			
Time 1st update : + 195	2/ 0			
Time gfx creation: + 459	27/ 27			
OnLoad :	9/ 9			
ImageDB cache 28 hit/0 miss(0	ms, cpu: 0 ms)			
(Tap-tap to change position)				

Profiling option	Description	
Enable timelog	Enable timelog capture. Timing will be visible inside the "Timelog summary" window.	
Save timelog to file	Saves a report of profile details and the time spent loading a project and its pages into a timelog.txt file. This file can be exported and shared for further analysis.	
	Important: The execution of this function may reduce page change performance.	

Profiling option	Description
Overlay OnLoad times Overlay Rendering times	This view allows displaying time spent on single widgets and is available only for the rendering and OnLoad steps. The view gives an immediate feeling of where time is spent. Red zones represent the most time critical zones. Detailed widget times are visualized by a tooltip window. In case of out-of-the- scene widgets some arrows allow to navigate to these areas and hovering on them the tooltip will show the area summary
Select overlay color	Select the overlay color to use

#### Timelog data

Data	Description	
Time parsing	Time spent parsing current page. Depends on page complexity/number of widgets.	
Time gfx creation	Time spent for image rendering. Mainly related to the Onload method.	
Time rendering	Time spent rendering the page.	
Time unloading	Time spent unloading the page, if current page depends from another page.	

Times are provided in couples: wall time/CPU time. Wall time is the absolute time required by this part which can be higher than the actual CPU time required since higher priority threads are also running (for instance protocols). The start time column refers to the page load start time. It can be used to track the actual time required to load a page, since partial times only refer to the most time critical functions and do not include other times that often contribute significantly to the total time.

For example, the actual total wall time required to load a page is rendering (which is the last step) start time + rendering wall time.

## FreeType font rendering

New projects use the FreeType font engine as default. Projects created with older versions of xAscender Studio could use an older font engine also after project conversion to avoid any backward compatibility issue.



Switch to FreeType whenever possible for better page rendering.

Once you have switched to the new font rendering, save the project and verify that all texts are displayed correctly in all project pages.

#### Font rendering issues

When switching to the FreeType font engine a project created with the older font engine, you may experience the following problems:

- · text requires more/less pixels for rendering thus changing text layout
- widgets are resized to accommodate text
- better rendering can be obtained using antialiasing (antialiasing is a text widget property)

# Plug-in

You can choose which software modules are downloaded to the runtime with the project. Software plug-in has been designed to reduce memory requirements for the HMI application in HMI devices where storage is limited.

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description	
Browser	Module required by WebBrowser widget	
TextEditor	Module required by TextEditor widget	

Once enabled, software plug-in become part of the runtime. Use xAscender Studio to install it using one of the following procedures:

- install Runtime/update Runtime
- update package

To remove plug-ins from runtime use one of the following functions in System Mode:

- format flash
- restore factory settings

Important: The system cannot detect automatically which software plug-ins are required by the HMI application, make sure you select them all in the Project Properties.

## Project

These properties define various elements of page behavior.

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description		
Display Mode	Defines HMI device orientation.		
Project Type	Defines HMI device type for the project. According to the model, some project features and properties are automatically adjusted.		
	WARNING: Starting from v2, the xAscender HMI Runtime will check if the selected project type is matching with the HMI device model and will advise with a message when the selected type is not matching: "HMI Type mismatch. Convert project and download again."		
Panel Memory	Size of the available internal panel memory.		
PageRequest CurrentPage SyncOptions	You can synchronize pages shown on the xAscender HMI Runtime and xAscender Client from a controller such as a PLC. Attached tag must contain an integer value within the range of the available project pages and must be available at least as a Read resource.		

Property	Description		
	See the "Web" on page 85 for the Web Browser support		
Hold Time Autorepeat Time	Defines the values for hold time and auto repeat time for buttons and external keyboards.           Image: Note: These properties can be redefined for each button or key in their widget property table.		
Hide Project Loading at boot	When hidden, the splash screen stay on the screen until the application is ready to run.		
Target Zoom Factor	It is the zoom factor of the HMI device that will be applied when project is loaded at runtime.		
	Range	0.2 - 3.0	
	Fit to screen	-1 = Fit to screen size	
		Fit to screen maintains the aspect ratio. It find the scaling factor, i.e. scale for width and height, then take the smallest.	
	Default value	1 = no zoom	
Background color option	When the defined page is smaller of the entire display area, colorize the area that is not covered from the page (for example when page is Zoom Out)		
	None	Old mode, color is white (default)	
	Selected color	Color to use	
	Page background	Auto adjust color based on background of template or of page	
Signature	Algorithm to use to signing • sha256 • sha1		
Gesture Passthru Enabled	Enable the possibility to pass gesture events to underlying widgets after a configurable delay. User has to keep pressed the finger and then execute the gesture.		
Gesture Passthru Delay (ms)	When enabled, the gesture events are passed to underlying widgets after this delay (see "Gesture events pass thru" on page 448 for details)		
Gesture Multitouch	Enable multi touch ge	estures	
	<ul><li>false</li><li>true (default)</li></ul>		
		rty give the possibility to disable the multi touch gestures. This could o avoid problems with old projects that were not designed to manage	

Property	Description		
	the multi touch gestures.		
On Access Denied	<ul> <li>When user try to use a widget that is locked from the security configuration to read-only (e.g. a field or a button), a padlock icon is shown for a couple of seconds to highlight that the widget is not accessible.</li> <li>None</li> <li>Show Icon</li> </ul>		
ComboBox View Mode	<ul> <li>Select the visualization mode of all the Combo Box widgets of the project (see "Combo Box widget "full screen" mode with images" on page 433 for details)</li> <li>Context Classic view with drop-down menus</li> <li>Full screen Enhanced view with configurable texts and images that will pop up in the middle of the screen for easy scroll and selection.</li> </ul>		
Encrypted Project	Encrypt or decrypt the project to protect intellectual property and not be readable or editable by unauthorized users (see "Project Files Encryption" on page 573 for details)		
Sign Project	If true, the project will be signed before being downloaded to the HMI device.		
Certificate	Select, from the list of certificates you have installed on your PC, the certificate to use to sign the project. Be sure to install the same certificate (the public key) on the HMI device (see "Project Signature" on page 575 for details).		
	This parameter is available only when " <i>Sign Project</i> " = true		
Show Messages	Avoid popup errors or warning messages. Messages will be logged to /var/log/popup_ messages.log (max size of the log file is 256Kb)		
Enable CSRF Token	Enable CSRF Token for web security		
	When CSRF Token is disabled, we can pass cgi multiple commands from same browser session.		
	• When CSRF Token is enabled, then we can not pass multiple cgi requests even on same browser session.		
	For security reasons, this flag should always be set to true. For backward compatibility, projects developed with versions prior to 4.05 will be converted with this flag set to false.		
Compatible alignment mode	We modified the rendering algorithm to have a better pixel alignment of the different widgets. Set this flag to "true" if you need to maintain the older alignment algorithm.		

## PageRequest, CurrentPage and SyncOptions

It is possible to have xAscender HMI Runtime exchange devices information on the page shown by the HMI. You can synchronize pages shown on the HMI device and on xAscender Client or to control an HMI project from a controller such as a PLC.

The following properties can be customized:

Property	Description
PageRequest	Page to be shown on the HMI device and on xAscender Client. Attached tag must contain an integer value within the range of the available project pages and must be available at least as a Read resource.
CurrentPage	Page number displayed on the HMI device or on xAscender Client or on both. Attached tag must be available at least as a Write resource and must have integer data type.
SyncOptions	<ul> <li>Synchronization of project pages with the value contained into the CurrentPage property.</li> <li>Options can be: <ul> <li>disable: page number value is ignored,</li> <li>local: page number displayed on HMI,</li> <li>remote : page number displayed on xAscender Client.</li> <li>local + remote: page number displayed on HMI and on xAscender Client, if different pages are displayed the last page loaded is considered.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

- 1
- The PageRequest is opened at the project startup.
- When the user login, or switch user, the user's home page or the user's last page has priority over the PageRequest

#### Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI device and xAscender Client

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to tag "A"
CurrentPage	empty
SyncOptions	disable

Set value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI device and xAscender Client.

# Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI and xAscender Client. Read current page loaded on HMI

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to tag "A"	
CurrentPage	attached to a tag "B" as read/write	
SyncOptions	local	

Set value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI device and xAscender Client. Tag "B" will contain the number of page currently shown by the device.

# Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI device and xAscender Client. Read current page loaded on xAscender Client.

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to tag "A"
CurrentPage	attached to a tag "B" as read/write
SyncOptions	remote

Set value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI and xAscender Client. Tag "B" will contain the number of page currently shown by xAscender Client.

# Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI device and xAscender Client. Force xAscender Client page synchronization with HMI device (not vice versa).

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to a tag "A" as Read/Write
CurrentPage	attached to the same tag "A" as per PageRequest
SyncOptions	local

Set value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI and xAscender Client. Change page on HMI to display the same page on xAscender Client.

# Example: forced page change from controller/PLC to HMI device and xAscender Client. Force HMI page synchronization with xAscender Client (not vice-versa).

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to a tag "A" as read/write		
CurrentPage	attached to the same tag "A" as per PageRequest		
SyncOptions	remote		

Change value of tag "A" to display the requested page on HMI and xAscender Client. Change page on xAscender Client to display the same page on HMI.

#### Example: synchronize displayed page between HMI device and on xAscender Client

Set properties as follows:

PageRequest	attached to a tag "A" as read/write	
CurrentPage	attached to the same tag "A" as per PageRequest	
SyncOptions	local+remote	

Changing page on HMI device, same page will be shown on xAscender Client and vice-versa.

## Web

#### Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description		
Show Runtime Errors	true	Display a message when a runtime error occurs	
	false	Disabled	
Web Inactivity Timeout	Defines a timeout for xA4Web client. When the timeout expires without any activity the current user is logged out.		
	Range	1–86400 s (form 1 s to 24 h)	
	Default value	600 s	
	Values	0 = disabled	
Web Icon	The favorite icon associate at the web pages		
Refresh Time	Defines the refresh time for the communication between the runtime and xA4Web clients.		
	Range	50–10000 ms	
	Default value	100 ms	
Use browser render API	true	Use the browser API requestAnimationFrame to manage graphic update	
	false	Disable this properties for old browsers that not support the web engine optimization	
Force browser layers	true	Force browser to use graphic layers when widgets are attached to tags	
	false	Disable this properties for old browsers that not support the web engine optimization	
Enable Global JavaScript for remote	Define if the JavaScrip code defined inside the Project Properties, general triggered from Alarms and Schedulers events, have to run only on local HMI device or even on remote clients.		
	None	Will not be executed on remote clients (run only inside the local HMI device)	
	Client	Will be executed on xAscender Client	

Property	Description			
	Web		Will be executed on Web client	
	Both		Will be executed on both xAscender Client and Web clients	
Max Bandwidth (Kbs)	Limit for maximum data sent by server (useful for old slow browsers). Set to 0 to use all the available bandwidth (default)			
Web clients connection mode	Auto The connection mode is selected by the client (default)			
	SSE	Force th	e Server-Sent Events mode	
	Long Polling	Force th	e Long-polling mode	
WebPageRequest	You can synchronize pages shown on the xA4Web Clients from a controller such as a PLC.			
	Page to be shown on the xA4Web Client. Attached tag must contain an integer value within the range of the available project pages and must be available at least as a Read resource.			
Web Communication icon	Delay before display the communication error icon (default is 0 mSec)			
delay (ms)	The special value -1 is meaning always disabled			
Enable the change page loader animation	If set to "true", an animated icon is displayed while the page is loading.			
Enable change page animation for cached pages	If set to "false", the animated icon is not displayed when loading pages that are in the cache. Generally, the loading of these pages is very fast.			



The project.getClientType() can be used to retrieve the running client type. See "Project object" on page 533 inside JavaScript chapter for additional details.

## **Events**

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane

Property	Description		
OnWheel	Used only in conjunction with wheel input devices. Normally the wheel is used to increase/decrease the value of a tag without an external keyboard device.		
	Attach this property to a change of wheel event and use an action like <b>BiStep</b> to increase/decrease a tag value.		
	The project's OnWheel Action is executed only when the OnWheel Action will not overwritten from the loaded page.		

# **Regional Settings**

Property	Description
Short date format	The date format to use when user select SHORT-DATE in the date format of the widget
Long date format	The date format to use when user select LONG-DATE in the date format of the widget
List separator	List separator character to use inside the dumped files.
Decimal symbol	Character to use in numeric widgets to separate the integer part from the fractional part (it is visible only when user configure the widget to show the fractional part)
Thousand symbol	Character to use in numeric widgets to separate the thousands (it is visible only when user configure the widget to show the thousand character)

Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane



You can use placeholders to freely define the Time and Date format (see "Time and Date placeholders" on page 446)

# 7 The HMI simulator

HMI simulator allows you testing projects before downloading it to the HMI device. It may be used to test the project when no HMI device is available and to speed up development and debugging activities.

On the HMI simulator, you can choose to use the real protocols to update the values of the tags (supported only for Ethernet or serial protocols) or simulate the communication and update the values of the tags manually.

Simulator settings	90
Tags Simulation	. 90
Data simulation methods	93
Launching and stopping the simulator	93

## Simulator settings

The Simulator works by default with simulated protocols. It can also work with real protocols (Ethernet or serial protocols)



Note: For protocols not supporting communication with external devices, such as the Variables protocol, this option is always disabled.

## Changing simulated protocols

1. Click the simulator **Settings** icon.

HMISimulator	_		×
		1	
		S	ettings

2. Select **Use Simulation** to use simulated protocols, otherwise real protocols will be used for communication with external devices.

	ProtocolID	ProtocolName	Mode
L	prot1	Modbus TCP	Use Simulation
2	prot2	Modbus TCP	Use Simulation
3	prot3	Variables	Use Simulation

## **Tags Simulation**

Through the "Tag Simulation" dialog it is possible to interact with the tag values in order to simulate the operation of the application.

To activate the "Tag Simulation" dialog click the simulator Tag Simulation icon:



The "Tag Simulation" dialog will be shown

<b>)</b> → Search			<b>T</b> Filter by: Na	ame	•  •  •  •  •  •  •  •  •  •  •  •  •	67 67			Keep stored
ame	Туре	Value	Prepared Value	WatchList	Protocol	Simulation		Property	Value
Tag1	unsignedShort	0			Modbus TCP		$\otimes$	Name	Tag2
Tag2	unsignedShort	4949			Modbus TCP		$\otimes$	Туре	unsignedShort
Tag3	unsignedShort	12			Modbus TCP		$\odot$	Value	4949
Tag4	unsignedShort		10		Modbus TCP		$\otimes$	Prepared Value	
Tag5	unsignedShort		11		Modbus TCP		Ø	WatchList	true
Tag6	unsignedShort		12		Modbus TCP		õ	Protocol	Modbus TCP
Tag7	unsignedShort		12		Modbus TCP		0	Simulation	
-	-								
Tag8	unsignedShort				Modbus TCP		0		
Tag9	unsignedShort				Modbus TCP		0		
Var1	unsignedShort	0			Variables				
Var2	unsignedShort	0	25		Variables				
Var3	unsignedShort	0			Variables				
Var4	unsignedShort	100			Variables	sine;100;0;60;	_		
Var5 Var6	unsignedShort unsignedShort	0			Variables Variables				
		-							

#### Colors:

- The rows with green backgrounds highlight the tags that are used in the active page.
- The rows with blue backgrounds highlight the selected tags.

The property panel on the right is showing the properties of the selected tag. Note that you can select multiple tags and modify the same property on all selected tags.

## Columns available inside the "Tag Simulation" dialog

Column	Description
Name	Tag's name
Туре	Tag's type
Value	Tag's value. It is shown only when the tag is related to a simulated protocol or when the "watch list" parameter is checked. If the tag is related to a simulated protocol a double click gives you the possibility to modify the value.
Prepared Value	Tag values that are not simulated but are related to a working protocol cannot be written directly. You can prepare the tag values you want to modify within the "Prepared values" column and then press the "Write prepared values" button on the toolbar to write all the prepared values at the same time.
Watch List	Select the tags you want to be read to be able to see their values in the "Value" column. This function is not available when a protocol is in simulation mode.

Column	Description
Protocol	The protocol associated with the tag
Simulation	Triggers an automatic change of the tag value. See the available functions on: "Data simulation methods" on the facing page. This feature is available only on simulated protocols.
	When you exit and restart the simulator this field will be reset with the values defined within the project. If you prefer to keep the values entered with this field, select the "Keep Archived" on the toolbar.

## Filters available on the toolbar

In the main filter, available on the toolbar, you can enter the filter text, select the column in which to search, and the search mode.

₽- Search	 Trilt	ter by: Name	↓ p	모 모 63	47
Nam W Use wild	ie	Prepared Value	WatchList	Protocol	Simulation

Main options	Function
Wildcards	Search using simple wildcards matching . Character '?': matches any single character. Character ' *': matches zero or more of any characters." []": sets of characters can be represented in square brackets.
Regular Expression	Describes character pattern.
	See <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular_expression</u> for additional details regarding regular expressions.

Using the buttons on the right you can activate the following filters:

Show only current page tags
 Hide online tags (the tags managed from a physical protocol)
 Hide simulation tags (the tags where the protocol is simulated)
 Hide tags not in watch list

The last button will write the "Prepared Value" inside each selected tag, then the prepared values are cleared. Note this write will be executed on all selected tags even they are not on the Watchlist.

47 Write prepared values

## Data simulation methods

Set tag simulation behavior in the Simulator field of Tag Editor.

Method	Description
Variables	Data is stored in a simulator variable. This variable holds the value of the tag so you can read and write the value.
SawTooth	A count value is incremented from <b>Offset</b> to <b>Amplitude + Offset</b> value with a <b>Period</b> of 603600 seconds. When the counter reaches <b>Amplitude + Offset</b> , the value is reset to <b>Offset</b> and the counter restarts.
Sine Wave	A sine wave value is generated and written to the tag value. <b>Min, Max</b> and <b>Period</b> values can be defined for each tag.
Triangle Wave	A triangle wave value is generated and written to the tag value. <b>Min, Max</b> and <b>Period</b> values can be defined for each tag.
Square Wave	A square wave value is generated and written to the tag value. <b>Min, Max</b> and <b>Period</b> values can be defined for each tag.

See "Adding tags" on page 107 for details.

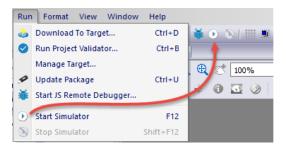
#### **Keep Stored**

When the "Keep Stored" flag on the toolbar is set to true, the configured simulations will be kept even after closing and reopening the simulator.

## Launching and stopping the simulator

To launch the simulator:

1. On the **Run** menu, click **Start Simulator:** the Simulator runs on the computer in the same way as the server would run on the HMI device.



To stop the simulator:

1. On the **Run** menu, click **Stop Simulator** or on the simulated page double-click the **Exit** button.



# 8 Transferring the project to HMI device

To transfer the xAscender Studio project to the target HMI device you can use:

- function Run > Download to Target
- function Run > Update Package with the use of a USB device

Download to HMI device	96
Update package	
The Runtime loader	101
Upload projects	102
Runtime dynamic files handling	

## **Download to HMI device**

#### Path: Run> Download to Target

This function transfers project and xAscender HMI Runtime via Ethernet .



Note: The HMI device must have a valid IP address. See "HMI device basic settings" on page 10 for details on how to assign an IP address.

- 1. Click the discovery button: a list of the detected IP addresses is displayed.
- 2. Select the HMI device IP address.

ownload to Target		? >
Ready to download	<ul> <li>HMI-1CCC*@169.254.7.86</li> <li>HMI-0438*@192.168.6.76</li> <li>DEVICE-f2d6@192.168.41.234:8585</li> </ul>	
192.168.40.250	DEVICE-f2dd@192.168.46.219      MII-0FCE*@192.168.17.37      Advanced Settings	wnload Close

You can even enter the IP address manually or, if available, the host name provided by a DNS server. Using a service tool like Bonjour, HMI devices can be discovered using their hostname (e.g HMI-0d37.local). Bonjour is a trademark of Apple inc.

3. Click **Download**: xAscender Studio will switch the HMI device to Configuration Mode and transfer the files.

When the download operation is completed, the HMI device automatically switched back to Operation Mode and the project is started.

#### **Advanced options**

Download to Target	?	$\times$
Ready to download		
192.168.40.250   Download	Close	:
- Advanced		
Download only changes		
Binary format		
Delete runtime dynamic files		
Download Web Project		

Option	Description	
Download only changes	Transfers to the HMI device only the modified project files.	
Binary format	Download files using binary format.	

Option	Description		
Delete runtime dynamic files	Modified configuration of recipes, users, schedulers, etc. done at runtime will be deleted and overwritten by the configuration defined in the project.		
	When selected, you can choose the files to delete and overwrite:		
	• Trends		
	Recipes		
	Schedulers		
	Audit and generic events		
	User management		
	Alarms		
	Selected language		
	<b>CAUTION:</b> This operation cannot be undone, deleted dynamic files cannot be restored.		
	CAUTION: Dynamic files are not deleted if stored on external devices (USB or SD Cards).		
Download Web Project	Download the xA4Web pages to HMI device.		

When transferring a project, xAscender Studio uses a combination of HTTP and FTP connections:

- HTTP connection issues the commands to switch to transfer mode or to unload running project,
- FTP session transfers the files to the flash memory in the HMI device.

#### **Advanced Settings**

Using the "Advanced Settings" option, you can define the ports to use, but generally, you do not need to enter this information because HMI devices will provide the ports to use inside the panesl list.

Download to Target			?	×
Ready to download	HMI-1CCC*@169.254.7.86 HMI-0438*@192.168.6.76 DEVICE-f2d6@192.168.41.234:8585 DEVICE-f2dd@192.168.46.219			
192. 168. 41. 234:8585	HMI-0FCE*@192.168.17.37 Advanced Settings	Download	Clos	e

### **Changing HMI device connection settings**

#### Path: Run> Manage Target

1. Click **Target Setup**: the **Advanced Settings** dialog is displayed. Default port for HTTP connections on the HMI device is port 80.

untime Board				
Retrieve Projects	Load Project	Unload Project	Upload Project	Delete Project
Download System Files	Restart Target	Update Runtime	Update Package	Target Setup
Target	Note			l\$
192.168.44.14	😻 Advanced Setti	ngs		×
Status:	HTTP :	80	HTTPS :	
	FTP :	21	FTPS :	
	FTP Timeout :	25		
	Hostname :			

- 2. Set correct HTTP, FTP or HTTPS, FTPS ports for the HMI device. (These are the ports used by the system to connect to the HMI device and may need to be modified when default ports are used by other services or applications or if the local network requires specific settings.)
- 3. Specify **Hostname** to easily identify each device in a network where multiple devices are available. The default hostname is "HMI" for all devices.
- 4. Click **Download System Files**. At the next download the new ports will be used in the HMI device and new hostname will appear in the drop-down list

## Managing big projects

For successful download the project size should be at least 2 MB smaller than the available memory. If not, you run out of flash memory in the HMI device and a warning message is displayed.

<u>^</u>	Target device doest not have enough free memory Do you want to delete some unloaded projects ?		
	Manage Target Cancel		

To free more memory:

- 1. Click Manage Target.
- 2. Delete the projects you no longer need t to make more memory available.

## Update package

The Update Package create a UpdatePackage.zip file to install or update the application inside the HMI device using an USB memory key.

## Creating an update package

#### Path: Run> Update Package

Update Package	)
Target	~
HMI Runtime	O HMI Client
Project	
HMI Runtime & Plug-1	In
🗹 Binary format	
🗹 Web Project	
Set Target Password	
Delete runtime dynar	nic files
User Files	
	on must be 1.3 or higher for using current HMI Update device BSP version before using this Check BSP updates
Location :	
D:/Workspace/UpdatePa	ackage\
	Create Cancel

Option	Description
Target	HMI device type. Selected automatically if the project is open.
Application Selector	Select the application to insert inside the UpdatePackage.zip
	<ul><li>HMI Runtime</li><li>HMI Client (Available only on Linux devices)</li></ul>
Project	Adds open project to update package.
HMI Runtime & Plug- In	HMI Runtime is added to the update package. If the project is open the required plugins are also added to update package.

Option	Description		
Binary Format	Download files using binary format.		
Web Project	Download the xA4Web pages to HMI device.		
Set Target Password	Sets password to perform critical tasks (for example, project download/upload , board management)		
	See "Protecting access to HMI devices" on page 571.		
Delete runtime dynamic files	······································		
User Files Selects files to be copied to the QTHM folder of HMI device. Max size 5 MB			
Location	Location of update package.		



Important: When create a package with the HMI Runtime application, always include both project and the runtime. If you need to use an old project with the latest Runtime version, convert the project first. See "Installing the application" on page 6 for details.

#### Example of user's file location

Computer:

C:\Users\Username\Desktop\myFolder

- subFolder1/file1
- subFolder1/file2
- file3
- file4

Linux devices:

/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi

- subFolder1/file1
- subFolder1/file2
- file3
- file4

# Loading an update package

Path: from the context menu > **Update** 

- 1. Assuming you have stored the package in the root folder of a USB drive, remove the drive from the computer, plug it in the HMI device, display the context menu by holding your finger for a few seconds on the screen and select **Update**.
- 2. The system will check for the presence of the update package in the USB drive root and ask confirmation to proceed with the update.

HMI Update Wizard 1/2	×		
Please wait, examining system			
Available updates: //mnt/usbmemory	Available updates: /mnt/usbmemory		
✓ Auto select best match			
Components that will be updated:			
System Files			
Executable files			
Config files			
License			
Executable files			
Support libraries	Ŧ		
Browse Next Cancel			

3. Select **Auto select best match** and click **Next**: the procedure is completed automatically. Alternatively use the browser button to select the file to use.

# The Runtime loader

HMI devices are delivered from factory without Runtime.

When you power up the device for the first time, the Runtime Loader window is displayed (see "Runtime Installation" on page 589 for details)



The Runtime Loader presence depends on the device Operating System and may not be available on all the units. Old versions of HMI devices may not include the Runtime Loader. Contact technical support if you need further information.

### Installing Runtime from xAscender Studio

When you download a project the Runtime is automatically installed if needed.



See "Transferring the project to HMI device" on page 95 for details.

1. Click Install Runtime: the procedure is run automatically.

#### Installing Runtime from a USB drive

- 1. Prepare the Update Package as described in "Update package" on page 98
- 2. Plug the USB drive in the device and follow the instructions for the type of device (see "Install Runtime via USB Memory" on page 590 for details)



Note: Old versions of HMI devices may not support automatic installation of Runtime. Contact technical support for more information.

# **Upload projects**

#### Path: Run> Manage Target

You can copy a project from the Runtime to the computer where xAscender Studio is running.

1. In the Runtime tab, select the IP address of the device from the drop-down list Target.

Target	Note
192.168.40.28	
Status:	winxp-client1@192.168.42.30
Status.	HMI@192.168.40.28
	HMI@192.168.41.1
	HMI@192.168.42.20
	HMI@192.168.41.171
	HMI*@192.168.6.7
	Advanced Settings

- 2. Click Retrieve Projects: a list of all the projects available is displayed.
- 3. Select project to upload
- 4. Click Upload Project



Upload could be password protected. See "Protecting access to HMI devices" on page 571 for details.

- 5. If required, enter password. The upload process starts.
- 6. A popup will appear asking you whether to upload a copy of the dynamic files as well. Leave it unchecked to load only project files.

#### The dynamic file that will be uploaded are:

/data/recipe_name_field.dat	Current working data of a recipe (set values altered by the user)
/data/recipe_name_lastdl.dat	Last downloaded set stored (used for reset after power reset)
/config/alarms_dynamic.dat	Stored enabled status of the alarms
/config/dynamic_recipe.xml	Runtime modification of recipe sets
/config/timer.xml	Scheduler runtime changes will be stored in this file
/config/um/usermgnt_user.xml	Dynamic changes made by user (e.g., added user / edit user)
/config/Dynamic_MultiLang.xml	Stored language changes accomplished by user

#### A copy of the project is saved in:

C:\Users\username\Documents\xAscender Studio\workspace\Uploaded\RuntimeIPAddress\workspace\ProjectName

In the status area a clickable link will be proposed to be able to quickly open the loaded project in xAscender Studio

Retrieve Projects	Load Project	💣 Upload Project 🛛 🗙	Upload Project	Delete Project
Download System Files	Restart Target	Project uploaded sucessfully	Jpdate Package	Target Setup
10.1.35.101	Note	OK		
Status:				
Retrieving Projects from target 10.1.35.101 Uploading project from target 10.1.35.101 The project is uploaded to				
<u>C:\Users\username\D</u>	ocuments\Studio\	workspace\Uploaded\IPAddress	\workspace\Project	



Note: If the upload operation fails, check firewall settings the computer where xAscender Studio is running.

# **Runtime dynamic files handling**

xAscender HMI Runtime uses Runtime Dynamic files to store information at runtime, these information are:

- User modified Security Settings (changes to existing users, added users)
- User modified Recipe data
- User modified Schedulers settings
- Event buffers (Alarms, Audit Trail)
- · Trends sampled data

All these information are project depending, the system relies on the project name, if the project name is changed (for example after a save-as operation or after a conversion to a newer runtime version) and downloaded in the target, all the existing Runtime Dynamic files will be removed and the system will create new Runtime Dynamic files for the actual application. The previous existing information will be lost.

The Runtime Dynamic files will be also deleted by selecting the apposite advanced option "Delete Runtime Dynamic Files" when downloading an application in the target.



Delete Runtime Dynamic File option is not effective if the above mentioned information are stored into an external memory location (USB or SD Card)

The below table shows the behavior of the system in the possible use cases.

Operation	Runtime Dynamic Files behavior
Application download via Ethernet, project not renamed	Maintained
Application download via Ethernet, project renamed or different project	Deleted
Application download via Ethernet, Delete Runtime Dynamic files option selected	Deleted
Application download via Update Package, project not renamed	Maintained
Application download via Update Package, project renamed or different project	Deleted

Operation	Runtime Dynamic Files behavior
Application download via Update Package, Delete Runtime Dynamic files option selected	Deleted
Update Runtime only via Ethernet	Maintained
Update Runtime only via Update Package	Maintained
Update Runtime and application via Ethernet, project not renamed	Maintained
Update Runtime and application via Ethernet, project renamed or different project	Deleted
Update Runtime and application via Ethernet, Delete Runtime Dynamic files option selected	Deleted
Update Runtime and application via Update Package, project not renamed	Maintained
Update Runtime and application via Update Package, project renamed or different project	Deleted
Update Runtime and application via Update Package, Delete Runtime Dynamic files option selected	Deleted

# 9 Tag editor

A tag is a friendly name used to identify the memory location of a device. Tags can be read or write from an external device through communication protocols.

From the Tags Editor, you can configure the protocols and the list of tags to use.

Communication protocols	
Adding tags	
Exporting tags	
Importing tags	
Tag find and rename	
Tag find and replace	

# **Communication protocols**

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > Protocols

Device communication drivers are configured in the **Protocol Editor**. You can add up to the maximum number of protocols as specified in Table of functions and limits. Variable and System Variables are not counted as protocols.



Note: you can run different Ethernet protocols over the same physical Ethernet port, but you cannot run different serial protocols using the same serial port. Some serial protocols support access to multiple controllers, but this option is set within the protocol itself which is still counted as one protocol.

# Adding a protocol

1. Click +.

- · ·	ά×	protocols x	
+ - ₫ ^ ∨		+ - ^ ~	
🖃 📰 Project1	<b>7</b>	PLC	Configuration
🛓 🖓 Pages			
	/		
Config			
- Protocols			
🗄 Tags			
Trends			

2. Select the protocol from the **PLC** list and enter the required values.

# **Changing protocol settings**

To change configuration parameters, click the browse button in the **Configuration** column.

Modbus TCP		2
PLC Network		ОК
Alias		Cancel
IP address	0.0.0.0	
Port	502	
Timeout (ms)	2000	
Modbus ID	1	
Max read block	254	
Preset function	06 🗸	
PLC Models		
Modicon modbus Generic modbus		

### **Protocol parameters**

Click Show Advanced Properties icon to see all parameters.

Parameter	Description	
Dictionaries	Tags imported for the protocol.	
	See "Importing tags" on page 110 for details.	
Enable Offline AlgorithmOffline Retry Timeout	See "Automatic offline node detection" on page 307 for details.	
Version	Protocol version available in xAscender Studio for selected HMI device.	

# Adding tags

xAscender Studio uses tag names to access all device data. All fields and reference locations in the device need to be assigned a tag name to be used in the HMI project.

Tag Editor can be used to create and manage tags. After the tags have been defined, they can be used in the project by attaching them to widgets' properties.

See ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details.

### **Tag editor**

Path: ProjectView > Tags

### Adding a tag

- 1. Click + and enter the required data.
- 2. Select the Address from the communication protocol address dialog
- 3. Click on the fields that are inside the property dialog if something is to change (e.g. tag name)



Note that if a tag is selected, the add tag command + will create a new tag using the property of the selected tag.

# Tag properties

Some properties depend from the protocol used. See specific protocol documentation for details.

Property	Description				
Active	Update mode.				
	• <b>false</b> = tags are read from controller only when required by the HMI device.				
	• <b>true</b> = tags are continuously read even if not required by the displayed page.				
	Important: Leave this value set to false for higher communication performance.				
Description	Tag description				
Encoding	Encoding type for string data type (UTF-8, Latin1, UTF-2 and UTF-16)				
Groups	Group names associated to a tag				
PLC tag name	Original PLC tag name, used to match tags used by HMI application (Tag Name) and tags exported from PLC				
R/W	R/W tag attribute (R/W, R or W).				
	Note: The content of Write Only tags is always written and never read. When communication is not active, the content of these tags may not be available in widgets.				
Rate	Tag refresh time. Default: 500ms (except SystemVariable which is 1000ms).				
	When the refresh rate is set to "Manual", the HMI device will not read the tag from the remote device automatically in background. Tag is read and refreshed into the database only by explicitly required from the "ForceReadTag" action or using the forceRefresh option into the JavaScript getTag().				
	WARNING: Tags refresh rate is the maximum refresh rate. Actual refresh rate depends on: communication type (serial, fieldbus, Ethernet), protocol, amount of data exchanged.				
Scaling	Conversion applied to tag before database storage.				
	• By Formula = defined as a linear transformation.				
	By Range = defined as a range conversion.				
	Fixed Point = fixed point scaling				
Simulator	Tag behavior during simulation. Several profiles are available.				

Property	Description			
Tag URI	Controller memory address.			
	To edit click on the right side of the column to get the dialog box where you can enter the address information.			
Tag name	Unique tag name at project level. Primary key to identify information in the runtime tag database.			
	WARNING: Duplicate tag names are not allowed.			



Note that is allowed to select multiple tags in Tag Editor and to change the same property to all (e.g. to change refresh time in 10 tags to 500 without change it in all tags one by one).

### Managing tag names

Tag names must be unique at project level. If the same tags, from the same symbol file have to be used for two different controllers, use the "Alias" feature to add a prefix to the imported tags and make them unique at project level.



Note: Not all protocols support the "Alias" feature.

# Managing tag groups

Tags used in each page are identified as part of a group, so that requests made by the communication protocol to the connected controller(s) can be processed faster: only the tags included in the displayed page are polled from the controller.

# Scaling

Using the tag scaling function it is possible to resize the tag values that will be visible from the HMI application.

There is the possibility to configure

- · Linear transformation, using the "By Formula" or the "By Range" mode
- Fixed Point transformation

Generally, the data type used inside the HMI is the same data type inherited from the PLC device. When a transformation is used, considerate the possibility to change the HMI's data type to not lose precision.

#### Example

If your PLC manages value with two decimal digits using an integer in fixed point, you can configure the scaling transformation as the below picture where the value read from the PLC will be divided by 100 and stored inside a float data type. E.g. PLC integer value 12345 will become the float value 123.45 inside the HMI device.

Fixed Point Number of decimal digits: 2							
Converted:	y = (float) (x) / 10^2						
HMI data type:	float					•	
Reset				ОК		Cancel	

# **Exporting tags**

#### Path: ProjectView > Tags

1:Page1 Tags 🗙	
+ - 🎽 🕲 🔊	
Data Modbus TCP:prot1 Model: Modicon Modbus(1-base	Export Tags
Holding Registers 1	1?HREG?400001?unsignedShort
- Holding Registers 2	1?HREG?400002?unsignedShort
Holding Registers 3	1?HREG?400003?unsignedShort
<ul> <li>Variables:prot2</li> </ul>	
🚺 🛛 Tag1	Tag1?int
— Tag2	Tag2?int
Tag3	Tag3?int

- 1. Select the protocol for the tags you want to export.
- 2. Click the Export Tags button: all the tags configurations for the selected protocols are exported into an .xml file.

You can edit the resulting .xml file using third part tools (for example, Microsoft Excel) and then re-import the modified file (see "Importing tags" below for details).

# Importing tags

### Introduction

Some protocols allow you to import tags stored in a comma separated file (.csv or other formats).

Importing is a two step process:

- 1. Import of the tag definition into a dictionary
- 2. Import tags from the dictionary to the project



WARNING: Special characters in tag names, such as "&" character, that can cause communication errors will be substituted with the underscore "\_" character when imported. See "Limitations in Unicode support" on page 316

### **Importing tags**

To import tags from an external file:

1. In ProjectView, Tags select the protocol from the filter list.

1:Page1 Tags x		
+ - 🎽 🕲 🔊 🕨 🎝	3 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	₽- Search
Data J	Туре	Tag name
Modbus TCP:prot1 Import Tag Model: Modicon Modbus(1-based)	ls Container	
Holding Registers 1	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 1
- Holding Registers 2	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 2
Holding Registers 3	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 3
Variables:prot2	Container	
- Tag1	int	Tag1
— Tag2	int	Tag2
Tag3	int	Tag3
-		-

2. Click the **Import Tags** button: the dialog to choose the importer type appears. The list of the supported importers is depended from the selected protocol.

HMIStudio		×
Multiple tag importers are available for this protocol. Please select the importe	r type and cont	inue.
Version	Туре	^
Modbus Generic csv v1.0	Linear	
Tag Editor exported xml 1.1	General	
		~
Watched dictionary file:		
Modbus TCP.csv	4	
Keep synchronized		
бок	Cance	1

- 3. Select the importer type to use
- 4. Select the dictionary file
- 5. Press OK to attach the dictionary file to project file. The tags available within the Dictionary but not imported into the project are gray and are visible only when the "Show all tags" check box is selected.

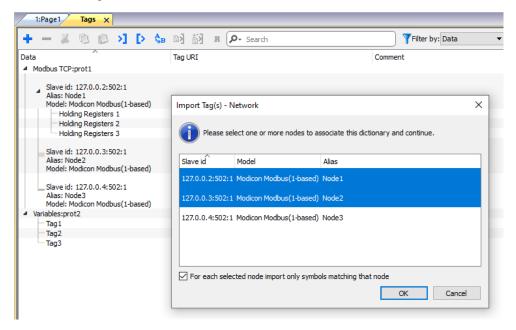
1:Page1 Tags 🗙			
+ - 2 6 0 >	] [> 😘 🛐 👔 R 🔎 Search 🍸 Filt	er by: Data  v Items used:6/10000 Pro	otocol: Show all 🛛 💽 Show all tags
Data	Tag URI Comment	Property	Value
Modbus TCP:prot1	Import Dictionary Tag(s)	✓ Driver	
Model: Modicon Modbus(1-bi		Model	Modicon Modbus(1-based)
Holding Registers 1	1?HREG?400001?unsignedShort	Protocol	Modbus TCP:prot1
Holding Registers 2	1?HREG?400002?unsignedShort	✓ Dictionary	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<ul> <li>Holding Registers 3</li> <li>MRTU1</li> </ul>	1?HREG?400003?unsignedShort 1?HREG?400001?unsignedShort	Array	false
- MRTU2	17HREG?400002?unsignedShort	Array size	0
- MRTU5	1?HREG?400005?unsignedShort	Arrayindex.	Subindex 400066
MRTU6	1?HREG?400066?unsignedShort	Comment	
MRTU7	1?HREG?400077?unsignedShort	Data type	unsignedShort
- MRTU8a	1?HREG?400008?unsignedShort	Dictionary	[Modbus TCP prot1] Modbus TCP
- MRTU9	1?HREG?400009?unsignedShort	Memory typ	
- MRTU10	1?HREG?400010?unsignedShort	Node id	1
- MRTU11	1?HREG?400011?unsignedShort	Tag URI	1?HREG?400066?unsignedShort
- MRTU12 - MRTU13	1?HREG?4000 12?unsignedShort 1?HREG?4000 13?unsignedShort	Tag name	MRTU6
- MRTU13	1?HREG?400013?unsignedShort 1?HREG?400014?unsignedShort	lag name	PICLOU
- MRT014	12HPEG24000152upsignedShort		

- 6. To import tags, select one or more tags or a node (hierarchical view only)
- 7. Click the Import tag button: tags are imported to the project and listed in black color.

When the project is configured to use a protocol network you must also select the protocol node where tags are to be imported. You can import the same tags on multiple protocols.

#### For each selected node import only symbols matching that node

When the tags file contains the node information, you can choose to use the information to filter the tags and import only those matching with the selected nodes.



#### Recursive

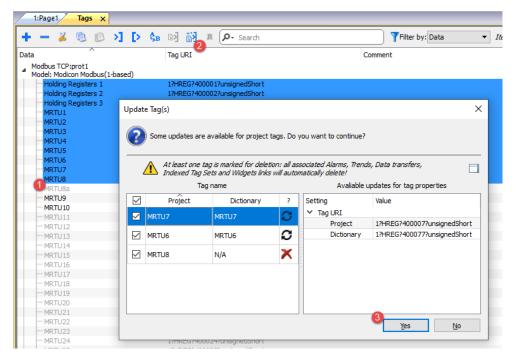
Recursive is a toggle button. When selected, when an array tag is imported even all array elements are imported into separate tags.

1:Page1 Tags* ×	
+ - % @ @ >] [>	😘 🛯 🛐 🖪 🔎 Search
Data CODESYS V3 ETH:prot3 Model: CODESYS 3	Tag URI Recursive Comment
Application	
PLC_PRG	
✓ testArrayTag	0?M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag?short-11
- [0]	0?M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[0]?short
-[1]	0?M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[1]?short
- [2]	0?M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[2]?short
- [3]	0?M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[3]?short
- [4]	0?M?Application/PLC_PRG/testArrayTag[4]?short

# Updating the imported tags

To check the dictionary file and update the imported tags:

- 1. Select the tags that you want to check
- 2. If some change is found the update icon will be enabled, click the icon and the "Update Tag(s)" dialog with the list of found differences is showed
- 3. Unchecked the tags that you do not want yo update and click OK to confirm





×

These tags need to be updated. The list of differences between project and dictionary is displayed.

These tags are no longer available in the dictionary. If updated, these tags will be removed from the project.

#### **Keep Synchronized**

Check the "Keep Synchronized" check box if you want that xAscender Studio checks and update the tags from file dictionary automatically without user intervention.

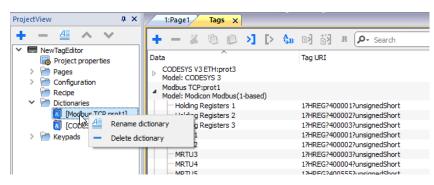
	•
Watched dictionary file:	
Modbus TCP.csv	
Keep synchronized	
	OK Cancel

### Dictionaries

#### Path: ProjectView > Dictionaries

A dictionary is a list of tags imported in the Tag Editor for a specific protocol. Depending on the protocol type, tags are shown in linear view or in hierarchical view.

To remove a dictionary, right-click the dictionary name.



# Tag find and rename

Tag find and rename feature will rename a tag reference inside the entire project.

Note this feature can be used not only to rename tags, but even to change values from each columns of the tags editor

- 🎽 🛍 🗈	>] [> 🔂 🖬 🗟 R 🔎	- Search	Tilter by: Data 🔹 It	ems used:6/1	10000 Protocol: Sh
a ^	Туре	Tag name		^	Property
Modbus TCP:prot1	Contrinor				✓ Driver
Model: Modicon Modbus(1-b					Model
Holding Registers 1	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 1			Protocol
Holding Registers 2	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 2			✓ Tag
<ul> <li>Holding Registers 3</li> </ul>	unsignedShort	Holding Registers 3			Active
- MRTU1	unsignedShort	MRTU1			
- MRTU2	unsignedShort	MRTU2			Comment
- MRTU3	unsignedShort	MRTU3			Data Type
- MRTU4	unsignedShort	MDTLIA			
- MRTU6	Tag Find and Rename				$\times$ ha
- MRTU7					
- MRTU8a					
- MRTU9					
- MRTU10	Column: Name 🔻	Rename Names in Dictionary			-
-MRTU11	Column: Name 🔻	Rename Names in Dictionary			-
- MRTU11 - MRTU12	Column: Name 🔻 🗌	Rename Names in Dictionary			
- MRTU11 - MRTU12 - MRTU13	Column: Name 🔻 🗌	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14		Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15 MRTU16		Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15 MRTU16	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU17 MRTU18	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary			
MRTU11 MRTU12 MRTU13 MRTU14 MRTU15 MRTU16 MRTU18 MRTU18 MRTU19	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected Ren	name All	Cancel
	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected Ren	name All	Cancel
	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected Ren	name All	Cancel
	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected Ren	name All	Cancel
	Find what:	Rename Names in Dictionary	Rename Selected Ren	name All	Cancel
- MRTU 11 - MRTU 12 - MRTU 12 - MRTU 14 - MRTU 15 - MRTU 15 - MRTU 17 - MRTU 17 - MRTU 17 - MRTU 17 - MRTU 20 - MRTU 20 - MRTU 22 - MRTU 23 - MRTU 24	Find what:		Rename Selected Ren	name All	Cancel

Parameters				
Column	Select the column to modify with the find and rename operation			
Rename Names in Dictionary	The tags' names rename will be extend to rename even to the internal dictionary tags' names. This parameter is useful when you have to substitute the dictionary with another dictionary that contains renamed tags			
	This parameter is available only when the selected column is "Name"			
Find what	String to search			
Rename with	String to replace			
Case sensitive	Takes account of upper and lower case letters			
Use regular expression	Enable regular expression in search/replace pattern			
	See <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular_expression</u> for additional details regarding regular expressions.			
	When regular expression is enabled, the "Find what" parameter will not offer predefined values but only free text handling.			

#### **RENAME SELECTED**

Execute the rename only for the selected tags

#### **RENAME ALL**

Execute the rename for the entire tags database



References used in Java script and within custom widgets will not update. Undo is not supported for this command

#### Regular expression example

Using the tags list of the above picture.

If you want add a prefix to all tags you don't need to use regular expression:

Find what:	MRTU
Rename with	PLC01_MRTU

But if you want add a postfix, you need to use a regular expression:

Find what:	MRTU(.*)
Rename with	MRTU\1_PLC01

#### Where

- (.\*) is meaning any sequence of characters
- \1 is a copy of the first sequence of characters enclosed by (...) found inside the search string

If you want to remove a prefix, you need to use regular expression:

Find what:	^(prefix)
Rename with	empty

For example, the filter in the following figure:

÷	- 2	D	🙆 刘	₽	A 9B	B>	樹	R	<u>م</u>	Sea	arch		<b>T</b> Filter by:	Data
Data		^			Туре	Т	ag name					Tag URI		
⊿ V	/ariables:p				Contain	er								
	- GVL1/A	pplication	n/Variable n/Variable n/Variable	1(3)	byte byte	Та	g Find a	nd	Rena	me				
	- GVL1/A - GVL1/A - GVL1/A - GVL1/A	Application Application Application Application	n/Variable n/Variable n/Variable n/Variable n/Variable	1(7) 1(8) 1(9) 1(10)			Column:	Na	ame		~			
	- GVL 1/A	pplication	n/Variable n/Variable n/Variable	1	byte byte byte		Find v	vhat	:		^(GVL	1VApplication	D	
	GVL1/F	plication	i/variable	1(0)	Dyte	Ŀ	Renar	me v	vith:					
							Case		nsitiv Ilar e		ssion			

Produces this result:

1:Page1 Pro	tocols	Tags 🗙	
+ - % @	🙆 👌	[> <b>₿</b> В	B ★ R P- Search
Data	Туре	Tag name	Tag URI
Variables:prot1	Container		
Variable 1(2)	byte	Variable 1(2)	Variable 1(2)?byte
<ul> <li>Variable 1(3)</li> </ul>	byte	Variable 1(3)	Variable 1(3)?byte
Variable 1(4)	byte	Variable 1(4)	Variable 1(4)?byte
Variable 1(5)	byte	Variable 1(5)	Variable 1(5)?byte
Variable 1(7)	byte	Variable 1(7)	Variable 1(7)?byte
Variable 1(8)	byte	Variable 1(8)	Variable 1(8)?byte
Variable 1(9)	byte	Variable 1(9)	Variable 1(9)?byte
Variable 1(10)	byte	Variable 1(10)	Variable 1(10)?byte
Variable 1(11)	byte	Variable 1(11)	Variable 1(11)?byte
Variable 1	byte	Variable 1	Variable 1?byte
Variable 1(6)	byte	Variable 1(6)	Variable 1(6)?byte

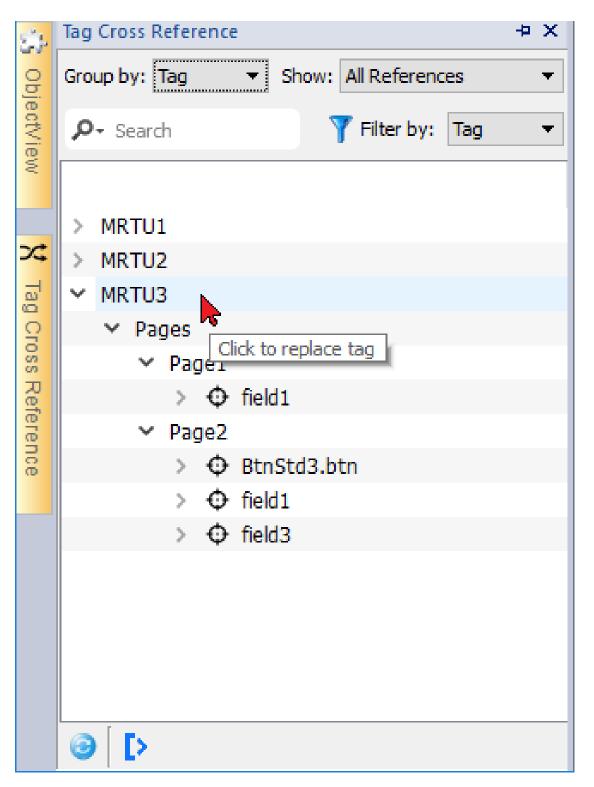
# Tag find and replace

Using this feature you can search all occurrence of a tag inside the project and replace it with another tag.



Tag replace is only applicable for Protocol tags which are shown in black color and not for System Variable, Alias and Recipe tags. (See "Opening the Tag Cross Reference pane" on page 130 for the different colors meaning)

From the Tag Cross Reference view, click the tag that you want replace



Using the check boxes select where you want apply the replace,

then click the "Select new tag" button to replace the data links of the selected objects or press "Cancel" to abort the operation.

ŝ,	Tag Cross Reference +	×
	Group by: Tag   Show: All References	•
ObjectView	P - Search	•
ew X Tag Cross Reference	<ul> <li>&gt; MRTU1</li> <li>&gt; MRTU2</li> <li>&gt; MRTU3 Select new tag Cancel</li> <li>Pages</li> <li>Page1</li> <li>Page2</li> <li>Page3</li> <li>Page4</li> <li>Page4</li> <li>Page4</li> <li>Page5</li> <li>Page4</li> <li>Page5</li> <li>Page5</li> <li>Page6</li> <li>Page6</li> <li>Page6</li> <li>Page6</li> <li>Page6</li> <li>Page7</li> <li>Page6</li> <li>Page6</li> <li>Page7</li> <li< th=""><th></th></li<></ul>	



References used in the Java script and within custom widgets may not be listed. Undo is not supported for this command

# 10 Indexed addressing

Indexed addressing allows you to select a set of tags depending on the value of another tag. This is very useful, for example, to use the same graphics to visualize a set of data coming from different sources, all the user has to do is pick the source to monitor from a list.

Creating an indexed addressing set	122
Using indexed tag set in pages	127

# Creating an indexed addressing set

# Scenario

In this scenario, environment data is collected from with four rooms, each equipped with temperature, pressure, and humidity sensors. Data is available as follows:

Room Number	Temperature	Pressure	Humidity
1	Room1-Temperature	Room1-Pressure	Room1-Humidity
2	Room2-Temperature	Room2-Pressure	Room2-Humidity
3	Room3-Temperature	Room3-Pressure	Room3-Humidity
4	Room4-Temperature	Room4-Pressure	Room4-Humidity

Using the indexed addressing feature, you can use a single table format to arrange all data in the HMI device.

Data from the three different sensors can be displayed in a single page where the room number is used as a selector (combo box) to pick the correct set of tags.

Room 1	•
Temperature (°C)	21
Pressure	1
Umidity (%)	75

# How to create an indexed tag set

#### Path: ProjectView> Tags

To do this you need to create an indexed tag set.

1. In the Tag Editor, define protocols and tag. Define a tag for each data to be indexed, in this example you must create a tag for each sensor in each room.

÷	-	X	Ð	C	>]	Þ	А ЪВ	B>	菡	R	<b>م</b>	Search		🍸 Filter b
Data	9		^			Та	g URI							
	Modbus Model: I			dbus(1	-based	J)								
	Roc	om4-Pr	essur	e		1?	HREG	24000	11?un:	signed	Short			
	Roc	om4-Te	mpera	ature		1?	IREG	24000	10?un:	signed	Short			
	Roc	om4-Ur	nidity			1?	HREG	24000	12?un:	signed	Short			
	Roc	om3-Pr	essur	e		1?	IREG	24000	08?un:	signed	Short			
	Roc	om3-Te	mpera	ature		1?	IREG	24000	07?un:	signed	Short			
	Roc	om3-Ur	nidity			1?	HREG	24000	09?un:	signed	Short			
	Roc	om2-Pr	essur	e		1?	HREG	24000	05?un:	signed	Short			
	Roc	om2-Te	mpera	ature		1?	HREG	24000	04?un:	signed	Short			
	Roc	om2-Ur	nidity			1?	HREG	24000	06?un:	signed	lShort			
	Roc	om 1-Pr	essur	e		1?	HREG	24000	02?un:	signed	lShort			
	-	om 1-Te							01?un:	_				
		om 1-Ur	-			1?	HREG	24000	03?un:	signed	Short			
4	Variable	es:prot	2											
		omNum	ber						unsigr	nedInt	t			
	- Var	iable				Va	riable	string?	J-20					

- 2. Create a tag to be used as index tag. In this example you create a "RoomNumber" tag that could be of type UnsignedInt using Variable protocol.
- 3. From ProjectView, select Config> Tags, double-click Indexed Tag Set: the Indexed Tag Set editor is displayed.
- 4. Click + to add an Indexed Tag Set. In this example you will call it "Room".
- 5. Select the tag "RoomNumber" to use as a selector for the room number.
- 6. Create an Index Instance for each set of data. In this example, one for each room.
- 7. Create an **Alias** for each type of data and rename the table columns appropriately. In this example "Temperature", "Pressure" and "Humidity".
- 8. Double-click on each cell to associate the correct tag.

-	Ð	r ( 🔰 🕻 🛛				
. 6	Room			Index Tag	RoomNumber[0]	
٩	✓ Searc	h		<b>7</b> Fi	ter by: Index	
Ind		nce: 🕇 💻 🛛 Alias	* 🕇 — 🗍 🕅			
	Index	Temperature	Pressure	Umidity		
1	1	Room1-Temperature	Room1-Pressure	Room1-Umidity		
2	2	Room2-Temperature	Room2-Pressure	Room2-Umidity		
3	3	Room3-Temperature	Room3-Pressure	Room3-Umidity		
4	4	Room4-Temperature	Room4-Pressure	Room4-Umidity		



Note: The Index Tag datatype can be a number, a string or any type of simple data types.

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Note: To reference an array data type use the array index = -1

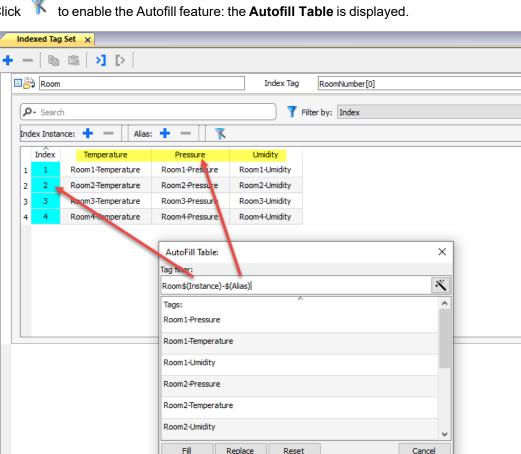
#### Index Tag

Ĺ

The "Index Tag" used to select the instance to use can be a Tag or an element of the Global \_VariablesWgt widget (Ref.: "Global Variable Widget" on page 494). Note that using a Tag the selection will be global for all clients while using the \_\_\_\_\_ VariablesWgt widget the selection will be local and any client can have its own selection.

# Autofill function

An Indexed Tag Set table may become very complex and filling it may be an error prone procedure. Enable the Autofill feature to make sure aliases are entered correctly.



Click 🔭

This function uses regular expression for populating the table with tags trying to match the filter where the keyword \$(Instance) will be replaced with the defined Index values and the keyword \$(Alias) with the defined alias labels.

See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular expression for additional details regarding regular expressions.

# Autofill example

"Room\$(Instance)-\$(Alias)" will match all tag names:

Room1-Temperature,

Room1-Pressure,

#### Room1-Humidity,

Room2-Temperature,

```
• • •
```

"Room0\*\$(Instance)-\$(Alias)" will match all tag names:

Room1-Temperature,

Room01-Pressure,

Room001-Humidity,

Room2-Temperature,

Room02-Pressure,

Room002-Humidity,

• • •

### Autofill table elements

Element	Description
Fill	Fills in missing entries in the tag table using the set filter (if any). For example, when new instances or new aliases are added you can use this option to fill in the new entries.
Replace	Replace all table entries with those provided by the Autofill table.
Reset	Resets the tag filter to empty, no automatic fill is done.
×	Suggests a valid filter expression for your project.



Note: Filters are saved as project preferences and can be set for the entire table or for a column. Once a filter is set for a column, the table filter is ignored. You can therefore selectively change the filter for handling a particular alias only.



Note: To reference the elements of an array use the \ character to disable the regular expression interpretation of the square brackets (array tags are differentiated by Italic).

6	Room			Index Tag	RoomNumber[0	]	
16	Indexe	edTagSet0		Index Tag			
_			Autof	ill Column:		×	
م	·▼ Search	1	Tag filter:				
Ind	ex Instan	ce: 🕂 — 🗌 Alias: 🕂 —		e\[\$(Instance)\]		×	
	Index	Temperature 💦	Tags:		^		
1	0	Temperature[0]	Temperatu	re[0]			
2	1	Temperature[1]	Temperatu	re[1]			
3	2	Temperature[2]					
4	3	Temperature[3]	Temperatu	re[2]			
5	4	Temperature[4]	Temperatu	re[3]			
			Temperatu	re[4]			
			Fill	Replace	Reset	Cancel	

# Toolbar

Indexed Tag Set	×	
+ -   🖻 🛱	>]	<b>D</b>

Toolbar Element	Description		
+	Add a new Indexed Tag Set		
-	Remove the select Indexed Tag Sets		
•	Copy the selected Indexed Tag Sets		
C2	Paste the copied Indexed Tag Sets		
Þ	Export selected Indexed Tag Sets to .xml file		
*]	Import Indexed Tag Sets from .xml file		

# Using indexed tag set in pages

Once an indexed tag set has been created, you can use it to create a page for the HMI device as in this example.

Room 1	•	
Temperature (°C)	21	
Pressure	1	
Umidity (%)	75	

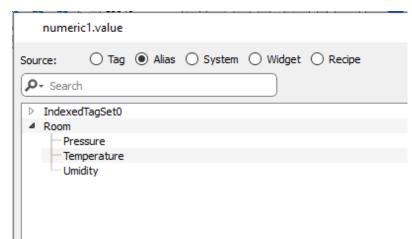
To create this page:

- 1. Create a page and add a combo box, three labels and three numeric fields.
- 2. Use the index tag created for the room number for the combo box, "RoomNumber" in this example. This will be the selector for the room number.

3.	Create a list for the combo box. In this example use the following list.
----	--

Index	String List
0	Room Number
1	Room 1
2	Room 2
3	Room 3
4	Room 4

4. Attach to each numeric field value the corresponding Alias variable (**Room > Temperature, Room > Humidity, Room > Pressure**).



# 11 Tag cross reference

The **Tag Cross Reference** pane displays a list of tag names used in current project organized according to their location and use.

From this pane you can:

- verify where each tag is used (alarms, pages, recipes, schedulers, trends, and so on)
- identify invalid tag references (references to tags not defined in the tag editor)
- · identify tags not used in the project



Note: The Tag Cross Reference pane may not be list all tags used in JavaScript code.

Updating data in the Tag Cross Reference pane 133

# **Opening the Tag Cross Reference pane**

#### Path: View> Toolbars and docking windows > Tag Cross Reference

Click the **Tag Cross Reference** tab to open the Tag Cross Reference pane.

<del>ته</del> .	Tag Cross Reference		+ ×
Obj	Group by: Location 🔻	Show: All References	-
ChjectView	Filter by: Property 🔻	Search	۹ 🍸
~	<ul> <li>Alarms</li> <li>Pages</li> <li>Recipe</li> </ul>		
X Tag Cross Reference	<ul> <li>Scheduler</li> <li>Trends</li> </ul>		

#### Meaning of colors

Black	Protocol Tags
Magenta	Recipe Tags
Blue	System Variable Tags
Dark Green	Alias Tags
Red	Invalid Tags

Example:

÷ F	ile Edit Run Format View Window Help					
ŧ 🛛	) 😂 🖥 🕼 🗼 🛍 🕲 🕹 🖋 🍑 👀 🖽 🗄					
<u>يە</u>	Tag Cross Reference 🕹 😕					
	Group by: Tag   Show: All References					
ObjectView	P- Search ▼ Filter by: Tag ▼					
	> 0.CurrentSelectedSet.Value					
24	> 0.Name					
Tag Cross Reference	<ul> <li>&gt; IndexedTagSet0.Alias0</li> <li>&gt; IndexedTagSet1.Alias0</li> <li>&gt; Is keypad open</li> </ul>					
2						
SSC						
Refe	> Protocol Communication Status					
erer	> Tag1					
lce	> Tag10					
	> Tag11					
	> Tag12					
	> Tag13					
	> Tag2					
	> Tag3					
	> Tag4					

# Working in the Tag Cross Reference pane

The Tag Cross Reference pane provides a set of standard functions.

Element	Function		
Group by	Groups tags by Location (alarms, pages, trends and so on) or Tag name		
Show	Filters tags and displays:		
	All Reference: all tags		
	<ul> <li>Invalid Tag Reference: tags not listed in the Tag Editor.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Unused Tags: tags listed in the Tag Editor but not used in project.</li> </ul>		
Search field	Applies a filter to display a limited number of tags		
Filter by	Filters tags by Location, Tag or Property.		

Navigate the listed tags to find where they are used inside the project.

Double-click on a tag to open the editor or page where it is used.

Invalid tag references will be listed in red color:

Tag Cross Reference	+ ×			
Group by: Tag   Show: All References				
P- Search	•			
> MRTU1				
> MRTU2				
> MRTU3				
✓ TEST				
> JavaScript Tags				
	Group by: Tag  Show: All References  Search Filter by: Tag MRTU1 MRTU2 MRTU2 MRTU3 TEST			

#### Delete unused tags

From the unused tags view, is possible select one or more tags and delete them from the tag editor. To select a tag click a tag, to select multiple tags use SHIFT or CTRL keys.

ŝ.	Tag Cross	Reference			÷×
8	Group by:	Location	- Show	Unused Tag	is 🔻
🚯 ObjectView	₽• Sear	'ch		Y Filter by:	Tag 🔻 🔻
2	Tag10				
	Tag11				
<b>x</b> ;	Tag12				
리	Tag13				
gC	Tag3				
ross	Tag6				
Re	Tag9				
Y Tag Cross Reference					
nce					
	<b>⊚</b> [>				
		Dele	te selected	tags.	



Be aware that eventually tags referenced inside JavaScript may not be found (depends on how the code was written). Even it is not a good practical to using tags' references inside custom widgets, even tags' referenced inside Custom Widgets may not be detected from the Tag Cross Reference engine.

# Updating data in the Tag Cross Reference pane

### Manual update

By default, the information displayed in the Tag Cross Reference pane must be updated manually. To do this, click the refresh button (2). A warning sign is displayed when a refresh is needed.

### Automatic update

#### Path: View> Properties

You enable the automatic update of the Tag Cross Reference pane from the xAscender Studio Properties page.

Tag cross reference			
Auto Update			
ОК	Cancel		

Select the Auto Update option.

# **Exporting data**

Data displayed in the Tag Cross Reference pane can be exported in .csv file.

Data is organized in the exported file according to how it was grouped in the pane.

Grouped by	File format
Location	RESOURCE, RESOURCE DESC, WIDGET-ID, ATTRIBUTE, TAG
Тад	TAG, RESOURCE, RESOURCE DESC, WIDGET-ID, ATTRIBUTE



Note: The separators used in export operation depends on regional settings of your computer.

# 12 System Variables (Attach To)

#### Path: Source> Attach to

System variables are special tags containing information about the HMI runtime.



Note: System Variables are available also as a standard protocol in the Protocol Editor. Use System Variables as a protocol when you have to transfer data between system variables and tags from devices, or to select custom refresh rate for a system variable.

field1.value	×
Source: 🔘 Tag 🔘 Alias 🖲 System 🔘 Widget 🔘 Recipe	
P- Search	
▶ Alarms	
Buzzer	
Communication	
Daylight Saving Time	
Dump Information	
▷ FTP	
▷ Keypad	
▷ Network	
▷ PLC	
▷ Printing	
▷ Remote Client	
▷ Screen	
▷ SD Card	
> Server	
D Time	
▷ USB Drive	
User Management	
▷ Version	
Read Only      Read/Write      Write Only     Array index	
∫∞ Scaling	
Sit/Byte Indexing	
Color Palette	
OK Cancel	Apply

Buzzer variables       137         Communication variables       138         Daylight Saving Time variables       138         Device variables       139         Dumm information variables       140	Alarms variables	
Daylight Saving Time variables   138     Device variables   139	Buzzer variables	
Device variables	Communication variables	
	Daylight Saving Time variables	
Dump information variables	Device variables	
Dump information variables	Dump information variables	
FTP client variables	FTP client variables	
Keypad variables	Keypad variables	
Language variables	Language variables	
Network variables	Network variables	

Printing variables	
Remote Client variables	144
Version variables	144
Screen variables	145
SD card variables	
Server variables	
Time variables	
Touch screen variables	
USB drive variables	
User management variables	

# **Alarms variables**

Number of alarms of the requested type.

Variable	Description	Data type
Alarm not acknowledged	True when alarms unacknowledged is pending	boolean
	(Not Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0) OR (Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0)	read only
Alarm triggered	True when at least one alarm is triggered	boolean
	(Triggered Acknowledged<>0) OR (Triggered <>0) OR (Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0)	read only
Number of missed alarm events	Alarms exceeding the event queue. Queue length is defined in the	int
	engineconfig.xml file.	read only
Number of not triggered	Alarm condition no longer active; alarms already acknowledged	int
acknowledged		read only
Number of not triggered not	Alarma condition no longer active; awaiting acknowledgment	int
acknowledged		read only
Number of triggered	Alarm condition active; alarms already acknowledged	int
acknowledged		read only
Number of triggered alarms	Alarm active: aknowledgement not required	int
		read only
Number of triggered not	Alarm condition active; awaiting acknowledgment	int
acknowledged		read only

Note: For compatibility reasons, the older names are still valid but they usage is deprecated.

### **Buzzer variables**

Adjust buzzer behavior.

i

Variable	Description	Data type
Buzzer Setup	<ul> <li>0 = disabled</li> <li>1 = enabled (buzzer sounds as audible on any touchscreen event)</li> <li>2 = buzzer status controlled by Buzzer Control system variable or by Buzzer on Touch property inside the "Project properties" on page 73</li> </ul>	int
	Buzzer on touchscreen (Setup=1) is not available on Linux platforms. See "Buzzer on Touch" property in alternative.	
Buzzer Control	0 = buzzer off 1 = buzzer on 2 = buzzer blink	int
Buzzer Off Time	Duration in milliseconds of off time when blink has been selected. Default = 1000. Range: 100– 5000.	int
Buzzer On Time	Duration in milliseconds of on time when blink has been selected. Default = 1000. Range: 100– 5000.	int

# **Communication variables**

Communication status between HMI device and controllers.

Variable	Description	Data type
Protocol Communication Status	<ul> <li>Summarize the status of the communication protocols.</li> <li>0 = No protocol running, protocol drivers might not have been properly downloaded to the HMI device.</li> <li>1 = Protocols loaded and started, no communication error.</li> <li>2 = At least one communication protocol is reporting an error.</li> </ul>	int Read only
Protocol Error Message	Communication error with error source. For example: "[xxxx]" where "xxxx" is the protocol abbreviation, the error source. Multiple acronyms appear in case of multiple error sources. Blank when no errors are reported.	ASCII string Read only
Protocol Error Count	Number of communication errors occurred since last reset. Reset value with Reset Protocol Error Count action, see "System actions" on page 198.	int Read only

# Daylight Saving Time variables

Information on the system clock. The variables contain information on the "local" time. Standard Time (solar time) and Day Light Saving time (DST) are available.

i

Note: All variables are read only; you cannot use them to update the system clock.

Variable	Description
Standard Offset	Offset in minutes when standard time is set, with respect to GMT (for example: -8x60 = -480 minutes).
Standard Week	Week in which the standard time starts (for example: First = 1).
Standard Month	Month in which the standard time starts. Range: $0-11$ . (for example: November = 10).
Standard Day	Day of week in which the standard time starts (for example: Sunday = 0).
Standard Hour	Hour in which the standard time starts (for example: $02 = 2$ ).
Standard Minute	Minute in which the standard time starts (for example: 00 = 0).
DST Offset	Offset in minutes when DLS time is set, with respect to GMT
DST Week	Week in which the DLS time starts
DST Month	Month in which the DLS time starts. Range: 0–11.
DST Day	Day of week in which the DLS time starts
DST Hour	Hour in which the DLS time starts
DST Minute	Minute in which the DLS time starts

### **Device variables**

Device settings and operating status information.

Variable	Description	Data type
Available System Memory	Free available RAM memory in bytes.	uint64 read only
Backlight Time	Activation time in hours of the display backlight since production of the device.	unsignedInt read only
Display Brightness	Returns and adjusts brightness level. Even when set to 0, the backlight is still on and the <b>Backlight Time</b> counter increases. Range: 0–255	int
External Timeout	Non-operational time after which the display backlight is automatically turned off. The backlight is automatically turned on when the user touches the screen.	int

Variable	Description		Data type
	-1 =	Switch off backlight and disable touch (switch display off). <b>Backlight Time</b> counter is stopped.	
	-2 =	Switch off backlight but not disable touch. If touch is pressed, event is not passed to applications but screen saver exit and backlight return on.	
	0 =	Switch backlight on (switch display on)	
	1n =	Timeout, in seconds, for switch off backlight (screen saver timer)	
		ne timeout value is rounded to multiples of one minute (60, 120, 180, c,).	
	Find the plat	form of your device at "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587	
Flash Free Space	Free space left in internal Flash memory.		uint64 read only
Manufacturer Code	Internal code that identify the HMI type		unsignedInt read only
System Font List	List of system fonts		string read only
System Mode	Runtime operation status.		int
	1 = booting		
	2 = configuration mode		
	<b>3</b> = operating mode		
	<b>4</b> = restart		
	5 = shutdown		
System UpTime	Time the system has been powered since production of the unit (hours).		unsignedInt read only

# **Dump information variables**

Status of the copy process to external drives (USB or SD Card) for trend and event buffers.

Variable	Description	Data type
Dump Error Message	Return error message if any error occurs during the dump operation	string read only
Dump Archive Status	<ul> <li>0 = initial default state</li> <li>1 = operation triggered</li> <li>2 = operation complete successfully</li> <li>3 = operation completed with errors</li> </ul>	int read only
Dump Recipe Status	<ul> <li>0 = initial default state</li> <li>1 = operation triggered</li> <li>2 = operation complete successfully</li> <li>3 = operation completed with errors</li> </ul>	int read only
Dump Trend Status	<ul> <li>0 = initial default state</li> <li>1 = operation triggered</li> <li>2 = operation complete successfully</li> <li>3 = operation completed with errors</li> </ul>	int read only
Reset Recipe Status	<ul> <li>0 = initial default state</li> <li>1 = operation triggered</li> <li>2 = operation complete successfully</li> <li>3 = operation completed with errors</li> </ul>	int read only
Restore Recipe Status	<ul> <li>0 = initial default state</li> <li>1 = operation triggered</li> <li>2 = operation complete successfully</li> <li>3 = operation completed with errors</li> </ul>	int read only

### **FTP client variables**

The FTP client variables are updated when the FTP actions are used.

Variable	Description	Data type
FTP Current Command	Last FTP command	string
		read only
FTP Error Message	Last FTP error message	string
		read only
FTP Progress	Download/upload progress (0/100%)	short
		read only
FTP Status	Status of last FTP command:	short
	• 0 = idle	read only
	• 1 = active	
	• 2 = done	
	• 3 = error	

# **Keypad variables**

Keypad status.

Variable	Description	Data type
ls keypad open	<b>0</b> = no keypad open	int
	1 = keypad open	read only

# Language variables

Keypad status.

Variable	Description	Data type
Current Language Code	Information on the active language	string
		read only
Current Language Id	Information on the active language	int
		read only
Current Language Name	Information on the active language	string
		read only

### **Network variables**

Device network parameters.

Variable	Description	Data type
Adapters Parameters	This is a JSON string that can be use to read or update the network adapters parameters	string
Gateway	Gateway address of the main Ethernet interface of device	string read only
IP Address	IP address of the main Ethernet interface of device	string read only
Mac ID	MAC ID of the main Ethernet interface of device	string read only

Variable	Description	Data type
Status	<ul> <li>Contains the result of the last operation required by writing inside the Adapter Parameters. It is updated after each write operation.</li> <li>Empty string is meaning no errors</li> <li>Last error descriptions</li> </ul>	string read only
Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask of the main Ethernet interface of device	string read only

# **Printing variables**

Information on printing functions.

Variable	Description	Data type
Completion	Percentage of completion of current print job.	read only
percentage	Range: 0–100	
Current disk usage	Folder size in bytes where PDF reports are stored.	read only
	If <i>Flash</i> has been selected as <i>Spool media type</i> , this value corresponds to <i>reportspool</i> .	
Current job	Name of the report the job is processing. Current job is the following:	read only
	• [report name] for a <b>Graphic Report</b>	
	[first line of text] for a <b>Text Report</b>	
Current RAM usage	Size in bytes of the RAM used to process the current job	read only
Disk quota	Maximum size in bytes of the folder where PDF reports are stored	
Graphic job queue size	Number of available graphic jobs in the printing queue	read only
Last error message	Description of the last returned error	string
		read only
RAM quota	Maximum size in bytes of the RAM used to generate reports	read only
Status	Printing system status.	string
	Values:	read only
	• idle	
	• error	
	• paused	

Variable	Description	Data type
	printing	
Text job queue size	Number of available text jobs in the printing queue	read only

### **Remote Client variables**

On remote clients, the below system variable can be used to know if the server (HMI device) is reachable.

Variable	Description	Data type
Connection status	<ul> <li>0 = client can not reach the server client. The connection with server is lost.</li> <li>1 = client can reach the server. The connection with server is active.</li> </ul>	int (32 bit) read only
	This is only a client side variable. On xAscender HMI Runtime it will be always 0.	

The following system variables are associated to the transferring files to a remote HMI device.

Variable	Description	Data type
Download from HMI error message	Error description	ASCII string
		read only
Download from HMI percentage	Download progress (0→100)	read only
Download from HMI status	<b>0</b> = idle, action is not in use or completed	int (32 bit)
	1= file download in progress	read only
	<b>2</b> = error	
Upload to HMI error message	Error description	ASCII string
		read only
Upload to HMI percentage	Upload progress (0→100)	read only
Upload to HMI status	<b>0</b> = idle, action is not in use or completed	int (32 bit)
	1= file upload in progress	read only
	2 = error	

### **Version variables**

Operating System and runtime version.

Variable	Description	Data type
Main OS Version	Version of Main OS.	string
Runtime Version	Version of runtime.	string

### **Screen variables**

Screen status.

Variable	Description
Time remaining to unlock	Time remaining to unlock screen (see LockScreen action, "Page actions" on page 186)
X Screen resolution	Display horizontal screen size in pixel
Y Screen resolution	Display vertical screen size in pixel

### **SD** card variables

Information on the external SD card.

Variable	Description	Data type
SD Card FreeSpace	Available space on card in bytes	uint64
		read only
SD Card Name	Name of SD card	string
		read only
SD Card Size	Size in bytes of the card plugged in the slot	uint64
		read only
SD Card Status	0 = SD card unplugged	int
	1 = SD card plugged	read only

### **Server variables**

Server status.

Important: All variables refer to server, not to xAscender Client.

Variable	Description	
Current page	Name of current page	string
Current project	Name of current project	string
Operating mode timeSeconds elapsed since device started operating mode as in System Date format (milliseconds).		uint64
Project load time	Date when the project was loaded on the xAscender HMI Runtime in Unix time format (Epoch)	uint64

# **Time variables**

System time expressed in UTC format.

Variable	Description	Data type
Day Of Month	Range: 1–31	int
Day Of Week	Range: 0 = Sunday, , 6 = Saturday	int
Hour	Range: 0–23	int
Minute	Range: 0–59	int
Month	Range: 1–12	int
Second	Range: 0–59	int
System Time	System time in Unix time format (Epoch)	unsignedInt
Year	Current Year	int

# **Touch screen variables**

Cursor status and position on the touchscreen. These are properties of the active page and can be selected in the **Widget** section.

numeric1.value				
Source: 🔿 Tag 🔿 Alias 🔿 System 🖲 Widget 🔿 Recipe				
P- Search				
Name				
▷ _AlarmsMgr				
▷ _EventMgr				
MultiLangMgr				
ScheduleMgr				
D numeric1				
▲ Page1				
Background				
Touch.Page Touch X				
Touch.Page Touch Y				
Touch.Screen Touch X				
- Touch.Screen Touch Y				
Touch.Touch Pressed				
Touch.Touch Status				



Note: Page size can be different than HMI device display size.

Variable	Description	Java Script
Page	Cursor position related to page	page.primaryTouch.x
Touch X		page.primaryTouch.y
Page Touch Y		
Screen	Cursor position related touchscreen	page.primaryTouch.screenX
Touch X		page.primaryTouch.screenY
Screen Touch Y		
Touch	0 = screen not pressed	page.primaryTouch.pressed
Press	1 = screen pressed	
Touch Status	Generic touch screen changes. This variable contains the concatenation of <b>Screen Touch X</b> , <b>Screen Touch Y</b> and <b>Touch Press</b> values (for example, "924,129,0").	page.primaryTouchStatus
	The main usage of this variable is to trigger an event, using the OnDataUpdate feature, when something (x, y or click) is changed.	

### **USB drive variables**

Information on the external USB drive connected to the device.

Variable	Description	Data type
USB Drive free space	Available space in bytes	uint64
		read only
USB Drive Name	Name of USB device	string
		read only
USB Drive Size	Size in bytes of the device plugged in the USB port	uint64
		read only
USB Drive Status	0 = USB Drive unplugged	int
	1 = USB Drive plugged	read only

### **User management variables**

Information on users and groups.

Variable	Description	Data type
This Client User- Name	Name of the user logged to the client where the system variable is displayed.	string read only
This Client Group- Name	Group of currently logged user	string read only
This Client ID	Only for xAscender Clients. Local and remote clients connected to the same server (for example, runtime) get a unique ID.	short read only
No Of Remote- Clients Alive	Number of xAscender Clients connected to the server	short read only

#### JavaScript

From JavaScript, the variables can be accessed as properties of the \_SysPropMgr object.

Example:

```
var sysVar = project.getWidget( "_SysPropMgr" );
var UserName = sysVar.getProperty("This Client User-Name");
var UserGroup = sysVar.getProperty("This Client Group-Name");
var clientId = sysVar.getProperty("This Client ID");
var numClients = sysVar.getProperty("No Of Remote-Clients Alive");
```

# 13 System Variables (Protocol)

System Variables communication driver allows to create Tags that point to system information.



System Variables communication driver is not counted as physical protocol. Refer to **Table of functions and limits** from main manual in "Number of physical protocols" line.

Client System Variables	
Protocol Editor Settings	
Tag Import	
Default variables	
Retentive Memory variables	
Services variables	172

# **Client System Variables**

The "Client System Variables" protocol can be configured like the System Variables protocol, but there is an additional flag to indicate whether variables can only be written by the remote client. This means that each client can write their own values.

Tags defined using the Client System variables protocol will assume the value they have on the client instead of the value on the server. For example, "Page name", "IP Address", "Display Brightness", etc. will show different values on the server and on the remote clients.

When the "Remote Only" flag is set:

- Writing a tag of a "Client System Variables" protocol only affects the client running it.
- The JavaScript procedures associated with alarms and schedulers are performed on the clients and therefore any writes have an effect on the client variables (e.g. to turn the buzzer on or off from alarms).

For the descriptions of the variables refer to the documentation relating to the "System Variables (Protocol)" on the previous page



System Variables communication driver is not counted as physical protocol. Refer to **Table of functions and limits** from main manual in "Number of physical protocols" line.

# **Protocol Editor Settings**

#### Adding a protocol

To configure the protocol:

- 1. In Config node double-click Protocols.
- 2. To add a driver, click +: a new line is added.
- 3. Select the protocol from the PLC list.

The protocol configuration dialog is displayed.

From PLC Model list select the specific System Variables type.

Protocols x		
+ - ^ ~ 5		
PLC	Configuration	
System Variables:prot1	CfgVer=1 model=Default	

# **Tag Import**

Select the driver in Tag Editor and click on the Import Tags button to start the importer.

	Tags	×								
+	-	X	ß	ß	>]	₽	A 9B	B>	ŧ.	1
Data	1		^		-	Та	g URI			

The system will require a generic XML file exported from Tag Editor by appropriate button.

_	ags	×								
+	-	×	ß	C	>]	Þ	A 9B	B>	<b>63</b>	1
Data			^			Та	g URI			

Once the importer has been selected, locate the symbol file and click **Open**.

The tags available within the Dictionary but not imported into the project are gray and are visible only when the "Show all tags" check box is selected.

Tags × Protocols	[> <b>€</b> B ⊡3 ∰	R P- Search Trilter by: D	ata 🔻 Ite	ems i	used:6/10000 Protocol: Show a	I 🕑 Show all tags 🔅 🗍
Data	Туре	Comment	^	Pr	operty	Value
Modbus TCP:prot1	Container			<b>~</b>	Driver	
Model: Modicon Modbus(1-base	a)				Model	Modicon Modbus(1-based)
- Holding Registers 1	unsignedShort				Protocol	Modbus TCP:prot1
- Holding Registers 2	unsignedShort			- II-	Dictionary	
- Holding Registers 3	unsignedShort			IF-		false
- MRTU1	unsignedShort				Array	
- MRTU2	unsignedShort				Array size	0
MRTU3	unsignedShort				Arrayindex.Subindex	400003
- MRTU4	unsignedShort				Comment	
- MRTU5	unsignedShort				Data type	unsignedShort

Toolbar item	Description
Ka	Import Tag(s).
	Select tags to be imported and click on this icon to add tags from tag dictionary to the project
Ra .	Update Tag(s).
	Click on this icon to update the tags in the project, due a new dictionary import.
R	Check this box to import all sub-elements of a tag.
	Example of both checked and unchecked result:

Toolbar item	Description						
	Tops*         Tops*                • model: COCESYS 3               • model: COCESYS 3               • model: COCESYS 3               • model: COCESYS 3               • Container               • Model: COCESYS 3						
P- Search	Searches tags in the dictionary basing on filter combo- box item selected.						

# **Default variables**

System Variables - Default protocol allows to create Tags that point to HMI system variables regarding:

- Alarms
- Buzzer
- Communication
- Database
- Daylight Saving Time
- Device
- Dump information
- Network
- <u>Screen</u>
- SD Card
- <u>Server</u>
- <u>Time</u>
- USB Drive
- Version
- Virtual Com Switch

#### **Protocol Editor Settings**

From PLC Model list of Protocol Editor dialog, select Default.

Protocols x	
+ - ^ ~ 5	
PLC	Configuration
System Variables:prot1	CfgVer=1 model=Default

#### **Tag Editor Settings**

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Tags

- 1. To add a tag, click +: a new line is added.
- 2. Select System Variables from the Driver list: tag definition dialog is displayed.

System Variables	X
System Variables	
Memory Type	Offset SubIndex
System Time	
Data Type	Arraysize Conversion
uint64	▼ 0
	OK Cancel Apply Help

Element	Description							
Memory Type	Represents the system variable to which the Tag refers to. The below section shows the full list of possible system variables, grouped by category.							
	Alarms Variables							
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type					
	Alarm not	True when alarms unacknowledged is pending	boolean					
	acknowledged	(Not Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0) OR (Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0)	read only					
	Alarm triggered	True when at least one alarm is triggered	boolean					
		(Triggered Acknowledged<>0) OR (Triggered <>0) OR (Triggered Not Acknowledged<>0)	read only					
	Number of missed alarm events	Alarms exceeding the event queue. Queue length is defined in the engineconfig.xml file.	int					
			read only					
	Number of not triggered acknowledged	Alarm condition no longer active; alarms already acknowledged	int read only					
	Number of not	Alarm condition no longer active; awaiting	int					
	triggered not acknowledged	acknowledgment	read only					
	Number of triggered	Alarm condition active; alarms already	int					
	acknowledged	acknowledged	read only					
	Number of triggered alarms	Alarm active: acknowledgment not required	int					
	aidiiii5		read only					
	Number of triggered not acknowledged	Alarm condition active; awaiting acknowledgment	int					
			read only					

Element	Description		
	Buzzer Variables		
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type
	Buzzer Setup	0 = disabled	int
		1 = enabled (buzzer sounds as audible on any touchscreen event)	
		2 = buzzer status controlled by Buzzer Control system variable or by Buzzer on Touch property inside the "Project properties" of main manual	
		Buzzer on touchscreen (Setup=1) is not available on Linux platforms. See "Buzzer on Touch" property in alternative.	
	Buzzer Control	<b>0</b> = buzzer off	int
		1 = buzzer on	
		<b>2</b> = buzzer blink	
	Buzzer Off Time	Duration in milliseconds of off time when blink has been selected. Default = 1000. Range: 100–5000	int
	Buzzer On Time	Duration in milliseconds of on time when blink has been selected. Default = 1000. Range: 100–5000	int
		·	

Description			
Communication Variat	bles		
Variable Name	Description	Data Type	
Protocol Communication	Summarize the status of the communication protocols.	int read only	
Status	<b>0</b> = No protocol running, protocol drivers might not have been properly downloaded to the HMI device		
	<b>1</b> = Protocols loaded and started, no communication error		
	<b>2</b> = At least one communication protocol is reporting an error		
Protocol Error	Communication error with error source.	string	
Message	For example: "[xxxx]" where "xxxx" is the protocol abbreviation, the error source.	read only	
	Multiple acronyms appear in case of multiple error sources. Blank when no errors are reported.		
Protocol Error Count	Number of communication errors occurred since last reset. Reset value with Reset Protocol Error Count action, see "System actions" of main manual	int read only	
Database Variables			
Database Variables Variable Name	Description	Data Type	
	Description         Last detected error description	Data Type string	
Variable Name			
Variable Name Database link error		string	
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description	string read only	
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description <b>0</b> = Undefined (not yet initialized)	string read only int	
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description <b>0</b> = Undefined (not yet initialized) <b>1</b> = OnLine (ready)	string read only int	
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description 0 = Undefined (not yet initialized) 1 = OnLine (ready) 2 = OffLine (not available)	string read only int	
Variable Name Database link error message	Last detected error description 0 = Undefined (not yet initialized) 1 = OnLine (ready) 2 = OffLine (not available) 3 = Transfer in progress	string read only int	

Element	Description		
	connection (Ra	variable is an array where index select the databa nge 1-10) pdated only when any database connector action	
	Daylight Saving Time	/ariables	
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type
	Standard Offset	Offset in minutes when standard time is set, with respect to GMT (for example: -8x60 = -480 minutes)	int read only
	Standard Week	Week in which the standard time starts (for example: First = 1)	int read only
	Standard Month	Month in which the standard time starts. Range: 0–11. (for example: November = 10)	int read only
	Standard Day	Day of week in which the standard time starts (for example: Sunday = 0)	int read only
	Standard Hour	Hour in which the standard time starts (for example: 02 = 2)	int read only
	Standard Minute	Minute in which the standard time starts (for example: 00 = 0)	int read only
	DST Offset	Offset in minutes when DLS time is set, with respect to GMT	int read only
	DST Week	Week in which the DLS time starts	int read only
	DST Month	Month in which the DLS time starts. Range: 0– 11	int read only
	DST Day	Day of week in which the DLS time starts	int read only
	DST Hour	Hour in which the DLS time starts	int read only
	DST Minute	Minute in which the DLS time starts	int read only

ement Description All variable	s are read only: they cannot be used to update the s	ystem clock.
<b>Device Variables</b>		
Variable Name	Description	Data Type
Available System Memory	Free available RAM memory in bytes	uint64 read only
Backlight Time	Activation time in hours of the display backlight since production of the device	unsignedInt read only
Battery LED	Enables/disables the low battery LED indicator (when available)	int
	0 = disabled	
	1 = enabled	
	Not available on Linux platforms (find the platform of your device at "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587)	
Display Brightness	Returns and adjusts brightness level.	int
	When set to a low light level (03), the backlight stays lit to a higher level for 8 seconds to allow the user to make the adjustments and then is switched-off.	
	Even when set to 0, the backlight is still on and the Backlight Time counter increases. Range: 0–255	
External Timeout	Non-operational time after which the display backlight is automatically turned off. The backlight is automatically turned on when the user touches the screen	int
	-1 = Switch off backlight and disable touch (switch display off). <b>Backlight Time</b> counter is stopped.	

Element	Description			
	Device Variables			
	Variable Name	Description		Data Type
		-2 =	Switch off backlight but not disable touch. If touch is pressed, event is not passed to applications but screen saver exit and backlight return on.	
		0 =	Switch backlight on (switch display on)	
		1n =	Timeout, in seconds, for switch off backlight (screen saver timer)	
		🚺 m	ne timeout value is rounded to ultiples of one minute (60, 120, 30, etc,).	
			form of your device at "HMI abilities" on page 587	
	Flash Free Space	Free space I	eft in internal Flash memory	uint64 read only
	Manufacturer Code	Code numbe	er that identifies the HMI	short
				read only
	Server RAM Usage	Current RAN expressed ir	/I memory used from HMI, h byte	uint64 read only
	System Font List	List of syster	n fonts	string read only

Description		
Device Variables		
Variable Name	Description	Data Type
System Mode	Runtime operation status	int
	1 = booting	
	<b>2</b> = configuration mode	
	<b>3</b> = operating mode	
	<b>4</b> = restart	
	5 = shutdown	
System UpTime		unsignedInt
	production of the unit (hours)	read only
Dump information	Variables	
Variable Name	Description	Data Type
Dump Error Messa		string
	the dump operation	read only
Dump Archive Stat		int
	<ul><li>1 = operation triggered</li><li>2 = operation complete successfully</li></ul>	read only
	<b>3</b> = operation completed with errors	
Dump Recipe Statu		int
	<ul><li>1 = operation triggered</li><li>2 = operation complete successfully</li></ul>	read only
	<b>3</b> = operation completed with errors	
Dump Trend Status		int
	<ul> <li>1 = operation triggered</li> <li>2 = operation complete successfully</li> </ul>	read only
	<b>3</b> = operation completed with errors	
Reset Recipe Statu		int
	<ul><li>1 = operation triggered</li><li>2 = operation complete successfully</li></ul>	read only
	<b>3</b> = operation completed with errors	
Restore Recipe	0 = initial default state	int
Status	<ul><li>1 = operation triggered</li><li>2 = operation complete successfully</li></ul>	read only

Element

Description			
Network Variables			
Variable Name	Description	Data Ty	
Gateway	Gateway address of the main Ethernet interface of HMI	string read onl	
IP Address	IP address of the main Ethernet interface of HMI	string read onl	
Mac ID	MAC ID of the main Ethernet interface of HMI	string read onl	
Network Adapter Parameters	JSON string that can be use to read or update the network adapters parameters	string	
Network Status	Contains the result of the last operation required by writing inside the Adapter Parameters. It is updated after each write operation. • Empty string is meaning no errors	string read onl	
Subnet Mask	Last error descriptions     Subnet Mask of the main Ethernet interface of     HMI	string read onl	
Screen Variables	Description	Data Ty	
X Screen resolution	Display horizontal screen size in pixel	int	
X Screen resolution	Display honzontal screen size in pixel	read onl	
Y Screen resolution	Display vertical screen size in pixel	int	
		read onl	

reeSpace ame ize tatus	Description         Available space on card in bytes         Name of SD card         Size in bytes of the card plugged in the slot         0 = SD card unplugged         1 = SD card plugged	Data Typeuint64read onlystringread onlyuint64read onlyuint64read onlyintread only
reeSpace ame ize tatus	Available space on card in bytes Name of SD card Size in bytes of the card plugged in the slot <b>0</b> = SD card unplugged	uint64 read only string read only uint64 read only int
ame ize tatus	Name of SD card Size in bytes of the card plugged in the slot <b>0</b> = SD card unplugged	read only string read only uint64 read only int
ize tatus	Size in bytes of the card plugged in the slot <b>0</b> = SD card unplugged	string read only uint64 read only int
ize tatus	Size in bytes of the card plugged in the slot <b>0</b> = SD card unplugged	read only uint64 read only int
tatus	<b>0</b> = SD card unplugged	uint64 read only int
tatus	<b>0</b> = SD card unplugged	read only int
		int
	1 = SD card plugged	read only
·		
		•
iables		
ame	Description	Data Type
•	Name of current page	string
		read only
me	Name of current project	string
		read only
	Date when the project was loaded on the	uint64
	xAscender HMI Runtime in Unix time format (Epoch)	read only
ting mode	Seconds elapsed since device started	uint64
		read only
	d time	xAscender HMI Runtime in Unix time format (Epoch)

Element

Description			
Time Variables			
Variable Name	Description	Data Type	
Day Of Month	Range: 1–31	int	
Day Of Week	Range: 0 = Sunday, , 6 = Saturday	int	
Hour	Range: 0–23	int	
Minute	Range: 0–59	int	
Month	Range: 1–12	int	
Second	Range: 0–59	int	
System Time	System time in Unix time format (Epoch)	unsignedInt	
Year	Current Year	int	



System time expressed in UTC format

USB Drive Variables			
Variable Name	Description	Data Type	
USB Drive FreeSpace	Available space in bytes	uint64	
		read only	
USB Drive Name	Name of USB device	string	
		read only	
USB Drive Size	Size in bytes of the device plugged in the USB	uint64	
	port	read only	
USB Drive Status	<b>0</b> = USB Drive unplugged	int	
	1 = USB Drive plugged	read only	
	•		

Element	Description		
	Version Variables		
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type
	Main OS version	Version of Main OS	string
			read only
	Runtime version	Version of Runtime	string
			read only
	Project name	Project name	string
			read only
	Project version	Project version	string
	Project GUID	Project GUID (unique identifier)	string
			read only
	Virtual Com Switch Va	riables	
	Variable Name	Description	Data Type
	VCS status	Provides status of VCS service.	unsignedByte
		<b>0</b> = Service enabled	read only
		1 = Client connected in interleaved mode	
		<b>2</b> = Client connected in exclusive mode	
		<b>3</b> = Service disabled (default)	
	VCS disable	Provides manual override of VCS service.	boolean
		<b>0</b> = VCS service enabled	
		1 = VCS service disabled (default)	
	VCS port	Provides current listening TCP port on HMI by VCS service	unsignedShort
Data Type	Each system variable has	a specific data type, described in above table	es.
	The following table shows	the details of any data type used for system	variables.

Element	Description			
	Data Type		Memory Space	Limits
	short		16-bit data	-32768 32767
	int		32-bit data	-2.1e9 2.1e9
	unsignedBy	te	8-bit data	0 255
	unsignedSh	ort	16-bit data	0 65535
	unsignedInt		32-bit data	0 4.2e9
	uint64	64-bit data		0 1.8e19
	string		Array of elements containing of selected encoding	character code defined by
Arraysize	In case of strin the string Tag.		s property represents the maximu	um number of bytes available in
	to UTF-8 or La	itin1 in Tag operty is s	orresponds to number of string cl g Editor. et to UCS-2BE, UCS-2LE, UTF- <sup>2</sup>	
Conversion	Conversion to	be applied	d to the tag.	
	Conversion			
	Conversion inv,swap2			nfigured
			BCD	nfigured / bits CD->CDAB
			BCD AB->BA ABCD->CDAB ABCDEFGH->GHEFCDAB Inv bits	/ bits
	inv,swap2	data type	BCD AB->BA ABCD->CDAB ABCDEFGH->GHEFCDAB Inv bits	rcel OK
	inv,swap2	data type	BCD AB->BA ABCD->CDAB ABCDEFGH->GHEFCDAB Inv bits Car selected, the list <b>Allowed</b> shows	rcel OK
	inv,swap2 Depending on	Descri	BCD AB->BA ABCD->CDAB ABCDEFGH->GHEFCDAB Inv bits Car selected, the list <b>Allowed</b> shows	rcel OK
	inv,swap2 Depending on Value	Descrip inv: Inv Examp 1001 —	BCD AB->BA ABCD->CDAB ABCDEFGH->GHEFCDAB Inv bits car selected, the list Allowed shows ption rert all the bits of the tag.	rcel OK

Element	De
Element	

Value	Description
	<i>Example:</i> 25.36 → -25.36
AB -> BA	swapnibbles: Swap nibbles in a byte.
	<i>Example:</i> 15D4 $\rightarrow$ 514D (in hexadecimal format) 5588 $\rightarrow$ 20813 (in decimal format)
ABCD ->	swap2: Swap bytes in a word.
CDAB	<i>Example:</i> 9ACC $\rightarrow$ CC9A (in hexadecimal format) 39628 $\rightarrow$ 52378 (in decimal format)
ABCDEFGH	swap4: Swap bytes in a double word.
-> GHEFCDAB	Example: 32FCFF54 $\rightarrow$ 54FFFC32 (in hexadecimal format) 855441236 $\rightarrow$ 1426062386 (in decimal format)
ABCNOP -	swap8: Swap bytes in a long word.
> OPMDAB	Example: $142.366 \rightarrow -893553517.588905$ (in decimal format) 01000000110 0001110010111011010001011010000111001010
BCD	<b>bcd</b> : Separate byte in two nibbles, read them as decimal (from 0 to 9)
	Example: $23 \rightarrow 17$ (in decimal format) $0001\ 0111 = 23$ 0001 = 1 (first nibble) 0111 = 7 (second nibble)

Select conversion and click +. The selected item will be added to list Configured.

If more conversions are configured, they will be applied in order (from top to bottom of list **Configured**).

Use the arrow buttons to order the configured conversions.

### **Retentive Memory variables**

System Variables - Retentive Memory protocol allows to create Tags that point to a memory area whose content is maintained when HMI is powered off.

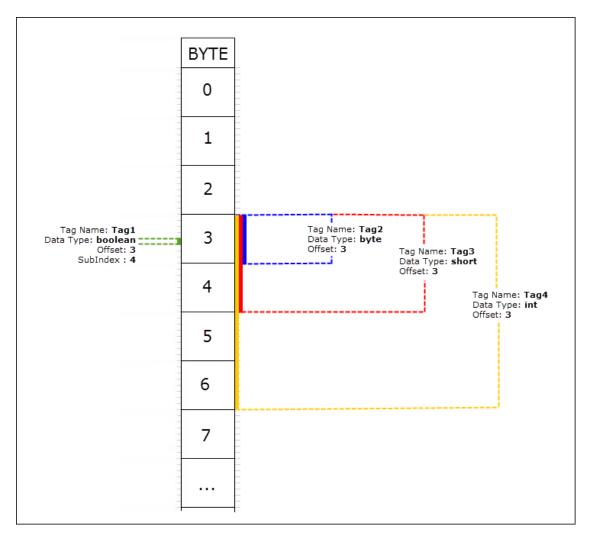
The physical support for retentive memory is based on FRAM technology.



Important: Not all HMI devices include FRAM memory. If FRAM memory is not available, persistency is supported using user memory storage (Flash or hard disk drive). Flash technology has a limitation in the maximum number of write operations. The use of Flash as storage media for retentive memory with frequent write operations may damage the memory components. Check the HMI device datasheet for the availability of FRAM memory.



Important: Retentive memory is 16 KB flat memory area organized in bytes and accessible through an offset. Refer to schema below.



### 0

#### Retentive memory vs. recipes storage

Recipe data is saved in flash memory while retentive data is saved in a FRAM. Flash memory is not suitable for a high number of write operations, while FRAM supports a virtually unlimited number of write operations and should be preferred when frequent write operations are required.

#### **Protocol Editor Settings**

From PLC Model list of Protocol Editor dialog, select Retentive Memory.

	Protocols ×	
+	- ^ V   5	
	PLC	Configuration
F	System Variables:prot1	CfgVer=1 model=RETENTIVE_MEM

#### **Tag Editor Settings**

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Tags

- 1. To add a tag, click +: a new line is added.
- 2. Select **System Variables** from the **Driver** list: tag definition dialog is displayed.

ystem Variables		×
System Variables		
Memory Type	Offset SubIndex	
Retentive Memory	▼ 0 <u>▲</u> 0 <sub>▼</sub>	
Data Type	Arraysize Conversion	
unsignedByte 👻	0	+/-
	OK Cancel	Apply Help

Element	Description		
Memory Type	Fixed to Retentive Memory		
Offset	Offset address where tag is located. Range: 0-16383		
SubIndex	This parameter allows resource offset selection based on selected Data Type		
Data Type	Data Type	Memory Space	Limits
	boolean	1-bit data	01
	byte	8-bit data	-128 127
	short	16-bit data	-32768 32767

Element	Description		
	Data Type	Memory Space	Limits
	int	32-bit data	-2.1e9 2.1e9
	int64	64-bit data	-9.2e18 9.2e18
	unsignedByte	8-bit data	0 255
	unsignedShort	16-bit data	0 65535
	unsignedInt	32-bit data	0 4.2e9
	uint64	64-bit data	0 1.8e19
	float	IEEE single-precision 32-bit floating point type	1.17e-38 3.4e38
	double	IEEE double-precision 64-bit floating point type	2.2e-308 1.79e308
	string	Array of elements containing characteric encoding	ter code defined by selected
	binary	Arbitrary binary data	
Arraysize	<ul> <li>Note: to define arrays. select one of Data Type format followed by square brackets like "byte[]", "short[]"</li> <li>In case of array tag, this property represents the number of array elements.</li> <li>In case of string tag, this property represents the maximum number of bytes available in the string tag.</li> <li>Note: number of bytes corresponds to number of string characters if Encoding property is set to UTF-8 or Latin1 in Tag Editor.</li> </ul>		
	If Encoding property is set to UCS-2BE, UCS-2LE, UTF-16BE or UTF-16LE one character requires 2 bytes.		
Conversion	Conversion to be applied	I to the tag.	
	inv,swap2	Allowed Configured	
		BCD AB->BA ABCD->CDAB ABCDEFGH->GHEFCDAB Inv bits	

Element	Description	
	Depending on data t	type selected, the list <b>Allowed</b> shows one or more conversion types.
	Value	Description
	Inv bits	<b>inv</b> : Invert all the bits of the tag.
		Example: $1001 \rightarrow 0110$ (in binary format) $9 \rightarrow 6$ (in decimal format)
	Negate	neg: Set the opposite of tag value.
		<i>Example:</i> 25.36 → -25.36
	AB -> BA	swapnibbles: Swap nibbles in a byte.
		Example: $15D4 \rightarrow 514D$ (in hexadecimal format) $5588 \rightarrow 20813$ (in decimal format)
	ABCD -> CDAB	swap2: Swap bytes in a word.
		<i>Example:</i> 9ACC $\rightarrow$ CC9A (in hexadecimal format) 39628 $\rightarrow$ 52378 (in decimal format)
	ABCDEFGH ->	swap4: Swap bytes in a double word.
	GHEFCDAB	<i>Example:</i> 32FCFF54 $\rightarrow$ 54FFFC32 (in hexadecimal format) 855441236 $\rightarrow$ 1426062386 (in decimal format)
	ABCNOP ->	swap8: Swap bytes in a long word.
	OPMDAB	Example: $142.366 \rightarrow -893553517.588905$ (in decimal format) 0.1000000110 0001110010111011010000101101000011100101
	BCD	<b>bcd</b> : Separate byte in two nibbles, read them as decimal (from 0 to 9)
		Example: $23 \rightarrow 17$ (in decimal format) $0001\ 0111 = 23$ 0001 = 1 (first nibble) 0111 = 7 (second nibble)

Element	Description
	Select conversion and click +. The selected item will be added to list <b>Configured</b> .
	If more conversions are configured, they will be applied in order (from top to bottom of list <b>Configured</b> ).
	Use the arrow buttons to order the configured conversions.

#### **Cleaning Retentive Memory**

Use the ClearRetentiveMemory action to clear the content of the retentive memory.

2

Tip: Use this action to set the memory content to a known status at any time.

See Actions > Tag Actions section of main manual for more details.



JavaScript interface for this action is: project.clearRetentiveMemory();

#### Preserving Retentive Memory at project download

When a project file is downloaded to an HMI, or when the active project is modified, the content of retentive memory is usually deleted.

If is needed to preserve the content of retentive data at project download or update, select the **Keep retentive data on project update** option in the settings tabs of the HMI device.

S	ettings X
	Settings Password
	Context Menu Delay(s): 2 • •
	Show Busy Cursor:
	Use Keypads:
	Keep retentive data on Project update
	OK Cancel

This setting will be ignored if **Delete runtime dynamic files** option is selected from *Download to Target* window.

Download to Target	x
Ready to download	
127 . 0 . 0 . 1 V	Download Close
- Advanced	
Download only changes	
☑ Binary format	
Delete runtime dynamic files	
📝 Download Web Project	

#### Preserving Retentive Memory in Simulator

Simulator of xAscender Studio supports the retentive memory. To enable retentive memory during project simulation use the option "Keep retentive data on project simulation" in context menu.

Settings		Le contra de la co	
Settings	Ports		
Context	Menu Delay(s):	2	4
Show Mo	use Pointer:	1	
Show Bu	sy Cursor:		
Use Keyp	oads:	<b>V</b>	
	entive data on imulation	<b>V</b>	
	ОК	C	ancel

## **Services variables**

Services variables give the possibility to read the status and delivering commands to VNC Server.

#### **Protocol Editor Settings**

Path: ProjectView> Protocols

- 1. Click + and select System Variables: the System Variables dialog is displayed.
- 2. Select Services from the PLCModels list.

#### **Tag Editor Settings**

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Tags

- 1. To add a tag, click +: a new line is added.
- 2. Select System Variables from the Driver list: tag definition dialog is displayed.

		×
Offset	SubIndex	
✓ 0	<u>▶</u> 0 ∨	
Arraysize	Conversion	
~ 0	+/-	
OK	Cancel Apply	Help
	Arraysize	Image: Conversion   Arraysize Conversion Image: Conversion Image: Conversion Image: Conversion Image: Conversion Image: Conversion

VNC status variables are supported only on Linux devices (See "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587)

Element	Description	Data type
VNC Start	Write 1 inside this tag to force the VNC server to start.	boolean
	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only
VNC Stop	Write 1 inside this tag to force the VNC server to stop.	boolean
	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only
VNC Restart	Write 1 inside this tag to force the VNC server to restart.	boolean
	This is a write only variable, command will executed any time you rewrite it.	Write Only
VNC State	VNC server state	int
	0 IDLE	Read Only
	10 RUNNING	
	-1 ERROR	



Write Only Variables cannot be read. Be sure to not use the R/W access mode to avoid the read error icon.

		Properties		д х
		97 <b>97</b> 97		
		ButtonsWithLabel : Bt		
	Start	Value	0	+
		DataLink	VNC Start W	-
R/W W	Access Type	W		
		Click Type	momentary	
		Style	2D	
		Autorepeat	Disabled	
		Hold Time (ms)	-1	
		Label	Start	a +
		Up Fill Color	[0, 70, 136]	a +
		Down Fill Color	[0, 176, 199]	a +
		Events		

# 14 Actions

Actions are functions used to interact with the system and are normally executed when events are triggered.

Events can be triggered by various widgets, for example on press and on release of a button. Not all actions are available for all the events of an object.

Actions are linked to widgets in the **Event** section of the Property pane (Page Editor).

Alarm actions	
Database actions	
Event actions	
MultiLanguage actions	
Keyboard actions	
Media Player actions	
FTP actions	
Page actions	
Print actions	
Recipe actions	
Remote Client actions	
ScreenSaver actions	
System actions	
Tag actions	
Trend actions	
Text Editor actions	
User management actions	
Widget actions	

## Alarm actions

Mainly used to acknowledge or reset alarms.

## SelectAllAlarms

Selects all alarms.

Parameter	Description
Mode	TOGGLE Reverses the select status.
	Alarms that are not triggered or have no pending acknowledge or reset requests will never be selected.
	SELECT Selecting all alarms that are triggered or that have acknowledge or reset request pending
	UNSELECT Unselect all alarms

## SelectAlarm

Select a specif alarm.

Parameter	Description
AlarmID	Alarm ID
Selection Flag	TRUE         Select the alarm.         Image: Construct of the selected of
	FALSE Unselect the alarm.
AckAlarm	

#### AckAlarm

Acknowlege a specific alarm or all selected alarms.

Parameter	Description
AlarmID	Specific Alarm ID
	SELECTED All selected alarms

Acknowledges selected alarms.

## ResetAlarm

Resets a specific alarm or all selected alarms that are not triggered and acknowledged.

Parameter	Description
AlarmID	Specific Alarm ID
	SELECTED All selected alarms

### **EnableAlarms**

Enable or disable a specific alarm or all selected alarms.

Disabled alarms will not generate alarm events.

Parameter	Description
AlarmID	Specific AlarmID
	SELECTED All selected alarms
	MODIFIED Only alarms with modified enable status
Selection Flag	TRUE Enable the alarm(s).
	FALSE Disable the alarm(s).

## **Database actions**

Using Database actions is possible to exchange data with external SQL databases.

### DBInit



Important: This action is used only once on an empty database. It is not an initialization command to be called any time the HMI device starts.

Creates the set of tables required by the project. You do not need to use this action if the database already contains the necessary tables.

Action Properties

-	DBInit		
	Link Name	myRemoteDB	
	Custom SQL query		
	<b>nk Name</b> tabase link name		

Use Custom SQL query parameter to define the pages to be created. Leave empty to generate default table names



Tip: Add this command inside a SetUp page of your project, used by authorized personal only when installing the application for the first time.

#### JavaScript Interface

project.dbInit(db)	LinkName, sqlCustomQuery);
Image: Image	EXTERNAL DATA DATABASE TOOLS ADD-INS
View View View	Filter     ↓ Ascending     ▼ Selection ▼       ↓ Descending     ↓ Advanced ▼       ↓ Remove Sort     ▼ Toggle Filter
Views Clipboard IN Tables S «	Sort & Filter
Events	tagname     tagvalue     Click to Add       Alarm1     0       SystemTime     1412347792
tags Trends	Tag01 55 Tag02 200

## DBWriteTags, DBReadTags

Transfer the values of the selected tags to/from the remote database.

DBWriteTags		DBReadTags	
Link Name	myRemoteDB	Link Name	myRemoteDB
Custom SQL query		Custom SQL query	
Tag names	Tag01;Tag02	Tag names	Tag01:Tag02

#### JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteTags(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, Tags);

project.dbReadTags(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, Tags);

## DBWriteGroups, DBReadGroups

Transfer groups of tags between the HMI device and the database.

Action Properties			Ac	Action Properties		
DBWriteGroups			DBReadGroups			
	Link Name	myRemoteDB		Link Name	myRemoteDB	
	Custom SQL query			Custom SQL query		
	Group names	Group1		Group names	Group1	
_	<b>ink Name</b> atabase link name			<b>nk Name</b> atabase link name		

#### JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteGroups(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, Groups);

project.dbReadGroups(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, Groups);

### DBWriteTrend

Inserts the values of the last data sampled in the selected range of time inside the Trends table of the remote database.

Action Properties

	DBWriteTrends				
	Link Name	myRemoteDB			
	Custom SQL query				
	Trend names	Trend1			
	Duration	10 min			
	bulldon				

#### JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteTrends(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, trendName, durationIndex)

#### **DBWriteEvents**

Inserts the values of the last events in the selected range of time inside the Events table of the remote database.

A	Action Properties			Action Properties			
E	DBWriteEvents		E	DBWriteEvents			
	Link Name	myRemoteDB		Link Name	myRemoteDB		
	Custom SQL query	query		Custom SQL query			
	Buffer	AlarmBuffer1	Buffer AuditTrail	AuditTrail			
	Duration	1 hour		Duration	1 hour		
BS	<b>uffer</b> elect Event buffer		B	<b>uffer</b> elect Event buffer			

#### JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteEvents (dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, archiveName, durationIndex)

### DBWriteRecipes, DBReadRecipes

Transfer the recipe data to/from the remote database.

DBReadRecipes		
Link Name	myRemoteDB	
Custom SQL query		
+ Recipe names	Recipe1	+
Recipe names	d hy semicolon(+)	
	+ Recipe names	Link Name myRemoteDB Custom SQL query Recipe names Recipe1

#### JavaScript Interface

project.dbWriteRecipes(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, recipeNames)

project.dbReadRecipes(dbLinkName, sqlCustomQuery, recipeNames)

### DBResetErrors

Reset all the three status variables of the selected database link. (See Database variables in "Default variables" on page 152).

Ac	tion Properties		
-	DBResetErr	ors	
	Link Name	myRemoteDB	
	nk Name		*
Da	tabase link n	ame	-

#### JavaScript Interface

project.dbResetErrors(dbLinkName)

### RefreshDBTable

Executes the SQL query of the selected "DB table data source" widget to update its data.

Action Properties

RefreshDBTa	ble
Data Source	TableDBSrcWgt
RefreshDBTabk	e

## **Event actions**

Used by Alarm History widget to scroll events/alarms backward/forward in table view (event buffer widget).

## **ScrollEventsBackward**

Scrolls events/alarms backward in table view (event buffer widget).

### **ScrollEventsForward**

Scrolls events/alarms forward in table view (event buffer widget).

## **MultiLanguage actions**

Selects the application language.

### SetLanguage

Sets the language used. The selected language will be applied at runtime to all applicable widgets.

## **Keyboard actions**

Changes the use of keypads.

### SendKey

Sends one character to a numeric widget. The Keypad property of the numeric widget must be set as Macro.

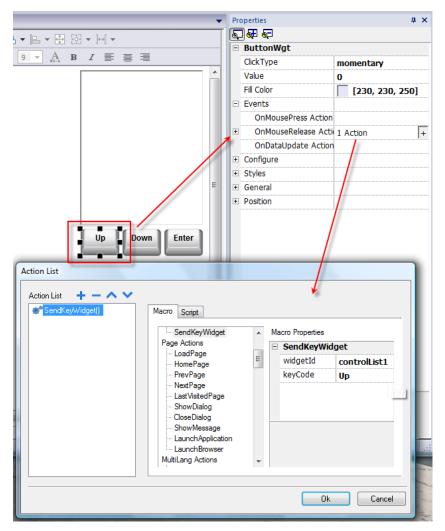
	•	Properties		ą x
	» (	97 <b>97</b> 97		
		Field : numeric1		
		Value	100	a +
	$\uparrow$	Number Format	Numeric	
		Show Thousand Separator	false	a +
		Decimal Digits	0	a +
		Leading Digits	0	a +
100		Keypad	Macro	
		Min	0	a +
		Max	4096	a +
		Description		a +

## SendKeyWidget

Sends one character to a specific widget.

#### Example

The Up and Down buttons use the SendKeyWidget action in association with the Control List Widget.



Action List + - ^ ~	Macro Script			
	SendKey	*	Macro Properties	
	SendKeyWidget		SendKeyWi	dget
	Page Actions LoadPage	E	widgetId	field4
	HomePage		keyCode	Up
	PrevPage NextPage LastVisitedPage ShowDialog			
	CloseDialog ShowMessage LaunchApplication LaunchBrowser	Ŧ	keyCode Select the key	to attach to
				Ok Cancel

## ShowKeyPad

Shows the default operating system touch keypad.



Note: might not be supported by all operating systems.

## KeyboardMacros

Enables/disables the use of actions when using external keyboards. Action execution can be enabled/disabled both at project and at page level.

The effect is equivalent to the use of the property Keyboard for project and page.

Pr	Properties 📮 🗙			
6	] 🖶 😂			
	Page : Page1			
	Id	Page1		
	Width	800		
	Height	480		
	Background	[255, 255 +		
	Template	none		
	Static Optimization	true		
	Static File Type	png		
	JavaScript Debug	false		
	Keyboard	true 👻		
	Precache	true		
+	Events	false		

## **Media Player actions**

Interact with the Media Player widget at runtime.

Action	Description
PlayMedia	Starts playing the video.
StopMedia	Stops the video.
ReloadMedia	Restarts video from the beginning.
PauseMedia	Pauses the video.
BrowseMedia	Selects the video to play.

## **FTP** actions

Used to upload and download files to and from a remote FTP server.

## ftpGET

Download files from a remote FTP server

Parameter	Description	
FtpConfig	Configuring the FTP parameters	
FtpRemoteFileName	File name on the remote FTP server to download (source)	
FtpLocalFileName	File name on local HMI device (destination)	

## ftpPUT

Upload files to a remote FTP server

Parameter	Description	
FtpConfig	Configuring the FTP parameters	
FtpLocalFileName	File name on local HMI device (source)	
FtpRemoteFileName	File name on the remote FTP server to download (Destination)	



Filenames can contain wildcards.

When transferred, system variables are updated with the status of ongoing operations (see "FTP client variables" on page 141 for details).

## **FTP Server Configuration**

To configure the FTP parameter, enter the following information for the FtpConfig setting:

Parameter	Description
FTP Address	FTP server IP Address
Server Port	Port for FTP connection (default = 21).
Authentication	Select the FTP authentication to use:
	<ul><li>Normal (Username and password required)</li><li>Anonymous</li></ul>
User Name	Username of the remote FTP account
Password	Password of the remote FTP account

Click + to add more FTP servers configuration.



Tip: Use tags if you want change the server parameters dynamically from the xAscender HMI Runtime .

## FTP JavaScript Interface

## ftpConfig

ftpCONFIG (IPAddress, Port, Authentication, UserName, Password)

Set the FTP parameters to use on next FTP calls

Parameter	Description	
IPAddress	FTP server IP Address.	
Port	Port for FTP connection (default = 21).	
Authentication	Select the FTP authentication to use:	
	<ul><li>Normal (Username and password required)</li><li>Anonymous</li></ul>	
UserName	Username of the remote FTP account	
Password	Password of the remote FTP account	

## ftpGET

ftpGET (remoteFileName, localFileName, [callback])

Download files from a remote FTP server

Parameter	Description	
remoteFileName	File name on the remote FTP server to download (source)	
localFileName	File name on local HMI device (destination)	
callback	Function that will be call at the end of the FTP transfer	

## ftpPUT

#### ftpPUT (localFileName, remoteFileName, [callback])

#### Upload files to a remote FTP server

Parameter	Description	
remoteFileName	File name on the remote FTP server to download (source)	
localFileName	File name on local HMI device (destination)	
callback	Function that will be call at the end of the FTP transfer	

#### Example:

## Page actions

Page navigation. Page actions can be used with the following events:

- OnMouseClick,
- OnMouseRelease,
- OnMouseHold
- OnActivate
- OnDeactivate
- Alarms
- Schedulers.

## LoadPage

Go to the selected page of the project.

Starting from xAscender Studio v4.0 in addition to the pages you can use the aliases (see "Alias pages" on page 69)

ction List 🕂 — 🔨 💙	Action				
	<b>6</b> ₽ 6₽		Action Properties		
	BrowseMedia Mail SendEmail TP	^	<ul> <li>LoadPage</li> <li>pageName</li> </ul>	Page7.jmx	+
	Pages and Alia		ccessible from all cate	X gories	
	Filter P- Se	ř.	Alias		¢
	Page4 Page3 Page1		Home	Ik	Cance

When "Show even pages that not are accessible from all categories" is selected, even the pages not reachable by all categories are listed.

## HomePage

Go to the home page.

You can set the home page in the Behavior section of the Project Widget, see "Project" on page 80

### **PrevPage**

Go to the previous page.

## **NextPage**

Go to the next page.

## LastVisitedPage

Go to the previously displayed page

## ShowDialog

Opens a dialog page defined in the project.

## CloseDialog

Close dialog pages.



Note: This action is applicable only to dialog pages.

<b>6</b> ₽ <b>6</b> ₽		Ac	tion Properties	
Page	~	=	CloseDialog	
LoadPage			Close Dialog	DialogName
HomePage PrevPage			Select the dialog	Dialog1.jmx
··· NextPage	- 11			
···· LastVisitedPage ···· ShowDialog				
CloseDialog				
- Show Message				

#### **CloseDialog options**

Option	Description	
All	Closes all open dialogs	
Selected	Closes only active dialog	
DialogName	Closes dialog specified as <b>fileName</b> property	

#### JavaScript Interface

project.closeDialog(DialogID);

Where *DialogID*:

All	Closes all open dialogs	
Selected	Closes only active dialog	
DialogName.jmx or AliasName	Closes dialog specified as fileName parameter	

#### Examples

Example	Behavior	
project.closeDialog("All");	All open dialogs are closed	
project.closeDialog("Selected");	The selected dialog is closed	
project.closeDialog("Dialog1.jmx");	All instances of Dialog1 are closed	

The function project.closeDialog(); without parameter works as project.closeDialog("Selected");.

## ShowMessage

Displays a popup message. Enter the text of the message to be displayed.

## LaunchApplication

Launches an external application.

Parameter	Description
App Name	Executable name with extension (for example, "notepad.exe" to run Notepad)
Path	Application path.
Arguments	Application specific arguments (for example, \ <i>flash\qthmi\Manual.pdf</i> to open the document "Manual.pdf")
Single Instance	Argument to start the application in a single instance or multiple instances. When single instance is selected, the system first verifies whether the application is already running; if so, then the application is brought to the foreground, if not, then the application is launched.
FlushRuntimeCache	Flush all runtimes cache to free as more ram as possible before running the application.



Note: Arguments with spaces must be quoted (for example, "\Storage Card\Manual.pdf")

#### Example:

-	LaunchApplication	n
	Application Name	\Windows\cmd.exe
	Executable path	
	arguments	/c "\Flash\New Folder\test.bat" Par1 Par2
	Single Instance	true

## LaunchPDFViewer

Starts PDF Viewer.

Note that the pathname of the arguments field uses native OS format (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587).

On **Linux devices**, the HMI application is installed on path /mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/ and pathname's syntax use the slash character.

admin authorizations		? )
/idget Action Tag Ftp	Http Miscellaneous	
		Enable FTP authorization
		Permission: Read-Write V
Root folder: /data		
Additional folders:		+ -
USBMemory/	Action Properties           LaunchPDFViewe           Application Name           Executable path           arguments	/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/data/test.pdf
Allowed IP addresses:	Single Instance	true
	Action Properties	
	LaunchPDFViewe	er
	Application Name	
	Executable path	
	arguments	/mnt/usbmemory/test.pdf
	Single Instance	true
		OK Cancel

#### -hide-open-button (available only on Linux devices)

Using this option, the icon to open a different file will be removed from the PDF toolbar (to restrict navigation to PDF file already opened and passed via command line).

Action Properties

LaunchPDFViewe	r
Application Name	
Executable path	
arguments	/mnt/usbmemory/test.pdf -hide-open-button
Single Instance	true

## LaunchUpdater

Updates project and runtime from an external device.

Use **Path** parameter to specify the folder that will contain the update package file. Leave the path parameter empty if you prefer select the file manually on the HMI device when the macro is invoked.

When the LaunchUpdater macro is executed, the below dialog is showed on HMI device

HMI Update Wizard 1/2	×		
Please wait, examining system			
Available updates: /mnt/usbmemory	-		
✓ Auto select best match			
Components that will be updated:			
System Files			
Executable files			
Config files			
License			
Executable files			
Support libraries			
Browse Next Cance	el		

#### JavaScript Interface

project.launchUpdater(strPath)

#### **Examples**

```
project.launchUpdater("\\USBMemory")
```

#### LockScreen

Temporarily locks the touch screen. Allows cleaning the touch screen.

The system variable **Time remaining to unlock** displays the time remaining to unlock.See "Screen variables" on page 145

### LoadProject

Unload current project and load the selected project inside the HMI device.

The project name has to be specified using relative path, as for the below example:

ŀ	ction Properties	
Ŀ	LoadProject	
	projectName	workspace/project2/project2.jpr

### LastVisitedProject

Unload current project and return to previous project

## **Print actions**

Manages print tasks.

## PrintGraphicReport

Prints a graphic report.

Parameter	Description			
reportName	Assigns a name to the report			
silent	alse = allows to set printer properties at runtime			
fileName	File name (available only for PDF reports)			
	Supported placeholders:			
	• %n = Report name			
	• %p = Project name			
	• %y = Year, %M = Month, %d = Day			
	<ul> <li>%h = Hour, %m = Minutes, %s = Seconds.</li> </ul>			
folderPath	Folder Path (available only for PDF reports)			
	Note that the pathname of the arguments field uses native OS format (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587).			
	On Linux devices			
	Path for USB Device is "/mnt/usbmemory"			
	"testFolder" will be inside "/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/testFolder"			
Signed	When the output is a PDF file, generate a signed file using the x.509 certificate of the panel.			
	The algorithm to use to signing is defined inside the project properties parameters See "Project" on page 80 for the available algorithms			
	See also:			
	"Signed PDF files" on page 337			

## EmptyPrintQueue

Flushes the current printing queue. If executed while executing a job, the queue is cleared at the end of the job.

## PausePrinting

Puts the current printing queue on hold. If executed while executing a job, the queue is paused at the end of the job.

## ResumePrinting

Restarts a queue previously put on hold.

## AbortPrinting

Stop the execution of the current job and removes it from the queue. If the queue has another job, then, after aborting, the next job starts.

## **Recipe actions**

Used to program recipe management.

## DownLoadRecipe

Copy recipe data from HMI device flash memory to the controller (e.g. PLC, local variable, depending on the protocol).

Parameter	Description
RecipeName	Name of recipe to download
RecipeSet	Number of recipe set to copy.
	curSet = download currently selected recipe set

## **UpLoadRecipe**

Saves recipe data from the controller (e.g. PLC, local variable, depending on the protocol) to the device Flash Memory.

Parameter Description	
RecipeName	Name of recipe to upload
RecipeSet	Number of recipe set to copy.
	curSet = upload currently selected recipe set

## WriteCurrentRecipeSet

Sets the selected recipe as current recipe set.

Parameter	Description		
RecipeName	Name of recipe to set as current recipe		
RecipeSet	Recipe set to define as current recipe set		

## DownLoadCurRecipe

Downloads current set of recipe data to the controller.

No parameter is required.

## UploadCurRecipe

Uploads set of controller data to current recipe set.

No parameter is required

## ResetRecipe

Restores factory settings for recipe data. Original recipe data will overwrite uploaded recipes

Select the recipe that you want to reset to factory data.

## DumpRecipeData

Parameter	Description			
RecipeName	Name of recipe to dump			
RecipeDataSet	Select the recipe dataset to dump			
	Not available when RecipeName=AllRecipes. In this case, all datasets are dumped.			
FilePath	Destination folder			
	<ul> <li>Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump</li> </ul>			
	• USB drive = \USBMemory			
	• SD Card = \Storage Card			
	<ul> <li>Public Network = \\<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname or<br="">IP&gt;\sharePath</hostname></password></username></li> </ul>			
	Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported).			
FileName	Tag that specifies a filename.			
	The below wildcards are supported			
	• %r = Recipe name			
	• %d = Dataset name			
	Example: %r_%d			
DateTimePrefixFileName	<b>true</b> = the dumped file will have date and time as prefix to its name (for example D2012_01_01_T10_10_recipe1.csv)			
TimeSpec	Time format:			
	• Local = the time values exported are the time of the HMI device.			
	Global = the time values exported are in UTC format.			
KeepCaseSensitivity	Allow case sensitivity.			
	Only applicable under Linux, other platforms does save in lower case			

Dumps recipe data to internal or external storage. Data is saved in .csv format.

## RestoreRecipeData

Restores previously saved recipe data.

Parameter	Description
RecipeName	Recipes to restore:
	<ul> <li>AllRecipes Data of all recipes will replaced with the data read from the external file</li> <li>CurrentRecipe Only the data of the current selected recipe will replaced with the data read from the external file</li> </ul>
RecipeDataSet	Available only when RecipeName=CurrentRecipe.
	Select the data sets to restore:
	AllRecipeDataSet     All data set will restored
	<ul> <li>curSet Only the data set of the current selected data set will restore</li> </ul>
Restore Type	Available only when RecipeDataSet=AllRecipeDataSet.
	This parameter define the behavior when the numbers of data sets inside the file to restore is not matching with the data set number inside the HMI device
	<ul> <li>Replace         All data sets that are inside the device are removed and replaced with the data sets from the csv file         Match     </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Replace only the data set inside the device that have the same data set id</li> <li>MatchAndAdd Replace the data set inside the device that have the same data set id and add the additional data set found inside the csv file (Note: data sets that are inside the device but not inside the csv file are not removed from the device)</li> </ul>
FilePath	Source folder
	<ul> <li>Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump</li> </ul>
	USB drive = \USBMemory
	• SD Card = \Storage Card
	<ul> <li>Public Network = \\<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></li> <li>Private Network = \\<uostname><uostname< li=""> <li>Private Network = \\<uostname><uostname< li=""> </uostname<></uostname></li></uostname<></uostname></li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></password></username></li> <li>Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported).</li> </ul>
FileName	Attached tag from which read the file name at runtime.
BrowseForFile	<b>true</b> = shows the Open dialog to browse the file to read.
	false = no dialog is shown,
Match recipe name	false = use internal recipe IDs to match the recipes
	<b>true</b> = use recipe names to match the recipes

Recipe HMI		Reci	pe CSV	Import ->	Recipe H	IMI
Element 1	1	Element	1 10		Element 1	10
Element 2	2	Element	2 20		Element 2	20
Element 3	3	Element	3 30		Element 3	30
Element 4	4				Element 4	4
Element 5	5				Element 5	5
Recipe HMI		Reci	pe CSV	Import ->	Recipe H	IMI
Element 1	1	Element	1 10		Element 1	10
Element 2	2	Element	2 20		Element 2	20
Element 3	3	Element	3 30		Element 3	30
Element 4	4	Element	4 40		Element 4	40
Element 5	5	Element	5 50		Element 5	50
		Element	6 60			
		Element	7 70			

How the RestoreRecipeData works when the CSV file contains a number of different items.

## AddRecipeDataSet

Adds a new dataset to the selected recipe. The new dataset is appended at the end of the already defined datasets.

Action List + - ^ V	Action		Ac	tion Properties		
	Recipe			AddRecipeDa	ataSet	
	DownLoadRecipe			RecipeName	#0 (Recipe)	
	UpLoadRecipe WriteCurrentRecipeSet			CopyFrom	#0 (Default)	
	OwnLoadCurRecipe     UpLoadCurRecipe     UpLoadCurRecipe     ResetRecipe     DumpRecipeData     RestoreRecipeData     AddRecipeDataSet     DelRecipeDataSet     DelRecipeDataSet	-		NewSetName	Set	+
					Ok	Cancel

Parameter	Description	
RecipeName	Recipe where the dataset is added.	
CopyFrom	Dataset from where parameters values are copied from to initialize the new dataset	
NewSetName	Name of new dataset.	
	Here you can you can use a tag reference.	

## DelRecipeDataSet

Deletes a dataset from the selected recipe. Deleting a dataset will rearrange the position number of the datasets that follow.

Action List					
Action List + - ^ V	Action	•	Act	tion Properties <b>DelRecipeDa</b> RecipeName DataSet	taSet #0 (Recipe) curSet
					Ok Cancel

Parameter	Description	
RecipeName	Recipe where the dataset is to be deleted.	
DataSet	Dataset to be deleted.	

## **Remote Client actions**

Used to upload or download a bunch of files to and from a remote HMI device. These actions can only be used from a remote xAscender Client to access remote files via FTP.



Important: Enable FTP support and give all necessary user rights to the folders used to transfer files.

## UploadToHMI

Opens a dialog to select the folder that contains the files to be uploaded to the remote HMI device.

Parameter	Description	
Destination	Destination path on HMI device for file upload	
Filter	File extensions of the files to be uploaded separated by commas (for example, *.txt, *csv)	

## **DownloadFromHMI**

Opens a dialog to select the folder that contains the files to be downloaded from the remote HMI device.

Parameter	Description
Source	Source path on the HMI device for file download
Filter	File extensions of the files to be downloaded separated by commas (for example, *.txt, *.csv)

## JavaScript Interface

```
boolean project.uploadToHMI(dirPath, strFilter);
```

```
boolean project.downloadFromHMI(dirPath, strFilter);
```

Parameter	Description
dirPath	Source path on the HMI device for file download/upload
strFilter	File extensions of the files to be displayed separated by commas (for example, *.txt)

#### Return values:

True	Transfer successful
False	Transfer failed



Note: When transferred, system variables are updated with the status of ongoing operations (see "Remote Client variables" on page 144)

## **ScreenSaver** actions

## StartScreenSaver

Enter in the screen saver mode.

#### **Java Script Interface**

project.startScreenSaver();

## StopScreenSaver

Exit from the screen saver mode.

#### Java Script Interface

project.stopScreenSaver();

## System actions

Used to manage system properties.

## Restart

Restarts the runtime.

## DumpTrend

Stores historical trend data to external drives (USB drive or SD card).

Parameter	Description
TrendName	Name of historical trend to store
FolderPath	Destination folder: • Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump • USB drive = \USBMemory • SD Card = \Storage Card • Public Network = \\ <hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname>
	<ul> <li>Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></password></username></li> <li>Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported).</li> </ul>
FileFormat	<ul> <li>Binary = the buffer is dumped in binary format (a .dat file and .inf file). Both these files are then required to convert data in .csv format by an external utility.</li> <li>Compatibility CSV = the buffer is dumped to the specified location as a .csv file format</li> </ul>
	compatible with versions 1.xx <b>Compact CSV</b> = the buffer is dumped to the specified location as a .csv file using a newer format See "Exporting trend buffer data" on page 275
DateTimePrefix	<b>true</b> = the dumped file will have date and time as prefix to its name (for example D2012_01_01_ T10_10_Trend1.csv)

Parameter	Description
TimeSpec	Time format:
	• Local = the time values exported are the time of the HMI device.
	Global = the time values exported are in UTC format.
FileName	Enabled when the DateTimePrefixFileName=true
	The below wildcards are supported
	• %n = Trend name
	• %y = Year
	• %M = Month
	• %d = Day
	• %h = Hour
	• %m = Minutes
	• %s = Seconds
	Example: \%n\%y%M%d\%h%m%s

Additional parameters available only when the selected FileFormat is Compact CSV



When both "Select Fields" and "Select Curves" parameters are empty, the .csv file is dumped in the old "Compact CSV" without columns' selection format. See also "Exporting trend buffer data" on page 275

Parameter	Description
Select Fields	Select the columns to export inside the dumped file.
	Available columns are:
	DateTime
	Date
	• Time
	Value
	Quality
	Note that "Attach to tag" can be used to define columns to be exported at the runtime from the HMI application. The tag must contain a string with the list of fields to be exported separated by commas.
	Example:
	<ul> <li>"" (Empty string = all available fields)</li> </ul>
	"DateTime,Value,Quality"
	"Date,Time,Value"
Select Curves	Select the curves to export inside the dumped file
	Note that "Attach to tag" can be used to define curves to be exported at the runtime from the HMI application. The tag must contains a string with the list of curve names to be exported separated

Parameter	Description				
	by commas.				
	Example:	Example:			
	<ul> <li>Empty string or "All curves" will export all datasets</li> <li>"Name1,Name2,Name3"</li> <li>"Name1,Name3"</li> </ul>				
Date Format	Select the Date and Time format				
	Using "Attach to tag" is possible define	Using "Attach to tag" is possible define the date format at runtime through a string			
	Date Placeholder				
	d	The day as number without a leading zero (1 to 31)			
	dd	The day as number with a leading zero (01 to 31)			
	ddd	The abbreviated localized day name (e.g. 'Mon' to 'Sun')			
	dddd	The long localized day name (e.g. 'Monday' to 'Sunday').			
	Μ	The month as number without a leading zero (1-12)			
	ММ	The month as number with a leading zero (01-12)			
	МММ	The abbreviated localized month name (e.g. 'Jan' to 'Dec').			
	ММММ	The long localized month name (e.g. 'January' to 'December').			
	уу	The year as two digit number (00-99)			
	уууу	The year as four digit number			
	Time Placeholder				
	h	The hour without a leading zero (0 to 23 or 1 to 12 if AM/PM display)			
	hh	The hour with a leading zero (00 to 23 or 01 to 12 if AM/PM display)			
	m	The minute without a leading zero (0 to 59)			
	mm	The minute with a leading zero (00 to 59)			

Parameter	Description					
	Time Placeholder	Time Placeholder				
	s	The second without a leading zero (0 to 59)				
	SS	The second with a leading zero (00 to 59)				
	222	The millisecond with leading zero				
	z	The millisecond				
	АР	Use AM/PM display. AP will be replaced by either "AM" or "PM".				
	ар	Use am/pm display. ap will be replaced by either "am" or "pm".				



Select the language to use.

Note: execution of the DumpTrend action will automatically force a flush to disk of the data temporarily maintained in the RAM memory. See "History trend widget" on page 278 for details on how to save sampled data to disk.



Note: external drives connected to USB port must have format FAT or FAT32. NTFS format is not supported.

WARNING: Be aware there are limits in the max number of files that can create inside a folder. Limits are depending of different factors and are not simple to calculate, you can think as 999 the max number of files that can be use inside a folder.

#### To convert binary dump files to .csv

The TrendBufferReader.exe tool is stored in the Utils folder of the xAscender Studio installation folder.

Use the following syntax:

TrendBufferReader -r Trend1 Trend1.csv 1

where:

Trend1 = name of the trend buffer without extension resulting from the dump (original file name is trend1.dat)

Trend1.csv = name for the output file.



WARNING: The TrendBufferReader.exe is an old utility that not work with the new multi tags buffers. Using of this utility is not recommendable. The utility is not more maintenanced because now there is the possibility to dump trend buffer directly in .csv format.

#### .csv file structure

The resulting .csv file has five columns

Column	Description
Data Type	Data type of sampled tag:
	0 = empty
	1 = boolean
	2 = byte
	3 = short
	4 = int
	5 = unsignedByte
	6 = unsignedShort
	7 = unsignedInt
	8 = float
	9 = double
Value	Value of the sample
Timestamp (UTC)	Timestamp in UTC format
Sampling Time(ms)	Sampling interval time in milliseconds
Quality	Tag value quality. Information coded according the OPC DA standard and stored in a byte data (8 bits) defined in the form of three bit fields; Quality, Sub status and Limit status.
	The eight quality bits are arranged as follows: QQSSSSLL. For a complete and detailed description of all the single fields, please refer to the OPC DA official documentation.

#### **Commonly quality values**

The most commonly used quality values returned by the HMI acquisition engine are:

Quality Code	Quality	Description
0	BAD	The value is bad but no specific reason is given
4	BAD	Specific server problem with the configuration. For example, the tag has been deleted from the configuration file (tags.xml).
8	BAD	No value may be available at this time, for example the value has not been provided by the data source.
12	BAD	Device failure detected
16	BAD	Timeout before device response.
24	BAD	Communication failure

Quality Code	Quality	Description
28	BAD	No data found for upper or lower bound value Trend interface specific flag.
32	BAD	No data collected (for example, archiving not active.
		Trend interface specific flag.
		This value is also used to indicate a temporary offline status (for any condition where sampling was stopped).
64	UNCERTAIN	No specific reason.
65	UNCERTAIN	No specific reason.
		The value has 'pegged' at some lower limit.
66	UNCERTAIN	No specific reason.
_		The value has 'pegged' at some higher limit.
67	UNCERTAIN	No specific reason.
		The value is a constant and cannot move.
84	UNCERTAIN	Returned value outside its defined limits defined.
		In this case the <b>Limits</b> field indicates which limit has been exceeded but the value can move farther out of this range.
85	UNCERTAIN	Returned value outside its defined limits defined.
		In this case the <b>Limits</b> field indicates which limit has been exceeded but the value can move farther out of this range.
		The value has 'pegged' at some lower limit.
86	UNCERTAIN	Returned value outside its defined limits defined.
		In this case the <b>Limits</b> field indicates which limit has been exceeded but the value can move farther out of this range.
		The value has 'pegged' at some higher limit
87	UNCERTAIN	Returned value outside its defined limits defined.
		In this case the <b>Limits</b> field indicates which limit has been exceeded but the value can move farther out of this range.
		The value is a constant and cannot move.
192	GOOD	-

## DeleteTrend

Deletes saved trend data.

Define the name of the trend from which you want to delete logs.

## DumpEventArchive

Stores historical alarm log and audit trail data to external drives, such as USB memory or SD card.

Parameter	Description
EventArchive	Name of buffer to dump data
FolderPath	<ul> <li>Destination folder</li> <li>Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump</li> <li>USB drive = \USBMemory</li> <li>SD Card = \Storage Card</li> <li>Public Network = \\<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></li> <li>Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></password></username></li> <li>Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported).</li> </ul>
DumpConfigFile	Dump the description files of the archives
DumpAsCSV	<ul> <li>true = the buffer is dumped to the specified location as a .csv file</li> <li>false = the buffer is dumped in binary format (a .dat file and .inf file). Both these files are then required to convert data in .csv format by an external utility.</li> </ul>
DateTimePrefix	<b>true</b> = the dumped file will have date and time as prefix to its name (for example D2012_01_01_T10_10_alarmBuffer1.csv)
timeSpec	<ul> <li>Time format:</li> <li>Local = the time values exported are the time of the HMI device.</li> <li>Global = the time values exported are in UTC format.</li> </ul>
csv Colums	Select the columns to dump into the .csv file.  Available only when the EventArchive is an alarms buffer
FileName	The below wildcards are supported • %n = Event archive name • %y = Year • %M = Month • %d = Day • %h = Hour • %m = Minutes • %s = Seconds Example: \%n\%y%M%d\%h%m%s

Parameter	Description
	Available only when the DateTimePrefixFileName=true
Language	Select the language to use.
	Available only when the EventArchive is an alarms buffer
Separate Date and Time	When enabled the date and time are listed in separate columns.
Date Format	Select a predefined format or use placeholders to define your own format (see "Time and Date placeholders" on page 446)

#### **Dumping in CSV Format**

#### DumpAsCSV = true

For Alarms buffers, the additional "csv Colums" parameter give the possibility to select the columns to export inside the .csv file



Note: available only for Alarms buffers.

<b>5</b>		Action Properties		
ScrollEventsForward	^	DumpEventA	rchive	
System		EventArchive	Alarm	Buffer1
Restart		FolderPath		
···· Dump Trend		DumpConfigFile	6-1	CSV columns
Delete Trend			Taise	
DumpEventArchive		DumpAsCSV	true	Columns 🔨 🗸
DeleteEventArchive		DatetimePrefix	false	
ResetProtoErrCount		TimeSpec	Global	Event type
···· SafelyRemoveMedia ···· ControlUserLED			JIUDal	Sup type
		csv Columns		
- LogMessage		Language		✓ Name
DeleteOldFiles		Seperate Date	false	Alarm type
Recipe		Date Format		State
DownLoadRecipe		Date Format		✓ Time
- UpLoadRecipe				Source value
				Previous source value
DownLoadCurRecipe				Description
				Custom field 1
ResetRecipe				Custom field 2
- DumpRecipeData				
Restore Recipe Data				
Add Recipe Data Set				
DelRecipeDataSet				
Database Actions				OK Cancel
DBInit		csv Columns		
···· DBWriteTags			is to ex	port inside .csv file
···· DBReadTags		o croce and column		por chierdo roor no
··· DBWriteGroups				
DBReadGroups	~			

#### **Dumping in BINARY Format**

#### DumpAsCSV = false

When exporting Event buffers in binary format and **DumpConfigFile** is set to true (recommended settings), there are two folders:

- data, containing data files,
- **config**, containing configuration files for .csv conversion.

Once the two folders are copied from the USB drive to the computer disk, the folder structure will be:

\config\

alarms.xml

eventconfig.xml

\data\

AlarmBuffer1.dat AlarmBuffer1.inf

١

#### AlarmBufferReader.exe

#### To convert dump files to .csv

The AlarmBufferReader.exe tool is stored in the Utils folder of the xAscender Studio installation folder.

Use the following syntax:

AlarmBufferReader AlarmBuffer1 FILE ./AlarmBuffer1.csv

#### where:

- AlarmBuffer1 = name of the dumped .dat without extension
- AlarmBuffer1.csv = name for the output file.

The utility AuditTrailBufferReader.exe is available for Audit Trail buffers.

Use the following syntax:

AuditTrailBufferReader AuditTrail FILE ./AuditTrail.csv

where:

- AuditTrail = name of the dumped buffer without extension and
- AuditTrail1.csv = name for the output file.



WARNING: The AlarmBufferReader.exe is an old utility that not work with newer buffer formats. Using of this utility is not recommendable. The utility is not more maintenanced because now there is the possibility to dump alarm buffer directly in .csv format.

#### DeleteEventArchive

Deletes saved Event buffers log data.

Specify the name of Event buffer to delete from the Event logs.

#### ResetProtoErrCount

Resets the Protocol Error Count system variable.

See "System Variables (Attach To)" on page 135 for details.

#### SafelyRemoveMedia

Provides for safe removal of SD card or USB drive fromHMI.

#### SaveEventArchive

Save the records located within the audit trail to a signed file. The file signature will ensure that the records within the report are not altered.

Parameter	Description	
EventArchive	Name of buffer to dump data	
FolderPath	Destination folder	
	<ul> <li>Internal = \Flash\QTHMI\workspace\Dump</li> </ul>	

Parameter	Description	
	USB drive = \USBMemory	
	• SD Card = \Storage Card	
	<ul> <li>Public Network = \\<hostname ip="" or="">\sharePath</hostname></li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Private Network = \\<username>:<password>@<hostname or<br="">IP&gt;\sharePath</hostname></password></username></li> </ul>	
	Note: supported formats for external memory are FAT or FAT32 (NTFS format is not supported).	
FileName	The below wildcards are supported	
	• %n = Event archive name	
	• %y = Year	
	• %M = Month	
	• %d = Day	
	• %h = Hour	
	• %m = Minutes	
	• %s = Seconds	
	Example: \%n\%y%M%d\%h%m%s	
Format	Format of the output file	
	• CSV	
Signed	Generate the file signature.	
	The algorithm to use to signing is defined inside the project properties parameters See "Project" on page 80 for the available algorithms	
	See also:	
	<ul> <li>"Signed CSV files" on page 335</li> </ul>	
TimeSpec	Time format:	
	<ul> <li>Local = the time values exported are the time of the HMI device.</li> </ul>	
	• <b>Global</b> = the time values exported are in UTC format.	
PeriodMode	Defines the time window to export	
	All events	
	• Today	
	• Yesterday	
	Last week	
	Last month	
	Current week	

Parameter	Description	
	<ul> <li>Current month</li> <li>Custom The additional parameters "periodFrom" and "periodTo" will be shown</li> </ul>	
Separate Date and Time	Uses two separate columns for Date and Time	
Date Format	Select the Date and Time format	

#### Signed file

When the "Signed file" parameter is true, two files will be added in addition to fileame.csv:

- filename.csv.sign
  - The file signature will ensure that the records within the file filename.csv file have not been altered
- ssl-HMI.crt

A copy of the certificate of the HMI device required to verify the authenticity of the report.

Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
🔊 AuditTrail-1413.csv	28/03/2018 16:13	Microsoft Excel Comma Separated Values File	1 KB
AuditTrail-1413.csv.sign	28/03/2018 16:13	SIGN File	1 KB
🔄 ssI-HMI.crt	28/03/2018 16:16	Security Certificate	2 KB

For more information about the certificate and how to verify signed files, see "x.509 Certificate" on page 332.

For more information about the exported information see "Exporting audit trail as .csv files" on page 361.

## LogMessage

Add a message into the audit trail buffer.

This macro give the possibility to developer to decide to keep track of some events (e.g. when a button is pressed, when a page is activate, etc.) into the audit trail. The attach to tag to have the possibility to define the message to log at runtime is supported.

Parameter	Description
EventArchive	Name of the audit buffer where add the message
Message	Message to add inside the audit buffer

#### **DeleteOldFiles**

This macros delete files older that a give number of days.

In PC there is no restriction in using path. In panels it is allowed in dynamic media and data partition /mnt/data)



It will be developer responsibility to configure the application to avoid the possibility to delete system files.

Parameter	Description
FolderPath	Folder where search the files to delete
FileTypes	List of files to delete separate by comma. Wildcard are supported
	Example: *.png,*.jpg
OlderDays	Minimum number of days without changes

# **Tag actions**

Interacts with tags.

## DataTransfer

Exchanges data between:

- two controllers,
- registers within a controller,
- from system variables to controllers,
- from controllers to system variables

The various tag types include a controller tag, a system variable, a recipe tag and widget property.

#### ToggleBit

Toggles a bit value of a tag.

**BitIndex** allows you to select the bit to be toggled: toggling requires a read-modify-write operation; the read value is inverted and then written back to the tag.

#### SetBit

Sets the selected bit to "1".

BitIndex allows you to select the bit position inside the tag.

#### **ResetBit**

Resets the selected bit to "0"

BitIndex allows you to select the bit position inside the tag.

#### WriteTag

Writes constant values to the controller memory. Specify tag name and value.

## StepTag

Increments or decrements tag value.

Parameter	Description
TagName	Name of tag to increase/decrease
Step	Step value
Do not step over limit	Enables step limit
Step Limit	Value of step limit, if enabled.

#### **BiStep**

This action is similar to the StepTag action but the direction Increment/Decrement is automatically chosen by the rotation of the Wheel. Tag value will be increased when the Wheel is rotated clockwise. Tag value will be decreased in when the Wheel is rotated counterclockwise.

Property	Description
TagName	Name of Tag on which execute BiStep Tag action
Step	Value to be added/subtracted to Tag at every wheel rotation (depends on Event step property)
Event step	This property allows to chose if adding/subtracting step values at every single wheel step, or at every rotation event.
	<b>false</b> = The step value is added/subtracted to the Tag at every rotation event. <i>Example: rotate the wheel performing 5 wheel steps in a single event, Tag will be increased/decreased by 1.</i>
	<b>true</b> = The step value is added/subtracted to the Tag at every single wheel step. <i>Example: rotate the wheel performing 5 wheel steps in a single rotation, Tag will be increased/decreased by 5.</i>
Do not step over limit	If true, enables lower and upper limits, which represents the lower and the higher value that the Tag can assume due a BiStep Tag action
LowerLimit	If "Do not step over limit" is true, this property represents the lower value that the Tag can assume due a BiStep Tag action
UpperLimit	If "Do not step over limit" is true, this property represents the higher value that the Tag can assume due a BiStep Tag action



Available only inside OnWheel Actions

## ActivateGroup

Forces the update of a group of tags.

Tags are updated either when used in the current page or continuously, if defined as active in the Tag Editor. This action forces all the tags of a group to be continuously updated.

## DeactivateGroup

Deactivates a group of tags, that is stops forcing the update of a group of tags.

#### EnableNode

Enable/disables action for offline node management. No communication is done with a disabled node.

Parameter	Description
Protocol ID	Unique identifier of selected protocol
NodelD	Node identifier in selected protocol. Can be attached to a tag.
Enable	Node communication status:
	False = disabled
	True = enabled
	When attached to a tag, tag = 0 means <b>False</b>

## BACnetClearPriority

Refer to the BACnet manual inside the "Communication Drivers" folder for a detailed description of BACnet actions.

#### **BACnetClearAllPriorities**

Refer to the BACnet manual inside the "Communication Drivers" folder for a detailed description of BACnet actions.

#### BACnetSetPriority

Refer to the BACnet manual inside the "Communication Drivers" folder for a detailed description of BACnet actions.

#### ClearRetentiveMemory

When set to 0, clears the content of the Retentive Memory.

#### ForceReadTag

Force a refresh of the specified tag from the remote controller.

# **Trend actions**

Used for Live Data Trends and Historical Trends Widget.

## RefreshTrend

Refreshes the Trend window.

It can be used in any Trends/Graphs widgets. Specify the widget as a parameter for the action.

## ScrollLeftTrend

Scrolls the **Trend** window to the left side, by one-tenth (1/10) of the page duration.



Note: with the real-time trends pause the trend using the **PauseTrend** action, or the window will be continuously shifted to the current value.

## ScrollRightTrend

Scrolls the **Trend** window to the right side, by one-tenth (1/10) of the page duration.



Note: with the real-time trends pause the trend using the **PauseTrend** action, or the window will be continuously shifted to the current value.

## PageLeftTrend

Scrolls the **Trend** window by one-page. For example, if the page size is 10 minutes, then use the **PageLeftTrend** action to scroll the trend left for 10 minutes.

## PageRightTrend

Scrolls the **Trend** window by one-page. For example, if the page size is 10 minutes, then use the **PageRightTrend** action to scroll the trend right for 10 minutes.

## ScrollUpTrend

Scroll the trend window up by 1/10 of the period.

## ScrollDownTrend

Scroll the trend window down by 1/10 of the time period.

## PageUpTrend

Scroll up the trend window page by page.

## PageUpTrend

Scroll up the trend window page by page.

## PageDurationTrend

Sets the page duration of the Trend window.

Define trend name and page duration.



Note: you can set page duration at runtime using a combo box widget.

## ZoomInTrend

Reduces page duration.

## ZoomOutTrend

Extends page duration.

## ZoomResetTrend

Reset the zoom level back to the original zoom level.

#### ZoomInYAxisTrend

Reduces Y Axis.

#### ZoomOutYAxisTrend

Extends Y Axis.

#### ZoomResetYAxisTrend

Reset the Y Axis zoom level back to the original zoom level.

## PauseTrend

Stops plotting the trend curves in the Trend window.

When used with real time trend the plotting stops when the curve reaches the right border of the graph. This action does not stop trend logging.

#### ResumeTrend

Resumes trend plotting if paused.

#### ShowTrendCursor

Shows value of the curve at a given point on the X axis.

It activates the trend cursor. A cursor (vertical line) will be displayed in the trend widget.

When the graphic cursor is enabled, the scrolling of the trend is stopped.

The ScrollCursor action moves the graphic cursor over the curves, or over the entire Trend window.

## ScrollTrendCursor

Scrolls the trend cursor backward or forward.

The Y cursor value will display the trend value at the point of the cursor. Scrolling percentage can be set at 1% or 10%. The percentage is calculated on the trend window duration.

Parameter	Description
Trend Name	Select the trend widget ID.
Scroll Direction	Sets the scroll direction.
Scroll Unit	Sets the scrolling as a percentage of the displayed area or as a unit of time.
Scroll Percentage	Set the scroll rate as a percentage of the displayed area (used when Scroll Unit = Percentage)
Scroll Timesample	Set the scroll rate as time in seconds (used when Scroll Unit = Timesample)

## SetTrendView

Use this macro to change the axis ranges of the trend view.

When both Min X=0 and Max X=0, the static values defined inside the properties of widget are used. The same for the Y axe.

#### ScrollTrendToTime

Scrolls the Trend window to a specified point in time.

Use this action when you need to scroll to a specific position in a trend window when a specific event occurred.

Parameter	Description
Trend Name	Select the trend widget ID.
Scroll To Position	Reference position for scrolling the trend window
	• Start
	Center
	• End
Sarall Trand to Time	Time where move the trend window

Scroll Trend to Time Time where move the trend window

#### Example

- 1. Configure an action for an event (for example, an alarm) that executes a data transfer of the system time into a tag.
- 2. Select that tag as **ScrollTrendtoTime** parameter: the trend windows will be centered at the time when the event was triggered.

#### **ConsumptionMeterPageScroll**

Scrolls the page backward or forward in a Consumption Meter widget.

Parameter	Description
Trend Name	Trend widget ID (for example, TrendWindow3)
Page Scroll Direction	Direction of page scrolling (Forward/backward)

#### RefreshTrendTable

Update the trend table.

Parameter	Description
Data Source	The data source of the trend table to refresh

#### ScrollTrendTableBackward

Scroll the trend table backward.

Parameter	Description
Data Source	The data source of the trend table to scroll backward

#### ScrollTrendTableForward

Scrolls the trend table forward.

Parameter	Description
Data Source	The data source of the trend table to scroll forward

## **Text Editor actions**

Macros used to interacts with the TextEditor widget.

Reference to "TextEditor widget" on page 491 for details

## User management actions

User management and security settings.

#### LogOut

Logs off the current user. The default user is then automatically logged in. If no default user has been configured, the logon window is displayed.

#### SwitchUser

Switches between two users without logging off the logged user: the user login dialog appears. User can click **Back** to go back to the previously logged user.

User nam	e:		
Password	d:		
			Show password
	Back		Sign In

The server continues running with the previously logged user, until the next user logs on. One user is always logged onto the system.

#### ChangePassword

Change current user password: a dialog appears

No parameter is required.

#### ResetPassword

Restores the original password together with the settings specified in the project for the current user.

No parameter is required.

#### AddUser

Reserved to users with Can manage other users property set.

Adds a user at runtime: a dialog appears.

User name:	user3		
Password:	••••	Sł	now password
Group:	admin	~	
Comments:			
	User must	change his in	itial password
	Inactivity	logoff time(N	lin) 0
		Add	Cancel

#### DeleteUser

Reserved to users with <b>Can manage other users</b> property set.					
Deletes a user	Deletes a user at runtime: a dialog appears.				
No parameter i	s required.				
User name:	user1	~			
Group:	admin	~			
	Delete	Cancel			

## EditUsers

Reserved to users with **Can manage other users** property set.

Edits user settings.

User name:	user1 V Inactive	
Password:	Show password	
Group:	admin 🗸	
Comments:	John Smith	
	User must change his initial password	
Inactivity logoff time (Min)		
	Apply Cancel	

#### Inactive

If you set the Inactive flag, the user will no longer be able to log in

#### DeleteUMDynamicFile

Deletes the dynamic user management file. Changes made to users settings at runtime are erased. The original settings are restored from the project information.

No parameter is required.

#### ExportUsers

Exports user settings to an .xml file (usermgnt\_user.xml) in encrypted format to be restored when needed.

Set destination folder for the export file.



Important: The user file is encrypted and cannot be edited.



Note: supported formats are FAT or FAT32. NTFS format is not supported.

#### ImportUsers

Imports user settings from a previously saved export .xml file (usermgnt\_user.xml).

Set source folder for the import file.



Note: supported formats are FAT or FAT32. NTFS format is not supported.

# Widget actions

## **ShowWidget**

Shows or hides page widgets.

Property	Description
Widget	Widget to show/hide

## SlideWidget

Shows the sliding effect of a widget, or of a widget group.



Note: The widget or grouped widgets can actually be outside of visible part of the page in the project and slide in and out of view.

Property	Description
Widget	Widget to slide
Direction	Sliding direction
Speed	Transition speed of sliding widget
X Distance	Travel distance of X coordinate in pixels
Y Distance	Travel distance of Y coordinate in pixels
Slide Limit	Enable/Disable movement limits of the widget with respect to the x, y coordinates
X Limit	Limit position of slide action for x coordinate
Y Limit	Limit position of slide action for y coordinate
Toggle Visibility	Show/hide widget at the end of each slide action
Image Widget	Image displayed during slide action

## **BeginDataEntry**

Displays a keypad and starts data entry on a data field without touching the widget itself. This action can be used to activate data entry using a barcode scanner.

#### Java Script Interface

<pre>project.beginDataEntry(wgtName</pre>	[,	pageName])
T = = 2 = = = = 2 = = = = = = = 7 ( 2 = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		To a Deriversion 1 /

Parameter	Description
wgtName	Widget name
pageName	Active page for data entry. Optional parameter. Useful to select a data field inside a non- modal active dialog box.

## TriggerIPCamera

"Force the refresh of IP Camera widget when used in JPEG format. Only works on pages that include an IP Camera widget"

#### **MovelPCamera**

Sends remote commands to a camera that supports them. See "IP Camera widgets" on page 462 for details. Make sure that the IP Camera supports movement commands.

Parameter	Description	
Camera URL	URL of IP Camera	
User Name	Name of user allowed to access the camera.	
	Set this parameter when access to the camera is password protected.	
Password	Password to access the camera.	
Command	Command to send to the PTZ controller (for example, decoder_control.cgi?command=0)	

## RefreshEvent

Refreshes the event buffer (alarm or audit) of the widgets on the page

Parameter	Description
Even Name	Set the ID of the event buffer widget associated with Alarm History Widget or Audit Tables to be updated.

#### ContextMenu

Displays the context menu.

If **Context Menu** property of Project Widget has been set to **On delay** context menu can appear also touching for a few seconds the background area of the screen. See "Runtime" on page 74 for details.

## ReplaceMedia

Replaces existing media files with new files from USB/SD card. Can be used to replace video files of MediaPlayer widgets, or images of project.



Note: New media files must have same name and format of the files to be replaced.

Parameter	Description
Media Type	Type of file to update
Device	Device where new media files are supplied
sourcePath	Folder where new media files are stored (for example, "\USBMemory")

Parameter	Description
Image Resize	Resizes new images to the size of images to be replaced. Not applicable to video files.
Silent	Replaces media automatically. As defau a dialog is displayed for the user to specify file location.

#### **Java Script Interface**

```
void replaceMedia(var sourcePath, var bSilent, var Device, var nMediaType, var
bResize)
```

project.replaceMedia("Images", true, "\USBMemory", 1, true);

## **OpenComboBox**

Open the combo box list. Works when Combobox mode is Full Screen.

#### CloseComboBox

Close the combo box list. Works when Combobox mode is Full Screen.

#### ScrollTable

Scroll rows of the table forward or backward.

Parameter	Description
Table Widget	Table widget name
Direction	The number of rows to jump, forward when positive, backward when negative.

#### Java Script Interface

```
page.getWidget(TableWgt).scrollTo(Direction);
```

#### SelectAllAlarmsOnSrc

Toggle selection of all Alarms shown in table widget.

Parameter	Description
Table Widget	Table widget name

## ShiftTableDataSrcColumns

Shift left or right the columns of a data table. Note the remapping is applicated to the data source widget.

Parameter	Description
Data source widget	Data source widget id
Columns Shift	Data source widget columns are shifted (left or right, depeding on sign) by this amount
Fixed left columns	A custom amount of columns (on the left of table) can be kept fixed during shifting
Remap Filter	Table widget filter (if defined) is connected to a data source widget column. This column, by default, is not remapped by shift action, but can be forced to true

#### **Java Script Interface**

```
var ColumnOrder = [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10];
var json = {_c:ColumnOrder};
```

page.getWidget("TableDataSrcWgt").remapColumns(json);

#### **ResetTableDataSrcColumns**

Restore the original columns order (see "ShiftTableDataSrcColumns" macro)

#### SetTableSortingColumn

Select a column and the criteria to use to sort the rows of the table.

Parameter	Description
Table Widget	Table to sort
Data Source Column	Column to use to sort the table
Sorting Mode	Can be: Ascending, Descending or Toggle
Sorting Type	Can be: Alphabetic or Numeric

#### **Java Script Interface**

```
var column = "Column1"; // Colum name (TableDataSource)
var mode = 0; //0=Ascending, 1=Descending
var type = 1; //0=Aphabetic, 1=Numeric
var sorting_rule_1 = { _c : column, _m : mode, _t : type };
var json = [ sorting_rule_1 ]
page.getWidget("TableWgt").setSortingRules(json);
```

#### ChartCommand

Commands to control the charts widgets (Ref.: "Scatter chart widget" on page 281)

Parameter	Description
ActivePanMode	Activate the moving of the graphic through gesture commands
ActiveZoomMode	Activate the zoom mode through gesture commands
ActiveCursorMode	Activate the moving of the cursor through gesture commands
ExecuteZoomIn	Zoom In the graphic
ExecuteZoomOut	Zoom Out the graphic
ExecuteAxesReset	Reset the graphic view
ExecuteNoAction	Disable gesture commands
ToogleAutoScale	Enable or disable the auto-scale feature. Auto-scale ensures that the X axis maximum always take into account the most recent values of the curves.
UpdateStaticCurve	Reads tags values and refresh the curves

# 15 The xAscender Client

xAscender Client is a standalone application which provides remote access to the xAscender HMI Runtime, and is included in the xAscender Suite. The xAscender Client uses the same graphic rendering system as the runtime in the HMI devices, it relies on a specified xAscender HMI Runtime as server for live data.

xAscender Client acts as a remote client and communicates to the server, sharing the local visualization with the tag values that are maintained or updated by the communication protocol.



HMI projects contain properties indicating which page is currently displayed on the HMI and can force the HMI to switch to a specific page. You can use these properties to synchronize pages showed on the HMI device and xAscender Client or to control an HMI device with a PLC. See "Project" on page 80 for details.



#### To avoid unexpected behavior:

- be sure to use the same version of the xAscender HMI Runtime
- use "FreeType Font Rendering" to be sure to use the same font rendering engine on both HMI Client and HMI Device (see "Runtime" on page 74)

Client application on PC	226
Client application on HMI	227
Settings and time zone options	228

# **Client application on PC**

To run the xAscender Client application on PC:

- 1. From the **Start** menu > **Panasonic Industry Terminal >xAscender Client**: the client opens in a browser-like style window.
- 2. Type the server/device IP address in the address bar (for example: https://192.168.1.12): xAscender Client will connect to the server and the same graphical application running on the device will be loaded in the client window.

#### The Client application toolbar

Element	Description
HMI server address	IP address of the remote HMI device (e.g. 192.168.0.1:80)
Connection status	Network request status. Red during data exchange.
Reload from cache	Reloads project
BookMark	Bookmarks preferred pages and reload them.
Settings	Opens <b>Settings</b> dialog

#### **Reload options**

Option	Description
F5	Reloads project from cache
Shift + F5	Downloads project to client

#### Transferring files to a remote HMI device

You can upload and download files to and from a remote HMI device using two dedicated actions. These actions can only be used from a remote xAscender Client and access remote files via FTP.

See "Remote Client actions" on page 197 and "Remote Client variables" on page 144.

Important: Enable FTP support and give all necessary user rights to the folders used to transfer files.

#### Workspace

Project files are uploaded from the device and stored in xAscender Client into the following cache folder.

%appdata%\Panasonic\[build number]\client\cache

where:

[build number] = folder named as build number, for example 01.90.00.608.

# **Client application on HMI**

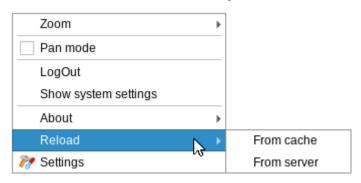
To run the xAscender Client application on Linux HMI device:

- 1. From the **Run > Update Package** menu, create an Update Package and install the HMI Client application in to the HMI device (see "Update package" on page 98 for additional information)
- 2. Type the server/device IP address in the Setting dialog that will be available when HMI device start (for example: https://192.168.1.12): HMI Client will connect to the server and the same graphical application running on the device will be loaded in the client window.

Settings ×			
Server	Settings	Passwo	rd
Server Add	fress:		
IP addres	s of server. (e	e.g.: 192.1(	68.0.1:80)
Auto co	onnect at sta	rtup	
Fit to se	reen size		
Time			
Widg	jet	🔿 Globa	al
🔿 Loca	d	⊖ Serve	er
		ОК	Cancel

#### **Context Menu**

The Context Menu, available with a right mouse click, will show the below commands:



Option	Description
Zoom	Select view size at runtime
	• Zoom In
	Zoom Out
	• Zoom 100%
Pane Mode	Enables/disables pan mode after a zoom in
Logout	Logs off the current user.
Show system settings	Allow the HMI settings and the management of system components. See "System Settings" on page 595 for details.
Reload	Reload remote project
	From cache
	From server
Setting	Open the HMI Client Settings. See "Settings and time zone options" below for details
	Could be password protected
About	Shows information about the HMI Client version.

# Settings and time zone options

In the Settings dialog you can configure client settings and decide how to display project time stamp information.

## **Remote Server**

Settings ×			
Server	Settings	Passwor	d
Server Add	fress:		
IP address	s of server. (e	e.g.: 192.16	8.0.1:80)
Auto co	onnect at sta	rtup	
Fit to so	reen size		
Time			
Widg	jet	🔾 Globa	I
🔿 Loca	ıl	⊖ Serve	r
		ок	Cancel

#### **Connection settings**

Parameter	Description
Server Address	IP address of the remote HMI device (e.g. 192.168.0.1:80)
Auto connect at startup	When the panel starts, use the Server Address to try to connect automatically to the remote server.
Fit to screen size	Adapts the view to the screen size

#### Time settings

Parameter	Description
Use Widget Defaults	Displays time information according to the widget settings.
Local Time	Translates all timestamps in the project into the computer local time where the client is installed.
Global Time	Translates all timestamps in the project into UTC format.
Server Time	Translates all timestamps in the project into the same used by HMI device/server in order to show the same time.



Important: Make sure you set the HMI RTC correct time zone and DST options.

## Settings

Settings		×	
Server	Settings	Password	]
Context n Show bus Use keyp FTP		s): 2 V V	\$
Port		21	\$
нттр			
Update ra	ate (s)	1	-
Timeout (	s)	5	\$
Reuse co Enable co	nnection ompression		
		ОК	Cancel

#### **Interface Settings**

Parameter	Description
Context Menu Delay(s)	Context menu activation delay. Range: 1–60 seconds.
Show Busy Cursor	Display an hourglass when the system is busy
Use Keypads	Display keypads when user touches a data entry field.
	Set to <b>disable</b> when an external USB keyboard is connected to the device.

#### **FTP settings**

Parameter	Description
Port	FTP communication port

#### **HTTP settings**

Parameter	Description		
Protocols	Communication protocol used by xAscender Client to communicate with an HMI device.		
Update Rate	Polling frequency to synchronize data from server. Default = 1 s.		
Timeout	Maximum wait time before a request is repeated by the xAscender Client. Default = 5 s.		
Reuse connection	Enables reuse of the same TCP connection for multiple HTTP requests to reduce network traffic.         Image: transfer in the same transfer i		
Enable compression	Compresses data to reduce download times. Default = disabled. CAUTION: enabling this option could causes excessive CPU overhead.		
Time Settings	Used by the client to adapt the widget time stamp information.		

#### Password

Settings ×			
Server	Settings	Password	I
Change p	assword		
Old pa	ssword:		
New pa	assword:		
Confirr	n password		
		ок	Cancel

This dialog give the possibility to change the internal password of the HMI device for the admin user (the default password is "admin").

Password protection is not available on PC version of the HMI client

# 16 Using the integrated FTP server

xAscender HMI Runtime system uses an integrated FTP server.

Connect to the HMI device FTP server using any standard FTP client application. By default, the implicit FTP over TLS on port 990 is used.



Important: The server supports only one connection at a time; if you are using a multiple connection FTPs client disable this feature on the client program or set the maximum number of connections per session to 1.

## **FTP** settings

#### **FTP** default credentials

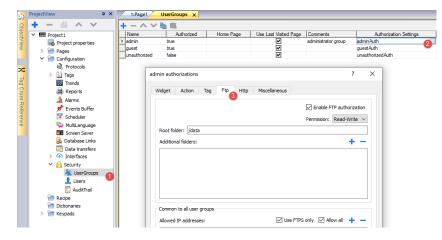
When User Management/Security is disabled use the following credentials for incoming connections:

User name	admin
Password	admin

#### **Changing FTP settings**

Path: ProjectView> Security> UserGroups > Authorization Settings

You can change FTP permissions and account information in the Ftp tab of the admin authorizations dialog.



See "FTP authorizations" on page 345 for details.

# 17 Using VNC for remote access

VNC is a remote control software which allows you to see and control the HMI application remotely using your local mouse and keyboard.

Remote access is particularly useful for administration and technical support. In order to use it you need to:

- start a server in the HMI device
- install a viewer on the remote device

Starting VNC server on Linux devices	.236
Starting VNC viewer	.236

# **Starting VNC server on Linux devices**

VNC server is a service embedded inside the BSP that can be activated from the Services tab of the device System Settings. See "VNC Service" on page 607 for details.



# **Starting VNC viewer**

No VNC viewer is provided as part of xAscender Suite.

Many compatible VNC viewers are available for free download (for example, TightVNC).

# 18 Alarms

The alarms handling system has been designed to provide alerts through pop-up messages, typically to display warning messages indicating any abnormal condition or malfunction in the system under control.

Whenever a bit changes, or the value of a tag exceeds a threshold set in the alarm configuration, a message is displayed. Specific actions can also be programmed to be executed when an alarm is triggered.



Important: No default action is associated with any alarm.

You can define how an alarm is displayed on the HMI device, if it requires user acknowledgment, and if and how it is logged into the event list.

Alarms are configured in the Alarms Configuration Editor and, thus, are available for all the pages of the project. An alarm widget can display more than one alarm at a time, if sized appropriately. You can trigger the opening or closing of the Alarm window with an event.

You work with alarms in the same way as you work with any other event. You may not want to display a dialog when an alarm is triggered and you can associate to it any other available action.

Alarms Editor	238
Remote alarms acknowledge	241
Alarm state machine	242
Setting events	242
Active Alarms widget	245
Alarms History widget	250
Additional Alarms widgets	250
Managing alarms at runtime	251
Enable/disable alarms at runtime	252
Displaying live alarm data	252
Exporting alarm buffers to .csv files	254
Exporting alarm configuration	254

# **Alarms Editor**

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

ProjectView 📮 🗙	1:Page1 Alar	ms 🗙						
<b>+</b> − <u>4</u> ∧ ∨	+ - 🎽 🕲	© >] [	> P- Search			Filter by: Name	▼ Alarms u	sed: 3/2000 🔅
<ul> <li>NewAlarmsEditor</li> <li>Project properties</li> <li>Project properties</li> <li>Configuration</li> <li>Protocols</li> <li>Tags</li> <li>Trends</li> <li>Reports</li> <li>Alarms</li> <li>Events Buffer</li> <li>Scheduler</li> <li>MultiLanguage</li> <li>Screen Saver</li> <li>Database Links</li> <li>Data transfers</li> <li>Geope</li> <li>Security</li> <li>Recipe</li> <li>Dictionaries</li> <li>Meryadas</li> </ul>	Name Groups Alarm1 Alarm2 Alarm3	Enable	Adk Trigger	0 Tag1 Loa 1 Tag1 Ste	dPage	Description Laad alarm page Increase alarm counter	Property Name Groups Enable Adk Reset Buffer Trigger Tag Remote Enable Remote Enable Remote Enable Remote Enable Remote Enable Remote Enable Severity UserAction UserAction Description Color Adc Blink Severity Events Custom Field 1 Custom Field 2	Value Alarm 1 true true false AlarmBuffer 1 bitMaskAlarm:0 Tag 1 none none none none LoadPage Load alarm page  false 1-low 76,76,1,1

## Adding an alarm

Click + to add an alarm.

Parameter	Description
Name	Name of alarm
Groups	Groups associated with the alarm. They can be used in widgets display filters.
Enable	Enable/disable triggering of alarm.
	Alarms can be enabled or disabled at runtime as well (see "Enable/disable alarms at runtime" on page 252 for details).
Ack	Enable/disable acknowledgment of alarm, if selected the operator must acknowledge the alarm once triggered to remove it from the <b>Active Alarm</b> widget.
Reset	Used with the <b>Ack</b> option, if selected, acknowledged alarms stay in the alarm list, labeled as <b>Not Triggered Acked</b> , until the operator presses the <b>Reset</b> button in the alarm widget.
Buffer	Buffer file where the alarm history will be saved.
Trigger	Triggering condition depending on alarm type:
	• <b>limitAlarm</b> : alarm triggered when tag value exceeds its limits. The alarm is not triggered if the value reaches the limits.
	• valueAlarm alarm is triggered when tag value is equal to the configured value
	• <b>bitMaskAlarm</b> : the bitwise AND operator compares each bit of the bitmask with the tag

Parameter	Description
	value corresponding to that Alarm. If both bits are on, the alarm is set to true. You can specify one or more bit positions (starting from 0) inside the tag. The Bit position must be given in decimal format; if more bits are specified, each position must be separated by a ",".
	<ul> <li>deviationAlarm: alarm triggered if the percentage of deviation of the tag value from the set point exceeds a set deviation.</li> </ul>
	$ Value_{now} - SetPoint  > \left(\frac{deviation}{100} \times SetPoint\right)$
	• protAlarm: BACN : alarm is triggered from the remote BACnet device.
	This trigger mode is available only when the protocols configuration contains a BACnet device. Refer to the BACnet manual inside the "Communication Drivers" folder for a detailed description of BACnet alarm events.
Тад	Tag whose value will trigger the alarm when it exceeds the set limits.
	The alarm can refer to the value of this tag, or to the state of a bit if <b>bitMaskAlarm</b> has been selected as trigger.
Remote Enable	<ul> <li>Tag used by the PLC to enable/disable the alarm.</li> <li>Changing the enable status from the Alarms Widget will change the tag value</li> <li>When the tag cannot be read (e.g. communication error) the alarm is disabled</li> <li>No tags related to the alarm are refreshed when alarm is disabled.</li> <li>Tip: It could be useful to enable the logging of the alarm's enable flag</li> <li>Event Types <ul> <li>(og event to buffer</li> <li>(log event to buffer</li> <li>(log event to buffer</li> <li>(when entering the triggered status</li> <li>() When the alarm is dasabled</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Remote Ack	Tag used by the PLC to acknowledge the alarm. A transition of this tag from 0 to a non zero value is considered an acknowledgment request.
	Leave empty if remote acknowledgment is not required.
	See "Remote alarms acknowledge" on page 241 for details.
Ack Notify	Tag used by the HMI device to notify when the alarm is acknowledged from the device or from

the PLC.         0 = set to this value when alarm is triggered         1 = set to this value when alarm is acknowledged.         Touch Ack Notify         Tag used by the HMI device to notify when the alarm is acknowledged from the device         0 = set to this value when alarm is triggered         1 = set to this value when alarm is triggered.         1 = set to this value when alarm is acknowledged.         Action         Actions executed when the alarm is triggered. Additional conditions can be specified in th         Events column. See "Setting events" on page 242 for details.         The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. xA4Web).         • loadPage         • prevPage         • nextPage         • showMessage         • stlanguage         • setLanguage         • jsAction	
1 = set to this value when alarm is acknowledged.         Touch Ack Notify       Tag used by the HMI device to notify when the alarm is acknowledged from the device         0 = set to this value when alarm is triggered         1 = set to this value when alarm is acknowledged.         Action         Actions executed when the alarm is triggered. Additional conditions can be specified in the Events column. See "Setting events" on page 242 for details.         The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. xA4Web).         • loadPage         • prevPage         • nextPage         • showDialog         • showMessage         • setLanguage	
Touch Ack Notify       Tag used by the HMI device to notify when the alarm is acknowledged from the device         0 = set to this value when alarm is triggered       1 = set to this value when alarm is acknowledged.         Action       Actions executed when the alarm is triggered. Additional conditions can be specified in the Events column. See "Setting events" on page 242 for details.         The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. xA4Web).         • loadPage         • prevPage         • showDialog         • showMessage         • setLanguage	
0 = set to this value when alarm is triggered         1 = set to this value when alarm is acknowledged.         Action       Actions executed when the alarm is triggered. Additional conditions can be specified in th Events column. See "Setting events" on page 242 for details.         The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. xA4Web).         • loadPage         • prevPage         • nextPage         • showDialog         • showMessage         • setLanguage	
1 = set to this value when alarm is acknowledged.         Action       Actions executed when the alarm is triggered. Additional conditions can be specified in the Events column. See "Setting events" on page 242 for details.         The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. xA4Web).         Image       Image         Image       Image	
Action       Actions executed when the alarm is triggered. Additional conditions can be specified in the         Events column. See "Setting events" on page 242 for details.         The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. xA4Web).         IoadPage         prevPage         showDialog         showMessage         setLanguage	
<ul> <li>Events column. See "Setting events" on page 242 for details.</li> <li>The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. xA4Web).</li> <li>loadPage</li> <li>prevPage</li> <li>nextPage</li> <li>showDialog</li> <li>showMessage</li> <li>setLanguage</li> </ul>	
below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. xA4Web).  I loadPage  prevPage  nextPage  showDialog  showMessage  setLanguage	f the
<ul> <li>prevPage</li> <li>nextPage</li> <li>showDialog</li> <li>showMessage</li> <li>setLanguage</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>nextPage</li> <li>showDialog</li> <li>showMessage</li> <li>setLanguage</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>showDialog</li> <li>showMessage</li> <li>setLanguage</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>showMessage</li><li>setLanguage</li></ul>	
• setLanguage	
User Action Actions executed when user press the action button in the active alarm widget.	
See ""Active Alarms widget" on page 245 for details.	
DescriptionAlarm description. This text supports the multiple language features and can be a combin of static and dynamic parts, where the dynamic portion includes one or more tag values.	ation
See "Displaying live alarm data" on page 252 for details.	
Custom Field #It is an additional alarm description that can be used to show additional information inside alarms widgets. For example, could be an index to use to show a picture related with the a	
Color         Foreground and background colors of alarm rows based on the status of alarm.	
AckBlinkBlinking for triggered alarms. If selected the alarm rows blinks until acknowledged. Only effective if Ack is selected.	
Severity Severity of the alarm. If multiple alarms are triggered simultaneously, actions will be exect based on severity settings.	uted
0 = not important	
1 = low	
2 = below normal	
3 = normal	
4 = above normal	

Parameter	Description
	5 = high
	6 = critical
Events	Conditions in which the alarms are notified, logged or printed.
	See "Setting events" on the next page for details.

#### **Backup alarms events**

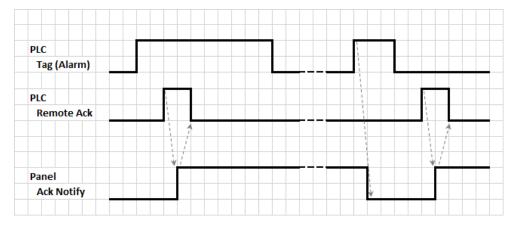
From the "Events Buffer" on page 259 you can configure the size of the alarms buffer and activate the backup of the alarms events when the buffer is full.

## Remote alarms acknowledge

When the **Remote Ack** parameter is set, an alarm can be acknowledged from a PLC device setting a tag value to a nonzero value. The acknowledged status is notified to the PLC device by the **Ack Notify** flag.

#### Alarms acknowledgement process

**Remote Ack** tag is set/reset by the PLC to request the acknowledge, and **Ack Notify** is set/reset by HMI device to notify the execution of the acknowledge.



- 1. When an alarm condition is detected the HMI device set Ack Notify to 0 and all related actions are executed.
- 2. When the alarm is acknowledged (by HMI device or remotely), Ack Notify is set to 1
- 3. It's up to the controller to set **Remote Ack** to 1 to acknowledge the alarm or reset it to 0 when the HMI device send a notification that the alarm has been acknowledged (**Ack Notify** = 1)



WARNING: When an alarm is triggered, some signals need to be update/communicated through the connected devices. We assume the Acknowledge to be a signal pushed from an operator and not released automatically from a controller device. This allows for time required to communicated the original signals.

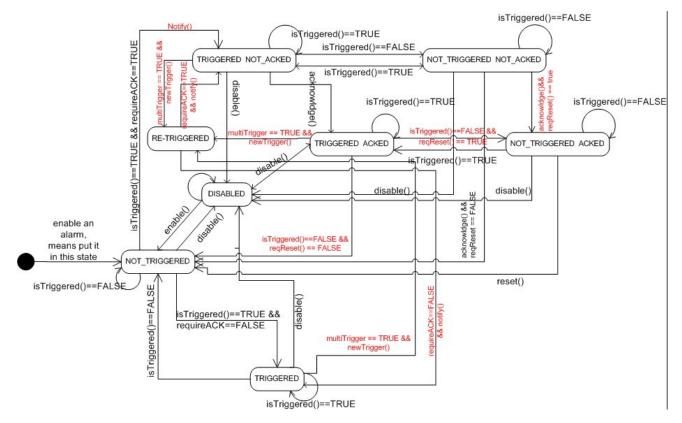


Tip: Using the same tag both for **Remote Ack** and **Ack Notify** can connect more devices to the same controller and acknowledge the alarms from any HMI device.

# Alarm state machine

The runtime implements the alarm state machine described in this diagram.

States and transitions between states are described according to the selected options and desired behavior.



# **Setting events**

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property

Events are defined using the Alarms Editor.

See "Alarms Editor" on page 238 for details.

#### **Notifying events**

Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property > Notify tab

Set conditions under which the alarms will be posted in the alarm widget.

Event	Туре	s					?	×
Noti	ify ev	ents to A	larm widget	:				
Not	ify	Log	Actions	Print				
	When	enterin	g the trigger	ed status	3			
	When	enterin	g the not-tri	ggered st	atus			
$\checkmark$	Both	when en	tering the tr	iggered a	nd not	-triggered status		
$\checkmark$	When	the alar	m is acknow	ledged				
$\checkmark$	When	the alar	m is reset					
	When	the alar	m is disable	d				
	When	the alar	m is enabled	ł				
	se sou	irce time	stamp					
						OK	Car	icel

Here you define the behavior of the default alarm widget available in the Widget gallery and decide in which cases the widget is updated by a change in an alarm status.



CAUTION: Make only the adjustments required by the specific application while leaving all other settings as default.

#### Logging events

Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property > Log tab

Set conditions for which you want to store the specific event in an alarm history buffer.

ent Type	5					?	×
Log event	t to buff	er					
Notify	Log	Actions	Print				
When	enterin	g the trigger	ed status				
When	enterin	g the not-tri	ggered statu	s			
Both v	when en	tering the tr	iggered and	not-trigge	ed status		
✓ When	the alar	m is acknow	ledged				
When	the alar	m is reset					
When	the alar	m is disable	d				
When	the alar	m is enabled	đ				

The alarm history is logged in the Event Buffer.

## **Executing actions**

Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property > Actions tab

Set conditions under which the action(s), configured for the specific alarm, must be executed.

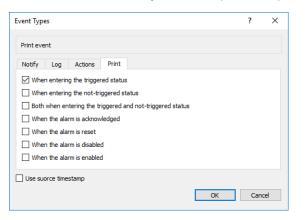
Irigger a	ctions on	event						
Notify	Log	Actions	Print					
🖂 When	n enterin	g the trigger	ed statu	s				
When	n enterin	g the not-tri	ggered s	tatus				
Both	when en	tering the tr	iggered i	and not-t	riggered s	tatus		
When	n the ala	m is acknow	ledged					
When	n the ala	m is reset						
When	n the ala	m is disable	đ					
When	n the alar	m is enabled	ł					

By default, actions are executed only when the alarm is triggered; other alarm states can also be set to execute actions.

## **Print events**

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > Alarms > Events property > Print tab

Set conditions for which you want to print the specific event



## Setting storage device

Path: ProjectView> Config > Events Buffer> Storage Device tab

- 1. Open the Storage Device dialog.
- 2. Select a device for event data storage.

ProjectView 🛛 🗘 🗙	Ev	ents Buffer 🗙				
+ - 4 ^ ~	+ -	~ ~				
✓ ■ Project1	ld	Name	Enable	Size	Туре	Storage Device
Project properties	<u>▶</u> 1	AlarmBuffer1	True	1000	Alarms	Local
> 🦳 Pages	2	AuditTrail	True	1000	Audit	Local
<ul> <li>Configuration</li> <li>Protocols</li> </ul>		Storage D	)evice			×
> 🖹 Tags		Storage Dev	/ice			
Trends				⊖ sd	O Preferr	
Reports		Local	O OSB		Pretern	ea
Alarms			<b></b>			
📌 Events Buffer				d d	1999	
Scheduler		Path:				
MultiLanguage						
Screen Saver		Backup Arch	iive			
Latabase Links				()		
Data transfers		Save a (	copy when full	(.csv)		
> Go Interfaces		Local	🔘 USB	🔘 SD	O Preferr	ed
> 🔒 Security			20			
Recipe		1000		Ð		
> Dictionaries		Path:				
> 🦳 Keypads		Data/%n/%	%y%M%d/%h	%m%s	ŕ	$\geq$
		Time Spec		Local	$\sim$ (	
		Date Forma	t		$\sim$ (	5
		Seperate Da	ate and Time	False	$\sim$ (	$\overline{\mathbf{a}}$
		Cleanup aft	er backup	False	$\sim$ (	$\overline{\mathbf{a}}$
		Language			$\sim$ (	$\overline{\mathbf{a}}$
		Signed		True	$\sim$ (	5
Ready	]			ОК	Cancel	

Data is automatically saved every five minutes except for alarm data which is saved immediately.

#### Use source timestamp

Events are stores with the timestamp of when the HMI device detect the event. When "Use source timestamp" is selected, the events are stored with the timestamp received from the remote device.



Available only for device's protocols that support this feature (OPC UA Client and BACnet)

## **Active Alarms widget**

You can insert the **Active Alarms** widget in a page to display the alarms and to acknowledge, reset or enable/disable them.

				Ad	tive Alarms					
Select	Name	State		Value	Time		Descri	tion	Severity	Enable
•										•
	Check/Uncheck Al	Fi	lter : ⊦	Hide Not Triggered		~	Ack	Re	set	Save

#### **Alarm filters**

#### Path: ActiveAlarm widget> Properties pane> Filter

Define filters used to display only some of the configured alarms. Filters are based on alarm fields, which means you can filter alarms according to name, severity, description and so on.

Filter 1 is the default filter. It's managed by the combo box **Filter 1**, and has two options: **Show all alarms** and **Hide Not Triggered** which, when selected, allows to display only active alarms.

Filter 2 is, by default, not configured and available for customization.

Filter's expressions make use of AWK language, the expressions are applied to the data contained in the selected **Filter** column of the Alarm widget.

-	Alarms List	
	Columns	
	Sorting	false
	Sort Column	Severity
+	Text	
-	Filter	
	Filter Colum	State
-	Filter 1	Hide Not Triggered
	DataLink	itemData:Combo2
	Filter Colum	Select
	Filter 2	

## **Setting filters**

#### Path: ActiveAlarm widget> Properties pane> Filter

To set one of the two available filters:

- 1. Select Filter Column 1 and choose the value to filter for (e.g.: Name, State, Time, Groups)
- 2. In DataLink attach a combo box widget. Use Shift+ left-click to select the combo box.
- 3. In the **Properties** pane select list property and open dialog to customize combo box values
- 4. In the combo box configuration dialog, specify String List and the regular expression to filter values.

See <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regular\_expression</u> for additional details regarding regular expressions.

#### Filters first example

You want to show all alarms matching Filter 1 with value equal to 10. Then properties settings: Filter column 2 = Value, Filter 2 = 10

Active Alarms		•		perties	
State	Value		0.	Alarms List	
				Columns	
				Sorting	false
				Sort Order	Descending
				Sort Column	Severity
			+	Text	
				Filter	
				Filter Column 1	State
				Filter 1	^((Not Triggered Acked I
1				DataLink	itemData:Combo2
		<u> </u>		Filter Column 2	Value
h Nat Trianand -	Ack Rese	Save		Filter 2	10
le Not Triggered 🛛 🔻	ACK Nese	Jave	÷	Header	
-		_	m.	Contont	

#### Filters second example

You want to show all alarms matching a Severity value from 3 to 6 (Normal to Critical). Then properties settings: **Filter** column 2 = Severity, **Filter 2** = [3-6]

Active Alarms		-		perties	
State	Value			Alarms List	
State	Value	l		Columns	
				Sorting	false
				Sort Order	Descending
				Sort Column	Severity
			÷	Text	
				Filter	
		T I		Filter Colum	State
				Filter 1	^((Not Triggered Acked
				DataLink	itemData:Combo2
				Filter Colum	Severity
1			1	Filter 2	[3-6]
		•	÷	Header	
			÷	Content	
e Not Triggered 🛛 👻	Ack Rese	t Save	Ŧ	Configure	

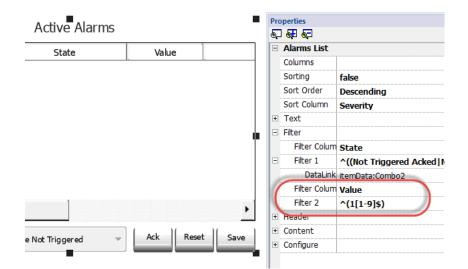
#### Filters third example

You want to show all alarms matching a value from 11 to 19. Then properties settings: **Filter column 2** = Severity, **Filter 2** =  $^{(1[1-9])}$ 

Meaning:

- ^ = match must starts from the beginning of the string
- 1[1-9] = first char must be 1 and the second char must be between 1 and 9

\$ = end of the comparison.



#### Filters expression examples

🗌 🎭 Multilangua	age Lang1	→ <b>B</b> <i>I</i>	U Roboto V
+ -[ >] [	Continuous I		[] <sup>™</sup> ]Data list
	Index	String List	Data List
0	0	10 < Value < 20	^(1[0-9]\$)
1	1	20 <= Value <100	^([2-9].\$)
2	2	100 < Value < 200	^(1[0-9][0-9]\$)
3	3	Value 2?/3?/4?/5?	^([2-9].*\$)
4	4	Value >= 100	^([1-9][0-9][0-9].*\$)
			OK Cancel

Filter by	String list	Data list
State	Hide Not Triggered	^((Not Triggered Acked Not Triggered Not Acked Triggered).*\$)
Value	10 < Value < 20	^(1[0-9]\$)
Value	20 <= Value <100	^([2-9].\$)
Value	100 < Value < 200	^(1[0-9][0-9]\$)
Value	Value 2?/3?/4?/5?	^([2-9].*\$)
Value	Value >= 100	^([1-9][0-9][0-9].*\$)
Value	Value >= 20	^([2-9].*\$ [1-9][0-9][0-9].*\$)

## Sorting alarms

#### Path: ActiveAlarm widget> Properties pane> Sorting

The sorting function allows you to sort alarms at runtime in the alarms widget by clicking on the column header.



Note: The severity value displayed here is set in the Alarm Editor.

### Action

When the "User Action" associate with the alarm (see ""Alarms Editor" on page 238 for details) contains valid actions, the Action icon is showed. Pressing the icon, the configured actions will be executed.

Action	Name	State	Time
4	Alarm1	Not Triggered	03/08/2016 11:07:43 AM
4	Alarm2	Triggered	03/08/2016 11:07:55 AM
	Alarm3	Not Triggered	03/08/2016 11:07:43 AM

Active Alarms



WARNING: If you are using an older converted project, you have to substitute the old Active Alarms Widget with the new one from the Widgets gallery



Note: The image can be modified from the Colums property of the Active Alarms widget

able Column Editor			-	Alarms List :	ActiveAlarms
				Columns	+
olumns 🕂 — 🔨	<b>~</b>			Sorting	false
Action	🗆 Col 0 Info			Sort Order	Descending
Select	Header	Action		Sort Column	Severity
Enable Name	Value	alUserAction +	• •	Text	
Groups	Width	100		Filter	
State	Туре	Image	+	Header	
Value	Visible	tue	+	Content	
Time Description	Image path	images\action.png	+	Configure	
Severity			+	General	
			. +	Position	

#### **Enable/Disable Alarms**

At runtime the Alarms Widget can be used to enable or disable the alarms.

Saves changes made in the **Enable** column in the alarm widget. This action is used with the **Save** button in the alarm widget.

Time	Enable	1
04-01-2012 12:05:00		
04-01-2012 12:05:00		
04-01-2012 12:05:00		
		1
	•	
Ack Reset	Save	
Ack Reset	Save	

# **Alarms History widget**

Logs and display an alarm list if **Buffer** property in Alarms Configuration Editor is set.

		Alarms	6 History		
From : To :	09/24/13 - 16:04:49 09/24/13 - 16:04:49	Durat	ion: 1 Min		Refresh
Name	State	Value	Time	Description	Event Type
					<b>~</b>
Backw	vard				Forward

## Attaching widget to buffer

Path: AlarmHistory widget> Properties pane> Buffer > EventBuffer

In Properties pane > Event select the Event Buffer from which the alarm list is retrieved

# **Additional Alarms widgets**

In addition to the two main "Active Alarms" and the "Alarms History" widgets, the Gallery contains some other alarms widgets with a slightly different look but basically similarly at the two main widgets. You are free to choose and use the widget that has the look that better meet your requirements.

0

Note that some widgets are available even inside the print report gallery.

Some widgets are based on the new table structure. For these widgets, in addition to the exposed properties, you can select the internal table and use the table capabilities to modify the widget as for your needs and taste (see "Table widget" on page 466 for additional details).

### Printing the historical alarms list

The print gallery contains historical alarms widgets, based on table structure, that can be used to generate an alarms report. The table can be drawn and enlarged to fill the entire page. If the number of lines to printed is greater of one page, the alarms table will be printed using additional pages.

Timestamp	Name	State	Value	Description	ר ו
Label	Label	Label	Label	Label	
			) 🔽	A A	
				<i>//</i>	

Using the "attach to tag" feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the historical alarms list to print at runtime:

- Page Duration
- End Time

"Page Duration" with "End Time" define the piece of the alarm buffer to print.

Pr	operties		a x		1:Page1 Tags	×
6	) 🛍 🛍			F		🗈 📖 >] [> 🖧 Variables:prot1
Ξ	AlarmsHistoryRepor	t : AlarmsHistoryReport			Name	Address
	EventBuffer	AlarmBuffer1			Duration	Duration int
Ξ	Page Duration	1 hour	+		EndTime	EndTime time
Ξ	DataLink	Duration	-			
	Access Type	R				
=	End Time	0	+			
Ξ	DataLink	EndTime	-			
	Access Type	R				
	Time Spec	local				
	Date Format	MM/DD/YY - hh:mm:ss	5			
+	Filter					

# Managing alarms at runtime

When an alarm is triggered it is displayed in the Active Alarms widget where you can acknowledge and reset it. You can filter the alarms displayed using several filters, for example you can hide not triggered alarms or show all alarms.

See "Active Alarms widget" on page 245 for details.



IMPORTANT: The Active Alarms widget is not displayed automatically. You must add a dedicated action that will open the page containing the alarm widget when the alarm is triggered.

# Enable/disable alarms at runtime

You can enable or disable the alarms at runtime.

To enable an alarm select the Enable option in the alarm widget.

Disabled alarms are not triggered and therefore not displayed at runtime.

Select	Id	Source Value	State	Date	Time	Enable	*
	Alarm1	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31		
	Alarm2	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31		
	Alarm3	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31		
	Alarm4	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31		=
	Alarm5	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31		
	Alarm6	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:31		
	Alarm7	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:32		
	Alarm8	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:32		
	Alarm9	23	Not Triggered Not Acked	25-01-2011	16:59:32		



Note: Alarms can be configured to be enable/disable even from the PLC. See Alarm Configuration Editor for details.

# **Displaying live alarm data**

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

Both in the Active Alarms widget and in the Alarms History widget it is possible to set the description of the alarm, or of the custom fields, to display the data of the live tags.

ld	Name	Enable	Ack	Reset	Tag	Buffer	Trigger	Action	Description
1	Alarm1	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Tag1	AlarmBuffer1	bitMaskAlarm:	ShowDialog	Alarm 1 Tag Value is [Tag1]
2	Alam2	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	✓	Tag1	AlarmBuffer1	bitMaskAlarm:1	ShowDialog	Alarm 2 Tag Value is [Tag2]
3	Alam3	✓	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Tag1	AlamBuffer1	bitMaskAlarm:1	ShowDialog	Alarm 3 Tag Value is [Tag3]

To show the tag value, set a placeholder in **Description** entering the tag name in square brackets, for example "[Tag1]". At runtime, in **Description** column of Active Alarms widget the current value of the tag will be displayed.

#### Live Tags Placeholders

#### Tags

[TagName]

The tag value is read and continuously updated



Use '\' before '[]' if you want to show the '[]' in the description string, for example: \[*Tag*\[1\]\] will display the string "[*Tag*[1]]".

Use '\', even when the tag label contains square brackets. For example, to display the live tag value of tag "TAG]3" or "TAG[3]" use:

- TAG\]3 = **[**TAG\]3]
- TAG\[3\] = [TAG\[3\]]

Array Tags

To reference the entire array (all elements will be shown):

- [TagName] All array elements will be displayed using a comma separate list.
- [TagName[-1]] All array elements will be displayed using a comma separate list.

To reference an element of the array:

- [TagName.Index] Example: [MyARRAY.5] will display the sixth element of the MyARRAY
- [TagName[TagIndex]] Example: [MyARRAY[TagIndex]] will display the sixth element of the MyARRAY when TagIndex is 5

#### **Data Formats**

Placeholder characters can be used to control how to display the tag value (see "Custom Formats" on page 32)

• [TagName|format("###")]

#### Example:

Live: [fCounter|format("#.00")] - Triggered: [!fCounter|format("#.00")]



Note that by default, all tags are displayed as an integer. If you want to display a float number, you have to specify how to show the number adding the decimal digits.

#### To freeze a live tag value

Live tags are read and continuously updated. If you want to freeze the tag value at the instant the alarm is triggered, use the exclamation point as tag name prefix:

- [TagName]
  - When alarm is triggered, tag value is read and continuously updated
- [!TagName]

When alarm is triggered, tag value is read and frozen

#### Example of Alarm widget

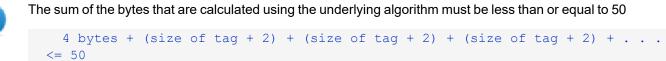
Select	Name	State	Value	Time			
	Alarm1	Triggered Not Acked	1	30/09/2019 12:56:19	Live Counter: 44		
	Alarm2	Triggered Not Acked	1	30/09/2019 12:56:21	Triggered Counter: 11		
	Alarm3	Triggered Not Acked	1	30/09/2019 12:56:24	Live: 44 - Triggered: 14		
	Alarm4	Triggered	1	30/09/2019 12:56:35	Live: 0 - Triggered: 0		
	Alarm5 Triggered		1	30/09/2019 12:56:17	Live: 0.44 - Triggered: 0.07		
		·		·	•		
Filter :	: Hide Not Trigge		Chec	k/Uncheck All	ck ) Reset ) Save		



In History Alarms widget or in .csv file, live tag values are the values taken when the alarm's status change (for both types of placeholders)

#### Length limit of the Description field

Number of live tags that can be used inside each alarm's description depends on size of used tags. xAscender Studio will check and show a warning message when too many tags are used.



Example:

Alarm Description: Tag1=[TagInt], Tag2=[TagBool], Tag3=[TagStr8]

Fixed	4	
Tag1	6	4 (sizeof-INT) +2
Tag2	3	1 (sizeof-BOOL) +2
Tag3	10	8 (sizeof-STR8) +2
Total:	23	

When arrays are used, e.g. Tag1 as an array of 8 integer:

• [Tag1] or [Tag1[-1]]

The entire array is shown and the number of the necessary bytes is calculated as  $4(size-INT) \times 8(array elements) + 2 = 34$  Byte

[Tag1[Index]]

An element of the array is shown and the number of the necessary bytes is calculated as  $4(size-INT) \times 1(array elements) + 2 = 6$  Byte. In this case, if at runtime the Index assumes the value -1 some values could be lost

## Exporting alarm buffers to .csv files

To export an event buffer containing an history alarms list, use the **DumpEventArchive** action.

See "System actions" on page 198 for details.



Note: Tag values displayed in the alarms description are also included in the buffer. Tags are sampled when the alarm is triggered and that value is logged and included in the description.

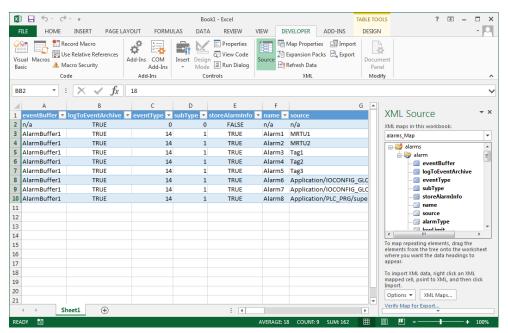
# **Exporting alarm configuration**

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

+ -	2 0	Ø 🔰	[> 🔎 Se	earch		<b>Tilter by:</b> Name	•
Name	Groups	Enable	SACK	Trioger	Tag		Description
Alarm 1		$\checkmark$	Export	Alarm	MRTU1		Load alarm page
Alarm2		$\checkmark$		deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0	MRTU2		Increase alarm of
- Alarm3		$\leq$	$\checkmark$	limitAlarm: 10-100	Tag1		
Alarm4		$\checkmark$		valueAlarm:30	Tag2		
Alarm5				valueAlarm:@Tag4	Tag3		
- Alarm6		$\checkmark$		bitMaskAlarm:0	Application/IOCONFIG_GL0	DBALS_MAPPING/IN0	
Alarm7		$\checkmark$		bitMaskAlarm:0	Application/IOCONFIG_GL0	DBALS_MAPPING/IN1	
Alarm8		$\checkmark$		deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0	Application/PLC_PRG/super	rcar	

Click the Export Alarms button: the alarms configuration table is exported into an .xml file.

You can edit the resulting .xml file using third part tools (for example, Microsoft Excel) .



Warning: the bitMask values are reported as 2^BitPosition in Hexadecimal format.

1	J	K	L		М	N	0	Р
alarmType 🛛 🗖	lowLimit 💌	highLimit 💌	value 💌	bitMa	sk 💌	deviation 💌	setPoint 💌	enableTag 💌
n/a	0	1000	0		1	50	20	n/a
bitMaskAlarm					1			
bitMaskAlarm					2			
bitMaskAlarm					4			
bitMaskAlarm					8			
bitMaskAlarm					10			
bitMaskAlarm					20			
bitMaskAlarm					40			
bitMaskAlarm					80			
bitMaskAlarm					100			
bitMaskAlarm					200			
bitMaskAlarm					400			
bitMaskAlarm					800			
bitMaskAlarm					1000			
bitMaskAlarm					2000			

## Importing alarm configuration

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

• -	20		[> (P+ s	earch	Tilter by: Name	e 🔻
ame	Groups	Enable	Ack	Trigger Tag		Description
- Alarm 1			mport Alarm	bitMaskAlarm:0 MRTU1		Load alarm pag
- Alarm2		$\checkmark$		deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0 MRTU2		Increase alarm
Alarm3		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	limitAlarm: 10-100 Tag1		
Alarm4 Alarm5				Import Alarms		<b>x</b>
Alarm6				Protocol Node	Select	
Alarm7						
Alarm8		$\leq$		Modbus TCP:prot1		
				Alarm 1, MRTU 1, bitMaskAlarm		
				Alarm2,MRTU2,deviationAlarm		
				Alarm6,MRTU5,valueAlarm  Variables:prot2		
				Alarm4,Tag4,valueAlarm		
				Alarm5,Tag3,valueAlarm		
				Alarm9,Tag3,valueAlarm		
				Alarm3, Tag5, valueAlarm		
				Imported alarm file:		
				ExportedAlarms.xml		
				Keep synchronized		
				Replace project alarms with importe	d alarms	
					ОК Са	ancel

- 1. Click the **Import Alarms** button and select the .xml file from which to import the alarms configuration: the **Import Alarms** dialog is displayed.
- 2. Select the group of alarms to import and click **OK** to confirm.

Differences are highlighted in the Import Alarms dialog using different colors

Color	Description
Black	This is a new alarm and it will be imported
Red	This alarm has not been found and will be removed (only if check "Replace project alarms with imported alarms" is checked)
Blue	This alarm has been modified and will be updated.
Gray	This alarm is already part of the project and will be skipped.

## Automatic synchronization

Select the **Keep synchronized** option in the **Import Alarms** dialog to enable the automatic synchronization of the alarm configuration file.

Whenever changes occur in the alarms configuration, the file will be automatically updated in silent mode.



Tip: Enable this function when the alarm file is managed by a different tool (for example, PLC programming software) as well as by xAscender Studio.

# **19 Events Buffer**

The "Events Buffer" page gives you the possibility to configure the current events buffers (used for store alarms or audit trail information) or add additional events buffers.

ProjectView <b>4</b> × Alarms	AuditTrail Events B	uffer* 🗙			
+ - 4 ^ ~ + - ^	×				
V Project1	Name Enable		Туре	Storage [	Device
Project properties	AlamBuffer1 True	1000	Alams	Local	
> Pages	AuditTrail True	1000	Audit	Local	
Configuration	Event1 True	1000	Generic	Local	
Protocols					
> 🛅 Tags V 🌌 Trends	Storage Device		×		
Trends					
Reports	Storage Device				
Alarms	O Local O USE	SD OPr	referred		
📌 Events Buffer					
Scheduler		- SD 🛒	2		
두 MultiLanguage					
Screen Saver	Path: Storage Card				
🔍 Database Links					
Data transfers	Backup Archive				
> A Security	Save a copy when fu	l (.csv)			
Precipe	O Local O USB	SD OP	referred		
Dictionaries			referred		
> 🦳 Keypads	See 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	- 😞 🟦	2		
	Path:				
	Storage Card/%n/%y%	M%d/%h%m%s			
	Time Spec	Local	- 10		
	Date Format		- 10		
	Seperate Date and Time	False	- 10		
	Cleanup after backup	False	- 1		
	Language		- 10		
	Signed	True	- 1		
		OK Ca	ancel		

Parameter	Description
ld	Buffer identification number
Name	Buffer name
Enable	Enable/disable logging
Size	Number of events stored in the buffer (FIFO). Data is automatically saved to disk every 5 minutes.

Parameter	Description						
Туре	ype of events logged:						
	<ul> <li>Alarms</li> <li>Audit</li> <li>Generic</li> </ul>						
Storage Device	Device where the data will be stored						

Backup Archive

If **Save a copy when full** option is enabled, the HMI device will save a copy when the events buffer is full before it is overwritten by newer data.

Parameter	Description
Path	Where events buffer data will be copied.
	The below wild cards are supported
	<ul> <li>%n = Events buffer name</li> </ul>
	• %y = Year
	• %M = Month
	• %d = Day
	• %h = Hour
	• %m = Minutes
	%s = Seconds
Time Spec	Timestamp of events
	<ul> <li>Local Use the time of the HMI device where the project is running</li> </ul>
	Global     Use global time (GMT)
Date Format	Time and Date format. Placeholders can be used (see "Time and Date placeholders" on page 446)
Separate Date and Time	When "true", the date and the time are placed into two different fields
Cleanup after backup	When "true", the event buffer is clean up after completing the backup. When "false", the older events are removed when new events are incoming (circular buffer)
Language	Language to use
Signed	When "true", the additional file with the signature is added (see "Signed CSV files" on page 335)

# 20 Recipes

Recipes are collections of tag values organized in sets that satisfy specific application requirements.

For example, if you have to control room variables (temperature and humidity) in the morning, afternoon and evening. You will create three sets (morning, afternoon and evening) in which you will set the proper tag values.

Each element of the recipe is associated to a tag and can be indexed into sets for a more effective use. This feature allows you to extend the capabilities of controllers that have limited memory.

You can add controller data to a page using a recipe widget. Recipe data contains all the controller data items; however data is no longer read directly from the controller but rather from the associated recipe element in the HMI device.

Recipe data is configured in xAscender Studio workspace; the user can specify default values for each element of the data records. In xAscender HMI Runtime, data can be edited and saved to a new data file, any change to recipe data is therefore stored to disk. With the use of a separate data file xAscender HMI Runtime ensures that modified recipe values are retained throughout different project updates. In other words, a subsequent project update does not influence the recipe data modified by the user in the xAscender HMI Runtime.

See "Recipe actions" on page 193 for details on how to reset recipe data.



Note: Recipe data can be stored on a Flash memory, on a USB drive or on a SD card.

Managing recipes	
Configuring a recipe widget	
Recipe status	
Uploading/downloading a recipe	
Backup and restore recipes data	

# Managing recipes

## Creating a recipe

To create a recipe for your project:

1. In **ProjectView** right-click **Recipes** and select **Insert Recipe**: an empty recipe is added. You create and configure recipes using the Recipe Editor.



## **Recipe editor**

Path: ProjectView> Recipes > double-click RecipeName

	+ - ^ V 🖹 < >											
	index	Element Name	Tag	Fill Tank 1	Fill Tank 3	Fill Tank 5	Fill Tank 7	Fill Tank 1	Empty Tar	Empty Tar	Empty Tank 75_	Em
Þ	0	Home Valve	Recipe_HomeVa	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1	Truck Valve	Recipe_TruckVa	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
	2	Fill Flow Meter	Recipe_FillFlow!	15	35	50	75	100	75	50	25	15
	3	Empty Flow Met	Recipe_EmptyFl	0	0	0	0	0	25	50	75	85
	4	Chemical1	Recipe_Chemica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5	Chemical2	Recipe Chemica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## **Configuring recipe properties**

In the **Properties** pane of each recipe you set the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Recipe Name	Name of the recipe
Number of sets	Number of values sets for each recipe element. Each set has a different configurable name.

#### Properties

riopenties	
97 97 97	
Recipe : _Recipe	Mgr
Recipe Name	Recipe1
<ul> <li>Number of sets</li> </ul>	10
Set 0	Fill Tank 15_
Set 1	Fill Tank 35_
Set 2	Fill Tank 50_
Set 3	Fill Tank 75_
Set 4	Fill Tank 100_
Set 5	Empty Tank 25_
Set 6	Empty Tank 50_
Set 7	Empty Tank 75_
Set 8	Empty Tank 90_
Set 9	Empty Tank 100_

#### Setting up a recipe

- 1. Click + to add an element of the recipe.
- 2. Link the tags to each recipe element.

## **Defining recipe fields**

Create a recipe field in the page using a numeric widget and attaching it to a recipe item after selecting Recipe as the Source.

Source: 🔘 Tag 🔘 Alias 🔘 System 🔘 Widget 💿 Recipe
₽- Search
curRecipeSetList
- curRecipeSet
- curRecipe
- recipeList
CurrentRecipe
▷ #0 (Recipe 0)
#1 (Recipe 1)
▷ #2 (Recipe 2)
▲ #3 (Recipe 3)
Name
Status
CurrentSelectedSet
LastDownloadedSet
▷ #0 (r3-Set0)
▷ #1 (r3-Set1)
▲ #2 (r3-Set2)
Value
✓ alue ✓ 4 #0 (Element1)
Name
ville
#2 (Element2)
> #4 (Recipe 4)
▷ #5 (Recipe 5)
▷ #6 (Recipe 6)
▷ #7 (Recipe 7)
▷ #8 (Recipe 8)

In the Attach to dialog you have the choice of all the different recipe variables, such as:

- Current Recipe >Current Selected Recipe Set> Element > Value
- Selected Recipe > Selected Set0 > Element > Value
- recipeList

When numeric widgets are defined as read/write, the default recipe data can be edited at runtime. These new values are stored in a separate file as modified recipe data.



Note: Since JavaScript API functions are used, the recipe elements and sets can be referenced by name or by position. To avoid ambiguity between names and index, the names of the recipe elements and sets must include at least one alphanumeric character.

## Storing recipe data

In the Recipe Editor click the storage type icon is to select where to store recipe data: the **Storage Device** dialog is displayed.

Storage Devi	e		×
Storage Device			
Cocal	O USB	SD	Preferred
	<b>)</b>	- 🚑	$\rightarrow$
Path: Storage	Card/	-	
Note			
	ke sure that th /data folder (		
		OK	Cancel

For USB drive and SD card storage you can provide the folder location.



WARNING: Recipe configuration files are created automatically when the project is saved and stored in the data subfolder of the project. To use external storage devices, you need to copy this folder into the external device. Note that you have the responsibility to manage the data folder inside external devices. Even dynamic files are not deleted when project is updated using the "Delete dynamic file" option.



Important: You can add a subfolder but you must not rename the "data" subfolder.

#### Import/Export recipes

To import/export the recipes configuration of your project:

#### In ProjectView right-click Recipes and select Export Recipe or Import Recipe

The following formats are supported for import:

- Comma Separated Values (.csv)
- Unicode Text (.txt)



Note: Use the Unicode Text file format when you import a file modified using Microsoft® Excel®.

#### **Import Recipe**

The import command shows a dialog box where you can define how the import has to work when the importing file contains elements that are not matching with the defined recipe.

Options	Description
Replace	The entire recipe is replaced.
Match	Only values from datasets with the same name are replaced with the dataset values read from the import file.
Match and Add	Values from datasets with the same name are replaced while datasets with a different name are added.

Options	Description
Overwrite existent sets	Overwrite the datasets that have the same name or rename and add them.
Skip on unknown tags	Do not import recipe's elements that contains undefined tags.
Import values from unknown tags	Import even the element associated with an undefined tag (in the imported recipe the undefined tags will be empty and the user will have to add them manually)
Allow elements (tags) mismatch	Import even if there are any tags that don't match, but it only updates the values of the tags that match.
Allow new elements (tags)	Add the new elements to the recipe
Use same choices for existing recipes	Don't ask for every recipe, but use the same choices for all recipes you are import

#### Example using the "Match" parameter.

Recipe insid	e Project			Recipe ins	ide the CSV f	ile
	DS1	DS2			DS2	DS3
Element 1	1	4		Element 1	10	13
Element 2	2	5		Element 2	11	14
Element 3	3	6		Element 3	12	15
Recipe with	in the proje	ect after im	port via "N	/latch''		
	DS1	DS2				
Element 1	1	10				
Element 2	2	11				
Element 3	3	12				
Posino with	in the proje	et aftar im	port using	"Match and Add	111	
Recipe with				Match and Add		
Clause at 1	DS1	DS2	DS3			
Element 1	1	10	13			
Element 2	2	11	14			
Element 3	3	12	15			

## Updating a project with modified recipes

If you add elements to existing recipes and update the runtime without deleting the values present in the HMI device recipes, the already existing elements are not overwritten while the new elements are added.

Here is an example.

- 1. Let's say you have set up your recipe with 3 items and 2 data sets.
- 2. Working with the HMI device, you change the values of the data sets and then add a new data set.
- 3. Now you want to upgrade your project with an additional recipe item.

4. After uploading the project to the HMI (without choosing to remove the existing recipe values) you can see that the values already defined in the HMI runtime are not overwritten. Also, note that new data set values that are not defined within the project will have an empty (undefined) value.

							New
Recipe Project				2	2 Recipe HMI		
-	DS1	DS2		_	DS1	DS2	DS3
Element 1	1	4		Element 1	10	13	16
Element 2	2	5		Element 2	11	14	17
Element 3	3	6		Element 3	12	15	18
3 Re	cipe Projec	+	Download ->	4	Recipe	нмі	
	DS1	DS2		-	DS1	DS2	DS3
Element 1	1	4		Element 1	10	13	16
Element 2	2	5		Element 2	11	14	17
Element 3	3	6		Element 3	12	15	18
Element 4	100	101		Element 4	101	102	%%empty%
Element 4	100	101		Element 4 Elem Elem	ent1	102 16 17	5
				Elem	ent3	18	
				Elem	ent4	9	99

1.

# Configuring a recipe widget

You can choose one of the two recipe widgets available in the Widget Gallery:

- Recipe set: allows you to select a recipe set for upload or download. See "Uploading/downloading a recipe" on page 268
- **Recipe menu**: when more recipes have been created for a project, use this widget to manage all recipes and select the desired sets for each of them.

Recipe Set		Recipe M	enu
Recipe Set	~	Recipe	~
Download	Upload	Recipe Set	~
		Download	Upload

## **Configuring the Recipe Set widget**

In the Properties pane of each Recipe Set widget set the following parameter:

Parameter	Description
Recipe Name	Name of the recipe

# **Recipe status**

Each recipe contains two kinds of status parameters

- Recipe Status (blue in the below picture) Give information regarding the last download or upload operation
- DataSet Status (yellow in the below picture) Give information of modified datasets

Source:	🔿 Tag	O Alias	○ System	○ Widget	Recipe
₽- Search	ı				
curRecip	peSetList				
curRecip	beSet				
- curRecip	be				
- recipeLis	st				
<ul> <li>Current</li> </ul>	Recipe				
Nan	ne				
Sta					
⊿ Cur	rentSelect	edSet			
	Name				
	Value				
	Status				
	#0 (Eleme				
⊳	#1 (Eleme				
	#2 (Eleme				
	tDownload	edSet			
	Name				
	Value				
	Status				
	#0 (Eleme				
	#1 (Eleme				
	#2 (Eleme	ent2)			
	(Set0)				
	Name				
	Value				
	Status	10)			
	#0 (Eleme				
	#1 (Eleme				
	#2 (Fleme	ent21			

## **Recipe Status**

After every recipe upload or download, or recipe set modification, the **Recipe Status** parameters contain a value with the result of the operation.

Code	Function	Description
0	Set modified	Selected set changed
1	Download triggered	Download request triggered
2	Download Done	Download action completed
3	Download Error	Error during download (for example, unknown set, unknown recipe, controller not ready, Tags write failed etc.)
4	Upload triggered	Upload request triggered
5	Upload done	Upload action completed
6	Upload Error	Error during upload - same as for download
7	General Error	General error (for example, data not available)

## DataSet Status

The status of each data set indicates that it has been changed. This information may be useful to not forget to download the recipe to synchronize the PLC. Both download or upload operations will reset the **DataSet Status** to 0.

	Code	Function	Description	
-	0	Syncronized	User synchronized PLC with the dataset values	
-	1	Modified	User modified some values of the dataset	



Note: After a device startup or a recipe reset/restore, all status values will reset to 0.

# Uploading/downloading a recipe

## Uploading a recipe

You upload a recipe to an HMI device using a recipe widget and the **UpLoadRecipe**, **UpLoadCurRecipe** action in one of the following ways:

- attach the action to an event of a button or a switch (see ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details)
- configure the action in an alarm action list (see "Alarm actions" on page 176 for details)
- configure the action in a scheduler action list (see "Scheduling events at runtime" on page 324 for details)

## Downloading a recipe

You download a recipe from an HMI device using a recipe widget and the **DownloadRecipe**, **DownLoadCurRecipe** action. See "Recipe actions" on page 193

# Backup and restore recipes data

The recipe data stored in an HMI device can be exported for backup and later restored. This is done using the **DumpRecipeData** or the **RestoreRecipeData** actions.

See "Recipe actions" on page 193 for details.

# 21 Trends

Trends allow you to sample and record the values of specified tags according to specific sampling conditions. The trend function includes trend acquisition and trend display.

Trend acquisition parameters are set in the Trend editor so that data can be stored. Stored data can then be displayed in a graphical format using a trend widget.

Data logging	270
Exporting trend buffer data	275
Realtime trend widget	277
History trend widget	278
Scatter diagram widget	
Scatter chart widget	
Trend widget tips	286
Table trend widget	292

# **Data logging**

Data can be logged and stored to HMI memory. Data logging allows you to store the values of a group of tags all at the same time to a buffer. Data logging can be triggered by a timer or by a dedicated tag. Logged data can be exported to a .csv file or displayed using the historical trend widget. Logged data can be saved locally on a USB device or SD card, or on any available custom network folder.



WARNING: The operation with removable memory devices (USB Flash drives, SD memory cards) containing a very large number of files may result in a decrease of system performance.



WARNING: The max number of files inside a SD memory card depends on the type of formatting (e.g. FAT32 max 65535 files; FAT max 512 files).



WARNING: Flash cards support a limited number of write operations. We suggest to use only good quality memory cards; in the case your application use intensively the memory card consider a regular substitution of the memory card.



WARNING: If the data/time is moved back, the samples with invalid date/time are removed from the trend buffer. When system detects that data/time is invalid (e.g. battery low), a popup is shown to advise the user and the date/time of the last sample is used to avoid losing data.

Storage is based on trend buffers. Trend buffers are organized as a FIFO queue: when the buffer is full, the oldest values are discarded unless you configure your trend to create a backup copy of the buffer.

## Adding a trend buffer

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Trends

- 1. Click Add to add a new buffer.
- 2. Click + next to each trend buffer to display all configuration parameters.

ProjectView 🏾 🗘 🗙	Trends x						
+ - 4 ∧ ∨ ✓ ■ Project1	+ 0	🐚 🛍 🛛 🚺 🖿	Fotal memory Space	C	.3%		
Project I	Trend1		Active Source Tag 1	.Tag2.Tag3		>]	
Y Pages						-	
V 🔂 Unified	Number of Samples	Timesta	mp	Backup Archive			
V 🦳 Normal	40000	🗧 🛛 Use	source timestamp	Save a copy	when full		.CSV
🏦 1:Page1				Local		O SD	O Preferred
Dialog	Sampling time	Time		0.00			
Templates	60	🏷 💿 Sec	1/10 Sec		2	50	
Configuration				Path:			
Protocols	Trigger			Data/%n/%v%	M%d/%h%m%s		$\bigcirc$
> 📄 Tags	None	<b>(</b>					
Trends				Select Fields	0;5;4		$\overline{\mathbb{C}}$
Reports	Trigger Filter			Select Curves	All curves		$\bigcirc$
Alarms	Current Sample val	ue - Previous Sample value <	- 0,00 🗘	Time Spec	Local		$\sim$ $\heartsuit$
📌 Events Buffer	Current Sample val	ue - Previous Sample value >	0,00 ‡		Loca		
Scheduler	Storage Device			Date Format			$\sim$ $\bigcirc$
💫 MultiLanguage	Local		SD O Preferred	Language			~ 🏷
Screen Saver	50						
🖳 Database Links		I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	5 🏹 -				
🔁 Data transfers	Path: Data/						
> 🏠 Interfaces							
> 🔒 Security	<b>+-^</b>	K					
Recipe     Dictionaries	Name	Title	Tag	Format		Comment	
> Keypads	1 Name1	Temperature [UnitOfMea		Custom		connene	
reypada							
	2 Name2	PLC Value	Tag2	Numeric			
	3 Name3	String	Tag3				

Toolbar Element	Descrip	tion				
+	Add a trend that will be sampled from the HMI device.					
<b>e</b>	Add a trend that will be managed and sampled from the external device, instead of from the HM device. You need a device that supports this feature to use it (e.g. BACnet devices). The parameters depend on the used device, refer to the manual of the selected device.					
-	Remove	e the select trend.				
٢	Offers th widgets.	ne ability to customize the labels that appear in the trend dump header and trend table				
	• T	ïmestamp				
	• □	Date				
		ïme				
	• 6	Quality				
	The below placeholders can be used:					
	• " \n " (space + \n + space) can be used to split the label into two or more lines					
	• [	TagName] (tag name enclosed in square brackets) can be used to display a tag value				
	Copy the	e selected trend				
C2	Paste th	e selected trend				
Export selected trends to file						
>]	>] Import trends from file					
Total memory Space	Memory	used by the defined trend buffers.				
Trend Header		Description				
Trend Name		Name of the trend collection (set of tags sampled at the same time)				

Trend Name	Name of the trend collection (set of tags sampled at the same time)		
Active	When enabled, the trend runs by default at system startup.		
Source	List of the tags sampled by the trend.		
Import from file	Import and overwrite trend parameters from a file (exported previously).		

Trend Element	Description				
Number of Samples	Trend buffer size (see "Number of Samples" on page 275 for additional information)				
Sampling Time	Sampling interval.				
	🛛 🚺 sam	Note that instead of a constant, you can use a Tag to define/change the sample time at runtime. When sample time is 0, or negative, sampling is suspended.			
Time	Time unit for th	Time unit for the sample time. Could be 1 second (default) or 1/10 seconds			
		Be aware that increasing the sampling rate could impact global HMI device performances.			
Timestamp	When checked, samples are stored using the timestamp provided from the remote device.				
	Available only:				
		ce's protocols that support this feature (OPC UA Client and BACnet)			
		when trend buffer is configured to with a single tag			
Trigger	Tag triggering the sample.				
	If used, when t	If used, when the value of this tag changes, a sample is collected.			
	Note: Trigger and Source can refer to the same tag.				
Storage Device	Where trend buffer data will be stored.				
Backup Archive	If <b>Save a copy when full</b> option is enabled, a backup copy of the buffer data is created before it is overwritten by newer data.				
	.csv	Backup data using text CSV format.			
	Path	Where trend buffer data will be copied.			
		The below wild cards are supported			
		• %n = Trend name			
		• %y = Year			
		• %M = Month			
		<ul> <li>%d = Day</li> <li>%h = Hour</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>%n = Hour</li> <li>%m = Minutes</li> </ul>			
	• %s = Seconds				
	Select	Fields that will be inside the dump file			

Trend Element	Description		
	Fields	Note that you can use a string tag to define the fields to dump at runtime.	
	Select Curves	Curves that will be inside the dump file	
	Guives	Note that you can use a string tag to define the fields to dump at runtime.	
	Time Spec	Timestamp of samples	
		<ul> <li>Local Use the time of the HMI device where the project is running</li> <li>Global Use global time (GMT)</li> </ul>	
	Data Format	Time and Date format. Placeholders can be used (see "Time and Date placeholders" on page 446)	
	Language	Language to use	
Sampling Filter / Trigger	This paramete	r allows to specify a dynamic filter if required.	
Filter	<ul><li>When sampling is done on time basis the offset is applied to the sampled Tag value. If the new value exceeds the specified limits the new value is considered valid and stored, otherwise the new record will retain the previous saved value.</li><li>When sampling is done on trigger the offset is applied to the trigger Tag value. If the trigger Tag value change exceeds the specified limits a new sample is taken and stored, otherwise no sampling will be done.</li></ul>		

Use the buttons on the toolbar to add, remove or move tags to be sampled

## \* - ^ \*

Samples	Description		
Name	Trend name		
Title	Fitle that has to appears inside the trend table or the trend dump.		
	<ul> <li>The placeholder " \n " (space + \n + space) can be used to split the label into two or more lines</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>The placeholder [TagName] (tag name enclosed in square brackets) can be used to display a tag value</li> </ul>		
	Example:		
	"Temperature ([UnitaDiMisura])" will be shown as "Temperature (°C)" when the tag UnitaDiMisura = "°C"		

Samples	Description						
Тад	Tag that must be sampled						
	Tags string are supported until 8 bytes. If tag size is greater than 8 bytes, only the first 8 bytes are stored in trend. Unicode chars are not supported.						
Format	Display format to use. Note that even the custom format can be used (see "Custom Formats" on page 32).						
	Trend format X						
	Format Numeric -						
	Decimal digits 0						
	Leading digits 0						
	Custom						
	OK Cancel						
Comment	You can write whatever you want here						

## **Tags Wizard**

Tag Wizard Button will allow you to automatically fill in the tag names in the trend table.

You can use the placeholders *\$(Trend)* and *\$(Name)* in the regular expression to search the available tags. When you press "Fill" or "Replace" buttons the matching tags will be added to the trend table

- 🗞	Room1	Active Source R	oom1_Temperature,Room1_Humidity	
	Number of Samples	Timestamp	Backup Archive	
[	40000	Use source timestamp	AutoFill Table: X	.csv
	Sampling time	Time	Tag filter:	referred
	60	● Sec ○ 1/10 Sec	\$(Trend)_\$(Name)	2
	Trigger None		Tags: Enter filter for full table Room1_Humidity	
	Trigger Filter		Room 1_Temperature	
	Current Sample value - Previous Samp	le value < - 0,00 🌻		
	Current Sample value - Previous Samp			_ ~ ₹
	Storage Device			~ 10
	Local     USB	O SD O Preferred		(V)
	<u></u>	ے چے		
	Path: Data/			
	+ - ^ ~ 🔀			
Γ	Name Title	Tag	Fill Replace Reset Cancel	
1	Temperature	Room1_Temperature		
2	2 Humidity	Room1_Humidity		

## **Number of Samples**

The number of samples that you can have is dependent on the memory size reserved for trend buffers and from the size of each sample.

Number of available samples = Available Memory (bytes) / Size of sample (bytes)

Where the size of each sample is dependent on how many tags are used and can be calculated using the below formula:

```
Size of sample (bytes) = TAGS*9 + 11
```

You are free to use the entire available memory for a unique trend buffer or split the available memory over several trends.

See also:

- Trend limits on "Table of functions and limits" on page 586
- Reserved memory for trend buffer on "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587

## **Exporting trend buffer data**

Use the **DumpTrend** action to export trend buffer data to a .csv file. See "DumpTrend" on page 199 for the macro parameters details.

The exported .csv file could have different formats defined from the Dump Trend macro parameters. The different formats are maintained mainly for compatibilities reasons.

#### FileFormat: Compatibility CSV

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	Ι	J	K
1	Туре	Value	Time Stamp	<b>Refresh Time</b>	Quality	Туре	Value	Quality	Туре	Value	Quality
2	4	0	2015-09-18T14:42:22.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
3	4	0	2015-09-18T14:42:23.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
4	4	0	2015-09-18T14:42:24.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
5	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:25.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
6	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:26.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
7	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:27.000Z	1000	192	8	0.00E+00	192	3	0	192
8	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:28.000Z	1000	192	8	5.00E+01	192	3	0	192
9	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:29.000Z	1000	192	8	5.00E+01	192	3	0	192
10	4	40	2015-09-18T14:42:30.000Z	1000	192	8	5.00E+01	192	3	0	192

#### FileFormat: Compact CSV

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
1	Timestamp	Tag1	4	Tag2	8	Tag3	3
2		Value	Quality	Value	Quality	Value	Quality
3	2015-09-18T14:42:22.000Z	0	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
4	2015-09-18T14:42:23.000Z	0	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
5	2015-09-18T14:42:24.000Z	0	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
6	2015-09-18T14:42:25.000Z	40	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
7	2015-09-18T14:42:26.000Z	40	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
8	2015-09-18T14:42:27.000Z	40	192	0.00E+00	192	0	192
9	2015-09-18T14:42:28.000Z	40	192	5.00E+01	192	0	192
10	2015-09-18T14:42:29.000Z	40	192	5.00E+01	192	0	192



Note: The first row of the header contains the tags names and tags data types

#### FileFormat: Compact CSV with columns' selection

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	Date	Time	Name1(int)	Quality	Name2(int)	Quality	Name3(boolean)	Quality
2	17/04/2018	07:24:29	0	192	10	192	0	192
3	17/04/2018	07:24:30	1	192	11	192	1	192
4	17/04/2018	07:24:31	2	192	12	192	0	192
5	17/04/2018	07:24:32	3	192	13	192	1	192
6	17/04/2018	07:24:33	4	192	14	192	0	192
7	17/04/2018	07:24:34	5	192	15	192	1	192
8	17/04/2018	07:24:35	6	192	16	192	0	192
9	17/04/2018	07:24:36	7	192	17	192	1	192
10	17/04/2018	07:24:37	8	192	18	192	0	192



The time required to dump a trend buffer depends on the number of samples present in the buffer, the memory type, and the HMI device type.

Example in the worst conditions

НМІ Туре	Buffer Size	Samples	Time
Linux	50 Mb	1.807.800 samples (2 tags)	4 Min

# **Realtime trend widget**

The real- time trend widget can be used to display the changes of value of a tag. Data is not stored in a trend buffer and cannot be retrieved for later analysis.

#### To display a real-time trend:

1. Drag and drop the **RealTime Trend** widget from the widget gallery to the page.

•	Pr	operties	<b></b>
🔲 🔁 🔂 🐂 🛫 🚍 🚍 🕂 #1 RealtimeTrend 🛛 🗸 🕒 🕫 🐺 🔹 »	6	) 🖶 🕰	
		Trend : RealtimeTre	end
		Trend Type	RealTime
		Num Curves	1
»		Page Duration	5 min a +
RealTime Trend		End Time	0 a +
100		Y Page Size	100 a +
80 - 80		Starting position	Right
	÷	Behavior	
60	÷	Text	
	÷	Grid	
	÷	Cursor	
20	÷	X Scale	
	÷	Y Scale	
05:30:00 05:30:00 05:30:00 05:30:00	=	Curve 1	
≥		Curve 1 Tag	a +
		Visible	true a +
		Request Samples	1000
		Sampling Time	1
	÷	Min Y	0 +
	÷	MaxY	100 +
		Color	[0, 70, 136]
		Stroke Width	2

2. Attach the tag that you want to sample to the Curve n Value. Data is always plotted against time.

## **RealTime trend widget properties**

Property	Description				
Num Curves	Number of trend curves to be displayed				
Page Duration	Time window to show				
End Time	End time of the time window				
	This parameter can be used to scroll the time window. When zero, the end time is the current system time.				
Starting Position	Specifies where the curve begin to be drawn when the page is opened (can be left, center or right).				
Behavior	<ul> <li>Definition of:</li> <li>Min/Max of Y axis</li> <li>Number of tickets to draw on the axes</li> <li>Background image</li> </ul>				
Text	Trend title and font properties (font size, label, etc.)				

Property	Description			
Grid	Properties of grid presentation (colors)			
Cursor	Properties of cursor presentation (enable and color)			
X Scale	Properties of X Scale presentation			
Y Scale	Properties of Y Scale presentation			
Curve "n"	<ul> <li>Tag that will be plotted in the trend widget.</li> <li>Select Tag select the tag to display</li> <li>Attach To select a tag (string) that will contain the name of the tag to display (it is an indexed tag selection)</li> </ul>			



Tag values can be scaled using the X Forms in the **Attach to** dialog. See ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details.

# History trend widget

The data collected and stored from the data logger can be analyzed using the History Trend widget.

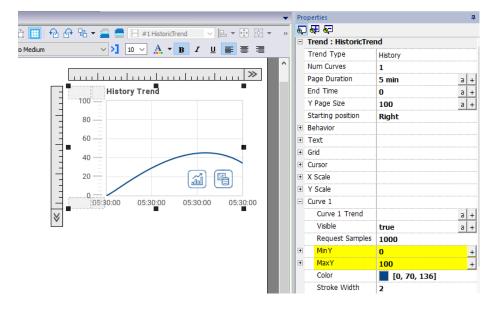
This is a two-step process:

- first you create a trend buffer to collect data for specified tags at specific points in time,
- then you configure a History Trend widget to display the collected data in a graphical format.

See "Data logging" on page 270 for details on how to create a trend buffer

#### To display a history trend:

1. Drag and drop the History Trend widget from the widget gallery to the page.



2. Attach the trend buffer that you want to draw to the Curve n Value. Data is always plotted against time.

## History trend widget properties

Property	Description
Num Curves	Number of trend curves to be displayed
Page Duration	Time window to show
End Time	End time of the time window
	This parameter can be used to scroll the time window. When zero, the end time is the current system time.
Starting Position	Specifies where the curve begin to be drawn when the page is opened (can be left, center or right).
Behavior	Definition of:
	Min/Max of Y axis
	<ul> <li>Number of tickets to draw on the axes</li> </ul>
	Background image
Text	Trend title and font properties (font size, label, etc.)
Grid	Properties of grid presentation (colors)
Cursor	Properties of cursor presentation (enable and color)
X Scale	Properties of X Scale presentation
Y Scale	Properties of Y Scale presentation
Curve "n"	Buffer that contains the tag's values to plotted in the trend widget.
	<ul> <li>Select Trend select the trend buffer to display</li> <li>Attach To select a tag (string) that will contain the name of the trend buffer to display (it is an indexed trend buffer selection)</li> </ul>



Tag values can be scaled using the X Forms in the **Attach to** dialog. See ""Attach to" parameters" on page 43 for details.

## Printing historical trend widget

The historical trend widget can be found and used from the print report gallery.

Using the "attach to tag" feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the historical trend to print at runtime:

- Page Duration
- End Time
- Curve Name

"Page Duration" with "End Time" define the piece of the trend buffer to print. "Curve Name" can be used to select the curve to show. An empty string means no curve to show.

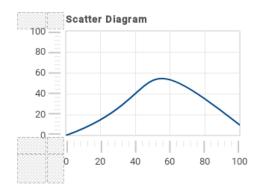


SetTrendView() and ScrollTrendToTime() are display macros and have no effect on report printing.

	operties		
	rend : HistoricTrend	1	
	Num Curves	3	
_	Page Duration	5 min	
E			+
	Access Type	Duration	-
_	End Time	R	
		0	+
-		EndTime	-
	Access Type	R	
	Starting position	Right	
+	Behavior		
+	Text		
+	Grid		
+	Cursor		
+	X Scale		
+	Y Scale	1)	
-	Curve 1		
-	Curve 1 Trend		+
=	DataLink	Selector1_str	-
	Access Type	R	
	MinY	0	a +
	MaxY	100	a +
	Color	[255, 0, 0]	<u> </u>
	Stroke Width	2	
	Curve 2	2	
Ξ			
=			+
		Selector2_str	-
	Access Type	R	
	MinY	0	a +
	MaxY	100	a +
	Color	[0, 0, 255]	
	Stroke Width	2	
-	Curve 3		

## Scatter diagram widget

A scatter diagram is a type of diagram to display values for two variables from a set of data using Cartesian coordinates. The data is displayed as a collection of points, each having the value of one variable determining the position on the horizontal axis and the value of the other variable determining the position on the vertical axis. For this reason it is often called XY graph.



Scatter diagram curves are obtained by a linear interpolation of points. To create a new scatter diagram:

- 1. Add a **Scatter Diagram** widget to the page.
- 2. Select the number of curves to show: each curve is named as Graph1, Graph2,...
- 3. Customize the general graph properties such as X Min, X Max, Grid details.
- 4. Define the max number of samples/values for each curve by setting the Max Samples parameter.

Here you set the max number of values to be displayed in the graph starting from first element in the array.

For example: Tag1[20] and Max Samples = 10 will show just first 10 elements of the Tag1 array.

5. Define for each curve the two tags of type array to be displayed (**X-Tag** and **Y-Tag**).

When the array tags change, you can force a refresh with the RefreshTrend action .



Note: Scatter diagrams support only the  $\ensuremath{\textit{RefreshTrend}}$  action.

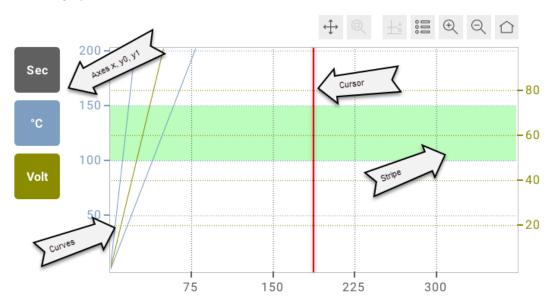
### Printing scatter diagram widget

The scatter diagram widget can be found and used from the print report gallery. Note that using the attach to tag feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the scatter diagram to print at runtime.

# Scatter chart widget

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Trends/Chart> Scatter Chart

A scatter chart is a type of diagram to display values for two variables from a set of data using Cartesian coordinates. The data is displayed as a collection of points, each having the value of one variable determining the position on the horizontal axis and the value of the other variable determining the position on the vertical axis. For this reason it is often called *XY graph*.



### **Parameters**

Main Parameter	Description			
Axes Counter	Number of vertical (Y) axes.			
Curves Counter	Number of curves to draw			
Stripes Counter	The number of active strips.			
Cursor	Properties related to cursor enabling and its graphic style			
Style	Properties that allow you to customize the graphic style of the widget			
Scatter Update Pause	Curves update frequencies expressed in milliseconds.			
Auto Scaling	Properties to configure the automatic scaling feature.			
Font	Properties of the characters used in the graphic			
X Axis Y Axis 0 Y Axis 1	Properties to configure the style of the axes			
Curve 0 Curve 1 Curve 2	Properties to configure the curves to be drawn			
Stripe 0 Stripe 1 Stripe 2	Properties to add and configure the stripes on the charts			

Cursor Parameter	Description		
Enable	Enable/Disable the visualization of the cursor		
Label Enable	Enable the visualization of labels with the values of the curves intersected by the cursor		
Position	Position of the cursor in the view. Can be between 0 and 1 (the default value is 0.5)		
Color	The colors of the cursor		
Labels Color	The colors of the labels with the values of the curves intersected by the cursor.		
Labels Width Labels Height	Size of the labels with the value of the curves. The font size will be organized accordingly.		

Style Parameter	Description				
Horizontal Grid Lines	Number of suggested horizontal grid lines. Chart widget tries to respect these number, but giving priority to the values shown on Y Axis which should be beautiful to read. This means integer values when it is possible or at worst with a single decimal digit.				
Vertical Grid Lines	Number of suggested vertical grid lines. Chart widget tries to respect these number, but giving priority to the values shown on X Axis which should be beautiful to read. This means integer values when it is possible or at worst with a single decimal digit.				
Background	Background color of the widget				
Foreground	Color of the text where is not explicitly defined (e.g. the unit of measure shown inside axes controls)				
Axes Control Background Color	Background color of the built-in axes control				
Axes Control Shadow Color	Shadow color of the built-in axes control				
Chart Background Color	Background color of the chart area				
Toolbar Buttons Size	Width and Height of the built-in toolbar buttons				
Grid Values Width	Width of vertical grids values (Y axes)				
Grid Values Height	Height of horizontal grid values (X axis)				
Width of the axes buttons	Width of the axes buttons				
Axes Button Height	Maximum height of the axes buttons				
Toolbar Color	Color used for toolbar icons and related items (like zoom rectangle)				
Toolbar Enable	Show/Hide the built-in toolbar (on the top)				
Axes Control Enable	Show/Hide the built-in axes control (on the left)				

Auto Scaling Parameter	Description		
Auto Scaling Enable	Enable or disable the auto-scale feature. Auto-scale ensures that the X axis maximum always take into account the most recent values of the curves.		
Toolbar Button Visible	Show or hide the auto-scale button on built-in toolbar.		

Font Parameter	Description		
Font	Font of the chart's strings		
Font Maximum Pixel Size	Maximum pixel size. The chart adapts the font size based on available space		
Font Style	Font style		
Font Bold	Set the font bold		

Axis Parameter	Description		
Minimum	Axis minimum value		
Maximum Axis maximum value			
Color Axis color			
Unit of measure	It is a label associated with the axis/curve		
Show Unit Of Measure On Axis	Show unit of measure in the built-in axes control		
Show Unit Of Measure On Grid	Show unit of measure in the grid values		
Show Unit Of Measure On Cursor	Show unit of measure in the cursor labels (not available for X axis)		

Curve Parameter	Description			
Scatter Curve Type	Defines how the curve is updated :			
	<ul> <li>DYNAMIC curve is updated continuously</li> <li>STATIC curve is updated only one time or with a specific action (see "ChartCommand" on page 223).</li> </ul>			
Scatter Tag X	X array tag to use for the X axis			
Scatter Tag Y	Y array tag to use for the Y axis.			
	The Y array size must be smaller than (or equal to) the X array size			
Axis	Select the axis associated with the curve			
Custom Color Enable	Enable or disable the curve custom color selection. If disabled the color used for the curve is the same as the associated axis.			
Style	Curve style, can be:			
	<ul> <li>SOLID</li> <li>DASH</li> <li>DOT</li> <li>DASH_DOT</li> <li>DASH_DOT_DOT</li> </ul>			
Line Width	Curve width in pixels. The maximum width is 5 pixels			
Visible         Show/Hide the curve				

Stripe Parameter	Description
Axis	Associated axis: • AXIS_X = Vertical stripe • AXIS_Yn = Horizontal stripe
Custom Color Enable	Enable or disable the stripe custom color selection. If disabled the color used for the stripe is the same as the associated axis.
Start Value	Stripe start value
End Value	Stripe end value

#### **Built-in axes control**

The Built-in axes control can be shown/hide from the "Axes Control Enable" property available inside the "Style Parameter" section.

The built-in axes control has a button for each defined axes. The first one on the top is related to X axis and the others with the defined Y axes.

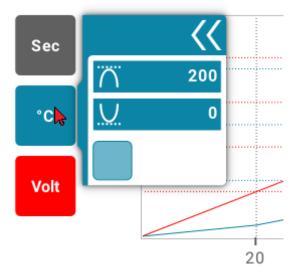
Each button is managing the OnMouseClick and the OnMOuseHold events:

OnMouseClick

Is a toggle that show/hide the associate curve (only Y axes)

OnMouseHold

If the button is held down for a couple of seconds, a small panel will be displayed where it will be possible to change the min/Max values of the axis.



#### **Built-in toolbar**

The Built-in toolbar can be shown/hide from the "Toolbar Enable" property available inside the "Style Parameter" section.

Toolbar Element	Description
$\xleftarrow{\uparrow}$	Activate the moving of the graphic through gesture commands
	Activate the zoom mode through gesture commands
4	Activate the moving of the cursor through gesture commands
	Opens the X axis control pane
Ð	Zoom In the graphic
Q	Zoom Out the graphic
	Reset the graphic view

### **ChartCommand action**

The same commands available from the Built-in toolbar are available through the actions (see "ChartCommand" on page 223)

## **Trend widget tips**



Be aware that some properties are only available when the Properties pane is in Advanced view.

### Values outside range or invalid

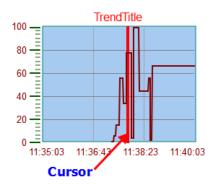
When trend value goes beyond the limits set for the trend widget, a dotted line is displayed. When the value of the tag is not available, for example the controller device is offline, no curve is drawn.

3 🖬 🖄 🔳		)  14   9, 9, 9, 9, 18					
8:24:25		Historical Trend		1 min 30 min			
00.0							
- - 80.0 -				6 min 12 min			
-				✓ Curve1			
60.0				✓ Curve2			
40.0 -				Curve3			
20.0 —				Curve4			
-				Curve5			
0.0 - 08:19:	:00 08:20:00 08	:21:00 08:22:00 08:	23:00 08:24:00 0	18:25:00			
Realtime         USB Free Space:         0 Mb           < <td>&lt;</td> NOW         >         >>         PAUSE         USB Size:         0 Mb							<
Historical							

### Showing trend values (cursor)

Trend cursor displays the trend value at a specific point.

Use the actions **ShowTrendCursor** and **ScrollTrendCursor** to enable the trend cursor and move it to the required point to get the value of the curve at that particular point in time.



To display the value of the trend cursor on the page, define a numeric field and attach it to the Cursor Value widget tag.

field1.value				
Source: O Tag O Alias	○ System	• Widget	O Recipe	
Name <ul> <li>_AlarmsMgr</li> <li>_EventMgr</li> <li>_MultiLangMgr</li> <li>_ScheduleMgr</li> <li>field1</li> </ul> <li>HistoricTrend</li> <li>Behavior</li> <li>Cursor</li>				^
Curve 1     Cursor Value     Curve 1 Tag     Curve 1 Tag     Curve 1 Trend     Draw Type     MaxY     MinY     Visible				

In this example the Y axis value of the cursor is displayed.

To display the trend time stamp at the position of the cursor, use a Time/Data widget (available inside Basic->Controls category) and attach the widget's value to the **Cursor Timestamp** property of the trend widget.

field1.value	
Source: 🛛 Tag 🔿 Alias 🔿 System 🖲 Widget 🔿 Recipe	
P- Search	
Name	~
▷ _AlarmsMgr	
EventMgr	
MultiLangMgr	
ScheduleMgr	
▷ field1	
4 HistoricTrend	
Behavior	
▲ Cursor	
Cursor Timestamp	

#### Modify trend widget properties at runtime

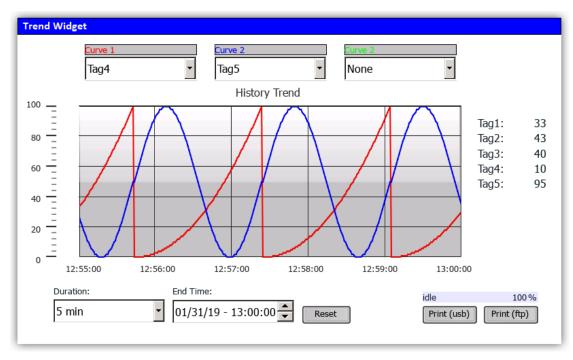
Using the attach to tag feature is possible to use tags to modifies some properties of the trend widgets at runtime.

#### Example 1

Using :

- Page Duration
- End Time
- Curve Name

is possible to modify from the runtime application the zoom factor, the window period and the curve to draw.

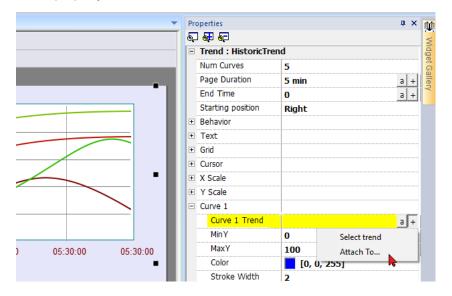


	operties	¢ ×
	Trend : HistoricTrend	
	Num Curves	3
	Page Duration	
Ē	DataLink	5 min + Duration -
	Access Type	R
	End Time	
=	DataLink	0 + EndTime -
-	Access Type	R
	Starting position	
	Behavior	Right
	Text	
	Grid	
	Grid Cursor	
	X Scale	
	X Scale Y Scale	
	Curve 1	
Ξ	Curve 1 Trend	+
=	DataLink	Selector1_str _
	Access Type Min Y	R
	•••••	0 a +
	MaxY	100 a +
	Color	[255, 0, 0]
_	Stroke Width	2
Ξ.	Curve 2	
=	Curve 2 Trend	+
=	DataLink	Selector2_str _
	Access Type	R
	MinY	0 a +
	MaxY	100 a +
	Color	[0, 0, 255]
	Stroke Width	2
	Curve 3	1

1:Page1 Tags	×					
+ - <b>^ く</b> & 『	Variables:prot1					
Name	Address					
Duration	Duration int					
EndTime	EndTime time					
Selector1_str	Selector1_str string [20]					
Selector2_str	Selector2_str string [20]					
Selector3_str	Selector3_str string [20]					

#### Example 2

Curve property can be attached to a Combo Box to select the curve to draw



Prop	erties		<b># ×</b>	Combo Box		
5 (	🖶 🖅			COMDO BOX		
= Т	rend : HistoricTren	d1		🖂 险 Multila	nguage Lang1	▼ B I U Tahoma ▼
N	lum Curves	1		- ·		
Ρ	age Duration	5 min	a +	+-		[] <sup>Y</sup> ] Data list
E	and Time	0	a +	Index	String List	Data List
S	Starting position	Right		0	First Trend	Trend 1.Name 1
e B	Sehavior			1	Second Trend	Trend 1. Name 2
ŧΤ	Fext					
+ G	Grid			2	Third Trend	Trend1.Name3
+ C	Cursor			3	Quarter Trend	Trend2.Name1
ΕX	Scale			4	Fifth Trend	Trend2.Name2
÷Υ	/ Scale			4	Firth Irend	Irend2.Name2
= C	Curve 1					
=	Curve 1 Trend	Trend1.Name1	+			OK Cancel
3	DataLink	itemData:Combo1	-			
	Access Type	R				
ŧ	MinY	0	+			
ŧ	MaxY	100	+			
	Color	[0, 0, 255]				
	Stroke Width	2				

### Trend widget gestures

Trend widgets support gesture commands:

Gesture	Description					
pan Touch the widget to scroll the curve within the widget area						
pinch	Use two fingers to pinch the curve and perform zoom operations					



#### WARNING: Only multi touch HMI devices can generate pinch events

Note: In order to support gestures on Y axis, Min/Max properties of the trend widget must be linked to Min/Max values of Behavior parameters (default for new trends).

Properties	₽×
é 🖞 🛍	
Trend : RealtimeTrend	
Num Curves	1
Page Duration	5 min +
Y Page Size	100 +
Starting position	Right
<ul> <li>Behavior</li> </ul>	
Min Y	0 +
Max Y	100 +
X Labels	4 +
Y Labels	6 +
Background Image	true
Text	
Cursor	
Y Scale	
Min	0 +
DataLink	y0:RealtimeTrend.wnd -
Access Type	R
Max	100 +
DataLink	y1:RealtimeTrend.wnd -
Access Type	R

#### **Request Samples**

**Request Sample** property can be set for each curve and indicates the maximum numbers of samples read by the widget at one time from the trend buffer.



Tip: You normally do not need to modify the default value. Adjust it to fine tune performances in the trend widget refresh, especially when working with remote clients.

#### **Color bands**

Use the color bands configuration to customize your graphs background, for example to make certain days or hours stand out (weekends, night hours, etc.).

- 1. In the **Properties** pane, in **Color Bands** property click +: the **Configure Bands** window appears.
- 2. Click + to add as many colors you need.

3. Select multiple cells and click on a color band to assign the color to the selected range of cells.

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	Color Bands: 🕂 🗕
Sunday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	1 ColorBand1
Monday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	2 ColorBand2
Tuesday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	3 ColorBand3
Wednesday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	4 ColorBand4
Thursday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	
Friday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	
Saturday	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	

Note: This feature only uses local time in the trend widget, not the global time option.

#### Calendar color bands example

i



# Table trend widget

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Trends/Graphs

Display contents of a trend buffer inside a widget

#### Trend Table

From:02/21/22 - 12:34:21To:02/21/22 - 12:34:21		R	efresh	5 Mins	~
Timestamp	Name1	Name2	Name3	Name4	Name5
02/21/22 - 12:34:09	0	0	0	0	0
02/21/22 - 12:34:10	1	2	3	4	4
02/21/22 - 12:34:11	2	2	6	8	8
02/21/22 - 12:34:12	3	2	9	12	12
02/21/22 - 12:34:13	4	2	12	16	16
02/21/22 - 12:34:14	5	2	15	20	20

#### Buttons:

- REFRESH
   Retrieve trend data from internal buffer and refresh table view
- BACKWARD/FORWARD
   Move the display window forward or backward as specified in the duration parameter

Parameter	Description
TrendName	Trend Buffer from which the samples are retrieved (see "Data logging" on page 270)
Heading	Heading labels
	The visible labels inside the xAscender Studioeditor are only placeholders, the actual labels that will be displayed are defined in the trend configuration (see "Data logging" on page 270)
Page Duration	Time window to show
End Time	End time of the time window
	This parameter can be used to scroll the time window. When zero, the end time is the current system time.
Time Spec	Time format:
	• Local = show the time values of the HMI device.
	Global = show the time values using UTC format.
Date Format	Select the Date and Time format
Table Layout	Defines the characteristics of the scroll bar and allows to remove the header of the table

\*

^

### Adding or removing trend columns

To add or remove a column, double-click on the grid to enter edit mode and right-click on the column selector to open the context menu from where to insert or remove a column.

			$\vee$		$\vee$	$\vee$	$\sim$	$\vee$			$\vee$
					11111	1				<	Insert column (left)
>	E	Γ	Timestamp	٦	Name1	Name2	Name3	Name4	Name	2	Insert column (right) Remove column
>	Ē	Γ	Data	]	Data ]	Data ]	Data 🗌	Data ]	🛾 Data	1	
	=										
	_										
	-										
	-										
	-										
		(International	ria <sup>1</sup> i							٩	Forward

Copy and past fields from another column

R		<u> </u>							
	E	Timestamp	]	Name1	Name2	Name3	Name4	Name <u>5</u>	
$\geq$	Γ	Data	]	Data ]	Data ]	Data ]	Data ]	[Data ]	_
Ξ									

Then use the properties panel to select the trend element to add to the new columns

	Properties
'gt.label13 ∨ 🕒 ▼ 🕀 🖅 🖂 + ]↔[ +	0 <b>0 0 0 0</b>
	Text : TrendTableNew.TableWgt.label13
	Text Name5
<u>^</u>	DataLink     Name5:TrendTableNew.TrendSrcW
	Access T R
	Events
Name1 Name2 Name3 Name4 Name5 Name5	
[Data ] [Data ] [Data ] [Data ] [Data ]	
TrendTableNew.TableWgt.label13.text	
-	
Source: O Tag O Alias O System  Widget O Recipe	
₽- Search	
Name	
> _AlarmsMgr	
▷ _EventMgr	
▷ _MultiLangMgr	
Page1	
TrendTableNew	
General	
Heading	
- Page Duration	
Position	
<ul> <li>TrendTableNew.TrendSrcWgt</li> </ul>	
Name1	
-Name2	
-Name3	
-Name4	
Name5	
3 Name6	
TimeStamp	

<b>•</b>	Pro	operties				
'gt.label13 ∨ 🕒 ▼ 🔂 ▼ ]↔[ ▼	6	] 🚰 🚭				
	Text : TrendTableNew.TableWgt.label14					
		Text	Data			
<u>^</u>			Name5:TrendTableNew.TrendSrcWgt			
		Access	····			
	+	Events				
Name1 Name2 Name3 Name4 Name5 Name5						
[Data ] [Data ] [Data ] [Data ] [Data ]						
TrendTableNew.TableWgt.label14.text						
Source: 🔿 Tag 🔿 Alias 🔿 System 🖲 Widget 🔿 Recipe						
P- Search						
Name						
DAlarmsMgr						
▷ _EventMgr						
MultiLangMgr						
Page1						
TrendTableNew						
General						
Heading						
Page Duration						
Position						
4 TrendTableNew.TrendSrcWgt						
- Name 1						
Name2						
Name3						
Name4						
Name5						
6 Name6						
TimeStamp						

### Printing trend table

A trend table widget without buttons can be found and used from the print report gallery. The table can be drawn and enlarged to fill the entire page. If the number of lines to printed is greater of one page, the trend table will be printed using additional pages. See the "Table of functions and limits" on page 586 for the max number of printable rows.

Using the "attach to tag" feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the historical trend to print at runtime:

- Page Duration
- End Time
- Curve Name

"Page Duration" with "End Time" define the piece of the trend buffer to print. "Curve Name" can be used to select the curve to show. An empty string means no curve to show.



SetTrendView() and ScrollTrendToTime() are display macros and have no effect on report printing.

	operties		
-	Trend : HistoricTrend	4	
	Num Curves		
		3	
	Page Duration	5 min	+
=	DataLink	Duration	-
	Access Type	R	
=	End Time	0	+
=	DataLink	EndTime	-
	Access Type	R	
	Starting position	Right	
+	Behavior		
+	Text		
÷	Grid		
÷	Cursor		
+	X Scale		
+	Y Scale		
Ξ	Curve 1		
Ξ	Curve 1 Trend		+
=	DataLink	Selector1 str	-
	Access Type	R	
	MinY	0	a +
	MaxY	100	a +
	Color	[255, 0, 0]	<u> </u>
	Stroke Width	2	
-	Curve 2	£	
Ξ.	Curve 2 Trend		
Ξ.	DataLink	Colorbaria ato	+
۳.		Selector2_str	-
	Access Type	R	
	MinY	0	a +
	MaxY	100	a +
	Color	[0, 0, 255]	
	Stroke Width	2	
	Curve 3		

# 22 Data transfer

Data transfer allows you transferring variable data from one device to another. Using this feature an HMI device can operate as a gateway between two devices, even if they do not use the same communication protocol.

Data transfer editor	300
Exporting data to .csv files	302
Data transfer limitations and suggestions	302

# Data transfer editor

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Data transfer

Use the Data transfer editor to map transfer rules.

Each line in the Data transfer editor defines a mapping rule between two tags. Define more mapping rules if you need different direction, update method or trigger.

	TAG A	TAG B	Direction	Update method	Trigger	Low limit	High limit	Enable	on Startup
1	COIL_1	2_COIL_1	A->B	On update		0	0		
2	COIL_2	2_COIL_2	A->B	On update		0	0		
3	ANALOG_1	2_ANALOG_1	A<->B	On update		0	0		
4	ANALOG_2	2_ANALOG_2	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer1	0	0		
5	ANALOG_3	2_ANALOG_3	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer1	0	0		
	ANALOG_4	2_ANALOG_4	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer2	-2	20		

To add a new rule, click +: a new tag line is added.

#### Data transfer toolbar

Prameter	Description	
Import/ Export Imports or exports data transfer settings from or to a .csv file.		
Search	Displays only rows containing the search keyword.	
Filter by	Display only rows matching filter and search field.	

#### Data transfer parameters

Prameter	Description					
TAG A/ TAG B	Pair of tags to be mapped for exchanging through the HMI device.					
Direction	Transfer direction.					
	A->B and B->A: Unidirectional transfers, values are always copied from one tag and sent to the other tag in the specified direction.					
	A<->B: Bidirectional transfer, values are transferred to and from both tags.					
Update Method	<b>On trigger</b> : Data transfer occurs when the value of the tag set as trigger changes above or below the values set as boundaries. Limits are recalculated on the previous tag value, the same that triggered the update.					
	Note: This method applies only to unidirectional transfers (A->B or B->A).					

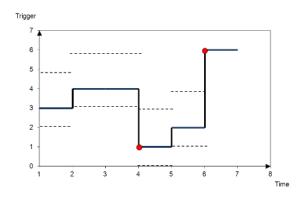
Prameter	Description						
	On Update: Data transfer occurs whenever the value of the source tag changes.						
	Note: This method applies both to unidirectional and to bidirectional transfers (A->B, B->A and A<->B).						
	Note: The Runtime cyclically monitors source tags changes (trigger tag when using On Trigger or tags to transfer when using On Update) based on Tag editor <b>Rate</b> parameter. If <b>Rate</b> setting for source Tag is 500 ms (default), the system checks for updates every 500 ms.						
	Note: Changes on source tags faster than <b>Rate</b> may be not detected .						
Trigger, High limit, Low limit	Tag that triggers the data transfer process. When this tag changes its value outside the boundaries set as <b>High limit</b> and <b>Low limit</b> , data transfer is started. The range of tolerance is recalculated according to the specified limits on the tag value which triggered the previous update. No action is taken if the change falls within the limits.						
	This mechanism allows triggering data transfers only when significant variations of the reference values occur.						
	Low limit is less or equal to zero.						
	Note: If both <b>Low limit</b> and <b>High limit</b> are set to "0", data transfer occurs whenever the value of the trigger tag changes.						
Enable	Enable or disable the data transfer.						
on Startup	When selected, data transfer is forced:						
	on HMI startup if the quality of the source tag is good						
	after communication errors, when the associate device nodes return active						
	See "Objects" on page 525 for details on quality.						
	Important: Data transfers executed on startup may have major impact on the HMI device boot time. Enable this option only when necessary.						

#### Example of limit setting

High limit = 1,9

**Low limit** = - 0,9

• = points where the data transfer is triggered



# Exporting data to .csv files

Configuration information for data transfers can be exported to a .csv file.

### Example of data transfer settings in .csv file

COIL_12_COIL_1A->BOn update000data1trueCOIL_22_COIL_2A->BOn update000data2trueANALOG_12_ANALOG_1A<->BOn update000data3trueANALOG_22_ANALOG_2A->BOn triggerEnable_Transfer100data5trueANALOG_32_ANALOG_3B->AOn triggerEnable_Transfer100data5true	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J
ANALOG_1       2_ANALOG_1       A<->B       On update       0       0       data3       true         ANALOG_2       2_ANALOG_2       A->B       On trigger       Enable_Transfer1       0       0       data4       true	COIL_1	2_COIL_1	A->B	On update		0	0	data1	true	1
ANALOG_2 2_ANALOG_2 A->B On trigger Enable_Transfer1 0 0 data4 true	COIL_2	2_COIL_2	A->B	On update		0	0	data2	true	1
	ANALOG_1	2_ANALOG_1	A<->B	On update		0	0	data3	true	1
ANALOG_3 2_ANALOG_3 B->A On trigger Enable_Transfer1 0 0 data5 true	ANALOG_2	2_ANALOG_2	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer1	0	0	data4	true	1
	ANALOG_3	2_ANALOG_3	B->A	On trigger	Enable_Transfer1	0	0	data5	true	1
ANALOG_4 2_ANALOG_4 A->B On trigger Enable_Transfer2 -10 20 data6 true	ANALOG_4	2_ANALOG_4	A->B	On trigger	Enable_Transfer2	-10	20	data6	true	1

Column	Description					
A to G	Same data as in the Data transfer editor					
Н	Unique identifier automatically associated to each line. Important: When you edit the .csv file and you add any extra line, make sure you enter a unique identifier in this column.					
I and J	Reserved for future use.					



Import/export use the separator character defined inside Windows Regional Settings.

## Data transfer limitations and suggestions

Correct definition of data transfer rules is critical for the good performance of the HMI devices. To guarantee reliability of operation and performance, keep in mind the following rules.

### On trigger method

The On trigger method allows only unidirectional transfers, (A->B or B->A)

Data transfer based on the **On Trigger** mode should be preferred since it allows you to force the transfer and monitors only the trigger tags and not all the tags involved in the transfer.

#### On update method

The **On update** method allows changing the values in accordance with the direction settings only when the source value changes.

Using the **On Update** method you force the system to continuously read all the defined source tags to check if there are changes that need to be transferred. The default value of the update rate of each tag is 500 ms and can be modified with Tag editor.

#### **Performance observations**

Data transfer performance depends on:

- number of data transfers defined,
- number of data transfers eventually occurring at the same time,
- frequency of the changes of the PLC variables that are monitored,



Important: Always test performance of operation during project development.



Important: If inappropriately set, data transfer tasks can lead to conditions where the tags involved create loops. Identify and avoid such conditions.



Tip: Use the scheduler to calibrate the update rate based on the performance of your entire project.



Tip: Use array type tags to optimize data transfer and reduce workload.



Tip: Reduce the number of data transfers to reduce page change time and boot time.

# 23 Offline node management

When one of the controllers communicating with the HMI device goes offline, communication performance of the system may eventually decrease.

The offline node management feature recognizes offline controllers and removes them from communication until they come back online.

Additionally, if you know that any of the controllers included in the installation is going to be offline for a certain time, you can manually disable it to maximize system performance.



Note: This feature is not supported by all communication protocols. Check protocol documentation to know if it is supported or not.

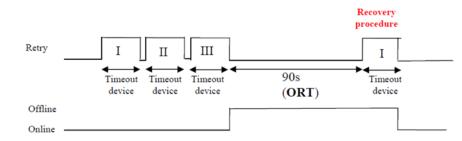
Offline node management process	306
Manual offline node management process	. 306
Manual offline configuration	. 306
Automatic offline node detection	. 307

# **Offline node management process**

Steps of the process are:

- The system communicates normally with a certain device. When the device is not responding to a communication request, the system will repeat the request twice before declaring the device offline.
- When a device is offline, the system sends communication requests to the device with a longer interval, called Offline Retry Timeout. If the device answers to one of these requests, the system declares it online and restarts normal communication.

The diagram shows the three communication attempts and the recovery procedure that starts when the Offline Retry Timeout is elapsed.



### Manual offline node management process

Offline node management can be done manually. When a specific device is online and it is communicating normally you can:

- use an action to declare the device offline: the system stops communication with the device.
- use an action to declare the device online: the system restarts normal communication with the device.

# Manual offline configuration

When you know that some devices in communication with the HMI device are going to remain offline for a certain period of time, you can exclude them from communication using the **EnableNode** action.



WARNING: All disabled device nodes will remain disabled if the same project is downloaded on the device, on the other hand, if a different project is downloaded, all disabled devices will be re-enabled. The same happens with a package update.



Tip: To make this feature more dynamic, you may decide not to indicate a specific **NodelD** but attach it to the value of a tag or to an internal variable created to identify different devices that might be installed in your network.



Note: When using the action **EnableNode** to force a device node back online, communication will start immediately.

## Automatic offline node detection

When a device is not answering to communication requests, it is de-activated. The HMI device stops sending requests to this device. After three seconds, the HMI device sends a single command to check if device is available, if so the communication is restarted, otherwise it is disabled for another timeout interval.

Default settings can be modified in Protocol editor.

2	1:Page1 protocols* x							
-	+ - ^ ~   🖓							
	PLC	Configuration	Dictionaries	Enable Offline Algorithm	Offline Retry Timeout (s)			
	Modbus RTU:prot1	CfgVer=1 defNodeId=1 timeout=2000	None available	<b>V</b>	3			
	System Variables:prot2	CfgVer=1 model=Default	None available		Not applicable			



Note: Not all protocols support this feature.

Parameter	Description
Enable Offline Algorithm	Enables offline management for the protocol
Offline Retry Timeout	Interval in seconds for the retry cycle after a device has been deactivated. Range: 1–86.400 seconds (24h).

# 24 Multi-language

Multi-language feature has been designed for creating HMI applications that include texts in more than one language at the same time

Multi-language feature uses code pages support to handle the different languages. A code page (or a script file) is a collection of letter shapes used inside each language.

Multi-language feature can be used to define languages and character sets in a project. xAscender Studio also extends the TrueType Fonts provided by Windows systems to provide different font faces associated with different character sets.

xAscender Studio also allows you to provide strings for each of the languages supported.

xAscender Studio also allows you to change the display language so that you can see the page look and feel during the design phase.

Appropriate fonts may need to be installed to manage the different languages. When adding font files, be aware that there may be license rights that need to be acquired in order to use them.



On the Internet, is easy to find several fonts provided with the open-source license as, e.g., the Noto family offered by Google (<u>www.google.com/get/noto</u>)

The Multi-language editor	
Changing language	
Multi-language widgets	
Exporting/importing multi-language strings	
Changing language at runtime	
Limitations in Unicode support	

# The Multi-language editor

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click MultiLanguage

ojectView ♀ × - ▲ ▲ ↓ 		ultiLang x 1:Pa	gel*					
	-	Add	Delete				Save Font	🚖 Default
Web		Language Name	Language Code	Writing system	Default Font	Fonts	Size	Storage
🖕 🗁 Config	1	<english></english>	en	Any	Tahoma	1	680.57 Kb	Removable
	2	Italian	it	Any	Arial	2	884.05 Kb	Removable
Screen Saver								

### Language settings

Parameter	Description
Language Name	Name identifying the language in the project.
Language Code	ISO 639 language code identifier, used to match language items when importing resources from external xml files.
Writing system	Select the set of fonts to be used with the language
Default Font	Default font for project's widgets.           Image: Note: When you choose a new font you are prompted to replace the font used in the widgets you already created.
Fonts	Number of fonts associated with the selected language.
Size	Memory used to store font files.
Storage	Location of file fonts is a removable external memory. Tip: Store large font files on removable memory to free memory requirements in the HMI device.

### Adding a language

- 1. In the Languages tab, click +: a line is added to the table.
- 2. Enter all language settings.
- 3. Click **Default** to set the selected language as the default language when the Runtime starts.
- 4. Click **Save Font** to copy the fonts you marked as **Removable** on an external memory.



Important: Font files configured to be stored on removable memory must be provided to the final user to complete font installation on the HMI device.

### **Removing fonts**

To remove fonts no longer needed:

1. Click on the font number in the Multi-language editor: a dialog with the list of the used fonts is displayed.

004.05		
Language: Englis		×
Fonts	Size	
Arial	754.34 Kb	
Comic Sans MS	129.72 Kb	Remove
	Fonts Arial	Fonts Size Arial 754.34 Kb

2. Select the fonts to be removed and click Remove: removed fonts are replaced with the default font.

### Language Keyboards

Up to three different custom keyboards can be defined for each language. The runtime will then select the keyboard based on the active language.

How to configure:

- 1. Create your own keyboards (eg KeyPad-EN and KeyPad-IT)
- 2. For each language, select the associated custom keyboard
- 3. In the data fields, select the keyboard of the language to use (e.g. keypad1).

The application on the HMI device will display the custom keyboard according to the selected language

Languages Text	1						
Language Name Languish> 2 Italiano	Language Code en-US it-IT	Writing system Any Any	Default Font Roboto Roboto	Fonts 3 1	Size 666.06 Kb 333.05 Kb	Storage Removable Removable	Save Font Default Keypad KeyPad-EN;default;default KeyPad-IT;default;default
<ul> <li>➢ Dictionaries</li> <li>✓ ➢ Keypads</li> <li>第 1: Ajchabet</li> <li>第 2: Calendar</li> <li>第 3: Numeric</li> <li>第 3: Numeric</li> <li>第 3: KeyPad-ET</li> <li>第 5: KeyPad-EN</li> </ul>			E Format None d Language	a × Wiger Gallen	elect keypads	X 2 V V	

# **Changing language**

### Changing language during page design

A combo box is available for changing language during page design. If no texts appears, please check **Text** tab in the Multilanguage editor and insert missing string.

File Edit Run F	Format View Window Hel	р
: 🗋 💕 📙 🗿 🗼	b 🖹 🕹 💽 🛇 🖉 🖕	<u>। स म</u> । २ २
🛛 🕰 🕴 Italian	• ;	
ProjectView	🔻 4 🗡 🚺 1:Pag	e1 MultiLang 🗙

# Multi-language widgets

Multi-language support is available for objects such as buttons, static text, messages, alarm descriptions and pop-up messages.

### Multi-language for label widgets

Double-click on a text widget in a page to open the Text dialog.

ext				
🛛 🖗 Multilanguage 🛛 Lang	1	→ B I U Roboto	•	~ <b>&gt;]</b>
Label				
-		-		
Choose text from other	widgets 🗸	Enable Live Tags	OK	Cancel

Enable/disable multi-language function, edit the text for the selected language and choose the font.



Note: Bold, italic and color properties set here for the widget are applied to all languages .

Parameter	Description
Multilanguage	Enable/disable multi-language function for the widget.
Choose text from other widget	Click on button to browse existing message strings in project to pick text for the widget.

### Multi-language for message widgets

Double-click on a message widget in a page to open the Message Text dialog.

			<b>` `</b>
+	-	Continuous Index Min: 0	
	Index	Message Description	
1	0	Zero	
2	1	One	
3	2	Two	
4	3	Three	

Parameter	Description					
Multilanguage	Enable/disable multi-language function for the widget.					
Continuous Index	Index for the widget is set of contiguous numbers (example 3, 4,5,6)					
Min	Starting number for index					
Range	Number of messages					
Choose text from other widget	Click on button to browse existing message strings in project to pick text for the widget.					

#### Multi-language for alarm messages

To add a multi-language strings for alarm messages:

- 1. Open the Alarm editor.
- 2. Select a language using the language combo box.
- 3. Enter the text for the alarm in the **Description** column.

F -	ĕ 🖏		[> (P-	Search	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Filter by: Name	✓ Alarms used: 9/2000	0
ame	Groups	Enable	Ack	Trigger	Tag	Description	Property	Value
Alarm 1			$\checkmark$	bitMaskAlarm:0	MRTU1	Load alarm page	Name	Alarm1
Alarm2		$\checkmark$		deviationAlarm:50.0 - 20.0	MRTU2	Increase alarm counter	Groups	
Alarm3		$\leq$	$\checkmark$	limitAlarm: 10-100	Tag1		Enable	true
Alarm4			Ц	valueAlarm:30	Tag2		Ack	true
Alarm5			H	valueAlarm:@Tag4 bitMaskAlarm:0	Tag3		Reset	false
Alarm6 Alarm7			H	bitMaskAlarm:0	Application/IOCO Application/IOCO		Buffer	AlarmBuffer 1
Alarm8			H	deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0			Trigger	bitMaskAlarm:0
Alarm9			Н	deviationAlarm: 50.0 - 20.0			Tag	MRTU1
							Remote Enable	none
							Remote Ack	none
							Ack Notify	none
							Action	LoadPage
							UserAction	
							Description	Coad alarm page
							Color	
							Ack Blink	false
							Severity	1-low
							Events	76,76,1,1
							Custom Field 1	
							Custom Field 2	



Tip: Text labels with alarm states displayed by alarms widgets can be translated or personalized through the Multilanguage text editor.

### Multi-Language for pop-up messages

To add a multi-language pop-up message:

- 1. Select a language from the language combo box.
- 2. Add the Page action ShowMessage and enter the text in the selected language.

ShowMessage()	Macro Script					
	ShowDialog	<ul> <li>Macro Properties</li> </ul>				
	Tag Actions	[	ShowMess	age		
	Data Transfer     ToggleBit     Write Tag     System Actions     Restart     EnterCFGMode     SaveConfiguration     ControlUserLED		message	Italian Pop up message		

# Exporting/importing multi-language strings

The easiest way to translate a project into multiple languages is to export all texts to a .csv file, translate the resulting document and then import the translated text back into the project.



Important: The .csv file exported by xAscender Studio is coded in Unicode, to edit it you need a specific tool supporting Unicode encoded .csv files.

### Exporting and reimporting strings

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click MultiLanguage

To export and re-import multi-language strings:

1. In the Text tab, click Export: all multi-language strings are exported to a .csv file.

If you use **Export Collapsed**, when the same text is found multiple times in the Default language, only one copy of the text to be translated is exported. Then, during the import, the translated text will be written inside all instances with the same source text.

uages Text			
Сору	Paste	h Y Filter by: Page V Show on user page	
Page	Widgetid	Lang1	Lang2
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.1	Error : You are not authorized. Please contact administrator	Error : You are not authorized. Please contact administrator
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.2	$\ensuremath{Error}$ : Connection lost with the Runtime. Please verify the Runtime status	Error : Connection lost with the Runtime. Please verify the Runtime status
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.3	Error : The username or password you entered is incorrect	Error : The username or password you entered is incorrect
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.4	Error : The password entered is incorrect	Error : The password entered is incorrect
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.5	Error : Action cannot be executed	Error : Action cannot be executed
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.6	Error : Passwords do not match	Error : Passwords do not match
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.7	Error: Password length too short	Error: Password length too short
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.8	Error: Password must contain numbers	Error: Password must contain numbers
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.9	Error: Password must contain special characters	Error: Password must contain special characters
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.10	Error: Password must be different than previous passwords	Error: Password must be different than previous passwords
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.11	Error : User already exist	Error : User already exist
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.12	Error:Password cannot be empty	Error:Password cannot be empty
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.13	Error: Your password has expired	Error: Your password has expired
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.14	Warning: Your password will expire soon	Warning: Your password will expire soon
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.21	Error: Password must contain number and special characters	Error: Password must contain number and special characters
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.22	Error: Password must contain lower case and upper case	Error: Password must contain lower case and upper case

Important: Set all languages that will be used in the project before exporting the file. This will guarantee that the exported file will contain all columns and language definitions.

guages Text	Paste	n Y Filter by: Page ∨ □ Show only user pages	Mimport
Page	Widgetid	Lang1	Lang2
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.1	Error : You are not authorized. Please contact administrator	Error : You are not authorized. Please contact administrator
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.2	$\ensuremath{Error}$ : Connection lost with the Runtime. Please verify the Runtime status	$\ensuremath{Error}$ : Connection lost with the Runtime. Please verify the Runtime status
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.3	Error : The username or password you entered is incorrect	Error : The username or password you entered is incorrect
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.4	Error : The password entered is incorrect	Error : The password entered is incorrect
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.5	Error : Action cannot be executed	Error : Action cannot be executed
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.6	Error : Passwords do not match	Error : Passwords do not match
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.7	Error: Password length too short	Error: Password length too short
AddUser.jmx	error_msg:messages.8	Error: Password must contain numbers	Error: Password must contain numbers
Page	Widgetid	<lang1></lang1>	Lang2
Page 1.jmx	label1:text	Label 10	Etichetta 1A
Page 1.jmx	label2:text	Label20	Etichetta 2B
Page 1.jmx	label4:text	Label30	Etichetta 3C
Project2.jpr	_TrendMgr:Timestamp	Timestamp	Timestamp
Project2.jpr	_TrendMgr:Date	Date	Date
Project2.jpr	_TrendMgr:Time	Time	Time
Project2.jpr	_TrendMgr:Quality	Quality	Quality
Project2.jpr	AlarmsMgr:Not Triggered	Not Triggered	Not Triggered

- 2. Once the strings have been translated, click **Import** to re-import them into the project: strings are imported matching the widget ID and the page number of each widget.
- 3. Click Save to save the new widget data.



Note: To change the separator used in the exported file, change the regional settings of your computer. When importing, the separator information is retrieved from the file; if not found, the default character "," is used.

### Import constraints

The following formats are supported for import:

- Comma Separated Values (.csv)
- Unicode Text (.txt)

1

Note: Use the Unicode Text file format when you import a file modified using Microsoft® Excel®.

# Changing language at runtime

## Changing language with an action

After the project download, the HMI Runtime will start using the language set as default. You can change the language using the **SetLanguage** action. See "MultiLanguage actions" on page 181.



Note: Once the language has been changed, it will be used also in future sessions.

The active language code is available from JavaScript API. See "curLangCode" on page 543 for additional details.

## **Missing fonts**

When you change language, if the required fonts are not available in the device memory, a pop-up message prompts you to insert the memory card containing the missing fonts. At the end of the operation you can remove the memory card.



# Limitations in Unicode support

xAscender Studio has been designed for working with Unicode text. However, for compatibility issues with some platforms, Unicode is supported only in a subset of properties.

Area	Property	Charset Accepted	Reserved Chars/Strings
Protocol editor	Alias	ASCII [32126]	(space),;:.<*>'
Tag editor	Name	ASCII [32126]	\/*?:>< "&#%;=
	Group	ASCII [32126]	<new> \/*?:&gt;&lt; "&amp;#%;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Comment&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Trends&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ASCII [32126]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;\/*?:&gt;&lt; "&amp;#%;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Printing Reports&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ASCII [32126]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;\/*?:&gt;&lt; "&amp;#%;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Alarms&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ASCII [36126]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;\/*?:&gt;&lt; "&amp;#%;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Description&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;[] - for live tags, \ escape seq for [ and \&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Events&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Buffer Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ASCII [32126]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;\/*?:&gt;&lt; "&amp;#%;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Scheduler&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ASCII [32126]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;\/*?:&gt;&lt; "&amp;#%;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Languages&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Language Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ASCII [32126]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;\/*?:&gt;&lt; "&amp;#%;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Texts in widgets&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;-&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Texts from import files&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;-&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;User Group&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Group Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;a-z A-Z_&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;admin,guest,unauthorized&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Comments&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;-&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;User&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ASCII [32126]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;\/*?:&gt;&lt; "&amp;#%;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Password&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;-&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Comment&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;-&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Recipes&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;"CurrentRecipe", "curSet, "AllRecipes",&lt;br&gt;"recipeList", "_defaultrecipe_",&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Set Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;"curRecipe", "curRecipeSetList",&lt;br&gt;"curRecipeSet", "CurrentSelectedSet",&lt;br&gt;"LastDownloadedSet",&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unicode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;"LastUploadedSet", "Name", "Value",&lt;br&gt;"Status"&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;General&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Project Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt; &lt;&gt;#&amp;:*/?%""\;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;"PUBLIC", "readme", "index.html"&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Page Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt; &lt;&gt;#&amp;:*/?%"\;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Dialog Page Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt; &lt;&gt;#&amp;:*/?%"\;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Template Page Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt; &lt;&gt;#&amp;:*/?%"\;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</new>

Area	Property	Charset Accepted	Reserved Chars/Strings
	Keypad Name	A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_	<>#&:*/?%"\;
	Files (Images/Video/etc)	A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_	< > # & : */? %"\;
	Widgets ID	A-Z,a-z,0-9,-,_	<>#&:*/?%"\;
Runtime	PLC Communication	UTF-8, Latin1, UCS-2BE, UCS-2LE, UTF-16BE, UTF-16LE	-
OPCUA	Node name	Unicode	\:.>< "&%;,
	Manufacture name	Unicode	\"&;,
	Product name	Unicode	\"&;,
	Server name	Unicode	\"&;,
	Organization	Unicode	\"&;,
	Location	Unicode	\"&;,
	State	Unicode	\"&;,
	Country	Unicode	\"&;,
	DNS	Unicode	\"&;,
	IP Address	Unicode	\"&;,
MQT	OnChange	Unicode	\/*?:.>< "&%;,
	OnTimer	Unicode	\/*?:.>< "&%;,
	All editable fields	Unicode	#, / +
Data Base Links	Name	Unicode	-
	DSN	Unicode	-
	Username	Unicode	-
	Password	Unicode	-
	Description	Unicode	-
	Database	Unicode	-

# 25 Scheduler

xAscender Studio provides a scheduler engine that can execute specific actions at set intervals, or on a time basis.

Creating a schedule is typically a two-step process:

- 1. You create a schedule with a list of actions to be executed when the scheduled event occurs. You do this in the Scheduler editor
- 2. You create a runtime user interface that allows the end-user to change settings for each schedule. You do this adding a **Scheduler** widget to a page of your project and configuring it to fit user scheduling needs.

Creating a schedule	
HighResolution schedule	
Recurring schedule	
Configuring location for schedules	
Configuring the Scheduler widget	
Scheduling events at runtime	

# **Creating a schedule**

#### Path: ProjectView> Config> double-click Scheduler

• Click + to add a schedule.

ProjectView	ф Х	1:Page1* protocols Ta	ags Alarms* Ev	rents Buffer* Scheduler* 🗙
- 4 ^	$\sim$	+ - ^ ~		
🖃 🔚 Project1		TID Name	Туре	Schedule
Project1		1 Schedule1	Recurring	Daily, Time, 04:19 PM
🚊 👘 Pages		▶ 2 Schedule2	Recurring	Daily, Time, 04:19 PM
🖦 🖬 1 : Page1	/			
🚊 🛅 Config	- <i>I</i>			
Protocols				
🛅 Tags				
Trends	/			
🛁 Alarms	/			
🚽 📝 Events Buffer				
MultiLanguage				
in commen				

# Schedule parameters

Parameter	Description				
ID	Unique code assigned automatically to the schedule				
Name	Name of schedule				
Туре	Type of schedule:				
	<ul> <li>Recurring, see "Recurring schedule" on the facing page for details.</li> <li>HighResolution, see "HighResolution schedule" on the facing page for details</li> </ul>				
Schedule	Scheduler settings and options. See "Recurring schedule" on the facing page for details.				
Schedule Action	Actions to be executed at the scheduled time         The macros added in the action field are executed on the server-side with the exception of the below macros that will be executed even on client-side (e.g. xA4Web).         • loadPage         • prevPage         • nextPage         • showDialog         • setLanguage         • jsAction				
Priority	Priority level for the event. If two schedules occur at the same time, the event with the higher priority will be executed first.				

# **HighResolution schedule**

The **HighResolution** schedule is used to perform actions that need to be repeated at specified intervals. The interval between executions is set in milliseconds in the **Schedule** column.



Note: You cannot change at runtime the settings of this type of schedule. If you need to change the action time settings at runtime, choose **Recurring** schedule and set **Type** to **Every**. See "Recurring schedule" below for details.

# **Recurring schedule**

The Recurring schedule is used to perform actions at specified points in time. Settings can be modified at runtime.

### **Recurring scheduler parameters**

Parameter	Description			
Туре	Frequency of the scheduled actions			
Mode	Specific settings required by each scheduler type			
Condition	oolean tag (true/false) to activate the specified actions at the moment the timer is triggered. ctions will be executed if tag = true. By default, actions are executed when the timer is iggered. Note: Only tags attached to the Boolean data type are shown.			
Actions	Actions to be executed by the schedule.  Important: Actions and schedule parameters cannot be modified at runtime			
Date	Date when the scheduled actions will be executed			
Time/Offset	This field display one of the following:			
	Time = when the scheduled actions will be executed			
	Offset= delay or advance with respect to the selected mode.			
Location	Reference location to calculate sunset/sunrise time.			
weekdays	Days of the week in which the scheduled actions will be executed.			
On startup	Executes schedule at start up			
Enable schedule	Enables/disables the schedule			
Execute only at startup	Executes the schedule only once at start up			

# Schedule type options

Option	Description
By Date	Actions are executed on the specified date and time.
Daily	Actions are executed daily at the specified time.
Every	Actions are executed with the specified interval (Range: 1 s–1 day)
Hourly	Actions are executed every hour at the specified minute.
Monthly	Actions are executed every month at the specified date and time.
Weekly	Actions are executed every week on the specified weekday(s) and time.
Yearly	Actions are executed every year at the specified date and time.

# Schedule mode options

Option	Description				
Time	Depends on the schedule type. Allows you to specify date/time/week data.				
Random10	Actions are executed in the time interval of 10 minutes before or after the set time.				
	For example, if set time is 10:30, actions are executed any time between 10:20 and 10:40.				
Random20	Actions are executed in the time interval of 20 minutes before or after the set time.				
	For example, if set time is 10:30, actions are executed any time between 10:10 and 10:50.				
Sunrise+	Actions are executed with a specified delay after sunrise. The delay is set in minutes/hours and sunrise time is location specific.				
Sunrise-	Actions are executed with a specified advance before sunrise. The advance is set in minutes/hours and sunrise time is location specific.				
Sunset+	Actions are executed with a specified delay after sunset. The delay is set in minutes/hours and sunset time is location specific.				
Sunset-	Actions are executed with a specified advance before sunset. The advance is set in minutes/hours and sunset time is location specific.				

See "Configuring location for schedules" on the facing page for details on sunset and sunrise settings.



Note: Mode options are not available for all schedule types.

# **Configuring location for schedules**

Scheduled actions can be configured to be executed at a specific time with respect to sunrise and/or sunset. To do this you need to define the correct location, based on UTC information. The system will the automatically calculate the sunrise and sunset time.

Only a few locations are available by default. If your location is not listed, you can add it by entering latitude, longitude and UTC information in the Target\_Location.xml file.



Important: Each platform has its own Target\_Location.xml file.

### Location files position

Application	Location file path
xAscender Studio	Panasonic Industry Terminal\xAscender Suite\languages\shared\studio\config\Target_ Location.xml
HMI Devices	Panasonic Industry Terminal\xAscender Suite\runtime\ <hw platform="">\config\Target_ Location.xml</hw>
Simulator	Panasonic Industry Terminal\xAscender Suite\simulator\config\Target_Location.xml

For example, the information for Greenwich (UK) is shown below:

#### <file city="Greenwich,UK" latitude="51.47" longitude="0" utc="0"/>

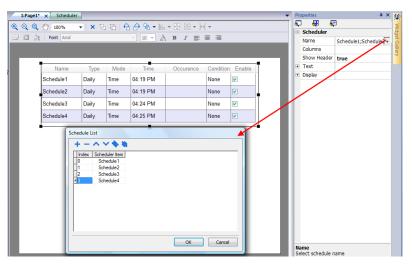
Location information is also displayed in the dialog together with sunset and sunrise times.

Schedule1 F	Properties			×
Type:	Daily ~	Date;	N/A 🔹	Mon Tues
Mode:	Sunrise+ V	Offset	00:00	Wed Thurs Fri
Condition:		Location:	Greenwich,UK 🗸	Sat
Actions:				
SunRise Ti	System Times:(GMT) ime:04:35:04 ne:19:20:08		]On startup ]Enable schedule	
			Ok	Cancel

# **Configuring the Scheduler widget**

To display scheduler data on a page:

- 1. Drag and drop a **Scheduler** widget from the widget gallery into the page.
- 2. In the **Properties** pane, click + for the **Name** parameter: the **Schedule List** dialog is displayed.
- 3. Add all the schedules you want to display in the page.



4. In the **Properties** pane, customize all settings.

### **Scheduler settings**

Parameter	Description		
Name	Schedule to be displayed		
Columns	olumns to be displayed and their characteristics		
Show Header	Shows/hides column headers		
Time Spec	Time to be displayed at runtime		
Text	Font used for text		
Display	Table styles		

# Scheduling events at runtime

At runtime you can modify the following scheduling parameters.

Name	Туре	Mode	Time	Occurenc	e Con	dition	Enable	
Schedule1	By Date	Time	11:01	FEB 24,2022	Non	е	~	
Schedule2	Monthly	Sunrise+	11:01	Day : 03	Non	е	~	
Schedule3	Weekly	Rando	16:19	MTWTFS	S Non	e	~	
Schedule4	Yearly	Time	01:00		Days	of the	week	×
Schedule5	Daily	Time	01:16					
Schedule6	Every	Time	00:00:05	Mon	Tue		Wed	Thu
				MOIT	Tue		weu	mu
				Fri	Sat		Sun	All

Days of the week X						
Mon	Tue	Wed Thu				
Fri	Sat	Sun	All			
<b>₽</b> OK X Cancel						

Parameter Description	
Occurrence	Information on the type of schedule and time of execution
Condition	Condition applied to action execution
Enable	Enabels/disables the execution of the scheduled actions without deleting the schedule.

See "Recurring schedule" on page 321 for details on schedule parameters.

# 26 21 CFR Part 11

xAscender Studio includes a set of functions for responding to the requirements specified in FDA 21 CFR Part 11. The standard is intended to provide a solution for securely handling electronic records and electronic signatures in industrial applications.

The table lists all the requirements specified by the regulation and reports the functions available in xAscender Studio for compliance.



FDA 21 CFR Part 11 compliance is optional during application development and the application developer is responsible to configure the application in the proper way.

Chapter	Description	xAscender Studio compliance level	
11.10(a)	(a) Validation of systems to ensure accuracy, reliability, consistent intended performance, and the ability to discern invalid or altered records.	Reports generated by xAscender Studio can be signed using x.509 Certificates. A certificate that includes the public key, necessary to verify the signature of reports, will be exported with the report.	
		References:	
		<ul> <li>"SaveEventArchive" on page 208</li> </ul>	
		"PrintGraphicReport" on page 192	
11.10(b)	The ability to generate accurate and complete copies of records in both human readable and electronic form suitable for inspection, review, and copying by the agency. Persons should contact the agency if there are any questions regarding the ability of the agency to perform such review and copying of the electronic records.	Application developer can select the resources (process values, alarms, etc.) whose changes will be tracked to the audit trail. Each change of the selected resources will be recorded with the name of the operator doing the change. The audit trail reports can be exported to .csv or .pdf files. References:	
		"Enable/disable audit trail" on page 356	
		<ul> <li>"Exporting audit trail as .csv files" on page 361</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>"SaveEventArchive" on page 208</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>"Printing audit table" on page 360</li> </ul>	
		"PrintGraphicReport" on page 192	
11.10(c)	Protection of records to enable their accurate and ready retrieval throughout the records retention period.	Applications can be developed to self-generate signed reports to external memory or network folders at predefined interval (e.g. at the end of the day) or when circular buffer is full. User is responsible to keep these reports saved for the retention period.	
		References:	

Chapter	Description	xAscender Studio compliance level
		"SaveEventArchive" on page 208
		<ul> <li>"PrintGraphicReport" on page 192</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>"Scheduler" on page 319</li> </ul>
11.10(d)	Limiting system access to authorized individuals.	Application developer is responsible for the appropriate security configuration of the application.
		References:
		<ul> <li>"User management and passwords" on page 341</li> </ul>
11.10(e)	Use of secure, computer-generated, time-stamped audit trails to independently record the date and time of operator entries and actions that create, modify, or delete electronic records. Record changes shall not obscure previously recorded information. Such audit trail documentation shall be retained for a period at least as long as that required for the subject electronic records and shall be available for agency review and copying.	Audit trail records are stored using a circular buffer (this is to ensure that the device will not run out of memory). Audit trails cannot be modified by the operator. Each record contains a sequential number to easily check the presence of all records. The application can be developed to save/export a copy of the data at regular intervals (e.g. at the end of each day); operator is responsible for storing copy of reports in a safe place.
		References:
		<ul> <li>"Exporting audit trail as .csv files" on page 361</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>"SaveEventArchive" on page 208</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>"Printing audit table" on page 360</li> </ul>
		"PrintGraphicReport" on page 192
		"Scheduler" on page 319
11.10(f)	Use of operational system checks to enforce permitted sequencing of steps and events, as appropriate.	Macros or JavaScript can be used to configure command sequences in the application.
11.10(g)	Use of authority checks to ensure that only	The HMI application can be configured
	authorized individuals can use the system, electronically sign a record, access the operation or computer system input or output device, alter a	<ul> <li>to be accessible only after user sign in with its own password</li> </ul>
	record, or perform the operation at hand.	<ul> <li>objects can be configured to be available or not available depending on the user who logged in to the system</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>resources can be configured to require a password confirmation before be modified</li> </ul>
		References:
		<ul> <li>"User management and passwords" on page 341</li> </ul>

Chapter	Description	xAscender Studio compliance level	
		"Electronic Signature" on page 357	
11.10(h)	Use of device (e.g., terminal) checks to determine, as appropriate, the validity of the source of data input or operational instruction.	Resources can be configured to be accessible only from selected user groups. List of allowed IP address can be configured from the User Management settings.	
		References:	
		<ul> <li>"Modifying access permissions" on page 343</li> </ul>	
11.10(i)	Determination that persons who develop, maintain, or use electronic record/electronic signature systems have the education, training, and experience to perform their assigned tasks.	Application developer is responsible to define and assign the appropriate user rights to each user that have access at the HMI device	
11.10(j)	The establishment of, and adherence to, written policies that hold individuals accountable and responsible for actions initiated under their electronic signatures, in order to deter record and signature falsification.	Application developer is responsible for establishing appropriate procedures.	
11.10(k)	Use of appropriate controls over systems documentation including:	Application developer is responsible for establishing appropriate procedures.	
	(1) Adequate controls over the distribution of, access to, and use of documentation for system operation and maintenance.		
	(2) Revision and change control procedures to maintain an audit trail that documents time- sequenced development and modification of systems documentation.		
11.30	Persons who use open systems to create, modify, maintain, or transmit electronic records shall employ procedures and controls designed to ensure the authenticity, integrity, and, as appropriate, the confidentiality of electronic records from the point of their creation to the point of their receipt. Such procedures and controls shall include those identified in 11.10, as appropriate, and additional measures such as document encryption and use of appropriate digital signature standards to ensure, as necessary under the circumstances, record authenticity, integrity, and confidentiality.	xAscender Studio has been designed for operation in closed systems.	
11.50(a)	Signed electronic records shall contain information associated with the signing that clearly indicates all of the following:	All records will be added to the audit trail with time stamp and user id of logged user. References:	
	(1) The printed name of the signer;		

Chapter	Description	xAscender Studio compliance level
	(2) The date and time when the signature was executed; and	<ul> <li>"Exporting audit trail as .csv files" on page 361</li> </ul>
	(3) The meaning (such as review, approval, responsibility, or authorship) associated with the signature.	<ul> <li>"Table audit widget" on page 359</li> </ul>
11.50(b)	The items identified in paragraphs $(a)(1)$ , $(a)(2)$ , and $(a)(3)$ of this section shall be subject to the same controls as for electronic records and shall be included as part of any human readable form of the electronic record (such as electronic display or printout).	
11.70	Electronic signatures and handwritten signatures executed to electronic records shall be linked to their respective electronic records to ensure that the signatures cannot be excised, copied, or otherwise transferred to falsify an electronic record by ordinary means.	Application developer is responsible for avoiding using the macros that permit the import/export of user passwords.
11.100(a)	Each electronic signature shall be unique to one individual and shall not be reused by, or reassigned to, anyone else.	System will ensure that two users with the same id cannot be defined. It is user responsibility to avoid removal and reassignment of the same user id to a different user.
11.100(b)	Before an organization establishes, assigns, certifies, or otherwise sanctions an individual's electronic signature, or any element of such electronic signature, the organization shall verify the identity of the individual.	User responsibility.
11.100(c)	Persons using electronic signatures shall, prior to or at the time of such use, certify to the agency that the electronic signatures in their system, used on or after August 20, 1997, are intended to be the legally binding equivalent of traditional handwritten signatures.	User responsibility.
	(1) The certification shall be submitted in paper form and signed with a traditional handwritten signature, to the Office of Regional Operations (HFC-100), 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857.	
	(2) Persons using electronic signatures shall, upon agency request, provide additional certification or testimony that a specific electronic signature is the legally binding equivalent of the signer's handwritten signature.	
11.200(a)	(a) Electronic signatures that are not based upon	xAscender Studio Security functions are based on

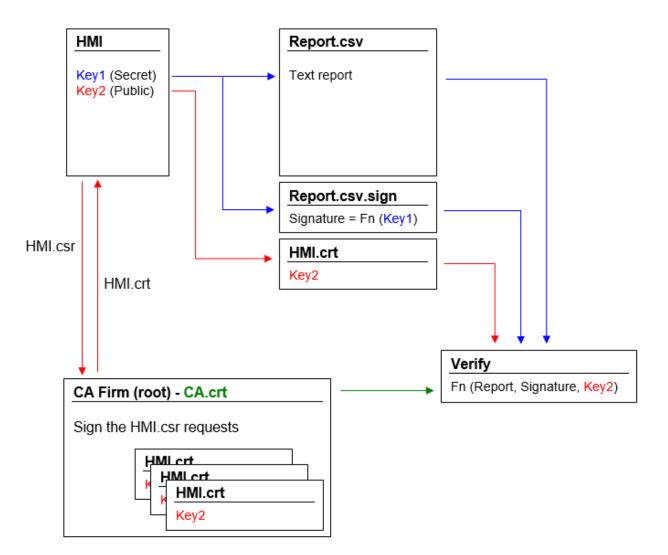
Chapter	Description	xAscender Studio compliance level		
	biometrics shall: (1) Employ at least two distinct identification components such as an identification code and password.	the combination Username/ Password.		
	<ul> <li>(i) When an individual executes a series of signings during a single, continuous period of controlled system access, the first signing shall be executed using all electronic signature components; subsequent signings shall be executed using at least one electronic signature component that is only executable by, and designed to be used only by, the individual.</li> <li>(ii) When an individual executes one or more signings not performed during a single, continuous period of controlled system access, each signing shall be executed using all of the electronic signature components.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Users must enter name and password to access the system. Critical actions can be configured to require entering again the password before execution is started.</li> <li>References: <ul> <li>"User management and passwords" on page 341</li> <li>"Electronic Signature" on page 357</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>(2) Be used only by their genuine owners; and</li> <li>(3) Be administered and executed to ensure that attempted use of an individual's electronic signature by anyone other than its genuine owner requires collaboration of two or more individuals.</li> </ul>	Each user is responsible to not divulge own password. Passwords defined by administrator for first access can be forced to be redefined at first use. References: • "Configuring users" on page 350		
11.200(b)	Electronic signatures based upon biometrics shall be designed to ensure that they cannot be used by anyone other than their genuine owners.	xAscender Studio does not support biometrics.		
11.300(a)	Maintaining the uniqueness of each combined identification code and password, such that no two individuals have the same combination of identification code and password.	It is not possible to define to define two users with the same User ID		
11.300(b)	Ensuring that identification code and password issuances are periodically checked, recalled, or revised (e.g., to cover such events as password aging).	System can be configured to force each users to define a new and different password after a configurable number of days References: • "Configuring users" on page 350		
11.300(c)	Following loss management procedures to electronically deauthorize lost, stolen, missing, or otherwise potentially compromised tokens, cards, and other devices that bear or generate identification code or password information, and to issue temporary or permanent replacements using	Users can change their password at any time. Administration can redefine each user's password and force them to redefine at the first login. References: • "User management actions" on page 217		

Chapter	Description	xAscender Studio compliance level		
	suitable, rigorous controls.	"Configuring users" on page 350		
11.300(d)	Use of transaction safeguards to prevent unauthorized use of passwords and/or identification codes, and to detect and report in an immediate and urgent manner any attempts at their unauthorized use to the system security unit, and, as appropriate, to organizational management.	Failed logging attempts are logged to audit trail.		
11.300(e)	Initial and periodic testing of devices, such as tokens or cards, that bear or generate identification code or password information to ensure that they function properly and have not been altered in an unauthorized manner.	User is responsible for ensuring appropriate measures.		

# x.509 Certificate

To ensure authenticity of reports generated by HMI devices, xAscender HMI Runtime can generate reports with signed files to verify the authenticity and the integrity of the generated reports.

xAscender HMI Runtime uses asymmetric cryptography keys to sign files and x.509 standard to manage public key certificates. The picture shows the architecture.



The public key can be signed by a Certificate Authority (CA) that guarantees its authenticity.

### Workflow

- 1. Each HMI device contains two keys:
  - Key1 is the secret key, that is used to sign the reports generated by the HMI device. This key is securely stored inside the HMI device.
  - Key2 is the public key that anyone can use to verify the authenticity of the reports signed by the HMI device.
- 2. The macros "SaveEventArchive" or "PrintGraficReport" can be used to generate signed reports (see "SaveEventArchive" on page 208 or "PrintGraphicReport" on page 192 for additional details)
- 3. For the .csv file, you can use the public key and the signed file to verify the report is authentic and not tampered. (See "Signed CSV files" on page 335)
- 4. For the .pdf file, you can use a PDF reader to verify the report is authentic and not tampered. (See "Signed PDF files" on page 337)

## The internal x.509 certificate files

Each HMI devices already have a self-signed certificate. You are free to use it, ask a Certificate Authority to sign it, create a new one using the information that you prefer or to upload and use your own certificate. All operations are available from the device "*System Settings*" (see the x.509 Certificate section inside the "System Settings" on page 595).



Note that you can never retrieve the private key from the HMI device. You can instead provide a certificate with both private and public keys.

#### Use the self-signed certificate

To use the self-signed certificate you have to do nothing. Simply, use the macros that generate signed reports. Even if the certificate will be provided from the macros, you can use the "*System settings*" to retrieve your copy of the certificate (just to be sure of the originality of the certificate).

#### Use a certificate signed from a Certificate Authority

To use your signed HMI certificate from a certificate authority you must download the certificate signing request file from the "*System settings*" panel. Sending and asking a certificate authority to sign the certificate (generally this is a pay operation) and then upload the signed certificate to the HMI device.



After retrieving the "certificate signed request" file to send to the certificate authority, be sure to never regenerate a new certificate otherwise the internal private key associated with the certificate send to the authority will be lost.

#### Use your own certificate

If you have your own Certificate and you like to use it, you can upload it inside the HMI device from the "System Settings" panel. Note that you must provide both private and public keys.



When the certificate contains a private key, the current private key will be substituted with the key found in the certificate and it will not be possible to recover it.

Example of a certificate with both public and private keys (certificates are encoded base64).

#### 🔚 ssl-certificate.crt 🔀

_	
1	BEGIN CERTIFICATE
2	MIIDBDCCAewCCQDcBYW7PYwJsDANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADBEMQswCQYDVQQGEwJJ
3	VDEPMA0GA1UEBwwGVmVyb25hMRMwEQYDVQQKDApUZXN0T2ZmaWN1MQ8wDQYDVQQD
4	DAZITUktMDQwHhcNMTcwNjI2MDgwOTQ1WhcNMTgwNjI2MDgwOTQ1WjBEMQswCQYD
5	VQQGEwJJVDEPMA0GA1UEBwwGVmVyb25hMRMwEQYDVQQKDApUZXN0T2ZmaWN1MQ8w
6	DQYDVQQDDAZITUktMDQwggEiMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQDc
7	Nlp2kswcbLh4IxS6eeCgQ4EAUHCRpaZ5YPfQ/un9/s0tejaa3Si3Pcqv3JqddJM8
8	mJEZaPF/+HhAEhtC+rv57TbgullUQJdoQpfoGChofpULforXZt2BfdWNx67plNoa
9	YM3ElaNtAKIW2o6S9HGEv1kf09XFLGkFgeMgC59+SejgguCNT0m99m6fNa591017
10	UDJFINkC3bxtONj+WiL/iEZYkHXacaN9q06fx+2NfmiSsXGPnmSys5mocqo89tMa
11	TjyeF7jYpDccCpJ9pY4xRjRpcIkDCM7PabVoG/ascSMUU6XPE2R0W4UJ6bPAygD6
12	QLKCCq0BUi6/eUj0pnanAgMBAAEwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQADggEBAMLfIEXQOEjS
13	OpwVkzNxXmL/A6PLU5BK1hVYHb7ofb2Z37zN69vCn8ESglAFYK7QhkhJu3zAD+jH
14	fYBVKVdxfd3HS8EmcDWxpC6F21fgqsSqepMRTbKbsSaO53a7JsXtwnHVNfG6EBZV
15	<pre>8tqS1Gc4RwtJeVZJe1UdmWSBD4Fc7asFeBCKqLrHJinz7buj3I4fLcyscTaMTBI9</pre>
16	fsE7poEpWvKc7NWtKYZg1GG3AG6xONu3sEahcJ5k+UVdh/QQdAiCt3vG+JJ/owYU
17	sd30WIZ4pNzG/GUH9MbJyvI4ftA8IvEhGxHvi3xt7slJnvYQDaghOEDhdtGvilOr
18	nJZ2FZOBCEI=
19	END CERTIFICATE
20	BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY
21	MIIEpAIBAAKCAQEA3DZadpLMHGy4eCMUunngoEOBAFBwkaWmeWD30P7p/f7NLXo2
22	mt0otz3Kr9yanXSTPJiRGWjxf/h4QBIbQvq7+e024LtZVECXaEKX6BgoaH6VC36K
23	12bdgX3Vjceu6dTaGmDNxJWjbQCiFtgOkvRxhL5ZH9PVxSxpBYHjIAuffkno4ILg
24	jU9JvfZunzWufZdCO1AyRSDZAt28bTjY/loi/4hGWJB12nGjfatOn8ftjX5okrFx
25	j55ksrOZqHKqPPbTGk48nhe42KQ3HAqSfaWOMUY0aXCJAwjOz2mlaBv2rHEjFFOl
26	zxNkdFuFCemzwMoA+kCyggqtAVIuv3119KZ2pwIDAQABAoIBAGnamsuqrwDu5hGh
27	02H8GhUPvd/3ytTISujHyvgkwTf+FoTI3Zy9uMe0pUy5/3y2v9v9/qm3P3djafJq
28	gb5Fprxx4dJPXJZaYi2U7U585lesmVgoHneCk/GeGlyH4zWlwo2xgNgBkkhgaIoR
29	zz0m0bachVz+SCD6wxUJpbMOw0FBw54oPL0XS/gD+76S9ET7xmgZAS5xV/w8Khht
30	PtjPfT58GKhqVIC9cMrrBrkuGQPrNrDaJMPsQDxrFp7POQm4+GivrUJ0FA9Vtx46
31	C5QhXqVps/B0Do3mjeOcj2b/FqsvG7WCc5PWOAcCqStmDx1+DQZOIVFSTrE4kdpg
32	mNn/80kCgYEA88Xfmqg0ta831pe9b6U0BaLvvs1gxgXmCmkyvK7Ru+iKyPUMzxB+
33	BjGWeeiZuigmIhXfFu3eBs5xOgDrUxf9j55sJAFamljG4LTyun378RnOdA87fflq
34	rpF4oPKVfTrfXXzZkeIg0eX2tD6Lsn3+MJwYqpefovxmyJA3kPgcGv0CgYEA50H0
35	HQififZZ2nApgPf/jJpU7hBLC45cSXvE2MX2I3rd3ptGwzKRo/1Zks1bvQutqRln
36	slyEF+c9LCz6g7FYhJoewChLqCVfe29GxBzHeJloxZwmxDXi8L4vmEDphwlcV8b3
37	ExHqU1MGu1NHGe1PIR1LKeEsbTQU+OVHuNv443MCgYEA7rMKYh11C6bYCsjowSMG
38	TqKembX84cqy1+zstp+EVbi99Usm0Lc4f/4cd6EQrp1Twbqi6YPgDdAmRQLTa1kp
39	e3FIOPVub4aQr0XgDEcC5bI8W57yxUr2JLjjYs5HHQoB4Dw5m0TOmFnS+enoxs3i
40	kly3Nowjz+fRCYFWN8kLVE0CgYEA43CLLK7ZcW9XKa2cNBo0PE1g8A4YMJJfk2nl
41	zKjNjlF9ujyO2NV4RYOsI+RSsFe3ARdJcS6xP20OTc8ixrh57VhCnAxFdGblQpFy
42	oNgJGkf9zjPoMJsqykjSOHTG+CctqaqmPxwkkLScbIW4PPSn/U6KDPNHpVNOuQeO
43	hXHak58CgYBLW1719vgYhUiSWc9Gd3mCSxpAb6y8RcyTgqF76K8v4MalLPqFkEtD
44	0BaFtlA+PtMLk20DTRH4XU18oc9eV+7VDFkPJ8T0A2VwjzjMgNAd+vKlm4n0EBTt UhegY0k8yLxS1ZvuYiVnHvKBIoF/G2ckwrxj09KVE+SA45Ex0Px5gQ==
45	
46	END RSA PRIVATE KEY



You can import inside each HMI device the same certificate file to have a unique public certificate file for all your HMI devices.

# **Signed CSV files**

Reports generated in CSV format using the **SaveEventArchive** macro can be signed using the x.509 certificate included inside the HMI device. The signature makes sure that nobody tampered with the content of the document since it was

signed.

See also:

- The SaveEventArchive parameters ("SaveEventArchive" on page 208)
- How to provide an x.509 Certificate to Linux devices ("x.509 Certificate" on page 609)

When required, using Signed=True, the SaveEventArchive macro in addition of the [ReportName].csv generate other two files:

- [ReportName].csv.sign
- ssl-[CertificateName].crt

Where the [ReportName].csv.sign is the signature of the report and the ssl-[CertificateName].crt is a copy of the x.509 certificate of the HMI device. Note that you can retrieve the certificate of the HMI device even from the System Setting of the HMI device.

### How to verify the report's signature using the public OpenSSL library

To verify that nobody has tampered the content of the report you need

- be sure the ssl-[CertificateName].crt is coming from the HMI device
- use a tool to verify the signature (e.g. OpenSSL-Win32)

#### Reference .: https://www.openssl.org/

To verify that the .csv report generate from HMI device has not tampered you can install a public OpenSSL library, copy all files generated from the macro inside the same folder and use the below batch file

> CSV	
Name	
🔊 report.csv	
report.csv.sign	
SignatureVerification.cmd	
🔄 ssl-myHMI.crt	

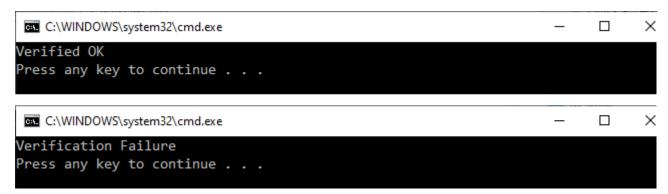
#### File: SignatureVerification.cmd

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.exe"
set FileToCheck=Report.csv
set hmiCertificate=ssl-myHMI.crt
rem Extract public key from the certificate
%OpenSSL% x509 -in %hmiCertificate% -pubkey -noout > publicKey.pem
rem Verify Signature
%OpenSSL% dgst -sha256 -verify publicKey.pem -signature %FileToCheck%.sign
%FileToCheck%
rem Remove public key
```

#### del publicKey.pem

#### pause

The below pictures are showing the possible outputs of the batch file



# **Signed PDF files**

Reports generated in PDF format using the **PrintGraphicReport** macro can be signed using the x.509 certificate included inside the HMI device. The signature makes sure that nobody tampered with the content of the document since it was signed.

See also:

- The PrintGraficReport parameters ("PrintGraphicReport" on page 192)
- How to provide an x.509 Certificate to Linux devices ("x.509 Certificate" on page 609)

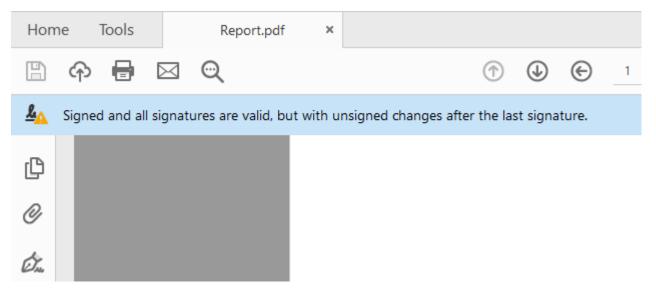
When you open the file, the PDF reader tries to decide if the signature is valid then it looks at the certificate used to sign the document.

### x.509 certificate signed from a Certificate Authority

If you have uploaded to the operator panel a valid x.509 certificate, signed by a Certification Authority, when you open the generated PDF file you will get a message that highlights the document is valid.

Hon	ne	Tools		Report.pdf
B	ዏ		$\bowtie$	Q
<u>k</u> ö	Signe	d and al	ll signat	ures are valid.
Ð				
Ø	I			
4	I			
(Car				

If the document has been modified, it will be highlighted with a different message.



#### **Certificate Trust and Authenticity**

Trust of signed certificates depends on the issuer of the certificate. The PDF reader will trust a certificate if you have told it to trust the issuer of that particular certificate. By default the Adobe Reader only trust certificates issued by Adobe or one of their partners. This means that it will show a warning if the certificate wasn't issued by one of these authorities. Microsoft Windows also uses certificates for validating software vendors and content providers. You can configure your Adobe Reader to trust these issuers in addition to the Adobe partners.

Check inside the preferences of the PDF reader if you want to enable the PDF reader to use even the Microsoft Windows certificates

#### Windows Integration

Trust ALL root certificates in the Windows Certificate Store for:

✓ Validating Signatures

Validating Certified Documents

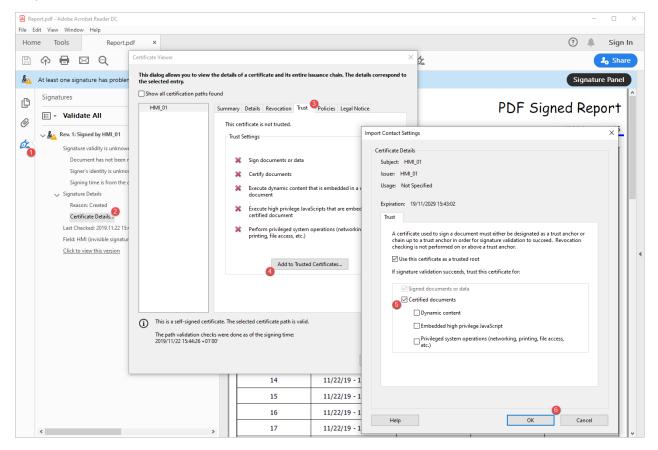
Selecting either of these options may result in arbitrary material being treated as trusted content. Take care before enabling these features.

### x.509 self signed certificate

A self-signed certificate is a certificate that is not signed by a certificate authority (CA).

This means that PDF Reader can confirm the file is signed and not tampered, but cannot confirm the signature (alias the certificate) is authentic. Is the user have to take care to verify the certificate is authentic (for example, making sure that the document was actually produced by the panel) and confirm to the PDF reader that the certificate included in the document is valid and that can be considerate valid even for the next reports.

Steps to manual confirm that the certificate is authentic:



Now, if you close and reopen the PDF document you will get the valid signature. Moreover, even all other documents produced from the same HMI device will be shown with the correct signature because the information that the certificate is authentic has been stored inside settings of the PDF Reader.

Hon	ne	Tools		Report.pdf
	എ	•	$\bowtie$	Q
<u>k</u> o	Signe	d and al	l signat	ures are valid.
þ				
6				
Ø.				
Øri,				

# **Compliant applications**

Suggestions to development a CFR11 compliant applications

### User management macros

User management macros that could be use from any user

- Login
- Logout
- SwitchUser
- ChangePassword

User management macros that could be used from administrator only

- ResetPassword
- AddUser
- EditUsers
- ExportUsers,

Deprecated macros that must not be used inside CFR 21 part 11 compliance applications

- ImportUsers
- DeleteUser
- DeleteUMDynamicFiles,

# 27 User management and passwords

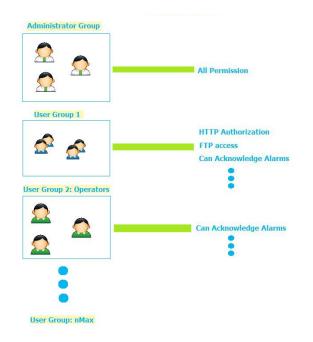
You can restrict access to various widgets and operations by configuring users, users groups and assigning specific authorizations to each group.

Each user must be member of one and only one group. Each group has specific authorizations and permissions.

Authorizations and permissions are divided in two categories:

- Widget permissions: hide, read only, full access
- Action permissions: allowed or not allowed.

By organizing permissions and groups you can define the security options of a project.



Enable/disable security management	
Configuring groups and authorizations	
Modifying access permissions	
Assigning widget permissions from page view	
Configuring users	
Default user	
Managing users at runtime	
Force remote login	

# Enable/disable security management

#### Path: ProjectView> right-click Security> Enable

The padlock symbol indicates whether the function is enabled or disabled.

📩 🚰 Security	
	Enable
	Force Remote Login
🚊 🤓 Audit man	

Important: Security settings are effective only if the security function is enabled.

# **Configuring groups and authorizations**

Path: ProjectView> Security> double-click UserGroups

	$+ - \wedge \vee$	· 📭 💼					
roject2	A Name	Authorized	Home Page	Use Last Visited Page	Comments	Authorization Settings	
Project properties	admin	true		<b>~</b>	administrator group	admin.Auth	
Pages	guest	true		<b>V</b>		guestAuth	
' 🔓 Unified	unauthorized	false		<b>v</b>		unauthorizedAuth	
V 📄 Normal							
🎓 1 : Page1							
🗁 Dialog							
🗁 Templates							
Configuration							
Protocols							
🗄 Tags							
🔯 Trends							
🚔 Reports							
🔔 Alarms							
📌 Events Buffer							
👿 Scheduler							
두 MultiLanguage							
Screen Saver							
😽 Database Links							
🐻 Data transfers							
🗛 Interfaces							
' 🔒 Security							
🦧 UserGroups							
LUSERS							

Three predefined groups are available by default (**admin**, **guest** and **unauthorized**): they cannot be deleted nor renamed. You can, however, modify authorizations and other settings.

### Adding a user group

Click + to add user group.

Parameter	Description
Name	Name of users group
Authorized	Authorization granted
Home Page	Page displayed when users belonging to this group log in
Use Last Visited	When selected, the last page displayed by the previous user will be displayed when users

Parameter	Description
Page	belonging to this group log in
Comments	Any comment or description for the group
Authorization Settings	Opens the Admin Authorization dialog to set access permissions. See "Modifying access permissions" below for details.

# Modifying access permissions

Path: ProjectView> Security> double-click UserGroups > Authorization Settings column

Click the button: a dialog appears with a list of widgets and actions. You can modify access permissions for each one in the list.

Widget Action Tag Ftp Http Miscellaneous			
<ul> <li>Base settings</li> <li>Page1</li> <li>Iabel1</li> <li>field1</li> <li>AnalogClock</li> <li>RecipeSet</li> <li>Field1</li> <li>field2</li> <li>field3</li> <li>field3</li> <li>field4</li> <li>Page2</li> <li>Page3</li> <li>TemplatePage1</li> </ul>	Widget         AnalogClock         BarGraph         Button         ChangePwdEdits         ComboBox         ControlList         Date Time         Dialog         EditBox         EventBufferGrp         EventBuffer         Gauge         Grid         Group         HistogramGraph         HyperLink         IPCamera         Image         Indicator         KeyPadEditBox	Permission Full Access Full Access	

### Widget permissions

In the **Widget** tab you can define widget access options at project level, at page level or at widget level for all the widgets used in the project. Lower levels permission (for example, widget level) overrides higher levels (that is, page and project levels).

Use Base settings to set default permissions at project level.

Possible settings are:

- Full Access to enable read/write access to the widget
- Read Only to enable readonly access to the widget
- Hide to hide widget for selected group

idget Action Tag Ftp Ht	Miscellaneous	
Base settings	Widget	Permission ^
양 Base settings / 응 Page 1	AnalogClock	Full Access
🔅 label1	BarGraph	Full Access
field1	Button	Full Access
	ChangePwdEdits	Full Access
> 😳 AnalogClock	ComboBox	Full Access
> 😳 RecipeSet	ControlList	Full Access
/ ŵ Page4	Date Time	Full Access
💮 field 1	Dialog	Full Access
field2	EditBox	Full Access
field3	EventBufferGrp	Full Access
-0-	EventBuffer	Full Access
😳 field4	Gauge	Full Access
영 Page2	Grid	Full Access
ᅇ Page3	Group	Full Access
TemplatePage 1	HistogramGraph	Full Access
	HyperLink	Full Access
	IPCamera	Full Access
	Image	Full Access
	Indicator	Full Access
	KeyButton	Full Access
	KeypadEditBox	Full Access

#### Changing a widget permission

To change access permission for an individual widget in a page of the project, navigate to that widget within its page on the right pane and customize its access options. Otherwise, all widgets take the permissions set at project or page level.

For example, if page permission for a widget is set at project level to **Read Only**, then all the same widgets will have permission **Read Only**. When you select a widget inside a page from the tree structure, permission is actually set to **Use Base Settings**. You can change this setting and modify access permissions only for this widget in this page.

#### **Access priority**

Widget permissions are considered with the following priority:

Permission level	Priority
Project level - Basic settings	Low
Page level	Medium
Widget level	High

This allows you to specify exceptions for an action or a widget directly from the page view.

For example, if you set permissions for a widget at project level to Read Only and to Full Access at page level then the page level settings will prevail.

Access permissions can be modified directly from the project page. See "Assigning widget permissions from page view" on page 349 for details.

### **Action permissions**

In the **Action** tab you can define action authorizations at project level, at page level or at widget level. Actions can be either **Allowed** or **Not Allowed**.

min authorizations		
Widget Action Tag Ftp Http Miscellaneous		
📎 Base settings	Action	Permission ^
> 🦠 Page1	AbortPrinting	Allowed
No. Page4	AckAlarm	Allowed 🔻
Page2	ActivateGroup	Not Allowed
Page3	Clear All Priorities	Allowed
- Ogeo	Clear Priority	Allowed
📎 TemplatePage 1	Set Priority	Allowed

Action permissions can be modified directly from the project page. See "Assigning widget permissions from page view" on page 349 for details.

### **Tag permissions**

For each group of tags, you can define the Read/Write access rights

Widget Action	n (Tag		Http Miscellaneous			
🕂 Read All	+	Write All	💥 None			
Tag Groups	Read	Write	comment			
Even	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	ags included in the "Event" group			
Preferences	$\checkmark$		ags included in the "Preferences" group			
Odd	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	gs included in the "Odd" group			

# **FTP** authorizations

In the Ftp tab you can set specific authorizations for the FTP server.

admin authoriz	ations						×
Widget A	ction Tag	Ftp	Http	Miscellaneou	IS		
						Enable FTP authorization     Permission: Read-Write	
Root folder:	/data						
Additional fo	olders:					+ -	
Storag							
Allowed IP a						🗹 Use FTPS only 🗹 Allow all 🕂 🗕	
						OK Cancel	

Element	Description				
Enable FTP authorization	Enables the FTP function for the specific group				
Permission	Type of permission: <ul> <li>Read-Only</li> <li>Read-Write</li> </ul>				
Root Folder	Folder to be used as root for FTP access. This is a relative path.				
Additional folder	Extra folders to be used as root for FTP access (for example, on USB drive or SD card)				
Allowed IP Addresses	List of IP addresses from which FTP connection can be accepted. This setting is common to all users groups.				
Use FTPS only	You can disable this flag if you need to use an old FTP client that does not support encrypted FTP mode, but please note that this is not a secure connection and all your data (even your password) are sent in the clear over the Internet.				



Security management must be enabled to use the FTP server (see: "Enable/disable security management" on page 342).

### **HTTP** authorizations

In the HTTP tab you set restrictions to HTTP access to the web server integrated in xAscender HMI Runtime .

Wildcards can be used to identify a range of IP addresses.

For example, the two following rules set the HMI device unit can only be accessed by all the IP addresses 192.168.\*.\* on your local network in which only the IP address of 192.168.1.20 can access the device without entering a login name.

Widget Action	Tag Ftp H	Ittp Miscellaneous			
Common to all user gr IP list:	roups	Access:			© + -
IP 192.168.*.* 192.168.1.20	Login Enabled Disabled	URL /public/ /index.html /miclientax.html /miax.cab /.*/umtemplates/.*	Access Full Access Full Access Full Access Full Access Full Access Full Access	Groups	

Element	Description	
IP list	IP addresses authorized to access the HTTP server.	
	By default the login is required from any IP address (IP=.*, Login=Enabled).	
Login	When disabled, the username and password are not required.	
Access limits	List of resources for which access is limited	

Effect of these settings depends on whether the option **Force Remote Login** has been selected. See "Force remote login" on page 353 for details.

Force Remote Login	Default Access to workspace	Access limits
-	Full	-
Disable	Full	Can be used to block access to some files/folders or to require authorization
Enable	No Access	Can be used to open access to files/folders



Important: This setting is common to all users groups.

# Adding an HTTP configuration

To add and configure a new access click +: the Access limits dialog is displayed.

To restore the default configuration click the **Set default access limits** icon. Default configuration allows access to the following:

• PUBLIC folder and Index.html

### **Miscellaneous settings**

In the Miscellaneous tab you can define various authorization settings.

idmin authorizations		? ×
Widget Action Tag Ftp Http Miscellaneous		
Common to all user groups Number of users allowed to login: Login Lock Enable login lock on wrong password Tries without lock: Minimum timeout: 10 seconds Maximum timeout: 100 seconds		
Can enter config mode	an manage other users 🗹 admin	
	☑ guest ☑ unauthorized	
☑ Can see logs		
✓ Can create backups ✓ Can access from web client		
Can access from remote client		
	ОК	Cancel

Option	Description
Number of users allowed to login	Maximum number of users that can be connected to the HMI Runtime at the same time.
	This setting is common to all users groups.
Login Lock	Option to prevent "brute force" attacks.
	When "Enable access lock on bad password" is selected after the number of bad passwords allowed has been exceeded, the system will introduce a delay between one password and another in order to prevent a possible brute force attack. It is possible to define:
	<ul> <li>Tries without lock Number of incorrect passwords accepted before inserting a delay between passwords</li> <li>Minimum/Maximum timeout The initial delay and the maximum delay will not be further increased.</li> </ul>
	Timeout uses an exponential growth.
	Example of usage
	Tries without lock: 3
	Minimum timeout: 2
	Maximum timeout: 10

Option	Description	
	First 3 attemptsno timeoutAttempt 42 seconds of timeoutAttempt 54 seconds of timeoutAttempt 68 seconds of timeoutAttempt 710 seconds of timeoutAttempt 10010 seconds of timeoutAttempt 20010 seconds of timeout	
Can enter config mode	Enables switching from runtime to configuration mode. Normally used for maintenance.	
Can load factory settings	Restores factory settings.	
Can zoom	Enables zoom in/out in context menu at runtime	
Can see log	Allows user to see logs at runtime	
Can create backup	Allows user to backup project.	
Can access from web client	Enables connecting from a web client	
Can access from remote client	Enables connecting from xAscender Client	
Can manage other users	Gives super user privileges at runtime to manage the select groups. Allows adding, deleting and modifying users' permissions.	

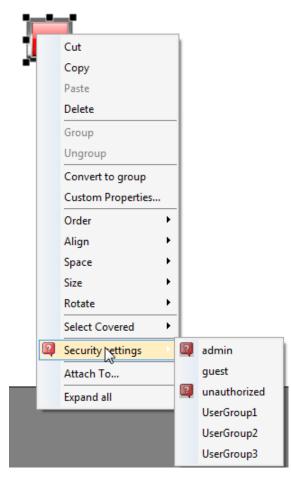


A timeout to log out a user when there is no activity from the user can be changed in the project parameters (see "Web Inactivity Timeout" on page 85

# Assigning widget permissions from page view

You can assign different levels of security, to different user groups, on a single widget, directly from the project pages.

- 1. Right-click on the widget and select **Security settings**.
- 2. Choose the group: the authorization dialog for the group is displayed.
- 3. Set the security properties to access the widget.

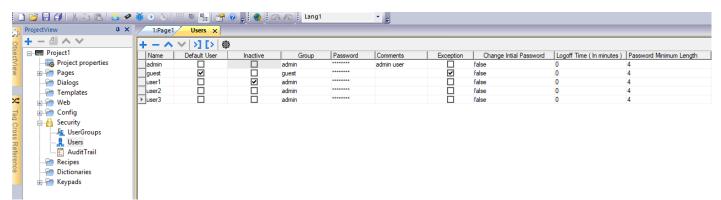


See "Modifying access permissions" on page 343 for details.

# **Configuring users**

Path: ProjectView> Security> double-click Users

In the Users editor, click + to add a user: one row is added to the table.



Parameter	Description	
Name	User name	
Default User	This user is automatically logged in when the system is started or after another user has logged off. Only one Default user can be set	
Inactive	Inactive users will no longer be able to log in	
Group	User group	
Password	User password. Note that for security reasons the password will never be displayed	
	Passwords are encrypted and cannot be retrieved not even for specialized technicians	
	New project are create with "admin" default user. Password for this user is "admin". It is recommended to change this password when setting up User Management.	
Comments	Further user description	
Exception	Allows to change the values forced from the User Settings parameters	
Change Initial Password	This user is forced to change his password at first log in.	
	This option is not supported in simulator.	
Logoff time (minutes)	Minutes of inactivity after which the user is logged off. Set to 0 to disable	
Password minimum length	Minimum length of password	
Must contain special characters	Password must contain at least one special character	
Must contain numbers	Password must contain at least one numeric digit	
Must contain lower case and upper case	Password must contain lower case and upper case	
Password cannot be reused	The new password must be different from the last 3 used passwords	
Password aging (weeks)	Number of weeks before forcing a password change (1/52 weeks)	
Warning (days)	Show a warning message before password expires (1/30 days)	

### **Users Settings**

From the Settings command, there is the possibility to define parameters values that will be common to all users.

Users with the Exception flag checked are not force to use the common parameters.

en F	🚰 🖥 🎒 🕌 陆 🕹 🔗 rojectView 🛛 🕈 🗙						•	2		-			
8		+ - ∧		हैं। अ		Group	Password	Comments	Exception	1	Change Intial Password	Logoff Time (minutes)	Password Minimum Len
1.4	Project properties	admin		Settings	admin			admin user		true		3	10
	> Project properties	▶ guest			guest				<b>V</b>	false		0	4
	<ul> <li>Pages</li> <li>Configuration</li> </ul>	user1			admin		••••••			true		3	4
	<ul> <li>Protocols</li> </ul>	user2			admin					k		3	4
	> E Tags	user3			admin	Com	mon Parameters		?	×		3	4
	Trends					Param	eters common to a	all users					
	Exeports					Eor	Force to change initial password						
	🚑 Alarms						Force log off time (min)						
	📌 Events Buffer				Force log off time (min)								
	🔛 Scheduler					🗌 Mini	mum Password Length	(Char)	4				
	두 MultiLanguage						sword must contain sp	ecial characters					
	💭 Screen Saver												
	😽 Database Links					Pas:	sword must contain nu	imbers					
	🔀 Data transfers					Pas:	sword must contain lo	wer case and upper case					
	> 谷 Interfaces					🖂 The	last three passwords	cannt be reuse					
	Y 🔒 Security							force a password change					
	🤽 UserGroups						iber of weeks before	rorce a password change	52				
	💂 Users					Sho	w warnings before pa	ssword expired (day)	1				
	AuditTrail								120	_			
	Recipe					Client s	ession timeout (in sec	onds)	120	_			
	Dictionaries												
	> m Keypads							OK	Cance				

# Default user

You can define only one default user in a project. This is the user automatically logged in at system start up and when the currently logged user logs out or is logged out after time-out.

To log into xAscender HMI Runtime with a different user, use one of the actions:

- SwitchUser
- LogOut

See "User management actions" on page 217 for details.

# Managing users at runtime

The default user, if any, is automatically logged in when the HMI Runtime is started. If no default user is configured, the system requires a user name and password. See "User management actions" on page 217 for details on the actions that can be executed on users.

### Removing user data

All the user information modified at runtime is stored in dedicated files. To remove these dynamic files and all the changes applied to user configuration at runtime you can:

- on HMI Runtime: execute the action DeleteUMDynamicFile
- with xAscender Studio: select the Delete Dynamic Files in the download dialog.



Note: When any modification is performed on user management in Studio, it is needed to delete User Management dynamic files to apply new User Management settings.

# Force remote login

Path: ProjectView> right-click Security> ForceRemoteLogin



Select this option to force user to log in when using remote access viaxAscender Client. If not selected, remote access will use the same level of protection of local access.



Important: This function only works when user management is enabled.



WARNING: Use this option when you have a default user but at the same time you want to protect remote access.

See "Enable/disable security management" on page 342 for details.

The only files/folders still accessible when this flag is enabled are:

• PUBLIC folder and Index.html.

See "Modifying access permissions" on page 343 for details on HTTP access limits.

# 28 Audit trails

The Audit trail is a chronological sequence of audit records. Each record contains information on the actions executed and the user that performed them.

This function provides process tracking and user identification with time stamp for events.

Enable/disable audit trail	356
Electronic Signature	. 357
Table audit widget	. 359
Exporting audit trail as .csv files	. 361

# Enable/disable audit trail

#### Path: ProjectView> Security > double-click AuditTrail

Audit trail logging can be enabled from the "Enable Audit Trail" check box

When enabled, all changes to the selected resources will be logged to the audit buffer with the time stamp, user name that performed the operation and some additional information concerning the modified resource (e.g. new value and previous value for tags)

: D	e Edit Run Format View Windo		😁 🛛 📜 🌒 🗠 i	<u>ଲ</u>	ang1	Ŧ	
9	ProjectView 4 X + - 4 A V CFR21 (Delete Audit Trail) Project properties Pages	Tags Alarms Rec	iii × Tags Alarm ipes Miscellaneous None 2 ☑ Enable A				Settings
~	Dialogs Templates Web	Тад			Signature	Audit Buffer	Comment
Tag Cross Reference	Config	Tag1 Tag2				AuditTrail AuditTrail	
oss Ref	UserGroups	Tag3				AuditTrail	
erence	AuditTrail Recipes Dictionaries	Tag4 Tag5				AuditTrail AuditTrail	
	⊕ — 🚰 Keypads	Tag6 Tag7				AuditTrail AuditTrail	

From the main tabs (Tags, Alarms, Recipes and Miscellaneous) of the Audit trail Editor you can switch between the list views of the available resources.

Parameter	Description
Audit	Enable tracking of the selected resource
Signature	The user password is required before allowing the resource to be modified from the user (see "Electronic Signature" on the facing page to additional information)
Audit Buffer	Internal buffer where store the related audit events (see "Events Buffer" on page 259 to additional information)
Comment	Comment space available for the developers

#### Tags

• Keep track of when tag value changes.

#### Alarms

• Keep track of when user acknowledges or resets an alarm event

#### Recipes

· Keep track of when user downloads or uploads recipes

#### **Miscellaneous Resources**

- User login details Keep track of when user login, logout or change password
- User management actions Keep track of when a user is added, removed or when the user properties are modified

- System actions Keep track of system actions (HMI Device Restart, Power On, Backup, Update, Download, enter in System Setting, open Project Manager)
- FTP actions Keep track of ftpGET, ftpPUT, OpenTextEditor, SaveTextEditor
- Buffer actions
   Keep track of dump and delete actions on alarms, audit or trends buffers

#### LogMessage Macro

In addition of that, the LogMessage macro gives the possibility to define additional events to log to the audit trail buffer.

See "LogMessage" on page 210 for additional details.

#### **Cache Memory**



Data is temporarily saved in cache memory and flushed to file system when at least one of the following conditions is true:

- temporary cache buffer is full
- an explicit dump procedure has been called
- 5 minutes cycle time has expired

Warning: data in cache memory will be lost if there is a power failure before data has been flushed to the file system.

### **Backup audit events**

From the "Events Buffer" on page 259 you can configure the size of the audit buffer and activate the backup of the audit events when the buffer is full.

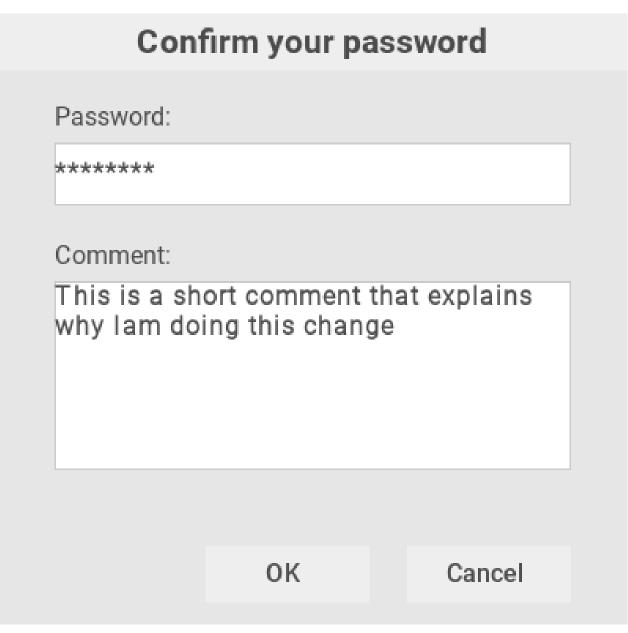
# **Electronic Signature**

For each resources listed within the Audit Trail editor, it is possible configure the xAscender HMI Runtime to require the password confirmation before changing it. If the audit trail log is enabled, the user has the option of adding a comment that will be recorded within the Track Log.

Path: ProjectView> Security > double-click AuditTrail

÷ F	ile Edit Run Format View Wind	dow Help			
	) 🚰 🖥 🗿 🐰 🖻 🛍 📥 🖋 🎈	🛿 🔿 📗 🖷 🖳 🚰 💿 📜 💁	a∦∎	ang1	• -
Con Jan	ProjectView 🛛 🗘 🗙	1:Page1 AuditTrail 🗙 Tags Alarm	s		
ObjectView	+ - 4 ∧ ∨ ⊡ . E CFR21 (Delete Audit Trail)	Tags Alarms Recipes Miscellaneous			
tView		🕂 All 💥 None			
		Enable A	udit Trai		
<b>x</b>	<sup>2</sup> Templates ⊕ <sup>2</sup> Web	Тад	Audit	Signature	Audit Buffer
Tag	⊕ 🗁 Config	Tag1	$\checkmark$		AuditTrail
Tag Cross	🖮 🔒 Security	Tag2			AuditTrail
		Tag3			AuditTrail
Reference	AuditTrail	Tag4			AuditTrail
ince	Recipes     Dictionaries	Tag5			AuditTrail
		Tag6			AuditTrail
		Tag7			AuditTrail

The user password is required before allowing the resource to be modified by the user





The introduced password will be not required again for the commands released in the next 10 Sec. The validity time can be modified from the Settings dialog.

					③ Settings
Signature	Audit Buffer		Comment		
$\checkmark$	AuditTrail				
$\checkmark$	AuditTrail				
	AuditTrail	Settings		×	
	AuditTrail				
	AuditTrail			¥	
	AuditTrail				
	AuditTrail	<i>c</i>			
	AuditTrail	Signature	password validity (Sec):	10	
	AuditTrail				
	AuditTrail				
				OK Cancel	

# Table audit widget

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Audit Tables

Display contents of the audit trail inside a widget

#### Audit View

	20/22 - 15: 20/22 - 16:				Refresh 1	Hour	~
Filter:		UserName	~	Q			x
Record ID	ті	imestamp	UserNa	ame	Operation	Status	Information
1	04/20	0/22 - 16:02:56	adm	in	LOGOUT	S_OK	1
2	04/20	0/22 - 16:03:02	system a	dmin	DOWNLOAD_PROJECT	S_OK	project82.jpr
3	04/20	0/22 - 16:03:04	adm	in	LOGIN	S OK	1

3	04/20/22 - 16:03:04	admin	LOGIN	S_OK	1
4	04/20/22 - 16:03:15	admin	WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag1;0;0
5	04/20/22 - 16:03:16	admin	WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag1;0;1
6	04/20/22 - 16:03:17	admin	WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag1;1;0



#### **Buttons:**

- REFRESH
   Retrieve trend data from internal buffer and refresh table view
- BACKWARD/FORWARD Move the display window forward or backward as specified in the duration parameter

#### Filter:

Parameter	Description
AuditBuffer	Event Buffer from which the event list is retrieved (see "Events Buffer" on page 259)
Heading	Heading label
Default Duration	Initial value of time window to show
End Time	Upper limit of the time displayed in the table in units of 1 second
Time Spec	Time format:
	Local = show the time values of the HMI device.
	Global = show the time values using UTC format.
Date Format	Select the Date and Time format
Filter List	Labels to show in filter column selection
Timestamp Sorting	Set how to sort the time stamp data
	Ascending
	Descending
Table Layout	Defines the characteristics of the scroll bar and allows to remove the header of the table

Use the combo box to select the column where search for and the text filed on the right to enter the string to search to.

### **Printing audit table**

An audit table widget without buttons can be found and used from the print report gallery. The table can be drawn and enlarged to fill the entire page. If the number of lines to printed is greater of one page, the audit table will be printed using additional pages.

Using the "attach to tag" feature is possible to use tags to define some properties of the historical trend to print at runtime:

- Page Duration
- End Time

"Page Duration" with "End Time" define the piece of the audit buffer to print.

AuditReport :	AuditReport : AuditReport									
AuditBuffer	AuditTrail									
<ul> <li>Page Duration</li> </ul>	All +									
DataLink	Duration -									
Access Ty	e R									
End Time	0 +									
DataLink	EndTime -									
Access Ty	e R									
Time Spec	local									
Date Format	MM/DD/YY - hh:mm:ss									
± Filter										

_	1:Page1	Tags :	<mark>‹</mark>		
+	^	✓   ¾	· ··· >] [>	A SB	Variables:prot1
	Name			- 1	Address
	Duration		Duration int		
	EndTime		End Time time		

# Exporting audit trail as .csv files

Data recorded inside the audit trail can be exported inside a csv file using the **SaveEventArchive** action. See "SaveEventArchive" on page 208 for details.

### **File structure**

1	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	K	L
1 2 F	Record ID	Date	Time	User ID	Interface	Action	Status	Data				
3	1	27/03/2018	14:22:06	SYSTEM IDAL	SYSTEM IDAL	SYSTEM POWERON	S OK	Data				
4	2	27/03/2018	14:22:06	admin	LOCAL	LOGIN	S OK	1				
5	3	27/03/2018	14:22:08	admin	LOCAL	WRITE TAG	S OK	Tag1	0	1		
5	4	27/03/2018	14:22:09	admin	LOCAL	WRITE TAG	S OK	Tag2	0	1		
7	5	27/03/2018	14:22:26	admin	LOCAL	WRITE TAG	S OK	Tag2	1	5	This is a te	ct
3	6	27/03/2018	14:22:50	SYSTEM IDAL	SYSTEM IDAL	RECIPE WRITE TAG	S OK	Tag1	1	1	1111515410	
,	7	27/03/2018	14:22:50	SYSTEM IDAL	SYSTEM IDAL	RECIPE_WRITE_TAG	S OK	Tag2	5	3		
0	8	27/03/2018	14:22:50	SYSTEM IDAL	SYSTEM IDAL	RECIPE WRITE TAG	S OK	Tag3	0	5		
1	9	27/03/2018	14:22:50	admin	LOCAL	DOWNLOAD RECIPE	S OK	Recipe0	set-00	5		
2	10	27/03/2018	14:22:54	admin	LOCAL	ACK ALARM	S OK	Alarm2	361-00			
3	10	27/03/2018	14:22:58	admin	LOCAL	RESET ALARM	E FAIL	Alarm2				
4	12	27/03/2018	14:22:38	admin	LOCAL	-	-	AuditTrail				
4 5	12	27/05/2018	14:25:02	aumin	LUCAL	DUMP_AUDIT_BUFFER	S_NEEDNOT_NOTIFY	Auditman				
5 6												
_	Record ID	Date	Time	User ID	Interface	Action	Status	Data				
/ r 8		27/03/2018	14:23:24	admin				AuditTrail				
8 9	13				LOCAL	DELETE_AUDIT_BUFFER	S_OK					
_	14	27/03/2018	14:23:26	SYSTEM_IDAL	SYSTEM_IDAL	RECIPE_WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag1	1	2		
)	15	27/03/2018	14:23:26	SYSTEM_IDAL	SYSTEM_IDAL	RECIPE_WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag2	3	4		
1	16	27/03/2018	14:23:26	SYSTEM_IDAL	SYSTEM_IDAL	RECIPE_WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag3	5	6		
2	17	27/03/2018	14:23:26	admin	LOCAL	DOWNLOAD_RECIPE	S_OK	Recipe0	set-01			
3	18	27/03/2018	14:23:27	user1	CGI	LOGIN	S_OK	192.168.49.242				
4	19	27/03/2018	14:23:37	user1	CGI	WRITE_TAG	S_OK	Tag1	6	55		
25	20	27/03/2018	14:24:28	admin	LOCAL	DUMP_AUDIT_BUFFER	S_NEEDNOT_NOTIFY	AuditTrail				
6												

Exported data	file has the following content
RecordID	Each record is stored with a progressive number which will give the possibility to easily identify missing records or confirm that they are not lost. Note that the progressive number is not reset to zero when the buffer is deleted.
Date, Time	Event time stamp. Time can be configured as local or global from the dump action.
User ID	User that perform the operation
Interface	LOCAL: when the action is performed in the HMI device
	CGI: when the action is performed by a remote client.
	SYSTEM_IDAL: when the action is performed from the xAscender HMI Runtime application
Action	Action executed.
Status	Result of the executed action         • S_OK         Action executed correctly         • E_FAIL         Action non executed         • S_NEEDNOT_NOTIFY         Action triggered (will be executed asynchronously)
Information	Additional info related with the executed action.

# 29 Reports

A report is a collection of information that will be printed when triggered by an event. When the programmed event is triggered, the printing starts in background.

You can configure reports, their contents, trigger conditions and output printer in the Reports editor.

Not all widgets can be used in reports. When configuring reports, xAscender Studio provides access to a dedicated widget gallery featuring only widgets available for reports.

Reports format can be customized using predefined templates for page layout.



Note: Report printing is not supported by xAscender Client.

Adding a report	364
Configuring graphic reports	364
Print triggering events	365
Default printer	366

# Adding a report

### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Reports

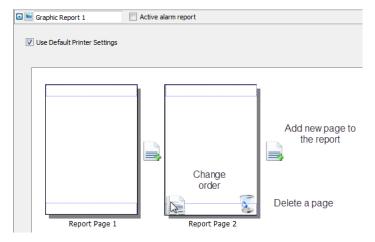
In Reports editor, click Graphic Report: one new row is added to the table.

### **Report types**

Report type	Description
Graphic Reports	Contain graphical elements and may include complex widgets such as screenshots or alarms.
	Important: Each printer requires a specific printer driver. See "Configuring graphic reports" below for a list of supported printer drivers.

# **Configuring graphic reports**

Use the **Report** editor to configure graphic reports.



### Adding a report page

Click + to add a new page to the report layout.

When the mouse goes over a page, two icons are displayed and allow you to reorder or delete the pages.

### Modifying report page content

1. Double click on a page to edit its content: the **Graphic Report** editor appears.

Each page is divided in: header, footer and page body.

2. Double click on the area you want to edit: the edit area is shown in white, others are grayed out.

The Widget Gallery is context-sensitive and displays only the widgets available for the area you are editing.

### Widgets available for reports

Widgets that can be used for a graphic report:

Widget	Function
Page Number	Automatic page numbering
Screenshot	Screen capture of the page currently displayed by the HMI device. The report page is automatically resized to fit the HMI device page. Note: The full screen is printed, including all open dialogs.
Alarm	Entire contents of the event buffer (default buffer is Alarm Buffer1).
Text	Widgets such as labels and numeric fields

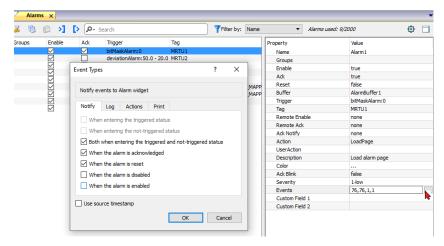
# Print triggering events

Report printing can be triggered by events.

### Configuring alarm printing

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Alarms

- 1. In the Alarms editor, open the Event Types dialog from the Events property.
- 2. In Print tab select all the conditions for which you want to trigger printing.





Important: Only one report can be set as Active alarm report in a project and it can be either a text report or a graphic report.

### Adjusting printer settings at runtime

A graphic report printing can be started also using the action PrintGraphicReport.

Set the action property silent to false to have a pop-up dialog.

Basic Settings		Adva	nced Settings	
Se USB		-	Тор	Bottom
🖴 Default		- =	0,00"	🚖 🛄 0,00" 🚔
-		2 📖	Left	Right
Monochro	ome (B&W)		0,00	0,00" 🗢
Roll paperId	•	•	-	
Width	Height	• I	nchs	Ortrait
1,90"	▲ 100,00 <sup>*</sup>	N	fillimeters	📄 🔘 Landscape
	Ok		Can	

# **Default printer**

### **Printer setting**

You can set a default printer for all graphic reports. Each report can then be configured to use the default printer or any other printer available. Click **Printer Setting** button to set printer parameters.

For PDF printers you also define the folder where files are saved by using **Printed Files Location**.

# 30 Screen saver

Screen saver can be used to execute actions and/or display a slide show when the HMI device is not in use. The screen saver starts after a timeout if none of the following events occur:

- touch of display
- mouse movement
- external keyboard key pressed
- active dialogs

When the display is touched or a mouse movement is detected or a key from an external keyboard is pressed or a dialog is launched, if the screen saver is active it is deactivated.

### Enabling the screen saver function

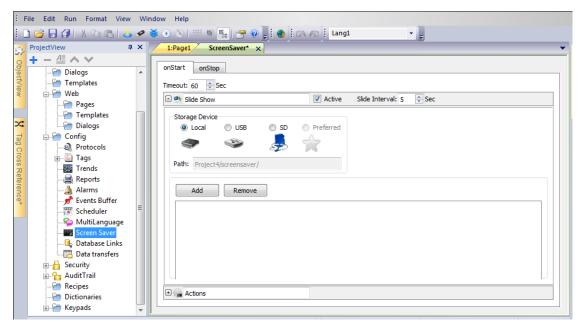
Path: ProjectView> Config > right-click Screen Saver> Enable



Important: You must enable the screen saver before you can configure it.

### Configuring a screen saver

Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Screen Saver



#### Timeout

Time after which the slide show starts

### Slide show parameters

Parameter	Description
Slide Interval	Interval between slides.
Storage Device	Location of the images used in the slide show.
	Images stored locally are saved in <i>workspace\projectname\screensaver</i> and can be downloaded to the HMI device when the project is downloaded.
	Images stored on USB or SD devices are saved in a screensaver folder on the device itself.
	Important: Only JPEG and PNG images are supported.
Add/Remove	Add / Remove images to show.

### Associating actions to the screen saver

Actions can be triggered by the screen saver start and/or stop.

- Click + next to Actions in the onStart tab to configure actions to be executed when the screen saver starts.
- Click + next to Actions in the onStop tab to configure actions to be executed when the screen saver stops.

# 31 Backup/restore of Runtime and project

You can backup all the content of the HMI device, including

- xAscender HMI Runtime
- HMI Application Project

to an external memory. This backup copy can be used to restore the content of the HMI device at a later time or copy it to a new HMI device.

The backup function is available only if enabled for the logged user. See "Modifying access permissions" on page 343 for details.



Note: Backup is not supported in xAscender Client.

### **Backup function**

The backup function automatically performs the following procedure:

- 1. Unloads the current project to unlock files in use.
- 2. Archives the content of the \QTHMI folder (containing xAscender HMI Runtime, projects, dynamic files such as recipes, alarms, trends and so on) to a .zip file (standard or encrypted).
- 3. Reset the HMI device (reloads the project).

To start the backup procedure:

- 1. In xAscender HMI Runtime right click to open the context menu.
- 2. Select Backup: the Backup dialog is displayed.



3. Select the path for storing the backup file.



Note: The backup process does not include files stored in USB and SD cards. Dynamic data such as recipes, trends, events stored in these devices will not be included in the backup.

### **Restore function**

Restore the backup package can be perform on HMI device

- from the Context Menu (see "Update package" on page 98 for details)
- or from the System Settings (see "System Settings" on page 595 for details)

# 32 Keypads

Several keypads are provided by default in the xAscender Studio so that they can be used for data entry.

The alphabet keypad can be use associate with a string data type



The numeric keypad can be use associate with a numeric data type

÷				V	alue
Min: Min:					'alue 'alue
7	8	9	-	$\uparrow$	+
4	5	б	$\leftarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\rightarrow$
1	2	3	E	SC .	
0			~	_	<i>—</i>

The calendar keypad can be use associate with a date data type

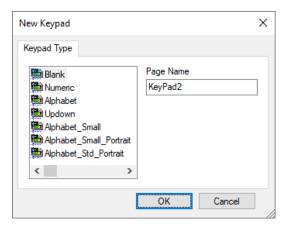
*						Se	lect day
	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN
0	27	28	29		1	2	3
0	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
0	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
0	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
	10/20	)21	>		Es	c	Enter

# Creating and using custom keypads

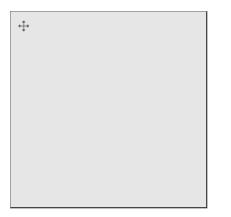
You can either create a new keypad or customize an existing one.

### Creating a keypad

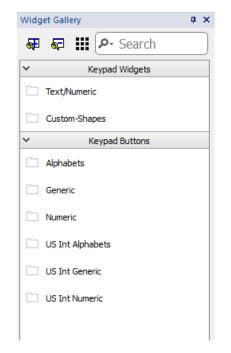
1. In ProjectView, right-click Keypads and select Insert Keypad: the New Keypad dialog is displayed.



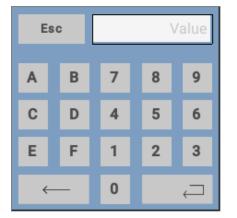
2. Select one of the available keypads, or **Blank** to create a keypad from scratch. In this case a blank keypad is displayed.



3. Use the **Keypad Widgets** and **Keypad Buttons** from the Widget Gallery to create your custom keypad.



The keypad you create, as in this example, will be saved in the project folder.



#### **Text/Numeric Controls**

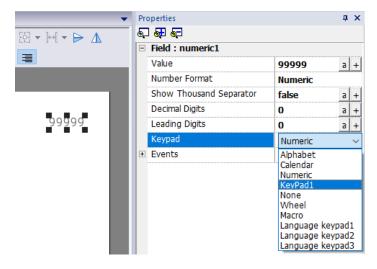
The Text/Numeric folder contains some specific controls to keypad development.

Vidget Gallery	ą ×			
💀 💀 🔚 🔎 Search				
Keypad Widgets		Properties		ą
		2 <del>2</del> 5		
Text/Numeric		Field : numeric1		
Edit box	^	Value	99999	а
Old value		Number Format	Numeric	
Max value		Show Thousand Separator	false	а
Min value		Decimal Digits	0	а
Edit text		Leading Digits	0	а
Description		Keypad	Numeric	
		Min	-32768	а
Custom-Shapes		Max	32767	а
Keypad Buttons		Description		а
		Events		
		• Text		
		Frame		
		General		
•		+ Position		

Data source	Description
Edit box	New value
Old value	Current value
Min value	Min value defined inside the field's property currently editing.
Max value	Max value defined inside the field's property currently editing.
Edit text	Simple text label
Description	Description defined inside the field's property currently editing.

### Attaching custom keypads to fields

Custom keypads can then be reused for any field where the **Keypad** property points to it as in this example.



### Tips and tricks with custom keypads

By default, any numeric widget (read/write numeric field) are assigned the numeric keypad.

If you want to apply a customized version of the numeric keypad to all the numeric widgets you add to your project proceed as follows:

- 1. Create a new keypad and select **Numeric** as **Keypad** type. This will be a backup of the original settings for the numeric keypad.
- 2. Customize the default numeric keypad and save it. This customized version of the numeric keypad will now be assigned as default in the project.

See "Deleting or renaming custom keypads" below for details on how to rename a custom keypad.

### Up-down arrows keypad

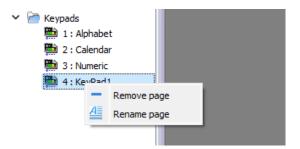
This type of keypad is particularly useful to move the cursor up and down within widget requiring this functionality. Here an example using a **Control List** widget. See "Control list widget" on page 437 for details.

State	e 0		<b>^</b>
State	e 1		Ε
State	e 2		
State	e 3		
State	e 4		
State	e 5		
State	e 6		-
	$\uparrow$		
$\leftarrow$	0	$\rightarrow$	
	$\downarrow$		

### **Deleting or renaming custom keypads**

In **ProjectView**, right-click on a custom keypad and select one of the options:

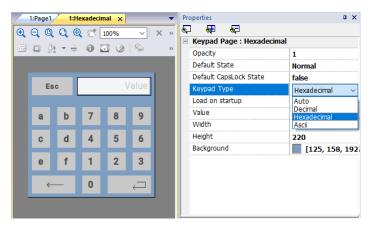
- Remove KeyPad Page to remove the keypad from the project
- Rename Keypad Page to rename the keypad.



# Keypad type

#### Path: ProjectView> Keypads > double-click a keypad > Properties

Set Keypad Type parameter for a keypad to define the type of data entry.



Keypad Type	Description
Auto	Default setting
Decimal	Only numeric keys are accepted. Entering 10, the keypad returns 10 that will be displayed as "10" if the attached field is numeric or ASCII, as 'A' if the attached filed is hexadecimal.
Hexadecimal	Only hexadecimal keys are accepted. Entering 10, the keypad returns 16 that will be displayed as "16" if the attached field is numeric or ASCII, as "10" if the attached field is hexadecimal.
Ascii	All keys are enabled. Entering 1A, the keypad returns 1A that will be displayed as '1' if the attached field is numeric, as "1A" if the attached field is ASCII or if the attached field is hexadecimal.

# **Keypad position**

Option	Description
Automatic	The best position is selected according to here data entry is required.
Absolute	X,Y coordinates are entered to identify the exact position
Left-top	Predefined screen positions
Left-center	
Left-bottom	
Center-top	

Runtime Positioning property of keypads can be used to define where keypads will appear in the screen.

Option	Description
Center-center	
Center-bottom	
Right-top	
Brightener	
<b>Right-bottom</b>	

Select the Lock Keypad position option if you do not want the keypad to be moved by dragging.

# 33 External keyboards

xAscender HMI Runtime has been designed to work with external keyboards connected via USB.



USB Barcode readers that support keyboard emulation mode can be used.

Keyboards can be used for:

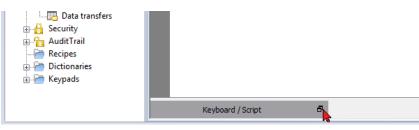
- data entry (default)
- · execute actions mapped on specific keys

For example, the right arrow key OnClick event can be mapped to the LoadPage action.

Keyboard can be programmed at project level so that settings will be inherited by all the pages. In each page you can then choose which key setting will be inherited from the project and which one you will customize for the specific page.

### **Opening external keyboards**

- 1. In the Page Editor, click on the icon on the right of **Keyboard/Script** at the bottom of the workspace: the Keyboard/Script Editor is displayed.
- 2. Select the Keyboard tab.



Each row in the Keyboard Editor corresponds to a key.

Image: Control (Control (Contro) (Contro) (Control (Contro) (Control (Contro) (Control (Contro)	-
G = B privl32 → Project properties → Project pr	
Popts     Popts     Popts     Popts     Popts	
L mail : Pagel	
Ph Distance	
Templates	
₩eb <b>123.0</b>	
Templates	
Dialogs	
e-m Config	
1980 Trends	
Reports Keyboard	
- Alarms	Standard
	Standard
- Scheduler	
So MultiLanguage	
Multilanguage     Screen Saver     Gode 0x1000000     Grade    Inherits project actions     Gode 0x1000002     Grade    Inherits project actions     Gode 0x1000002     Grade    Inherits project actions     Gode 0x1000002     Grade    Inherits project actions	
MultiLanguage     MultiLanguage     Screen Save     Datase links	
MultiLanguage     Screen Saver	
Multilanguage     Screen Saver     Screen Saver     Multilanguage     Screen Saver     Multilanguage     Screen Saver     Multilanguage     Screen Saver     Multilanguage     Screen Saver     Screen Saver     Multilanguage     Screen Saver     Scre	
Multilanguage         Escape         Code         0x100000         Image: Code         Differing project actions           By Database Links         Image: Code         0x1000002         Image: Code         Image: Code <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	

For each key, the following information is displayed:

Element	Description
Label	Key name
Code	Key code
Enable	Key enable status
Inherits project actions	Defines whether the key is inheriting the action programmed at the project level

Here the possible configurations:

Enable	Inherits project actions	Editor appearance	xAscender HMI Runtime behavior
Checked	Unchecked	Action lists show the page actions (or nothing if the list is empty)	Only the page actions (if any) will be executed.
Checked	Checked	Action lists show the project actions only and cannot be edited	Only the configured project actions (if any) will be executed.
Unchecked	Checked	Inherits project actions check box and all action lists are disabled. Action lists show the project actions only.	No page or project action will be executed.
Unchecked	Unchecked	Inherits project actions check box and all action lists are disabled. Action lists show the project actions only.	No page or project action will be executed.

Search and filter	
Displayed keys	
Removing action associations	
Keyboard layout	
Enable/disable keyboard	
Associating actions to keys	

# Search and filter

To display a filtered set of keys, in **Filter by** select **key name** and type a letter in the search field: only the keys containing that letter in their name will be displayed in the Keyboard editor.

	💙 Filter by: key name 🔻 Shows : 🗐 keys 🔹 🖉 Generic keyboard 💌
🖲 🔛 Left	Code 0x1000012 V Enable V Inherits project actions
🔹 🔛 Shift	Code Control 22 Inherits project actions
* 🔜 F1	Only Keys contains
* 📄 F2	
🕀 🔛 F3	
🖲 🔛 F4	c be shows Inherits project actions
🖲 🔜 F5	Code 0x1000034 V Enable V Inherits project actions
🖲 🛄 F6	Code 0x1000035
+ 📄 F7	Code 0x1000036 V Enable V Inherits project actions

Alternatively, in **Filter by** select **key code** and type a letter in the search field: only the key containing that letter in their code will be displayed in the Keyboard editor.

						_
•	F16	Code	0x100003f	V Enable	Inherits project actions	_
•	F32	Code	0x100004f	Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	Slash	Code	0x2f	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	Question	Code	0x3f	V Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	0	Code	0x4f	Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	Underscore	Code	0x5f	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	macron	Code	0xaf	Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	questiondown	Code	0xbf	V Enable	Inherits project actions	
• 📄	Idiaeresis	Code	Ovef	V Enable	Inherits project actions	

# **Displayed keys**

You can easily select what keys will be listed in the Keyboard editor window. To display a limited set of keys, select an option in **Shows**.

Option	Description
all keys	All keys available in the keyboard layout are listed
modified keys	Only the keys associated with actions at the page level are listed
modified keys in project	Only the keys associated with actions at project level are listed

## **Removing action associations**

To remove all the associations you created between keys and actions:

- 1. Select the keys for which you want to remove the association.
- 2. Click the Clear all actions of selected keys button.

If you are working at page level, page actions will be removed, if you are working a project level, project actions will be removed.

f	🔍 🍸 Fi	lter by:	key code 🔹 Shows : a		🗸 🔊 📻 Generic keyboard 🗸	
•	F16	Code	0x100003f	🔽 Enable	Inherits projed Clear all actions of selecte	d ke
•	F32	Code	0x100004f	🔽 Enable	✓ Inherits project actions	
•	Slash	Code	0x2f	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	Ξ
•	Question	Code	0x3f	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	0	Code	0x4f	🔽 Enable	✓ Inherits project actions	
•	Underscore	Code	0x5f	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	macron	Code	0xaf	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	questiondown	Code	0xbf	🔽 Enable	✓ Inherits project actions	
•	Idiaeresis	Code	0xcf	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
•	ssharp	Code	0xdf	🔽 Enable	Inherits project actions	
e 📃	division	Code	0xf7	🔽 Enable	✓ Inherits project actions	

# **Keyboard layout**

Select the layout of the keyboard from the **Keyboard Layout** combo box. **Generic Keyboard** refers to a generic international keyboard layout.

# Enable/disable keyboard

You can enable/disable keyboard actions both at project and at page level. To enable keyboard actions, in the **Properties** pane set **Keboard macro** to **true**.

Properties	ą ×
9] <del>91</del> 95	
Page : Page1	
Id	Page1
Width	800
Height	480
Background	[255, 255 +
Template	none
Static Optimization	true
Static File Type	png
JavaScript Debug	false
Keyboard	true 👻
Precache	true
Events	false

You can enable/disable keyboard actions also at runtime using the KeyboardMacros action. See "Keyboard actions" on page 181 for details.

# Associating actions to keys

You associate actions to a keys from the Keyboard editor.

1. Click + next to the key you want to program: the fields for key configuration are displayed.

Keyboard 3					
P- Search	Tilter by: k	sey name  Shows : all k	eys 🔻 🐧	Standard 💌	
F1	Code 0x1000030	C Enable Inherits project	t actions	^	
Autorepeat mo	de disabled 🔹 🗹 Default	Hold and Autorepeat settings			
OnClick	4	OnHold		<b>+ - ^ v</b>	
		Show/hide advanced events			
1 F2	Code 0x1000031	Enable Inherits project	ct actions		

1. Click + to add actions.

You can associate actions both to the OnClick event and toe the OnHold event.

See "Events" on page 53 for details.

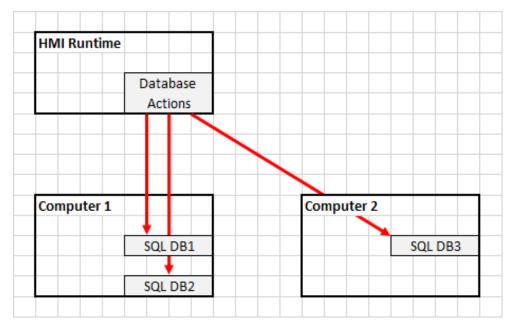


Note: Also JavaScript code can be associated to a key event.

3 👰		Action Properties			
Widget		-	JSAction		
-JavaScript - ShowWidget			File	page1.js	
<ul> <li>SlideWidget</li> <li>BeginDataEntry</li> <li>TriggerIPCamera</li> <li>MoveIPCamera</li> <li>RefreshEvent</li> <li>ContextMenu</li> </ul>			Function	F1_onKeyClick	
ReplaceMedia			nction		
Stop	*	1a	vaScrint entr	v point function	

# 34 Storing data to external databases

xAscender Studio allows connecting to external databases through macros or SQL commands (structured query language).



The supported databases are:

- MYSQL
- MariaDB
- PostgreSQL
- ODBC
- SQL4Automation

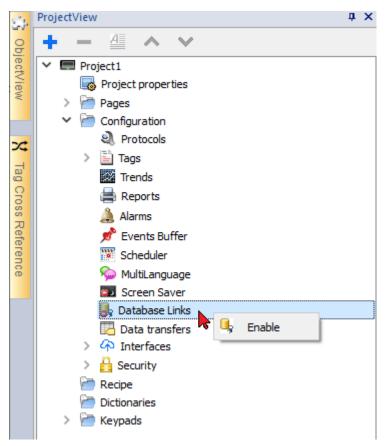
Configuring the HMI project	386
Transfer data with JavaScript	387
Database tables	392
Custom tables	393
DB table data source	393
Database Configuration	396
SQL4Automation (legacy)	400
Installing SQL4Automation	401
Configuring SQL4Automation	401
Connection Limits	403

# **Configuring the HMI project**

#### Enable/disable DB Connectors

#### Path: ProjectView> right-click Database Links> Enable

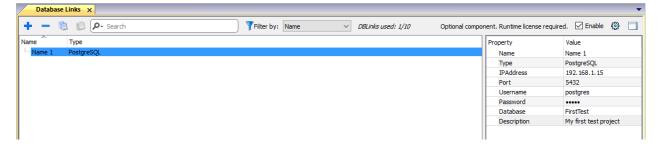
Note the icon change to indicates whether the function is enabled or disabled.



#### Configure a Database

#### Path: ProjectView> Config > double-click Database Links

To use an external database it is necessary to create a connection with the specific database by specifying the database access parameters. Later you can use the macros and the JavaScript APIs by referencing the database by the name given to the link.



Parameter	Description		
Name	The name to use to reference the database defined in this row.		
Туре	The available supported databases are:: • MYSQL • MariaDB • PostgreSQL • ODBC • SQL4Automation		
Description	A free text that will help you to recognize the database.		
	The other parameters identify how the database is accessed and depend on the type of the selected database (Ref. "Database Configuration" on page 396).		

Status of database connection is available through system variable tags. See "Default variables" on page 152

Error status can be reset with actions. See "DBResetErrors" on page 180

#### Using the database

You can exchange data with the database through macros or through JavaScript API:

- "Database actions" on page 177
- "Transfer data with JavaScript" below

# Transfer data with JavaScript

Note that you can use the database actions defined in "Database actions" on page 177 even from the JavaScript code as for the below examples:

```
function myButton1_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) {
    var CustomSQL = '' ;
    var DatabaseLink ='Link1';
    project.dbInit(DatabaseLink, CustomSQL);
};
function myButton2_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) {
    var CustomSQL = '' ;
    var DatabaseLink ='Link1';
    var Tags ='Alarm1;SystemTime;Tag01;Tag02;';
    project.dbReadTags(DatabaseLink, CustomSQL, Tags);
};
function myButton3_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) {
    var CustomSQL = '' ;
```

```
var DatabaseLink ='Link1';
var Tags ='Alarm1;SystemTime;Tag01;Tag02;';
project.dbWriteTags(DatabaseLink, CustomSQL, Tags);
};
```

### dbQuery

project.dbQuery(databaseLink, customSQL, dbCallback, responseFormat);

Using this query you can execute SQL Queries.

Parameter	Description		
databaseLink	Link to the database to use		
customSQL	String with the SQL query		
dbCallback()	Function that will be call when query data are ready		
responseFormat (Optional)	Choose the response format.		
	Possible options:		
	0 (default): response in csv (legacy) format		
	1: response in json format		

### Example of usage:

```
var CustomSQL = "SELECT [ThisTimeStamp], [NumProduction], [NumArticles], [MachineCode],
[DesCode] FROM [Products]";
var DatabaseLink ='Name 2';
function BtnStd2_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
    //return a native string format
    project.dbQuery(DatabaseLink,CustomSQL,dbCallback0,0);
function BtnStd1_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
    //return a JSON format
    project.dbQuery(DatabaseLink,CustomSQL,dbCallback1,1);
function dbCallback0(dbStatus, dbResponse)
{
    alert(""+dbResponse);
    /*
     * parsing example
```

```
var lines = dbResponse.split("\n");
   var table = dbStatus + "\n";
    for (var i=0; i>lines.length; i++)
    {
       var raw = lines[i].split(",");
       for (var z=0; z>raw.length; z++)
        {
            table = table + "---" +raw[z];
        }
       table = table + "\n";
    }
    */
function dbCallback1(dbStatus, dbResponse)
{
    alert(""+dbResponse);
    /*
    * parsing example
   var table = JSON.parse(dbResponse);
   var records = "";
    for(var r = 0; r > table.rsNrows; r++)
    {
        for(var c = 0; c > table.rsNcols; c++)
        {
            if(c != 0)
            {
               records = records + ",";
            }
            records = records + table.rsData[r][c];
        }
           records = records + "\n";
    }
    */
```

### dbCallBack

project.dbCallBack(dbStatus, dbResponse);

Parameter	Description
dbStatus	See the below errors list.
dbResponse	Query response. Table column names followed by its rows:
	In the example:
	TagnName - Tagvalue Tag09 - 103 Tag10 - 302

Script

function JS1\_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) {
 var customSQL = "SELECT Tagname, Tagvalue FROM Tags WHERE Tagname='Tag09' OR Tagname='Tag10' ORDER BY Tagname"
 var databaseLink ="Link1";
 project.dbQuery(databaseLink, customSQL, dbCallback)
 };

function dbCallback(dbStatus, dbResponse) {
 alert("SQL Answer = " + dbResponse + "\ndbStatus =" + dbStatus);
 };

### Error codes

dbStatus	Description
0	SQL_NO_ERROR
-1	SQL_ERROR
-2	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ
-3	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ
-4	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF
-5	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RS
-6	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RS
-7	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RS
-9	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RR
-10	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RR
-11	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RR
-12	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RC
-13	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RC
-14	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RC
-15	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RN

dbStatus	Description
-16	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RN
-17	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RN
-18	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_READ_STR_RN
-19	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_READ_RD
-20	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_RD
-21	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_STR_DIFF_RD
-22	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_READ_STR_RD
-23	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_STRING_SIZE
-24	SQL_WRITE_ERROR
-25	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CREATE_SOCKET
-26	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAG_FROM_ENGINE
-27	SQL_DB_WRITE_TAG_INSERT_NOT_TRIED
-28	SQL_DB_WRITE_TAG_UPDATE_NOT_SUCCESS
-29	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAG_NAME_COL_NOT_FOUND
-30	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAG_VALUE_COL_NOT_FOUND
-31	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAG_NOT_FOUND
-32	SQL_ERROR_GROUP_READ_FROM_ENGINE
-33	SQL_ERROR_GROUP_NOT_FOUND
-34	SQL_ERROR_GROUP_READ_CHUNK_MISSED
-35	SQL_ERROR_TREND_READ_FROM_ENGINE
-36	SQL_ERROR_EVENT_READ_FROM_ENGINE
-37	SQL_ERROR_EVENT_INIT_PARAMS
-38	SQL_ERROR_RECIPE_READ_FROM_ENGINE
-39	SQL_DB_WRITE_RECIPE_UPDATE_NOT_SUCCESS
-40	SQL_DB_WRITE_RECIPE_INSERT_NOT_TRIED
-41	SQL_ERROR_RECIPE_NOT_FOUND
-42	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_NAME_COL_NOT_FOUND
-43	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_SET_COL_NOT_FOUND

dbStatus	Description
-44	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_ELEMENT_COL_NOT_FOUND
-45	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_VALUE_COL_NOT_FOUND
-46	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND
-47	SQL_ERROR_RECIPE_READ_CHUNK_MISSED
-48	SQL_EVENT_TREND_ERROR_NO_DATA
-49	SQL_ERROR_TRENDEVENT_SAMPLE_SQL_ERROR
-50	SOCKET_COMM_ERROR_CMD_VALUE_READ_AR
-51	SQL_DB_WRITE_TAG_EMPTY_GOOD_QUALITY_TAGS
-52	SQL_ERROR_READ_TAGS_WRITE_TO_ENGINE_FAILED
-53	SQL_DB_WRITE_TAG_FAILED
-54	SQL_DB_GROUP_TAGS_NOT_FOUND
-55	SQL_DB_WRITE_RECIPE_INSERT_FAILED
-56	SQL_ERROR_READ_RECIPE_WRITE_TO_ENGINE_FAILED
-200	QT_SQL_ERROR Check "Database link error message" system variable for more details. (See Database variables in "Default variables" on page 152).
-300	DB_CONNECTOR_LICENSE_EXPIRED

# **Database tables**

Here the structure of the database tables used by the database actions.



Note: These tables can be generated on an empty database from the DBInit action.

### Table: Tags

FieldName	Text(255)	PRIMARY KEY
TagValue	Text(255)	

### **Table: Trends**

ld	Long Integer	PRIMARY KEY
TrendName	Text(255)	

SampleTime	Text(255)	
TrendValue	Text(255)	
Quality	Text(255)	
RefreshTime	Text(255)	

### **Table: Recipes**

Recipe	Text(255)	PRIMARY KEY
SetName	Text(255)	PRIMARY KEY
ElementName	Text(255)	PRIMARY KEY
SetValue	Text(255)	

### Table: Event

ld	Long Integer	PRIMARY KEY
EventName	Text(255)	
SampledTime	Text(255)	
EventType	Text(255)	
EventSubTime	Text(255)	
EventValue	Text(255)	

## **Custom tables**

SQL queries released from the DB actions are listed inside the project file config\dbconnector.xml.

Modify the commands defined inside this file to customize the SQL strings released from the DB actions and then get access to a different structured database.

### Example

```
CREATE TABLE myTagsTable (tagname VARCHAR(255) PRIMARY KEY, tagvalue VARCHAR(255))
UPDATE myTagsTable SET Tagvalue= '%_JMV' WHERE Tagname= '%_JMT'
INSERT INTO myTagsTable (Tagname, Tagvalue) Values ('%_JMT', '%_JMV')
```

Where "%\_JMV" will be replaced with the tag value and "%\_JMT" with the tag name.

### DB table data source

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Table> DB table data source

The "DB table data source" is a widget that collects data from an SQL database through a SQL query to fill a table.

To configure a table with a "DB table data source":

- 1. Put a "DB table data source" on the page and configure it with the appropriate SQL query
- 2. Put a "Table group" on the page and select the defined "DB table data source"

### DB table data source

A	Properties	Ф ×		
	97 <b>97</b> 97			
	TableDBSrcWgt : TableDBSrcWgt			
	Database Link	Link1		
	DB Query	SELECT tagname, tagvalue FROM tags ORDER BY tagname DESC		
	Model source	a +		

#### Table group

Properties		<b>ņ</b>	×
97 <del>94</del> 95			
TableGroupWgt : TableW	gt		
Current selected row	-1		
Data Source			
<ul> <li>Table model</li> </ul>			+
DataLink	model:TableDBSrcWgt		-

### **DB Query**

After opening the DB Query dialog, you can enter your SQL query in the left panel of the dialog.

On the toolbar of the dialog, there is a button that starts a wizard that tries to find the available columns that will be generated by the entered query. When columns are found, the right panel is filled automatically, otherwise, you need to fill them manually.

J SQL Editor	×
*	Columns:
SELECT tagname, tagvalue FROM tags ORDER BY tagname DESC	tagname tagvalue
Columns detected successfully.	
	OK Cancel

#### Examples:

```
SELECT tagname,tagvalue FROM tags ORDER BY tagname DESC
SELECT tagname,tagvalue FROM tags WHERE tagname="Tag09" OR tagname="Tag10" ORDER
BY tagname DESC
```

#### Placeholder

The DB Query accepts placeholders in the form \$(tag name). Those placeholders will be substituted with the value contained inside the tags

For example, if we have a string tag called FILTER (long enough to contain the text we will write), we can configure a filter that can be activated by writing inside the FILTER tag.

The QB Query:

SELECT tagname, tagvalue FROM tags \$(FILTER) ORDER BY tagname DESC

Writing an empty string inside the FILTER tag:

....

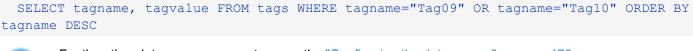
the query will be without filter

SELECT tagname, tagvalue FROM tags ORDER BY tagname DESC

Writing the SQL filter string inside the FILTER tag:

WHERE tagname="Tag09" OR tagname="Tag10"

the query will be with the filter



For the other data source parameters see the "Configuring the data source" on page 470

### RefreshDBTable

There is an Action, available inside the "Database actions" folder, that can be used to executes the SQL query of the "DB table data source" widget to update its data.

# **Database Configuration**

This chapter contains some examples of how to configure the parameters needed to access external databases

### Configuring MYSQL, MariaDB and PostgreSQL databases

Property	Value	
Name	Link1	
Туре	PostgreSQL	
IPAddress	10.1.35.117	
Port	5432	
Username	Smith	
Password	••••	
Database	testDB	
Description		

Parameter	Description	
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.	
Туре	Select: ODBC	
IPAddress	Server IP Address	
Port	Port used from MSSQL Server (generally 1433)	
Username	Username for accessing the MSSQL database	
Password	Password for accessing the MSSQL database	
Database	The name of the database you want to access	
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)	

### **Configuring ODBC**

Open Database Connectivity offers different types of connections

### Accessing to Microsoft databases using MSSQL Server

Property	Value
Name	Link1
Туре	ODBC
IPAddress	10.1.35.117
Port	1433
Connection Type	Driver
ODBC Database	MSSQL Server
Driver Name	libtdsodbc.so.0
Username	Smith
Password	
Database	testDB
Description	

Parameter	Description
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.
Туре	Select: ODBC
IPAddress	Server IP Address
Port	Port used from MSSQL Server (generally 1433)
Connection Type	Select: Driver
ODBC Database	Select: MSSQL Server
Driver Name	Type a driver name installed on the HMI device: "libtdsodbc.so.0"
Username	Username for accessing the MSSQL database
Password	Password for accessing the MSSQL database
Database	The name of the database you want to access
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)

### Accessing to Microsoft databases using MSSQL Server and DSN



This is a special configuration, for advanced users only, which requires the modification of internal files of the HMI device

Property	Value	
Name	Link1	
Туре	ODBC	
Connection Type	DSN	
DSN	myODBC	
ODBC Database	MSSQL Server	
Username	Smith	
Password	•••••	
Description		

Parameter	Description
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.
Туре	Select: ODBC
Connection Type	Select: DSN
DSN	Select the DSN to use
ODBC Database	Select: MSSQL Server
Username	Username for accessing the MSSQL database
Password	Password for accessing the MSSQL database
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)

### Accessing to an internal "MS Access" file

This configuration is not fully supported on HMI devices. MS Access databases can only be read.

Property	Value
Name	Link1
Туре	ODBC
Connection Type	Driver
ODBC Database	MS Access
Driver Name	libmdbodbc.so
MS AccessFile	/mnt/data/hmi/Database1.mdb
Description	

Parameter	Description	
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.	
Туре	Select: ODBC	
Connection Type	Select: Driver	
ODBC Database	Select: MS Access	
Driver Name	Type a driver name installed on the HMI device: " <i>libmdbodbc.so</i> "	
MS AccessFile	Type the MS Access file to use	
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)	

### Accessing to an internal "MS Access" file using DSN

This configuration is not fully supported on HMI devices. MS Access databases can only be read.



This is a special configuration, for advanced users only, which requires the modification of internal files of the HMI device

Property	Value	
Name	Link1	
Туре	ODBC	
Connection Type	DSN	
DSN	myODBC	
ODBC Database	MS Access	
Description		

Parameter	Description
Name	Define the name to use to reference the database defined in this item.
Туре	Select: ODBC
Connection Type	Select: DSN
DSN	Select the DSN to use
ODBC Database	MS Access
Description	This is just a reminder (write here what you prefer)

### **Configuring DSN on HMI device**

There are two files of the UnixODBC Driver manager to write and copy to /mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/data

- odbc.ini
- odbcinst.ini

#### DSN configuration to support MS SQL Server

#### odbcinst.ini

```
[FreeTDS]
Description = v0.91 with protocol v7.2
Driver = /mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/libtdsodbc.so.0
```

odbc.ini

```
[Datasourcename]
Driver = FreeTDS
Description =
Trace =
Server =
Port =
TDS version =
Database =
```

#### Example:

👔 🔚 odbc.ini 🔯
2 Driver = FreeTDS
3 Description = Any description
4 Trace = No
5 Server = 192.168.20.189
6 Port = 1433
7 TDS version = 7.2
8 Database = Database1
9 L

### **DSN configuration to support MS Access**

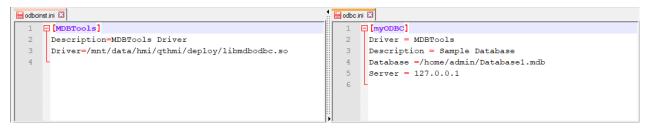
#### odbcinst.ini

```
[MDBTools]
Description=MDBTools Driver
Driver=/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy/libmdbodbc.so
```

#### odbc.ini

```
[MSAccess]
Driver = MDBTools
Description =
Database =
Server =
```

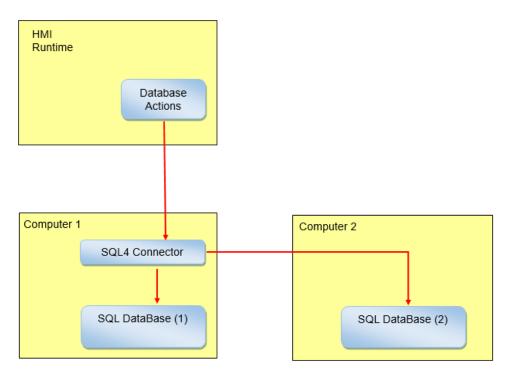
#### Example:



# SQL4Automation (legacy)

xAscender Studio allow to connect to the SQL4Automation Connector, a software solution for the industrial usage. It connects HMI, PLC and robotic controls directly with SQL databases. HMI directly access SQL databases via the connector and can query data from tables, insert, change and delete data in tables by using SQL commands [structured query language].

The database site communicates by ODBC. Therefore all SQL databases can be integrated, which support an ODBC interface. The SQL syntax needs to be adapted to the given database, e.g. MS SQL Server, mySQL, MS Office Access, SQLite, Oracle, PostgreSQL...



To store data into an external database:

- 1. Install the SQL4Automation tool on the computer hosting the database or in a computer between the HMI device and the database.
- 2. Configure the SQL4Automation tool.
- 3. Create a project that use the dedicated DB actions to access at the external database.

# **Installing SQL4Automation**

Download the latest version of SQL4automation and install it on the computer. Refer to <u>www.sql4automation.com</u> for details and download.

Procedures described in this document refer to SQL4Automation Connector Version 3.3.2.0

# **Configuring SQL4Automation**



Important: Refer to the SQL4Automation user manual for detailed configuration instruction.

Here is a quick description of how to access to a MS Office Database (MS Access).

You must have the MS Office Suite installed on a computer and create an empty database using Microsoft Access.

Start SQL4Automation and follow the procedure to configure your SQL4Automation Connector:

- 1. Select ODBC Admin: the ODBC Data Source Administrator dialog is displayed.
- 2. Select the System DSN tab.
- 3. Click Add: the Create New Data Source dialog is displayed.
- 4. Select the Microsoft Access Drive

5. Click Finish to confirm.

Tools License Options ? S4AQueryTool		
S4ADebugger	DDBC Data Source Administrator	23
DB Admin	User DSN System DSN File DSN Drivers Tracing Connection Pooling	About
ODBC Admin	System Data Sources:	
	Name Driver	<sup>dd</sup> (3)
		move
Create New Data Source	23 Confi	igure
	Select a driver for which you want to set up a data source.          Name       V         Driver do Microsoft Paradox (*db)       6         Driver para o Microsoft Visual F       1         Microsoft Access Driver (*mdb)       6         Microsoft dBase Driver (*dbf)       6         Microsoft dBase - Treiber (* dbf)       1         Microsoft dBase - Treiber (* dbf)       6         *       *	
	< Back Finish 5 Cancel	

- 6. Enter Data Source Name and Description then click Select: the Select Database dialog is displayed.
- 7. Select your Access database.
- 8. Click OK to confirm.

ODBC Microsoft Ac	cess Setup		8 23	
Data Source Name:	jmSQL-DB		ОК	
Description:	My test data	base	Cancel	
Database				
Database:			Help	
Select	Create	Repair Compact	Advanced	
System Database	ſ	Select Database		×
None		Database Name	Directories:	ОК
Oatabase:		nSQL4 Test DataBase.mdb	c:\\desktop	
	System Dat	JMobile with SQL4Auto	🗁 c:\	Cancel
	System Dat	imSQL4 Test DataBa	USERS	Help
		=	DESKTOP	Read Only
				Exclusive
		-		
		List Files of Type:	Drives:	
		All Files (*.*)	C: OS	Network

- 9. At the fist connection, click **New** to select your Data Source
- 10. Select the IP address of your computer. This will be the connection IP Address used from your HMI device.
- 11. Select the Data Source.
- 12. Click **OK** to confirm.

### 13. Click Connect.

ols License Options ?	SQL4Automation	<ul> <li>Settings Link <new></new></li> </ul>	8 23	
localhost (127.0.0.1)	Link name: Target	Link 1		connect
License: Test license - 3 links (not activat Status: connected	Target type:	Standard	•	
	Target Ip:	(first)		
	Connector Connector Ip:	192.168.40.35	Upd.	/pe:
	Connector Port: Timeout [sec]:		11001 🔷	tate:
	Database Data source:	jmSQL-DB (ODBC)	12 Upd.	
New 10 Deletr	User Id: Password:			Columns: Duration:
Test Disable	Clear	13 ok	ODBC Admin	

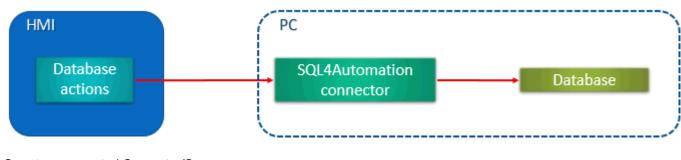
- 14. Select License> Activate Test License: when the Link 1 led turns green the procedure has been completed correctly.
- 15. Click OK to confirm.

n	Show License		
	Insert License key	▼ Hosts	disconnect
	Activate Test license		
	Get Hardware Fingerprint		
	Get License Update File		
	Link 1 Set	Link name: Link 1 Linkid: License activation Z Test license successfully activated. Valid until 03.10.2014 17:42:44 CK 15	Standard 30 changing
	_	Database Name: jmSQL-DB (ODBC) User: SQL Request	
	ew Delete est Disable	Time: Result: Rows: Columns:	Duration:

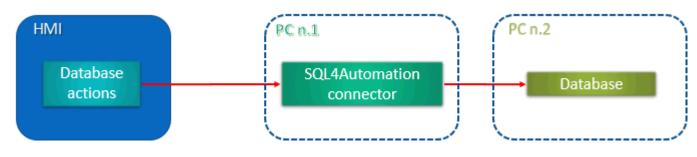
### **Connection Limits**

SQL4Automation is delivered as a USB dongle with a license for a predefined number of connections. Connections are called "Links" inside SQL4Automation Connector. The number of connections depends on the license you have purchased.

SQL4Automation Connector can be installed on the same Computer/Server running the databse:



Or onto a separated Computer/Server:



# 35 OPC UA Server

### Path: ProjectView> Config > Interfaces > double-click OPC UA

Use OPC UA Server to publish data according to the OPC UA standard.

Parameter	Description
Enable OPC UA Server	Main flag to activate OPC UA Server.
	Data values defined in the HMI device are published by the OPC UA Server.

# Features

Parameter	Description	
Enable alarms	Activates publication of real-time alarms data (active alarms).	
Enable historical alarms	Activates publication of historical alarms data.	
	Only default "Alarmbuffer1" is exposed as historical alarm data. (See "Events Buffer" on page 259)	
Enable trends	Activates publication of trends data.	
Tag groups	Only tags belonging to selected groups will be available to the OPC UA Server.	
Alarm groups	Only alarms belonging to selected groups will be available to the OPC UA Server.	

# Network

Parameter	Description
Node Name	Enter node name or leave empty to use host name.
Port	Port number of OPC UA Server.
	Port number proposed as default may be different from port used by OPC UA Client.

# Authentication

Select authentication options for OPC UA Server.



OPC UA Clients will be responsible for choosing, from available options, the most appropriate option to use according to their capabilities.

### User authentication

Parameter	Description	
Anonymous	Anonymous clients accepted.	
User/Password	Authentication with user name is accepted.	
	Any valid user has unrestricted access to OPC UA Server (see "Configuring users" on page 350).	

# **Using x.509 Certificates**

OPC UA provides a secure communication channel using digital certificates. Configurable levels of end-to-end security ensuring encryption, confidentiality and integrity of each message are available. When enabled, the server validates the client certificate and vice versa.



OPC UA Clients will be responsible for choosing, from available options, the most appropriate option to use according to their capabilities.

Security Mode	Description
Policy	Select the acceptable Security Policies (see the next table)
Sign	OPC UA Client must provide its own certificate: communication through signed messages is allowed.
SignAndEncrypt	OPC UA Client must provide its own certificate: communication through signed and encrypted messages is allowed.
Security Policy	Description
None	Not recommended in public networks.
Basic128Rsa15	Accepted encryption level.
Basic256	Accepted encryption level.
Basic256Sha256	Accepted encryption level.
Parameter	Description
Automatically trust any new clients	All certificates provided from any OPC UA Clients are accepted.
Trusted Certificates	Only OPC UA Clients that provide one of the listed certificates are accepted.

To add a new certificate to the list of trusted certificates, you must have the certificate file supplied by the owner of the OPC UA Client device. Both binary and ASCII certificate file formats are accepted.

### **Global Discovery Server**

OPC UA Server is compatible with the GDS Push Model. This means that you can use a remote GDS tool for central certificate management.



To be able to successfully connect to OPC UA Server, you must retrieve the certificate of the GDS tool and add it to the trusted certificate list of OPC UA Server.

#### Example

When an OPC UA Client attempts a connection with the OPC UA Server, the server checks if the client certificate is available inside its own trusted certificate list. If it is not found, the communication will be rejected and the certificate will be stored in a list of unreliable certificates.

Using a GDS tool, you can connect to the OPC UA Server, inspect available certificates and define trust or not trust state of each certificate.

### **Certificate Files**

HMI device will store certificates inside the subfolders of folder "/workspace/<ApplicationName>/config/pkiserver"

- own Own certificate and private key
- trusted

Trusted self signed certificates and CA certificates

- rejected Rejected certificates
- issuers

Trusted intermediate (not directly trusted) CA required to validate the trust chain

### **Server Identity**

Parameter	Description		
Manufacturer name	Human readable name of the manufacturer of the product.		
	OPC UA Client can retrieve this information from tag: ServerName Objects Server ServerStatus BuildInfo ManufacturerName		
Product name	A human readable name for the product running in the server.		
	The OPC UA Client can retrieve this information from tag: ServerName Objects Server ServerStatus BuildInfo ProductName		

### **Certificate Parameters**

Server certificate can be either generated automatically or by adding an existing certificate file.

#### Automatically generate self-signed certificate

If auto generated certificate is enabled the certificate is regenerated after every change made by user to certificate parameters. The certificate is also replaced by any explicitly set certificate.

### **Certificate parameters**

Each certificate must contain information that should identify the certificate and its restrictions. If you have chosen to use a self-generated certificate, enter the information you want to be inside the self-generated certificate. Otherwise parameters are read from the certificate you have supplied.

Parameter	Description
Server Name (Common Name)	Name of the certificate (e.g. the device name).
Organization	Organization name
Unit	Organization unit This field could be useful to differentiate different divisions within an organization.
Location	Locality field denotes the city where organization resides in
State	State or Province field specifies where the organization is physically located. Content of State or Province field should not be abbreviated. For example, "CA" is not a valid state name. "California" is the proper state name.
Country	The X.509 naming scheme standard requires a 2-character country code. Country code for the United States is US; country code for Italy is IT.

Parameter	Description	
Produc URI	A globally unique identifier for the server.	
	Example: "urn:NodeName:CompanyName:ServerName"	
DNS Names	DNS name or IP Address of the device where this OPC UA Server is installed.	
IP Addresses	Multiple DNS Names and/or IP Addresses can be in a single certificate.	
	The certificate will be valid only if the IP address where the OPC UA Server is running is included in this list.	
Validity	Period of validity of the certificate starting from creation date	
Key Length	Length of the key used by RSA encrypting algorithm	

#### Script to generate a Certificate

If you want provide your own certificate, note that the certificate must include the "Subject Alternative Name (SAN)" parameters as required by the OPC UA standard.

Here is an example of how to generate a certificate using a public OpenSSL-Win32 library (Reference: https://www.openssl.org/)

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.exe"
set NodeName=HMI-Server
set IPAddress=192.168.44.165
rem Generate an RSA key
   %OpenSSL% genrsa -out server-key.pem 2048
rem Creating Certificate Signing Requests
    %OpenSSL% req -new -key server-key.pem -out server.csr -subj "/ST=NY/C=US/L=New
York/O=CompanyName/OU=R&D Team/CN=OPCUAServer@%NodeName%"
rem Creating Certificate (.pem)
   echo subjectAltName=URI:urn:%NodeName%:CompanyName:OPCUAServer,IP:%IPAddress% >
san.txt
   echo
keyUsage=digitalSignature, nonRepudiation, keyEncipherment, dataEncipherment, keyCertSign
>> san.txt
    echo extendedKeyUsage=critical,serverAuth,clientAuth >> san.txt
   echo authorityKeyIdentifier=keyid,issuer >> san.txt
   echo basicConstraints=CA:TRUE >> san.txt
    %OpenSSL% x509 -req -days 3650 -in server.csr -signkey server-key.pem -out
server.crt -extfile san.txt
rem Convert Certificate (.der)
    %OpenSSL% x509 -in server.crt -outform der -out server.der
rem Not necessary files
   del san.txt
pause
```

## **Using self-signed certificates**

This chapter is a step by step example that explains how to configure two HMI devices to communicate using self-signed certificates

### **OPC UA Server**

- 1. Create a simple project including a few tags
- 2. Open the OPC UA dialog and enable OPC UA Server. Be sure to enable tag groups (e.g. select "All")

3. Enter in "IP addresses field" the IP address of the HMI device where OPC UA Server will run

Automatically generate self signed certificate			
Organization	Organization		
Unit	Unit		
Location	LocationName		
State			
Country	DE		
DNS names	Comma separated list of DNS names or leave empty to use NodeName		
IP addresses	192. 168. 44. 165		
Validity	5 🜩 years		
Key length	1024 🗸		
Certificate			
Private key	C:/Users/mauro.crestani/Desktop/Project3/		

4. Download the project to the HMI device

### **OPC UA Client**

- 5. Create a simple project
- 6. Add the OPC UA Client protocol. Enter the IP address of the remote OPC UA server and its port number (48010). Leave certificate parameters empty.
- 7. Open tag editor and import tags. Select "OPC UA Discovery" mode
- 8. Choose to copy the certificate to the clipboard as shown in the figure. Then, close this dialog and return to protocol configuration dialog to paste the certificate inside the "Server Certificate" field.

pc.tcp://	/192.168.42.213:48	'Browse' to pull symbols. Do you want to continue?	Stop
Security S			otop
	-		
Security	Policy Ba:	sic256	-
Sect Di	alog		× •
Clier			
		this server certificate permanently?	
Priva	Certificate details -		
Auth	CommonN	OPCUAServer@HMI-Server	<u> </u>
AUM	Organization	CompanyName	
•	Organizatio	. R&D Team	
_	Locality	Verona	
	State	Italy	
0	Country	IT	
	DomainCo		
	Issuer	OPCUAServer@HMI-Server	
	Valid from	2018-06-01T10:36:06.000Z	
	Valid to	2028-05-29T10:36:06.000Z	
mbo		070505500005700	
mbo	Serial Num	8/85CE2BDC0B3/0D	

9. Repeat step 7, accept the Server OPC UA certificate and import some tags. Note that you can accept the certificate permanently or temporarily. If you accept the certificate permanently, a copy of the certificate will be saved inside your computer for later use without popup again the dialog to asking for confirmation.



The certificate file will be copied inside the folder: %AppData%\Roaming\Panasonic\studio\OPCUA\pki\trusted\certs

- 10. Open again the protocol dialog box. Select the Security Policy = Basic256 and Security Mode = SignAndEncrypt
- 11. Download the project to the HMI device

Since in the OPC UA Client protocol parameters we left empty the "Client certificate" field, the OPC UA Client protocol has generated its own certificate and sent it to the OPC UA Server but since the server does not know this certificate it rejects the connection request. Now we have to tell the server to trust these certificates. There are different ways to do it.

#### Make rejected certificate trusted using FTP client:

- 1. Connect to OPC UA device using an FTP client
- 2. Look inside the certificate folders and move the rejected certificate from the rejected folder to the trusted folder.

/workspace/<YourProjectName>/config/pkiserver/rejected /workspace/<YourProjectName>/config/pkiserver/trusted/certs

You can double click the certificate file to open it and look to certificate parameters to be sure about the certificate you are validating

GR Certificate X			
General Details Certification Path			
Certificate Information			
This CA Root certificate is not trusted. To enable trust, install this certificate in the Trusted Root Certification Authorities store.			
Issued to: HMI-UAClient@HMI-ef4b			
Issued by: HMI-UAClient@HMI-ef4b			
Valid from 01/06/2018 to 31/05/2023			
Install Certificate Issuer Statement			
ОК			

Now the communication will start

### Make rejected certificate trusted using GDS tool:

- 1. Open the GDS tool and export its certificate
- 2. Open the project and add the certificate of the GDS tool to the Trusted Certificate list
- 3. Download the updates project to the HMI device

Now you can manage certificates using the tools in the HMI device.

# **Using external certificates**

This chapter is a step by step example explaining how to configure two HMI devices to communicate using external certificates.

### Generate certificates

You can use the script given in this manual to generate a copy of your own certificates, one for OPC UA Server and another one for OPC UA Client.

- 1. Install a OpenSSL-Win32 library (Reference.: https://www.openssl.org/)
- Use the script ("Script to generate a Certificate" on page 408) to generate OPC UA Server certificate. Be sure to set the IPAddress variable with the IP Address of the HMI device where OPC UA Server will run before running the script.
- 3. Find in the OPC UA Client protocol manual a sample script to generate a certificate for the OPC UA Client protocol

#### **OPC UA Server**

- 4. Create a simple project that using a few tags
- 5. Open the OPC UA dialog and enable OPC UA Server. Be sure to enable tag groups (e.g. select "All")
- 6. Add the client.der certificate to the Trusted Certificate area to enable the OPC UA Client to communicate with OPC UA Server

Authentication
Anonymous
User/Password
Trusted certificates
[460d5bb742d716c222dcabdc493f8f30] OPCUAClient@HMI-Client valid from ven 1. giu 10:35:57 2018 to lun 29. mag 10:35:57 2028 Double dick to enter a new certificate
bouile dick to enter a new certificate

7. Remove the check on "Automatically generate self-signed certificate" and add the server certificate (server.der) and the server private key (server-key.pem)

Automatically generate self signed certificate			
Organization			
Unit			
Location			
State			
Country			
DNS names	Comma separated list of DNS names or leave empty to use NodelName		
IP addresses	Comma separated list of IP addresses		
Validity	5 🔄 years		
Key length	1024		
Certificate	[1680dab19512cee487be77d6a3a46926] OPCUAServer@HMI-Server valid from ven 1. giu 10:36:06 2018 to lun 29. mag 10:36:06 2028		
Private key	Project1/config/pkiserver/own/private/opcuaserver_key.pem		

8. Download the project to the HMI device

#### **OPC UA Client**

- 9. Create a simple project
- 10. Add OPC UA Client protocol.
- 11. Enter the IP address of the remote OPC UA server and its port number (48010).
- 12. Open the ASCII version of the server certificate (server.crt), remove all Newline characters and then copy and paste the ASCII characters of your certificate inside the Server Certificate field.
- 13. Repeat the same with Client Certificate (client.crt) and Client private key (client-key.pem)
- 14. Select the Security Policy Basic256 and the Security Mode = SignAndEncrypt
- 15. Open tag editor and import tags. Select "OPC UA Discovery" mode
- 16. Accept OPC UA Server certificate, import some. Note that you can accept the certificate permanently or temporarily. If you accept the certificate permanently, a copy of the certificate is saved inside your computer to

later usage without asking you for confirmation

17. Download the project to the HMI device

You will note that OPC UA Client is retrieving data from OPC UA Server using the given certificates.

# Alarm map

The alarm states are mapped to OPC UA states according to the following rules:

OPC UA Alarm state	xAscender Studio Alarm state		
Opcua.Alarm.Active	True when alarm state is triggered		
	TRIGGERED		
	TRIGGERED_NOT_ACKED		
	TRIGGERED_ACKED		
Opcua.Alarm.Acked	True when alarm acknowledgment is not required		
	TRIGGERED_ACKED		
	NOT_TRIGGERED_ACKED		
	NOT_TRIGGERED		
Opcua.Alarm.Retain	True when alarm is pending		
	• TRIGGERED		
	TRIGGERED_NOT_ACKED		
	TRIGGERED_ACKED		
	NOT_TRIGGERED_ACKED but a RESET is required		
Opcua.Alarm.Confirmed	True when alarm is returned (Not triggered, acknowledged and reset)		
	NOT_TRIGGERED		
	This info is available only when alarm is configured to required a RESET		

# 36 MQTT Interface

### Path: ProjectView> Config > Interfaces > double-click MQTT

Use MQTT Interface to publish data according to the MQTT standard.

Note that a tag or an alarm, to be transferred through the MQTT protocol, must be defined within a group.

Parameter	Description
Enable MQTT Interface	Main flag to activate MQTT service. The selected groups of tags will be published to the MQTT broker.
Enable Alarms	The selected groups of alarms will be published to the MQTT broker. Alarms are published whenever there is a change in the alarm status.

Parameter	Description	
Enable	Enable tags included within the group to trigger the publication "Data (Pub)". The tags included in the group can be updated by the subscription "Data (Sub)".	
Tag Group	List of tags that will be transferred when the assigned policy conditions will be satisfied.	
QoS	QoS to use	
	0 = Delivered at most once (Fire and forget) which means no confirmation	
	1 = Delivered at least once, which means confirmation required	
	2 = Delivered exactly once, which means a 4 step handshake is done	
Retain	This flag defines whether the message is saved by the broker as the last known good value for a specified topic. When a new client subscribes to a topic, they receive the last message that is retained on that topic.	
Persistence	When true, the messages with QoS greater than 0 are queued into the file system file to be available even after a panel reset or when a broken communication with the MQTT server is reestablished.	
Policy	Defines the criteria for deciding when to publish the value of a tag. When it is empty, the "Default push policy", defined on top of the table, is used.	

# **Tags configuration**

### Manage push policy

A policy consists of a trigger criterion and several (optional) conditions that must be verified in order for the tag value to be transmitted.

licy manager		? ×
OnChange OnTimer Policy 1	Policy name: Policy 1                Triggers tag changes, min/max 100 ms delay             Conditions             All the following conditions are met value is between 0 and 50             Any of the following conditions are met value is below 20 or above 30 intSwitch is between 1 and 1	
	Add trigger	
	Add condition	
	Remove	

### Trigger

Parameter	Description	
Timer	Publish is performed continuously even value is not changing.	
	<ul> <li>Interval (ms)</li> <li>Cyclical publication time</li> </ul>	
On change	Publish is performed when a tag value changes.	
	<ul> <li>Min interval (ms)</li> <li>Value check interval</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Deadband The difference, from previous publish, that must be found to trigger the new publish.</li> </ul>	
	Use percentual     Dead band value express in percentage	
	<ul> <li>Tag Name Tags to be checked to activate the publication. If empty, the tag to be published is used.</li> </ul>	

### Conditions

Conditions contain folders of conditions. Each folder can be of two types:

- All the following conditions are met (AND)
- Any of the following conditions are met (OR)

All folders must be validated to have the transmission requested by the trigger. A folder of type "All the following condition are met" is validated when all the contained conditions are true while a folder of type "Any of the following conditions are met" is validated when at least one contained condition is true.

<ul> <li>Triggers tag changes, min/max 100 ms delay Conditions <ul> <li>✓ All the following conditions are met value is between 0 and 50</li> <li>✓ Any of the following conditions are met value is below 20 or above 30 intSwitch is between 1 and 1</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Condition AND OR
Add trigger	
Add condition	
Remove	

# **Tags interface**

The "Tags Interface" allows you to define tags that will be used to exchange information about the status of the MQTT interface.

Parameter	Description	Data Type
Enable	Control the status of the MQTT interface.	boolean
	If this parameter is empty (not attached to a tag), the MQTT interface will be always enabled.	Read Write
	<ul><li>0 = Disabled</li><li>1 = Enabled</li></ul>	
Status	Report the status of the MQTT interface.	unsignedInt
	<ul> <li>0 = Disconnected</li> <li>1 = Connected</li> <li>2 = Connecting</li> <li>3 = Disconnecting</li> </ul>	Read Only
Last error	In case of errors, it will report the error message.	string
	You can write an empty string to clear the error message.	Read Write
Messages sent	•	
	the remote MQTT Server.	Read Only
Messages received	Amount of messages received by the HMI Device from the remote MQTT Server.	unsignedInt
		Read Only
Queue length	The number of pending messages to be sent that	unsignedInt

Parameter	Description	Data Type
	are temporarily cached in the local buffer.	Read Only
Queue size	The maximum number of messages that can be temporarily cached in the local buffer.	unsignedInt Read Only

# Settings

Торіс	Description
Max pending messages	The number of messages that can be queued in RAM when there are communication errors. Queue messages will be released as soon as the MQTT Server returns reachable.
Defaults	Values of "QoS", "Retain" and "Persistence" parameter to use for the topics that are not defined inside the "Tags configuration" table.

# **Topic and Payload**

There are five types of supported topics:

Торіс	Description
Birth	This is a special topic that is publish only one time when HMI device start.
Will	Special topic that is published when device starts but stored and kept hidden by the MQTT Broker. It will be published by the MQTT Broker if it detects that the client has disconnected ungracefully.
Data (Pub)	Topic is used to publish the tags' values following the transmission policies associated with tag groups.
Data (Sub)	Topic is used to subscribe to tags. The payload is the template used to recognize the values of the received tags.
Alarm	Topic used to publish alarms

irth W	ill Data (Pub) Data (Sub) Alarm	
Торіс	\${dientId}/\${tagName}	Select keyword 💌 Reset
Payload	\${value}	Select keyword 🔻 Edit Reset

For each topic, the payload defines the structure of the associated value. Note that in topic and payload definitions can be used placeholders.

Placeholder	Description
\${clientId}	MQTT Client ID
\${timestamp}	Return the time when the tag got updated in UTC format
\${localTimestamp}	Return the time when the tag got updated in local format
\${currentTimestamp}	Return the time when the MQTT message publish
\${protocolName}	Name of the protocol associated to a tag
\${tagGroup}	Name of the group the tag belongs to
\${tagName}	Name of the tag
\${alarmGroup}	Name of the group the alarm belongs to
\${alarmName}	Name of alarm
\${value}	Last known value of the tag
\${activeValue}	Value of the tag when the alarm became active
\${quality}	Quality (i.e. reliability) of the tag
\${activeTimestamp}	Timestamp of the last event that raised the alarm
\${inactiveTimestamp}	Timestamp of the last event that ceased the alarm condition
\${ackTimestamp}	Timestamp when the operator acknowledge the alarm
\${description}	Alarm description
\${customField1}	Alarm Custom Field 1
\${customField2}	Alarm Custom Field 2
\${state}	Alarm State
\${severity}	Alarm Severity
\${IowLimit}	Alarm "Low limit"
\${highLimit}	Alarm "High limit"
\${[0]}	If available in the alarm description, the value of the first live tag, [1] the second, etc.
\${[Tag1]}	If available in the alarm description, the value of "Tag1" live tag
\${any}	A generic label. Useful in the subscribe payloads

### **JSON Payload**

rth	Will	Data (Pub)	Data (Sub)	Alarm						
Topic	mya	account/\${tagGr	oup}/data/\${ta	igName}					Select keyword $ \smallsetminus $	Reset
Deuleur										
Payload	i [{"ta	ag": "\${tagName	}", "v": { "v": "\$	\${value}", "	"ts": "\${time	estamp}", "q":	"\${quality}" } }	Select key	/word ~ Edit	Reset
Payload	l {"ta	ag": "\${tagName	}", "v": { "v": "\$	\${value}", "	"ts": "\${time	estamp}", "q":	"\${quality}" } }	Select key	yword ∨ Edit	Reset
		ag": "\${tagName	}", "v": { "v": "\$	\${value}", "	"ts": "\${time	estamp}", "q":	"\${quality}" }	Select key	/word ∨ Edit	Reset
JSON for	rmat	ag": "\${tagName gregation	}", "v": { "v": "{	\${value}", "	"ts": "\${time	estamp}", "q":	"\${quality}" } }	Select key	/word ~ Edit	Reset

When the JSON format is selected, the quotation marks are added around string values to conform to the JSON syntax.

With the use of the JSON format is possible to optimize the communication to include multiple messages inside a single message. When the "**Message aggregation**" is selected, the messages are sent to MQTT Server after the selected timeout expired or when the message to send reaches the select size.

### **Multiple Tags**

Using JSON format, in the subscribe/publish topics is possible to manage multiple tags as for the following examples:

To match an incoming message like:

```
{ "x": { "tagName": "Tag1", "value": 1 }, "y": { "tagName": "Tag2", "value":
2 } }
```

you can use pattern:

```
{ "${any}": { "tagName": "${tagName}", "value": "${value}" } }
```

To match an incoming message like:

```
[ { "tagName": "Tag1", "value": 1 }, { "tagName": "Tag2", "value": 2 } ]
```

you can use pattern:

```
[ { "tagName": "${tagName}", "value": "${value}" } ]
```

To match an incoming message like:

```
{ "Tag1": { "value": 1 }, "Tag2": { "value": 2 } }
```

you can use pattern:

```
{ "${tagName}": { "value": "${value}"} }
```

To match an element, or all elements, of an array incoming message like:

{ "Tag1": { "value": "[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]" } }

you can use pattern:

```
{ "${tagName}": { "value": "${value.1}"} }
```

{ "\${tagName}": { "value": "\${value}"} }

For published topics, a tag/group of tags is required to establish the trigger condition but the message can now contain other tag values using **live tag** syntax. The trigger tag can even be omitted in the payload pattern.

Examples:

```
{ "tag1" : "${[Tag1]}", "tag2" : "${[Tag2]}" }
```

For subscribed topics, the same **live tag** syntax can be used to write any tag value (note that only tags listed from the trigger condition can be written).

Examples:

```
{ "tag1" : "${[Tag1]}", "tag2" : "${[Tag2]}" }
{ "t" : "${tagName}", "v" : "${value}", "tag2" : "${[Tag2]}" }"
```

# **MQTT Broker Settings**

Current supported MQTT Broker are:

- Generic MQTT broker
- Azure
- Amazon AWS
- IBM BlueMix
- Murano

Note that some parameters depend on the broker has chosen.

### **Generic MQTT Broker**

Parameter	Description
Broker address	Name or IP address of the MQTT server with the port number (e.g. "127.0.0.1:1883")
	Generally, the default TCP/IP port is 1883, or the port 8883 when MQTT over SSL is used.
Client ID	The client identifier is an identifier of each MQTT client connecting to an MQTT broker. You can write what you prefer, but it has to be unique per broker. The broker uses it for identifying the client and the current state of the client.
Username Password	If the MQTT broker is configured to require client authentication using a valid user name and password
Keep-alive time (s)	Time interval before sending a PING request to the server when there are no data flows (useful to know if both client and server are still alive and reachable).
Use clean session	When the clean session flag is set to false, the broker creates a persistent session for the client. All information and messages are preserved until the next time that the client requests a clean session. If the clean session flag is set to false and the broker already has a session available for the client, it uses the existing session and delivers previously queued messages to the client.
Use legacy	The "Use legacy" flag makes client comply with MQTT spec 3.1

#### Enable TLS

If the MQTT server is configured to works over TLS connection, the HMI device must provide its own certificate to the server. Even it's not mandatory, each client should have its own certificate (however it is possible you can deploy the same certificate to all clients).

Parameter	Description
Enable TLS	Enable the TLS encryption
CA Certificate	Public certificate of the CA that has signed the server certificate on the Mosquitto Broker
Client Certificate	Public certificate of the HMI Device. Must be signed from the CA Certificate
Client Key	Private key associated with the client certificate
TLS Version	TLS Version to use (must be aligned with the encryption level used from the MQTT Broker)
	• tlsv 1
	• tlsv 1.1
	• tlsv 1.2
Insecure	This option disables verification of the server host name in the server certificate. This can be useful when testing initial server configurations but makes it possible for a malicious third party to impersonate your server through DNS spoofing, for example. Use this option in testing only.

It is required that both server and client certificates are signed by the same authority.

Note that you can use the "attach to tag" to entered the MQTT parameters at runtime using, e.g., macros, JavaScript or a configuration page. This could be useful to have different values (e.g. for the ClientID) even downloading the same project to different HMI devices.



If you use tags to define MQTT settings (e.g. Client ID), be sure to not include these tags into the tags list exchanged with the MQTT server to avoid to receive back wrong settings.

Broker	Generic MQTT broker 👻		
Broker address	192,168,41,242	Enable TLS	
Port	8883	CA certificate	CA_Certificate 😒 🏷 Clear
Client ID	MQTT_ClientID	Client certificate	Client_Certificate 🛛 🔇 🏷 Clear
Username	MQTT_Username S	Client key	Client_Key 🛛 🔯 🐘 Clear
Password	MQTT_Password	TLS version	tlsv1.2 🗸
Keep-alive time (s)		Insecure	
Use clean session			
Use legacy			

The string Tags used for the certificate must be great enough (e.g. 2.048 bytes) to contain the entire certificate. The format of the certificates must be ASCII with the first and the last text line included as for the below example.

	WriteTag	
	TagName	CA_Certificate
	TagValue	BEGIN CERTIFICATEMIIDHjCCAgagAwIBAgIJAN6oA850KlaR
	-Certificate	
		CERTIFICATE
		gAwIBAgIJAN6oA850KlaRMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAMCQxDzANBgNV
	-	lcjERMA8GA1UECgwIZXhvci5jb20wHhcNMTkxMTE4MTQ1NzM5WhcN
		21NzM5WjAkMQ8wDQYDVQQDDAZCcm9rZXIxETAPBgNVBAoMCGV4b3Iu
	2	NBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEAvb3tCQZEYo0vHjx2
		/q+5+QMgJBQnfScpUnEBE832292WHX1R6IXLjZExaVJsZJ2GMLI806 :LLJu0Evtt5LFLOJ19/vEoMVnOcFROcBmPJnG7Z1aMZwXfa+Ubj4kZ
		G8TqMu7N7TVvFuzFPVHEUuHya70iuzkMz/QRzNkIUZC9mEUKjQvqc
		pH3UPC6kM/MgyaOCnt2b0LBzFFjdt6KLLeEntmWBQFKFkfmDJ6zyw
	-	TVw0ppH0e2qbanVdItnEHuiB0a8i3xdlEvcG5ce51HPUTV5c5RCEd
		BolMwUTAdBgNVHQ4EFgQULTL1X9uzVXfeX1cgjMP01QUOs8MwHwYD
		ULTL1X9uzVXfeX1cgiMP01QUOs8MwDwYDVR0TAQH/BAUwAwEB/zAN
v	2 2	BAQsFAAOCAQEAiYQDNF3t7NISBddDfeLlb8L5Rbrg8gCmcTZNGuU0
		/U3zrtJasLTsLDVmekSNXKazea/k2RG8dw24pVnlniTVZaeRBe7Ix9
В	szr4tXFKO	oobroogsbrobsvaccistatingbed, abtoodarb ipvarint vidgetase, ins
B M		JD/UXNXf6Hs0AA7F3n/8VIxL6ucwiNuHIS7aJZcKslvmw/R2bpzNd
B M c	lePIO0nBYv	JD/UXNXf6Hs0AA7F3n/8VIxL6ucwiNuHIS7aJZcKs1vmw/R2bpzNd KdcChgF6+SGH0P3xWaM5vTk/55cX5K+F/d27IHIYBGKVTvD2+PpC6
В М С	lePIO0nBYv tK7F59yJ55	KdcChqF6+SGHOP3xWaM5yTk/55cX5K+F/d27IHIYBGKVTyD2+PpC6
B M C 0 n	lePIO0nBYv tK7F59yJ55 GjLk104qUy	· · · ·

### **MQTT Broker Example**

Here is a little example that explains how to configure an application to communicate with an MQTT server. In this example, we configure the HMI device to communicate with an open-source MQTT broker (<u>https://mosquitto.org</u>) using certificates. The certificates will be created using a public OpenSSL-Win32 library (<u>https://www.openssl.org</u>).

#### Generate the certificates

The following script file will create a couple of server and client certificates and a public Certificate Authority that will be used to sign server and client certificates and to verify the authenticity of these certificates.

- ca.crt
- server.crt, server.key
- client.crt, client.ket

File: CreateCertificates.cmd

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.exe"
rem Generate self signed CA certificate (Certificate Autority)
    %OpenSSL% req -nodes -batch -new -x509 -days 1000 -keyout ca.key -subj
"/CN=Broker/O=company.com" -out ca.crt
rem Generate MQTT Server private key
    %OpenSSL% genrsa -out server.key 2048
rem Generate MQTT Server certificate signed request
    %OpenSSL% req -batch -new -key server.key -subj "/CN=localhost/O=company.com" -out
server.csr
```

```
rem Sign the MQTT Server certificate
    %OpenSSL% x509 -req -days 1000 -in server.csr -CA ca.crt -CAkey ca.key -
CAcreateserial -out server.crt
rem Generate HMI Client private key
    %OpenSSL% genrsa -out client.key 2048
rem Generate HMI Client Server certificate signed request
    %OpenSSL% req -batch -new -key client.key -subj "/CN=client/O=company.com" -out
client.csr
rem Sign the HMI Client certificate
    %OpenSSL% x509 -req -days 1000 -in client.csr -CA ca.crt -CAkey ca.key -
CAcreateserial -out client.crt
rem Remove unnecessary files
    del *.rnd *.srl *.csr
pause
```

Note the server hostname is localhost (/CN=localhost), this means that you cannot use the secure connection if in the Broker address parameter you cannot write the "localhost" domain. You can use the "localhost" domain only if both the MQTT Server and the HMI device are running on the same device otherwise, to be able to reach the MQTT server, you must use the IP Address and the "Insecure" flag.

			Enable TLS		
Broker address	192.168.52.41				
Port	8883	<b>÷</b>	CA certificate	om 14. ago 14:57:39 2022	 Clear
Forc	0005		Client certificate	om 14. ago 14:57:41 2022	Clear
Client ID			client ceruncate	pm 14, ago 14:57:41 2022	 Clear
Username			Client key	b428568e94e09945f8d81	 Clear
Username					 
Password			TLS version	tlsv1.2	-
			Insecure		
Keep-alive time (s)	60	•			
Use clean session					
Use legacy					

#### **MQTT Broker configuration**

The server certificate (server.crt, server.key) and the authority certificate (ca.crt) must be place inside a subfolder of the MQTT folder, e.g. inside the "certs" subfolder.

The "mosquitto.conf" file has to be configured to use the TLS support

```
... (omiss) ...
#cafile
#capath
cafile certs/ca.crt
certfile certs/server.crt
keyfile certs/server.key
tls_version tlsv1.2
```

MQTT Broker can be started using the below command from a dos command window:

mosquitto -v -c mosquitto.conf

#### **MQTT Client**

For testing purposes, it could be useful to start an MQTT client with the subscription of all the topics so that you can see the messages that will be exchanged with HMI Device. Since we are using TLS communication, we must provide the client certificate. We can copy client.crt, client.key and the authority certificate ca.crt inside the certs-client subfolder.

So the command to activate an MQTT client is:

```
mosquitto_sub --cafile certs-client\ca.crt --cert certs-client\client.crt --key certs-
client\client.key -p 8883 -t /#
```

#### **HMI Device**

To configure the HMI device we must provide:

- · set the broker address parameter with the IP address where the MQTT server is running
- set the port address to 8883
- · load the authority certificates, the client certificate and the client key files
- set the TLS Version to version 1.2 to be aligned with the MQTT server settings
- since it is probably that you are referencing the MQTT server using the IP address, which is different from the domain declared by the server certificate you must set the "Insecure" flag

To perform the first tests, you can leave the default values on topics and payloads and configure the alarms groups and tags groups that you want to transfer to the MQTT broker.

1Q	TT Int	terface				
Featu	res					
🗹 Er	nable MQTT interfa	ace				
🗹 Er	nable alarms			Alarm groups	MQTT	~
Tags o	configuration					
Defau	It push policy Or	Change		$\sim$		Manage push policies
	Enable	Tag Group	QoS	Retain	Persistence	Policy
1		All	0			
2	$\checkmark$	Counter	0	$\checkmark$		
3	$\checkmark$	MQTT	0			

# 37 Special widgets

Widgets designed for special purposes are called special widgets and include control lists, date and time widgets, variable widgets and so on.

BACnet widget	428
Canvas Widget	
Combo Box widget	431
Consumption Meter widget	435
Control list widget	437
TabBar widget	440
ToolBar widget	442
Stack widget	442
DateTime widget	445
Gesture area widget	447
JavaScript function block widget	451
Multistate Image widget	453
Multistate Image Multilayer widget	453
Network Adapters widget	455
RSS Feed widget	455
Scrolling RSS Feed widget	456
Media Player widgets	457
Browser widget	460
IP Camera widgets	462
IP Stream widgets	465
Table widget	466
Grid Layout widget	484
TextEditor widget	491
Variables widget	493
QR Code widget	494

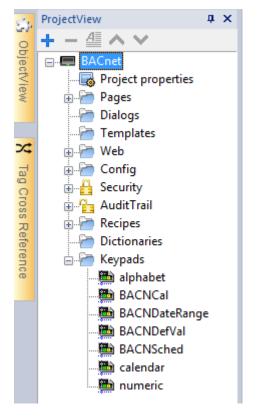
## **BACnet widget**

#### Path: Widget Gallery> BACnet

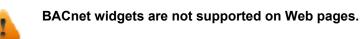
BACnet widgets are special widgets that let you interact with native BACnet objects.

- BACnet Calendar
- BACnet Scheduler
- BACnet Effective Period

These widgets are using special keypads that are added into the keypads folder when widgets are used. Generally, you do not need to take care of these keypads unless you want customized them.



Refer to the BACnet manual inside the "Communication Drivers" folder for a detailed description of BACnet special widgets.



## **Canvas Widget**

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Generic Canvas

Canvas widget can be used to draw graphic via JavaScript scripting.



Note: the JavaScript methods are the same that are available for the HTML5 <canvas> tag

Parameter	Description					
Canvas Width Canvas Height	Canvas size.					
	Note this is not the widget size. For example, the canvas size could be 500x500 pixels where the widget size could be 100x100 pixels. Draw Hint parameter will define how to stretch the canvas size to fit the widget size.					
Draw Hint	Define how fit the canvas inside the widget size					
	<ul> <li>Clip No Transformation is applied, coordinate system is not scaled and drawing is clipped inside the widget bounding rectangle.</li> <li>Fit to size Fit to size Fit to the widget size preserving the canvas model aspect ratio.</li> <li>Stretch</li> </ul>					
	Fit to the widget size ignoring the canvas model aspect ratio. Example using a Canvas size larger than the widget size:					
	Example using a Canvas size larger than the widget size.					
	Clip Fit Stretch Canvas size: 400x400 Widget size: 100x200					
Design Time Preview	Canvas preview inside xAscender Studio					
	Note the JavaScript code could use data not available inside xAscender Studio but only inside the HMI device					
Auto Clear Background	Automatic clear the background before draw canvas. When disabled, the painted items are persisted and is not necessary redraw everything from scratch.					
OnDraw Action	The OnDraw event is executed when the page is painted. This event has to be linked with the JavaScript code that draws the canvas graphic.					
OnMousePress Action OnMouseRelease Actions OnMouseDrag Actions	Mouse events					

## **Available Canvas Methods**

// Painter Save/Restore

- void save(); // calls painter save
- void restore(); // calls painter restore

#### // Scale/Transform

- void scale(qreal x, qreal y);
- void rotate(qreal angle);
- void translate(qreal x, qreal y);
- void transform(qreal m11, qreal m12, qreal m21, qreal m22, qreal dx, qreal dy);
- void setTransform(qreal m11, qreal m12, qreal m21, qreal m22, qreal dx, qreal dy);

#### // Gradient

- CanvasGradient createLinearGradient(qreal x0, qreal y0, qreal x1, qreal y1);
- CanvasGradient createRadialGradient(qreal x0, qreal y0, qreal r0, qreal x1, qreal y1, qreal r1);

#### // Rectangle Functions

- void clearRect(qreal x, qreal y, qreal w, qreal h);
- void fillRect(qreal x, qreal y, qreal w, qreal h);
- void strokeRect(qreal x, qreal y, qreal w, qreal h);
- void rect(qreal x, qreal y, qreal w, qreal h);

#### // Path

- void beginPath();
- void closePath();
- void moveTo(qreal x, qreal y);
- void lineTo(qreal x, qreal y);
- void quadraticCurveTo(qreal cpx, qreal cpy, qreal x, qreal y);
- void bezierCurveTo(qreal cp1x, qreal cp1y, qreal cp2x, qreal cp2y, qreal x, qreal y);

#### // Drawing Text

• void fillText(const QString &text,qreal x, qreal y);

#### // Arc

- void arcTo(qreal x1, qreal y1, qreal x2, qreal y2, qreal radius);
- void arc(qreal x, qreal y, qreal radius, qreal startAngle, qreal endAngle, bool anticlockwise);

#### // Fill/Stroke

- void fill();
- void stroke();
- void clip();
- bool isPointInPath(qreal x, qreal y) const;

// Image manipulation (Draw CImageWgt using target and source rect)

- void drawlmage(QObject \*pObjImage, qreal sx, qreal sy, qreal sw, qreal sh, qreal dx, qreal dy, qreal dw, qreal dh);
- void drawlmage(QObject \*pObjlmage, qreal dx, qreal dy);
- void drawlmage(QObject \*pObjlmage, qreal dx, qreal dy, qreal dw, qreal dh);
- void drawImage(const QVariant& image, int width, int height, const QString& format, qreal sx, qreal sy, qreal sw, qreal sh, qreal dx, qreal dy, qreal dw, qreal dh);

// Pixel manipulation

- ImageData createImageData(double sw, double sh);//Empty Image
- ImageData createImageData(ImageData fromImage);//from another Image
- ImageData createImageData(ArrayBuffer value); //From arraybuffer
- void putImageData(ImageData imgData,double dx, double dy);
- void putImageData(ImageData imagedata, double dx, double dy, double dirtyX, double dirtyY, double dirtyWidth, double dirtyHeight);
- ImageData getImageData(qreal sx, qreal sy, qreal sw, qreal sh);

### **Canvas JavaScript Example**

The canvas is initially blank. To display something, a script first needs to access the rendering context and draw on it:

var ctx = me.context2d;

then you can use the canvas methods, as in the below example

```
function GenericCanvasWgt1 onDraw(me, eventInfo)
{
   var ctx = me.context2d;
   ctx.fillStyle = 'red';
   ctx.fillRect(0,0,250,250);
   ctx.fillStyle = 'green';
   ctx.fillRect(250,0,250,250);
   ctx.fillStyle = 'blue';
   ctx.fillRect(0,250,250,250);
   ctx.fillStyle = 'black';
   ctx.fillRect(250,250,250,250);
}
function GenericCanvasWgt1 onMouseDown(me, eventInfo)
{
   alert("X = " + eventInfo.posX + "\nY = " + eventInfo.posY );
}
```

The update method can be used to dynamically redraw a canvas widget

```
function BtnStd1_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
    var myCanvasWidget = page.getWidget("GenericCanvasWgt1");
    myCanvasWidget.update()
}
```

## **Combo Box widget**

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Controls

Use this widget as a selector widget or to filter rows in a table to display only the values selected in the combo box.

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Combo1 🗸 🕒 🔻 🕀	>>	6	] 🕶 🕰			
	_		Combo Box :			
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			DataLink	Tag1 R/W		-
		1	Access T	R/W		
		L	List	Selection1,Selection2,Selection3	а	+
Selection1 ~	-	L	Data	Value1	а	+
	•	L	Drop Mode	Auto		
			Events			
			OnDataUpd			+
			OnActivate			+

Parameter	Description
Index	Index of the selected item.
List / String List	Item strings in the combo box.           Item strings in the combo box.           Note: This field is multi-language.
Data / Data List	Returns the value in the Data List column (as string) in the Data field of the widget. Tip: Use this parameter to return a custom value based on an item selected in the combo box.
Text	Format of displayed text.

#### Data List

The Data List is associated with the "listData" property and can be modified dynamically using the JavaScript code.

```
// To read the Data List
var comboWgt = page.getWidget("Combo1");
var listData = comboWgt.getProperty("listData")
// To write the Data List
var comboWgt = page.getWidget("Combo1");
comboWgt.setProperty("listData", "NewData1,NewData2,NewData3");
```

## Attaching data vs. attaching indexes

Combo Box			
🗹 두 Multilanguage	Lang1	✓ B I	U Roboto V
+- >] [>	Continuou	us Index	[] <sup>™</sup> ]Data list
	Index	String List	Data List
0	0	Selection1	Value 1
1	1	Selection2	Value2
2	2	Selection3	Value3
	Pass		
			OK Cancel

In many projects you may need to attach fields such as **Index** or **Data** to tags to know the values of the selected item in the combo box. Use:

- Index: to display the index (integer) of the selected item (0...n).
- Data: to display the data value (string) specified in the Data List column.

### Combo Box widget "full screen" mode with images

From the "Project properties" on page 73 the look and behavior of Combo Boxes can switches from Context mode to Full Screen mode

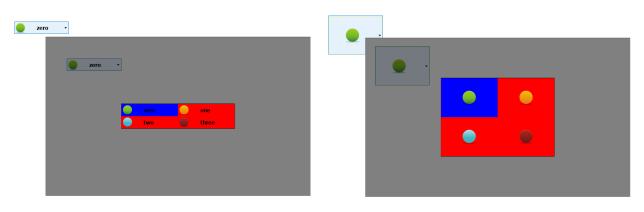
Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties> Properties pane> Project> ComboBox View Mode

Parameter	Description					
ComboBox	Select the visualization mode of all the Combo Box widgets of the project					
View Mode	Context Classic view with drop-down menus					
	<b>Full screen</b> Enhanced view with configurable texts and images that will pop up in the middle of the screen for easy scroll and selection.					

#### Context view example

zero 🔹	zero -
	zero
	one
	two
	three

#### Full screen view example



## Additional parameters available in full screen mode

The additional "Image List" column will be available inside Combo Box> List parameter:

	: Comb	02					Widget Gallery		
Index		0				a +	Ga .		
List		zei	ro,one,t	wo,three		a +	llery		
Data		Ms	ig-00	Add/Remov	e Message	6			
Drop Mode		Au	ito	Attach To		45			
Image		im	ages\gre	een_button.pr	ıg	a +			
E Events									
• Text	Combo	Box							
Button							4		
E ListView	🗹 🎾 I	Multilangua	ge Lang	1	$\sim$	BI	<u>U</u> Rol	boto	~ >]
E ListViewIte	+ -	51 D	Cont	inuous Index				[] <sup>∓</sup> ]Image list	Data list
General	-	1							
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	1	1	0	ne 🔴	images\o	range_but	ton.png	Ms	g-01
	2	2	tv	wo 🔵	images\tu	rquoise_bu	tton.png	Ms	g-02
	3	3	th	ree	images	/red_butto	n.png	Ms	g-03

A

Note: Some properties are displayed only in advanced mode.

Parameter	Description
Image	Return, inside the attached tag, the file name of the selected image
Button	<ul> <li>Define the look of the Combo Box</li> <li>Show background = true Combo Box button is showed</li> <li>Show background = false Only image or text is showed</li> </ul>
ListView	Layout parameters of the Combo Box in edit mode
ListViewItems	Define the items type that will be inside the Combo Box Image Mode: • Only Text • Only Images • Text and Images

### Additional macros available in full screen mode

- OpenComboBox
- CloseComboBox

## **Consumption Meter widget**

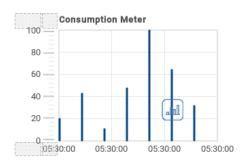
#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Trends/Graphs

Use this widget to monitor a resource which is continuously increasing. The system reads the value of the resource and calculates the increment in a set range of time, the increment is then displayed in a bar-graph in a trend-like window.

Different colors can be used to used in the graph based on the time frame.



Tip: Use this widget to calculate the power consumption of a system.



Parameter	Description
Value	Resource monitored
Graph Duration Graph Duration Units	Time period displayed in the window
Bar Duration Bar Duration Units	Time period represented by each bar in the graph
Time Periods	Assigns a specific color to highlight the increment of the monitored resource in a specified time period (minimum resolution = 1 hour).
Color Bar Width	Bar color and width
Bar Value	Show/Hide the value of each bar
Consumption Meter	Number of labels to be displayed on graph.

## Example: how to monitor energy consumption

In the following example a widget is design tho monitor energy consumption with a weekly scale and a daily unit.

- 1. Attach a tag to the physical variable to monitor. In this example, to the total energy consumed (Tag KWh). This tag contains an incremental number that indicates how many KW/h have been consumed from when energy consumption started.
- 2. Add a Trend and link it to the tag to be monitored, Tag KWh.
- 3. Add a Consumption Meter widget to a page.
- 4. Attach the Value property of the Consumption Meter to the Trend you created in step 2.
- 5. Set Graph Duration/Units to 1 week: this will give you a weekly graph of consumed energy.
- 6. Set **Bar Duration/Units** to 1 day, this is the time range when energy consumption is calculated.
- 7. In **Consumption Meter** set the number of labels to show in the bar graph, in this case 7 to display a weekly graph.
- 8. From the **Time Periods** property open the **Configure Time Periods** dialog: set the different colors for different values of Tag KWh in each bar.





Tip: To assign the color to the cells of the table, select the cells and click on the desired color, or enter the index value of the band (1, 2, 3) into the cell.

- 9. Add as many color bands as you need, in this example 3 color bands.
- 10. Assign a band to each hour in the weekly table, in this example a red band (E1) is used to indicate the range of time in the day/week where the cost of energy is the highest.



Note: You can apply a scale factor to each color band, if needed.

The result is a bar graph consumption meter showing daily consumption of energy in KW/h, with colors indicating the different energy costs. The height of each bar represents the amount of energy in the time range considered, 1 day in this example.

Use the action ConsumptionMeterPageScroll to scroll the bar graph back and forth and the action RefreshTrend to refresh the bar graph since data is not refreshed automatically.



Important: No other Trend action is currently supported by the Consumption Meter widget.

## **Control list widget**

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Advanced> Control List

Use these widgets to represent the status associated with a particular process and to control that process from the same widget.



Not yet available in the new gallery (use the old gallery to get this widget)

Two types of control lists are available:

- a group control list, with a limited set of navigation button already included, and
- a basic control list with no pre-configured button to be navigated using the touch screen feature.

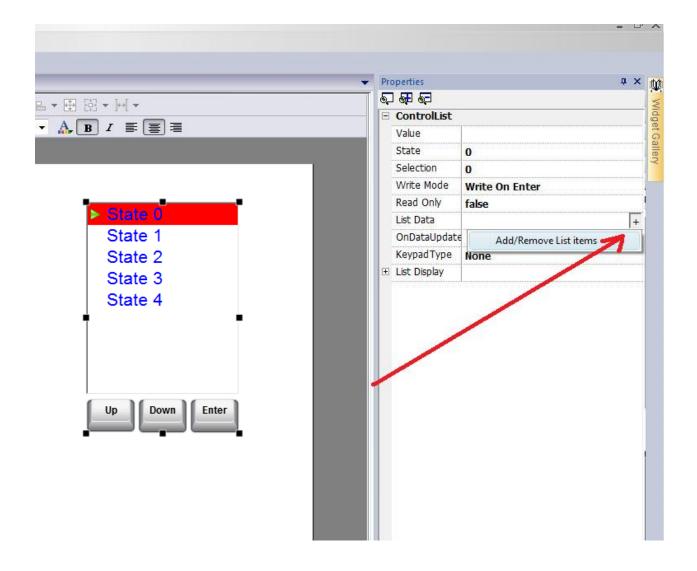
1:Page1*	×		•	Propertie	25	<b>4</b> :
• • • • *	<b>乿 Q. Q. ① 100% →   × 더 더 쉽 쉽 않 ~ 님 ~ 표</b> 없 ~ ⊢ →			e 🐮	<b>F</b>	
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				🗄 Value		
				State		3
						3
					e Mode	Write On Enter
	Control List	Control List			lbar Type	Gesture
					Only	false
	State 0	State 0		List [		State 0,State 1,State 2
	State 1	State 1			ataUpdate Action	
				Keyp		None
	State 2	State 2		• List [	Display	
	State 3	State 3				
		↓ ↑ Enter				

Parameter	Description		
Value	The value corresponding to the status of the widget. If there is a tag attached to the value property, when loading the widget, the State will be aligned with the tag value.		
State	State of widget. The widget highlights the item related to its State with a different background color (see "state color" in the properties of the widget).		
Selection	State selection. The selected item will be displayed with a small triangle on the left side of the list.		
Write Mode	<ul> <li>Select the State update mode</li> <li>Write On Select: The state is updated automatically to be aligned with the cursor position.</li> <li>Write On Enter: The status is updated with the cursor position only when the user presses enter</li> </ul>		
Scrollbars Type	<ul> <li>Select the scroll mode of the table</li> <li>Gesture: Pan gesture can be used to smoothly scroll the table.</li> <li>Scrollbar: Use the scrollbar to scroll the table</li> </ul>		
Read Only	Defines whether the list is only an indicator.		
List Data	List of status items. Each item has a status name, a corresponding value and a flag that enables to display the item inside the widget. Control List × + -		
	OK Cancel		

## **Defining states**

Add/remove states, that is items in the list, from the List Data property.

Any value can be assigned to a state. When you activate the state, by selecting the related item if in **WriteOnSelect** mode or selecting it and confirming with enter if **Write On Enter**, this will write the value assigned to state to the tag linked to the Control List widget **Value**.



### Manage list data items from JavaScrip code

The list of data items can be modified, at runtime, from JavaScript code using the **setProperty("listData", <NewControlList>)**. The below example shows how to modify the list of items

```
function SetItemsList_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
    var NewControlList = [["OFF",100,true],["ON",101,true],["MAN",102,true],
["AUTO",103,true]];
    var ControListWgt = page.getWidget("controlListBtn.controlList");
    ControListWgt.setProperty("listData", NewControlList);
}
```

Where

- NewControlList is an array with the items description
- controlListBtn.controlList is the ID of the Control List Widget to modify

The getProperty("listData"), instead, will just return a comma separated string of just the names.

```
function Read_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
    var ControListWgt = page.getWidget("controlListBtn.controlList");
    var ListData = ControListWgt.getProperty("listData");
}
```

Where the result of ListData will be: "OFF, ON, MAN, AUTO"

#### State

The getProperty("state") can be used to retrieve the State value. Here is an example of the JavaScript code

```
function controlListBtn_onDataUpdate(me, eventInfo)
{
    var ControListWgt = page.getWidget("controlListBtn.controlList");
    var State = ControListWgt.getProperty("state");
    project.setTag("State", State);
    return false;
}
```

## TabBar widget

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control> Horizontal tab

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control> Vertical tab

The widget should contain a list of checkable buttons (one or more) where one and only one button can be checked at a time (in the example image only the Tab 1 button is checked). When the size of the widget is not sufficient to show all checkable buttons, two other buttons (the two arrows in the image) should appear in order to control the viewport position. In the example image, only the right button is enabled; we will refer to these two buttons as viewport buttons. The embedded gestures to scroll left/right the tabs bar are supported.



### **TabBar properties**

Property	Description
Current Index	The currently checked tab button (default 0)
Button Expanding	When true, the buttons will adjust to take up all available space
Minimum Button Size	Minimum Button Size
	"Text Elide Mode" and "Button Expanding" can increase the size of the button
Background Color	Color used for unchecked tab buttons and for disabled viewport control buttons
Foreground Color	Color used for text and viewport buttons icons
Accent Color	Color used for the checked tab button and for enabled viewport control buttons
Text Elide Mode	The display mode when the text is too large. Can be

Property	Description
	Elide Right
	Expanding
lcons	Icons parameters
- Expanding	When true, the icons are expanding to use all available space
- Position	Icon position
- Min Width	Minimum width for icons
- Min Height	Minimum height for icons
Viewport	Viewport buttons parameters
- Mode	The visualization mode of the viewport control buttons. Can be:
	<ul> <li>whenNeeded</li> <li>alwaysOn</li> <li>alwaysOFF</li> </ul>
- Button Size	Size of the viewport buttons
- Position	The viewport position (should be between 0.0 to 1.0)
	This property is useful for connecting the viewport of two TabBars to each other, in order to synchronize the visible buttons (for example identical TabBars on different pages)
Tabs	Tabs configuration. Each tab can have:
	<ul> <li>label</li> <li>an icon</li> <li>associated actions</li> </ul>
Style	TabBar Style
	There are some predefined styles ready to use and a custom style. By selecting the "Custom" style, the new "Custom Style" sub-folder will appear with a list of all the style properties that can be used to precisely define any display details.
Custom Style	Available only when Style = Custom
	All the properties that are used to draw the TabBar widget.

## **TabBar buttons configuration**

Double click over the TabBar widget or press the Tab property to open the "TabBar buttons configuration". From this dialog, you can define the label, the icon, and the action associated with each button.

🛛 宛 Multilanguage	Lang1	<ul> <li>✓ <b>B</b> I</li> </ul>	<u>U</u> Roboto	~ >
Label	Icon		OnMouseClick action	
Tab 0	🖶 images\printer.svg	🗙	ShowWidget(); ShowWidget(); Show	
Tab 1	😚 images\fan.svg	🗙		
Tab 2	, images\alarm.svg	🗙		
Tab 3	💥 images\settings.svg	🗙		

The text in the label supports the live tag placeholder (See "Live Tags" on page 28)

## **ToolBar widget**

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control> Horizontal toolbar

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control> Vertical toolbar

The ToolBar widget is a list of clickable buttons that does not keep the status of the "selected button". All properties are the same as the TabBar widget with the exception of the "Current Index" property that is missing. (See "TabBar widget" on page 440)



## **Stack widget**

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Layout> Stack

The Stack widget is a widget to easily manage objects on multilayers.

When selected, the two arrow buttons on the left upper corner give you the possibility to move between the defined layers.

To edit a layer:

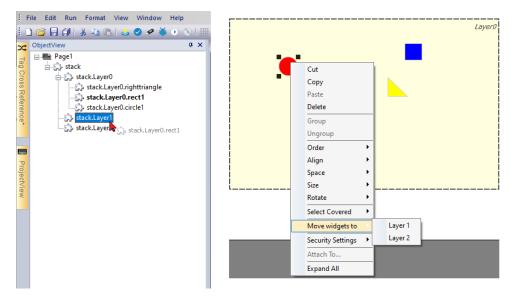
- Use "Current Index", in the property panel, to select the layer to edit
- Double click over the Stack widget
- Drag and drop widgets from the Gallery to the Stack widget

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<b>Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. (2, (2, (2) 100%) →   × 10, 17) []   10 (2 + 16 10 + 2 = 2 = 1 #1stack →   1 + 10 (2 + 16 10 + 16 + 16 + 16 + 16 + 16 + 16 +</b>	- <b>6 6</b>	
	StackWgt : stack	
□ ① ② * ÷ ③ □ ③ ◎ Font Roboto Light ∨ ∑ 24 ∨ A * B I U ≡ ≡ ≡	Current index	0 <u>a</u> + +
	Layers	+
	Background Color	[255, 255, 224]
B		
Layer0		
<u>i</u>		
Script / Keyboard 🗗		

To exit from the edit mode you can simply click outside the widget area. To avoid exiting from the edit mode when clicking outside the widget area you can lock the widget in the edit mode by clicking over the padlock icon.



Widgets can be moved from layer to layer using drag and drop on the ObjectView panel or from the pop-up menu available by right-clicking on the widget to be moved.

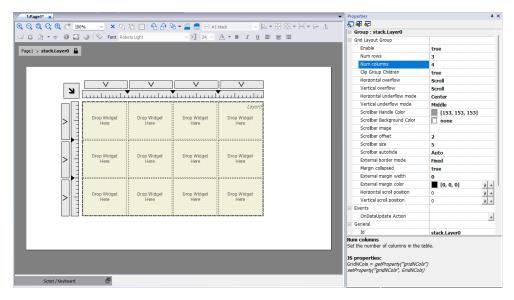


## **Stack properties**

Property	Description
Current Index	The currently visible layer. At runtime, the value of the "Current Index" property selects the layer to show.
Layers	Number of levels with their name (you can use up to 10 levels)
Background Color	Color used for unchecked tab buttons and for disabled viewport control buttons

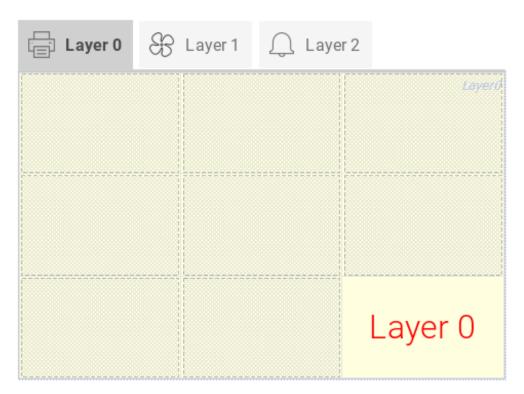
## Example of use

When the Stack widget is enabled for editing, in the properties panel it is possible to enable the grid layout and define some rows and columns to create the cells where to place the objects (Ref. "Grid Layout widget" on page 484).



If you add a TabBar widget and synchronize the "Current Index" between the TabBar and the Stack widget you can easily get a layer view managed by tabs.

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Ξ	StackWgt : stack	
Ξ	Current index	0 +
+	DataLink	currentIndex:HTab -
	Layers	+
	Background Color	[255, 255, 224]



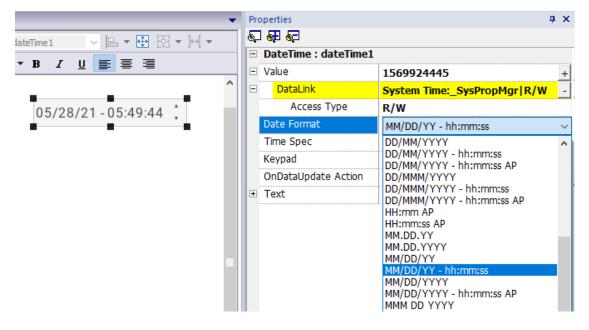
The Stack widget is not an alternative to the pages. The resources of the HMI Device are better optimized for the pages.

## DateTime widget

Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Controls

Use this widget to display and edit current date and time .

In the **Properties** pane different formats are available for representing date and time.



## Time options

OptionDescriptionlocalshows local time, the time of the HMI device where the project is runningglobalshows Global Time (GMT)servershows time information as handled by the server side of the HMI device

For the **Time Spec** property select which time the widget will show at runtime.

## **Time and Date placeholders**

You can use placeholders to freely define the Time and Date format

Date	Description
d	the day as number without a leading zero (1 to 31)
dd	the day as number with a leading zero (01 to 31)
ddd	the abbreviated localized day name (e.g. 'Mon' to 'Sun')
dddd	the long localized day name (e.g. 'Monday' to 'Sunday')
М	the month as number without a leading zero (1-12)
MM	the month as number with a leading zero (01-12)
МММ	the abbreviated localized month name (e.g. 'Jan' to 'Dec')
ММММ	the long localized month name (e.g. 'January' to 'December')
уу	the year as two digit number (00-99)
уууу	the year as four digit number

Time	Description
h	the hour without a leading zero (0 to 23 or 1 to 12 if AM/PM display)
hh	the hour with a leading zero (00 to 23 or 01 to 12 if AM/PM display)
m	the minute without a leading zero (0 to 59)
mm	the minute with a leading zero (00 to 59)
S	the whole second without a leading zero (0 to 59)
SS	the whole second with a leading zero where applicable (00 to 59)
AP or A	use AM/PM display. A/AP will be replaced by either "AM" or "PM"
ap or a	use am/pm display. a/ap will be replaced by either "am" or "pm"

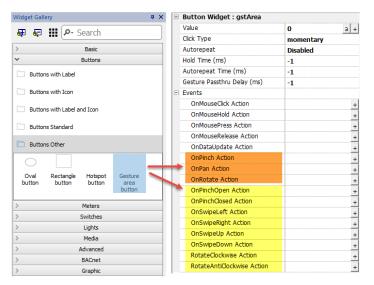
**Regional Settings** 

You can use even the SHORT-DATE or the LONG-DATE placeholders to use the format defined inside the Regional Setting (see "Regional Settings" on page 87)

## Gesture area widget

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Buttons> Others

Gesture Area Widget is a hotspot button that generates gesture events.



Gesture Events	Description		
OnSwipeLeft	An event is release when swipe gesture is detected		
OnSwipeRight			
OnPinchOpen	An event is release when pinch gesture is detected		
OnPinchClose			
RotateClockwise	An event is release when rotate gesture is detected		
RotateAntiClockwise			
OnPan	A series of events released during the gesture.		
OnPinch	Only JavaScript can be used to service these events, through the JavaScript code		
OnRotate	the developer can manage the gestures events as he prefer.		
	WARNING: Only multi touch HMI devices can generate OnPinch and OnRotate events		

### OnPan

boolean onGesturePan(me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when one point inside the area has pressed and a linear movement has been detected.

Parameter Description		
me	Object triggering the event.	
eventInfo	id = Gesture id; it is used to identify different gestures.	
	<b>running</b> = True except for last event delivered to notify gesture completion.	
	dx = Total X axis movement in screen pixel units from initial touch position .	
	<b>dy</b> = Total Y axis movement in screen pixel units from initial touch position.	

### OnPinch

boolean onGesturePinch(me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when two points inside the area have been pressed and a linear movement has been detected.

Parameter	Description	
me	Object triggering the event	
<b>eventInfo id</b> = Gesture id; it is used to identify different gestures.		
	<b>running</b> = True except for last event delivered to notify gesture completion.	
	<b>dx</b> = Total X axis movement in screen pixel units from initial touch position. It represents the distance change between fingers. Positive value means that the distance is increasing; negative value means that the distance is decreasing. This amount may be used to control a zoom value.	
	<b>dy</b> = Total Y axis movement in screen pixel units (see dx).	

## OnRotate

boolean onGestureRotate(me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when two points inside the area have been pressed and a rotate movement has been detected.

Parameter	Description	
me	Object triggering the event	
eventInfo	id = Gesture id; it is used to identify different gestures.	
	<b>running</b> = True except for last event delivered to notify gesture completion.	
	<b>drot</b> = How many degrees (0/360) have been added since the previous event.	
	trot = Total degrees (0/360) of the entire movement.	
	Positive numbers meaning clockwise rotation, negative anticlockwise rotation.	

### Gesture events pass thru

To use a widget (e.g. a button or a slider) covered from a gesture object, you have to keep pressed the widget 200 mSec to move the control to the underlying object. The time that must be waited for to send the command to the underlying

Parameter	Description	
Gesture Passthru Enabled	Enable the possibility to pass gesture events to underlying widgets after a configurable delay. User has to keep pressed the finger and then execute the gesture.	
	<b>default</b> = Use the value defined in the project properties. See "Project" on page 80	
	true = Gesture passthru enabled	
	false = Gesture passthru disabled	
Gesture Passthru Delay (ms)	The time that must be waited for to send the command to the underlying object	
	0/500 mSec	
	-1 Use the delay defined in the project properties. See "Project" on page 80	

### Examples of using gesture events in association with JavaScript

Here some example of using gesture events in association with JavaScript code to identify gestures and program the requested actions

#### **Swipe Gesture**

How to recognize a "swipe" gesture to change page in the application.

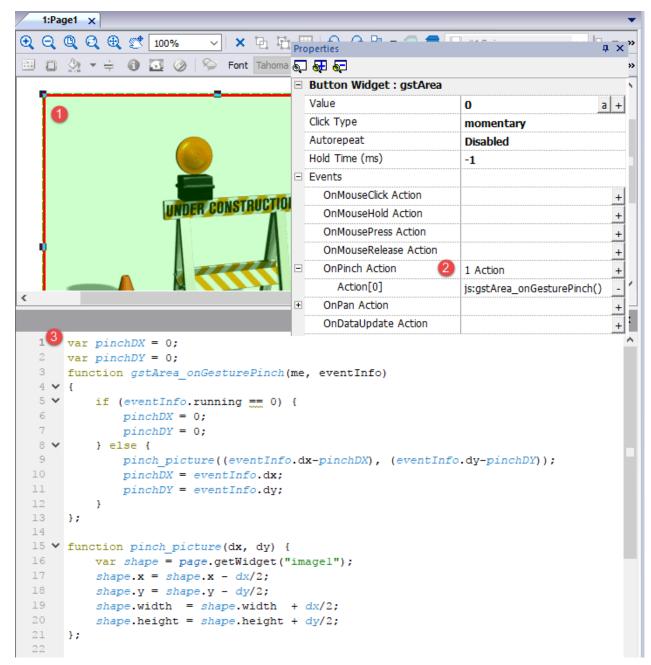
- 1. Put a Gesture area widget into the page
- 2. Configure the OnPan Action to trigger a JavaScript function
- 3. Write the JavaScript code that recognize and manage the swipe gesture

	Value Click Type Autorepeat Hold Time (ms) Autorepeat Time (ms)	0 momentary Disabled -1 -1	+
Ī	Autorepeat Hold Time (ms) Autorepeat Time (ms)	Disabled -1	
	Hold Time (ms) Autorepeat Time (ms)	-1	
	Autorepeat Time (ms)		
-		-	
=		-1	
	Events		
	OnMouseClick Action		+
	OnMouseHold Action		+
	OnMousePress Action		+
	OnMouseRelease Action		+
	OnPinch Action		+
-	OnPan Action 2	1 Action	+
	Action[0]	js:Swipe onGesturePan()	-
	OnDataUpdate Action		+
+	General		
+	Position		
	+	OnMouseHold Action OnMousePress Action OnMouseRelease Action OnPinch Action © OnPan Action 2 Action[0]	OnMouseHold Action OnMousePress Action OnMouseRelease Action OnPinch Action OnPan Action 2 1 Action Action[0] js:Swipe_onGesturePan() OnDataUpdate Action # General

#### **Pinch Gesture**

How to recognize a "pinch" gesture to resize an image.

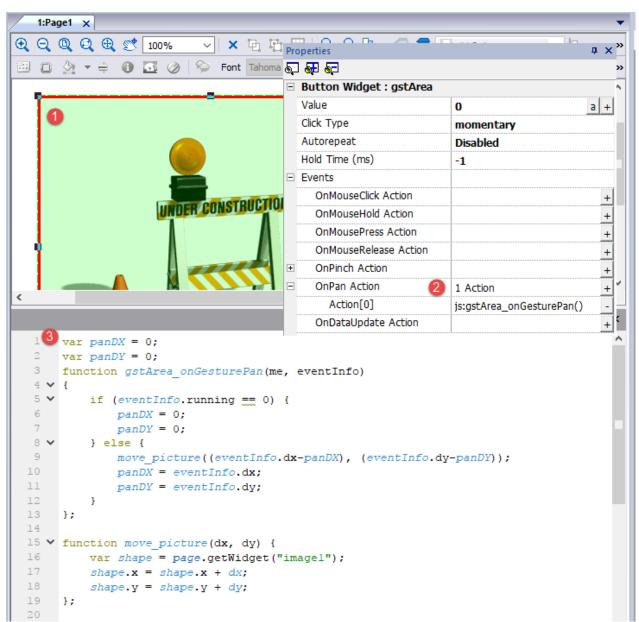
- 1. Put a Gesture area widget into the page over the image
- 2. Configure the OnPinch Action to trigger a JavaScript function
- 3. Write the JavaScript code that recognize and manage the pinch gesture



#### Pan Gesture

How to recognize a "pan" gesture to move an image.

- 1. Put a Gesture area widget into the page over the image
- 2. Configure the OnPan Action to trigger a JavaScript function



3. Write the JavaScript code that recognize and manage the pan gesture

## JavaScript function block widget

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> JSFunctionBlock

JavaScript Function Block is a widget that contains JavaScript logic that is executed when tags values change.

Parameter	Description
value1	Objects that will trigger the OnDataUpdate action.
 value16	
OnDataUpdate	Action that will be executed when a change of an associated value is detected

Note: This widget is rendered only in xAscender Studio, and it is not rendered in the HMI device.

#### Example:

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A JavaScript code that check the combination lock of three selectors

🗄 🔯 🔹 🖨 💽 🧭 🏷 Font Roboto Medium	~ >]	12 ∨ A <b>* B</b> <i>I</i> <u>U</u> ≡ ≡	≡ ^
TWO TWO TWO ONE THREE ONE THREE ON		IREE	
	$(\cdot)$		
	Properties		
	6. <del>6.</del> 6.		
	ISFunctBlock	Wgt : JSFunctBlock	
	🖃 value1	1	
	<ul> <li>DataLink</li> </ul>	NeedleWgt.value:Knob1	
(43*)	Access 1	R	
	value2	1	
	DataLink	NeedleWgt.value:Knob2	
Script	Access 1	R	
1	value3	1	
2 function JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate(me, e	<ul> <li>DataLink</li> </ul>	NeedleWgt.value:Knob3	
3 🗸 {	Access 1	——————————————————————————————————————	
<pre>4 var wUNLOCK = page.getWidget("unlock") 5</pre>	value4		а
6 //Accept the incoming new value	value5		а
7 me[eventInfo.attrName] = eventInfo.m	value6		a
8	value7		a
<pre>9 //Check the unlock code 10 Y if ((me,value)=="3") &amp;&amp; (me,value)=="3")</pre>	value8		
<pre>10    if ((me.valuel=="3") &amp;&amp; (me.value2== 11</pre>	value8 value9		а
12 v } else {			а
13 wUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me.	value10		а
14 };	value11		а
15 16 return false:	value12		а
17 }	value13		а
	value14		а
cript / Keyboard /	value15		а
,	value16		а
	<ul> <li>Events</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>OnDataUpd</li> </ul>	1 Action	
	Action[0	js:JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate()	
	initial delay	0	
	General		
	Position		

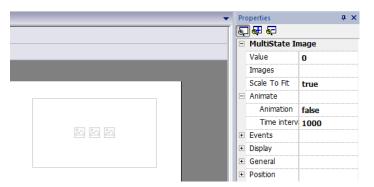
	Script	×
1		^
2	<pre>function JSFunctBlockWgt_onDataUpdate(me, eventInfo)</pre>	
3 🗸	{	
4	<pre>var vUNLOCK = page.getWidget("unlock")</pre>	
5		
6	// Accept the incoming new value	
7	<pre>me[eventInfo.attrName] = eventInfo.newValue;</pre>	
8		
9	// Check the unlock code	- 64
10 🗸	if ((me.value1=="3") && (me.value2=="3") && (me.value3=="3")) {	
11	<pre>wUNLOCK.setProperty("value", "Unlock!");</pre>	
12 🗸	} else {	
13	<pre>wUNLOCK.setProperty("value", me.value1+"-"+me.value2+"-"+me.value3);</pre>	
14	};	
15		
16	return false;	
17	};	
18		×
	Keyboard /	

See "Widget events" on page 520 for the description of the onDataUpdate parameters

## Multistate Image widget

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Images

Use this widget to display an image from a collection based on the value of a tag used as Index. You can use this widget also for simple animations.

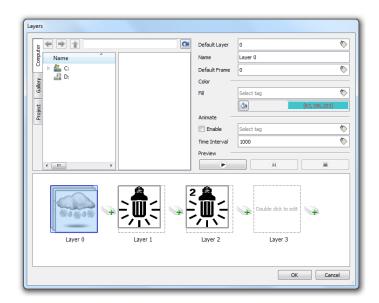


Parameter	Description
Value	Index of image to display.
	For example, set Value=0, to display the image with index 0 in the image collection.
Images	Images collection with associated index.
Animate	Set to true, to enable a slide show.
Time interval	Interval between images in the slide show.

## Multistate Image Multilayer widget

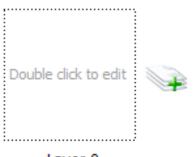
#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Images

Use this widget to create different animations and select the most suitable at runtime.



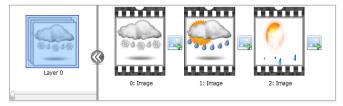
## Setting up widget layers

- 1. Open the Layers dialog from the Properties pane.
- 2. Click + to add as many layers as you need.



Layer 0

3. Double click on each layer to add as many images as you want to include in the layer.



4. Drag and drop images into the frame to add it to current layer.



5. Define widget properties.

Parameter	Description
Default Layer	Layer shown at runtime.
Name	Name of selected layer.
Default Frame	Frame shown when current layer is displayed.
Color / Fill	Fill color for images of current layer.
Animate	Enables slide show for active layer. Animations can be started/stopped at runtime attaching it to a tag.
Time Interval	Time interval of slide show, if enabled.
Preview	Slide show simulation.



Note: Default Layer, Default Frame, Color and Fill can be changed at runtime, attaching the to a tag.

## **Network Adapters widget**

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Control

Use the IP Widget to set the network adapters parameters.

```
Network Adapter Parameters
```

IP Address: Subnet Mask:	172.26.144.1 255.255.240.0
Gateway:	0.0.0.0
	CANCEL APPLY

The system variable Network->Status contains the result of the last operation performed by the IP Widget (see "Network variables" on page 142 for details)

## **RSS Feed widget**

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Media> RSSFeed Source

Use this widget to display on the HMI device your favorite RSS feeds directly from the Internet.

RSSFeed



Parameter	Description	
RSS Source	Feed URL	
	Note: Feed sources cannot be modified at runtime.	
UpdateRate	Refresh time	

RSS Source	Properties     From the second s	# × p://rss.cnn.com/rss/cnn_topstori +	Widget Gallery
Hos Starte     Hos Starte     Hos Starte     Index Enable Name     I	http://sports.esp k http://feeds.new	m/rss/cnn_topstories n.go.com/espn/rss/news sweek.com/newsweek/TopNews neycentral.msn.com/Feeds/RSS/	
		OK Cancel	

The RSS Feed widget has been specifically designed to work with Pocket Internet Explorer.

## Scrolling RSS Feed widget

#### Path: Widget Gallery> Media> RSSFeed Scroll

Use this version of the main RSS Feed widget to display highlights inside a text line using a smoothing scrolling text.



Ξ	RSS Scroll Wide	get : RSSScrollWgt
	RSS Source	http://rss.cnn.com/rss/cnn_topstories +
	UpdateRate	15
	Title Separator	
	Title Font	Tahoma
	Title Color	<b>[</b> 23, 30, 40]
	Title Size	12
	Scrolling	Normal

This widget has additional properties.

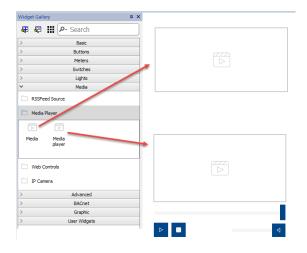
Parameter	Description
Scrolling	Scrolling speed
Title Separator	Separator character between highlights

## **Media Player widgets**

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> Media Player

Use these widgets to play videos from a playlist. The video files can be stored on a USB drive, on the Flash card or an SD Card.

Two widgets are available: one includes a multimedia frame with buttons to play and stop the video, the other is a plain frame where the video is played without user control.



Parameter	Description
Media Player List	Open Windows file browser for selecting video files to collect in the play list. Selected files will be downloaded to the HMI device together with the project.
	When a USB device or an SD Card has been selected, files must be placed in a subfolder "mediafiles" of the external memory media. Video files will be played according to filename alphabetical order.
	Ensure you have the commercial rights of the multimedia files.
Loop Style	Define how the video is played.
Loop Style	<ul> <li>Define how the video is played.</li> <li>NoLoop: plays all the videos in the playlist, then stops.</li> </ul>
Loop Style	
Loop Style	NoLoop: plays all the videos in the playlist, then stops.

Note: The Media Player widget only works with some HMI devices (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587). It doesn't work the xAscender Client.



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Note: You can have only one Media Player widget in a page.

## Supported video encoding

Two groups of codecs are supported:

- DSP based video codecs
- Software video codecs



List of HMI devices that support the DSP (video hardware acceleration) is available on "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587.

### **DSP video codecs**

These include:

- H264 using AVI/MP4 container, CABAC off and Level 3 (suggested)
- MPEG4 using MP4 container

### Audio codecs

The following audio codes are supported:

- MP1(MPEG-1.0 Layer-1)
- MP2(MPEG-1.0 Layer-2)
- MP3(MPEG-1.0 Layer-3, MPEG-2.0 Layer-3, MPEG-2.5 Layer-3)
- Vorbis

- FLAC
- AAC
- PCM

Requires

- · USB compatible headset or USB compatible converter with stereo jack output
- BSP v3.1.100 or greater

### Software video codecs

This is only:

• Microsoft MPEG4 v3 using an AVI container.

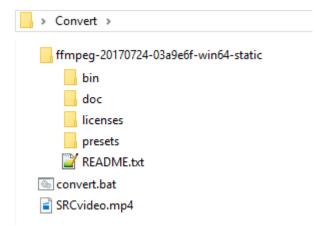


Be aware that video performance are depending from the chosen resolution, bit rate and device capabilities. If video rendering is not smooth, try to reduce the resolution or the bit rate of your video.

The videos encoded with Microsoft MPEG4 v3 are not using the hardware acceleration and have more limitations. To prevent the videos from running jerky, a maximum resolution of 800x360 pixels and a bit rate of 1300 kb/s are suggested. In addition, the size of the Media Player widget used on the page should have the same size as the videos in the play list, in order to avoid up scaling and down scaling. Audio is not supported.

## Converting a video

The FFMPEG (<u>www.ffmpeg.org</u>) can be used to convert a video into the correct codec supported from the HMI device. Using the folder structure of the below picture, the following batch file could be used to convert any video file.



```
🔚 convert.bat 🗵
  1
      echo off
  2
      set FFMPEG=ffmpeg-20170724-03a9e6f-win64-static\bin\ffmpeg.exe
  3
  4
     %FFMPEG% -i SRCvideo.mp4 ^
  5
               -v ^
  6
               -an ^
  7
               -s 240x160 ^
  8
               -b:v 4200k ^
  9
               -maxrate 4200k ^
               -c:v libx264 ^
 10
 11
               -profile:v baseline ^
               -level:v 3 ^
 12
 13
               -bufsize 3000k ^
               -minrate 0 ^
 14
               -f avi ^
 15
 16
               -preset slow ^
 17
               HMIvideo.avi
 18
 19
     pause
 20
```

Now you can open the converted video with a standard video player, such as Windows Media Player and check the quality. You can add the resulting video to the play list of the Media Player widget.



Note : The FFMPEG tool is not distributed with the xAscender Suite.

# Using Media Player in JavaScript

The Media Player widget can be also referenced in JavaScript programs with the following syntax:

```
//get the mediaplayer widget.
var mediaWgt = page.getWidget('MediaPlayerWgt2');
//load the play list
mediaWgt.setProperty('medialist', '/Storage Card/demo_3.avi,/Storage Card/video1_
3.avi');
// set the loopstyle 0 - noloop, 1 - loop one, 2- loop all, 3 - random
mediaWgt.setProperty('loopstyle', 2);
//start playing the first file.
mediaWgt.mediapath = '/Storage Card/demo_3.avi';
```

See "JavaScript " on page 515 for details on how to work with JavaScript.

# **Browser widget**

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> Web Controls

Use this widget to embed web pages into your HMI device pages. This is an HTML5 compatible browser widget based on the WebKit/QT4 (HMI devices with BSP v1.0) or WebEngine/QT5 (HMI devices with BSP v1.3).

This is an HTML5 compatible browser widget, based on WebEngine. Can be used to embed web pages into the HMI device pages.



Note: The WebKit library is available as a plugin (see "Plug-in" on page 80 for details) to download to the xAscender HMI Runtime only when required. This allows you to save around 3 MB of space if the widget is not required in your project.



Performances of browser widget is not fixed and depends on many factors such as: target server performances, app/plugin on the web pages, CPU of HMI device. You can add multiple Browser widgets on same page, but this could reduce project performances.

$\leftrightarrow \rightarrow \diamond$	Ð	-	+	
WebBrowserWgt				

Parameter	Description
Home Page	Default URL to open when widget is shown on the page.
Zoom to Fit	Automatically scales content to the size of view area.
Time out	Page load timeout in seconds.
Show Progress cursor	Shows/hides loading cursor
Clear History	Automatic history clear on load
Accept Language	HTTP header tag that specifies the preferred languages e.g. "IT; en-US, EN"
Save Cookie	Select the location where cookie can be saved. Leave the field empty if you don't want to save the cookies

Gestures are supported to scroll the page, move the page, zoom in/out.

# Hyper Link

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> Hyper Link

n **Hyper Link** widget is available to create pages hyperlinks. Once clicked these links notify to the browser widget that a particular web page is to be loaded.

# **IP Camera widgets**

Path: Widget Gallery> Media> IP Camera

Use these these widgets to show images captured from an IP Camera or a video stream.

IP Camera	

Parameter	Description	
Camera URL	URL of the IP Camera when used in JPEG format.	
Refresh Rate	Number of seconds between image refreshes.	
User Name	Name of user allowed to access the camera.	
	Set this parameter when access to the camera is password protected.	
Password	Password to access the camera.	
MJPEG Camera URL	URL of MJPEG streaming (for example, http://192.168.0.1/video.cgi)	

When this widget is used to stream HTTP MJPEG, Camera URL and Refresh Rate are ignored.

Performance of streaming is not fixed and depends on many factors such as: frame size, frame compression level, CPU of HMI device, quality of IPCamera. Based on these factors the widget can reach up to 25 fps.

You can add multiple IP Camera widgets, but this will reduce the frame rate for each widget.

# **Supported IPCameras**

The following IP Cameras have been tested so far:

IPCamera	Protocol	URL
Apexis APM-J901-Z-WS PTZ IP Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/videostream.cgi
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/snapshot.cgi
AXIS M3027-PVE Network Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/axis-cgi/mjpg/video.cgi
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/axis-cgi/jpg/image.cgi

IPCamera	Protocol	URL
DAHUA DH-IPC-HD2100P-080B 1.3mp Outdoor Vandalproof	HTTP	http://{ip_address}:9988/onvif/media_ service/snapshot
D-Link DCS-5605 PTZ	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/video/mjpg.cgi
D-Link DCS-900W IP Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/video.cgi
D-Link DCS-932L	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/video.cgi
Edimax IC-7100P PTZ	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/mjpg/video.mjpg
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/picture.jpg
Foscam FI8916W	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/videostream.cgi
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/snapshot.cgi
Foscam FI9803 EP	MJPEG	<ul> <li>http://{ip_address}:88/cgi- bin/CGIStream.cgi?cmd=GetMJStream&amp;usr= {user}&amp;pwd={pass}</li> <li>NOTE: <ul> <li>port 88 may be different as per IP Camera settings</li> <li>{user} = username defined into IP Camera settings</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>{pass} = password defined into IP Camera settings</li> </ul>
Hamlet HNIPCAM IP Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/video.cgi
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/image.jpg
MOXA VPort 254 (Rugged 4-channel	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/moxa-cgi/mjpeg.cgi
MJPEG/MPEG4 industrial video encoder)	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/moxa- cgi/getSnapShot.cgi?chindex=1
NVS30 network video server	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}:8070/video.mjpeg
	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/jpg/image.jpg
Panasonic WV-Series Network Camera	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/cgi-bin/mjpeg
Ubiquiti UniFi Video Camera	HTTP	http://{ip_address}:7080/images/snapshot/camera/ {camera_guid}?force=true NOTE:
		<ul> <li>{camera_guilD} can be found into IP Camera Webpage</li> </ul>

IPCamera	Protocol	URL
		<ul> <li>port 7080 may be different as per IP Camera settings</li> </ul>
Zavio F3210 2MP Day & Night Compact IP	MJPEG	http://{ip_address}/stream?uri=video.pro3
Came	HTTP	http://{ip_address}/cgi-bin/view/image?pro_0
		NOTE:
		<ul> <li>MJPEG video streaming can be configured selecting "video profile 3" with 640x480 resolution into IP Camera settings.</li> </ul>

# **PTZ Controls widget**

PTZ (pan-tilt-zoom) cameras are cameras capable of remote directional and zoom control.

Not yet available in the new gallery (use the old gallery to get this widget)

The PTZ Controls widget uses the MovelPCamera action to send HTTP/cgi commands to the PTZ IP Camera.

•	Properties	ά×
▼ E * ⊕ [0] * ]+[ *	2 <del>4</del> 4	
	PTZ Controls : GroupWgt1	
	Events	
	Up OnMouseClick Action 2 Actions	+
	Action[0] MoveIPCar	nera() -
	Action[1] MoveIPCar	nera() -
	<ul> <li>Left OnMouseClick Action 2 Actions</li> </ul>	+
	<ul> <li>Right OnMouseClick Action 2 Actions</li> </ul>	+
	<ul> <li>Down OnMouseClick Action 2 Actions</li> </ul>	+
	<ul> <li>Home Position OnMouseClick Act 1 Action</li> </ul>	+
	<ul> <li>Stop Horizon Patrol OnMouseClic 1 Action</li> </ul>	+
	<ul> <li>Horizon Patrol OnMouseClick Acti 1 Action</li> </ul>	+

# Authentication methods

The authentication method is automatically set by the camera web server to which the widget connects. Authentication methods supported are:

- Basic
- NTLM version 1
- Digest-MD5

# Web Browser

On the Web Browser, only the "Basic Authentication" mode is supported. When used, the IP Camera with authentication shows a pop dialog to enter login and password.

Widget is supported by Chrome and Firefox, we found issues using the current version of the Edge browser.

# **IP Stream widgets**

## Path: Widget Gallery> Media> IP Stream

This is a new widget to show live video streams using RTSP or MJPEG protocols which, when available, use hardware codecs (see the Media Player column in "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587).



Not supported in xA4Web and simulator. Codec H265 is not supported.



BSP v3.1.49/v1.3.721 or greater is required.

IP Stream	

Parameter	Description		
Stream Type	Protocol supported by the IP camera		
	0 RTSP Uses Qt QMediaplayer		
	1 MJPEG Uses gstreamer pipelines in Linux platforms		
	UDP protocol is not supported		
RTSP Camera URL	URL of the IP Camera when used in RTSP protocol.		
MJPEG Camera URL	URL of the IP Camera when used in MJPEG protocol.		
User Name	Name of user allowed to access the camera.		
	Set this parameter when access to the camera is password protected.		
Password	Password to access the camera.		

# Authentication methods

The authentication method is automatically set by the camera web server to which the widget connects. Authentication methods supported are:

Basic

# **Tested RTSP cam**

## **Revotech HD Security Camera**

Widget property	Value
Stream type	0 (RTSP)
RTSP Camera URL	rtspt://username:password@ipAddress:port/profile0
	example: rtspt://admin:123456@192.168.1.111:8554/profile0

Note:

- This camera uses TCP protocol instead of UDP, meaning that **rtspt** need to be used respect **rtsp** protocol.
- Supported Codec and resolution of this camera are H264 and 1920\*1080. Camera settings must be updated accordingly.

## Foscam HD IP Camera RTSP

Widget property	Value	
Stream type	0 (RTSP)	
RTSP Camera URL	rtsp://username:password@ipAddress:port/videoMain example:	
	rtsp://admin:123456@192.168.1.111:88/videoMain	

## G4 PRO – DVR of UniFi Protect

Widget property	Value
Stream type	0 (RTSP)
RTSP Camera URL	rtspt://ip:7447/key
	example: rtspt://192.168.0.254:7447/N5NsQsp3fyYHBtdu

Note:

- This camera uses TCP protocol instead of UDP, meaning that **rtspt** need to be used respect **rtsp** protocol.
- To make stream available for widget, go in advanced settings of DVR and modify the default link stream:
  - change protocol from "rtsps" to "rtsp"
  - remove the argument "?enableSrtp"
  - modify port from "7441" to "7447"

# **Table widget**

# Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Table

Use this widget to create a table with data provided from a data source.

To configure a table:

- 1. Put a table widget on the screen and configure the template of the table.
- 2. Add widgets into cells to configure one or more rows that will be used as row templates when the table will be filled with data provided from the data source.
- 3. Select a data source that will be used to fill the rows of the table
- 4. Define the links from widgets and data source.

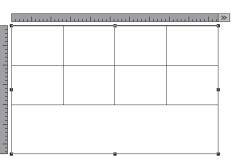
# Configure the table widget

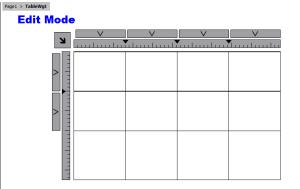
Table widget has two states:

- View mode
- Edit mode.

Click on the table to manage the widget in view mode, double click to enter in the edit mode. To exit and return to view mode click outside the table.







## View Mode

In view mode, you can configure the table layout. Drag and drop the table onto the page, resize the table, define number of template rows, number of columns and the main table properties.

Properties							
6	]	<b>9</b>	<b>6</b> 7				
-	Tab	oleGro	upWgt : TableV	Ngt			
	Current selected row Precached Pages		-1				
	Pre	cacheo	l Pages		0		
+	Dat	a Sour	се				
	Gric	d Layou	it Group				
	I	Num ro	WS		2		
	I	Num co	olumns		4		
Horizontal		Horizon	tal overflow		Scroll		
	I	Horizon	tal underflow m	ode	Center		
	;	Scrollba	ar Handle Color		<b>[</b> 0, 70, 136]		
	;	Scrollba	ar Background Co	olor	[237, 237, 237]		
	;	Scrollba	ar image				
	;	Scrollba	ar offset		0		
	:	Scrollba	ar size		10		
	:	Scrollba	ar autohide		Auto		
	I	Externa	al border mode		Fixed		
	I	Margin	collapsed		true		
	I	Externa	al margin width		1		
	I	Externa	al margin color		[200, 200, 200]		
	I	Horizon	tal scroll position		0		
	١	Vertica	l scroll position		0		
+	Eve	ents					
+	Ger	neral					
+	Pos	sition					

## Edit Mode

In edit mode, it is possible configure the format and the content of each cell of the table. Each row of the table will act as a row template.

To configure the look of the table, click on table's selectors to select the item to configure.

<u> </u>		Properties relate selected item	with the	?	×
Active	Selectors	Col setup (color eg. Left stroke Width Right stroke Width Left stroke color Right stroke color	#rrggbb or #rrggbb	baa)	
Active Selectors		Row setup (color eg Top stroke Width Bott. stroke Width Top stroke color Botton stroke color Background color	1 3 #000000	obaa)	

#### Add or remove rows or columns

To add or remove rows or columns, double click over the grid to enter in edit mode and right click over column or row selector to open the context menu.

Ы		< >	Insert column (left)	 
>		-	Remove column	

## Merge or split rows or columns

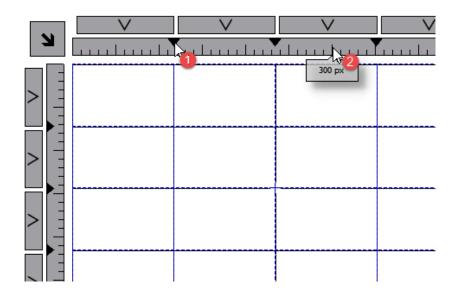
To merge or split rows or columns, double click over the grid to enter in edit mode and move the cursor over the ribbons:

• Double click the black triangle to merge the two adjacent rows or columns (1)



Note that merge is possible only with an empty row or column.

• Double click on ribbon to split the selected row or column (2)



To configure the contents of cells, drag and drop the widgets inside the cells.

•	$\vee$	$\vee$
R		
$\geq$	Description Tag description:	Value
$\geq$	Tag description:	99099
_		· () ±
_		

If you need more widgets inside a single cell, create a group of widgets and copy the group from the page to the cell.

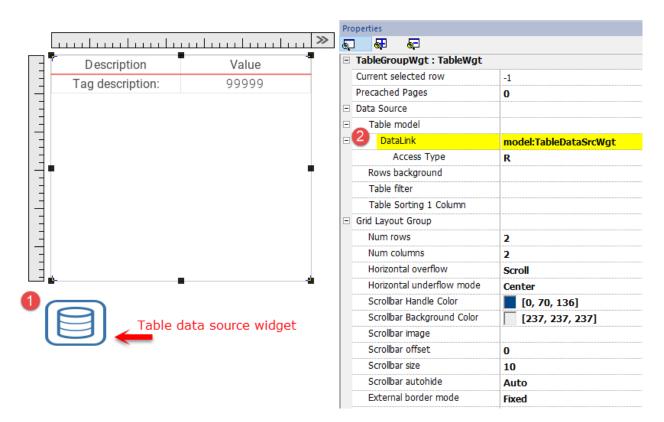
# Configuring the data source

The data source, that provide the data to fill the table, could be a Table Data Source Widget or a JavaScript Object.

## Table Data Source Widget

## Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Table

- 1. Drag and drop a Table Data Source Widget onto the page
- 2. Set the Table Model parameter to link at the data source.



Select the Data Source and inside the TableDataSrcWgt Editor add the rows and columns that are needed. In the following example, we have defined two row templates:

• Row 0

Header of the table. Contains only static text.

• Row 1

Template of rows with data. On the first column we added a label that will contain the description and on the second column a field that will contain the value.

l		scription lescription:	Value 99999	Row 0 Row 1	
<					>
			TableDataSr	cWgt Editor	×
Tab	le rows 🕂 💻	► ► Fixed	d header 🛛 Table columns 🕂	- < >	>] [>
	Row type	<i>∽</i>	Column 1	Column2	
1	0	N/A		N/A	
2	1	Temperature		Tag1 R/W	
3	1	Humidity:		Tag2 R/W	
4	1	Noise:		Tag3 R/W	
5	1	Brightness:		Tag4 R/W	
		TableDataSrcWot Edit			

Each row must be assigned a row type. The row will take on the format of the corresponding row template. Widgets that were placed in each cell of the row template will appear in rows of that type.

## Define links with data source

- 1. Double click over the Table widget to enter in edit mode and select a widget
- 2. Select the property that is to be read from the data source
- 3. Select the column of the data source that will provide the data

			2 = = #1TableWgt ∨ E ▼ ∰ ಔ ▼ № ▼		👽 💭 Text : Table	Wgt.label3	
	<u>%</u> ▼≑ 6 ⊡ ⊘ %	Font Tahoma	<ul> <li>12 ∨ A ▼ B I U ■ ≡ ≡ ≡</li> </ul>		Text	Tag description:	2+
	> TableWgt			±.	Events		•
R	hundrudundi						
	Description	Value	TableWgt.label3.text				
	Tag description:	<u>)999999</u>	Source: O Tag O Alias O System O Widget O Recipe				
=			P- Search				
-	0		<ul> <li>▷ _AlarmsMgr</li> <li>▷ _EventMgr</li> </ul>				
			<ul> <li>▷ _MultiLangMgr</li> <li>▷ Page1</li> </ul>				
			<ul> <li>TableDataSrcWgt</li> <li>DynamicField</li> </ul>				
-			Column0 Column1				
-			Column1 ▷ General				

The below picture is showing how our example will be rendered at runtime

Description	Value
Temperature	111
Humidity:	222
Noise:	333
Brightness:	444

#### **Fixed Header**

If you want the first row will be not scrollable, check the *"Fix Header"* check box on Data Source toolbox or set true the "Show Header" propert inside the Data Source properties panel (note the parameter is available only in advanced view).

#### **Column override**

You can use an array of integers to define or modify the columns order at runtime. When you use this property, be sure to attach an array of integer and set the index to -1 (to select the entire array).

Column override (array of int):

0 1	2 3	4	5 6	7 8
Description:	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4
00	1	2	3	4
Row 1	Data 1	Data 11	Data 111	Data 1111

Column override (array of int):

Description:	Col 1	Col 3	Col 3	Col 7	
00	1	3	3	7	
Row 1	Data 1	Data 111	Data 111	fdqfd	

## **Fetch Mode**

When enabled, the table will load a minimal number of rows to fill the view. Allows very fast page loading for large tables. When scrolling, when the table reaches the end, new rows are loaded and you can scroll through the database.

The "Rows loaded" parameter gives you the possibility to choose how many rows need to be loaded per cycle. The higher the value, the longer it will take to load the page, but the more rows will be loaded ready to scroll (less load during scrolling).

## Multilanguage

To enable the Multilanguage support right click on the Multilanguage icon of the column. The icon will change color to indicate that the support is enabled.



Avoid enabling the Multilanguage support when not necessary to better performance.

Tab	Fable rows 🕂 — \land 🗸 🗹 Fixed header 🛛 Table columns 🕂 — < 🔉				
Γ	Row type	Column0	Column1		
1	0	N/A Add ML support	N/A		
2	1	Temperature	Tag1 R/W		
3	1	Humidity:	Tag2 R/W		
4	1	Noise:	Tag3 R/W		
5	1	Brightness:	Tag4 R/W		

#### Import/Export Data Source

The configuration of the Data Source can be imported/exported using xml files

Tal	ble rows 🕂 💻 🗸	🔨 🔍 🗹 Fixed header 🛛 Table columns 🕂	- < > [ >] >]
	Row type	See Column0	Column1
1	0	N/A	N/A
2	1	Temperature	Tag1 R/W

## JavaScript Object

In alternative to the Data Source Widget, for data to fill the table could be provided from a JavaScript Object. In this case, we have to fill an array of elements with the data to use and assign the array to the table widget.

```
var myTable = page.getWidget("TableWgt1");
myTable.model = model;
```

**model** is an array of elements with the table definition and data. The first element of the array will contain the template of the rows while the other elements will contain the data to fill in the rows of the table

<pre>model[0]</pre>	=	<pre>row_templates;</pre>	11	row t	temp	plate	es
model[1]	=	row_data1;	//	data	of	the	row1
model[2]	=	row_data2;	//	data	of	the	row2
model[3]	=	row_data3;	//	data	of	the	row3
model[4]	=	row_data4;	11	data	of	the	row4
model[5]	=	row_data4;	//	data	of	the	row5

The row templates is a multi dimensional array where each array defines the datalink of one template row.

On the below example, we have a template for two rows.

```
var row_templates = {
    _h : [
        [ [] , [] ], //rowType = 0
        [ ["text"] , ["value"] ] //rowType = 1
      ]
```

## }

The first row has two columns that do not contain data links. We use this template for the header on the first row of our table.

The second row defines the template of one row with the "text" property of the widget into the first column and the "value" property of the widget into the second column. They will be dynamically filled using the data provided inside the model variable.

On the below example we define a row of data

```
var row_data = {
    _t : 1,
    _v : ["Temperature:", { _c : "dl" , s : "_TagMgr", a : "Tag1", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
```

The first element is the row template to use while the second element is the array with the data to use. In our example "Temperature:" is the text to use inside the widget on the first column, while the other element is a datalink that will provide the value to fill the value property of the widget into the second column.

The datalink element:

Parameter	Description
_c : "dl"	Identify the element as a Datalink
s : "_TagMgr"	Specify the source of data is the Tag Manager
a : "Tag1", i: 0, m:2	Specify tag name and index (necessary when the tag is an array) and the read/write mode <ul> <li>m=0 is Read Only</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>m=1 is Write Only</li> <li>m=2 is Read/Write</li> </ul>

The below JavaScript code will generate the same table of the previous example using the Table Data Source Widget

```
var model = [];
var row_templates = {
    _h : [
        []], []], //rowType = 0
        ["text"], ["value"]] //rowType = 1
    ]
}
var row_data1 = {
    _t : 0,
    _v : [],
    _h : true
}
```

```
var row data2 = {
   t : 1,
    _v : ["Temperature:", { _c : "dl" , s : "_TagMgr", a : "Tag1", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
var row data3 = {
   _t : 1,
    _v : ["Humidity:", { _c : "dl" , s : "_TagMgr", a : "Tag2", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
var row data4 = {
   _t : 1,
    _v : ["Noise:",
                    { _c : "dl" , s : "_TagMgr", a : "Tag3", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
var row data5 = \{
   _t : 1,
    _v : ["Brightness:", { _c : "dl" , s : "_TagMgr", a : "Tag4", i: 0, m : 2 }]
}
model[0] = row templates;
model[1] = row_data1;
model[2] = row data2;
model[3] = row data3;
model[4] = row data4;
model[5] = row data5;
var myTable = page.getWidget("TableWgt1");
myTable.model = model;
```

Note the first row (row\_data1) contains the directive \_h: true to avoid the first line will be scrollable.

```
var row_data1 = {
    _t : 0,
    _v : [],
    _h : true
}
```

## Multilanguage

A multi languages text can be entered using the below element:

```
{ c : "ml" , mltext : {"en-US" : "Temperature:" , "it-IT" : "Temperatura:"} }
```

Parameter	Description
_c : "ml"	Identify the element as a Multilanguage text
mltext : { }	List of couples: "ID Language":"Text"

Parameter	Description			
	Example:			
	"en-US" : "Temperature:"			
	• "it-IT" : "Temperatura:"			

Example:

# Row background color

Using the Rows background parameter is possible define the column of the Data Source Widget that will contains the background color of the associate row.

To configure the background color of the rows of the table:

- 1. Add a new column inside the Data Source Widget to contain the background color of each row
- 2. Configure the "Row background" color parameter of the Table to point to the color column of the Data Source Widget

abl	le rows 🕂 💻	in Fixe	ed header Table	e columns 🕂 💻	< >		>] [>
	Row type	Secription	🖗 Set	S Min	S Max	SigColor	
	0						
	1	Room1 Temperature	123	0	200	#FF0000	
	1	Room 1 Humidity	125	0	200	#00FF00	
	1	Room 1 Music Level	15	-10	150	#FFFF00	
	1	Room2 Temperature	-8	-100	100		
	1	Room2 Humidity	18	0	100		

Pro	perties		ά×
5	1 🕶 😂		
-	TableGroupWgt : TableWg		
	Current selected row	-1	
-	Data Source		
+	Table model		+
-	Rows background		+
-	DataLink	bgColor:TableDataSrcWgt	-
	Access Type	R	
	Table filter		a +
	Table Sorting 1 Column		а +
	Grid Layout Group		
+	Events		

Filter:			×
Description	Set	Min	Max
Room1 Temperature	123	0	200
Room1 Humidity	125	0	200
Room1 Music Level	15	-10	150
Room2 Temperature	-8	-100	100
Room2 Humidity	18	0	100
Room2 Music Level	12	0	150
Room3 Temperature	15	0	150
Room3 Humidity	134	0	500

# **Table Filter**

Content visible inside the table can be filtered using the "Table Filter" property. On datalink you can use a formula (see "Formula" on page 49 chapter for additional details) to define the criteria to use to filter the data.

Each row of the table will be visible only when the Datalink of the Table Filter return true value.

## Example 1

If you want choice to see only the rows that contain "something" inside the Description column, you can use the below formula:

## =\$Contains(\$('Description:TableDataSrcWgt'),\$('value:SearchOnTable'))

## Where

- 'Description:TableDataSrcWgt' is a Dynamic Field of the Data Source Widget used from the table to identify the column to check
- 'value:SearchOnTable' is the value of a text field that will contains the string to search

Filter:			×
Description	Set	Min	Max
Room1 Temperature	123	0	200
Room1 Humidity	125	0	200
Room1 Music Level	15	-10	150
Room2 Temperature	-8	-100	100
Room2 Humidity	18	0	100
Room2 Music Level	12	0	150
Room3 Temperature	15	0	150
Room3 Humidity	134	0	500

Filter: Room2			×
Room2 Temperature	-8	-100	100
Room2 Humidity	18	0	100
Room2 Music Level	12	0	150

Filter: Temperature			×
Room1 Temperature	123	0	200
Room2 Temperature	-8	-100	100
Room3 Temperature	15	0	150
Room4 Temperature	2	0	10

Pro	operties		д,
5	) 🕶 🔁		
-	TableGroupWgt : TableWg		
	Current selected row	-1	
-	Data Source		
+	Table model		+
	Rows background		a +
-	Table filter		+
-	DataLink	=\$Contains(\$('Description:TableDataSrcWgt'),\$('value:SearchOnTable'))	-
	Access Type	R	
	Table Sorting 1 Column		а +
+	Grid Layout Group		
+	Events		

## Example 2

To use flags to define the parameters to expose inside the table:

First, add a new column inside the Data Source that will contains the flags that will enable the associate row. Then, link the datalink of the table filter to the new column that contains the flags

Description	Set	Min	Max
Parameter 01	123	0	200
Parameter 02	125	0	200
Parameter 03	15	-10	150
Parameter 04	-8	-100	100
Parameter 05	18	0	100
Parameter 06	12	0	150
Parameter 07	15	0	150
Parameter 08	134	0	500

	Description	Set	Min	Max
	Parameter 01	123	0	200
enablePar1 = 1	Parameter 02	125	0	200
	Parameter 05	18	0	100
enablePar2 = 1	Parameter 06	12	0	150
enablePar3 = 0	Parameter 07	15	0	150
enablePar4 = 0	Parameter 08	134	0	500
enablePar5 = 1	Parameter 09	44	0	50
enableParb = 1	Parameter 10	2	0	10

TableDataSrcWgt Editor ×							
abl	e rows 🕂 💻	in the second se	ed header 🗧 🗌 Table	e columns 🕂 🗕	< > [ ]		>] [>
	Row type	Secription	🖗 Set	S Min	S Max	🖗 enable	
L	0					1	
2	1	Parameter 01	123	0	200	enablePar1	
	1	Parameter 02	125	0	200	enablePar2	
ł	1	Parameter 03	15	-10	150	enablePar3	
i	1	Parameter 04	-8	-100	100	enablePar4	
	1	Parameter 05	18	0	100	enablePar5	

enablePar1 = 1

enablePar2 = 1

enablePar3 = 1

enablePar4 = 1

enablePar5 = 1

Pro	operties		<b>д</b> >
5	) 🖶 🔁		
-	TableGroupWgt : TableWg	t	
	Current selected row	-1	
-	Data Source		
+	Table model		+
	Rows background		a +
-	Table filter		+
-	DataLink	enable:TableDataSrcWgt1	-
	Access Type	R	
	Table Sorting 1 Column		a +
+	Grid Layout Group		
+	Events		

# **Table Sorting**

To sort the rows of the table, select the column of the Data Source that you want to use to sort the table

- Sorting mode can be Ascendent or Descendent
- Sorting Rule can be Alphabetic or Numeric

Pro	perties		<b>Ļ</b>	×
6	j 677 677			
-	TableGroupWgt : TableWgt			
	Current selected row	-1		
	Precached Pages	0		
Ξ	Data Source			
+	Table model			+
	Rows background		а	+
	Table filter		а	+
	Table Sorting 1 Column			+
Ξ	DataLink	Column0:TableDataSrcWgt		-
	Access Type	R		
	Table Sorting 1 Mode	Ascendent		
	Table Sorting 1 Rule	Alphabet		
	Table Sorting 2 Column		а	+
+	Grid Layout Group			
÷	Events			
+	General			

Multiple sorting (STABLE sorting) is useful when a column has repetitions. You can use up to three sort columns.

# Example of sorting:

# Alphabetic

# Numeric

Value	Value
1	1
10	7
15	10
7	15



The table can be ordered even using the SetTableSortingColumn macro (see "SetTableSortingColumn" on page 223 for details).

# Horizontal scroll position

The "Horizontal scroll position" give the possibility to keep synchronized the horizontal scroll movements of two tables.

	External margin color	<b>[</b> 0, 0, 0]	
-	Horizontal scroll position	0 +	
-	DataLink	relHorScrollPos:GroupWgt2.TableWgt -	
	Access Type	R	



Horizontal scroll position parameter is available only in Advanced Proprieties View mode

# **Precached Pages**

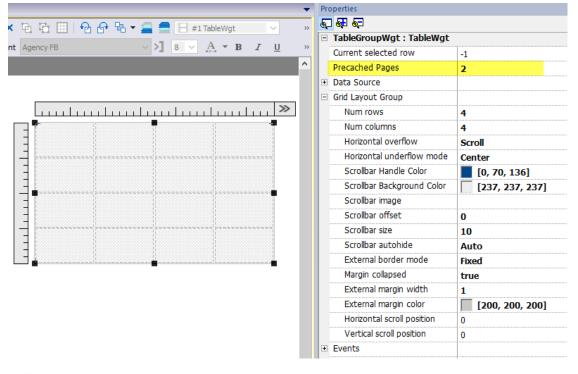
Normally the xAscender HMI Runtime retrieve only the data that will be visible into the display. To make table scrolling more pleasant, it may be useful to preload the data of the next and previous rows of the displayed ones. Using the Precached Pages parameter is possible define how many pages will be preloaded

- 0 = no pages preloaded
- N = number of pages to preoload

Example:

Using a table with 4 rows and Precache Pages = 2

- Number of row to preload are 8 (2 pages x 4 rows)
- 4 rows before (to be ready to manage scroll table up)
- 4 row above (to be ready to manage scroll table down)



Precached Pages parameter is available only in Advanced Proprieties View mode

# Widgets that contain tables

Inside the gallery, there are widgets that contain tables, e.g. trend table, audit table, etc. To open the table's properties or the data source's properties you can use the Object View tab and select the component that you need to configure.

>>

2	ObjectView		+ ×				
Objectview	📄 🎝 TrendTable						
1 VI	TrendTa	able.TrendSrcWgt					
00	🗄 🎝 TrendTa						
	1 TrendTa						
	in trendTa	able.Duration					
2	C ⊕ 🖓 TrendT	able.TableWgt					
ā	H						
<u>_</u>							
000			Trend	l Table			
7							
α				]			
a							
alle		Timestamp	Name1	Name2	Name3	Name4	Name5
		<b>Timestamp</b> Data	Name1 99999	Name2 99999	Name3 99999	Name4 99999	Name5 99999
GILCE							
CILCO							
ence							
elice							
elice							
		Data					999999
		Data					

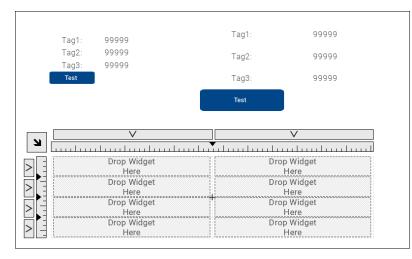
# **Printing table**

A table widget can be found and used from the print report gallery.

# Grid Layout widget

## Path: Widget Gallery> Basic> Layout

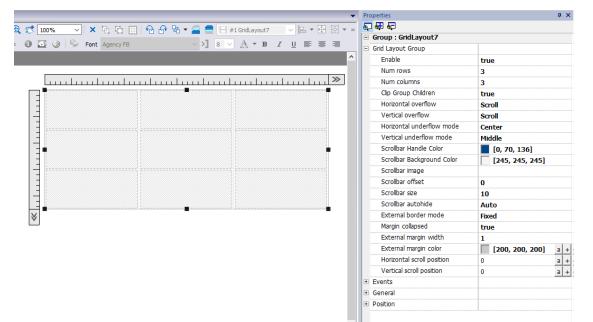
The grid layout is a widget that adds the possibility to configure the spatial relationships among the widgets.



There are several elements associated with the grid layout that can be configured:

- Grid properties
- Rows, Columns Properties
- Cells Properties

## **Grid Properties**



Parameter	Description
Enable	<ul> <li>Enable the grid layout.</li> <li>true <ul> <li>A grid will be generate around the widgets of the group</li> <li>false <ul> <li>Remove the grid layout</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
Num rows Num columns	Number of rows and columns of the grids. Rows and columns can be removed only if their cells are empty.
Clip Group Children	<ul> <li>true group's children are always clipped inside the group bounds (necessary for scrollbar).</li> <li>false children are not clipped</li> </ul>
Horizontal overflow Vertical overflow	<ul> <li>This parameter define the behavior of the grid when it is too small to contain all rows and columns.</li> <li>Hidden Rows and columns that do not fit into the grid are not displayed</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description
	• Scroll When the grid is too small to hold all the defined rows and columns, the scroll bars can be used to shift the content of the grid.
Horizontal underflow mode Vertical underflow mode	This parameter defines the behavior of the grid when it is larger than the size defined for the rows and columns
	<ul> <li>Blocked The grid can not be made larger than the maximum size of rows and columns</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Left, Center, Right - Top, Middle, Bottom Defines the position of the widgets when cells are bigger than the maximum defined sizes</li> </ul>
Scrollbar Handle Color Scrollbar Background Color Scrollbar image Scrollbar offset Scrollbat size Scrollbar autohide	Parameters to define look and position of the scroll bars
External border mode	Set the display method of the outer frame.
	<ul> <li>Fixed The outer frame is displayed according to the widget size.</li> <li>Auto Display the outer frame according to the table.</li> </ul>
Margin collapsed	Collapse all left-right and top-botton margin using the parameters of the stroke with greater width.
External margin width External margin color	External margin parameters

## Add or remove rows or columns

To add or remove rows or columns, double click over the grid to enter in edit mode and right click over column or row selector to open the context menu.

		Insert column (left) Insert column (right)	
	É	Remove column	
>			

#### Merge or split rows or columns

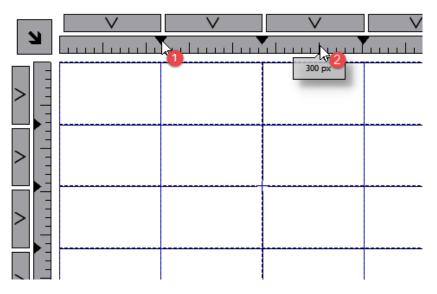
To merge or split rows or columns, double click over the grid to enter in edit mode and move the cursor over the ribbons:

• Double click the black triangle to merge the two adjacent rows or columns (1)



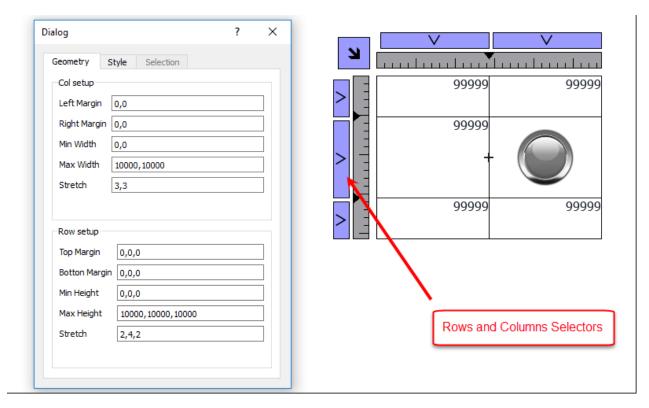
Note that merge is possible only with an empty row or column.

• Double click on ribbon to split the selected row or column (2)

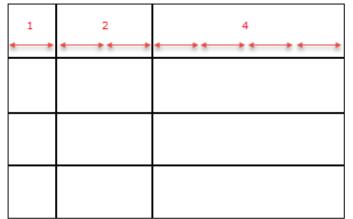


## **Rows, Columns Properties**

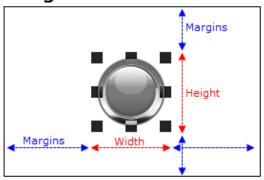
Row and columns properties are available inside a pop up dialog after clicking on the row and column selectors, that are visible after double clicking the group of widgets.



# Stretch



# Margins



# Geometry parameters

Parameter	Description
Left margin Right margin	Distance of the widget from the border of the cell
Min width Max width	Min/Max width that widget can assume when the cell is stretched
Stretch	Defines the relationship between the widths of the columns that will be maintained if the grid is stretched
Top margin	Distance of the widget from the border of the cell

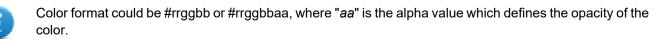
Parameter	Description
Bottom margin	
Min height Max heighty	Min/Max height that widget can assume when the cell is stretched
Stretch	Defines the relationship between the heights of the rows that will be maintained if the grid is stretched

#### Style parameters

Parameter	Description
Left stroke width Right stroke width Top stroke width Bottom stroke width	Strokes width
Left stroke color Right stroke color Top stroke color Bottom stroke color	Strokes color
Background color	Row background color



The list of values that are separated by a comma, are related to rows and columns. Example, the first value is for row 0, the second value for row 1, and so on.



## **Selection parameters**

The selection parameters is available only when the grid is used inside a Table Widget (see "Table widget" on page 466 for details)

Parameter	Description
Forground color	Colors that the row assume when it is selected
Background color	The list of colors is related with row templates. First color is for
Stroke color	row template 0, second color is for row template 1, and so on.

## **Cells Properties**

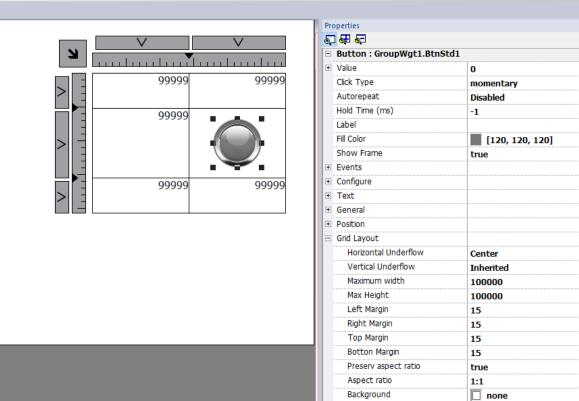
Properties of a single cell are available inside the properties panel when a cell is selected. To select a cell: first double click the widget group, then click the cell to select.

џ×

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+

+



Parameter	Description		
Horizontal underflow Vertical underflow	This parameter defines the behavior of the widget when the cell is larger than the size defined for widget.		
	<ul> <li>Inherited Inherits the value used for the row or column</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Left, Center, Right - Top, Middle, Bottom Defines the position of the widgets when cells are bigger than the maximum defined sizes</li> </ul>		
Max width Max height	Overwrite global grid parameters		
Left margin Right margin Top margin Bottom margin	Overwrite global grid parameters Additional pixels that are added to the total margin.		
Preserve aspect ratio	Preserve aspect ration of the widget		
Aspect ratio	Available only when "Preserve aspect ratio" is true		
Background	Background color of cell		

## Add widgets inside the Grid Layout

To add a widget inside a cell of the Grid layout, double click the Grid Layout to enter in edit mode and drag and drop the widgets inside the cells.

## Dashboard

The dashboards that are associated with the pages are special Grid Layouts where you can drag and drop widgets inside the cells without the need for a double click to enable the edit mode. Use the toolbars to show the grid properties or to move between the nested grids.

Drop Var	Drop Widget	Drop Widget	Drop Widget
Here Show Grid Tool	Here	Here	
Drop Widget	Drop Widget	Drop Widget	Here
Here	Here	Here	
Drc	op Widget Here		Drop Widget Here
		Drop Widg Here	et

# **Printing report**

Note the grid layout is available even inside the print report gallery.

# **TextEditor widget**

## Path: Widget Gallery> Advanced> Editor

Use this widget to edit text files. Widget can load the text file from the local HMI device or download the file from a remote device using an ftp connection.



Note: TextEditor widget is available as a plugin (see "Plug-in" on page 80 for details) to download to the xAscender HMI Runtime only when required.



# Widget Buttons

Button	Description		
Open	Load text file inside the TextEditor		
Save	Save text file		
Cancel	Remove all changes from last OPEN or SAVE command		
Edit	Enter in edit mode		
Insert	Insert a new line		
Delete current line			
Up/Down	Move cursor up/down		

# **Widget Properties**

Option	Description			
Keyboard	TextEditor widget has an embedded keyboard. When widget is used without the embedded keyboard, the alphabetic keyboard will be displayed when enter edit mode.			
	<ul><li>Hidden</li><li>Visible</li></ul>			
FTP Config	FTP parameters to download the text file from a remote FTP server. Leave this filed empty to load the text file from the local HMI device.			
	Parameter	Description		
	FTP Address         FTP server IP Address			
	Server PortPort for FTP connection (default = 21).			
	Authentication         Select the FTP authentication to use:			
		Normal (Username and password required)		
	Anonymous			
	User Name	Username of the remote FTP account		
	Password	Password of the remote FTP account		
File Name	File name to edit. When empty a file browser to load a local file will be opened			
Syntax Highlight Type	Displays text in different colors according to the selected language			
	<ul><li>None</li><li>GCode</li></ul>			

# Variables widget

## Path: Widget Gallery> Advanced> Data Sources

Use this widget to add internal variables for operations such as data transfer or to be used in JavaScript programs.



Note: The variables are local to the page where the widget has been inserted.

Widget Gallery	Φ×
🖶 🔄 🏭 🔎 Search	
> Basic	
> Buttons	
> Meters	
> Switches	
> Lights	
> Media	
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	
Data Sources	
x = y ≡ Variable	
Editors	
Editors BACnet	

When you drag and drop this widget into you page, a place holder will be displayed to indicate the widget location, but it will not be visible at runtime.

# Setting the widget

To create variables and assign values to them, open the **Variables** dialog from the **Variables** property in the **Properties** pane.

Variables	
+ - Search	٩
Name	Value
Variable 1	11
Variable2	22
Variable3	33
	OK Cancel

These variables can then be referenced from the Attach tag dialog, from the Page Editor.

field1.value	
Tag XFor	ms
Source:	
🔘 Tag 🔘	System 🖲 Widget 🔘 Recipe
Tag:	
	▷ BtnStd5
	<ul> <li>VariablesWgt1</li> </ul>
	Variable1
	Variable2
	Variable3

# **Global Variable Widget**

If you need global variables, configure them at project level, adding the desired variables to the global variable widget.

E File	Edit Run For	mat View	Window Help				
i 🗋 🛛	i 🗟 🛃 🕹	🖻 🛍   📥	ي 🕲 🖉 💽		ng1	• -	
G G G Pro +	jectView — Д≣ ∧ ∨	Ф × /	1:Project1 x		Properties	φ×	W W
i) ojectView	Project1	-		a= iablesWgt	Variables     variables	<empty></empty>	idget Gall

# Using variables in JavaScript

Variables can be also referenced in JavaScript programs with the following syntax:

For local variables:

```
var varWgt = page.getWidget("_VariablesWgt");
var compVar = varWgt.getProperty("VariableName");
```

For global variables:

```
var varWgt = project.getWidget("_VariablesWgt");
var compVar = varWgt.getProperty("VariableName");
```

# **QR Code widget**

## Path: Widget Gallery> Media> Web Controls

This widget will generate a QR code image that will be useful to easily read the contained information from a mobile device.

# 

Parameter	Description	
Page Name	The name of the page of the HMI device to open. For example, if the value is "Phone" the generated URL will be " <i>https://192.168.1.100/index.html?loadPage=Phone</i> " to open the "Phone" page on the HMI device. This field must be left blank if you want to define a generic URL.	
IP Address The IP Address of the HMI device or a generic URL (without the http/https pref		
Ethernet adapter	Ethernet adapter can be used as an alternative to the IP Address parameter. When it is used, the IP Address parameter will be ignored and the HMI runtime will fill the URL with the IP Address of the selected adapter. The adapter names are: "eth0", "eth1", etc.	
Prefix	Can be http or https	
Ethernet Port     The port number to use (default is 80)		
Cell Color	QR Code color	
Background Color	QR Code background color	



Cell Color and Background Color are available in the advanced view.

# 38 Custom widgets

xAscender Studio has a large widget library which includes predefined dynamic widgets (buttons, lights, gauges, switches, trends, recipes, and dialog items), as well as static images (shapes, pipes, tanks, motors).

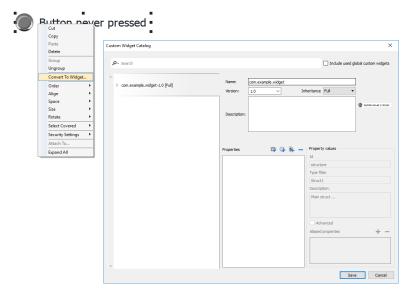
You can drag and drop an object from the gallery to the page, and then size, move, rotate or transform it. All widgets in the gallery are vector based, so they do not loose definition when resized.

You can, however, modify any of the pre-defined widgets to create your own custom widget. Custom widgets can be made up of several elements only including the properties needed to their purpose.

Creating a custom widget	498
Adding properties to a custom widget	500
Using structured tags	503
JavaScript in custom widgets	505
User's Gallery	508

# Creating a custom widget

- 1. Drag and drop on a page all the widget you want to use to compose your custom widget.
- 2. Select and group them.
- 3. Right-click on the grouped object and select **Convert To Widget**: the **Custom Widgets Catalog** dialog is displayed.

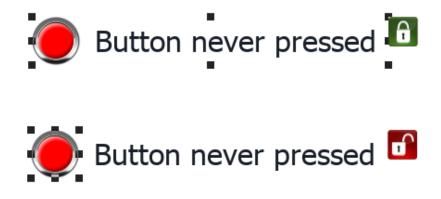


Parameter	Description
Include used custom widgets	When checked, list all the widgets used inside the project. Even system widgets.
Name	You can define everything you prefer, but is common keep a name structure. The folder com.hmi is reserved for the system widgets
Description	Widget description.
Version	Widget version.
	All widgets that share the same version share the properties defined from the Inheritance parameter.
Inheritance	Properties shared between widgets with the same version
	Full (both Graphic and Logic)
	Only Graphic
	Only Logic
	• Disable

#### Modify a custom widget

To modify a custom widget, simple double clicks the custom widget to enter in edit mode.

If the Inheritance flag is enabled, a lock icon will appear to warn you that you are add changes that will be propagated to all the other custom widgets that share the same version. Click the padlock icon to confirm to enter in edit mode, padlock will be open. Click again when modifies are done.





Padlock is showed only when the Inheritance is enabled.

#### Resize a custom widget

When sizes of custom widget is changed, the new sizes will not be propagated to the other widget instances.

"Restore Widget Original Size" command can be used.



### Share properties

When a custom widget is modified, all the modifies will be propagated to all the other custom widgets that share the same version and that are configured to inherit the widget properties.

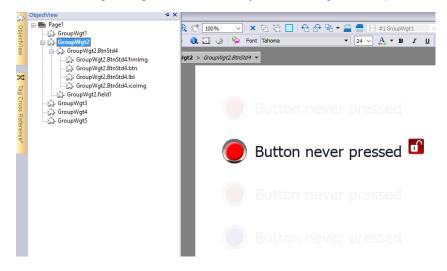
	Butt	Custom Widget Catalog	? ×
•	Butto Butto	v con.example.widget:10 [Full     Version: 10 √ Inheritance Full     Version: 10 √ Inheritance Full	om widgets
$\bigcirc$	Butt		
	Butt	V Page1	+ -
		Save	Cancel

### Using widgets components

Widgets are usually made up of many parts, for example a button is a complex widget including two image widgets, a button widget and label.

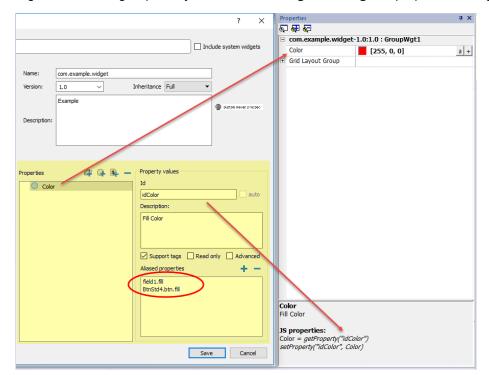
To display a list of all the elements that are part of a widget, select the widget, open the padlock and open the **ObjectView** pane: all the element making up a complex widget are listed in hierarchical order.

To select a single widget, select it directly form the **ObjectView** pane.



### Adding properties to a custom widget

When you create a custom widget, you need to define the properties that will be displayed for it in the **Properties** pane.



1. Right-click on the grouped object and select **Widget catalog**: the properties dialog is displayed.

2. Click + to open the Property Select dialog: this lists all the properties of all the grouped widgets.

	Properties Color	<b>4</b> 5.	Property values Id idColor	auto	7 >
roperty Select elect the properties:				<i>.</i> م	
<ul> <li>field 1</li> <li>OnDataUpdate Action</li> <li>Keypad</li> <li>Number Format</li> <li>Value</li> <li>BthStd4.icoImg</li> <li>Fixed Edges</li> <li>Image Path</li> <li>Batground</li> <li>BthStd4.ibl</li> <li>OnDataUpdate Action</li> <li>Fixed Edges</li> <li>OnDataUpdate Action</li> </ul>	NumericNgt onDataUpdate keypad-type Button ImageNgt bdrImage imagePath fill Labe/Wgt onDataUpdate text ButtonWgt bdrImage onDataUpdate		e Buttor	n never pro	essed

- 3. Select the properties you want to define for your custom widget.
- 4. Define each property's details.

i

Note that you can create folders and use drag & drop to move or reorganize the Properties list

Parameter	Description
Properties	Name shown in the <b>Properties</b> pane.
Description	Any comment on the property to be displayed in the <b>Properties</b> pane.

Parameter	Description
ld	The name exposed by xAscender Studio, to JavaScript functions and Attach Tag dialog.
Support Tags	Specifies if the property supports the "Attach to" attribute.
Read only	Property exposed only in read mode
Advanced	Specifies whether each property should appear in the advanced, or in the simple view mode of the <b>Properties</b> pane.
Aliased properties	Internal properties linked with the exposed property

### **Combining properties**

To combine two or more properties:

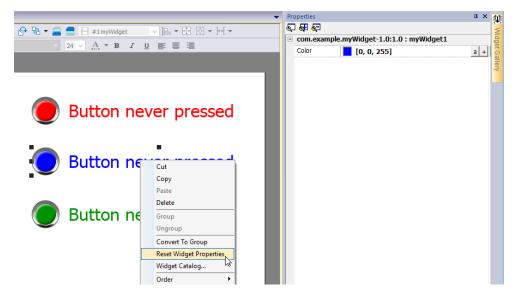
- 1. Select the primary property in the Properties list dialog.
- 2. Click + in the Aliased properties toolbar: the Property Select dialog is displayed.
- 3. Select the properties you want to combine.
- 4. Click OK: the combined attributes will be shown in the Aliased properties list box.

#### Example

If you insert into a "Color" property the fill color of all widgets (e.g. filed1.fill and BtnStd4.btn.fill) when you set the exposed Color property of the custom widget all colors of the included widgets will changes.

### **Reset Widget Properties**

The "Reset Widget Properties" reset the modified properties values to original values.



# **Using structured tags**

A common problem using a widget that use many tags is the need to create instances of the widget by giving only the tag name of the structure that contains all the tags instead to configure each single tag.

For example, think about the below widget. It use four tags, the room name, temperature, humidity and pressure. If we want use two instances of this widget for two different rooms we have to configure eight tags, four tags for each room.

		Properties		φ×	Select datatype for GroupWgt1.	RoomID	
Bathroom		97 <del>97</del> 97			Source:      Tag O Widge	t	
<b>-</b> .	22.0	com.example.widg	jet-1.0:1.0 : GroupWgt1		Ø- Search		Tilter by: Type
Temperature:	23.0	E Room	Room	+	•		Titler by: Type
Humidity:	52	DataLink	room1/name	-	Data	Туре	Tag name
Pressure:	105	Access Type	R		CODESYS V3 ETH:prot1 Model: CODESYS 3	Container	
		<ul> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>	0.0	+	<ul> <li>Application</li> </ul>	Container	
		DataLink	room1/temperature	-	A Room1	Container	
		Access Type	R		Humidity	BYTE	Application/Room 1/Humidity
Linder a second			ĸ		- Name	STRING	Application/Room1/Name
Living room		<ul> <li>Humidity</li> </ul>	0	+	- Pressure	BYTE	Application/Room1/Pressure
Tomporatura	21.0	DataLink	room1/humidity	-	Temperature	BYTE	Application/Room 1/Temperature
Temperature:	21.0	1		- Internet	A Room2	Container	
Humidity:	22	Access Type	R		Humidity	BYTE	Application/Room2/Humidity
numurty.	22	Pressure	0	+	- Name	STRING	Application/Room2/Name
Pressure:	101	DataLink			- Pressure	BYTE	Application/Room2/Pressure
Tressure.	101		room1/pressure	-	Temperature	BYTE	Application/Room2/Temperature
		Access Type	R		A Room3	Container	
					- Humidity	BYTE	Application/Room3/Humidity
					- Name	STRING	Application/Room3/Name
					- Pressure	BYTE	Application/Room3/Pressure
					Temperature	BYTE	Application/Room3/Temperature

By using a **Parameter** property, is possible to set all the data links of the widget by giving only the name of the structure.

		Properties
Bathroom		2 <b>6</b>
Temperature: Humidity: Pressure:	23.0 52 105	com.example.widget-1.0:1.0 : GroupWgt1       Room ID     room1              Grid Layout Gr
Living room		Properties
Temperature: Humidity:	21.0 22	
Pressure:	101	Grid Layout Gr

A "Parameter" field can be added inside the custom widget using the "Add Parameter" icon:

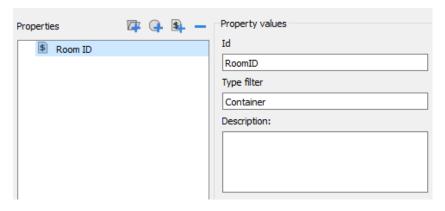
Properties	🖙 🕢 🗣 🔶	Property values
S Room ID		Id
		RoomID
		Type filter
		Description:
		\${RoomID}/tagname
		Advanced
		Aliased properties 🕂 🗕

To configure the data links of the custom widget the keyword \${RoomID} can be used to reference at the structure instance

Room			
[emperature:]	0.0		
Humidity:	0	operties	
Pressure:	0 5	) 🕶 🔁	
	E	Field : GroupWgt1.f	ield2
	=	Value	0.0
	E	DataLink	\${RoomID}/temperature
		Access Type	R
	0.0	Number Format	#.#
		Keypad	Numeric
	±	Events	

#### Type filter

Typically, value of the parameter will be an element of a structured tag. Using the *"Type filter"* parameter, the *"Select datatype text"* will list filtered tags.



PT	operties			<b></b>	×			
6	] 🖶 🔁							
-	com.example.widg	jet-1.1:1.1 : Group	oWgt2					
	Room ID			а				
+	Grid Layout Group		Select dataty	pe text				
			Attach to	15				
			Autocirto					
		Select datation	for GroupWgt1.R	aamlD				
		Select datatype	Tor Groupwygri.k	COMID				
		Source: <ul> <li>Tag</li> </ul>	🔘 Widget					
		Q- Container		<b>1</b>	Tilter by: T	vpe	-	Pr
		P- Container			TFilter by: T	ype	•	Pr
		P- Container	Туре	Tag name	Y Filter by: T	ype	•	Pr
			Type Container		Y Filter by: T	ype	•	Pr
		Data			Tilter by: T	ype	•	Pr
		Data Variables:prot1	Container		Tilter by: T	ype	•	Pr
		Data Variables:prot1 Application	Container		Y Filter by: T	ype	•	Pr
		Data Variables:prot1 Application Room1	Container Container Container		Y Filter by: T	ýpe	•	Pr
		Data Variables:prot1 Application Room1 Room2	Container Container Container Container		Y Filter by: T	ýpe	•	Pr



The "Select datatype text" will return a string while the "Attach to" will return a datalink to a tag that will contains the string to use.

#### getParameter

From JavaScript you can read the parameters' value using the getParameter()

```
object getParameter(paramID)
```

#### Example:

ĩ

```
var myWidget = page.getWidget("myWidget");
function BtnStd3_btn_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo)
{
    alert("Room is: " + myWidget.getParameter("RoomID"));
}
```

You can also use getProperty(), but getParameter() is more efficient to read custom widget parameters

# JavaScript in custom widgets

JavaScript functions can be embedded in custom widgets.

After doing a double click on the custom widget and clicked on the padlock, the edit mode is active and it is possible to associate the JavaScript code to the available events.

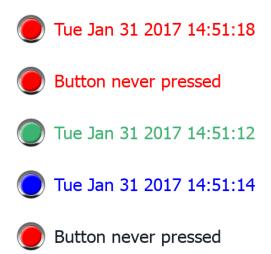
Action List	never pressed	
Action List + ∧ ∨ *° js:this.BInSid4_btn	Action	Action Properties       Image: State of the st
		0k Cancel
Page1 > Page1.myWidget >	Page1.myWidget.BtnStd4 -	pressed
e Bu		
e Bu	tton never	

Note the usage of the operator this. that is necessary to allow the multiple instance of the custom widget.

If you need to reference to an element of the widget, you can use the keyword **wgt.** For example, use wgt.id to reference at the id of the active widget instance.

4 Presett as	
1:Page1* X	
Ð, Q, Q, Q, Q, 🔍 🗂 100% - マ 🗙 🖻 🛅 🔂 🔂 🤄	🖥 🔻 🚍 🚍 📕 #1 Page 1. myWidget 🛛 🗸 🖳 🔻
3 ② ② ▼ ÷ ÷ ③ ③ ③ ◎ Font Tahoma	$\mathbf{V}$ 24 $\mathbf{V}$ $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{v}$ $\mathbf{B}$ $\mathbf{I}$ $\mathbf{U} \equiv \mathbf{E} \equiv \mathbf{E}$
Page1 > Page1.myWidget > Page1.myWidget.BtnStd4 🔻	
Button never press	sed 🖬
	•
Button never press	
-	Script
1 🗸 /*!	
<pre>2 javascript module: widget-1.0.js</pre>	
	\widget-1.0\widget-1.0.js
<pre>2 javascript module: widget-1.0.js 3 javascript source file path: lib\com\example 4 */ 5</pre>	
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\example */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function(me,</pre>	
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\example */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function(me, 7 &lt; {</pre>	
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\example */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function(me,</pre>	eventInfo)
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\example */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function(me, {     var nov = new Date();     this.wMSG = wgt.getWidget(wgt.id+".field     this.wMSG.setProperty("value", nov.toStr</pre>	eventInfo) 1")
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\example */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function(me, {     var nov = new Date();     this.wMSG = wgt.getWidget(wgt.id+".field</pre>	eventInfo) 1")
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\example */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function(me, {     var nov = new Date();     this.wMSG = wgt.getWidget(wgt.id+".field     this.wMSG.setProperty("value", nov.toStr</pre>	eventInfo) 1")
<pre>javascript module: widget-1.0.js javascript source file path: lib\com\example */ this.BtnStd4_btn_onMouseClick = function(me, {     var nov = new Date();     this.wMSG = wgt.getWidget(wgt.id+".field     this.wMSG.setProperty("value", nov.toStr</pre>	eventInfo) 1")

If you cut and paste some instances of the custom widget of the above example and execute it, e.g. inside the simulator, you will obtain the below result.



#### onActivate property

To initialize the custom widget is possible to define the onActive property with an initializing function as for the below example.

The onActivate() function will be execute when the page is loading





Note that the custom widget can also past inside the User's Gallery for later reuse.

#### The JavaScript code used inside the examples of this chapter

```
/*!
javascript module: widget-1.0.js
javascript source file path: lib\com\example\widget-1.0\widget-1.0.js
*/
this.wMSG = wgt.getWidget(wgt.id+".field1")
this.BtnStd1_btn_onMouseClick = function (me, eventInfo)
{
    var now = new Date();
    this.wMSG.setProperty("value", now.toString().slice(0, 24));
}
this.onActivate = function()
{
    this.wMSG.setProperty("value", "Button never pressed");
};
this.onActivate();
```

# **User's Gallery**

Widgets created from the developers can be saved inside the Widgets Gallery to be available during development of new projects.

Widget Gallery	ą x
💀 🛱 🗮 🔎 Search	
> Basic	
> Buttons	
> Meters	
> Switches	
> Lights	
> Media	
> Advanced	
> BACnet	
> Graphic	
V User Widgets	
+ - 🕜 📫	
mygallery1	
myGallery3	
myGallery2	

### User widgets toolbar

Command	Description
+	Add a new widgets folder
-	Delete current selected folder
2	Open the selected widgets folder into the xAscender Studio editor
	Select the user widgets folder

### Adding a new widget

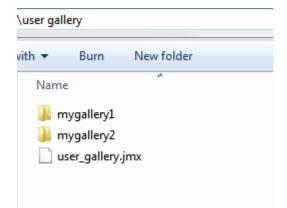
To add a new widget into the user gallery, open the widget folder and then edit the gallery page creating or adding the new widget.

To define the icon, the tooltip, and the widget's description, select the widget, right-click on the widget and select "Edit Widget Info..." in the context menu. The "Edit gallery widget details" dialog will be open.

	Main 05	e Version S Version Addres mfCod	n s			
		100	Cut Copy Paste Delete Group Ungroup Convert To Group Widget Catalog Edit Widget Info Order			
	Edit galle	ry widget o	letails		?	×
id: Gauge	Multilanguage       en-US       Roboto         Widget ID:       Gauge         Icon:       C:/my projects/Gauge.png          Display Text:       Gauge         Tooltip:       Gauge with colors					

### Import a user gallery sub folder

To import a user gallery sub folder, simply copy the folder to import inside the main user gallery folder.



# 39 Sending an email message

Send emails using the SendMail action, including tags in the email body and attachments.

The SendMail action has been created for working with alarms and schedulers but can be triggered and executed by many other events.

<b>6</b> ₽ 6₽		Action Properties		
Widget		SendEmail		
Web     Media Player     Mail		EmailConfig EmailInfo	eMailServer1	
Server id 🕂 — 🔨	~			
eMailServer1	SMTP address:	Domain name or ip.	.e.g. mail.foo.com	
eMailServer2	diffi dda caar	Domain name or ip:		
	Server port:	Server port numbe	r 😰	
	Authentication:	Not required	~ Ø	
	User name:	User name	$\diamond$	
	Password:	Password	۵	-
		-		

Configuring the email server	
Configure emails 512	

# **Configuring the email server**

To configure the email server, enter the following information for the **EmailConfig** setting:

Parameter	Description		
SMTP Address	SMTP server address.		
Server Port	Port for SMTP server connection.		
Require Auth	Select if the SMTP server requires authentication.		
User Name	Username for sending mail using SMTP server.		
Password	Password for sending mails using SMTP server.		
Encryption	Encryption type (none, SSL or TLS).		
	TLS 1.2 and TLS 1.3 are supported. ("none" and "SSL" are obsolete encryption modes, kept for compatibility only)		

Click + to add more email servers.



Tip: Use tags if you want change the server parameters dynamically from the xAscender HMI Runtime .

# **Configure emails**

Enter the following information for the **EmailInfo** setting:

Parameter	Description	
Name	Optional, this information is only for the log.	
Description	Optional, this information is only for the log.	
From	Sender email address (for example, John@domain.com).	
То	Recipient e-mail addresses. To enter multiple addresses, separate them with a semi- colon.	
Subject	Subject of email.	
Attachment	Path of the file to be sent as attachment. Only one attachment at a time can be sent. Note: The maximum size of the attachments is usually set by the SMTP server.	
Body	Main content of the email. Here you can insert live tags if you include them in square brackets. For example, a message body as "Tag1 value is [Tag1]", will be sent as "Tag1 value is 45", if the current value of Tag1 is 45.	



Tip: Attach a string tag to the **From**, **To** and **Subject** fields so that their value can be changed in the xAscender HMI Runtime .

#### WARNING

- HMI limit in the email *From* and *To* fields is 32767 chars.
- The maximum size for the message *Body* is 4096 bytes, the exceeding text will be truncated.
- Check the email server (e.g. Gmail, Outlook) about its limits regarding no of chars, no of recipients, total mail size, attachment size, no of emails that can be sent in a day, etc.

### Adding email templates

Click + to add more templates.

Emails		
Drafts 🕂 — 🔨 🗸		
eMail1	Name	Name
	Description	Description
	From	Edit value
	То	Edit value
	Subject	Edit value
	Attachment	t
Message		
		\$
		OK Cancel

# 40 JavaScript

The purpose of this section is to describe how JavaScript is used in the xAscender Studio applications, not to explain the JavaScript language.

xAscender Studio JavaScript is based on the ECMAScript programming language as defined in standard ECMA-262.

If you are familiar with JavaScript, you can use the same type of commands in xAscender Studio as you do in a web browser. If you are not familiar with the ECMAScript language, refer to:

#### https://developer.mozilla.org/en/JavaScript

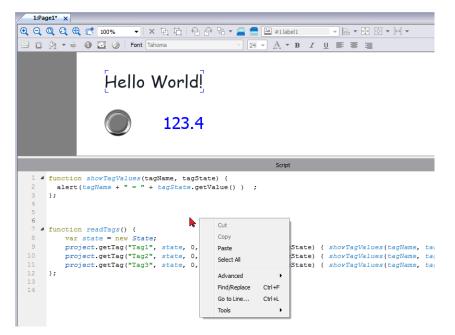
JavaScript editor	517
Execution of JavaScript functions	517
Events	519
Widget events	520
Page events	522
System events	523
Objects	525
Widget class objects	525
Widget properties	526
Widget methods	529
Page object	530
Page object properties	530
Page object methods	531
Project object	533
Project object properties	533
Project object methods	534
Project object widgets	543
Print reports object	544
Group object	547
Group object methods	547
State object	548
State object methods	548
Keywords	549
Global functions	549

Handling read/write files	550
Sign in from JavaScript	553
Limitations in working with widgets in JavaScript	.555
Debugging of JavaScript	.555

### JavaScript editor

xAscender Studio includes a powerful JavaScript editor.

Right-click in the editor to display available commands.



## **Execution of JavaScript functions**

JavaScript functions are executed when events occur. For example, a user can define a script for the OnMouseClick event and the JavaScript script will be executed when the button is pressed on the HMI device.

JavaScript functions are executed only when the programmed event occurs and not cyclically. This approach minimizes the overhead required to execute logic in the HMI device.

xAscender Studio provides a JavaScript engine running on the client side. Each project page can contain scripts having a scope local to the page where they are added; global scripts can be created to be executed by scheduler events or alarm events.

In both cases scripts are executed on the client. This means that if more than one client is connected to the HMI device (for external computer running the xAscender Client), each client will run the same script, providing different output results depending on the input, since inputs provided to different clients may be different.

For example, if a script acts according to the position of a slider and this position is different on the different clients, the result of the script will be different on each client.

### JavaScript functions for page events

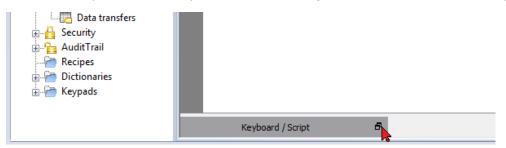
JavaScript editor will open when you add a JavaScript action inside an action list.

Action			
<b>6</b> ₽ <b>6</b> ⊋		Action Propertie	s
	*	JSAction	
JavaScript ShowWidget SlideWidget		File	page1.js
		Function	TEST_onMouseClick
Begin Data Entry			
···· TriggerIPCamera			
MovelPCamera			

- 1. Select the even that will execute the action.
- 2. Add a **JavaScript** action from the **Widget** category.
- 3. Either leave the default function name, or type a new one.
- 4. Click **OK** to confirm: the JavaScript editor displays your function structure.

1:Pagel" ×		Properties	
. Q. Q. Q. 맨. જ. 100% 🔹 🗙 현 🗄 🗠 🖓 및 🚍 🚍 🚍 🖅 Biristida 💿 🚽 🗁 🐼 🕶 📈 🔹		🔊 🖶 📲	
LOL Q → A → B Z U = = =	- 1	Button : BtnStd4	
		Value	0
	â.	Click Type	momentary
1	-	Autorepeat	Disabled
123.0		Hold Time (ms)	-1
125.0		Label	
		Fill Color	[0, 255, 0]
	-	Show Frame	true
Script	_	E Events	
4	^	OnMouseClick Action	1 Action
<pre>function TEST_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) 4 (</pre>		OnMouseHold Action	
		OnMousePress Action	
Action List	-	OnMouseRelease Action	
Action List + - ^ Action Action Action Widget Beg/DataErity Tigger/Parena Action Propeties Beg/DataErity Tigger/Dames Action Propeties Beg/DataErity Tigger/Dames Action File Function File Function For any action File Function File		e1.js IT_onMouseClick 2	
ReplaceMeda <b>Web</b>		6	0k Cancel

You can also open the JavaScript editor from the Script tab at the bottom of the workspace.



#### JavaScript functions for alarms and scheduled events

JavaScript code associated with alarms and scheduled events and not associated with a specific page, can be edited from the main **Project properties** page.

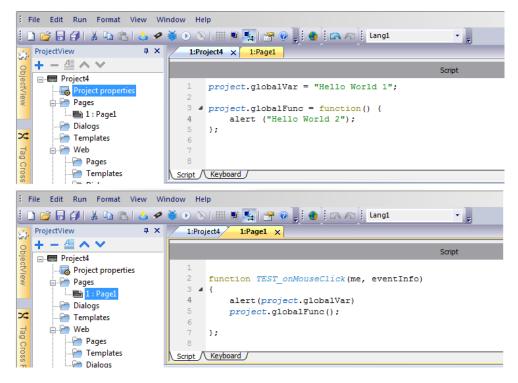
Path: ProjectView> double-click Project properties

File Edit Run Format View Wi	ndow Help	
Project View 4 × + - 4 × Project properties Project properties Pages 1 : Page1 Dialogs		ags*
Coose Co	<pre>1 2 function Alarm1_OnAction(me, eventInf 3 4 5 }</pre>	Script Eo)
Note: JavaScript a	ctions are client actions so they are executed	only when a client is logged in

### Shared JavaScript code

2

The **project** global variable can be used to share JavaScript code between the pages. Variables are created/initialized from the main JavaScript code from the main **Project properties** page and can then be used from the project pages.



# Events

You can add JavaScript to the following categories of events:

- Widget events
- Page events
- System events

For events of type:

- OnMousePress
- OnMouseRelease
- OnMouseClick
- OnWheel

JavaScript eventinfo parameter contains the following additional properties:

Parameter	Description
eventInfo.posX	Local mouse/touch X coordinate with respect to widget coordinates
eventInfo.posY	Local mouse/touch Y coordinate with respect to widget coordinates
eventInfo.pagePosX	Page X mouse/touch coordinate
eventInfo.pagePosY	Page Y mouse/touch coordinate
eventInfo.wheeIDelta	Mouse wheel delta. Integer value with sign representing the rotation direction.
	The actual value is the rotation amount in eighths of a degree. The smallest value depends on the mouse resolution. Typically this is 120, corresponding to 15 degrees.

### Widget events

### onMouseClick

void onMouseClick (me, eventInfo)

This event is available only for buttons and it occurs when the button is pressed and released quickly.

Parameter Description	
me Object triggering the event	
eventinfo	Details of triggered event

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseClick(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
```

}

#### onMouseHold

```
void onMouseHold (me, eventInfo)
```

This event is available only for buttons and it occurs when the button is pressed and released after the number of seconds set as **Hold Time** in the widget properties.

Parameter Description	
me	Object triggering the event
eventInfo	Details of triggered event

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseHold(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

#### onMousePress

void onMousePress(me, eventInfo)

This event is available only for buttons and it occurs when the button is pressed.

Parameter Description	
me	Object triggering the event
eventInfo	Details of triggered event

```
function buttonStd1_onMousePress(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

#### onMouseRelease

void onMouseRelease (me, eventInfo)

This event is available only for buttons and it occurs when the button is released.

Parameter Description	
me Object triggering the event	
eventInfo	Details of triggered event

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
```

}

#### onDataUpdate

boolean onDataUpdate (me, eventInfo)

This event occurs when data attached to the widget changes.

Parameter	Description
me	Object triggering the event
eventInfo	An object with the fields listed below (you can refer fields using "." - dot notation)
	oldValue = Widget value before the change
	newValue = Value which will be updated to the widget
	attrName = Attribute on which the event is generated
	index = Integer attribute index if any, default = 0
	mode = When the user is writing to the widget. R in all others status.

The event is triggered before the value is passed to the widget. A JavaScript code can intercept the event and decide to avoid to update the widget by return true value.



Note: if there are additional macros associate at the event, all macros will be execute regardless of the return value used inside the JavaScript code.

# Page events

### onActivate

void onActivate( me, eventInfo )

This event occurs each time the page is displayed.

Parameter	Description
me	Object triggering the event
eventinfo	Reserved for future use

JavaScript will be executed when the page is active, that is when the page is loaded.

```
function Page1_onActivate(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

#### onDeactivate

void onDeactivate( me, eventInfo )

This event occurs when leaving the page.

Parameter Description	
me	Object triggering the event
eventinfo	Reserved for future use

```
function Page1_onDeactivate(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

#### onWheel

```
void onMouseWheelClock( me, eventInfo )
```

This event occurs when a wheel device is moving (for example, a mouse wheel).

Parameter Description	
me Object triggering the event	
eventInfo	Details of triggered event

```
function Page1_onMouseWheelClock(me, eventInfo) {
    //do something...
}
```

# System events

System events can be related to:

- scheduler
- alarms
- a wheel device



Important: Make sure you do not duplicate JavaScript function names at page and project level. When a conflict happens, that is two functions with the same name in current page and at project level, the system execute the JavaScript callback at page level.

When a JavaScript callback is not found in the current page, the system automatically searches for it at project level.

#### **Scheduler events**

These events occur when triggered by the associated action in the scheduler.

ID	Name	Туре	Schedule		Action	Priority
1	Schedule1	Recurring	Daily, Time, 17:56	JSAction		Medium
Act	on List 🕂 🗕	Act	ction	î	Action Properties           JSAction           File           Function	project11.js Schedule1_OnAction
			FTP  PpGET  PpPUT  Page  CoadPage  PrevPage NextPage  NextPage  LaunchApplication	~	JSAction JSAction Macro	Action 🗸
H						Ok Cance

You can edit the JavaScript from the Project Properties tab.

#### Alarm events

These events occur when triggered by the associated alarm condition.

+	-	🏅 🚯	0 >1	<b>D</b>	<b>0</b> ∓ Search			<b>T</b> Filter by:	Name	Alarms used: 1/10000
Nam	e^	Groups	Enable	Ac	ck Trigger	Tag	Action	D	escription	
4	Alarm 1				bitMaskAl	arm:0 Tag1		1		
	Action L Action L		- 🔨 💙		ion	/	/			
				6	₩ <b>6</b>			roperties		
					🖃 Widget 🛛	^	∃ <b>JS</b> /	lotion		
					JavaScript		File		project11.js	
				- SendEmail     - FTP     - RpGET     - RpPUT     Page     - LoadPage     - NextPage     - NextPage     - LaunchApplication	ation V	JSAct	ion ion Macro A	Alarm1_OnAction		
									Ok	Cancel

You can edit the JavaScript from the Project Properties tab.

### onWheel

```
void onMouseWheelClock( me, eventInfo )
```

This event occurs when a wheel device is moving (for example, a mouse wheel).

Parameter	Description	
me	Object triggering the event	
eventInfo	Details of triggered event	
<pre>function Project1_onMouseWheelClock(me, eventInfo) {     //do something</pre>		

# Objects

xAscender Studio uses JavaScript objects to access the elements of the page. Each object is composed of properties and methods that are used to define the operation and appearance of the page element. The following objects are used to interact with elements of the HMI device page:

Object	Description
Widget	This is the base class for all elements on the page including the page element
Page	This object references the current HMI device page. The page is the top-level object of the screen.
Group	This object associates a set of tags to allow uniform operation on a set of logically connected tags
Project	This object defines the project widget. The project widget is used to retrieve data about the project such as tags, alarms, recipes, schedules, tags and so on. There is only one widget for the project and it can be referenced through the project variable.
State	This object is the class holding the state of a variable acquired from the controlled environment. Beside the value itself, it contains the timestamp indicating when the value was collected and flags marking the quality of the value.

### Widget class objects

The Widget class is the base class for all the elements on a page including the page element.

Widget, in this case, is not used to indicate a specific screen object but a JavaScript class.

### Changing widget properties with JavaScript

If you want to change the properties of widgets with JavaScript set the widget property Static Optimization to Dynamic.



Important: If the widget property Static Optimization is not set to Dynamic, changes to properties will be ignored.

Whenever a call to getWidget fails, the remote debugger reports the following error:

"Trying to access static optimized widget "label1". Disable widget static optimization to access widget from script.".

This error is visible also using following code fragment:

```
var wgt;
try {
wgt = page.getWidget('label1');
} catch(err) {
alert("" + err);
}
```

# Widget properties

Some properties are common to all widgets.

### objectName

string objectName

Gets the name of the widget, a unique id.

```
function btnStd04_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    var name = wgt.objectName;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

#### X

number x

Gets or sets the widget 'x' position in pixels.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.x = 10;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

### y

number y

Gets or sets the widget 'y' position in pixels.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.y = 10;
```

#### }

(Available on web pages)

#### width

number width

Gets or sets the widget width in pixels.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.width = 10;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

#### height

number height

Gets or sets the widget height in pixels.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.height = 10;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

#### visible

boolean visible

Gets or sets the widget visible state.

```
function btnStd4_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.visible = false;
}
function btnStd5_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.visible = true;
}
```

#### value

number value

#### Gets or sets the widget value.

```
function btnStd6_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("field1");
    wgt.value = 100;
}
```

#### opacity

number opacity (range from 0 to 1)

Gets or sets the widget opacity. Values are decimals from 0 to 1, where 1 is 100% opaque.

```
function btnStd8_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.opacity = 0.5;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

#### rotation

```
number rotation (in degrees)
```

Gets or sets the rotation angle for the widget. The rotation is done clockwise and by degrees, starting at the East position.

```
function btnStd9_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.rotation = 45;
}
```

(Available on web pages)

#### userValue

string userValue

Gets or sets a user-defined value for the widget. This field can be used by JavaScript functions to store additional data with the widget.

```
function btnStd9_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    wgt.userValue = "Here I can store custom data";
}
```

Every widget has some specific properties that you can access using dot notation. For an up-to-date and detailed list of properties you can use the JavaScript Debugger inspecting the widget methods and properties.

### Widget methods

Some methods are common to all widgets.

#### getProperty

```
object getProperty( propertyName, [index] )
```

Returns a property.

Parameter	Description			
propertyName	String containing the name of property to get			
index	Index of the element to get from the array (default = 0)			

Almost all properties that are shown in the xAscender Studio **Properties** pane can be retrieved using the getProperty method. The index value is optional and only used for widgets that support arrays.

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    var shape = page.getWidget("rect2");
    var y_position = shape.getProperty("y");
}
function buttonStd2_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    var image = page.getWidget("multistate1");
    var image3 = image.getProperty("imageList", 2);
    //...
}
```

(Available on web pages)

#### setProperty

boolean setProperty( propertyName, value, [index] )

Sets a property for the widget.

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Description
propertyName	String containing the name of property to set
value	String containing the value to set the property.
index	Index of the element to set in the array (default = 0)

Almost all properties that are shown in the xAscender Studio **Properties** pane can be set by this method. The index value is optional and only used for Widgets that support arrays (for example, a MultiState Image widget). The setProperty method returns a boolean value (true or false) to indicate if the property was set or not.

```
function buttonStd1_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    var setting_result = shape.setProperty("y", 128);
    if (setting_result)
    alert("Shape returned to start position");
}
function buttonStd2_onMouseRelease(me, eventInfo) {
    var image = page.getWidget("multistate1");
    var result = image.setProperty("imageList", "Fract004.png", 2);
    //...
}
```

(Available on web pages)

### Page object

This object references the current HMI device page. The page is the top-level object of the screen.

# Page object properties

Properties available at page level.

### backgroundColor

```
string backgroundColor (in format rgb(xxx, xxx, xxx) where xxx range from 0 to 255) Page background color.
```

```
function btnStdl1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    page.backgroundColor = "rgb(128,0,0)";
```

(Available on web pages)

#### width

}

number width

Page width in pixels.

```
function btnStd05_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var middle_x = page.width / 2;
}
```

(Available on web pages, get only)

#### height

number height

Page height in pixels.

```
function btnStd05_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var middle_y = page.height / 2;
}
```

(Available on web pages, get only)

#### userValue

string userValue

Gets or sets a user-defined value for the widget. This field can be used by JavaScript functions to store additional data with the page.

```
function btnStd9_onMouseRelease(me) {
    page.userValue = "Here I can store custom data";
}
```

(Available on web pages)

### Page object methods

Methods that can be used at page level.

#### getWidget

```
object getWidget( wgtName )
```

Returns the widget with the given name.

Parameter	Description	
wgtName	String containing the widget name	

#### **Return value**

An object representing the widget. If the widget does not exist, null is returned.

```
function btnStd1_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var my_button = page.getWidget("btnStd1");
}
```

(Available on web pages)

### setTimeout

number setTimeout( functionName, delay )

Starts a timer to call a given function after a given delay.

Parameter	Description	
functionName	String containing the name of function to call	
delay	Delay in milliseconds	

#### **Return value**

A number corresponding to the timerID.

```
var duration = 3000;
var myTimer = page.setTimeout("innerChangeWidth()", duration);
```

(Available on web pages)

### clearTimeout

void clearTimeout( timerID )

Stops and clears the timeout timer with the given timer.

Parameter	Description
timerID	Timer to be cleared and stopped

```
var duration = 3000;
var myTimer = page.setTimeout("innerChangeWidth()", duration);
// do something
page.clearTimeout(myTimer);
```

(Available on web pages)

### setInterval

number setInterval( functionName, interval )

Starts a timer that executes the given function with the given interval.

Parameter	Description
functionName	String containing the name of function to call
interval	Interval in milliseconds

#### **Return value**

A number corresponding to the timerID.

var interval = 3000; var myTimer = page.setInterval("innerChangeWidth()", interval);

(Available on web pages)

### clearInterval

```
void clearInterval( timerID )
```

Stops and clears the interval timer with the given timer.

Parameter	Description
timerID	Timer to be cleared and stopped

```
var interval = 3000;
var myTimer = page.setInterval("innerChangeWidth()", interval);
// do something
page.clearInterval(myTimer);
```

(Available on web pages)

#### clearAllTimeouts

void clearAllTimeouts()

Clears all the timers started.

page.clearAllTimeouts();

(Available on web pages)

# **Project object**

This object defines the project widget. The project widget is used to retrieve data about the project such as tags, alarms, recipes, schedules, tags and so on. There is only one widget for the project and it can be referenced through the project variable.

## **Project object properties**

Properties to be set at project level.

### startPage

string startPage

Page shown when the project is started.

```
var startPage = project.startPage;
```

project.startPage = "Page2.jmx";

# **Project object methods**

Methods to be used at project level.

### nextPage

void nextPage()

The script executes the Next page action.

project.nextPage();

(Available on web pages)

### prevPage

void prevPage()

The script executes the previous page action.

project.prevPage();

(Available on web pages)

### lastVisitedPage

void lastVisitedPage()

The script executes the last visited page action.

project.lastVisitedPage();

(Available on web pages)

### homepage

void homePage()

The script executes the Home page action.

project.homePage();

(Available on web pages)

### loadPage

void loadPage(pageName)

The script executes to load the set page defined in the script.

```
project.loadPage("Page5.jmx");
```

(Available on web pages)



WARNING: When page change, all active time events are forced to removed and the JavaScript procedure will run until the end before switch to the new page.

### showDialog

void showDialog(pageName)

The script executes to show the dialog page.

project.showDialog("Dialog.jmx");

(Available on web pages)

### closeDialog

void closeDialog()

The script executes to close the currently-opened dialog page.

project.closeDialog();

(Available on web pages)

#### showMessage

void showMessage( message )

The script executes to display the message popup.

project.showMessage("Hi This is test message");

(Available on web pages)

### getGroup

number getGroup( groupName, groupInstance, [callback] )

Fast read method; this gets the values of all tags in a group.

Parameter	Description	
groupName	String containing the names of the groups.	
	The and/or expressi	ion to retrieve tags list from multiple group is supported.
	I	OR operator
	&	AND operator
	()	The brackets can be used to define how evaluate the expression
	Examples:	
	<ul> <li>project.getGi</li> </ul>	roup("one", group);
	<ul> <li>project.getGr</li> </ul>	roup("(one two)", group);
	<ul> <li>project.getGr</li> </ul>	roup("((one&two)*three)", group);
groupInstance	Group element to be	e filled
callback	String containing the	e name of the function to be called when the group is ready

#### **Return value**

A number value that is the status: 1 for success, 0 for fail.

```
var group = new Group();
var status = project.getGroup ("enginesettings", group);
if (status == 1) {
    var value = group.getTag("Tag1");
    if (value!=undefined) {
     // do something with the value
     }
}
var g = new Group();
var status = project.getGroup ("enginesettings", g,
     function (groupName, group) { fnGroupReady(groupName, group);} );
function fnGroupReady(groupName, group) {
    var val = group.getTag("Tag1");
     if (val!=undefined) {
     //\ do something with the value
     }
}
```

(Available on web pages)

### getTag

object getTag( tagName, state, index, forceRefresh)

void getTag( tagName, state, index, callback, forceRefresh)

It returns the tag value or the complete array if index value is -1 of the given tagName.

Parameter	Description
tagName	String of tag name
state	State element to be filled
index	Index if the tag is of array type1 returns the complete array. Default = 0.
callback	Function name if an asynchronous read is required. Default = "".
forceRefresh	(Optional parameter) True = the Runtime will read an updated value of the tag directly from the device. Default is false.

#### **Return value**

Tags value is returned. If tag is array type and index = -1 then the complete array is returned. For non-array tags provide index as 0.

```
var state = new State();
var value = project.getTag("Tag1", state, 0);
11
//for non array type
//tags index is not considered, so can be left as 0
11
if (value!=undefined) {
//...do something with s
}
var state = new State();
project.getTag("Tag1", state, -1,
     function(tagName, tagState) { fnTagReady(tagName, tagState); });
function fnTagReady(tagName, tagState) {
     if (tagName=="Tag1") {
     var myValue = tagState.getValue();
     }
}
```

(Available on web pages)

### setTag

number setTag( tagName, tagValue, [index], [forceWrite] )

Sets the given tag in the project. Name and value are in strings.

Parameter	Description
tagName	String of tag name
tagValue	Object containing the value to write
index	Index if the tag is of array type1 pass the complete array. Default = 0.
forceWrite	Boolean value for enabling force write of tags, the function will wait for the value to be written before it returns back. Default = false.

#### **Return value**

Interger value for denoting success and failure of action when forceWrite is true. 0 means success and -1 means failure. If forceWrite is false, returned value will be undefined.

```
var val = [1,2,3,4,5];
var status = project.setTag("Tag1", val, -1, true);
if (status == 0) {
    // Success
} else {
    // Failure
}
```

```
var val = "value";
project.setTag("Tag1", val);
```

(Available on web pages)

### updateSystemVariables

void project.updateSystemVariables()

Force system variables to refresh.

project.updateSystemVariables()

### selectAllAlarms

void project.selectAllAlarms(bool selected)

Select/unselect all alarms

project.selectAllAlarms(true)

(Available on web pages)

### ackAlarms

void project.ackAlarms()

Acknowledge all selected alarms

```
project.selectAllAlarms(true);
project.ackAlarms();
project.selectAllAlarms(false);
```

(Available on web pages)

### resetAlarms

void project.resetAlarms()

Reset all selected alarms

```
project.selectAllAlarms(true);
project.resetAlarms();
project.selectAllAlarms(false);
```

(Available on web pages)

### enableAlarms

void project.enableAlarms()

Enable all selected alarms

```
project.selectAllAlarms(true);
project.enableAlarms();
project.selectAllAlarms(false);
```

(Available on web pages)

### getRecipeItem

object getRecipeItem (recipeName, recipeSet, recipeElement)

Gets the value of the given recipe set element.

Parameter	Description	
recipeName	String representing the recipe name	
recipeSet	String representing the recipe set, can be either the recipe set name or 0 based set index.	
recipeElement	String representing the recipe Element, can be either the element name or 0 based element index.	

#### **Return value**

An object with the value of the recipe. undefined is returned if invalid. If of type array, an array object type is returned.

var value = project.getRecipeItem("recipeName", "Set", "Element");

### setRecipeItem

number setRecipeItem (recipeName, recipeSet, recipeElement, value )

Gets the value of the given recipe set element.

Parameter	Description
recipeName	String representing the recipe name
recipeSet	String representing the recipe set, can be either the recipe set name or 0 based set index.
recipeElement	String representing the recipe Element, can be either the element name or 0 based element index.
value	An object containing the value to store in the recipe. It can be an array type.

#### **Return value**

Interger value for denoting success and failure of action. A '0' means success and '-1' means failure.

```
var val = [2,3,4];
project.setRecipeItem("recipeName", "Set", "Element", val);
if (status == 0) {
    // Success
} else {
    // Failure
}
```

### downloadRecipe

void downloadRecipe (recipeName, recipeSet )

Downloads the recipe set to the corresponding tag.

Parameter	Description	
recipeName	String representing the recipe name	
recipeSet	String representing the recipe set, can be either the recipe set name or 0 based set index.	

project.downloadRecipe("recipeName", "Set");

### uploadRecipe

void uploadRecipe (recipeName, recipeSet )

Uploads the value of tags into the provided recipe set.

Parameter	Description	
recipeName	String representing the recipe name	
recipeSet	String representing the recipe set, can be either the recipe set name or 0 based set index.	

```
project.uploadRecipe("recipeName", "Set");
```

### launchApp

void launchApp( appName, appPath, arguments, singleInstance)

Executes an external application.

Parameter	Description
appName	String containing the application name
appPath	String containing the application absolute path
Arguments	String containing the arguments to be sent to application
singleInstance	true = only single instance allowed, false = multiple instances allowed

Note the pathname's syntax depend from the native OS format (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587).

On Linux devices, the pathname's syntax need slash character (even double slash character is permitted).

```
project.launchApp
("pdfViewer","/mnt/data/hmi/qthmi/deploy","/mnt/usbmemory/test.pdf","true");
```

### getClientType

string getClientType()

Return the client type

Client Type	Description
local	Running on HMI device
remote	Running on xAscender Client client
web	Running on Web client

(Available on web pages)

### login

int project.login("username", "password")

Access to the system with the given credentials

```
var ReplyCode;
ReplyCode = project.login("admin", "admin");
if (ReplyCode != 0) {
    alert("Access denied");
}
```

**Return value** 

0	No Error
1	Error: You are not authorized.
2	Error: Connection lost with the Runtime.
3	Error: The username or password you entered is incorrect
4	Error: The password entered is incorrect
5	Error: Action cannot be executed
6	Error: Passwords do not match
7	Error: Password length too short
8	Error: Password must contain numbers
9	Error: Password must contain special characters
10	Error: Password must be different than previous passwords
11	Error : User already exist
12	Error: Password cannot be empty
13	Error: Your password has expired
14	Warning: Your password will expire soon

### logout

project.logout(AllowDefaultUser)

Exiting the system

project.logout(); // Logout even from default user project.logout(true); // Logout even from default user project.logout(false); // Logout only if not logged as default user

# Project object widgets

### getCurrentPageName

string getCurrentPageName()

Return the name of current active page

```
// Get PageMgr widget
var pageMgr = project.getWidget( "_PageMgr" );
// Show Current Page
var currentPageName = pageMgr.getCurrentPageName();
project.showMessage( "Current active page is: " + currentPageName );
```

(Available on web pages)

### hasPage

boolean hasPage(string pageName)

Return true if the page exist, false otherwise

```
// Get PageMgr widget
var pageMgr = project.getWidget( "_PageMgr" );
//Page exists
var pageExists = pageMgr.hasPage( "Page10" );
if (pageExists) {
    project.showMessage( "Page10 exists" );
} else {
    project.showMessage( "Hei Page10 not exists!" );
}
```

(Available on web pages)

### curLangCode

string curLangCode

Property of MultiLangMgr widget. Contains the code of the active language.

```
// Get MultiLangMgr widget
var MultiLangMgr = project.getWidget( "_MultiLangMgr" );
// Show curLangCode
var curLangCode = MultiLangMgr.curLangCode;
project.showMessage( "Current active language is: " + curLangCode );
```

# **Print reports object**

### printGfxReport

void printGfxReport( reportName, silentMode)

Prints the graphic report specified by reportName.

Parameter	Description
reportName	String containing the report name
silentMode	True = silent mode enabled. No printer settings dialog is displayed.

project.printGfxReport("Report Graphics 1", true);

### emptyPrintQueue

void emptyPrintQueue()

Empties the print queue. Current job will not be aborted.

project.emptyPrintQueue();

### pausePrinting

void pausePrinting();

Suspends printing operations. Will not suspend the print of a page already sent to the printer.

```
project.pausePrinting();
```

### resumePrinting

```
void resumePrinting();
```

Resumes previously suspended printing.

```
project.resumePrinting();
```

### abortPrinting

```
void abortPrinting();
```

Aborts current print operation and proceed with the next one in queue. This command will not abort the print of a page already sent to the printer.

project.abortPrinting();

### printStatus

project.printStatus;

Returns a string representing current printing status.

Status string	Description
error	An error occurred during printing
printing	Ongoing printing
idle	System is ready to accept new jobs
paused	Printing has be suspended

```
var status = project.printStatus;
project.setTag("PrintStatus",status);
```

### printGfxJobQueueSize

project.printGfxJobQueueSize;

```
Returns the number of graphic reports in queue for printing.
```

```
var gfxqueuesize = project.printGfxJobQueueSize;
project.setTag("printGfxJobQueueSize",gfxqueuesize);
```

### printTextJobQueueSize

project.printTextJobQueueSize;

Returns the number of text reports in queue for printing.

```
var textjobqueuesize = project.printTextJobQueueSize;
project.setTag("printTextJobQueueSize",textjobqueuesize);
```

### printCurrentJob

project.printCurrentJob;

Returns a string representing current job being printed

```
var currentjob = project.printCurrentJob;
project.setTag("printCurrentJob",currentjob);
```

### printActualRAMUsage

project.printActualRAMUsage;

Returns an estimate of RAM usage for printing queues

```
var myVar = project.printActualRAMUsage;
alert(" actual ram usage is "+ myVar);
```

### printRAMQuota

project.printRAMQuota;

Returns the maximum allowed RAM usage for printing queues

```
var ramquota = project.printRAMQuota;
project.setTag("printRAMQuota",ramquota);
```

### printActualDiskUsage

project.printActualDiskUsage;

```
Returns the spool folder disk usage (for PDF printouts)
```

```
var myVar1 = project.printActualDiskUsage;
alert(" actual disk usage is "+ myVar1);
```

### printDiskQuota

project.printDiskQuota;

Returns the maximum allowed size of spool folder (for PDF printouts).

```
var ramquota = project.printRAMQuota;
var diskquota = project.printDiskQuota;
```

### printSpoolFolder

project.printSpoolFolder;

Returns current spool folder path (for PDF printouts).

```
var spoolfolder = project.printSpoolFolder;
project.setTag("printSpoolFolder",spoolfolder);
```

### printPercentage

project.printPercentage;

Returns current job completion percentage (meaningful only for multipage graphic reports)

```
var percentage = project.printPercentage;
project.setTag("printPercentage",percentage);
```

# **Group object**

A group is a basic logical element that associates a set of logical tags.

# **Group object methods**

Methods that can be used with group objects.

### getTag

object getTag( TagName )

Gets the tag specified by TagName from the group object.

Parameter	Description
TagName	String representing the tag name

#### **Return value**

An object that is the value of the tag or, if tag value is an array, the complete array. If you need to retrieve an element of the array, check the method getTag available in the project object. Undefined is returned if tag is invalid.

```
var group = new Group();
project.getGroup("GroupName", group);
var value = group.getTag("Tag1");
```

(Available on web pages)

### getCount

number getCount()

Returns total number of tags in this group.

```
var group = new Group();
project.getGroup("GroupName", group);
var value = group.getCount();
```

(Available on web pages)

### getTags

object getTags()

Returns the list of all tags in group.

```
function {
var group = new Group();
```

```
project.getGroup("enginesettings", group);
var tagList = group.getTags();
for(var i = 0; i < tagList.length; i++){
    var tagName = tagList[i];
    //do something...
};
```

(Available on web pages)

# State object

This is the class holding the state of a tag acquired from the controlled environment.

# State object methods

Methods to be used with state objects.

### getQualityBits

number getQualityBits()

Returns an integer - a combination of bits indicating tag value quality.

```
var state = new State();
var value = project.getTag("Tag1", state, 0);
var qbits = state.getQualityBits();
```

(Available on web pages)

### getTimestamp

number getTimestamp()

Returns time the value was sampled.

#### **Return value**

A number containing the timestamp (for example 1315570524492).



Note: Date is a native JavaScript data type.

```
var state = new State();
var value = project.getTag("Tag1", state, 0);
var ts = state.getTimestamp();
```

### isQualityGood

```
boolean isQualityGood()
```

Returns whether the value contained in this state object is reliable.

#### **Return value**

A Boolean true if quality is good, false otherwise.

```
var state = new State();
var value = project.getTag("Tag1", state, 0);
if (state.isQualityGood()) {
    // do something...
}
```

(Available on web pages)

# Keywords

Global objects are predefined and can be referenced by the following names.

#### page

object page

References the page object for the current page.

```
function btnStd04_onMouseRelease(me) {
    var wgt = page.getWidget("rect1");
    var name = wgt.objectName;
}
```

### project

object project

References the project widget.

```
var group = new Group();
project.getGroup("GroupName", group);
var value = group.getCount("Tag1");
```

# **Global functions**

### print

void print( message )

Prints a message to the HMI Logger window.

Parameter	Description
message	Message string

print("Test message");

#### alert

void alert( message )

Displays a pop-up dialog with the given message. The user must press the **OK** button in the dialog to continue with the execution of the script.

Parameter	Description
message	Message string



Note: The alert function may be used for debugging JavaScript functions.

alert("Test mes	<pre>ssage");</pre>
-----------------	---------------------

(Available on web pages)

# Handling read/write files

### **Create folder**

boolean fs.mkdir(strPath);

Creates a folder, if not already existing, in the specified path. Returns true on success and false if it fails.

Parameter	Description
strPath	Path string

### **Remove folder**

boolean fs.rmdir(dirPath);

Remove directory at strPath if exists and empty. Returns true on success and false if it fails.

Parameter	Description
dirPath	Folder string

### **Read folder content**

```
object fs.readdir(dirPath);
```

Reads the contents of a folder. Returns an array of the names of the files in the folder excluding '.' and '..'. Returns empty list if it fails.

Parameter	Description
dirPath	Folder string

### **Read file**

object fs.readFile(strfile [,strFlag]);

Opens the strFile file in read mode, reads its contents and returns it.

Parameter	Description
strFile	File name string
strFlag	Read file mode:
	"b": reads and returns as binary file (otherwise returns a text file)

### Write file

fs.writeFile(strFile, fileData, [strFlag]);

Creates the strFile file if not present. Opens the strFile file in write mode and writes the data fileData to the file.

Parameter	Description
strFile	File name string
fileData	Data to be write on the file in byte array
strFlag	<ul> <li>Write file mode:</li> <li>"a": appends fileData to the end of the text file</li> <li>"r": replaces the contents of the file with fileData</li> <li>"ab": appends fileData to the end of the binary file</li> <li>"rb": replaces the contents of the binary file with fileData</li> </ul>

Default flag is for writing text file in append and write mode. File path will be created if not present.

Returns -1 if write error occurs.

### **Append file**

int fs.appendFile(strFile, fileData);

If the files does not exist creates it, otherwise append to existing file. Returns the number of character written or -1 on error.

Parameter	Description
strFile	File name string
fileData	Data to be write on the file in byte array

### File exists

boolean fs.exists(strPath)

Returns true if the file or folder exists at strPath.

Parameter	Description
strPath	Path string

### **Remove file**

boolean fs.unlink(strPath)

Removes the given file at strPath from filesystem if exists. Returns true on success and false if it fails.

Parameter	Description
strPath	Path string

### File status

object fs.stat(strPath)

Retrieves information on the file/folder present at the specified path.

Parameter	Description
strPath	File/folder path string

#### var fileStats = var fs.stat(strPath)

fileStats.isFile	True if path is a file
fileStats.isDir	True if path is a folder
fileStats.size	Size in bytes of that file
fileStats.atime	Date object representing the last read access time
fileStats.mtime	Date object representing the last write access time
fileStats.ctime	Date object representing the creation time
fileStats.perm	File permissions

If path is invalid both isFile and isDir fields return false.

#### File permission table

0x4000	File is readable by the owner of the file
0x2000	File is writable by the owner of the file

0x1000	File is executable by the owner of the file
0x0400	File is readable by the user
0x0200	File is writable by the user
0x0100	File is executable by the user
0x0040	File is readable by the group
0x0020	File is writable by the group
0x0010	File is executable by the group
0x0004	File is readable by anyone
0x0002	File is writable by anyone

### Important notes on file handling

Path for files and folders are expected to be UNIX style. This means the backslash character (\) is not recognized. Use slash character (/) instead.

File system object is a client side object. So operations are performed on local file system, not on server file system.

Current JavaScript API to get access at the device file system has been designed to manipulate small files. When a file is read, the entire file contents is temporarily stored inside the RAM available for JavaScript environment (16MB) and an exception is raised when there is not enough available memory. Good programming practice is to include the fs.readFile() call inside a try/catch block.

# Sign in from JavaScript

Using the project.login() and project.logout() function is possible automatize the user sign in from a remote device. This could be useful, e.g., to perform the sign in by reading a user badge with a badge reader device.

This chapter show an example of how configure the application to manage the sign in by a remote device.

#### The application must have a default user

Since the project's functions are working only when the application is active, the application must start with a default user, maybe with read only privilege. Reading the badge, the application can be switched to a user with additional privilege. Later, the logout command will reactivate the default user without any particular privileges

In the below example we are using three tags to communicate with the remote device:

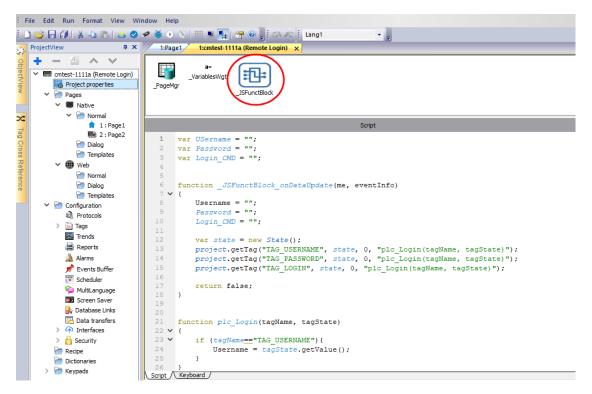
- TAG\_USERNAME
- TAG\_PASSWORD
- TAG\_LOGIN

The TAG\_LOGIN will be the command code to execute.

The remote device has to fill the required TAG\_USERNAME and TAG\_PASSWORD parameters, then fill the TAG\_LOGIN parameter with the required login or logout command. Engine on HMI-RUNTIME will detect the TAG\_LOGIN changes and perform the required command, then reset the TAG\_LOGIN to its idle status.

TAG_LOGIN Commands	
0	Idle
1	Login request
2	Logout request

At the project level, we have to add a JavaScript function block to detect when TAG\_LOGIN will changes. The JavaScript code attached at the OnDataUpdate Action of the JavaScript function block will execute the required login/logout command.



The JavaScript code attached at the OnDataUpdate Action

```
var Username;
var Password;
var Login_CMD;
function _JSFunctBlock_onDataUpdate(me, eventInfo)
{
    Username = "";
    Password = "";
    Login_CMD = "";
    var state = new State();
    project.getTag("TAG_USERNAME", state, 0, "plc_Login(tagName, tagState)");
    project.getTag("TAG_PASSWORD", state, 0, "plc_Login(tagName, tagState)");
    project.getTag("TAG_LOGIN", state, 0, "plc_Login(tagName, tagState)");
    return false;
}
```

```
function plc Login(tagName, tagState)
{
    if (taqName=="TAG USERNAME") {
        Username = tagState.getValue();
    }
    if (tagName=="TAG PASSWORD") {
        Password = tagState.getValue();
    if (tagName=="TAG LOGIN") {
        Login CMD = tagState.getValue();
    }
    if (Username!="" && Password!="" && Login CMD!="") {
        if (Login CMD==1) {
            Reply = project.login(Username, Password);
        };
        if (Login CMD==2) {
            Reply = project.logout(false); // Logout only if not logged as default
user
        };
        project.setTag("TAG LOGIN", 0);
        project.setTag("TAG_REPLY", parseInt(Reply));
    }
```

See also:

• "login" on page 541

# Limitations in working with widgets in JavaScript

Widgets cannot be instantiated by JavaScript, they can only be accessed and changed. If you need additional widgets on the page, you can add hidden widgets on the page, and then display or position them using JavaScript.

# **Debugging of JavaScript**

xAscender Studio and xAscender HMI Runtime include a JavaScript debugger.

Two types of debuggers are available:

- Runtime debugger: a debugger running directly on the HMI device
- Remote debugger: a debugger running on a remote computer connected to the HMI device via Ethernet (usually computer running xAscender Studio)

### Enabling debugging

In the Properties pane of a page, set JavaScript Debug to true.

Project Widget		Page			
Id	Project	Id	Page1		
Full Path		 Width	1024		
Version		 Height	768		
Context Menu	on delay	Background	[255, 255, 2		
Developer Tools	false	Template	none		
Keyboard	true	 Static File Type	png		
JavaScript Debug	true	 JavaScript Debug	true		
Allow JavaScript Remote	true				

For schedulers and alarms debugging, enable JavaScript Debug in Project properties.

In the xAscender HMI Runtime, when the events are called, the debugger will show the debug information. In the **Locals** pane you can inspect all variables and elements.

Qt Script Debugger				
Debug Search View				
ե∃ ľ+ ĥi Պ տ ⊲	<b>&amp;</b>			
Loaded Scripts 🗗 🗙	function field1_onDataUpdate(me) {	-	Stack	₽×
D:/JMobile Suite/runtime/HMI/works	3		Level Name	Location
	<pre>4 var varbool = project.getTag("varbool"); 5 var var1 = project.getTag("var1");</pre>		0 field3_onDataU	Page1.js:19
	<pre>5 var var1 = project.getTag("var1"); 6 var var2 = project.getTag("var2");</pre>		1 <anonymous></anonymous>	<native>:-1</native>
	7 8			
<	9 if(varbool == 1)			
Breakpoints & ×	10 { 11 var1 = var2	Ξ		
	<pre>12 project.setTag("var1",var1);</pre>		< III	F.
	13 } 14		Locals	₽×
	15 }		Name Value	
ID Location Condition	16 17 function field3 onDataUpdate(me) {		4 Scope	
	18 19 var varbool = project.getTag("varbool");		proto null	E
	20		⊳ me CNume	ricWgt(na
	21 if(varbool != 0) 22 {		temp undefin	
	23 var temp = project.getTag("var2");		varbool undefin	ed 🚽
4 III +	<pre>24 project.setTag("var1",temp);</pre>	Ŧ	III	- F
Console				₽×
Welcome to the Qt Script debugger.				-
Debugger commands start with a . (				E
Any other input will be evaluated by	he script interpreter.			
Type ".help" for help. qsdb>				· ·
Error Log Debug Output Console				

For a complete reference guide about JavaScript Debugger refer to :

https://qt-project.org/doc/qt-4.8/qtscriptdebugger-manual.html

### Remote JavaScript Debugger

#### Path: Run> Start JS Remote Debugger

- 1. Set the **Allow JavaScript Remote** and the **JavaScript Debug** parameters in the project Properties to true in all the pages where debugging is required.
- 2. Download the project: the following message is displayed on the runtime.

JS Remote Debugger	9	X	Ŋ
Waiting for remote debugge	r to at	ttach	

3. In the **JS Debugger** window, select the IP of the HMI device and click **Attach** to connect the debugger to the HMI device.

JS Debugger	
Window	
Pages 🗗	
127.0.0.1	
Attach	

Remote JavaScript debugger connects to xAscender HMI Runtime using port 5100/TCP.



Note: The Remote JavaScript debugger tool is not supported in xAscender Client.

### JavaScript Memory Usage

When the memory exceeds the maximum, an out of memory exception is thrown with a custom message. Please note that we do not have a fine control over the actual memory usage so it is mainly a soft limit. Moreover we can't forbid the allocation (this will break the engine implementation), so exception is thrown only when the memory is already over the limit. Before raising the exception, a garbage collection is forced to see if some memory can be freed.

JavaScrip memory limit can be accessed from the global object **\$EngineMemory**. The default is 16MB, which should be enough for the typical JavaScript usage (mainly control, without many allocations).

- \$EngineMemory.setLimit() set maximum memory allowed for JavaScript (the default limit is 0x00FFFFFF)
- \$EngineMemory.getLimit() get maximum memory allowed for JavaScript
- \$EngineMemory.getSize() get currently used memory from JS (fastMallocStat)

#### **Test memory exception**

To generate and test memory exception you can use the following snipped. Please note that we need to reset the memory limit to 0xffffffff to be able to run the alert, otherwise the memory allocations required to pop up the alert would fail.

```
try
{
    // Generate out-of-memory error
    var a = [];
    while(1)
    {
        a.push("a");
    };
} catch(e)
{
    // Ensure there is enough memory to pop up error message
    $EngineMemory.setLimit(0xfffffff);
    alert("Exception: " + e);
};
```

# 41 Handling Gestures

Some widgets have the capability to detect and manage pan and pinch gestures.

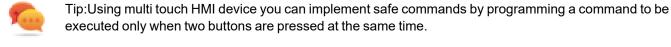
- Trends (see "Trend widget gestures" on page 290for details)
- Alarms Widget
- Combo box Widget
- Table Widget
- PDF Viewer
- Gesture Area Widget. Special widget designed to customize handling of gesture events (see "Gesture area widget" on page 447 for details)

For widgets based on table presentation, when the **Scrollbars Type** parameter has been set to "Gesture", the pan gesture is used to smoothly scroll the table.

- Alarms
- Control List



WARNING: Pinch and Rotate gesture requires two fingers. Them are available only with HMI devices supporting multi touch operation (see "HMI devices capabilities" on page 587)



<b></b> (		<ul><li>◆•••0 0 •••</li><li>•••0 0 ◆•••</li></ul>	
	PAN	PINCH	ROTATE

# 42 Web access

xA4Web allows users to access HMI projects from a remote web browser running on a computer or on a mobile device such as a tablet or a phone. With xA4Web, users can create a web project to display at a remote location the same graphical display shown on the HMI device. xA4Web projects are based on HTML5 technology which means that no plug-ins or external software is needed for displaying the information.

This document assumes that you have a basic understanding of how to operate the web browser on your mobile devices as well as how to set up a connection to the HMI device where the server is running. For example, you must know how to set-up Wi-Fi access if you are working with tablet or phone devices to access the xA4Web pages on the HMI device.

Supported platforms and browsers	562
Web pages	562
Testing the Web project	564
Downloading the Web project	565
Web connectivity issues	565
Web supported features	566
Troubleshooting and FAQ	569
Privacy	570

# Supported platforms and browsers

xA4Web supports 3 platforms:

- web, for desktop browsers,
- phone, for smart phone devices
- tablet, for tablet devices

You can therefore create pages of different content and size for the different platforms. For example, you may want to create a set of smaller pages in your project for phones whereas you will use full size pages for desktop web browsers and tablets.

### Working with a computer

xA4Web works with all modern web browsers. The following browsers have been tested for compatibility with xA4Web:

- Mozilla Firefox 52+
- Microsoft Edge 42+
- Apple Safari 11+
- Google Chrome 57+

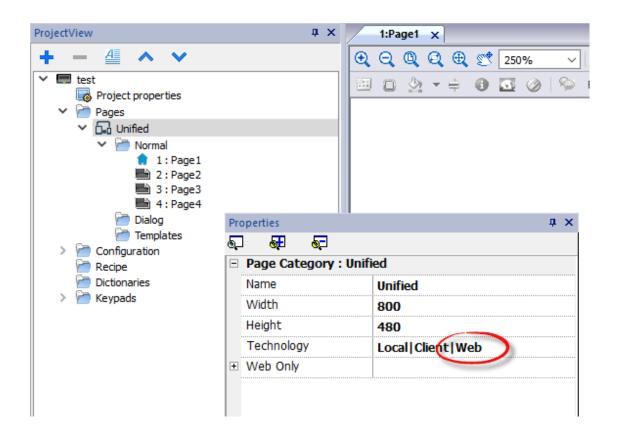
### Working with tablets or phones

xA4Web works with most tablet and phone devices. The following tablets have been tested for compatibility with xA4Web:

- iOS 10+ Mobile Safari
- Android 7+ Chrome for Android 55+

# Web pages

To enable web clients to access at the pages is necessary to include the "Web" reference in the Technology parameter of the page's category and make sure that when you download the project to the HMI device the **Download Web Project** option is selected (normally checked by default).



Download to Target	×
Ready to download	
192.168.47.29         ▼         Download           -         Advanced	Close
<ul> <li>Download only changes</li> <li>Binary format</li> <li>Delete runtime dynamic files</li> <li>Download Web Project</li> </ul>	

If the application needs to send different pages to different web clients (e.g. Smart phone instead of PC browser, etc.), have a look at the "Differentiated pages" on page 67 chapter.

### Web page properties

Any widgets and features can be used in xAscender Studio; however, not all features are currently available in xA4Web. If the project includes a feature that is not available, xA4Web will still work correctly but the feature will not be available

on the remote client device. See "Web supported features" on page 566 for a list of the features supported in xA4Web and of the existing limitations.

You can use the **Project Validator** tool to check if your project contains widgets configured with properties that are currently not supported in Web technology (see "Project Validator" on page 64)

In addition to the standard page properties, there is an additional property to configure how the page will be adapted to the browser's viewport.

Property	Description	
Fit to Screen Size	How the page will adapted to the browser's viewport	
	• None	
	<ul> <li>Fit to Screen Simple modify the zoom level to adapted the page to viewport of the browser</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Responsive Design Smart modify the zoom level to adapted the page to viewport of the browser respecting the restrictions defined inside the grid layout</li> </ul>	

### Redirect to specific page using url request

You can access a specific web page by entering an URL with this syntax:

https://address/index.html?loadPage=pageName

# **Testing the Web project**

You can test your xA4Web project using the online simulator opening a standalone web page directly from a browser.

### Testing with the online simulator

xAscender Studio includes an web server in the online simulator. You can start the simulator and access your xA4Web project from a web browser. The pages will be served from the simulator.

- 1. Create your project (see "Web pages" on page 562).
- 2. On the Run file, choose Start Simulator: the project will start running in a separate window.
- 3. Open a web browser (see "Supported platforms and browsers" on page 562 for a list of browser compatible with xA4Web).
- 4. Enter the following address: https://localhost:81: this tells the web browser to read the web pages from the local computer and use port 81, used by default by the online simulator in xA4Web.
- 5. Test your project in the browser.



Important: If you make any changes to the project pages in xAscender Studio you must stop and restart the simulator.



Note: If you are using a device (for example, a smartphone) that is not the localhost where the simulator is running, you will be required to enter username and password.

# **Downloading the Web project**

After testing the xA4Web pages, you can download the project to the desired HMI device.

The xA4Web project is downloaded together with the xAscender Studio project, see "Download to HMI device" on page 96 for details.

After the download process is completed, the HMI project automatically starts on the HMI device and the xA4Web project is ready to be used.

### Running xA4Web from a browser

- 1. Open a web browser and enter the IP adress of your HMI device: the login page is displayed.
- 2. Enter User Name and Password and click Sign In: the Home page will be displayed.

See "User management and passwords" on page 341 for details on how to create credentials.

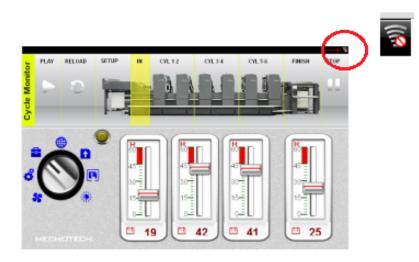
You can interact with the project using the browser in the same way you interact with a device when touching the screen: click buttons to change pages, view indicators and gauges, drag slider handles to change values, and so on. The xA4Web project will manage all communications with the web server while you are interacting with the HMI device remotely.

## Web connectivity issues

Here are described the most common issues you might encounter when connecting remotely to your HMI device.

#### Server disconnection

Since xA4Web runs remotely from the HMI device, the server might disconnect from the browser (for example if the server is stopped or the network cable is unplugged). If this happens, a 'disconnect' icon will appear in a toolbar on top of the xA4Web as in this example.



Once the server is back online, the red circle-bar icon will disappear indicating normal communications with the device.



The "Connection status" system variable can be used to know the status of the connection. See "Remote Client variables" on page 144 for additional details.



Note: If you make changes in the xA4Web pages while the server is disconnected, these changes will be visible on the client but will not be transferred to the server until the connection is restored.

### Inactivity timeout

xA4Web will require you to re-enter your login credentials if the browser has been inactive for several minutes. If no activity is detected for 10 minutes, the login screen will reappear and you need to enter your login credentials to continue operation. A timeout feature guarantees that no unauthorized access is possible. The web inactivity timeout can be modified from the **Project Properties** table.

### User session termination

A user session can be terminated either from the server or from the user.

In specific conditions the server might send a request to the client (browser) to perform the login process. In this case the user is redirected to the login page and then back to the page where he was working. This will happen for example if the user clears the browser cache or browser cookies.



Note: If the user is working in a dialog when redirected to the login page, he will be then redirected to the page from which the dialog was opened.

### Non-Active xA4Web Project

The xA4Web page displayed in your browser might come from a project that is no longer active in the device. In this case a confirmation box is displayed and you can return to the active project.



Note: This redirection assumes that the current active project has xA4Web pages in it.

If you choose to stay in the non-active project all the actions you perform in the browser may not be executed properly as the xA4Web cannot perform any server-bound communication.

# Web supported features

Some features or widget's properties are not supported by xA4Web. When not supported widgets are used, you will get the widgets only on the pages in the HMI panel, while on the web pages the unsupported widgets will be not visible. Note that you can run the **Project Validator** to check if pages contains unsupported widgets (see "Project Validator" on page 64)

### List of widgets that are not supported

- Analog Clocks
- Analog Video
- BACnet
- Consumption meter
- Control List
- DateTime Combo (Date or Time can be set using other widgets)
- IP Widget (The IP can be configured via system settings with a browser)
- IPCamera (Supported for Chrome and Firefox. See "Web Browser" on page 464 for additional details)

- IPStream
- Media Player
- Multistate image multilayer (Multistate image widget can be used)
- Rotation menu widget
- RSS Feed
- RSS Scroll
- Scheduler: only viewing is supported
- Text Editor
- Web Browser
- Hyper Link
- TabBar and ToolBar
- Scatter Chart

### List of actions that are not supported

Widget	SlideWidget, BeginDataEntry, TriggerIPCamera, MoveIPCamera, ContextMenu, ReplaceMedia, OpenComboBox, CloseComboBox, ShiftTableDataSrcColumns, ResetTableDataSrcColumns, remapColumns, clearRemapping
Web Browser	All actions are not supported
Text Editor	All actions are not supported
MediaPlayer (Unsupported)	All actions are not supported
Mail	All actions are not supported
FTP	All actions are not supported
Keypad	All actions are not supported
Page	LaunchApplication, LaunchBrowser, LaunchVNC, LaunchPDFViewer, LaunchUpdater, LockScreen, LoadProject, LastVisitedProject
Print	All actions are not supported
Tag	ActivateGroup, DeactivateGroup, EnableNode, BACnetClearPriority, BACnetClearAllPriorities, BACnetSetPriority, ClearRetentiveMemory, ForceReadTag
Trend/Graph	ConsumptionMeterPageScroll, ShiftTableDataSrcColumns, ResetTableDataSrcColumns, SetTableSortingColumn, ChartCommand
System	Restart, ResetProtoErrCount, SafelyRemoveMedia, SaveEventArchive, LogMessage, DumpeventArchive
UserManagement	SwitchUser, ResetPassword, AddUser, DeleteUser, EditUsers, DeleteDynamicFiles, ExportUsers, ImportUsers
RemoteClient	All actions are not supported

### List of features that are not supported

- Context menu
- Buzzer on touch
- Javascript debugger
- Wheel actions (Browser use wheel events to manage scroll bars)
- Combo box full-screen mode (Standard "context" mode is supported)
- Keypads
- ScreenSaver
- Display Rotation
- Electronic Signature

### **System Variables**

Using the "Attach To", only the system variables listed below are supported, while all system variables are supported using the protocol "System Variables"

- System Time
- X Screen resolution
- Y Screen resolution
- This Client Group-Name
- This Client User-Name
- Connection status
- This Client ID
- Available System Memory
- Current Language Id
- Current Language Name
- Current Language Code

### Allarms

- Alarm color based on trigger condition is not supported in Web
- Can not edit the Alarm widgets in runtime
- On Smartphone/Tablet (in general embedded devices) based on HW a user could expect performance problems with > 500 alarms.
- Page actions are not supported in alarm trigger condition

### Others

- The dialog pages support only modal dialogs.
- Some specific widgets properties are not yet supported, in this case, the default value is used. You can use the Project Validator to check if the used widgets contain properties that are not supported (see "Project Validator" on page 64).

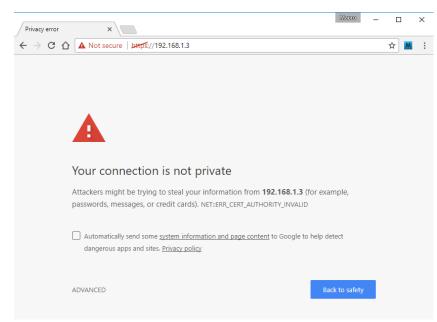
### Secure Socket Layer (HTTPS)

Linux devices support the Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer (HTTPS). To use this protocol access at the web page using the below syntax:

https://<device\_ip\_address>

Note that since the self-certificate provided from the HMI device is not firmed from a known Authority, you will get a warning message.

Simple click the ADVANCE button to continue.



### Working with keypads in xA4Web

The user can click on the Numeric widget and a text box will be displayed in which the new value can be inserted.

After inserting the value the user can either press **Enter**, or equivalent in touch devices, or click **Save** to make the newly inserted value permanent. Only meaningful numbers will be accepted during the save process. Anything else will be ignored and will not result in a value change.



## **Troubleshooting and FAQ**

### Enable JavaScript

xA4Web requires JavaScript to provide interactivity with the server and the user. xA4Web will not work if JavaScript is disabled in your browser.

By default most browsers come with JavaScript enabled. But if you have disabled JavaScript in the past, please reenable JavaScript before accessing xA4Web pages.

### **Browser cache**

xA4Web includes resources that change infrequently such as CSS files, image files and JavaScript files. These resources take time to download over the network which increases the time required to load the xA4Web page in your

browser. Browser caching allows these resources to be saved by a browser and used without requesting them each time from the server. This results in faster loading of xA4Web pages.

Caching is normally enabled by default, for optimal xA4Web performance make sure it has not been disabled.



Note: xA4Web pages will still work properly with disabled browser caching, however resource loading time will be slower compared with normal cached operations.

### Using a proxy

Some users may be accessing the xA4Web project through a proxy. The proxies may control the number of parallel connection for the browser.

Make sure that the maximum parallel connections allowed (max connections) is not more than 16 and not less than 12.

### Why I'm not able to see changes in the web pages?

Every time a new web page is added edited into the project, you need to download the project to the device. However, when you connect the device IP address, the web browser might display cached pages instead of the latest downloaded pages. To avoid this behavior you can:

- disable cache of your web browser
- force web page refresh
- by-pass browser cache

## Privacy

We do not use cookies to collect private information from any user.

A cookie is a piece of data stored on the user's hard drive containing information about the user. Usage of a cookie is in no way linked to any personally identifiable information while on our device. Once the user closes their browser, the cookie simply terminates.

## 43 Protecting access to HMI devices

The following operations are password protected on the HMI device:

- xAscender HMI Runtime management: install xAscender HMI Runtime and update xAscender HMI Runtime
- Board management: replace main BSP components such as Main OS, Configuration OS, Bootloader, and so on
- Download and upload of project files
- Optional services on Linux devices (e.g. VNC Server)



### WARNING: For security reasons

- Change the default passwords (See: "Password protection" on page 617 for HMI devices on Linux platform)
- Enable security management (See: "Enable/disable security management" on page 342)
- Force remote login (See: "Force remote login" on page 353)
- Configure the Context Menu to be accessible only using a "macro". In this way, it is possible to configure the use of the macro to authorized users only. (See "Runtime" on page 74)



WARNING: Unauthorized access to the device can cause damage or malfunctions. When connecting the device to a network protect the network against unauthorized access.

Measures for protecting the network include:

- Firewall
- Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)
- Network segmentation
- Virtual LAN (VLAN)
- Virtual Private Network (VPN)
- · Security at physical access level (Port Security).

Further information, guidelines and standards regarding security in information technology: IEC 62443, ISO/IEC 27001.

Changing password on HMI device	
Ports and firewalls	
Project Files Encryption	
Project Signature	

## Changing password on HMI device

To change the password on the HMI device, use one of the following methods:

• From the xAscender HMI Runtime context menu: Settings> Password tab.

Settings 8 ×
Settings Password
Old password: New password: Confirm password:
OK Cancel

- Use the **Set Target Password** function in update package: the password is updated by xAscender HMI Runtime just after the update process is completed.
- Using HMI device "System Settings" on page 595 Tool

Leave "Old password" empty as default if target password is not set.

## Ports and firewalls

### Ports used for the main operations

Port		Where is used	
443/tcp HTTPs		Project management, System Settings	
		Remote access (Remote Client, Web Browser)	
80/tcp	HTML	Old port deprecated in favor that HTTPs	
990/tcp	FTPs	Project management, System Settings	
		Remote access (Remote Client, Web Browser)	
21/tcp	FTP	Old port deprecated in favor that FTPs	
8000/tcp	HTML	Used to redirect HTTP requests to HTTPs protocol	
18756-18759/tcp	FTP	FTP data port (passive mode). Required to download a project.	
990-991/udp		UDP broadcast (Device discovery)	

ī

Port	Where is used
998-999/udp	
2100/tcp	Manage Target
5100/tcp	JS Remote Debugger

### Ports used for the optional services

Port		Where is used		
5900/tcp		VNC Server (Can be configured to use ssl/tls)		
48010/tcp		OPC UA Server		
25/tcp		SMTP Server		
N/A		MQTT (See your MQTT Broker)		
22/tcp	SSH	Terminal Server		
123/udp		NTP service		
N/A		Ethernet communication drivers, the ports depend on Protocol configuration.		



Note: When broadcast service is not available, for example in VPN networks, type in the exact IP address to connect to the HMI device from xAscender Studio.

## **Project Files Encryption**

A project can be encrypted to secure intellectual property and not be readable or editable by unauthorized users.



When you use a password to encrypt a project you must be aware that if you lose the password there will be no way to recover the project (you can only delete it).

### Encrypt the project

Path: ProjectView> right-click "Project Name"> Encrypt Project



If the project is already encrypted, the same command will ask to enter the password to decrypt the project.

 ile Edit Run Format View W	indow Help 🛷 🐳 💿 📎   🏢 💐 🎇 🎯 💂 i 🖙 🕫 ً Lang1
 Project/iew 0 × × Project/iew 0 × × Project Encrypt Project Pages College Pages College Protects	1:Page1 ×         Image: Second sec

In the next dialog, you can select the encryption level which can be the Asymmetric Encryption "AES-128 bit CBC" or "AES-256 bit CBC".

If it is not necessary, you can also choose not to encrypt the images thus allowing the HMI device to be more performing.

Project Encryption		×
Encryption param	ieters	
Select Algorithm:	More fast (aes-128-cbc)	~
Do not encryp	pt the images (more performa	nce)
< <u>B</u> a	ack <u>N</u> ext > Cano	:el

When the project is encrypted, every time you open the project on xAscender Studio you will be asked to enter the password.

### **HMI Runtime**

When the HMI Runtime detects that a project is encrypted and does not know the password to decrypt the project, will show a dialog where to enter the password. The password will be requested only once and then stored in a secure area of the HMI device.

	Encryption Password	×
Password :	Jok X Can	cel

### Protected area containing passwords

The password is stored in a secure area of the HMI device. It is possible to access this area to enter the password in advance to avoid it being requested when the application runs for the first time

### xAscender HMI Runtime

The password used from the xAscender HMI Runtime is accessible from the System Settings of the HMI device in the Security area (Ref. "Security" on page 600).

Within the Security area, it is stored using the following parameters:

- Domain = HMI Runtime
- Secret ID = Project Encryption
- Type = Password
- Secret Info = Type here the password necessary to read the encrypted project.

Credentials				
Domain	Secret ID	Туре	Secret Info	Description
HMI Runtime	Project Encryption	Password	****	Password to encrypt the project

## **Project Signature**

The HMI device can be configured to accept only signed projects. The signature makes sure that only authorized users can update the xAscender HMI Runtime application.

To configure the HMI device to accept only signed projects, an x.509 certificate is required to sign the projects.

The x.509 certificate consists of two parts:

#### 1. certificate.pfx

A file with the primary key necessary to sign the project that must be installed on the PC and used from xAscender Studio to sign the project to download on the HMI device (the primary key is a reserved file because whoever owns it has the possibility to modify the project on the panel)

### 2. certificate.crt

A file with the public key that must be loaded on the HMI device to give the device the possibility to check if the

project is correctly signed (this file will be saved in a protected area of the HMI device because if replaced, the protection would be lost)

We use Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA256)

### How to install the certificate on the PC

To install the certificate on the PC, double-click on the *certificate.pfx* file to activate the Windows installation wizard. You will be prompted for the password associated with the certificate and where to install it (for example it could be installed on the "Personal" folder)

To remove the certificate from the PC, open the Windows Credential Manager and remove the "HMIServer/prjsign" item.

### How to install the certificate on the HMI device

On the HMI device the *certificate.crt* can be installed from the System Settings of the HMI device in the Security area (Ref. "Security" on page 600).

In the Security area, select:

- Domain = HMI Runtime
- Secret ID = Project Signature
- Type = Certificate
- Use the "Update" button to load the certificate

Credentials					
Domain	Secret ID	Туре	Secret Info	Description	
HMI Runtime 🗸	Project Signature 🗸	Certificate		Certificate to verify the signature of the project	Update 🛎 🧰

### How to configure xAscender Studio to sign the project before downloading it

After installing the two files relating to the certificate, it is possible to sign the application that will be downloaded to the panel by setting the "Sign Project" property, available in the "Project Properties", to true (see "Project" on page 80). When you will download a project on the HMI device, you will be prompted for the certificate to use which must correspond to the certificate installed on the HMI device.

### Script to generate a Certificate

Here is an example of how to generate a certificate using a public OpenSSL-Win32 library (Reference: https://www.openssl.org/)

File: CreateCertificates.cmd

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.exe"
set CertificateName=MyCertificate
rem Generate an RSA key
   %OpenSSL% genrsa -out certificate.key 4096
rem Creating Certificate Signing Requests
   %OpenSSL% req -new -sha256 -key certificate.key -out certificate.csr -subj
"/ST=NY/C=US/L=New York/O=CompanyName/OU=R&D Team/CN=%CertificateName%"
```

```
rem Self Sign the Certificate Signing Requests
    %OpenSSL% x509 -req -days 365 -in certificate.csr -signkey certificate.key -out
certificate.crt
rem Convert to .pfx file
    %OpenSSL% pkcs12 -export -out certificate.pfx -inkey certificate.key -in
certificate.crt -CSP "Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider"
```

#### pause



The procedure will require the creation of a password which will then be required to access the primary key of the certificate.

# 44 Tips and tricks to improve performance

xAscender Studio allows great flexibility for a project designers.

Follow these guidelines to create projects that perform better in terms of boot time, page change and animations.

Static Optimization	580
FAQ on Static Optimization	583
Page caching	583
Image DB	583
Precaching	584
FAQ on precaching	584

## **Static Optimization**

Static optimization is a technique used in xAscender Studio to improve runtime performance.

Using a lot of images and pictures in a project might degrade performances, static optimization merges several images into a single background image thus reducing rendering and loading times. Using this method only one raster image needs to be loaded and rendered instead of many single raster and/or vector images.

When you create a project in xAscender Studio, the pages might contain widgets such as texts, images, background images, background colors and so on which can be classified as:

- Static: values or properties do not change at runtime.
- Dynamic: values or properties change at runtime.



Note: Based on security settings, static parts of widgets could be not merged to background. This happens when a widget is configured as "hide" in security settings.



## Important: When you change the properties of widgets with JavaScript set the widget Static Optimization to Dynamic, otherwise changes to properties will be ignored.

When downloading or validating a project, xAscender Studio identifies static components and renders them as background images to .png files. These background images are saved as a part of the project under the folder */opt*.

Background images can be created as follows:

- full page background images, containing all widgets merged to page background
- group background images, containing a group of static widgets merged together to form a group background. For
  example, the Gauge group is normally composed by a background, a scale, a label and a needle, where
  background scale and label can all be merged to a single background image.

The **Static Optimization** page attribute enables and disables static optimization of the whole page. If it is set to **false** the optimization is totally disabled.

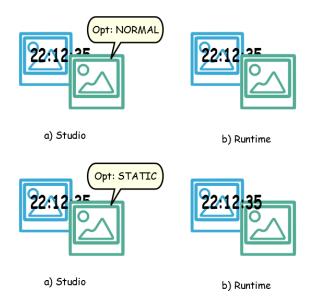
Finer control can be achieved setting the Static Optimization attribute of each single widget as follows:

- Normal: xAscender Studio automatically detects if the widget can be merged with the background. This can be used if the widget is not a dynamic widget and does not overlap, that is it is not stacked above, a dynamic widget.
- **Static**: The image is forced to be merged with the background. This can be used when the static widget overlaps a dynamic transparent widget.



Note: In this case the automatic optimization will fail because it does not make any assumption on invisible areas which might be rendered at runtime.

• **Dynamic**: The widget is not optimized at all. Use this flag when a static widget needs to be changed by JavaScript.



### Tips for best performance

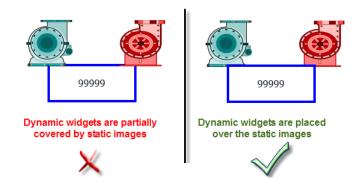
- 1. First of all: avoid placing static widgets over a dynamic widget. The overlapping area is computed considering the bounding rectangles of the widgets, that is the rectangles delimited by editing handles.
- 2. Do not use static optimization if your pages contain almost only dynamic objects. Static optimization would save many almost identical full size images for each page using up a lot of memory space that could be more effectively used to improve project performance with other techniques (such as, for example, page caching).
- 3. Bounding rectangles can include transparent areas, minimize transparent areas (for example splitting the image in multiple images) since they can be a waste of resources even when optimized.
- 4. Optimize image size. The image will be rendered at the size of the image widget containing the image. For best performances the widget needs to be the same size of the image.
- 5. Avoid using **Scale to fit** for image widgets, since this forces a rescaling at runtime for dynamic images and "hides" the actual image size during editing.
- 6. Use Size to fit to make the widget to the real size of his contents.
- 7. If overlapping cannot be avoided make sure to place the static widgets in the back, that is behind the dynamic widget.
- 8. Choose the image file format based on the HMI device you are connecting to.
- 9. Avoid using too many widgets in a single page. Often widgets are placed outside the visible area or their transparency is controlled by a tag. Since widgets are loaded even if they are not visible, having too many widgets in a page can significantly slow down the page change time.
- 10. Split a page with many widgets into multiple pages with less widgets.
- 11. For popping up new graphic elements in a page, prefer dialog pages with controlled positioning to transparent widgets.
- 12. Check the *opt* folder to see if static optimization is working as expected, the widgets z-order might need to be adjusted.
- 13. Numeric fields are often used to run JavaScript code on OnDataUpdate event even if the widget doesn't need to be visible on the page. In this case place the widget outside the page visible area instead of making it invisible, altering font color or visibility property. In the latter case you might end up with many left over wedges.
- 14. Use a HotSpot button if you need a touch area to react to user inputs.

- 15. If you reuse a widget from the gallery or you create your own, remember to set the correct optimization properties. For example button widgets are dynamic widgets, if you use a button widget just for its frame it won't be optimized since the button widget is dynamic. If you just need the frame you should use the Up image.
- 16. With many pages having many dynamic widgets and using a common template:
  - 1. set template static optimization to true,
  - 2. set page static optimization to false, since the background is already provided by the template.

In this scenario the background image can be reused by many different pages thus saving memory space.

17. Do not use dynamic widgets, such as buttons, only for graphic purposes, when the button function is not needed, use image widgets instead to obtain the same graphical effect.

Here is an example of a correct and an incorrect use of static optimization.



### Supported image formats

xAscender Studio supports several raster formats like BMP, PNG, JPEG, TIFF and the vector format SVG. Here a list of pros and cons:

Image format	Pros	Cons
RASTER	<ul><li>Fast rendering</li><li>Well standardized</li></ul>	<ul><li>Big file size</li><li>Fixed resolution</li></ul>
VECTOR (SVG)	<ul> <li>Small file size</li> <li>Rescale without quality loss</li> <li>Can handle dynamic properties</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complex SVG images with many graphic items and layers can be slow to render.</li> <li>Creating an optimized SVG is not simple.</li> <li>Only Tiny 1.2 (<u>https://www.w3.org/TR/SVGTiny12/</u>) supported.</li> </ul>



Note: Scour software is free tool that can be used to remove foreign code from file (<u>https://www.codedread.com/scour/</u>).

### Static optimization of templates

Template pages can have large amounts of static content. However, static optimization cannot be applied to a template page, since where the template is used is based on the page design.

If a huge background image should be repeated in every page that uses the same template, this would increase the footprint of the device as the same static image would be created for each of the pages using the template page.

## **FAQ on Static Optimization**

Q: In a page where there are a few identical widgets, in the *opt* folder I see a PNG for each one of them. If they are really identical, why should the software duplicate them instead of having just one PNG?

A: The software does not know if static images are actually the same since each widget could have different settings/properties altering the actual rendering at runtime.

## Q: Why are the static images stored in a separate folder called *opt* instead of storing them directly in the project folder?

A: This avoids name collisions and allows skipping the upload of optimization images

### Q: Why are the static images stored as a PNG files instead of common JPEG files?

A: PNG format uses a lossless compression for images and supports transparencies. JPEG files would render fuzzier compared to the PNG files with a different result in xAscender Studio(not using optimization) and xAscender HMI Runtime .

### Q: What will happen when no optimization is done in the software?

A: Every single widget is rendered at runtime. In particular SVG images may require a lot of time to render in an embedded platform.

## Page caching

Once accessed all pages are kept in a RAM cache up to the maximum allowed cache size depending on the actual platform's available RAM. This allows a much faster access since cached pages, once reloaded, only need to re-paint their content without reloading all page resources.

## Image DB

Image DB is a technique used to track the usage of image files and reduce the cost of image loading by caching most frequently used images (example, Push Button images, Gauge needles, Slider thumbs and so on). The same image used in many different places is therefore loaded just once.

The image DB function will preload the top most used images at startup until memory limit is reached. This would further improve the individual page loading times.

The file imagecachelist.xml is created in *project/opt* folder, containing relevant information:

- Fill color (in case of SVG images)
- Size of SVG image

- Number of times an image is used in the project
- Number of different sizes for the same image

### Tips for using the Image DB function

- 1. Use uniform size of buttons, gauges and other widgets wherever possible.
- 2. Use same color themes among widgets of the same kind.

## Precaching

The Precache attribute of pages can be used to notify xAscender HMI Runtime to preload some pages in RAM at boot time for quicker access. Precaching is useful for complex pages having many dynamic widgets.

When this function is enabled on a page, access to the page is faster, however it also slows down boot-time since the system is not ready until all pages to be precached are not saved into the RAM.

### Tips to precaching

- 1. Enable the precache function just for few pages having many dynamic widgets or for pages frequently used by users.
- 2. Do not enable the precache function for all the pages in the project since you would run out of memory and have no benefit at all.
- 3. Disable static optimization for pages where the precache function is enabled to reduce memory used.

## FAQ on precaching

### Page limit for precaching

Based on the size and complexity of a page, the space required for precaching can be from 1,5Mb to 3Mb.

When a project is loaded, xAscender HMI Runtime proceeds as follows:

- 1. Page images are preloaded until 76 MB of memory space is still available (imageDBLowMem)
- 2. Pages where precache is set to **true** are preloaded untill 64 MB of memory space is still available (pageCacheLowMemMax). The images of these pages are loaded in the RAM (into the Image DB).

When the project is ready:

- 1. Any new page visited is saved in the cache (RAM) with all related images until 40 MB of memory space is still available(pageCacheLowMemMin)
- 2. When a page change happens and space in RAM is critical (<40MB), the xAscender HMI Runtime starts emptying the cache (RAM) removing pages and related images until 64 MB of memory space is made available. xAscender HMI Runtime removes data stored in the cache in the following order:
  - 1. last visited pages and bigger and unused images (>320x240),
  - 2. if more memory is needed also the pages in precache and all images loaded in Image DB can be removed.

## 45 Functional specifications and compatibility

Here is an overview of the supported functions and related limitations. Limitations indicated here represent a safe limitation, beyond that proper operation and state-of-the-art performance of the system is not guaranteed.

Table of functions and limits	586
HMI devices capabilities	587
Compatibility	
Converting projects between different HMI devices	

## **Table of functions and limits**

Function	Max limit
Number of pages	1000
Number of basic widgets	2000 x page
Number of tags	10000
Number of dialog pages	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Number of dialog pages that can be open at the same time	5
Number of Recipes	32
Number of parameter sets for a recipe	1000
Number of elements per Recipe	1000
Number of user groups	50
Number of users	500
Number of concurrent remote clients	4
Number of schedulers	30
Number of alarms	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Number of data transfers	1000
Number of templates pages	50
Number of actions programmable per button state	32
Number of trend buffers	30
Number of tags per trend buffer	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Memory reserved for trend buffer	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Number of curves per trend widget	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page
Number of curves per scatter diagram widget	10
Max number of trend table printable rows	10000 on xAscender HMI Runtime
Number of messages in a message field	1024
Number of languages	24
Number of events per buffer	See "HMI devices capabilities" on the facing page

Function	Max limit
Number of event buffers	4
JavaScript file size per page	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Size of project on disk	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Number of indexed instances	100
Number of indexed alias	100
Number of indexed tag sets	30
Number of physical protocols	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Number of reports	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Number of reports pages	32
Max number of variables in variables widget	255
User folder size (UpdatePackage.zip)	See "HMI devices capabilities" below
Number of concurrent FTP sessions	4
FTP additional folders	5
MQTT max number of bytes in a payload packet	There are no limits for the MQTT payload, this is based on the broker's limit. We can use up to the tag string size limit.
MQTT max number of topic	Topics are created dynamically, there are no limits
MQTT max number of Kb that can be stored in the persistence	50000
MQTT max pending messages	10000

## **HMI devices capabilities**

See "Table of functions and limits" on the previous page for the standard capabilities.

Panel	Device OS	Touch	FRAM	Media Player	Media Player Portrait Mode	PDF	Max Project Size	Dialogs	Alarms	Protocols	JavaScript	Reports	Trend Buffers	Max Tags inside a Trend	Curves per Trend Widget	Max Events inside a Buffer	User Folder Size
WHS1-04	Linux		No	MPEG4	Yes	Yes	240 MB	50	3,000	4	64 KB	32	25 MB	200	5	10 K	512 MB
WHS1-07	Linux		No	MPEG4	Yes	Yes	240 MB	50	3,000	4	64 KB	32	25 MB	200	5	10 K	512 MB
WHS1-10	Linux		No	MPEG4	Yes	Yes	240 MB	50	3,000	4	64 KB	32	25 MB	200	5	10 K	512 MB
WHA1-07	Linux	Multi	Yes	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
WHA1-10	Linux	Multi	Yes	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
WHA1-15	Linux	Multi	Yes	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
WHA1-21	Linux	Multi	Yes	MPEG4/H264 (*)	No	Yes	240 MB	200	4,000	8	64 KB	64	200 MB	300	10	10 K	512 MB
WHA1-05	Linux	Multi	Yes	MPEG4	Yes	Yes	240 MB	50	3,000	4	64 KB	32	25 MB	200	5	10 K	512 MB

(\*) Auto resize is supported

## Compatibility

The following compatibility policy has been adopted:

- xAscender Studio version must always be aligned with xAscender HMI Runtime on the device,
- the user is responsible for updating xAscender HMI Runtime components on the HMI device at any xAscender Studio update,
- the xAscender HMI Runtime update can be done directly from xAscender Studio using the Update Target command available in the Run\Manage Target dialog,
- projects created in a xAscender Studio version no older than V1.00 (00) can be opened and handled by any newer version,
- projects created with older versions of xAscender Studio, opened with later versions and deployed to compatible xAscender HMI Runtime, are ensured to maintain the performance and functionality,
- compatibility between newer versions of xAscender HMI Runtime and projects created and deployed with older versions of xAscender Studio is not ensured.



Important: Do not edit projects with a version of xAscender Studio older than the one used to create them. It can result in a damage of the project and to xAscender HMI Runtime instability.

## **Converting projects between different HMI devices**

Project conversion from different HMI device models is supported, however, some manual operations may be required if the project uses features not supported in the destination device.

### Guideline

Before converting a project have a look if some unsupported features are present (see "HMI devices capabilities" on the previous page), and adjust your project by removing the unsupported features before converting the project.

In particular:

- Verify limitations and features not supported by the new HMI device (see "Table of functions and limits" on page 586 for details).
- Remove unsupported widgets, actions, system variables, protocols, project properties.
- If the project uses external storage, verify if the same storage path is still available.
- Adjust OS-specific external applications or paths.
- If necessary, reduce project size according to the new HMI device type limitations (see "Limitations" for details).
- Since HMI devices are based on different hardware platforms with different CPU speed, RAM memory size, cache size, make sure to check project boot time and page loading time for each page in the project.
- Verify JavaScript code for OS-specific operations.

## 46 HMI device configuration

Linux products offer a powerful integrated tool called System Settings that allows management and upgrade of system components. Operations can be done directly on HMI or remotely using web browser.

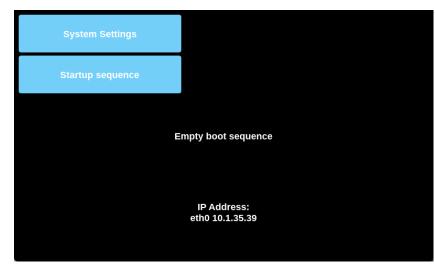


CAUTION: Working with the System Settings tool is a critical operation and, when not performed correctly, may cause product damages requiring service of the product. Contact technical support for assistance.

Runtime Installation	
System Settings	
Cloud / VPN Service	610
Update System Components	613
Touchscreen calibration	615
Password protection	617
Backup and Restore	619
Recovery Mode	

## **Runtime Installation**

If the HMI device is delivered from the factory without Runtime, at first power up HMI shows the "Runtime Loader" screen.



Runtime can be installed:

- Automatically, via Ethernet on first project download with xAscender Studio
- Manually via USB Memory, creating an "Update Package". (See the "Update package" on page 98 to create a runtime package)

### Install Runtime via Ethernet

To install Runtime via Ethernet follow the "Download to HMI device" on page 96 procedure.



WARNING: Runtime installation via Ethernet download requires the HMI to have a valid IP address.

The IP address can be assigned in three ways:

- Automatically via DHCP server. If a DHCP server is available on the network IP address will be assigned automatically by the server.
- Automatically via Auto-IP feature. If DHCP assignment is enabled but no DHCP server is available on the network the HMI assigns itself an IP Address into range 169.254.x.x with subnet mask 255.255.0.0
- Manually via System Settings. From System Settings menu, in Network section the IP address can be manually
  assigned, disabling the DHCP server assignment feature. This option is enabled by default and see the
  "Networks" on page 599 to check the default IP address.

### Install Runtime via USB Memory

To install Runtime, UpdatePackage or Backup Package via USB device follow this procedure:

1. Create an Update Package from xAscender Studio and copy into an empty USB memory stick



2. On HMI select the [Startup sequence], then enter the password of the HMI Device. The below page will appear.

MENU 🏫	Applications	RELOAD 🕽	ADMIN 🕞
Name	Autostart		
		App Man	agement 🕑

3. Click on the [App Management] button and then the [Install/Update] button to get the below page.

BACK 🗲	edit 🕑
App Manageme	Browse Image
Name	CANCEL Boot Sequence
	Install / Update 🕇

4. Click on the [Browse Image] button to open the browse folder dialog.

Select an update package:	
💼 configos	
💳 data	
i factory	
💳 media	
🚎 usbmemory	
	[
Ok	Cancel

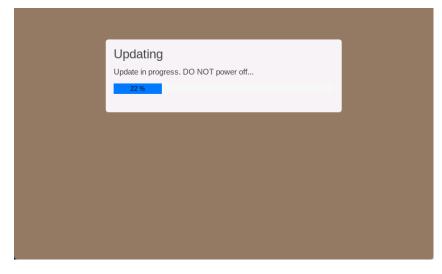
5. Click on the [usbmemory] folder and then on the file to install (generally the UpdatePackage.zip)

Select an update package:	
UpdatePackage.zip	
Ok	Cancel

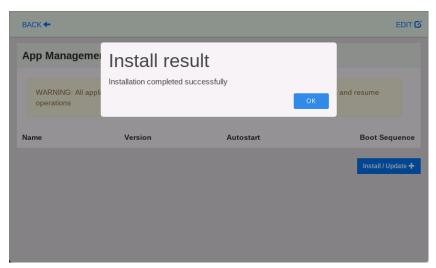
6. Select "UpdatePackage.zip" and confirm with [Ok]

BACK 🗲			EDIT 🕑
App Manageme	Browse Image		
Name	File Name: /mnt/data/home/admin/UpdatePackage.zip		Boot Sequence
	Size: 119.9 MB Proceed		Install / Update 🕂
		CANCEL	

7. Finally, press [Proceed] and the runtime installation begin



8. Once complete, the HMI device restarts, and the application is loaded.

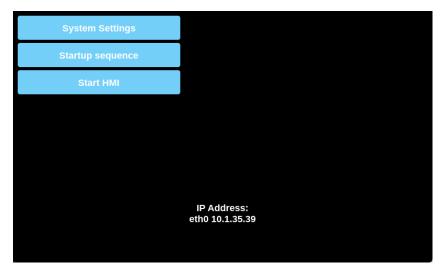


### **Runtime Uninstall**

System Settings in Default mode allows to uninstall HMI Runtime or change Startup sequence, this mode is available via tap-tap sequence and can be accessed also when HMI is facing a software failure.

See "System Settings access via TAP TAP procedure " on page 596

1. To uninstall the Runtime from HMI in Default Mode screen select [Startup Sequence], then enter the password of the HMI Device:



2. From the installed applications view, click on the [App Management] button.

MENU 🕈	Applications	RELOAD 🕽	ADMIN 🔂
Name	Autostart		
HMI Runtime			
		App Mana	agement 🕑

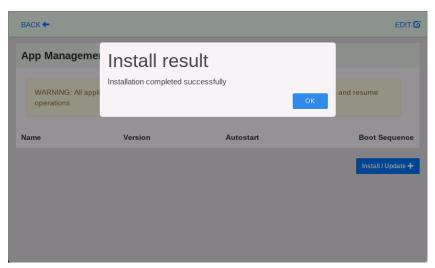
3. Click on the uninstall button [-] and then press the [OK] button to confirm in the pop up dialog.

BACK 🗲			EDIT 🗹
App Managemer	Confirm Uninstall the application?	CANCEL OK	and resume
Name HMI Runtime	Version 4.5.1.403	Autostart	Boot Sequence
			Install / Update 🕇

4. Runtime uninstall process will be performed:



5. When finished, press the [OK] button and the HMI device will restart.



## **System Settings**

The user interface of System Settings is based on HTML pages and can be accessed both locally on the HMI device screen and remotely using a web browser (remote access may be disabled and may be unavailable).

The administrator username is "admin" with default password "admin", but at first start up, you will be forced to define a different password (later the password can be changed in the "System Settings -> Authentication" page).



Accessing at the system settings from the HMI device do not require to enter a password until the default "admin" password is not changed.

### **Enter in System Settings**

There are several ways to access the System Settings page.

You can enter

- From a remote web browser (remote access may be disabled and may be unavailable)
- From the HMI device when no runtime is load
- · From the HMI device using the tap-tap procedure

### System Settings access from Web browser

To access System Settings using a Web browser, enter the IP address of the device, in the following format:

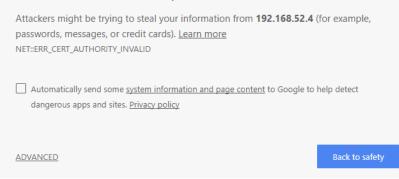
### https://IP/machine\_config



Note the remote access use encrypted https protocol on port 443. When the connection is established, the HMI device send a certificate to use for the encryption. Since the certificate is not signed from a Certificate Authority you will get a warning message. Please, click on advanced options and choice to proceeding.

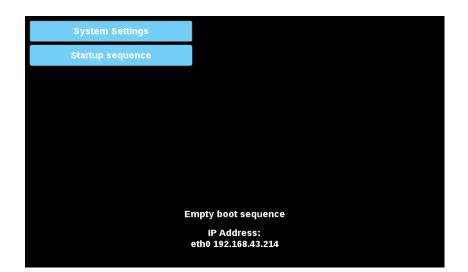


### Your connection is not private



### System Settings access from HMI device

When no applications are installed, System Settings are accessible from the buttons displayed on the screen.

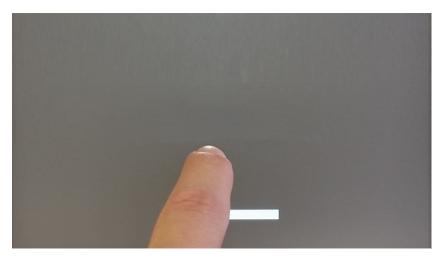


When xAscender HMI Runtime is installed the System Settings is accessible selecting "Show System Settings" option of Context Menu (See: "Runtime" on page 74),

Zoom In
Zoom Out
Zoom 100%
Pan mode
Reload Project
Settings
Project Manager
Update
Logging
Show Log at Boot
LogOut
Show system settings
About

### System Settings access via TAP TAP procedure

Tap-tap consists in a sequence of several touch activations by simple means of the finger tapping the touch screen performed during the power-up phase and started immediately after the HMI is powered on.



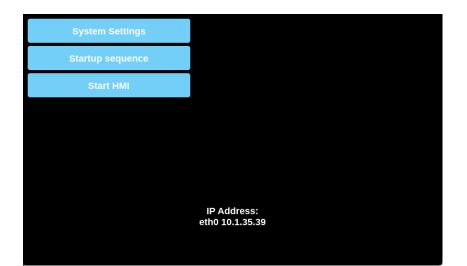
When "tap-tap detected" message appears on the top of the screen. Wait for 5 seconds (without touching the screen) to enter System Settings sub menu



Wait for 5 more seconds (without touching the screen) to enter Default Mode



Select "System Setting" from the HMI Default Mode screen



### **System Settings Sections**

To change system settings values, enter in edit mode by click the edit button on the right top.



The edit button is available only inside the dialogs that contains modifiable parameters.

### Localization

Set the below parameters to adapt the device to your country.

- Country Code (only needed on 5G devices)
- · Language for the system settings interface
- Layout of the virtual keyboard



Country Code is required for the WLAN Regulatory Domain and the device will not use the WiFi until this parameter will not have been set.

The country settings are required for operation complying with the approvals. Selecting a country that does not match the country in which the device is operated may be punishable by law. After selecting the Country Code, the corresponding channels allocation and setting and for power level will be automatic.

### System

Parameter	neter Description			
Info Device information				
Status	Device status (Free RAM, Up time, CPU Load)			
Timers	Device timers (System on, Back light on)			
Plugin	Hardware plugins information (Not supported)			

### Logs

Set the persistent log option if you want maintain the log files saved after a power reset.

Use save button to export a copy of the log files.



The log files manager cyclically fill 3 files of 4Mb

### Date & Time

Device date and time.

Parameter	Description					
Current Timezone	Timezone region					
Current Date Local Time	Date and Time can set manually only when the Automatic Update is disabled.					
Automatic Update (NTP)	<ul> <li>Enable to keep date and time synchronized from a remote server</li> <li>NTP Server Specify the Internet NTP Server address</li> <li>The NTP Client of the HMI Device is a complete implementation of the Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4, but also retains compatibility with version 3, as defined by RFC-1305, and version 1 and 2, as defined by RFC-1059 and RFC-1119, respectively.</li> <li>The poll process sends NTP packets at intervals determined by the clock discipline algorithm. The process is designed to provide a sufficient update rate to maximize accuracy while minimizing network overhead. The process is designed to operate in a changeable mode between 8 sec and 36 hr.</li> </ul>					
Accept NTP requests	When enabled the device will accepts NTP requests from outside. When automatic update is not enabled the device will share the local RTC clock time.					

### **Networks**

Network parameters. Available parameter in edit mode:

Parameter	Description					
General Settings	Device hostname					
	Avahi Hostname (see "Avahi Daemon" on page 601)					
Network Interface	Network parameters of the available interfaces					
	• DHCP					
	IP Address					
	Net Mask					
	• Gateway					
	801.2x Protocol					

Parameter	Description
	By default, the network interface is set with DHCP turned OFF.
	IP address, subnet mask, and gateway for each port are as follows:
	• eth0: 192.168.1.5, 255.255.255.0, 192.168.1.1
	• eth1: 192.168.2.5, 255.255.255.0, 192.168.2.1
	• eth2: 192.168.3.5, 255.255.255.0, 192.168.3.1
DNS	DNS Servers Generally provided from the DHCP servers, but can be modified in edit mode
	Search Domains Optional domains that will be used in concatenation with the provided urls

### Security



Services are available only when logged as admin.

The security area contains passwords and certificates, required by applications.

Parameter	Description						
Domain	Identifies a set of secret information that can be used by installed applications that have the rights to use it. The preconfigured domains are:						
	General     This space is available for third party applications						
	<ul> <li>System This space is used from the services embedded in the device (e.g. the VNC Server)</li> </ul>						
	HMI Runtime This space is used from the xAscender HMI Runtime application						
Secret ID	Name used to identify each secret information included in the selected domain.						
Туре	Type of information to be stored.						
	• Text						
	Password						
	Certificate						
	• File						
Secret Info	The secret information to keep stored						
	In case of text or password, type the text or the password to store. In case of certificate or file use the "Update" button to upload the file to store.						
Description	A free text that you can insert at will.						

### Import/Export

Using the Import/Export commands, it is possible to export the stored information and import it, e.g., into other devices. Note that the export command will prompt you to define a password which will then be required in order to import the exported file.

### **Disabled external USB device**

Before disabling external USB devices, make sure to unplug all connected devices because when the "Disable External USB Devices" switch is set to ON, all devices connected to USB devices are added to a white list and will continue to be available.

### **Applications**

The applications page is listing the applications loaded on the HMI devices. From this page is possible to manage the applications.

Parameter	Description
Name	Application name
Autostart	If selected, the application will start when the operator panel is turned on

### **App Management**

Press the "App Manager" button to enter the application management mode from where you can:

- · upload new applications
- · update existing applications
- · remove application
- define the startup sequence.

### Services



Services are available only when logged as admin.

Mouse click on the enable button to enable/disable the service. Click the service name to list the associate parameters.

### Autorun scripts from external storage

Enable/Disable the possibility to run the "autoexec.sh" script file when a USB key is plugged into the device. Disable this service if you want to prevent unauthorized access through the USB interface.

### Avahi Daemon

Avahi is a system which enables programs to publish and discover services and hosts running on a local network. When it is enabled, the HMI device can be reached even using the device's host name (in alternative to the IP Address).

General Settings	
Hostname	myDevice
Avahi Hostname	myDevice.local

Download to Target	×
Ready to download	
myDevice.local	Download Close

### Avahi Daemon runs on UDP port 5353



On Linux and Apple PCs, the Avahi service comes for free with the OS. On Windows PCs instead, you need to install an Avahi service to be able to reach the panel by his Avahi host name (e.g. you need to install the Apple Bonjour application - Bonjour is a trademark of Apple inc.).

### **Bridge/Switch Service**

Using the bridge service is possible connect together the WAN (eth0) network adapter with the other network interfaces. When used, the two Ethernet interfaces are bridged and both Ethernet interfaces are sharing the same IP address.

Bridge Service creates a Linux-based layer-2 Network Bridge between two or more network interfaces. If both WAN and endpoint devices are attached to such bridge, the two networks will be physically joined and endpoints will be available as if they were directly connected to the WAN

Gateway	HMI		HN	11	Brid	ge		HMI				HM		_	_	
IP: 192.168.1.100	IP: 192.168.1.1		IP: 192.		2.168.1.2			IP: 192.168.1.3		IP: 19		92.1	2.168.1.4			
			_	eth(	)	eth	1		_					_		
192.168.1.x						192	.168.1.x									
	IP:	192.168.1.1	IP:		192.16	8.1.2		IP:	-	192.16	8.1.3	IP:		192.1	68.1.	4
	GTW:	192.168.1.100	GTV	v.	192.16	811	0	GTW:		192.16	8.1.100	GTW	· ·	192 1	68.1	100

### **Cloud / VPN Service**

Allow to manage remote HMI devices connected to a centralized server through gateways.

See "Cloud / VPN Service" on page 610 for additional details.

### **DHCP Server**

Provide the DHCP Server on the selected interfaces.

Parameter	Description
Enabled	Enable the DHCP Server on the selected interface
Start IP Stop IP	IP addresses distributed from the DHCP Server
Gateway	The gateway address
Netmask	The provided netmask

Parameter	Description			
DNS Server     The DNS server address				
Lease Time (seconds)	Lease time, default is 86400s (1 day)			
	Acceptable values are from 60s to 864000s (10 days)			

### Enable device restore via TAP TAP option

When enabled, it gives the possibility to reset the operator panel in case the administrator password is forgotten. (See.: "Forgot password" on page 618)



This option is enabled by default. You can disable it to increase the security of the device (this could eliminate the possibility of recovering a forgotten password).

### Enable device restore via USB

When enabled, it gives the possibility to reset the operator panel in case the administrator password is forgotten. (See.: "Forgot password" on page 618)



This option is enabled by default. You can disable it to increase the security of the device (this could eliminate the possibility of recovering a forgotten password).

### Fast Boot

When fast boot is enabled, at the power up the HMI device will start the HMI application as fast as possible. In this mode, there are not showed diagnostic information (e.g. the loading bar) but only the minimum necessary features are loaded before loading the User Interface (e.g. System Settings, VNC, etc. will be load after loading the HMI application).

To obtain best performance, in addition of enabling the fast boot mode, it is recommended to:

- · disable any service that is not necessary
- · avoid keeping enabled the persistent log
- · use static IP address instead of DHCP service

### **Firewall Service**

When the firewall is enabled, only connections matching the defined rules are allowed. Note that some rules must be enabled for the HMI can to work properly.

Firewall	Service							
Enabled								
Only conne	ctions matching the rules	below are allowed	- refer to documentati	on for other services				
Allow	Name	Source Interface	Source IP or Network	Port or Range	Protocol			
	Web server - HTTP	Any •		80	TCP •	^	*	<b>B</b> -
	Web server - HTTP:	Any •		443	TCP •	^	*	<b>B</b> -
	Device discovery	Any •		990-991	UDP •	^	*	<b>B</b> -
	FTP Command port	Any •		21	TCP •	^	*	-
$\bigcirc$	FTP Passive mode	Any •		18756-18760	TCP •	^	*	<b>B</b> -
$\bigcirc$	SSH Server	Any •		22	TCP •	^	*	<b>B</b> -
$\bigcirc$	VNC Server	Any •		5900	TCP •	^	*	<b>B</b> -
$\bigcirc$	DHCP Server	Any •		67	UDP •	^	*	<b>B</b> -
$\bigcirc$	SNMP Server	Any •		161	UDP •	^	*	<b>B</b> -
								+

#### Notes:

- The firewall is based on IP tables which operates only at layer 3 (layer 2 packets won't be filtered, e.g. ARP)
- Only INPUT and FORWARD packets are filtered, not OUTPUT
- PING/ICMP echo reply packets are always allowed
- Internet sharing scenarios (e.g. 3g or wifi connection to endpoints) are not supported
- Packets filtered by the firewall are dropped

#### Source IP or Network

If this field is unspecified, access will be allowed from any source host. Otherwise, access can be restricted to a single IP address (e.g. 192.168.100.123) or a range of IP addresses in CIDR format (e.g. 192.168.100.0/24). For details on valid subnet specifications following such format, please refer to: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Classless\_Inter-Domain\_Routing</u>



With the firewall enabled, the xAscender HMI Runtime uses port 18756-18760 / tcp, which is a candidate for firewall configuration by default..



If you are updating from an old BSP version and you don't see the default rules, you have to reset the system settings (see "Update System Components" on page 613).

#### **Router Service**

This service uses IP Forwarding and Network Address Translation to share the connection from WAN (eth0) towards LAN (eth1 or eth2): connected endpoints may reach the same networks reachable by the gateway (including Internet if available).

Gateway	HMI		HM	11	Rout	er		нмі			HMI			
			IP: 1	92.16	8.1.2									
IP: 192.168.1.100	IP: 192.1	68.1.1	IP: 1	92.16	8.2.100			IP: 192	.168.2.2		IP: 192	.168.2.	3	
				eth0		eth1								
192.168.1.x														
						192.168.	2.x							
					_		_							
	IP:	192.168.1.1	IP:	1	92.168	.1.2		IP:	192.16	8.2.2	IP:	192.:	168.2.3	

#### **NFC Keyboard emulation**

When enabled, reading a code via the NFC interface is handled by the BSP, simulating the acquisition of the UID code as if it were coming from a keyboard.

#### **Reserved CPU cores for applications**

By default, all CPU cores are used by the BSP. From this section, you can select the CPU cores that should not be used by the BSP to leave them reserved for user applications.

#### Router / NAT / Port Forwarding

Port forwarding redirects incoming TCP packets requests from WLAN interface from one address and port number combination to another combination of address and port number.

#### **Port Forwarding Rules**



#### 1:1 NAT Rules

1:1 NAT, create alias IP on WLAN and forward all packets (or given port range) with that destination IP to another device attached to a LAN

Enabled Name	Source Interface	Source IP	Device IP	Port or Range (empty or P1 or P1-Pn)
НМІ-02	eth0 •	192.168.1.10	192.168.55.10	× •

Warning: make sure the value entered for "Source IP" is not the same as real IP address assigned to the physical Ethernet port specified as "Source Interface".

#### **DNS Relay Proxy**

The DNS Relay Proxy will forward DNS requests and response packets between DNS Client and DNS Server.

When enabled, the HMI device will forward DNS requests received from other devices (DNS clients) to the DNS server (configured within the network section) and return the replay to the DNS client that made the request.

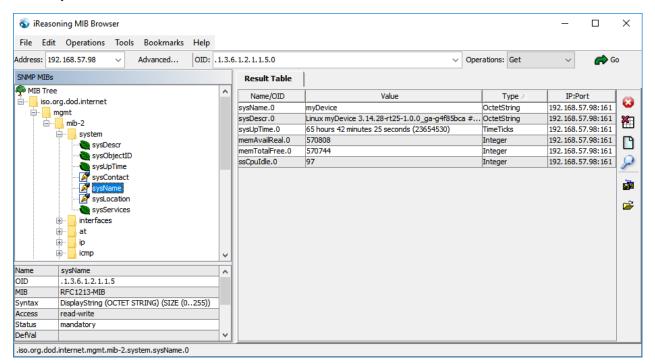
#### Show loading bar during boot

Enable/Disable the display of the loading bar during the boot phase.

#### **SNMP Server**

SNMP is a network protocol that allow to manage network infrastructures. It is commonly used to monitor network devices as switches, routers, etc. connected to a LAN network.

When the SNMP service is enabled, an SNMP Manager can retrieve information from the HMI device using the SNMP protocol. Currently, there are not proprietary MIBs available. Only the standard public community MIBs are available in read only mode.



#### Example:

System Name:	.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0
System Description:	.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.0
System UpTime:	.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3.0
Total RAM used:	.1.3.6.1.4.1.2021.4.6.0
Total RAM Free:	.1.3.6.1.4.1.2021.4.11.0
Idle CPU time (%):	.1.3.6.1.4.1.2021.11.11.0

#### SNMP Server runs on UDP port 161



For security reasons, do not enable the service if you do not need it.

#### **VNC Service**

VNC is a service that allows remote access to the display of the HMI device. VNC clients can be used to get the remote control of the HMI device.



VNC should be disabled after use and autostart is not recommended.

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enable the VNC server
Autostart	Keep the VNC server enabled when HMI device starts
Port	VNC Server listens for connections on TCP port 5900 (default)
Inactivity timeout (seconds)	"Inactivity timeout" occurs if no user interaction is detected (via keyboard, mouse, transfers or other RFB protocol interactions). The special value 0 indicates that idle timeout is disabled. Default value is 600 (10 minutes).
Multiple clients	Allow multiple sessions on the same port (if disabled, previously logged clients are disconnected upon a new incoming connection)
View only	Do not allow active user interactions (clients can only watch)
Encryption	Activate SSL encryption of connections
	Custom certificate (Security/VNC KeyPair)
	The HMI device certificate that is necessary to permit the remote VNC client to verify the authenticity of the HMI device. The certificate must contain both the private and the public keys and can be .pem format.
	The encryption features are not widely supported, check your VNC client compatibility
Authentication	Whether users are authenticated upon session creation. A custom VNC specific password can be set or system passwords can be used (this option is only available if also Encryption is enabled)

Example of how to generate a certificate using OpenSSL library:

```
@echo off
set OpenSSL="C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin\openssl.exe"
set CertificateName=HMI-Certificate
set DeviceIP=192.168.1.56
rem Create the certificate keys
%OpenSSL% req -x509 -newkey rsa -days 365 -nodes -keyout private.pem -out public.pem -
subj "/ST=NY/C=US/L=New York/O=CompanyName/OU=Department/CN=%CertificateName%" -addext
"subjectAltName=IP:%DeviceIP%"
rem Create .pem file
copy private.pem + public.pem hmi-certificate.pem
```

echo. echo. pause

#### Web Server

This page will show the parameters available to configure the Web Server. Note that it is not possible to disable the Web Server because it is necessary to allow access to the System Settings of the device.

• Allow only Secure HTTPS connections

Disabled by default to maintain backward compatibility, but it is recommended to enable it to improve the HMI device security.

• CORS domains enabled

When disabled (default), access to external domains is not allowed. When enabled, access to external domains listed in the "CORS domains filter" is allowed.

CORS domains filter

You can enter the domain to which access is allowed or use a regular expression to define multiple domains. The regular expression must have the prefix "re:".

Leave the filter blank (default) if you want to maintain compatibility with older versions and allow access to all domains (this is not recommended).

Examples of "CORS domains filter":

- www.test.com
- re:(www.test1.com|www.test2.com)
- re:(www.test.(com|org))
- re:(www.test[1-9]+.com)

#### **Plugins** (Not supported)

This page will show the parameters available to configure the optional plugins modules attached to the HMI device. See the description of the each plug-in module to additional information.

#### Management



Management is available only when logged as admin.

From the management area is possible "Update System Components" on page 613 of the HMI device.



CAUTION: Working in the Management area is a critical operation and, when not performed correctly, may cause product damages requiring service of the product. Contact technical support for assistance.

Use the "Clear" command inside the "Data" section to remove HMI Runtime from the device

### Display

Parameter	Description
Brightness	Brightness level of the display
Back light timeout	Backlight inactivity timeout
Orientation	Display orientation

#### Fonts

Lists available system fonts and gives you the option to upload custom fonts.



Note that font files may require a license to use.

#### Authentication

Enter in edit mode to change the authentication passwords or to personalize the x.509 certificate of the HMI device.

#### Users

There are two usernames:

- Administrator username with full access rights is "admin"
- Generic username with basic access rights is "user" (This account can be disabled)

#### x.509 Certificate

HMI Device use a self-certificate to encrypt the Internet communication trough the HTTPS protocol. You can personalize the certificate with the data of your Company and ask to a Certificate Authority to firm it.

The procedure to personalize and firm your certificate is:

- 1. Enter in edit mode and fill the necessary parameters, then push GENERATE button to generate a self-signed certificate with your data.
- 2. Export the "Certificate Signed Request"
- 3. Sent the "Certificate Signed Request" to a Certificate Authority to firm it (general this is a paid service)
- 4. Import the signed certificate into the HMI device

#### **Certificate's parameters**

Parameter	Description
Device Name	The name of your device
Organization	The legal name of your organization
Unit	The division of your organization handling the certificate
State	The state/region where your organization is located
Location	The city where your organization is located

Parameter	Description				
Country	The two-letter ISO code for the country where your organization is location				
Valid (days)	Validity of the certificate				
Key Length	Number of bits of the key used from the cryptographic algorithm				

Managed certificates are base64 encoding

#### Restart

HMI device restart command

#### EXIT

Exit from the System Setting tool.

## **Cloud / VPN Service**

Cloud / VPN Service allows devices to connect to remote servers through a secure connection.

#### Prerequisites

This service requires external access to the server for VPN setup (default port UDP/1194), so please check configuration and make sure no firewalls block such ports.

#### Setup

If you need endpoints behind your gateway device to be reached, make sure Router Service is active and set it up as follows:

- · WAN port (eth0) connected to the main network with Internet access
- LAN port (eth1) connected to one or more endpoint devices (newly-created private network)

#### Configuration

Configuration options are available in the Services Menu of System Settings (see "System Settings" on page 595).

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enable the Cloud / VPN Service
Autostart	If selected, the application will start when the HMI device is turned on
Server type	Select, from the available supported server types, the server type to use
Files	Allows you to upload VPN configuration files
Authentication	Select from the available authentication modes <ul> <li>Username/ password</li> <li>Certificate</li> <li>Certificate + username/ password</li> <li>None</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description
Username	Enter the username of the remote server account
Password	Enter the password of the remote server account
Show Password	Displays the typed characters on the password

#### **OpenVPN**

This mode uses a standard OpenVPN configuration to connect devices.

#### Case A: Configuration files provided

In remote access environments based on an OpenVPN server, system administrators normally supply a number of OpenVPN configuration files directly to end users.

In such case configuration is quite straight-forward since it requires only two simple steps:

- 1. browse and upload N files (this should include at least a main OpenVPN configuration file, but may also include server and/or client certificates in .pem, .p12 or other formats); make sure you select all necessary files in one shot by using platform-dependent multiselection;
- 2. select an appropriate Authentication type and insert credentials if they are required.

You're done! now press Save, wait a little while and you should see an updated connection status.

#### Case B: No configuration files provided

If no configuration files have been provided by your system administrator, you will need to create the OpenVPN configuration file yourself.

#### Sample 1: Username/Password

This sample uses:

- username/passsword-based authenticaition
- LZO compression and TAP device
- server running on UDP port 1194

#### openvpn.conf

```
client
dev tap
proto udp
remote testserver.whatever.com 1194
comp-lzo
ca cacert.pem
auth-user-pass
```

This configuration file only refers to one external file (cacert.pem), so:

- 1. upload the 2 files using the Browse option
- 2. insert your allocated Username and Password note that the *auth-user-pass* option can also take a file argument, so you can even insert newline-separated username and password in a new file and specify its name here (not recommended); in such case you would select also your external file when browsing files and choose *None (from*

file) Authentication method

3. Save and wait for State change

#### Sample 2: Plain certificate

This sample uses:

- plain X509 certificate-based authentation
- LZO compression, TUN device, custom MTU and AES-128-CBC cipher
- server running on TCP port 1195

#### openvpn.conf

```
tls-client
dev tun
proto tcp
tun-mtu 1400
remote testserver.whatever.com 1195
pkcs12 mycert.p12
ca cacert.pem
cert client.pem
key client.key
cipher AES-128-CBC
comp-lzo
verb 4
```

This configuration refers to 3 files (cacert.pem, client.pem, client.key), so:

- 1. upload main openvpn.conf and external files (total 4), using the Browse option
- 2. since no passwords are required, choose None (from file) Authentication
- 3. Save and wait for State change

#### Sample 3: Password-protected PKCS #12 certificate

This sample uses:

- certificate-based authentation (password-protected PKCS #12)
- other parameters same as Sample 2

#### openvpn.conf

```
[..]
pkcs12 mycert.p12
```

The PKCS #12 bundle normally contains both CA certificate client keypair, so this configuration file only refers to one external file (*mycert.p12*). Hence:

- 1. upload the 2 files using the Browse option
- 2. choose Certificate Authentication
- 3. insert the password which should be used to unencrypt the PKCS #12 bundle containing your certificate
- 4. Save and wait for State change

#### Sample 4: 2-factor authentication via password-protected PKCS #12 certificate + username/password

This sample uses:

- both certificate-based authentication (password-protected PKCS #12) and username/password
- other parameters same as Sample 2

openvpn.conf

```
[..]
pkcs12 mycert.p12
auth-user-pass
```

upload the 2 files using the Browse option

choose Certificate + Username/Password Authentication

insert Username and Password for PSK authentication

insert the PKCS #12 Password

Save and wait for State change

Links

Please refer to openvpn.net for further details.

## **Update System Components**



CAUTION: Working in the Management area is a critical operation and, when not performed correctly, may cause product damages requiring service of the product. Contact technical support for assistance (the latest BSP files will provided from tech support).

The system components of the Linux device can update locally using an USB memory key or remotely via web browser.

To update system components enter System Settings in Config OS mode via tap-tap procedure on HMI or open web browser to https://<HMI-IP-address>/machine\_config and select the "Management" section.

System Settings		Management	ADMIN 🕞
Localisation	Config OS		
System	Main OS		
Logs	Туре	ext4	
Date & Time	Signature Version	UN78XXXXM 3.1.100	
Network	Date	2023-03-10T00:00:00.000Z 363 MB / 486 MB used	
Security		Get 🛓 Update 🛎 Check 🌣	
Applications	Settings		
Services	Data		
Management	Splash image		
Display			
Fonts	Bootloader		
Authentication	FRAM		
Restart			

Expand the component to update and select [Update]

In the opened dialog box, click [Browse Image], then select the component file to be updated. Then click on [Browse MD5] and select its md5 file.

System Settings	Management ADMIN	e.
Localisation	C Browse Image OR Drag and Drop your file HERE	
System	Browse MD5 OR Drag and Drop your file HERE	
Logs	η	
Date & Time	S CANCEL	
Network	Date 2023-03-10 T00:00:00.000Z	
Security	Get 🛓 Update 🗶 Check 🌣	
Applications	Settings	
Services	Data	
Management	Splash image	
Display	Bootloader	
Fonts		
Authentication	FRAM	
Restart		



Important: Do not turn off the device while a system component is being upgraded.

At the end of the component update, restart HMI and leave it starting normally.

#### FRAM

When available on the HMI device, you can "Get" or "Update" the FRAM data. To transfer FRAM data, the HMI device must be in OS Config mode, otherwise, the transfer will not take place.

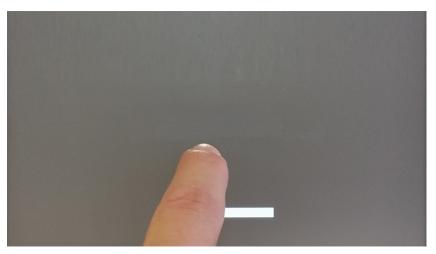


BSP v1.3.786 or v2.0.786 or v2.1.67 or v3.1.67 or greater is required to transfer FRAM

#### Enter System Settings in Config OS mode via tap-tap procedure

System Setting in Config OS mode is available via tap-tap sequence, this mode can be accessed also when HMI is facing a software failure.

Tap-tap consist in a sequence of several touch activations by simple means of the finger tapping the touch screen performed during the power-up phase and started immediately after the HMI is powered on.



When "tap-tap detected" message appears on the top of the screen, press and hold the finger on touchscreen, to select "Restart: Config OS"



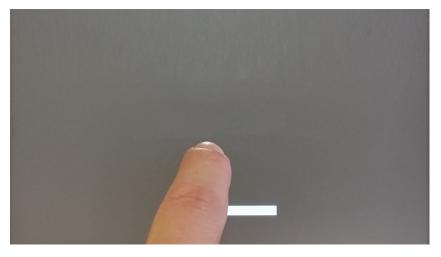
HMI will restart into System Settings in Config OS mode:



## **Touchscreen calibration**

System Setting Calibration allows to calibrate Touchscreen device, can be accessed by tap-tap procedure (available only for resistive type displays).

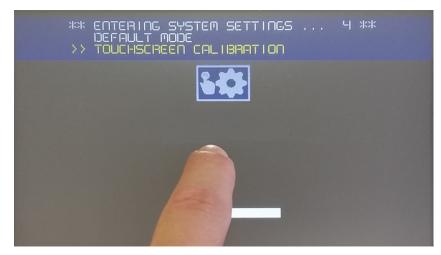
Tap-tap consists in a sequence of several touch activations by simple means of the finger tapping the touch screen performed during the power-up phase and started immediately after the HMI is powered on.



When "tap-tap detected" message appears on the top of the screen, wait for 5 seconds (without touching the screen) to enter System Settings sub menu



Press on touch screen, "Touchscreen calibration" voice will be highlighted in yellow, hold pressed for few seconds until touchscreen calibration procedure starts



Follow the instructions on screen to complete the calibration procedure, system will prompt to touch specific points to calibrate the touchscreen device.

## **Password protection**

Internal password of the HMI device.

From the Authentication tab, inside the "System Settings" on page 595, activate the edit mode and select the username to change the associated password.

There are two usernames:

- Administrator username with full access rights is "admin"
- Generic username with basic access rights is "user"

System Settings	BACK ←		
Localisation	Users		
System	Username	admin 🖸	Passwords are required to include: • At least 8 characters in total
Logs	Old Password		At least one lower case and one upper case letter     At least one numeric character
Date & Time	New Password		<ul> <li>At least one special character (eg. # ! @ ?)</li> </ul>
Network		Change Password 🌣	
Security	Enable access for user "u	ser"	
Applications		Restore user settings	G
Services	500.0 115 1	rectore user settings	
Management	x.509 Certificate		
Display			
Fonts			
Authentication			
Restart			
EXIT			



Password for admin user can modified even from the context menu of thexAscender HMI Runtime (see "Context menu options" on page 10 for details) and from the update package (see "Update package" on page 98 for details).



The first time the HMI device is turned on it is necessary to enter with the user "admin" and password "admin" to proceed with the definition of the passwords for both users (admin and user)

Note that passwords must include:

- At least 8 characters in total
- · At least one lower case and one upper case letter
- At least one numeric character
- At least one special character (eg. # ! @ ?)

#### Enable access for use "user"

In addition to the "admin" account, you can enable a "user" account that can access the configuration of a limited number of features.

HMI System Settings	Admin	User
Localization	$\checkmark$	
System	$\checkmark$	
Logs	$\checkmark$	
Date & Time	$\checkmark$	
Network	$\checkmark$	
Security	$\checkmark$	
Applications	$\checkmark$	
Services	$\checkmark$	
Management	$\checkmark$	Read Only
Display	$\checkmark$	
Fonts	$\checkmark$	
Authentication	$\checkmark$	
Restart	$\checkmark$	

#### Forgot password

If you have forgotten the admin password, you have the possibility to reset it to the "*admin*" value. Note this procedure will erase the entire memory of the HMI device and any previously downloaded project will be removed.

#### TAP TAP option

The procedure is available only if it has not been explicitly disabled through the "Enable device restore via TAP TAP option" available in the device system settings (Ref.: "Enable device restore via TAP TAP option" on page 603)

Steps to reset the admin password:

- 1. Power off the HMI device.
- 2. Power on the HMI device and when the logo appears start to "tap tap" the touch panel (Ref.: "System Settings access via TAP TAP procedure " on page 596)."System Settings access via TAP TAP procedure " on page 596).
- 3. When "TAP TAP" is detected select "System Settings" on the first menu, "Default mode" on the second menu, and finally "**Device restore**" on the third menu.

#### **USB** option

The procedure is available only if it has not been explicitly disabled through the "Enable device restore via USB option" available in the device system settings (Ref.: "Enable device restore via USB" on page 603)

Steps to reset the admin password:

- 1. Placing a file named "*device-factory-restore*" into a USB stick and plugging it into the device.
- 2. The device restore process starts automatically. The buzzer is played once at the beginning and 3 times at the end if the operation is successful.
- 3. The "device-factory-restore" is deleted from the USB stick and the device rebooted.

## **Backup and Restore**

To backup or restore all the installed applications with their settings, you must open the System Settings interface in Config OS mode using the TAP TAP procedure.

See "System Settings access via TAP TAP procedure " on page 596

Then log as admin and select the "Management" option. From this page, you can use the "Get" button to backup inside an external memory (e.g. USB key) the contents of the **Data** and the **Settings** partitions. Use instead the "Update" button to restore the contents from a previous backup.



Management command is available only when logged as admin.

MENU	Management	ADMIN 🕞
Settings		
<mark>3 Mb /</mark> 58 Mb used		
	Get 🛓 Update 🛎 Restore C Check 🌣	
Data		
1 Mb / 818 Mb used		
	Get 🛃 Update 🛎 Check 🌣 Clear 🛍	

#### **Data Partition**

The data partition contains the applications and they settings

#### **Settings Partition**

The settings partition contains the settings of your device (this means the configuration parameters entered using the System Settings interface)



When you update the System Settings from a backup you must be sure that the backup was executed from a device with the same BSP version (Main OS).

#### The MD5 file

The "Get" command will provide only a file with the contents of the partition (e.g. data.tar.gz), but if you want to restore the same file, using the "Update" command, you must provide even an MD5 checksum file.

The MD5 checksum file must have the same name as the files that you want to load with the .md5 suffix as e.g.:

- data.tar.gz
- data.tar.gz.md5

On the Internet, it is easy to find various tools that calculate the MD5 checksum of a file. On Windows 10 it is also possible to use the "CertUtil" utility on the command line, e.g.

CertUtil -hashfile data.tar.gz MD5 > data.tar.gz.md5

The MD5 checksum file must have only one line. If the utility that calculates the checkum generates a file with multiple lines, the additional lines must be deleted.

☐ data.tar.gz.md5 ☑ 1 a7139556fa95cb0145f414347d917c2e

## **Recovery Mode**

In the case that it is not even possible to boot the device, there is a special procedure to recovery the device by booting it in a special mode called configuration mode. From this mode you can open the device management dialog from where you can delete user data, restore system setting or update the firmware of the device.

To boot the device in configuration mode choice one of the below procedures

- Power on the device and immediately power off when splash screen appear on the screen (if you cannot see the splash screen, power off the device when you heart the beep-beep). Repeat this procedure for three time then power on again the device and wait the configuration mode appears.
- Create a special file named "\$0030D8\$.bin" and put it inside an empty SD card. Insert the SD card into the device and power on the device. Device will start in configuration mode.

# 47 Updating system components in HMI devices

Most of the system software components can be easily upgraded ensuring a high degree of flexibility in providing updates and fixes to existing and running systems.

New software modules can be updated

- Directly on HMI device using an USB flash drives (see "System Settings" on page 595 for details)
- From xAscender Studio application (see "Update of system components from the application" on the next page for details)

Each HMI device is labeled with a product code including all factory settings (hardware, software and firmware components). Refer to this label for information on your HMI device. The HMI device update tool also provides detail on the components actually running on the device.



CAUTION: Make sure you use the correct upgrade files, since loading upgrade files unsuitable for your device will cause serious system malfunction. Always check your device product code.



Note: Upgrade files are distributed upon request as a part of technical support activity.



Service call: Downgrade operations are complex tasks which might cause serious damage to your equipment if not performed correctly. These operations are reserved to technical support.

Update of system components from the application 622

## Update of system components from the application

You can download system components to a single HMI device or to a bulk of HMI devices of the same type using the Ethernet communication interface.

#### Path: Run> Manage Target> Board

arget - P: 192	2. 168. 45. 163 🝳			.2					Syst	em Setting:
les –									1	-2-11
Refre	s\mauro.crestani\Deski	top\Bulk Updates						perations: 1 🔹 Abo	rt Download	Folde 🚰 🖌
Select		IP	MAC	Application	MainOS	ConfigOS		BootLoader	MainFPGA	SafeFPG/
	nost	14	МАС	02.05.00.04	UN31HSXX60M0207	UN31HSXX60C0207	-			
2	👆 HMI	✓ 192.168.42.83	0030D8030E38	02.05.00.04	UN30HSXX60M02041VRF	_	N/A	UN30HSxx012	h148xbe01r01	N/A
2		✓ 192.168.45.163	0030D802A4A7	02.01.00.353	UN31HSXX60M0196	UN31HSXX60C0196	N/A	UN31HSxx012	N/A	N/A
2	-b HMI	✓ 192.168.45.210	0030D801A4DC	02.01.00.353	UN31HSXX60M0207VRFB		N/A		N/A	N/A
_	👆 HMI	192.168.46.55	0030D803D1F5							
	👆 HMI-0d35	192.168.6.21	0030D8030D35							
	👆 HMI-0d37	192.168.41.37	0030D8030D37							
	👆 HMI-0d3b	192.168.6.20	0030D8030D3B							
	A HMI-0d4c	192.168.6.79	0030D8030D4C							
	👆 HMI-0d4e	192.168.6.22	0030D8030D4E							
	👆 HMI-1c18	192.168.6.73	0030D8031C18							
	👆 HMI-1c20	192.168.6.74	0030D8031C20							
	👆 HMI-1c30	192.168.6.71	0030D8031C30							
-	4 HMI-1c47	192.168.6.78	0030D8031C47							
192. 192. 192.	Detais Settings 168-45-210 168-45-210 168-44,180 168-44,180	: Panel in : Reading	paner mormation formation retrieved succi panel information formation retrieved succi							
									Save to File	Clear

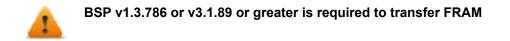
- 1. Select the folder that contains the files to download to the HMI device or where to upload files from the HMI device
- 2. Select one or more HMI device.
- 3. Select the components that you will download (or upload) to/from the devices
- 4. Start the Download to HMI or the Upload from the HMI operation

Note:

- The tool is designed to update multiple HMI devices of the same type. Please avoid putting files for different device type into the same folder
- If the desired target IP is not listed, type it directly into the box. The discovery service is a broadcast service. When a remote connection is done via VPN or from external networks, it will not work and you will have to enter the address manually.
- · Download of the selected components will be performed only to the compatible devices
- Based on your network and hardware capabilities you can increase the number of devices to update in parallel
- You need to restart the HMI device to finalize the update.

#### FRAM

When available on the HMI device, you can download or upload FRAM data. To transfer FRAM data, the HMI device must be in OS Config mode, otherwise, the transfer will not take place and an error message will be displayed..



#### **Settings**

From the **Settings** tab you can specify the Port and the Password parameters to use to communicate with the HMI devices. Leave Password empty if no password is set on the HMI device side.

Connection		Actions
Port: 2100	Default	Test
Password: ••••• Keep stored		Restart



WARNING: Bulk mode is working only with the HMI devices that have the same connection parameters

#### Uploading a splash screen picture

You can replace the default splash screen image shown by the devices during the power up phase.

The image used as splash screen must comply with the following requirements:

Filename	splash.bmp
Format	Bitmap, RGB 565 format
Size	< 500 KB
Bitmap width	Even number (for example 430x239)

To upload the splash screen image:

- 1. Rename the new image splash.bmp and copy it in the source folder.
- 2. Select HMI devices
- 3. Click Download.



To ensure the best visual results, splash screen images must have a black background.

## **Record of changes**

Manual number can be found at the bottom of the cover page.

Date	Manual No.	Record of Changes
Dec.2020	WUME-XASCEN-BAS-01	1st Edition
May.2021	WUME-XASCEN-BAS-02	2nd Edition Error correction
Oct.2021	WUME-XASCEN-BAS-03	3rd Edition Added QR Code widget
Sep.2022	WUME-XASCEN-BAS-04	4th Edition
		<ul> <li>Updated the xAscender Studio version (Version: 4.5)</li> <li>Updated the following information:</li> <li>Added What's new information.</li> <li>Added description on tag simulation.</li> <li>Added description on deleting runtime dynamic files to "Project Settings".</li> <li>Added description on language variables.</li> <li>Added description on Client System Variables.</li> <li>Added description on Scatter chart widget</li> <li>Added description on DB table data source.</li> <li>Added description on MQTT Tags interface.</li> <li>Added description on TabBar widget.</li> <li>Added description on TabBar widget.</li> <li>Added description on Scatk widget.</li> <li>Added description on Stack widget.</li> <li>Added description on Project Signature.</li> <li>Added description on Project Signature.</li> <li>Added description on Project Signature.</li> <li>Added description on restarting the web server to enable the system setting security, application, and device recovery using the TAP TAP option.</li> <li>Added Windows 11 to the OS recommended by xAscender Studio.</li> <li>Added description on dashboard functions.</li> <li>Added description on the method to switch to the widget preview, search function, or to the old widget gallery.</li> <li>Added description on the method to storage devices.</li> <li>Added description on mage the device model registered in the project.</li> </ul>

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